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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES

For the Year 1898.

IN TWO VOLUMES—VOLUME ONE.

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE JANUARY 16, 1899.

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JANUARY 16, 1899.

THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

STATE OF NEW YORK:

OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES,
THE CAPITOL, ALBANY, *January* 16, 1899.

To the Hon. TIMOTHY L. WOODRUFF,

Lieutenant-Governor and President of the Senate:

SIR.—By direction of the Board, I have the honor herewith to transmit to the Legislature the thirty-second annual report of the State Board of Charities.

Yours very respectfully,

WILLIAM R. STEWART,

President.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS

OF THE

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

1899.

MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR, BY AND WITH THE ADVICE AND CONSENT OF THE SENATE.

DISTRICTS.	Names and addresses.	Date of appointment.
First Judicial (New York county.)	William R. Stewart, President, 31 Nassau street, N. Y.	May 31, 1882
New York county	Mrs. Beekman de Peyster, 101 West 81st street, N. Y.	October 4, 1890
New York county	John Vinton Dahlgren, 1133 Broadway, N. Y.	March 25, 1898
New York county	Stephen Smith, M. D., 640 Madison ave., N. Y.	March 29, 1898
Second Judicial (Counties of Richmond, Suffolk, Nassau, Queens, Kings, Westchester, Orange, Rockland, Putnam and Dutchess.)	Edward H. Litchfield, 2 Montague Terrace, Brooklyn, N. Y.	January 16, 1893
Kings county	John Notman, 136 Joralemon street, Brooklyn, N. Y.	January 17, 1899
Third Judicial (Counties of Columbia, Sullivan, Ulster, Greene, Albany, Schoharie and Rensselaer.)	Simon W. Rosendale, 57 State street, Albany, N. Y.	March 8, 1899
Fourth Judicial (Counties of Warren, Saratoga, Washington, Essex, Franklin, St. Lawrence, Clinton, Montgomery, Hamilton, Fulton and Schenectady.)	Newton Aldrich, Gouverneur, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.	April 3, 1896
Fifth Judicial (Counties of Onondaga, Oneida, Oswego, Herkimer, Jefferson and Lewis.)	Dennis McCarthy, 219 S. Salina street, Syracuse, N. Y.	March 8, 1899
Sixth Judicial (Counties of Otsego, Delaware, Madison, Chenango, Broome, Tioga, Chemung, Tompkins, Cortland and Schuyler.)	Peter Walrath, Chittenango, Madison Co., N. Y.	April 7, 1886
Seventh Judicial (Counties of Livingston, Wayne, Seneca, Yates, Ontario, Steuben, Monroe and Cayuga.)	Enoch Vine Stoddard, M.D., Vice-President, 62 State street, Rochester, N. Y.	January 1, 1894
Eighth Judicial (Counties of Erie, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Orleans, Niagara, Genesee, Allegany and Wyoming.)	Harvey W. Putnam, 21 White Building, Buffalo, N. Y.	November 18, 1896

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM RHINELANDER STEWART ..... PRESIDENT
ENOCH VINE STODDARD, M. D. ..... VICE-PRESIDENT.
ROBERT W. HEBBERD ..... SECRETARY.
BYRON M. CHILD ..... SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE AND ALIEN POOR.
WALTER S. UFFORD ..... SUPERINTENDENT OF INSPECTION.

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REPORT.

To the Honorable the Legislature of the State of New York:

In conformity with the requirements of chapters 225 and 546 of the Laws of 1896, known respectively as the Poor Law and the State Charities Law, the State Board of Charities herewith submits its thirty-second annual report to your honorable body.

THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE BOARD.

At the commencement of the year 1898 there were two vacancies in the membership of the Board. These were filled through the appointment on March 25, 1898, by his Excellency Governor Black, with the approval of the Senate, of Mr. John Vinton Dahlgren for a full term of eight years, in accordance with chapter 437 of the Laws of 1897, providing for a third member of the Board from New York County, and the re-appointment on March 29, 1898, of Dr. Stephen Smith, from New York county also, to fill his own unexpired term. Dr. Smith had resigned his commissionership September 28, 1897, to assume other important duties, and the resulting vacancy meantime remained unfilled. The term of Commissioner Peter Walrath from the Sixth Judicial District having expired on March 29, 1898, he was also re-appointed by his Excellency the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.

ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS.

The following table, giving the names of the commissioners of the Board, the district or county from which they were respectively appointed, together with their length of service and the record of their attendance at Board meetings during the year 1898, is respectfully presented in accordance with a requirement of the State Charities Law.

9. On the Thomas Asylum:

Commissioner Putnam.

10. On the Blind:

Commissioners Putnam and Smith.,

11. On the Deaf:

Commissioners Dahlgren, Notman and Aldrich.

12. On Almshouses:

Commissioners Walrath, Rosendale and Aldrich.

13. On Hospitals:

Commissioners Smith, Notman and McCarthy.

14. On Orphan Asylums and Children's Homes:

Commissioners Notman, McCarthy and de Peyster.

15. On Legislation:

Commissioners Rosendale, Putnam and Notman.

16. On Construction of Buildings:

Commissioners Smith, Litchfield and McCarthy.

17. On Placing out of Children:

Commissioners Stoddard, Walrath and Putnam.

APPROPRIATIONS TO THE BOARD BY THE LEGISLATURE OF 1898.

The appropriation bill, chapter 593 of the Laws of 1898, gave the Board the sum of $25,000 to carry on the work assigned to it by the State Charities Law, chapter 546 of the Laws of 1896, and by various other statutes. This was exclusive of the salary of the Secretary, which is customarily provided for by a separate item in the bill.

This appropriation of $25,000 was designed to cover the per diem compensation for attendance at Board and at committee meetings and the traveling expenses and other necessary disbursements of twelve commissioners charged with important

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the stated meeting of April 13, 1898, the annual election of officers was held, as provided by the by-laws. President William Rhinelander Stewart and Vice-President Enoch Vine Stoddard were unanimously re-elected to their respective offices for the ensuing year.

The other officers of the Board were continued in office, subject to the pleasure of the Board, in accordance with the provisions of law.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD.

Stated.

1. On Publication:

   The President, Commissioners Stoddard, Litchfield, Smith and Dahlgren.

2. On Finance:

   The President and Commissioners Walrath and Rosendale.

3. On Inspection of Charities:

   Commissioners Stoddard, Smith and Dahlgren.

4. On State and Alien Poor:

   Commissioners Walrath, Litchfield and McCarthy.

Additional.

5. On Reformatories:

   Commissioners Litchfield, Stoddard and de Peyster.

6. On Idiots and Feeble-Minded:

   Commissioners Walrath, Putnam and McCarthy.

7. On Soldiers and Sailors' Homes:

   Commissioners Rosendale, Walrath and Dahlgren.

8. On Craig Colony:

   Commissioners Stoddard, Walrath and Putnam.

that the visitation, inspection and supervision which it requires are not meant to be of a superficial character, but on the contrary are designed to be of the most thorough and searching kind, reaching to all departments of the work of these institutions, societies and associations.

Included within the Board's jurisdiction, and subject to the provisions of this law, are twelve State charitable institutions, eight schools for the deaf, one for the blind, and an institution for juveniles, mainly supported by State appropriations, and over one thousand other institutions, societies and associations under private control, including hospitals, homes, dispensaries, orphan and other asylums, reformatories, day nurseries, general and special relief societies and other charitable organizations.

The inmates and other beneficiaries of these institutions, societies and associations aggregate over 2,500,000, and the expense of their maintenance amounts to nearly $22,000,000, annually.

The Board is also required to approve or disapprove the incorporation of all institutions, societies and associations of a charitable, eleemosynary, reformatory or correctional character or design, and to examine and pass upon the plans of almshouses and other public buildings prior to their adoption by local authorities.

To perform these duties involves a vast amount of careful and painstaking labor, for which a trained force of considerable size is required, and this Board ventures to repeat the opinion which it expressed last year, to the effect that it will be true economy on the part of the State to have this work accomplished thoroughly and well so that

abuses may be discovered and remedied, the proper assistance of the poor made possible and the growth of pauperism discouraged and averted as far as possible.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION AND SELECTION OF INSPECTORS.

During 1898 the Board held two examinations to determine the fitness of candidates for the position of inspectors who had been certified by the Civil Service Commission as having satisfactorily passed the examinations for merit which had been held by the Commission at the Board's instance.

The first of these examinations for fitness was held simultaneously at Albany and Rochester, on April 9, 1898, by a special committee of the Board consisting of Commissioners Stoddard, Marvin and Putnam, and was for the purpose of selecting two inspectors to visit and inspect the various county, city and town almshouses. Eighteen out of the twenty-one candidates on the merit list certified by the Civil Service Commission took this examination with the result that Henry D. Kerr of Brooklyn and Cyrus C. Lathrop of Albany, were appointed, and entered upon their duties on the first of June.

The other examination for fitness was held by the Committee on Inspection simultaneously at New York, Albany and Buffalo, on November 14, 1898, and was for the purpose of selecting a candidate to fill the position of inspector in the Western Inspection District. This examination was participated in by eleven out of the twelve candidates certified by the Civil Service Commission and resulted in the appointment of Jesse W. Clarke of East Syracuse.

LEGISLATION OF 1898.

Several bills receiving consideration by the Legislature of 1898, some of which became laws while others failed of passage, elicited the Board's interest and attention.

The questions involved in some of these measures are of such general interest as to warrant somewhat extended reference in the pages of this report.

THE PLACING OUT OF DEPENDENT CHILDRENS BILL.

The efforts initiated by the Board to obtain legislation that would prove effective in correcting the serious evils and abuses which had been discovered in the work of placing in family homes the dependent children of this State, and which were made the subject of especial comment in the Board's report to the previous Legislature, culminated in the passage of chapter 264 of the Laws of 1898, entitled "An act to prevent evils and abuses in connection with the placing out of children." The provisions of this statute are as follows:

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. When used in this act the term destitute child means an orphan, abandoned or destitute minor, under the age of sixteen years, who is an inmate of a public or private charitable institution or is maintained by or dependent upon public or organized charity. The term place-out, when used in this act, means the placing of a destitute child in a family, other than that of a relative within the second degree, for the purpose of providing a home for such child. The term board, when used in this act means the state board of charities.

§ 2. It is hereby made unlawful for any person or corporation, other than a charitable or benevolent institution, society or association, or society for the prevention of cruelty to children, now or hereafter duly incorporated under the laws of this state, or a local officer charged with the relief of the poor and placing-out in the manner now provided by law, to place out any destitute child, directly or indirectly, unless such person or corpora-

tion shall be duly licensed, as hereinafter provided, by the state board of charities, to place out destitute children. Nor shall any local officer charged with the relief of the poor, directly or indirectly, place out any child or children in a family not residing within this state.

§ 3. The state board of charities is hereby authorized to issue licenses to such persons or corporations as apply therefor, and, in the judgment of said board, are proper to place out children, empowering such licensees to place out destitute children. Any such license may be revoked by said board, in its discretion, on reasonable notice to such licensee, and after affording such licensee an opportunity to be heard before said board. The reason for not granting any such license within six months after application has been made therefor, or for revoking a license, shall be entered in full in the minutes of said board.

§ 4. Any person or corporation who shall place out a destitute child shall keep and preserve a record of the full name and actual or apparent age of such child, the names and residence of its parents, so far as known, and the name and residence of the person or persons with whom such child is placed. If such person or corporation shall subsequently remove such child from the custody of the person or persons with whom it was placed, the fact of such removal and the disposition made of such child shall be entered upon such record.

§ 5. The state board of charities, through any member, officer or duly authorized inspector of said board is hereby authorized to visit, in its discretion, any child under the age of sixteen years, not legally adopted, placed out by any person or corporation mentioned in the second section of this act, or by any person licensed by said board to place out destitute children.

§ 6. In every case where practicable any child placed out shall be placed with individuals of like religious faith as the parents of the child.

§ 7. Whenever the state board of charities shall decide by the affirmative vote of a majority of its members that any person or corporation has placed out children for purposes of gain, or with-

out due inquiry as to the character and reputation of the persons with whom such children are placed, and with the result that such children are subjected to cruel or improper treatment or neglect or immoral surroundings, the said board may issue an order prohibiting such person or corporation from thereafter placing out children. No such order shall be issued unless such person or corporation has had reasonable notice, with a copy of the charge, and an opportunity to be heard before said board, and a full record of the proceedings and decision on such hearings shall be kept by said board. Any such order issued by said board may be revoked by said board.

§ 8. Any person or corporation who may feel aggrieved by the decision of the state board of charities in issuing any order pursuant to the provisions of section seven of this act, may apply to any judge of the supreme court in the judicial district in which such person resides, or in which the chief office of such corporation is situated, for a writ of certiorari, and upon the return of such writ the reasonableness of such decision shall be subject to review by the supreme court of this state.

§ 9. Any person or corporation who shall wilfully violate any of the provisions of this act or shall place out a child in violation of an order issued under the provisions of section seven of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty and of not more than two hundred and fifty dollars.

§ 10. This act shall take effect on the first day of June, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight.

The purposes of this act can be briefly stated. They are to restrict to reputable and responsible hands the important work of placing in family homes the dependent children of the State, thereby serving to prevent a continuance of the degeneration of such work into a mere traffic through which unfortunate children were quickly disposed of at so much per capita, the resulting revenue enriching the pockets of private individuals, who, under the color of philanthropy, had succeeded in winning to

themselves considerable support; and also to commit to the Board the supervision of all placing-out work carried on in this State with power to prevent its continuance if conducted in an improper manner.

It is the conviction of the Board that the mere passage of this act has had a most beneficent effect in preventing the continuance and growth of wrong methods of work, especially such as was carried on for private gain, and of causing a pronounced revival of effort on the part of those who, from philanthropic motives, are interested in securing family homes for dependent children.

This statute neither adds to nor subtracts from the powers hitherto legally enjoyed by charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and associations duly incorporated in this State and empowered to receive dependent children and to place them out by adoption or indenture, but, so far as they are concerned, is merely to be regarded as supplemental to laws already in existence.

THE DISPENSARY BILL.

The efforts unsuccessfully initiated in 1897, by a number of the medical societies, to obtain legislation that would prove effective in restricting medical relief to those unable to pay for such assistance, were renewed with like results in the Legislature of 1898.

The following bill, introduced at the instance of the societies, passed the Senate, but was not reported from the committee on public health, to which it was referred in the Assembly:

AN ACT to amend the state charities law, relating to the licensing and regulation of dispensaries by the state board of charities.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Article one of chapter five hundred and forty-six of the laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-six, entitled "An act relating to state charities, constituting chapter twenty-six of the general laws," is hereby amended by inserting at the end thereof the following sections:

§ 19. What is a dispensary.—For the purposes of this act, a dispensary is declared to be any person, corporation, institution, society, association or agent, whose purpose it is, either independently or in connection with any other purpose, to furnish, at any place or places, to persons non-resident therein, either gratuitously or for a compensation determined without reference to the value of the thing furnished, medical or surgical advice or treatment, medicine or apparatus; provided, however, that the moneys used by and for the purposes of said dispensary, shall be derived wholly, or in part, from trust funds, public moneys, or sources other than the individuals constituting said dispensary and the persons actually engaged in the distribution of charities of said dispensary.

§ 20. Licensing of dispensaries by state board of charities.—A license may be issued by the state board of charities to a dispensary as provided in this section. An application in writing for such license shall be made to such board in the form and manner prescribed by it. There shall be attached to such application, a statement verified by the oath of the applicant, containing such facts as the board may require. If, in the judgment of such board, the statement filed and other evidence submitted in relation to such application, indicate that the operations of such

dispensary will be for the public benefit, a license shall be issued to the dispensary applying therefor. The form of such license shall be prescribed by the board. A dispensary shall not enter upon the execution, or continue the prosecution of its purpose unless licensed by the state board of charities as provided herein.

§ 21. Rules and regulations.—The state board of charities may make rules and regulations and alter or amend the same, in accordance with which all dispensaries shall furnish and applicants obtain medical or surgical relief, advice or treatment, medicine or apparatus. But such rules and regulations shall not, in any case, specify the particular school of medicine in accordance with which a dispensary shall manage or conduct its work, or determine the kind of medical or surgical treatment to be provided by any dispensary.

§ 22. Revocation of licenses.—The state board of charities or any of its members may, at any and all times, visit and inspect licensed dispensaries. They may examine all matters in relation to such dispensaries and ascertain how far they are conducted in compliance with this law and the rules and regulations of the board. After due notice to a dispensary and opportunity for it to be heard, the board may, if public interest demands and for just and reasonable cause, revoke a license, by an order signed and attested by the president and secretary of the board. Such order shall state the reason for revoking such license and shall take effect within such time after the service thereof upon the dispensary as the board shall determine.

§ 23. Drug store or tenement house not to be used by dispensary; unlawful display of signs.—After the taking effect of this act, no dispensary shall make use of any place commonly known as a drug store, or any place or building defined by law or by an ordinance of a board of health as a tenement house; nor after

such time shall any person, corporation, institution, society, association, or agent thereof, except a duly licensed dispensary, display, or cause to be displayed, a sign or any other thing which could directly, or by suggestion, indicate the existence of the equivalent, in purpose and effect, of a dispensary.

§ 2. Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act, or any of the rules and regulations made and published under the authority of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars, and not more than two hundred and fifty dollars.

§ 3. This act shall take effect October first, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight.

The Board reiterates its belief that legislation is required to prevent the abuse of medical charities, now so prevalent in New York city, and also the overgrowth of such charities, and hopes that a statute which will be satisfactory to all who are desirous of rectifying such abuses may be enacted.

The following table shows the number of dispensaries in each county of the State, which reported to the Board for the year ending September 30, 1897, the number of their beneficiaries, and of the prescriptions dispensed during that period.

COUNTY.	Number Dispensaries.	Beneficiaries.	Prescriptions.
Albany	3	20,497	17,939
Erie	6	15,720	6,712
Kings	35	283,165	472,304
Monroe	3	3,276	8,118
New York	66	1,178,474	1,734,126
Oneida	2	601	919
Onondaga	2	8,796	6,116
Queens	1	207	156
Rensselaer	1	715	716
Richmond	1	780	2,130
Schenectady	1	1,692	492
Westchester	4	9,676	7,317
Total	125	1,523,599	2,257,075

While the Board has endeavored to obtain accurate statistics with regard to the number of those treated at these institutions, it is aware that the records of some of the dispensaries are not kept with exactness, and that for this and other reasons the table of beneficiaries includes much unavoidable duplication in counting that cannot even be estimated; at the same time it is probable that much of this duplication in counting is compensated for by the free or practically free medical assistance given by other sources of such relief which have not reported to the Board.

The facts given in this table show very clearly that some concerted effort, aided by competent legal authority, should be made to prevent the too free distribution of medical relief, with its pauperizing tendencies, which are detrimental to the State's best interests.

THE EDUCATION BILL.

A proposed measure to some of the provisions of which the Board was obliged to make objection, was entitled "An Act in relation to education, constituting chapter twenty-two of the General Laws."

This bill, which was substantially a codification of the educational laws of the State, with many new provisions and important changes, was introduced in the Senate and the Assembly at about the same time, at the instance of the Commission of Statutory Revision, which framed the measure, and was referred to the Committee on Education of each house.

One of the changes proposed by the measure was to place the public and the private institutions of the State in which the deaf and the blind are taught and supported either at public expense or through the donations of the benevolent, under the "exclusive supervision" of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, even to the extent of taking from the Governor the

appointment of the trustees of the New York State School for the Blind, and from the Comptroller the authority to require advance estimates from and to audit the accounts of the institution, an authority which, in the opinion of this Board has been exercised with beneficent results.

Further than this the counties were to be relieved of the direct expense of the education and support of the class of pupils known as county pupils, and this extra burden, amounting to about $150,000 per annum, was to be assumed by the State.

These changes were also considered to ignore and to be prejudicial to the Board's Constitutional right of visitation and inspection, and its statutory right of supervision over such institutions as affirmed and determined by the Court of Appeals in a decision rendered October 12, 1897, in the case of the "People of the State of New York ex rel. the New York Institution for the Blind, respondent, against Ashbel P. Fitch, Comptroller of the city of New York, appellant," proceedings initiated not by the Board, but by the Institution itself, and, indeed, seemed to be framed with the purpose, in part at least, of reversing the decision of this high tribunal. Although, as must be apparent, these Constitutional rights, affirmed by the highest court of the State, could not be alienated by statute, the result of such an enactment as was proposed, would doubtless, have been to befog the minds of the institutional authorities to some extent at least, and to produce needless friction between them and the Board's representatives seeking to give attention to their lawful duties.

This decision settled several questions which had been in contention for some time and in the opinion of the Board should have been accepted by the State authorities as final. Several of its most important notes are the following:

"Institution for the Blind—charitable in part. The New York Institution for the Blind, an institution under private control, organized in 1831 (chapter 214) for the special education of the blind, is to be regarded as a charitable institution so far as it clothes, educates and maintains indigent pupils at public expense or by donations of individuals, and as to such pupils it is subject to the supervision and rules of the State Board of Charities."

"Such institution being to an extent charitable as well as educational, falls within the provisions of the Constitution and statutes as an institution of charitable character or design."

"The provisions of the Constitution (art. 9, § 1.), that 'the Legislature shall provide for the maintenance and support of a system of free common schools, wherein all the people of the State may be educated,' relates only to the public or common schools of the State, and has no application to appropriations made by the State to an institution for the blind wholly or partly under private control."

The underlying principle of the provisions of the bill to which the Board objected seems to be founded upon the mistaken theory that it is the duty of the State to provide, as a matter of right, lodging, food and clothing as well as education for those who attend these institutions or schools, while the decision of the Court of Appeals is based upon the wiser view that it is not obligatory upon the State to provide lodging, food or clothing gratuitously for any one, except as an act of benevolence or public relief. If the relatives and friends of pupils can afford to pay for the board, lodging and clothing of such pupils, it is their duty to do so, and failing in this the scholars are not improperly considered as recipients of the bounty of the State, or of that of private individuals. This may be in some respects unpleasant for such

pupils, although the Board has neither seen nor heard any evidence to that effect, but like other misfortunes, the facts are not likely to be changed for the better by any mere transposition of terms. In other words, it is the fact which is unfortunate and to be regretted, and not the name by which it is known. At the same time the Board has never known of the use of any unkind word or term in connection with such pupils, except by some of the officers of their own institutions in an attempt to create a prejudice against the Constitutional provisions and the statute referred to.

If the theory of the Commissioners of Statutory Revision and the supporters of the bill be the correct one then there is not an orphan asylum or a home for normal children in the State which should not be placed under the exclusive supervision of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and removed from the jurisdiction of this Board, for the right of such children to an education is certainly equal to those of any other class in the State.

This Board has for years exercised rights of visitation and inspection over institutions including those for the deaf and the blind, co-ordinately with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and is unaware of any friction or evil results arising therefrom. The Board is now and has always been willing to reach an amicable and satisfactory understanding with the educational authorities, whereby there shall be no overlapping of work and no cause of misunderstanding or of friction between the two departments.

The measure in question met with much other opposition and failed of passage.

THE BOARD'S LITIGATION WITH THE NEW YORK SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN.

The revised Constitution of this State, which went into effect January 1, 1895, provides for the establishment by the Legislature of a State Board of Charities which *shall* visit and inspect all institutions, whether State, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, excepting only institutions used for the care and treatment of the insane, and prisons and reformatories in which adult males convicted of felony are confined.

In accordance with this requirement of the Constitution the Legislature of 1896, provided in chapter 546 of the Laws of that year (the State Charities Law) for the existing State Board of Charities, and in section 9 of this law further provided as follows: "The State Board of Charities *shall* visit, inspect and maintain a general supervision of all institutions, societies or associations which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, whether State or municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are made subject to its supervision by the Constitution or by law; and *shall* * * * collect statistical information in respect to the property, receipts and expenditures of all institutions, societies and associations subject to its supervision, and the number and condition of the inmates thereof."

Particular attention is called to the use of the word "shall" in connection with these provisions of the Constitution and the statute, as the Board conceives it to be a matter of duty to seek to comply with this clear and direct mandate, in the case of every institution, society or association, small or great, weak or powerful, which it believes to be within its jurisdiction.

The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Chil-

dren is one of the very few institutions of a charitable character in the State, which have offered any serious objection to inspection by the Board's representatives or have refused to render to the Board a detailed report of receipts and expenditures as the statute requires. This society was organized on or about April 27, 1875, under the provisions of chapter 130 of the laws of that year, its expressed objects being the prevention of cruelty to children and the enforcement of laws affecting them. That the prosecution of this important philanthropic work has been productive of beneficent results there is no room to doubt.

The society occupies a large and well equipped building at the corner of Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue in New York city, where it annually shelters, feeds, clothes and otherwise administers to the necessities of a large number of unfortunate children who have been rescued from unfavorable surroundings or have been temporarily committed to its care by the courts. Its expenditures for this particular branch of work during the year 1897, as stated in its printed report covering the operations of that year amounted to the sum of $10,890.39, which is reported as having been received from the benevolent for the purposes indicated.

To the ordinary mind, having no inclination to seek refuge in technicalities, work, such as this, would seem to be of a decidedly "charitable character," and the mere fact of its prosecution would seem to supply all the evidence necessary to show that the society in question is of the kind that the Constitution and the statutes contemplated placing under the jurisdiction of this Board. Further than this, however, the society's officers and attorneys have at various times, for the purpose of obtaining donations or to secure exemption from taxation, alleged, even under oath where

necessary, that it was a charity. It is, moreover, entirely supported by public funds from the city of New York and the gifts of the charitable.

Under these circumstances the Board was obliged to take cognizance of the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, as an institution carrying on work within the Board's jurisdiction, and upon the refusal of the society's president and its superintendent to permit of an official inspection by the Board's representatives and also to render the financial report requested, the Hon. Theodore E. Hancock, Attorney-General of the State and the Board's legal adviser, was requested to take the legal proceedings provided by the statute, in order that the Board's rights and duties in the premises might be settled by competent judicial authority.

The Attorney-General accordingly brought an action in the Supreme Court for a writ of peremptory mandamus directing the society to permit the Board to visit and inspect its grounds, buildings, and papers and to exercise the visitorial powers specified in the Constitution and the law. This motion was argued before Mr. Justice Giegerich at special term in the first judicial district, the Attorney-General appearing in person for the Board, while the society was represented by President Elbridge T. Gerry and Mr. Delancey Nicoll. In October, Justice Giegerich handed down a decision sustaining the Board's contention in the following words: "The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children is a 'charitable institution' so far as it feeds, clothes and assists children and destitute families and furnishes them with medical aid and attendance and as such is subject to the visitation and inspection of the State Board of Charities."

During the progress of this litigation some peculiar provisions of law were brought prominently to the Board's attention and upon some of them it seems opportune to dwell briefly in this connection.

Chapter 559 of the Laws of 1895, known as the Membership Corporations Law, in section 11, provides as follows: "The directors of every membership corporation *except a corporation for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals*, created under or by a general or special law, shall present at its annual meeting, a report, verified by the president and treasurer, or by a majority of the directors, showing the whole amount of real and personal property owned by it, where located and where and how invested, the amount and nature of the property acquired during the year immediately preceding the date of the report and the manner of its acquisition; the amount applied, appropriated or expended during the year immediately preceding such date, and the purposes, objects or persons to or for which such applications, appropriations or expenditures have been made, and the names and places of residence of the persons who have been admitted to membership in the corporation during such year, which report shall be filed with the records of the corporation and an abstract thereof entered in the minutes of the proceedings of the annual meeting."

"The directors of every membership corporation, *except a society for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals*, shall be jointly and severally liable for any debt of the corporation contracted while they are directors, payable within one year or less from the date it was contracted, if an action for the collection thereof be brought against the corporation within one year after the debt becomes due, and an execution issued therein to the county where the office is, or where a certificate of its incorporation is filed, be

returned wholly or partly unsatisfied, and if the action against the directors to recover the amount unsatisfied be commenced within one year after the return of such execution."

Section 16 of the same act, in its opening sentence reads as follows: "All membership corporations, *except a corporation for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals*, with their books and vouchers shall be subject to the visitation and inspection of a justice of the Supreme Court, or any person appointed by the court for that purpose."

It is not easy to understand why, if these provisions of law are good in their application to other membership corporations, they should not be equally good in their application to the societies thus excepted from them, and it is especially difficult to comprehend why the justices of the Supreme Court should be prohibited from examining into the operations of such societies.

The establishment and incorporation of charitable institutions are sanctioned by the State in order that such organizations may be suitably equipped to render what is distinctly a quasi public service. It cannot be contemplated that these corporate bodies which have been called into being by the State, shall have anything to conceal from the State or its duly chosen agents. If so they become superior to the State and the precedent for an intolerable condition of affairs is established.

NUMBER AND CLASSIFICATION OF BENEFICIARIES IN INSTITUTIONS SUBJECT TO THE SUPERVISION OF THE BOARD, OCTOBER 1, 1898:

Aged and friendless persons	7,038
Almshouse inmates	12,186
Blind	732
Deaf	1,623

Dependent children	31,513
Disabled soldiers and sailors	1,354
Epileptics in almshouses	312
Epileptics in Craig Colony	322
Hospital patients	8,598
Idiotic and feeble-minded in almshouses	1,128
Idiotic and feeble-minded in State institutions	1,288
Juvenile offenders	3,394
Inmates of reformatories	1,773
Total	71,261

THE ACCOUNTS OF CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, SOCIETIES AND ASSOCIATIONS.

The State Charities Law presupposes that all the charitable institutions, societies and associations in this State, whether incorporated or not incorporated, are in the habit of keeping careful and accurate accounts in detail of their receipts and expenditures, and of their beneficiaries also, for it directs the Board to obtain from all such organizations statistical information which can be furnished only when records are so kept.

Such account keeping, however, the Board regrets to say, seems to be a burden to some of the officers of these institutions, for although the statistics requested by the Board are simple in their nature, much correspondence is required in frequent instances, and apparently also a considerable amount of computation on the part of such officers, to secure the desired data. In many cases the reports, upon being examined, are found to be incorrect, rendering further correspondence necessary, so that hundreds of letters have to be written each year

before the statistics which the statute requires the Board to collect, can be properly tabulated. The letters of explanation which are received from these officers are almost invariably courteous in tone and exhibit a spirit of willingness to make every needed correction, but the result commonly is, that although the reports are due on the 1st of November of each year, according to the statute, they are seldom all correctly filed in the Board's office by the 1st of January.

This, as may readily be imagined, causes an almost interminable amount of trouble to the officers of the Board, together with much expense and delay, which could be almost entirely obviated if each institution would be careful in keeping and rendering an account of its work.

This is not merely a nominal matter, as some seem to think, but is really one of great importance, because, through the careful keeping of these individual records, it is made possible for the Legislature and the people of the State to be accurately informed regarding the nature and extent of the charitable work carried on in the State. The Board accordingly desires to impress upon the officers of all the institutions, societies and associations under its supervision, the importance of keeping exact and intelligent records of their work. Many do this at present and are entitled to much credit for their thoughtfulness and care, but on the contrary many do not.

AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS.

The Board has for two years included in the blanks which it sends to the charities within its jurisdiction in order to obtain their annual reports, an inquiry as to whether their accounts are regularly audited, and if so, how often and by whom, and the answers show that in a relatively large number of instances there

is no proper audit of the finances of these organizations. The Board is impressed with the belief that this is not a satisfactory condition of affairs and recommends to all the institutions, societies and associations within its jurisdiction that arrangements be made whereby their accounts shall be regularly examined and audited by a perfectly independent committee or accountant. It is not too much to say that the finances of a charity should be managed and guarded with as much care as those of a bank, insurance company, or other business corporation.

THE ANNUAL REPORTS WHICH THE BOARD REQUIRES FROM CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, SOCIETIES, AND ASSOCIATIONS.

It is not infrequently the case that officers of private charities, and especially of those charities which are neither incorporated, nor in receipt of public money, express astonishment upon being requested, for the first time perhaps, to make a report of their financial and other operations to the Board, upon the blanks which it annually provides for that purpose, and in some of these instances, it requires considerable correspondence, and at times, the consultation of legal authority by the representatives of such charities, before the matter is comprehended. Under these circumstances it seems advisable to state briefly in this report, the source and purpose of the authority conferred upon the Board, including the governmental principle involved, whereby it is empowered to require such reports, as well as to exercise other forms of supervision.

Under our theory of government, the State is, in temporal matters, and subject only to the Constitution of the United States, supreme over all within its jurisdiction—otherwise it would cease to be the State—and possesses authority to exercise for the common good of its people, certain powers known

as "police powers," whereby, to use the language of an important judicial decision, "The health, good order, peace, and general welfare of the community are promoted." These powers, which cover, and to a large extent, regulate many of the fields of life's activities, are appropriately divided into classes, and delegated to public officers, whose duties are set forth in laws framed by the Legislature, and, in the case of the State Board of Charities, also in the Constitution.

As the result of experience and observation, the State has found that for the individual good, and the common welfare of its citizens, it is important and necessary to visit, inspect, and supervise the work of its public and its private charities.

Grave abuses of various kinds have not been uncommon in charitable administrations, and as such administrations are carried on presumably for the public good and voluntarily to perform certain services for the State, as well as to gratify the charitable inclinations of their members, it has been found desirable that they should be under the watchful eye of some body of competent jurisdiction, with power to protect the interests of the public and especially of the poor, in whose name, and for whose cause, the benefactions of individuals are entrusted to these voluntary almoners.

It is certainly conducive to the welfare of the State, of which so many citizens are applicants for charitable assistance, of one form or another, for some responsible authority in the State to make certain that the inmates of charitable institutions receive proper care, that those capable of receiving instruction be given the benefits of an education, and that moneys donated for the relief of the poor are honestly and judiciously used. Furthermore it is to be assumed that no institution of charity which is

properly conducted, need have anything to fear because of the visitation, inspection, and supervision provided by law, while, on the other hand, it is difficult to imagine how any honest interest in the State can possibly be benefited by the concealment of evils and abuses in such institutions. As a general proposition, it can safely be asserted that the more the financial and other operations of charities are subject to impartial official scrutiny, the better are the results attained.

The duties of visitation, inspection and supervision which have been referred to herein, have by the State Charities Law (Chapter 546 of the Laws of 1896), been specifically delegated to this Board which desires and intends to exercise them in a careful, thorough, just, and impartial manner. The State can recognize no aristocracy in charitable administrations, for the humblest institution of charity, lawfully established, stands before it, so far as the exercise of the police power is concerned, in precisely the same relation, as the most powerful, or the most arrogant.

Among the requirements of the State Charities Law is one to the effect that the Board shall "Collect statistical information in respect to the property, receipts, and expenditures of all institutions, societies, and associations subject to its supervision and the number and condition of the inmates thereof," and in order that the Board may be empowered to accomplish this particular work, the law also provides that "The Board may prepare regulations according to which, and provide blanks and forms upon which, such information shall be furnished in a clear, uniform, and prompt manner," for its use, and also that any officer, superintendent or employe of any such institution who shall refuse or neglect to furnish the information required by the Board or any of its members, officers and inspectors, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

In order to secure the statistical information which the law, as hereinbefore quoted, directs the Board to collect, and as the basis for an intelligent examination of the finances of these charitable organizations, it has been found important and helpful to require from them an annual statement of their receipts and expenditures—just as a balance sheet is required in a business house—and this requirement, as may readily be seen, is frequently effective in preventing the continuance of evils and abuses which might otherwise escape observation. It has, for example, the effect of compelling a system of account keeping, whereby the expenditures of charities can be accurately judged by some definite standards of comparison, and while the printed reports of some of these institutions present ambiguous and unintelligible statements, their financial and other operations will be found clearly set forth in the reports of the Board. That there should be this system, and order, and light, seems to the Board very desirable.

But, beyond this, the compilation of these statistics furnishes to the Legislature and to others a comprehensive picture of the charitable work of the State, which should be helpful in framing legislation, and in taking other action with relation to institutions of charity.

It is to be remembered in this connection, that the request for a report indicates no menace or injury to properly conducted institutions, but on the other hand, as has been said, the reports may assist the Board to discover those which are improperly carried on, and to prevent the diversion to personal and unwarranted uses, of funds intended by their donors to benefit the unfortunate and the distressed.

Under these circumstances it must be considered entirely within the lines of a sound and honorable public policy, for the State to require reports from all organizations, public and private, which receive money for the relief of the poor, and also to be equally in line with good citizenship and good morals for the managers of charities not only cheerfully to make such reports, even at some personal inconvenience, but also to exert their influence towards a very general compliance with the statute.

CUSTODIAL CARE OF THE IDIOTIC AND THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

In the scientific and carefully classified system of maintaining its dependent wards the State of New York has provided for the separate care of the idiotic and the feeble-minded. Until a comparatively recent date these unfortunates were the subjects of municipal or county care only. They were and are found in nearly all classes of charitable institutions throughout the State, and it is a matter of vital importance that they should be taken from society at large and placed in such surroundings as shall best provide for their needs, and free society from the danger which exists when they are not under proper custodial supervision. This danger is by no means imaginary. It must not be forgotten that in the young the power of imitation is strong, and injury may occur to impressionable young subjects by the close association of idiotic and feeble-minded persons with those healthy in body and mind. A far greater evil, however, exists in the neglect to maintain proper care and custody of the idiotic and the feeble-minded in order to obviate their tendency to propagate their kind. Were it necessary to go into details upon this point, we need only to state that of over three hundred women of child-bearing age in one custodial

asylum for feeble-minded women in this State, more than 50 per cent. are known to have given birth to from one to three illegitimate children previous to their entrance into that institution.

The separation of these wards of the State into two general classes, the *teachable* and *unteachable*, has necessitated the establishment of separate institutions for each class. The State institution at Syracuse and the New York City institution on Randall's Island provide, as far as their accommodations serve, for the teachable class of the feeble-minded young, although the latter institution receives the unteachable also, while the State institution at Rome cares for the unteachable, idiotic class only. Between these institutions stands the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women at Newark, which retains the feeble-minded in custody during the child-bearing age.

The number of idiotic and of feeble-minded, of both sexes, under care in the four institutions mentioned, on October 1, 1898, was as follows:

Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-minded Children..	540
New York State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-minded Women, at Newark.....	406
Rome State Custodial Asylum, at Rome.....	342
New York City Institution, on Randall's Island.....	470

This gives the number of idiotic and of feeble-minded already under care in the institutions named, but by no means covers the number requiring such custody. The pressure from every section of the State for admittance to these institutions is very great, and no adequate provision exists to meet this want. In order to present this subject in an exact manner, a careful census of the number of idiotic and feeble-minded still held as subjects of county care in the almshouses of the State, was made by the late Dr.

Charles S. Hoyt, Superintendent of State and Alien Poor. His examination, completed in December, 1898, shows that 838 idiotic and feeble-minded cases in almshouses are yet to be provided for under State care. These cases are troublesome to the several institutions of which they are inmates, and do not there receive the custodial care necessary not only to their protection, but to that of the public.

To provide for them, extensive additions will be necessary to the State institutions named or another State institution must be established. The latter alternative is preferable for several reasons.

First. That the proposed institution may provide for a more equitable distribution of these cases from the several districts of the State.

Second. That such institution can be mainly custodial and thus allow of a further and more complete classification of these cases throughout the State than is now possible.

In connection with the first point it is a fact that the counties of New York and Kings contribute about sixty per cent. of the amount required annually for the maintenance of the idiotic and the feeble-minded of the State, and yet, the only public institution for the care of these cases located in this part of the State is maintained by the city of New York. The State institutions to which these wards in the eastern counties are sent are situated in the central and western parts of the State, and this requires the transfer of the great majority of the cases in such eastern counties to these distant points. A large part of the State is thus very inadequately provided for.

An institution, custodial in character, and established in an eligible locality in one of the eastern counties, should be devoted

to the care of the idiotic and unteachable, leaving the institution at Rome to provide for the same class in the remainder of the State.

Such an institution, in a convenient and healthful locality, would, with proper economy and forethought, involve less outlay, for the simple, custodial structures required, than the cost of additions to existing and, in some cases, expensive, buildings already constructed for some of the institutions for this class of cases. The new work would be simply that of construction while any great extension of the accommodations at existing institutions would involve many costly changes.

The Board would, accordingly, recommend the division of the State into two districts for the idiotic, and provision made equally for the mentally-defective poor of each division. A careful census of this class of inmates of the almshouses of the counties justifies such a division and the establishment of another such State institution.

The eastern district should comprise the counties of Sullivan, Orange, Dutchess, Putnam, Rockland, Westchester, New York, Kings, Queens, Richmond and Suffolk. The remaining counties of the State would be included in the western district. This arrangement would provide for the idiots and feeble-minded of each half of the State, according to population.

In order to show the above facts clearly the following tables are appended:

Table No. 1.

Showing the number and sex of the idiotic and feeble-minded inmates of the almshouses of certain counties of the State, to constitute the "Western State Custodial Asylum District."

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Albany County Almshouse	3	.....	3
Allegany County Almshouse	2	2	4
Broome County Almshouse	6	6	12
Cattaraugus County Almshouse	5	2	7
Cayuga County Almshouse	3	.....	3
Chautauqua County Almshouse	7	4	11
Chemung County Almshouse	3	3	6
Chenango County Almshouse	4	4	8
Clinton County Almshouse	1	1	2
Columbia County Almshouse	4	6	10
Cortland County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Delaware County Almshouse	6	3	9
Dutchess County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie City Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Erie County Almshouse	8	1	9
Essex County Almshouse	1	1	2
Franklin County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Fulton County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Genesee County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Greene County Almshouse	1	.....	1
Hamilton County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Herkimer County Almshouse	5	1	8
Jefferson County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Lewis County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Livingston County Almshouse	1	2	6
Madison County Almshouse	4	9	13
Monroe County Almshouse	16	4	23
Montgomery County Almshouse	5	3	0
Niagara County Almshouse	4	1	5
Oneida County Almshouse	5	1	6
Onondaga County Almshouse	4	3	7
Ontario County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Orleans County Almshouse	7	4	11
Oswego County Almshouse	6	6	12
Oswego City Almshouse	4	3	7
Oswego County Almshouse	5	3	8
Rensselaer County Almshouse	1	3	4
Richmond County Almshouse	4	2	6
Saratoga County Almshouse	6	4	10
Schenectady County Almshouse	.....	1	1
Schuyler County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Seneca County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Steuben County Almshouse	1	2	3
Tioga County Almshouse	2	.....	2
Tompkins County Almshouse	3	3	6
Ulster County Almshouse	8	3	11
Kingston County Almshouse	1	.....	1
Warren County Almshouse	1	.....	1
Washington County Almshouse	1	.....	1
Wayne County Almshouse	.....	16	16
Wyoming County Almshouse	4	2	6
Yates County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Total	152	109	261

Table No. 2.

Showing the number and sex of the idiots, inmates of the almshouses of certain counties of the State, to constitute "The Eastern State Custodial Asylum District."

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Kings County Almshouse	42	29	71
New York County Almshouse	310	159	469
Orange County Almshouse	3	7	10
Newburgh City Almshouse	2	.....	2
Putnam County Almshouse	2	.....	2
Queens County Almshouse	.....	.....	.....
Hempstead Town Almshouse	1	1	2
North Hempstead and Oyster Bay Town Almshouse	2	1	3
Richmond County Almshouse	2	2	4
Rockland County Almshouse	3	3	6
Suffolk County Almshouse	.....	1	1
Sullivan County Almshouse	4	1	5
Westchester County Almshouse	.....	1	1
Total	371	205	576

Upon reference to the foregoing tables it will be seen that there are now in the several almshouses about eight hundred and thirty-eight idiotic and feeble-minded persons who should be provided with proper custodial care; of these, more than two-thirds are found in the almshouses of what has been outlined as the Eastern Asylum District. If we summarize these figures we shall obtain the following statement:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
In the Western district	152	109	261
In the Eastern district	371	205	576
	523	314	837

If the number of inmates now in the Rome Custodial Asylum, about 342, be added to the number in the almshouses of the proposed Western District, 261, as shown in table No. 1, there results a total of 603 in the Western District against 576 in the Eastern District, as shown in table No. 2. While, as has been pointed out, the counties of New York and Kings pay about sixty per cent. of

the cost of maintenance by the State of the idiotic and the feeble-minded, the institution at Rome contains but 48 from these counties and 294 from the rest of the State.

These facts and figures indicate very clearly the present unequal provision for this class, as regards territory and population, and the importance of the establishment of an additional State institution for the idiotic and the feeble-minded under a division according to population.

The State Board of Charities favors increased provision for the large number of idiotic and feeble-minded persons requiring custodial care, and the facts here presented merit careful consideration in deciding upon appropriations for the extension of such care. The distance of the asylum at Rome from the great centers of population in the eastern part of the State and its bleak location, make the advisability of any very extensive additions to it questionable, and make the establishment of an additional custodial asylum for the extreme southeastern counties seem desirable. Such an institution will relieve those already established from a pressure which is embarrassing, and which, to a great extent, hampers their several boards of managers in the performance of the duties imposed upon them in the care of this helpless class.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Twelve of the State's charitable institutions are subject to the visitation, inspection and supervision of the Board.

These, named in the order in which they were established, are as follows: State Industrial School, Rochester, 1846; Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse, 1851; New York State School for the Blind, Batavia, 1865; State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark, 1878; New

York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath, 1878; Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois, 1878; House of Refuge for Women, Hudson, 1881; Western House of Refuge, Albion, 1890; Reformatory for Women (not yet opened), Bedford, 1892; Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome, 1893; Craig Colony, Sonyea, 1894; New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford, 1895.

The receipts of these institutions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, amounted to $1,278,140.36. Their expenditures aggregated $1,184,852.03; $849,040.02 being for maintenance and $335,812.01 for improvements, and the number of their beneficiaries was 6,948.

The following named schools and institutions, nine in number, under private management but mainly supported by State appropriations, are also subject to the Board's visitation, inspection and supervision: New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York, 1817; Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York ((commonly called the House of Refuge), New York, 1824; New York Institution for the Blind, New York, 1831; Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo, 1853; Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York, 1869; St. Joseph's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Fordham, with a branch at Westchester, 1875; Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome, 1875; Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester, 1876; Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone, 1884.

The receipts of these institutions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, were from cash on hand, $40,938.93; from public sources, $696,426.49; from private sources, $153,746.81;

their expenditures aggregated $823,779.77, and the total number of their beneficiaries was 3,215.

SOME RESULTS OF LOCAL MANAGEMENT.

The Board is compelled to call the attention of the Legislature to the unfair treatment accorded New York and Kings counties in some of the State institutions in the number of persons admitted. In several of them the beneficiaries are drawn almost entirely from the rest of the State, and these counties allotted a small fraction. Thus, on December 31, 1898, the population of the Rome Custodial Asylum was as follows:

New York county	25
Kings county	23
Remainder of State	294
Total	342

The inmates of this institution are idiots. From the above it will be seen that less than one-seventh (1-7) come from New York and Kings, and this though statistics show that out of 838 such persons in the almshouses of the State yet unprovided for, 570 are in those counties.

Again, on December 31, 1898, the population of the State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-minded Women was as follows:

New York county	68
Kings county	8
Remainder of State	329
Total	405

Here less than one-fifth (1-5) of these unfortunates are admitted from New York and Kings.

The Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-minded Children, on the same date, had the following population:

New York county	58
Kings county	41
Remainder of State	438
Total	537

Here again the apportionment allowed New York and Kings is less than one-fifth (1-5).

It must be remembered in reading the above figures that New York and Kings counties have almost one-half the inhabitants of the State and pay sixty per cent. of the State taxes from which these establishments are supported. The principle of "No taxation without representation," if applied to these institutions, would very much reduce their means of support.

The gross inequalities here pointed out arise from two causes:

First. The local complexion of the boards controlling these institutions, and

Second. The absence, in most cases, of a provision in the statute requiring a fair apportionment.

With regard to the first cause, these boards are composed of from six to fifteen individuals. The members are called "Managers" or "Trustees" and are appointed almost entirely to the exclusion of New York and Kings counties. Of the twelve great State institutions New York has a single member on the boards of three and Kings on the boards of two. The Governor is bound

legally in only one case to appoint from New York county, and in no case from Kings. The case in which New York must be represented is the Craig Colony for Epileptics. The result in this institution is the following:

New York county	107
Kings county	26
Remainder of State	186
Total	319

Here, then, New York and Kings have very much more than one-third (1-3) of the population, a fair apportionment.

Another evil which arises from the system in vogue is, that as the managers or trustees are appointed as a rule from one locality they may act as a clique. Consequently, in admitting beneficiaries, they are not only partial to their own section of the State in order to favor it, but also, for the same reason, may make many unreasonable demands upon the State Treasury. We confidently predict that were other parts of the State represented, it would be more possible to ascertain when the State Treasury was being raided. State taxes for charitable purposes would be much reduced.

The second cause, namely, the absence of a statutory requirement providing for a just apportionment speaks for itself. Craig Colony has such a provision, and we again point to the result, above set forth.

Closing this subject we recommend that the trustees and managers of the great State charitable institutions be appointed from every judicial district of the State, one from each, and two from the home judicial district, and that equitable rules of apportionment be spread upon the statute books.

LACK OF FORETHOUGHT IN PLANNING STATE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

An intelligent inspection of the State charitable institutions subject to the supervision of this Board, will lead to the conclusion that, with few exceptions, little forethought has been displayed in advance of the erection of the buildings, for their proper location on the site available, with regard not only to convenience but to architectural effect. This can only be secured by considering and designing the entire institution as a whole.

An average annual expenditure of about half a million dollars for new buildings for these institutions, without such preliminary examination of all the problems involved as would be made by a private citizen if about to erect for himself a city or country residence, is careless and reprehensible.

While disapproving any considerable expenditure made solely for architectural effect, it is manifestly true that if each of the institutions already established had been designed as a whole, and their different buildings carefully grouped, the effect produced would have been monumental and architectural without having added to the expense incurred by the State in their erection.

The unfortunate custom has been to locate buildings with entire disregard to surrounding buildings both as to design and material, and to place them haphazard and often unnecessarily crowded about the grounds.

The material, and the architectural treatment of many individual buildings must impress the observer that architectural beauty has been disastrously striven for by the provision of meaningless towers, bay windows, or other features which do not in any way represent the plan of the interior or add anything to the

comfort or usefulness of the buildings. In most cases these really detract from the architectural effect, and in all cases they have added to the expense of the building. These towers and bay windows are the ear marks of State charity architecture, but even they are not the worst enemies of architectural beauty. At times the governing board of the institution is authorized by the Legislature to employ local talent. This leads inevitably to effort on the part of the local architect to design his building so that it will stand out from all the others of the institution and bear witness to his originality. This necessitates disregarding all the other buildings, the use of a different material, and, in cases, to the adoption of a style unlike any other style in the world and dissimilar to the other buildings.

Most of the State charitable buildings are constructed of brick, an honest material which lends itself to artistic effects if the designer has the ability to think in the material in which he works. It is a very well known fact in architecture that it does not matter how rude, cheap, and otherwise uninteresting a material may be, if handled with the proper feeling and appreciation of its value, artistic and harmonious designs can be obtained. Nor does it add to the expense of a building to have it properly and artistically designed. In advising that more attention be given to thoughtful architecture no extravagance is contemplated.

Much improvement can be made in the direction indicated. In the construction of existing buildings in many instances commonplace and well established sanitary laws have been disregarded; and by wasted room, unnecessarily thick walls or faulty construction, public money has been thoughtlessly wasted.

State work should represent the very best architectural talent available. This does not necessarily mean that the State shall

incur great expense to gratify the architectural taste of its architect; but, on the contrary, it does mean that by employing the best architect the best work will be obtained at the least expense. The result will be satisfactory from a utilitarian standpoint, and will reflect credit not only upon the State but upon this Board and the local boards of managers of the institution.

The following points are urged as important preliminaries to the establishment of any new State charitable institution:

1. The ultimate and final capacity of the institution should be suggested by the State Board of Charities and fixed by legislative enactment.

2. A careful list made of all the buildings of the institution needed to bring it to its full capacity.

3. The requirements of each proposed building carefully formulated.

4. A carefully prepared ground plan, showing the location and general design of all the proposed buildings, and also all roads, underground conduits for steam heating, water supply and sewerage, should be approved by the State Board of Charities before a brick is laid.

5. The plan approved should be filed with the State Board of Charities, and no buildings allowed to be erected which are not in accordance with this plan. By this method, when a building is required for an institution it will only be necessary to refer to this plan and have working drawings perfected for the particular buildings designated in the request. The position of this building having been already established on the general plan, and the plan of the building having been decided upon, much time now wasted in discussion and committee meetings will be saved and uniformity secured.

6. No appropriation for the construction of a new building for a State charitable institution should be made without the express proviso that such appropriation is made subject to the approval of the State Board of Charities as to location of buildings, plans specifications and contracts, duplicate originals to be filed with the State Comptroller and the State Board of Charities.

The Board believes that reasonable economy will be insured by requiring the final adoption of building plans, including their location, for State or other public charitable institutions, to be made subject to its approval. The cost of dormitory and living buildings for inmates should in no case exceed $500 *per capita*, and for this amount well equipped and substantial buildings should be furnished, while for some classes of inmates a much smaller expenditure will suffice.

As much as $1,000 *per capita* has recently been paid for housing dependents, not including furniture, the Board, to its regret, possessing at present no power to prevent such an extravagant use of the State's money.

LOBBYING FOR APPROPRIATIONS.

The Board strongly deprecates the custom of lobbying for appropriations, which some of the officers and other representatives of public and of private charitable institutions have followed with more or less persistency in the past. This custom should, in the opinion of the Board, be discontinued, as lacking in dignity and propriety, and because such officials, when in Albany, are probably neglecting duties at home for which they are paid, and which require their individual attention. The Board believes that the officers of institutions, subject to its supervision, should submit their requests for Legislative appropriations through the Board, as the State Charities Law provides, and remain away

from Albany, unless they are specifically called upon by the Governor, or by the Legislature, or its committees, to furnish information.

The Board holds itself in readiness to secure and to furnish promptly to the Executive and the Legislature and its committees any information with relation to the needs of such institutions that may be desired.

The Board also believes that it will be conducive to good results to have the reports of all the State institutions which are subject to its supervision, submitted through it, to the Legislature rather than directly presented thereto. A precedent for this action is on the statute books. By chapter 545 of the Laws of 1896 the State Hospitals for the Insane, under the supervision of the Lunacy Commission, a co-ordinate department of the State government, are required to report to the Commission and not to the Legislature. This course will insure an impartial scrutiny of such reports and their final presentation to the public in the Board's bound reports, thus making them more available for use by those who have occasion to study them in particular or the charitable work of the State in general.

The Board also desires to renew the following recommendations and suggestions for legislation made in its report to the Legislature of 1898, being confident that more satisfactory results will accrue to the State through their adoption:

It is considered especially important that bills carrying appropriations for new buildings be passed as early in the session as practicable, in order that the necessary plans and specifications may be prepared in time to allow construction to begin as soon as climatic conditions will permit. This recommendation is based upon a desire to prevent the usual congestion at the close of each

session of the work of preparing plans in the office of the Capitol Commissioner, and to facilitate building operations which in recent instances have been retarded for nearly a year.

The Board further recommends that it be authorized by law to select all new sites for State institutions to be subject to its supervision, which may hereafter be established. Experience should enable the Board not only to understand the peculiar needs of the institutions, but also where, everything considered, they may be most suitably located.

It is also recommended that a board of classification, of which the President of this Board shall be a member, be established by law, to classify and regulate the amounts paid for individual salaries in the State institutions subject to the supervision of the Board. At the present time there is no system for a uniform classification of such salaries, and in frequent instances a great disproportion exists in the amounts paid for practically the same service. A bill designed to regulate this matter was introduced in the last Legislature and passed the Senate, but failed of passage in the Assembly. It provided that the State Comptroller, the representative of those who pay the taxes, and the President of the Board, representing the institutions, should, subject to the Governor's approval, regulate and classify the salaries paid in such institutions. We believe that beneficent results would have followed, had this bill become a law.

The following table shows the amounts appropriated for maintenance and for extraordinary expenses respectively, by the Legislature of 1898, to the various State charitable institutions subject to the Board's supervision, the amounts recommended by the Board for appropriations to such institutions by the present Legislature, and the pages of this report wherein the condition and needs of the institutions are specifically set forth:

NAME OF INSTITUTION	APPROPRIATIONS IN 1898.		RECOMMENDED FOR 1899.		Page.
	Maintenance.	Extraordinary expenses.	Maintenance.	Extraordinary expenses.	
State Industrial School, Rochester...	$190,000 00	$22,000 00	$170,000 00	$75,000	54–56
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson...	66,000 00	5,000 00	66,000 00	32,349	57–59
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	33,000 00	6,500 00	33,000 00	11,250	60–62
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford.....	None.	None.	30,000 00	54,800	62–64
Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York ..	165,000 00	31,250 00	150,000 00	5,500	65–68
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children ...	80,000 00	2,400 00	81,000 00	3,650	68–70
State Custod'l Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark ...	55,000 00	18,000 00	50,000 00	42,400	70–74
Rome State Custodial Asylum	62,000 00	74,112 61	*75,000 00	70,865	74–77
Craig Colony, Sonyea..	60,000 00	161,320 35	*90,000 00	100,000	77–81
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath.....	180,000 00	81,540 00	*190,000 00	50,900	81–84
The New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford.	15,000 00	31,443 42	*20,000 00	6,000	85–87
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois.....	20,000 00	28,700 00	22,000 00	52,700	87–90
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia.....	40,000 00	14,359 00	38,000 00	12,250	90–94
Totals.....	$966,000 00	$476,625 38	$1,015,000 00	$517,664	....

* Increased number of inmates.

CLASSIFIED EXPENDITURES OF THE STATE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR

	State Industrial School, Rochester.	House of Refuge for Women, Hudson.	Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion.
Average number of inmates	854	274	114
Total ordinary expenditures	$191,285 71	$71,284 01	$31,635 82
* Average annual cost of support	223 99	260 52	277 51
Average weekly cost of support	4 31	5 01	5 34
Expended for salaries of officers, wages and labor	77,256 65	30,468 94	14,308 15
Average annual per capita expenditure for salaries, wages and labor	90 46	111 20	125 51
Expended for provisions and supplies	36,538 82	12,520 43	5,643 78
Average annual per capita expenditure for provisions and supplies	42 78	45 70	49 51
Expended for clothing	12,845 79	3,301 58	1,143 17
Average annual per capita expenditure for clothing	15 04	12 05	10 03
Expended for fuel and lights	28,853 70	8,409 94	4,630 28
Average annual per capita expenditure for fuel and lights	33 79	30 66	40 62
Expended for medicines and medical supplies	962 38	452 95	215 18
Average annual per capita expenditure for medicines and medical supplies	1 13	1 65	1 89
Expended for furniture, beds and bedding	5,515 96	3,532 93	†844 25
Average annual per capita expenditure for furniture, beds and bedding	6 46	12 89	7 40
Expended for transportation and traveling expenses	2,491 56	3,588 36	412 16
Average annual per capita expenditure for transportation and traveling expenses	2 92	13 10	3 61
Expended for ordinary repairs	3,291 24	1,465 66	616 15
Average annual per capita expenditure for ordinary repairs	3 85	5 35	5 67
Expenses of trustees or managers	167 71	387 25	226 35
Average annual per capita expense of trustees or managers	20	1 41	2 07
All other ordinary expenses	23,361 88	7,264 97	3,556 37
Average annual per capita expenditure for all other ordinary expenses	27 36	26 51	31 20

* Computed upon the total ordinary expenditures as given in the several reports, without reference to "the value of home and farm products consumed." The average cost of support indicated in the text following is, in each instance, the amount specified in the report as filed.

† Household stores.

SUBJECT TO THE SUPERVISION OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898.

Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the city of New York, New York.	Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse.	State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark.	State Custodial Asylum, Rome.	Craig Colony, Sonyea.	New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath.	The New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford.	Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois.	New York State School for the Blind, Batavia.
735	511	392	339	252	1,271	49	109	113
$170,949 57	$94,766 47	$47,944 55	$63,469 65	$75,306 36	$198,392 41	$14,847 32	$20,301 01	$39,918 48
231 35	185 45	122 31	187 23	298 83	156 09	303 01	186 25	353 26
4 45	3 57	2 35	3 60	5 74	3 00	5 83	3 58	6 89
65,971 35	33,658 31	19,278 56	27,684 82	34,478 18	54,267 06	5,323 66	8,642 15	22,259 82
89 76	65 87	49 18	81 67	136 82	42 70	168 65	79 29	196 99
40,778 38	24,796 61	17,898 60	14,810 20	13,237 16	59,151 33	3,037 77	2,861 44	7,630 97
55 48	48 52	45 66	43 69	52 53	46 54	61 99	26 25	67 53
15,129 82	8,855 48	860 14	2,864 77	3,233 67	22,676 08	228 67	1,667 21	912 37
20 58	17 33	2 19	8 45	12 83	17 84	4 67	15 29	8 07
13,180 93	9,381 15	4,354 62	7,067 26	4,818 79	15,795 06	1,304 59	1,808 71	1,902 15
17 93	18 36	11 11	20 85	19 12	12 43	26 62	16 59	16 83
812 49	1,367 94	386 02	243 04	1,118 22	8,429 07	190 49	56 77	171 45
1 11	2 68	99	72	4 44	6 63	3 89	52	1 52
8,847 88	5,052 95	67 24	*2,391 78	2,087 05	5,098 13	*809 40	596 85	1,350 00
12 04	9 89	17	7 05	8 28	4 01	16 52	5 48	11 95
205 93	78 49	.....	.....	35 69	3,645 63	64 45	.....	269 43
28	15	.....	.....	14	2 87	1 31	.....	2 38
4,002 62	1,578 92	1,016 30	429 43	293 32	2,580 55	649 57	218 42	253 95
5 45	3 69	2 59	1 27	1 16	2 02	13 26	2 00	2 25
911 64	223 63	743 45	667 44	1,386 72	1,418 77	1,135 95	376 69	1,272 77
1 24	44	1 90	1 97	5 50	1 12	23 18	3 47	11 26
20,198 54	9,771 99	3,339 62	7,310 91	14,617 56	25,330 73	2,102 83	4,072 77	3,895 57
27 48	19 12	8 52	21 56	58 01	19 93	42 92	37 36	34 48

* And household stores.

STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, ROCHESTER, MONROE COUNTY.

[Established 1846.]

This institution has capacity for 900 inmates.

At the commencement of the fiscal year there were present 703 boys and 125 girls; total, 828. During the year 525 boys and 148 girls were received, and 499 boys and 120 girls discharged, leaving a population, September 30, 1898, of 729 boys and 153 girls; total, 882, or an increase of 54. The average number of inmates during the year was 854, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed, $4.40; excluding the value of home and farm products consumed, $4.29.

The receipts during the year were: From cash on hand at the beginning of the year, $4,075.11; from special appropriations, $5,446.22; from unexpended appropriations of former years, $5,241.94; from general appropriations, $190,000.00; and from other sources, $625.15; making the total receipts for the year, $205,388.42.

The ordinary expenditures were: For salaries of officers, $17,179.72; for wages and labor, $60,076.93; for provisions and supplies, $36,538.82; for clothing, $12,845.79; for fuel and lights, $28,853.70; for medicines and medical supplies, $962.38; for furniture, beds and bedding and household stores, $5,515.98; for transportation and traveling expenses, $2,491.56; for ordinary repairs, $3,291.24; for expenses of trustees or managers, $167.71, and for unclassified expenses, $23,361.88; total, $191,285.71.

The extraordinary expenses, including improvements and repairs, amounted to $13,965.65, making the aggregate of expenditures for the year, $205,251.36, and leaving, September 30, 1898, a cash balance of $137.06.

There was no outstanding indebtedness and the balance in cash was the only asset.

Of the ordinary expenditures during the year, 40.4 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 19.1 per cent. for provisions and supplies; 6.7 per cent. for clothing; 15.1 per cent. for fuel and light; .5 of 1 per cent. for medicines and medical supplies; 2.9 per cent. for furniture, beds and bedding and household stores; 1.3 per cent. for transportation and traveling expenses; 1.7 per cent. for ordinary repairs; .1 of 1 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers; and 12.2 per cent. for other ordinary expenses.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for maintenance, rewards to inmates, repairs and betterments of tools, equipment and furniture, for repairs to buildings, for tools to conduct the trade schools and common schools and for military system and photographing inmates, $190,000.

Chapter 606, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for remodeling the second division dormitory, $6,000; for a new stack for the boiler-room, $5,000; for resetting boilers, $5,000; for repairs to boiler-house, $1,000; for a cottage for the gardener, $1,000; for additional machinery for shoe shop and machine shop and tools for trade schools, $3,000; for rewards to inmates, $1,000. The special appropriations amounted to $22,000, and the total appropriation to $212,000.

This institution has continued, during the year just closed, upon lines followed during the past few years, no important changes being made in the buildings or in the general system of discipline and instruction. The recommendation of this Board, that the institution be removed to the country, has been adopted by the board of managers, in recognition of the fact that a large number of the boys are better adapted to agricultural pursuits than to technical occupation, and steps have been taken to institute training in agriculture through an effort to secure a large

for salaries, wages and labor; 17.5 per cent. for provisions and supplies; 4.6 per cent. for clothing; 11.8 per cent. for fuel and lights; 2.3 per cent. for medicines and medical supplies; 5 per cent. for furniture, beds and bedding; 5 per cent. for transportation and traveling expenses; 2.1 per cent. for ordinary repairs; .5 of 1 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers; and 10.2 per cent. for all other ordinary expenditures.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for the compensation of officers and employes, for the maintenance of the institution and for the transportation of those committed thereto, $66,000.

Chapter 607, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for repairs to cottages and hospital building, including steam-heating boilers therefor and all expenses of setting and connecting the same, and plumbing, and for repairing boiler-house and steam plant therein and connections with main building, $5,000, or so much thereof as necessary.

The special appropriation amounted to $5,000, and total appropriations amounted to $71,000.

No improvements of importance have been made in the grounds or buildings of this institution during the past year.

The desire of the present managers and superintendent to carry out the Board's recommendations with relation to the remodeling of the prison building by which its vindictive features will be replaced by more encouraging ones, is a gratifying sign of progress and promises to improve the reformatory record of the institution.

The managers ask for a considerable appropriation for new buildings as well as for changes in existing ones. In the importance of some of these betterments the Board concurs, but is obliged to defer approval of them as they will better follow the execution of changes more essential to successful administration.

The change of superintendents has in many respects been productive of beneficent results, there being noticeable evidence of improvement in administration and discipline.

Recommendations for changes in the prison building urged in the previous reports of the Board, are repeated, and their importance emphasized. This building should be completely reconstructed and the cellular system practically abolished, being succeeded by separate rooms, lighted and well ventilated, with not more than eight or ten light cells, in a remote part of the building, for the retirement of inmates when necessary.

The Board recommends the following appropriations or so much thereof as may be necessary, to this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for improvements to be subject to the Board's approval: For flooring in cottages, $500; repairing and renewing of plumbing in cottages, $2,500; alteration of prison building, removing cells and replacing them with rooms, with temporary provision for inmates, $14,000; bathing facilities and plumbing in prison building after alterations are complete, $1,500; coal shed and retaining wall at boiler house, $4,500; tile drain at boiler house to divert water course from foundations, $480; alterations in administration building, $800; surface drainage and repairs and additions to sewerage system, $3,000; improvements to grounds, $1,000; fencing yard behind prison, leveling and gravelling, $200; repairing steam pipes, $600; steam pump and pipe covering, $1,017; heater and connections, $923; reducing valves and covering pipes in boiler house, $829; general repairs, $500; maintenance, $66,000; making the special appropriations approved of, $32,349, and the total appropriation, $98,349.

WESTERN HOUSE OF REFUGE FOR WOMEN, ALBION, ORLEANS COUNTY.

[Established 1890.]

This institution has capacity for 150 inmates.

The number of inmates present October 1, 1897, was 117, and 58 were admitted during the year, making the total number under care, 175. During the year 55 have been paroled, thus leaving 120 present October 1, 1898. The average number present during the year was 114, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed, $5.32; excluding the value of home and farm products, $5.13.

The total receipts for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, were: From cash balance of the previous year, $15,716.19; from general appropriations, $30,000; from all other sources, including $1,167.99 for home products, $1,229.80; total, $46,945.99.

The ordinary expenditures during the year were: For salaries of officers, $9,697.71; for wages and labor, $4,610.44; for provisions, $5,643.78; for clothing, $1,143.17; for fuel and lights, $4,630.26; for medicines and medical supplies, $215.18; for household stores, $844.25; for transportation and traveling expenses, $412.16; for ordinary repairs, $646.15; for expenses of trustees or managers, $236.35; and for all other ordinary expenses, including $1,590.90 for shop, farm and garden supplies, $3,566.37; total $31,635.82.

The extraordinary expenditures for repairs and general equipment amounted to $2,288.35, making the total of ordinary and extraordinary expenditures for the year, $33,924.17 and leaving a cash balance of $13,021.82 at the close of the year.

There was no outstanding indebtedness and the only asset was the balance in cash.

Of the ordinary expenditures during the year, 45.2 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 17.8 per cent. for provisions; 3.6 per cent. for clothing; 14.6 per cent. for fuel and lights; .7 of 1 per cent. for medicines and medical supplies; 2.7 per cent. for household stores; 1.3 per cent. for transportation and traveling expenses; 2.1 per cent. for ordinary repairs; .8 of 1 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers, and 11.2 per cent. for all other ordinary expenses.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for the compensation of officers and employes, for the maintenance of the institution and for the transportation of those committed thereto, $33,000.

Chapter 606, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for raising roof of storehouse and making other necessary changes for use of an assembly room and other purposes, $3,000; for addition to the present power-house of an electric light plant and carpenter shop, $2,000; for equipment and extraordinary repairs, $1,000; and for re-covering steam pipes, $500, or so much thereof as necessary.

The special appropriations amounted to $6,500, and the total appropriations to $39,500.

Some changes of importance have been made in the buildings of this institution during the past year, and improvements are still in progress. The large brick store house has, through an extensive addition, been so transformed as to provide an assembly hall for religious and other exercises, and two school rooms for technical work and instruction. These additions were greatly needed and should facilitate the reformatory work of the institution. A shop for the carpenter has also been added to the institution.

The progress noted during the past two years has continued; order and neatness are found in every department of the insti-

tution, a condition of affairs largely due to the zeal of the superintendent in her work.

The hospital building still continues without patients, the health of the inmates of the institution being remarkably good.

A farm barn and stable, together with a small house for the coachman or driver employed by the institution, have long been a necessity, and the Board recommends their erection.

The Board recommends the following appropriations, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for buildings and improvements with their location, to be subject to the Board's approval: Farm and horse barn, $1,500; house for coachman, $800; pig pen, $350; chicken house, $200; fencing, clearing and improving land, $350; icehouse and cold storage system complete, $2,500; hospital equipment, $200; furniture and piano for assembly hall, $600; school desks and library books, $300; 500 feet of cement walk and relaying flagging, $300; heating, plumbing and ventilating assembly hall and school rooms, $1,500; extraordinary repairs and equipment, $1,000; removing bars and door hinges, $500; new doors, casings, frames and locks complete, $1,150; maintenance, $33,000; making the special appropriations approved of $11,250, and the total appropriations $44,250.

NEW YORK STATE REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN, BEDFORD, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

[Established 1892, but not yet opened.]

In its present condition this institution stands as an instance of indifference and neglect. In its last annual report the State Board of Charities earnestly recommended that arrangements for its opening be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible, both on account of the fact that the work already accomplished was deteriorating through neglect and also because the pressure upon exist-

ing institutions in the State, similar in character, was urgent; and the additional facilities, which the completion of this institution would secure, were very greatly needed.

During the year just closed some additions have been made, and progress towards completion accomplished, but by no means to the extent which should have been attained. The water supply has been provided for and advance made in the instalment of the heating plant. The wiring of the buildings for electric lighting has also been completed. Much work, however, yet remains unfinished.

No changes of importance in, or additions to, the buildings, have been made during the past year; no appropriation having been granted for this purpose by the last legislature.

The State Board of Charities again urges that sufficient appropriations be made to ensure the early completion and opening of this institution. It repeats the recommendation, made in its last annual report, that the law establishing this reformatory be so amended as to remove the limits of its admissions, as at present prescribed to New York and Westchester counties, and permit the managers of this and similar institutions to receive and transfer inmates in accordance with a classification based upon character and the nature of the offense committed, and not upon arbitrary territorial boundary lines. Another important change, in this direction, should be effected in a modification of the period of possible detention. At the present time this is five years. We believe this to be too long. Three years is a sufficient period to establish habits of self control and continuity of effort, in these cases. The period of five years is correspondingly discouraging. For these and other reasons, we favor the reduction of the period of detention to three years in these institutions.

Foremost among the changes recommended is the alteration of the prison building into a proper reception cottage. This will remove the tiers of cells, which now resemble those of a State or County prison, and remodel them into separate rooms. From this reception cottage the inmates can be transferred to the family cottages, as provided for by regulations to be adopted by the administration. A single tier of the present cells, in a remote portion of the building might be reserved for purposes of isolation of inmates, if required.

The Board recommends the following appropriations, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to this institution, the plans, specifications, and contracts for buildings and improvements, with their location, to be subject to the Board's approval: For gatekeeper's house, $1,000; grading roads and entrance, $2,500; ranges for kitchens, $1,000; apparatus for laundry, $1,000; mantels and grates, $400; window guards, $500; 150 iron bedsteads, $750; furnishings for 250 beds, $1,500; office and chapel furniture, $2,000; furnishings, window shades, carpets and rugs, $2,000; farm and other utensils, $2,500; two horses, wagons and harness, $750; completing water works, $2,000; completing steam conduit, $2,000; pumping machinery, $2,000; grading grounds of institution, $2,000; masonry wall for water supply, $4,500; removal of earth from water supply $3,000; surface drainage, $1,800; coaling facilities, $800; retaining wall and grading at boiler house, $800; altering prison building into cottage, taking out cells and erecting six light cells, $20,000; maintenance, $30,000; making the special appropriations approved of $54,800, and the total appropriation $84,800.

SOCIETY FOR THE REFORMATION OF JUVENILE DELINQUENTS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, COMMONLY CALLED "THE HOUSE OF REFUGE," RANDALL'S ISLAND, NEW YORK CITY.

[Established 1824.]

This institution has capacity for 1,000 inmates.

The number of inmates present October 1, 1897, was 752, and there were admitted during the year, 572, making the total number under care, 1,324. During the year 538 were discharged, leaving present October 1, 1898, 786, of whom 671 were boys and 115 girls. The average number present during the year was 735, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed, $4.70; excluding these, $4.43.

The receipts during the year ending September 30, 1898, were: From cash balance of the previous year, $3,942.79; from special appropriations, $15,019.37; from general appropriations, $164,166.50; from all other sources, including $3,693.10 from board of education, New York city, $4,050.39; total, $187,179.05.

The ordinary expenditures for the year were: For salaries of officers, $14,680.20; for wages and labor, $51,291.15; for provisions and supplies, $40,778.38; for clothing, $15,129.82; for fuel and lights, $13,180.93; for medicines and medical supplies, $812.49; for furniture, beds and bedding, $8,847.88; for transportation and traveling expenses, $205.93; for ordinary repairs, $4,003.62; for expenses of trustees or managers, $911.63; and for all other ordinary expenses, $20,198.54; total ordinary expenditures, $170,040.57. The extraordinary expenditures were $15,019.37 for buildings and improvements, making the aggregate expenditure for the year, $185,059.94. The cash balance at the close of the year, the only reported asset, was $2,119.11, and there was no outstanding indebtedness.

Of the ordinary expenditures during the year 38.8 per cent. was

for salaries, wages and labor; 24 per cent. was for provisions and supplies; 8.9 per cent. was for clothing; 7.8 per cent. was for fuel and light; .5 of 1 per cent. was for medicines and medical supplies; 5.2 per cent. was for furniture, beds and bedding; .1 of 1 per cent. was for transportation and traveling expenses; 2.4 per cent. was for ordinary repairs; .5 of 1 per cent. was for expenses of trustees or managers, and 11.8 per cent. was for all other ordinary expenses.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for maintenance, rewards to inmates, repairs and betterments of tools, equipment and furniture, repairs to buildings and for necessary tools for the trade schools and common schools, and military system and photographing of inmates, $165,000.

Chapter 606, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for electric light plant, including engine, dynamo and equipment to light the buildings and grounds, $18,000; for additional machinery and laundry work, $3,700; for school furniture to complete the refurnishing of the class rooms, $1,700; for the necessary equipment for instruction in bricklaying and masonry, $1,500; for steam pipes and radiators, $1,500; for two fire escapes from the chapel, with necessary alterations, $1,000; for additional fire hydrants and water mains for the extinguishment of fire, including the necessary labor connected therewith, $1,000; for repairing the private water main of the institution, $1,000; for new flooring for first and second division dining rooms, $750; for repairing dock, replanking the same and putting in drop bridge, with necessary gearing, to enable city fire engines to be landed in case of need, $600; for two new printing presses and type for the printing shop, $500.

The special appropriation amounted to $31,250, and the total appropriations to $196,250.

The physical condition of the inmates of this institution is now quite satisfactory, trachoma which was prevalent more than a year ago having almost entirely disappeared. Improvements in the plumbing and in the bathing facilities have been made during the past year, contributing materially to the health and comfort of the inmates.

The Board does not favor any material extension of the buildings of this institution on its present site, believing that it should be removed to a more suitable location in the country as soon as the necessary arrangements can be perfected.

In the opinion of the Board it would be an equitable arrangement for the city of New York which owns the land upon which the institution is located, subject to the latter's right of occupancy, to pay to the institution for the benefit of the State a suitable sum for the surrender of this right and for the buildings on the property, erected mainly by the State at a cost of $500,000; the moneys thus obtained to be used in purchasing property elsewhere and the erection of new buildings thereon for the use of the institution, which should then become a State institution in reality.

The Board also urges the desirability of separating the girls' department of the institution from that of the boys', by making it a distinct and separate institution, or by transferring the inmates to other institutions already in existence.

The technical and other educational departments of this institution have undergone no material change since the Board's last report to the Legislature.

The Board recommends the following appropriations or so much thereof as may be necessary, to this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for buildings, with their location, to be subject to the Board's approval: For manual training school, $3,000; new barn and piggery, $1,000; radiators, $1,500; main-

tenance, $150,000; making the special appropriations approved of $5,500, and the total appropriation $155,500.

SYRACUSE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN, SYRACUSE, ONONDAGA COUNTY.

[Established 1851.]

This institution has capacity for 545 inmates.

The number of inmates present October 1, 1897, was 512, and 21 were absent on vacation. There have been admitted during the year 59, making the total number under care, 592. During the year 45 were discharged, and 7 died, leaving 540 on the rolls of the institution October 1, 1898, of whom 31 were absent on vacation. The average number present during the year was 511, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed was $3.97; excluding the value of home and farm products consumed, $3.55.

The receipts during the year ending September 30, 1898, were: From cash balance at the close of the previous year, $2,155.76; from special appropriation, $8,811.38; from general appropriation, $79,100; from sale of farm and garden produce, $495.00; from labor of inmates, $62.65; from counties, cities and towns, $9,941; from individuals for the support of inmates, $2,703.49; and from sources not classified, $111; total, $103,380.28.

The total expenditures during the year for current expenses, were: For salaries of officers and teachers, $12,660.12; for wages and labor, $20,998.19; for provisions and supplies, $24,796.61; for clothing, $8,855.48; for fuel and lights, $9,381.15; for medicines and medical supplies, $1,367.94; for furniture, beds and bedding and household supplies, $5,053.95; for transportation and traveling expenses, $78.49; for ordinary repairs, $1,578.92; for expenses of trustees and managers, $223.63; for all other expenses, $9,771.99; total, $94,766.47. There was also expended for extraor-

dinary repairs, $8,811.38; making the total expenditures for the year, $103,577.85. The indebtedness of the institution was $197.57, for money borrowed, and the assets $1,117, due from counties, towns and cities; $1,082.50 from individuals; $6.95 due from sale of manufactures; $50 from sale of products of farm; a total of $2,256.45.

Of the ordinary expenditures during the year 35.5 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 26.2 per cent. for provisions and supplies; 9.4 per cent. for clothing; 9.9 per cent. for fuel and lights; 1.4 per cent. for medicines and medical attendance; 5.3 per cent. for furniture, beds and bedding and household supplies; 1.7 per cent. for ordinary repairs; .2 of 1 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers and 10.4 per cent. for all other ordinary expenses, including very small expenditure for transportation and traveling expenses.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for maintenance and ordinary repairs, $80,000.

Chapter 606, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for excavation for and the construction of an underground tunnel or conduit for the steam and other pipes between the boys' building and the stable, $1,400; for new floors and steel ceilings in various parts of the building, $1,000, or so much thereof as necessary; said sums to be paid from the unexpended balance, October 1, 1897, of the appropriation of $81,000 made by chapter 948, Laws of 1896, for the maintenance and ordinary repairs to said institution.

The special appropriations amounted to $2,400, and the total appropriations to $82,400.

There have been no important changes in or additions to this institution during the past year, and the school continues to maintain its excellent standing. A considerable number of unteachable inmates should be removed as soon as possible to the asylum

at Newark and Rome, they being retained for want of accommodations in these institutions. When this is accomplished it will be possible to receive other teachable feeble-minded children for whom this school is primarily designed.

In connection with the school is a farm house where about 15 of the larger boys reside. This building was moved to its present site about 35 years ago and has for 34 years been continuously occupied. The building has no cellar, and the sills are in such a state of decay that they must soon be replaced, rendering excavation necessary. The house has been heated by stoves and lacks plumbing facilities. The Board believes that as repairs are now necessary, the house should be refitted and such modern improvements made as will more satisfactorily adapt it to its purposes, and accordingly will recommend an appropriation for this purpose.

The Board does not recommend an appropriation of $5,000 asked for by the managers for the erection of a house for the steward, believing that this would establish an undesirable precedent.

The Board recommends the following appropriations, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for the improvements to be subject to the Board's approval: For repairs and improvements to farm house, $2,500; conduit for steam and other pipes with necessary alterations and changes, $1,150; maintenance, $81,000; making the special appropriations approved of, $3,650, and the total appropriation, $84,650.

STATE CUSTODIAL ASYLUM FOR FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN, NEWARK, WAYNE COUNTY.

[Established 1878.]

The asylum has capacity for 400 inmates.

The number of inmates present October 1, 1897, was 391, and 44 were admitted during the year, making the total number under

care, 435. During the year 24 were discharged and 5 died, leaving the number present October 1, 1898, 406. The average number present during the year was 392, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed, $2.46; excluding the value of home and farm products consumed, $2.34.

The receipts during the year ending September 30, 1898, were: From cash balance at the close of the previous year, $438.73; from special appropriations and check refunded, $5,995.13; from general appropriations, $49,000; from all other sources, $60.25; total, $55,494.11.

The ordinary expenditures for the year were: For salaries of officers, $6,933.36; for wages and labor, $12,345.20; for provisions and supplies, $17,898.60; clothing, $860.14; fuel and lights, $4,354.62; medicines and medical supplies, $386.02; furniture, beds and bedding, $67.24; ordinary repairs, $1,016.30; for expenses of trustees or managers, $743.45; and for all other ordinary expenditures, $3,339.62; total ordinary expenditures, $47,944.55. The extraordinary expenditures are reported as $6,405.80, of which $4,545.95 was for buildings and improvements and $1,859.85 for extraordinary repairs, making the total of ordinary and extraordinary expenditures for the year, $54,350.35; and leaving the balance in cash at the close of the present fiscal year, $1,143.76. There was no outstanding indebtedness, and the only asset was the cash balance.

Of the ordinary expenditures during the year, 40.2 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 37.3 per cent. was for provisions and supplies; 1.8 per cent. was for clothing; 9.1 per cent. was for fuel and lights; .8 of 1 per cent. was for medicines and medical supplies; .1 of 1 per cent. for furniture, beds and bed-

ding; 2.1 per cent. for ordinary repairs; 1.6 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers; and 7 per cent. for all other ordinary expenditures.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for the service of the attendants, for other necessary expenses, and the ordinary repairs of the asylum, $50,000.

Chapter 606, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for the purpose of building a cottage dormitory similar to the "D" building now in use, and furnishing, heating, lighting and equipping the same for the accommodation of not less than fifty inmates, $18,000, or so much thereof as necessary. For maintenance, $5,000, or so much thereof as necessary.

The special appropriations amounted to $23,000, and the total appropriations to $73,000.

This institution is in urgent need of enlargement in a careful and business-like manner. It occupies a beautiful site on the outskirts of the village of Newark, but its managers have not hitherto carefully planned for its extension on definite lines. The Board has requested them to do so and hopes soon to have a carefully outlined plan for the institution's future development, which should be followed in extending it.

The sewerage system of the institution is crude and inadequate, and has been complained of by the local board of health. This condition of affairs the managers have been requested to remedy, and steps have been taken in compliance.

The proposed new dormitory building for which an appropriation was made by the Legislature of 1898, has not been built, owing to the failure of the managers to agree among themselves, or with this Board, as to a suitable location for the building, but it is hoped that the completion and adoption of the general plan referred to, will prevent similar delays in the future.

This asylum should in the opinion of this Board, eventually make provision for a thousand inmates, and the earlier the State can provide for them the better.

In view of the fact that the dormitory building for which appropriation was made by the last Legislature, is not yet under construction, the Board does not accede to the managers' request to recommend an appropriation for another such building, but, in the interest of economy, recommends the amounts necessary for the extension of the lighting, heating and water facilities of the institution so that it may eventually provide for a greatly increased number of inmates, without the necessity of making costly changes in these facilities with the erection of every new building.

To the superintendent and the matron of this institution much credit is due for the excellent condition in which the buildings and grounds are maintained and for the good care taken of the unfortunate inmates.

Many feeble-minded women of child-bearing age are still to be found in the almshouses of the State, where they are practically unprotected, and the Board hopes that at no very distant day they will all be able to find shelter within the walls of this beneficent asylum.

The Board recommends the following appropriations, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for buildings and improvements with their location to be subject to the Board's approval: For boilers, engines, dynamos and other electrical apparatus, $12,000; water system, $8,000; conduits, $12,500; piping for the same for steam, water and lights, $3,000; land for track, $200; track to coal shed, $2,500; wiring buildings for electric light, $1,200; ex-

traordinary repairs, grading and improving grounds and walks, $3,000; maintenance, $50,000; making the special appropriations approved of, $42,400, and the total appropriation, $92,400.

THE ROME STATE CUSTODIAL ASYLUM, ROME, ONEIDA COUNTY.

[Established 1893.]

The asylum has capacity for 350 inmates.

The number of inmates present October 1, 1897, was 341, and 35 were admitted during the year, making the total number under care, 376. Of these, 31 died and 3 were discharged, thus leaving 342 present October 1, 1898, of whom 215 were males and 127 females. The average number present during the year was 339, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed, $3.78; excluding the value of home and farm products consumed, $3.50.

The receipts during the year were: From cash balance of the previous year, $5,921.38; from the State, $144,916.25, of which $86,916.25 was from special, and $58,000 from the general appropriations, and $2,857.39 from other sources, including $1,853.28 from sales of farm and garden produce, and $618.80 from individuals for the support of inmates, making a total of $153,695.02.

The ordinary expenditures were: For salaries of officers, $7,849.92; for wages and labor, $19,834.90; for provisions and supplies, $14,810.20; for clothing, $2,864.77; for fuel and lights, $7,067.26; for medicines and medical supplies, $243.04; for household stores, $2,391.78; for ordinary repairs, $429.43; for expenses of trustees or managers, $667.44; and for all other ordinary expenses, $7,310.91, which sum included $4,907.48 for shop, farm and garden supplies; total, $63,469.65. The total extraor-

dinary expenditures were $88,380.64, of which $87,036.02 was for buildings and improvements and $1,344.62 for extraordinary repairs, making the total expenditures for the year $151,850.29, and leaving a cash balance of $1,844.73, September 30, 1898. There was no outstanding indebtedness and the balance in cash was the only asset.

Of the ordinary expenditures, 43.6 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 23.3 per cent. for provisions and supplies; 4.5 per cent. for clothing; 11.1 per cent. for fuel and lights; .4 of 1 per cent. for medicines and medical supplies; 3.8 per cent. for household stores; .7 of 1 per cent. for ordinary repairs; 1.1 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers; and 11.5 per cent. for all other ordinary expenses.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for the support and maintenance of the inmates, for the services of attendants and for other necessary expenses and the ordinary repairs of the asylum, $62,000.

Chapter 607, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for painting, repairs and betterments to present buildings, $5,000.

Chapter 426, Laws of 1898 (special act), appropriated for one brick building for the accommodation of one hundred inmates and employes, $35,000; for electric lighting, plumbing, heating and completion of administration building, $7,000; for plumbing, lighting and completing kitchen building, $8,000; for furnishings and furniture, $1,500; for fire apparatus, $500; for fire escapes, $500; for completing boiler-house, chimney and conduits, $3,162.61; for grading grounds and laying walks, $1,000; for water supply, for fire and domestic purposes, $11,850; for telephone exchange, $300; and for coal sheds, $300.

The special appropriations amounted to $74,112.61, and the total appropriations to $136,112.61.

During the past year the dining-room and kitchen building of this institution has been completed, and the administration building and a new dormitory building are in course of construction, substantial progress having been made with both of them.

The board of managers of the asylum has asked this Board to approve of appropriations aggregating many thousands of dollars to be used in completing work for which money was appropriated by the last session of the Legislature with like object, but this Board is not willing to recommend these sums for the reason that the work should have been completed from the appropriations previously obtained or should not have been undertaken by the managers.

The Board calls attention to the fact that the buildings now in the State for the use of this class of unfortunates are wholly inadequate to furnish the accommodations required.

There are many inmates of this class in the several almshouses of the State, and, doubtless, many more are living in dependent families. It cannot be too frequently pointed out that they constitute a danger to society and ample provision should be made for their custodial care.

The Board recommends that additional attendants be employed at this asylum, sufficient to allow one attendant to every ten inmates. This will permit out-of-door exercise by the inmates and in other ways improve the condition of the institution.

The Board recommends the following appropriation, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for buildings and improvements, with their location, to be subject to the Board's approval:

For one dormitory building to house 105 inmates, $26,000; for completing connecting corridor, electric wiring and cable, $100; electric fixtures, $35; warming and ventilating, $765; completing dormitory building, electric-wiring and cable, $1,400; electric fixtures, $165; warming and ventilating, $6,200; plumbing and drainage, $7,000; one 125 horsepower boiler with fittings, foundation and connections, $3,000; covering steam pipes, hot water pipes, hot water generators and steam tank, $1,500; furniture, $3,000; farm stock and utensils, $1,500; grading and improving grounds, $2,500; fencing, $2,000; filter and extending water system, $4,000; machinery, $1,000; fire alarm system and extending telephone system, $700; railroad switch, $10,000; maintenance, $75,000; making the special appropriations approved of, $70,865, and the total appropriation, $145,865.

CRAIG COLONY, SONYEA, LIVINGSTON COUNTY.

[Established 1894.]

The colony has, at present, capacity for 344 inmates. The number of inmates present October 1, 1897, was 214, and 157 were admitted during the year, making the total number under care, 371. Of these, 35 were discharged and 14 died, thus leaving 322, present October 1, 1898, of whom 155 were men and boys, and 167 women and girls. The average number present during the year was 252, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home products consumed, $6.70, excluding the value of home and farm products consumed, $5.02.

The total receipts during the year ending September 30, 1898, were: From cash balance at the close of the previous year, $9,790.28; from special appropriation, $149,454.79; from general appropriation, $65,000; from the sale of farm and garden

produce, $7,523.82; from all other sources, $2,684.22; total, $234,453.11.

The total expenditures were: For salaries of officers, $8,624.96; for wages and labor, $25,853.22; for provisions and supplies, $13,237.16; for clothing, $3,233.67; for fuel and lights, $4,818.79; for medicines and medical supplies, $1,118.22; for furniture, beds and bedding and household stores, $2,087.05; for transportation and traveling expenses of inmates, $35.69; for ordinary repairs, $293.32; for expenses of trustees or managers, $1,386.72; for all other ordinary expenditures, including $12,422.10 for shop, farm and garden supplies, $14,617.56; total, $75,306.36. The extraordinary expenses were: For buildings and improvements, $140,-123.42; for extraordinary repairs, $15,031.49, and for all other extraordinary expenses, $3,446.96; total, $158,601.87; making the aggregate expenditure for the year, $233,908.23. The cash balance at the close of the fiscal year was $544.88; there was due from counties, towns and cities, $2,334.65, and from the State, $177,986.67.

Of the ordinary expenditures, 45.8 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 17.6 per cent. for provisions and supplies; 4.3 per cent. for clothing; 6.4 per cent. for fuel and lights; 1.5 per cent. for medicines and medical supplies; 2.7 per cent. for furniture, beds, bedding and household stores; .4 of 1 per cent. for ordinary repairs; 1.8 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers; and 19.4 per cent. for all other ordinary expenses.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for the salary of officers and employes, for the maintenance of the institution, and for ordinary repairs, $60,000.

Chapter 607, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for F. L. and J. E. Olmsted for balance due on contract for professional

services, $320.35; for mortuary building, including laboratory, $3,000.

Chapter 196, Laws of 1898 (special act), appropriated for dormitory buildings, including heating and plumbing, $100,000; for furnishing new buildings, $15,000; for water and sewer connections for new buildings, $5,000; for constructing and equipping a new laundry building, $8,000; for extensions and improvement to electric light plant, including additional dynamo, $4,000; for two undergrade crossings on the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railroad, $5,000; for roadways and grading grounds, $5,000; for farm stock and implements, $2,000; for superintendent's residence, $7,500; for apparatus and furnishing for mortuary and laboratory, $1,500; for general repairs and improvements, $5,000.

The special appropriations amounted to $161,320.35, and the total appropriations to $221,320.35.

Preparations to receive at Craig Colony the epileptic wards of the State, still in county almshouses or elsewhere, have been continued during the past year. The greatest embarrassment under which the managers have labored has arisen from a lack of dormitory accommodations. A census shows that over five hundred, still remain to be provided for. The appropriation made by the last Legislature was sufficient to allow the reception of about two hundred and fifty of these, leaving about three hundred yet under county care.

The character of the patients admitted during the past year has been such as to prove as little embarrassing to development as possible, few of the absolutely helpless class having been taken. The managers early concluded that, considering the limited number of admissions now possible, they should accept such

cases only as promised to be most benefited by Colony treatment, and this decision has proved a wise one.

The benefits of colony life for epileptics, demonstrated by this institution, fully meet the anticipations of those interested in developing it. Aside from the personal benefit to individual patients, a large amount of valuable information is being accumulated by scientific observations, which will prove of far-reaching benefit to those afflicted with epilepsy. The means for extending the scientific study of this disease at the Colony should be provided by the State.

The results of treatment of the patients at the Colony amply justify the position of its medical officers, that while diet, exercise and medical treatment yield gratifying results, in many cases, these must be supplemented by properly directed means of intellectual development and material progress is being made in this direction.

The great need of the Colony at present is dormitory accommodation for patients. The sewer and water systems, lighting and other facilities are mainly established and are sufficient, with some minor additions, for the maintenance of all the dependent epileptics of the State. Proper development of the agricultural resources of the Colony should materially reduce the cost of its maintenance by the State. The Colony has passed the experimental stage and has become one of the most important institutions of its kind in the United States. It is not expected, however, that this great work can be rapidly pushed to completion. Many perplexing problems remain unsolved together with difficulties to be overcome. Careful methods and a rational economy in every department are necessary.

The Board recommends the following appropriations, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for buildings and improvements, with their location, to be subject to the Board's approval: For dormitories to house 250 inmates, $65,000; furnishing, $5,000; sewerage and water extension, $7,300; cold storage, bakery and warehouse, $6,400; addition to industrial building and machinery, $4,000; extension to boiler-house and boilers, $4,500; general improvements, including frame dairy building, cattle sheds, piling Kishaqua Creek, and purchase of Dansville and Mt. Morris railroad switchbed, $5,300; grading walks and planting trees, $2,500; maintenance, $90,000, making the special appropriations approved of, $100,000, and the total appropriation, $190,000.

NEW YORK STATE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS' HOME, BATH, STEUBEN COUNTY.

[Established 1878.]

This institution has capacity for 1,200 inmates. The number of inmates October 1, 1897, was 1,340, exclusive of 448 enrolled but absent; the admissions during the year were 992; total for the year, 2,780. There were 1,329 discharged and dropped out during the year, 97 died and 67 were absent, thus leaving at the close of the year 1,287 actually in the institution.

The average number present during the year was 1,271, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed, $2.98; excluding the value of home and farm products consumed, $2.89.

The total receipts of the institution for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, were $293,113.19, as follows: Cash balance of

The Board believes that neglect to make these repairs will accumulate expense for the State which should be avoided by a reasonable appropriation for repairs at this time. The stairways need renewal, floors should be relaid and the lavatories enlarged, renovated and supplied with modern appliances.

The drug department of the institution is too expensive, and shows a much larger per capita expenditure than any other institution reporting to the Board. It should be in charge of a competent and trustworthy pharmacist.

This Board heartily approves of the appointment made by the trustees of a resident chaplain at the institution, believing that the presence of such an officer should have a salutary effect upon the men. The custom has been to pay five of the clergymen of Bath three hundred dollars a year each for conducting religious services in turn at the home. This new plan seems to be in every way preferable.

The Board recommends the following appropriation, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for buildings and improvements, with their location, to be subject to the Board's approval:

For stock of clothing to be kept on hand, $2,500; assembly hall, $25,000; inspector's house, $1,500; stable for inspector, $400; repairs to greenhouse, $1,000; extraordinary repairs and improvements, $15,000; place of restraint, $3,000; grading and filling in front of new barrack, $1,000; grading and filling near bridge, $800; vegetable cellar, $700; maintenance, $190,000; making the special appropriations approved of, $50,900, and the total appropriation, $240,900.

NEW YORK STATE WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS HOME, OXFORD, CHENANGO COUNTY.

[Established 1894.]

The Home has capacity for 50 inmates.

The number of inmates present October 1, 1897, was 46, and 27 were admitted during the year, making the total number under care, 73. During the year 4 died and 23 were discharged, leaving 46 present October 1, 1898.

The average number for the time was 49, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed, $4.92; excluding the value of home and farm products consumed, $4.56.

The receipts for the year ending September 30, 1897, were: From cash on hand at the beginning of the year, $903.66; from special appropriations, $2,029.37; from deficiency appropriations, $1,433.42; from unexpended appropriations of former years, $896.15; from general appropriations, $14,000.

From the Woman's Relief Corps, the receipts were $448.95; from loans, $1,500, and from other sources, $46.14; making a total of $21,257.69.

The ordinary expenditures were: For salaries of officers, $1,614; for wages and labor, $3,709.60; for provisions, $3,037.77; for clothing, $228.67; for fuel and lights, $1,304.59; for hospital and medical supplies, $190.49; for furniture and household stores, $809.40; for ordinary repairs, $649.57; for expenses of managers, $1,135.95; for transportation of inmates, $64.45; and for all other ordinary expenses, including $970.69 for shop, farm and garden supplies, $2,102.83; total, $14,847.32.

The extraordinary expenditures are reported as $5,858.94 for buildings and improvements, making the total ordinary and ex-

traordinary expenditures for the year, $20,706.26; and leaving $551.43 as balance in cash at the close of the fiscal year.

The outstanding indebtedness was $1,500 for money borrowed, and the only asset was the balance in cash.

Of the ordinary expenditures, 36.4 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor, 20.7 per cent. for provisions, 1.6 per cent. for clothing, 8.9 per cent. for fuel and lights, 1.3 per cent. for hospital and medical supplies, 4.1 per cent for household stores, 4.4 per cent. for ordinary repairs, 7.8 per cent. for expenses of managers, .4 of 1 per cent. for transportation of inmates, and 14.4 per cent. for all other ordinary expenses.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for maintenance and repairs, pursuant to chapter 468, Laws of 1894, $15,000.

Chapter 606, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for changing dining-room and kitchen to new building, $1,500; for equipment of new dormitory, $2,000; for grading grounds, constructing walks and planting fruit trees, $2,000; for bill of Casey and Chambers, for plumbing, $1,443.42.

Chapter 222, Laws of 1898 (special act), appropriated for the purpose of building a new dormitory, a laundry building with equipment, and a barn and the necessary out-buildings upon the grounds, $24,500.

The special appropriations amounted to $31,443.42, and the total appropriations to $46,443.42.

This home was not established upon the recommendation of this Board, which reported it unnecessary, and the Board will be conservative in recommending any extension of its accommodations.

The barn provided for by the last Legislature, has been completed and some grading of the grounds has been done. Plans

prepared by the State architect for the new dormitory building have been approved by this Board, and the Board is informed that plans have also been prepared for the new laundry building. Both of these buildings should have been completed during 1898, but at the close of the year little work has been done.

Under these circumstances, it does not seem to this Board advisable to recommend at this time any appropriation for further construction.

The Board recommends the following appropriations, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to this institution: For connecting passageway, $5,000; farm implements, farm stock and fruit planting, $1,000; maintenance, $20,000, making the special appropriation approved of $6,000, and the total appropriation, $26,000.

THOMAS ASYLUM FOR ORPHAN AND DESTITUTE INDIAN CHILDREN, IROQUOIS, ERIE COUNTY.

[Established 1878.]

The Asylum has capacity for 100 inmates.

The number of inmates present October 1, 1897, was 106. During the year 32 were received and 22 discharged and transferred to other schools, leaving a population of 116, September 30, 1898, of whom 48 were boys and 68, girls.

The average number during the year was 109, and the average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed, $3.95; excluding these, $3.58.

The total receipts during the year were $37,073.16, of which $2,118.17 was the cash balance at the beginning of the year; $14,685.53 from special appropriations; $20,000 from general appropriations, and $269.46 from other sources.

The total expenditures were $36,713.89, of which $16,412.88 was for buildings and improvements. The ordinary expenditures were

as follows: For salaries of officers, $2,616.62; for wages and labor $6,025.53; for provisions and supplies, $2,861.44; for clothing, $1,667.21; for fuel and lights, $1,808.71; for medicines and medical supplies, $56.77; for furniture, beds and bedding, $596.85; for ordinary repairs, $218.42; for expenses of trustees or managers, $376.69; for all other ordinary expenses, inclusive of $2,555.20 for shop, farm and garden supplies, $4,072.77. The cash balance at the close of the year was $359.27, and there was no outstanding indebtedness.

Of the ordinary expenditures, 42.6 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 14.1 per cent. for provisions and supplies; 8.2 per cent. for clothing; 8.9 per cent. for fuel and lights; .3 of 1 per cent. for medicines and medical supplies; 2.9 per cent. for furniture, beds and bedding; 1.1 per cent. for ordinary repairs; 1.8 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers, and 20.1 per cent. for all other ordinary expenses.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for maintenance, salaries of officers and teachers, and ordinary repairs, $20,000.

Chapter 606, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for furnishing new administration building, $2,000; and for finishing cow barn, $700.

Chapter 235, Laws of 1898 (special act), appropriated for cellar and two-story brick building, to contain kitchen, dining hall for one hundred and fifty inmates, and an assembly hall or chapel, $20,000; equipment, $1,500; for grading and incidental expenses in connection with the re-arrangement of the grounds and buildings, $2,000; musical instruments, $500; for children transferred to other institutions, pursuant to chapter 242, Laws of 1896, $2,000.

The special appropriations amounted to $28,700, and the total appropriations to $48,700.

This asylum is situated on the Cattaraugus Indian reservation in the extreme western part of the State. The title to the property upon which it is located is in the Indian trustees of the institution and their successors, to be held in trust for the purposes of the institution, which are the moral, intellectual, social and physical training and education of orphan and destitute Indian children. There is no other institution in the State with like purposes.

The State should, under these circumstances, fully appreciate its responsibility to these children, and provide adequate means for the support of the asylum.

During the past year the new administration building has been completed and is ready for occupancy. This building cost $25,000, and it is in every way satisfactory, being of substantial construction, artistic design and well adapted to its purposes.

The new dining-room building is in course of construction, the foundations having been laid, but work on the superstructure has necessarily been postponed until spring. This building will cost about $20,000, which sum was appropriated by the Legislature of 1898, and it will in all probability be completed this year. Besides the dining-room, there will be in this building a kitchen, a library, and an assembly hall to be used for religious services and other gatherings of the inmates.

A large new barn has been built within the past year at a cost of $1,700; also a new milk and ice house, while various other important improvements have been added.

The dormitories of the asylum are not only overcrowded but they are old, partly decayed wooden buildings, unhealthy, unsafe in case of fire, and of unsightly appearance. The school building

is in like condition, and is small and inconvenient. A present urgent need of the asylum is for new dormitory buildings and a new school building.

The Board accordingly recommends the erection of two new brick dormitory buildings, each two stories high, for the girls, each building to house forty inmates and two attendants, with a small sitting room on each floor and a play room in the basement. Also the erection of a brick school building, with assembly and recitation rooms to accomodate 120 pupils. These buildings to be at least eighty feet apart and to be connected by covered passage ways. The land in the vicinity of the asylum abounds in natural gas wells of considerable importance and value, and the Board recommends that gas be drilled for on the institution premises with the expectation of obtaining a sufficient supply for its purposes.

The Board recommends the following appropriations, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for buildings and improvements, with their location, to be subject to the Board's approval; two dormitory buildings having capacity for 40 inmates each, $22,000; school building, $14,000; passage ways connecting the various buildings, $5,000; architect's fees, $2,500; furnishing, $2,500; grading, $1,000; completing dining-room building, $3,000; new boiler, $700; drilling and equipping gas well, $2,000; maintenance, $22,000; making the special appropriations approved of $52,700, and the total appropriation, 74,700.

NEW YORK STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, BATAVIA, GENESEE COUNTY.

[Established 1865.]

This school has capacity for 120 pupils. The number of pupils October 1, 1898, was 120. The average number during the year was 113, and the average weekly cost of support, $6.80.

The receipts of this institution for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, were as follows: Cash balance from the preceding year, $2,013.95; received from the State, special appropriations, $11,972.44; general appropriation, $38,500.00; from all other sources, $2,067.58; total, $54.553.97. The ordinary expenditures were: For salaries of officers, $2,100; for wages and labor, $20,159.82; for provisions and supplies, $7,630.97; for clothing, $912.37; for fuel and lights, $1,902.15; for medicines and medical supplies, $171.45; for furniture, beds and bedding, $1,350.00; for transportation and traveling expenses, $269.43; for ordinary repairs, $253.95; for expenses of trustees or managers, $1,272.77, and for all other ordinary expenses, $3,895.57; total, $39,918.48.

The total extraordinary expenditures were $12,291.93, of which $9,480.98 was for buildings and improvements and extraordinary repairs, and $2,810.95 for all other extraordinary expenses. The assets September 30, 1898, were: The balance in cash, $2,343.56, and $1,633.55 due from counties, towns and cities; and there was no outstanding indebtedness.

Of the ordinary expenditures during the year, 55.8 per cent. was for salaries, wages and labor; 19.1 per cent. for provisions and supplies; 2.3 per cent. for clothing; 4.8 per cent. for fuel and lights; .4 of 1 per cent. for medicines; 3.4 per cent. for furniture, beds and bedding; .7 of 1 per cent. for transportation and traveling expenses; .6 of 1 per cent. for ordinary repairs; 3.2 per cent. for expenses of trustees or managers, and 9.7 per cent. for all other expenses.

Chapter 593, Laws of 1898 (Appropriation bill), appropriated for the maintenance and instruction of the inmates, and for ordinary repairs of buildings, $40,000.

Chapter 606, Laws of 1898 (Supply bill), appropriated for the erection and equipment, complete, of a gymnasium, $10,000; for the construction of a corridor on the east side of the main building for a place of exercise and recreation for the girls and young children during the inclement weather in winter, $2,000; for a program clock set up, complete, with wiring and eight gongs, stationed in various parts of the building, and two outside, $260; for a pneumatic watchman check system of eight stations, $100; for a new carriage and harness, $300; for the purchase of new pianos, $1,000; for putting in an elevator, and putting in partitions on the second floor and painting the walls, $449; for repairs to pavement, $250.

The special appropriations amounted to $14,359, and the total appropriations to $54,359.

This is the only school for the blind owned by the State. It occupies a beautiful site of 65 acres in the village of Batavia, a large part of the grounds being maintained as a city park. The scholars, owing to their blindness, can make use of but a small portion of these grounds, or of the one or two miles of Macadam roads which traverse them. The grounds are used as a public park by the people of Batavia and the roads as public highways, the school authorities keeping them in order out of State moneys provided for the maintenance of the institution. In the opinion of the Board this is a wrong condition of affairs and should be remedied by the trustees.

Such portions of the land as are not required for the purposes of the institution should be sold by the State and the money turned into the treasury. The remaining property should then be enclosed with a fence so as to insure privacy and freedom from annoyance to the scholars.

During the past year the industrial building has been completed and is now in use. The ground floor is devoted to instruction in piano tuning, while broom making is taught on the upper floor. The interior walls of this floor are not plastered and should be sheathed with wood.

The gymnasium, erected by the appropriation granted by the Legislature of 1898, is in course of construction, and when completed will furnish the scholars needed opportunities for physical development which should contribute to their health and happiness. Architecturally considered, this structure resembles a barn, and its exterior presents a marked contrast to the other buildings, being of a brilliant yellow while they are of red brick. It is discreditable to those under whose authority it was constructed. As the plans were never presented to this Board it cannot be held responsible for this incongruous structure.

One of the piazzas of the main building has recently been widened and enclosed with glass, making a pleasant sun room in which the younger pupils can play in bad weather.

Forty of the pupils are instructed in typewriting, which has proved to be of much value to them. The school has eight machines, but this is an insufficient number and more can be used to good advantage.

The school is now filled to its utmost capacity, and there remain on file about thirty applications for admittance which should receive favorable consideration, making necessary the erection of an additional dormitory. The building for this purpose should be a homelike structure built to accommodate thirty pupils and two attendants, and should not be more than two stories in height.

Gas for lighting purposes is supplied by a local company at an expense of $1,000 a year, and the managers should seriously con

sider whether it will not be more economical to introduce an electric plant to furnish light for the institution.

The Board does not approve of the request of the trustees for the sum of $2,000 for heating and lighting the gymnasium building, nor for $1,000 for furniture, equipment and apparatus, as chapter 696 of the Laws of 1898, appropriating $10,000 for the erection of the building, provided that it should be completed and equipped for this amount, and this was the understanding at the time the money was granted. Neither does the Board approve of the erection of an administration building for the institution, considering it unnecessary.

The system of appropriating for some other purpose the unexpended balances of former appropriations is not a good one, as such moneys should lapse into the State treasury, hence the Board recommends new appropriations for the amounts considered necessary, rather than the re-appropriations requested by the trustees.

The Board recommends the following appropriations, or so much thereof as may be necessary to this institution, the plans, specifications and contracts for buildings and improvements, with their location, to be subject to the Board's approval; cottage building to hold 30 pupils and two attendants, $10,000; repairs to pianos, $100; stone or cement walks, $1,000; typewriting machines, $200; general repairs and painting, $500; furniture for dormitories, $200; library and apparatus, $250; maintenance, $38,000; making the special appropriations approved of, $12,250, and the total appropriation, $50,250.

THE DEAF.

The following table gives the name and location of each institution in the State which is authorized by law to maintain

and educate deaf pupils at public expense, and also gives the number and sex of the pupils in attendance at the time of the Board's annual inspection. All of the schools named received both State and county pupils:

INSTITUTIONS.	Male.	Female.	Total.
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, One Hundred and Sixty-second street, New York	264	139	403
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	71	71	142
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Lexington avenue, New York	103	91	194
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes:			
Fordham Branch	.....	96	96
Brooklyn Branch	.....	72	72
Westchester Branch	189	.....	189
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	70	63	133
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	81	94	175
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	46	33	79
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf, Albany	11	7	18
Total	835	666	1,501

On account of financial reasons the Brooklyn branch of the St. Joseph's Institute was discontinued just before the close of the fiscal year. The above statistics show an increase of thirty-four over the total number of pupils in school in the fall of 1897. This increase is accounted for as follows:

	Increase.	Decrease.
One Hundred and Sixty-second street, New York	13	.....
Le Couteulx St. Mary's	4	.....
Lexington avenue	7	.....
St. Joseph's (all branches)	5	.....
Central New York	.....	4
Western New York	9	.....
Northern New York	.....	2
Albany Home School	2	.....
Total	40	6

As it is the desire of the Board to find the pupils at their best, as well as to discover and correct faulty management regarding their creature comforts, the visitations were made this year by way of experiment near the close of the spring term instead of

during the fall term, as has been the usual custom. For many reasons the pupils should be best fitted for the literary examinations at the end of the school year while the buildings naturally show to the least advantage at the close of a year's constant usage. Hence, the time this year selected would seem best adapted for the two-fold purpose mentioned.

A number of changes initiated during the past year, some of them radical in character, indicate a determination to attain higher ideals, both as to the physical and literary well-being of the pupils. The attainments of the pupils in some of the schools are however considerably below the average, and it is believed that it would be especially profitable to those schools, as well as advantageous to all, if the principals of each institution would make it convenient annually to visit the other schools in the State, and thus become personally acquainted with their work. No school has all that is best, and much good would undoubtedly follow the mutual and friendly interchange of views suggested.

The report of the inspectors giving a detailed account of visitations and a tabulated presentation of the results of the literary examinations will be found among the appended papers herewith transmitted.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS.

During the year 1898 the Board was called upon to make several special investigations into the management of institutions subject to its supervision, against which complaints had been made.

One of these institutions was the House of Mercy, a reformatory for women, at Inwood-on-the-Hudson, New York City, which in January was the subject of newspaper criticism alleging improper treatment of the inmates. The

executive committee of the board of trustees of the institution requested the Board to investigate these charges, and at the meeting of January 12th and 13th, a committee consisting of Commissioners Stoddard, Litchfield and Marvin was appointed for that purpose. The committee entered promptly upon its duties and presented a report of its findings at the succeeding meeting held on March 15, 1898. The report of this committee, which is printed as an appended paper to this report, showed that the complaints were for the most part not well founded, so far as the conditions then existing were concerned, but also that in some particulars, which were brought to the attention of the trustees by the Board, the management of the institution should be improved.

Another investigation, conducted by a special committee consisting of Commissioners Bergen, Smith and Dahlgren, was made into the financial management of the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, in New York City, against which charges had been made inferentially by the Manhattan section of the New York Medical League. This committee was appointed at the meeting of May 18th and presented its report at the meeting of July 13th, which will also be found printed as an appended paper to this report. No facts were found to substantiate the charges, but a change was suggested in the institution's method of making up the financial statement in its printed annual report.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

During the year 1898 the Board approved of the incorporation of the following-named institutions, societies and associations, twenty in number:

1.—"Brooks Memorial Hospital;" principal office, Dunkirk, N. Y.

Formed for the purpose of the "Establishment and carrying on and maintaining of a public hospital in the city of Dunkirk, Chautauqua county, New York." Approved, July 13, 1898.

2.—"Cohoes Hospital Association;" principal office, Cohoes, N. Y.

Formed for the purpose of "Erecting, establishing and maintaining a hospital and dispensary in the city of Cohoes, county of Albany and State of New York, for the care of such indigent persons needing medical or surgical treatment as the funds of the corporation, or the rules established by the Board of Directors, may allow, together with such persons as may wish to receive and pay for treatment, and may be admitted into said hospital under the regulations of said Board of Directors." Approved, March 15, 1898.

3.—"Friendly Aid;" principal office, New York City.

Formed "To maintain for charitable purposes a building or buildings for baths, gymnasiums, kindergartens and for the purpose of permitting social relations among the people for whose benefit the organization is conducted." Approved May 18, 1898.

4.—"German Home for Recreation of Women and Children;" principal office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Formed "To establish and maintain a temporary home by the seaside, and another in the mountains, for the recreation, recuperation and physical and mental improvement of women and children, and provide for them food, care, amusements and suitable diversions, with incidental instruction and employment." Approved, July 13, 1898.

5.—"Industrial Colony Association;" principal office, New York City.

Formed for "The maintenance of a boys' industrial colony, wherein by self-government boys shall be educated to become useful and patriotic citizens." Approved, May 18, 1898.

6.—"Marien Heim of Brooklyn;" principal office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Formed "To provide a home for aged or indigent persons and provide them with necessary food, care, employment, shelter, clothing, medicines and treatment suitable for their ailments and afflictions, and Christian consolation in their declining years." Approved, May 18, 1898.

7.—"Martha-Heim of Brooklyn;" principal office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Formed "To provide a temporary home for female servants who have been sick and are convalescent, or who are weak and unable to work, and for those out of employment or desiring advice or assistance in obtaining employment, and for kindred subjects." Approved, January 12, 1898.

8.—"Olean General Hospital;" principal office, Olean, N. Y.

Formed "For the purpose of erecting, establishing, maintaining and operating a hospital, infirmary and home for the reception, care, maintenance and giving of medical and surgical advice, aid and treatment to persons afflicted with maladies, or physical injuries, or physical weaknesses, deformities and infirmities." Approved, July 13, 1898.

9.—"Pelham Summer Home for Children;" principal office, Pelham, N. Y.

Formed "To provide a temporary home and care for poor children in the country." Approved, May 18, 1898.

10.—"The Albany Fresh Air Guild;" principal office, Albany, N. Y.

Formed for the purpose of "Establishing and maintaining of one or more vacation homes for children and others and improving their moral and physical condition by such means." Approved, January 12, 1898.

11.—"The Associated Charities of the City of Lockport, N. Y.;" principal office, Lockport, N. Y.

Formed "To be a center of inter-communication between the various charitable agencies in the city of Lockport; to foster harmonious co-operation between them and to check the evils of the over-lapping of relief; to prevent children from growing up as paupers; to encourage thrift, self-dependence and industry through friendly intercourse, advice and sympathy; and to help the poor to help themselves; to raise the needy above the necessity for relief, prevent begging and imposition and diminish pauperism; to maintain a provident woodyard, that food and lodging may be provided for the poor by their own labor." Approved, January 13, 1898.

12.—"The Bloomingdale Day Nursery Association;" principal office, New York City.

"Formed to maintain a day nursery in the Bloomingdale district of the borough of Manhattan, in the city of New York, with power to establish and maintain a kindergarten, kitchen-garden, summer homes in the country or by the seaside in connection with its principal work above specified, and such other departments for the care, nurture and education of infants and young children as the corporation or its board of managers may at any time, or from time to time, think best to establish and maintain, and the funds and resources of the corporation will permit and

justify; and for that purpose to take by gift, grant, purchase, devise or bequest, and hold and dispose of such real and personal property as the laws of the State shall permit." Approved, May 18, 1898.

13.—"The Christian Herald Children's Home;" principal office, New York City.

Formed "To provide children who would otherwise be unable to leave the city of New York during the hot season, with the means of passing some time in the country at that period of the year under favorable sanitary conditions and with due regard to moral and religious influences." Approved, March 15, 1898.

14.—"The Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy;" principal office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Formed "For the relief and improvement of the condition of the poor, and to furnish educational advantages to those desiring them." Approved, July 13, 1898.

15.—"The Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York City;" principal office, New York City.

Formed "To give a change of air and scene to children and others needing a vacation, and to furnish them with an opportunity of enjoying same." Approved, March 15, 1898.

16.—"The Graduated Nurses Protective Association in the State of New York;" principal office, New York City.

Formed * * * * "To found and maintain a hospital for sick graduated nurses practicing their profession within the State of New York and belonging to this Association; to found and maintain in connection with said hospital a home for aged and infirm nurses belonging to this association." * * * Approved, March 15, 1898.

17.—"The Homeopathic Hospital of Harlem;" principal office, New York City.

Formed "To provide, erect, establish, organize, support and maintain, in the City of New York, in the county and State of New York, a dispensary, and a hospital, infirmary or home, or either or any of them, together with a training school for nurses, for the reception, care, nursing and medical and surgical treatment of such sick, injured and infirm persons, male and female, as may require the same, the said corporation and the several institutions comprised therein to be controlled, managed and carried on under the supervision, direction and care of those in sympathy with and supporting the homeopathic system or school of medicine and surgery, and the said homeopathic system or school of medicine and surgery to be used and applied therein." Approved, March 15, 1898.

18.—"The Kallman Scandinavian Orphanage;" principal office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Formed "To establish and maintain a home for the care of orphan and destitute children of Scandinavian parentage." Approved, July 13, 1898.

19.—"The North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital;" principal office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Formed "To render medical and surgical aid in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, advice and treatment to poor persons in need of such services, without charge therefor at the hospital and dispensary." Approved, October 12, 1898.

20.—"The Old Ladies Home of the County of Ulster;" principal office, Kingston, N. Y.

Formed "To provide a comfortable home for aged females who may be admitted as inmates of the home, under such regulations

and by-laws as may hereinafter be adopted by the corporation." Approved, May 18, 1898.

The Board also approved, at its meeting of October 12, 1898, of the extension of the corporate purposes of the "Sisters of St. Joseph of the City of Troy," to include "The care, maintenance, education and support of orphan and destitute children," and of the change of time of holding the annual meeting of the "Hudson City Hospital," from the second Tuesday in May to the second Tuesday in October of each year, at 7.30 p. m., commencing with October, 1898.

The Board disapproved of the incorporation of a number of organizations during the year, and requests from several others were pending when the year closed.

SHOULD UNINCORPORATED CHARITABLE SOCIETIES BE PERMITTED TO EXIST?

This question the Board asked in its report for 1897, in an attempt to call out an intelligent expression of opinion on the subject from those most competent to discuss it, and it is now renewed for the same purpose.

The Board is fully aware that there is much that can be said on either side of this subject, and that it would not be an easy task to put into practice any legislation designed to regulate it in the manner indicated by a negative answer. The Board believes, however, that to require all organizations which collect money from the public for the relief of the poor to become incorporated under suitable safeguards as a condition precedent to carrying on their work, would be a movement in the right direction, and would not have the effect, which perhaps some may fear, of improperly discouraging the giving of charitable assistance. In the Board's estimation such assistance is in many instances bestowed in this State

with a lack of care and discrimination, and there seems to be a constant tendency in this direction, which, by promoting the growth of a pauper spirit in its citizens, is injurious to the best interests of the State. It is no light matter that so many of its people as appears to be the case, should be subject to demoralization by the almsgiving of the heedless, but on the contrary it is something of serious and far reaching importance.

The glory and the safety of the State rest chiefly in the sturdy independence of its citizens while on the other hand their needless dependency is a source of danger and reproach. The State should, therefore, seek to encourage and preserve this independence and prevent the needless pauperization of its people.

While charitable assistance is a blessing at times, the ability to do without alms is more to be encouraged.

Under all the circumstances it cannot be too constantly reiterated that careful methods should prevail in almsgiving, and that the State should, for its own protection, seek to bring about such methods in the most direct way possible.

PLANS OF BUILDINGS APPROVED.

Pursuant to the provisions of chapter 225 of the Laws of 1896 (the Poor Law) and other statutes, the Board is required to consider the plans for the erection and improvement of almshouses and other public charitable institutions, and to approve or disapprove of such plans in its discretion.

In 1898 the Board approved of the plans with modifications suggested by the Board's committee on the construction of buildings, with the proviso in each case that the expense should not exceed the appropriations, of the following buildings and improvements at the several institutions named:

Department of Public Charities of the city of New York, boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx.—Four new pavilions in connection with the Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island; flooring and steel ceiling, City Hospital, Blackwell's Island; addition to general drug department, Bellevue Hospital; receiving and ferry houses, City Hospital landing; new tables for dining-room at male and female almshouses, Blackwell's Island; new system of steam-heating at Bellevue Hospital, and Nurses' Home at City and Metropolitan Hospitals; approved January 12, 1898.

Westchester County Hospital, East View; approved April 13, 1898.

Monroe County Hospital, Rochester; approved April 13, 1898.

Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome.—Administration building and new dormitory building with connecting corridor; approved July 13, 1898.

New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford.—New barn and stable; approved July 13, 1898; Dormitory building; approved November 22, 1898.

State Industrial School, Rochester.—Two-story frame cottage for gardener and new smokestack for boiler-room; approved July 13, 1898.

Craig Colony, Sonyea.—Fifteen dormitory buildings; Superintendent's residence; laundry building and physiological laboratory; approved October 12, 1898; extension of sewage disposal and water facilities; approved November 22, 1898.

Orange County Almshouse, Goshen.—Changes and sanitary improvements; approved October 12, 1898.

[illegible]nt of Public Charities of the city of New York, bor-
[illegible] Queens.—New hospital building in connection
Almshouse and changes in and additions
[illegible]ed October 12, 1898.

Niagara County Almshouse, Lockport.—New hospital building; approved October 12, 1898.

Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois.—Dining-hall building; approved October 13, 1898.

Oswego City Almshouse, Oswego.—New almshouse building; approved November 22, 1898.

Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion.—Addition to store building for assembly hall and industrial schools; electric light plant, carpenter's shop, pig pen and hennery.

Steuben County Almshouse, Bath.—Additions and alterations to hospital; approved November 22, 1898.

ALMSHOUSE INSPECTION.

At its meeting held in Albany, January 12, 1898, the State Board of Charities took measures to procure the appointment of two inspectors of almshouses, whose duties as defined by the Board were "the visitation and inspection of the almshouses of this State and of their inmates, in order that improved methods of administration may be introduced and better care and treatment of the State poor secured."

On June 1st they entered upon their work of inspection of the various almshouses of the State, and up to the present time have visited and inspected each one of its sixty-four almshouses and have filed written reports of the same with the Board. These reports describe and also cover the conditions of the buildings and inmates; furnish details as to water supply, sanitary arrangements, protection against fire, and the care of the sick. These inspectors, under the special direction of the Superintendent of State and Alien Poor, have made a careful census of the almshouse population in the State, and have ascertained the number of inmates over 70 years of age, which is a little less than one-third

of the entire almshouse population. They have also made a careful census of the number of idiots at present in almshouses in this State.

These reports have furnished the Board with a large amount of valuable information as to the condition and needs of these institutions, and the visitation has had a very beneficial effect on their management.

In order that the State may derive the full benefit from that inspection of its charitable institutions which the Constitution imposes on the State Board of Charities, something more than annual inspections are necessary. This is specially true in regard to its almshouses, the keepers and employes of which have not been brought under the sweeping provisions of the civil service section of the Constitution, relating to appointments and promotion, but suffer from the frequent changes induced by the varying fortunes of political parties. An almshouse which this year has flourished under the best management, may, after the next local election, find itself in the hands of a thoroughly incompetent keeper, or a keeper of many years' experience may be displaced by an honest farmer of no experience whatever.

While there are some unfortunate exceptions, yet the very general tendency toward improvement in almshouse conditions all over the State is a cause for congratulation. The weakest point in rural almshouses at present is the care of the sick, and yet at the present time no feature connected with almshouse management is receiving more attention from the local authorities. In this connection the new hospital attached to the Chautauqua County Almshouse deserves mention as furnishing the maximum facilities for the care of the sick at the minimum cost. The conditions in Herkimer county were so deplorable as to necessitate a

second inspection within a few weeks, at which time the conditions were found considerably improved. Yet a complete change in the management will be necessary before any approach to an ideal condition can be reached in this county. The almshouses in Dutchess, Ulster and Saratoga counties are all over-crowded and in poor condition. Very noticeable improvements have been made in the hospitals connected with the almshouses in the larger cities, especially in Buffalo and Brooklyn, while attention is again called to the crowded condition of the hospital at the Monroe County Almshouse.

One result of this inspection has been to bring to light the wretched system of keeping the records of the rural almshouses. These possess neither uniformity nor accuracy, and all statistics based on such records must be and evidently are misleading. In the absence of any daily census, as is generally the case, the per capita cost per week is not to be trusted. It will be the duty of the almshouse inspectors to see that this and other necessary records are kept.

A crying evil is the large number of idiots scattered through the almshouses of this State. Except in one or two counties these have no attendants and receive no suitable care, but mingle with the other inmates and on account of their inability to care for themselves, lower the standard of cleanliness in the whole institution.

CARE OF THE POOR IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

The situation in Montgomery county demands special consideration, owing to the peculiar conditions which obtain there. For years, under special acts of the Legislature, the care of the poor in this county has been farmed out. Economy has been the excuse, yet, according to the report of the superintendent of the

poor, the amount of money expended for out-door relief in this county for the year ending October 30, 1897, was somewhat over $30,000, an amount exceeded only by Erie, Jefferson and Monroe counties, New York and Kings not giving any out-door relief. In the year 1894, Montgomery county expended over $37,000 for out-door relief.

Notwithstanding this large expenditure of the people's money, the treatment of the poor ranks below that of any other county in the State, and the county has absolutely nothing to show in the way of land, buildings or improvements.

The report of the almshouse inspector, filed in the office of the Board, strongly condemns not only the system pursued in this county, but the actual conditions under which the poor are obliged to exist in the almshouse at Randall. They are ill-clothed and crowded together under the most unsanitary conditions. In fact the conditions are such that they cannot be mentioned plainly in a report for general distribution. In case of fire considerable loss of life would undoubtedly occur. It is still the wish of the State Board of Charities that measures looking to the construction of a suitable county almshouse should originate in Montgomery county, and recent manifestations of popular feeling there point strongly in this direction.

STATE, ALIEN AND INDIAN POOR.

Under the direction of the Board, the superintendent of State and alien poor is charged with the execution of chapter 225 of the Laws of 1896, which is three fold in its nature, as follows: First, State poor, formerly chapter 661 of the Laws of 1873, for the relief of such poor as shall not have resided sixty days in any county in this State within one year preceding the time of application for aid; second, alien poor, formerly chapter 549 of the Laws of 1880,

and amended by chapter 225 of the Laws of 1896, for the return of crippled, blind, lunatic and other infirm alien poor to the countries whence deported by cities or towns in the various governments of Europe, or by societies, relatives or friends, etc.; and third, Indian poor, formerly chapter 436 of the Laws of 1894, by which provision is made for the removal to certain designated almshouses of such Indians residing within this State or upon any of the Indian reservations of the State, as shall require such care, or if in such physical condition as to make such removal impracticable, temporary relief may be administered, subject to the rules and regulations of the Board. The extended report to the Board, with statistical tables showing the operation of the State poor law since it went into effect October 22, 1873, till the close of the present fiscal year, September 30, 1898, is hereto appended, to which attention is directed.

STATE POOR.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, the whole number of State poor for whom provision was made was 1,913 as against 2,074 during the previous fiscal year, a decrease of 161. The changes during the year were as follows: Discharged as able to go out and provide for themselves, 280; absconded, 67; transferred to orphan asylums, 3; removed to their homes or places of legal settlement in other States and countries, 1,458; died, 19. This left 86 in State almshouses, October 1, 1898, of whom 80 were males and six females. There were at the same time six children in orphan asylum care, making a total of 92 under care October 1, 1898, as against 112, October 1, 1897. The expenditures for the fiscal year have been $27,967.81, as against $28,118.62, the preceding year, as follows: For maintenance and care in State almshouses, $11,813.08; for maintenance and care in orphan asylums,

$492; for removals to State almshouses, $933.97; for removal from State almshouses to their homes in other States and countries, $14,035.06; for miscellaneous expenses and printing, $693.70. The per capita expenditure was $14.62 as against $13.56 in 1897. There were no outstanding debts at the close of the year, except possibly a few small claims for removals to State almshouses.

It is now a period of twenty-five years since this act went into effect, during which time there have been committed to State almshouses as State poor, 36,964 persons, a yearly average of 1,479. Of these, 28,461 have been males and 8,503 females. This large number has been thus disposed of: Discharged as able to provide for themselves, 9,525; provided for by adoption or in families as self-supporting, 84; absconded, 1,808; transferred to other institutions, 255, of which number 155 were discharged to State hospitals under the State Care Act; sent out of the State to their friends or places of legal settlement in other States and countries, 24,402; died, 804. This left 86 under care October 1, 1898, in almshouses, as follows: At the Albany County State Almshouse, 9; at the Broome County State Almshouse, 11; at the Erie County State Almshouse, 7; at the Jefferson County State Almshouse, 6; at the Kings County State Almshouse, 15; at the Monroe County State Almshouse, 11; at the Oneida County State Almshouse, 5; at the Onondaga County State Almshouse, 3; at the St. Lawrence County State Almshouse, 19; there were also six in the Albany Orphan Asylum.

ALIEN POOR.

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, there were removed 214 alien poor to their homes in different countries of Europe. These were found in almshouses, asylums, hospitals and other charitable institutions in this State, and their condition at

the time of landing in this country, as brought out by the inquiries, was as follows: crippled, 15; epileptic, 9; paralytic, 5; aged and infirm, 26; feeble-minded, 54; vagrant and diseased, 43; and otherwise disabled, 62. These had been furnished transportation to this country as follows: By cities, towns and other municipalities, 18; by benevolent associations, societies and emigration agencies, 59; by padrones, contractors, corporations and individuals under agreement to labor, 23; and by relatives, guardians and friends, 114. By their own statements they were found to have landed as follows: At the port of New York, 192; at other United States' ports, 15; and at various Canadian ports, 7. After careful examination, these persons were returned to their homes as follows: To England, 33; to Ireland, 21; to Germany, 44; to Austro-Hungary, 55; to Italy, 43; to Russia, 9; to Sweden, 3; and to Holland, Switzerland, Scotland, Bulgaria, Denmark and Norway, each one. The total expenditure of these removals was $5,328.26; the average per capita expenditure, $24.90. Since this act went into effect in 1880, to September 30, 1898, there have been 3,350 removals made, at a total expenditure of $75,322.25, or an average per capita expenditure of $22.48. There were no outstanding claims under this act at the close of the fiscal year.

INDIAN POOR.

The total number of Indian poor provided for in almshouses during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, was 13, of whom three were in such care at the beginning of the year, and ten were admitted during the year. Of these, five have been discharged as able to provide for themselves, two absconded and four died, thus leaving two remaining October 1, 1898, of whom one was in the Cattaraugus County Almshouse, and one in the Erie County Almshouse. The expenditures during the year have been $848.11,

as follows: For maintenance in the Cattaraugus County Almshouse, $93.00; for maintenance in the Erie County Almshouse, $182.50; for maintenance in the Onondaga County Almshouse, $0.75; for out-door poor relief, $571.86. There were no outstanding claims under the act at the close of the fiscal year.

FINANCIAL BENEFITS RESULTING FROM THE REMOVAL OF STATE AND ALIEN POOR.

The conclusions reached in summing up the benefits derived in the execution of the laws pertaining to the removal of State and Alien Poor must be very much the same from year to year. During the past fiscal year, the total number thus sent out of this State was 1,672, of whom 214 were returned as aliens to their homes in Europe, and 1,458 were chiefly sent to other states in this country, but a few of these, as State poor, were returned to their former homes in foreign countries. The reason for their deportation was, that a careful examination in each instance could lead to no other conclusion than that they would be permanent burdens upon the public. To have maintained these 1,672 enfeebled and helpless poor in the charitable institutions of this State, for even a short period, would far outweigh in actual cost the expenditure of their transportation to their own legal settlements, to say nothing of the moral lesson to be pointed in this refusal on the part of our own State authorities to accept the refuse and *debris* of other states and countries. The whole number of such removals to other states and countries since the State Poor Act, of 1873, and the Alien Poor Act, of 1880, went into effect, has been 27,752. With the comfortable lodgment, abundant and nourishing food, and freedom from anxiety which the State was generously providing for these persons in the almshouses or other charitable institutions of its bounty, it is not unreasonable to as-

sume that the average duration of life would have reached fifteen years. With an estimated cost of $100 each year for the support and care of each person, the ultimate expenditure would have reached the almost fabulous sum of $41,628,000.

The Board, therefore, reiterates the conviction that no moneys of the State are expended with greater economic or beneficial results than in the removal, to their former homes, of these enfeebled and helpless poor persons, who find temporary lodgment in its institutions of charity, and who have no permanent claims upon its benefactions.

APPROPRIATION FOR STATE, ALIEN AND INDIAN POOR.

The legislative appropriation of 1898 of $40,000 for State, Alien and Indian poor, it is believed, will be adequate for the requirements of the present fiscal year, and no increase in the appropriation will be necessary for the next fiscal year. The Board accordingly recommends a like appropriation by the Legislature of 1899.

DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTION.

The information necessary to enable the Board intelligently to exercise the duty of supervision, made incumbent upon it by the Constitution and Statutes of the State is obtained very largely through this department of its service.

For more convenient organization the State has been divided into districts, the Eastern, with an office in New York city, and the Western, with an office in Rochester. The work in each district is under the general oversight of a committee of the members of the board resident in the district. The present staff of officers employed in this department consists of the inspector of charities, who has general charge, and of seven inspectors, with a typewriter and stenographer in the New York office and a

clerk and messenger in the office of the board at Albany. The whole staff of inspectors is kept continually employed throughout the State among the institutions, societies and associations, State, local and private, however established and maintained, which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character or design, and thus by law subject to the supervision of the Board. The number of these institutions and the variety, extent and character of their work have been previously mentioned, and are fully shown in the annual reports of the Board. We confidently assert that there is no other single public interest of equal magnitude and importance, or one in which the public weal and the individual welfare of our citizens are so intimately associated. Every institution in this vast and complex system of charities has been visited and inspected during the current calendar year, some of them several times, and the results have been most encouraging, as they have everywhere led to improved conditions and better work. The service in the department has been improved and extended during the year, so as to make its future an assured success in the benefits to accrue to the State, the charities and the dependents.

SPECIFIC WORK OF THE DEPARTMENT.

There are now 129 institutions making monthly returns to this office in compliance with article VIII, section 14 of the Constitution. Three of these, the House of the Holy Family, the House of Mercy, and the House of Refuge, New York, while they receive youthful inmates, are not included in the totals presented, as these inmates are not strictly children. The Hiram Deats Memorial Home removed to New Jersey during the year, and the Rochester Home of Industry was closed to children October 1, 1898.

The most onerous branch of work of this department is the maintenance in the office of the Board at Albany of a system of records of dependent children in the orphan asylums and children's homes throughout the State. These records average over 30,000 annually and are constantly changing with new admissions and discharges each month. The changes, whether of admittance or discharge, are carefully examined, and the attention of the asylum officers directed specifically to any irregularity in the returns. Although this involves much work, it gives the Board more particular information in respect to this class of dependents than exists elsewhere, or could be otherwise obtained, and when used conjointly with the inspections made of the institutions, enables the Board to exert a potential influence upon the population of the institutions.

The methods of reporting continue the same as last year, but with the experience gained by the institutions and the office, the returns are more full in detail and therefore more valuable. It seems wise to explain in somewhat minute detail, the methods by which the monthly returns of the institutions which care for children are made to this Board, notwithstanding the apparent repetition, since this report will no doubt reach many by whom the facts are not fully understood. At the close of each month, that is, to use the language of the rules of the Board governing the reports, "on or before the tenth of each month thereafter," each institution sends an individual record of each child admitted to the institution, giving a consecutive record number, the name of the child, date of admittance, sex, age at the time of admittance, birthplace of the child, and, so far as possible, of the parents, the authority by which received and the amount received by the institution for the support of the

child. Formal notices of the discharges during the month are also sent, each notice giving the record number, name of the child, date of discharge, and the manner in which discharged. If removed by parents, friends, or placed out in a family, the facts are required to be noted on the discharge blank, giving name and specific address, when possible, of the person to whom the child has been discharged.

The necessity for such particular details has not easily impressed itself upon many of the institutions, and this has led to much correspondence and minute explanations, but progress has been made in this respect and nearly all the discharge notices now come with succinct, comprehensive facts, or memoranda to the effect that the authorities have been unable to secure them. This part of the work has appealed more strongly to the Inspector of Charities from year to year, from the fact that inquiries have sometimes been made regarding the final disposition of children discharged from institutions and his desire thus to be able to trace their history, so far as possible, should some blessing be in waiting.

During the year ending December 31, 1898, there have been received at the office 15,850 records of admittance, and 14,504 notices of discharge. Each of these has received careful scrutiny to see that the record numbers and dates are consecutive, that the ages accord with the character of the institution to which admitted; to see that the particulars of the commitment or surrender, or whatever method admitted, are fully noted. But while these have their importance, the careful scrutiny may claim a higher purpose still, and that is to be of possible use to the child. Hence the records are closely watched for the mental and physical condition of each child. If these are shown on the record to be ab-

normal in a manner that can perhaps be relieved, attention is very soon given to the matter by special correspondence or by special visitation of one of the inspectors, and such means taken as may render aid to the child or aid to the institution in relief from its care by transfer to a more suitable institution.

By this watchful care of the records and by the still more careful personal inspections of assigned inspectors, feeble-minded, deaf, epileptic and crippled children have been afforded more suitable treatment, children suffering from weak or defective sight have been aided with glasses or special treatment, and the benefits are beyond computation.

In respect to the transfer of children from one institution to another, one of the rules of the Board provides that "In no case shall any child, supported in whole or in part, at public expense, in any such institution, be transferred to any other institution except upon the written approval of the commissioner of the district or county in or from which the transfer is proposed, or in case of his absence any other commissioner of the Board." It has taken some time for the managers of the different institutions to familiarize themselves with the requirements of this rule. The occasional violation has, however, usually been the result of misapprehension, and it is now very generally understood that the enforcement of the rule is not attended with any hardship and very little delay. The Commissioners are very ready to approve the transfer of a child from one institution to another upon good reason for such change being afforded.

A system of cards is in operation, by which at the end of two periods in each year, June 30th, and December 31st, a cursory glance shows the standing of the inmates of each institution in the following particulars: The number present by sex, civil con-

dition, physical and mental condition, the duration of institution life, how committed or placed under institution care and how supported, that is, whether by private or public funds. The results are of interest and value. They also have an ulterior value in enabling the office to catch any deviation in the numbers present in the different institutions with its own data at such particular periods. The institutions are also furnished with blank forms for monthly statements, which they complete and send with the records of admittance and notices of discharge. These serve as a basis of comparison as to correctness between the institutions and the office files, and they also serve as a means by which to catch at a momentary glance the number present in any institution at a given time, with the changes that have taken place during any one month. This correspondence in data is very closely watched and considering the aggregate number of children continually represented, about 31,000, with the varied changes in each month, it is a matter of some pride that the discrepancies represented a difference of but three inmates in two of the largest institutions at the last examination.

Blank certificates of compliance with the rules of the Board are mailed monthly to the institutions which make the monthly returns of children, and quarterly to the hospitals and dispensaries of the Greater New York. At the close of the fiscal year these are mailed to all the above mentioned classes of institutions. Upon their return to the office properly executed, a certificate of the Board is sent to each institution with which it is enabled to collect any public moneys to which it may be entitled.

The number of children present in the institutions making these monthly returns December 31, 1898, was 31,443. The total number represented in them during the year, 45,947. Excluding 6,449

in infant asylums and including only such institutions wherein exists the greatest uniformity of age and of mental and physical condition, we find there occurred but 248 deaths among 39,498 children supported during the year, or 63-100 of one per cent. With no basis for accurate comparison of this with the number of deaths among children in the general population, it is yet believed to be far less, and in this particular to make a favorable showing for the institutions.

THE BUREAU OF CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS IN THE COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.

This Bureau, established to give practical effect to the provisions of the State Charities Law, which make it the particular duty of the Comptroller of the State to scrutinize the expenditures of the State charitable institutions and clothe him with full authority to prevent improper uses of the State's money by such institutions, has, in the opinion of this Board, under Comptroller James A. Roberts and his deputies, been productive of much good, fully justifying its existence. It is to be regarded as a wisely designed branch of the State government, with whose aims and purposes this Board is in sympathy, and with which the Board desires to be able at all times to work in harmonious co-operation, with an eye single to the State's good.

The Board believes that the charities of the State should be adequately maintained, but remembering that the burden of their maintenance rests largely upon those who, doubtless, are at times embarrassed to provide for their own necessities, the Board also believes that the State charitable institutions should be managed with the exercise of every reasonable economy of administration.

It can, of course, readily be imagined that officers of institutions, earnest and zealous in their particular spheres of work, and, possibly, regarding the treasury of this great State as practically

unlimited in its capacity to provide means, may at times be disposed to regard as irksome this veto power of the Comptroller's office and the system necessary to enable its officers to act with the intelligence and discretion that the law contemplates. The history of some of the institutions of the State shows clearly, however, that such power is necessary to prevent unwise, extravagant and even dishonest uses of the State's money, and the authority exercised by this Bureau of the Comptroller's office is simply the fruit of practical and unfortunate experiences against which the State has wisely attempted to erect an adequate and trustworthy safeguard.

CONVENTION OF THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

The Twenty-eighth Annual Convention of the County Superintendents of the Poor of the State of New York was held at the International Hotel at Niagara Falls, on July 14, 15 and 16, 1898. Forty-one superintendents of the poor from as many counties and cities were present at the convention, which was also attended by representatives of various departments and branches of the State government, including officers of State charitable institutions, by members of boards of supervisors and overseers of the poor, together with representatives of county and city public charities, and of private charitable institutions, societies and associations, to the number of nearly one hundred more. Commissioners Walrath and Putnam, the Secretary, the Superintendent of State and Alien Poor, and the Inspector of Charities, represented this Board.

Addresses were made by Hon. S. F. Nixon, Chairman of the Board of Supervisors of Chautauqua county, and member of Assembly from that county, and by Hon. Charles Z.

Lincoln, Chairman of the Commission on Statutory Revision, whose subject was "The Poor and Charitable Laws of New York."

Papers were presented on the following subjects: "Qualifications and Duties of Superintendents of the Poor," by Superintendent Barrows of St. Lawrence county; "Charity Commissions," by Superintendent Washburn of Jefferson county; "Out Door Relief," by Superintendent Redmond of Watertown; "The Pingree Plan," by Superintendent Long of Erie county; "Compulsory Education as a Preventive of Pauperism and Crime," by Supervisor Brown of Utica; "The Mutual Interdependence between State and County Officials Engaged in Charitable Work," by Dr. William P. Spratling, Medical Superintendent of Craig Colony; "The Importance of the Prevention of Feeble-Mindedness," by Dr. James C. Carson, Superintendent of the Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children; "The Merit System in Almshouse Organizations," by Superintendent Wisner of Ontario county; "The Progressive Union at St. Joseph's Home, Peekskill" (a substitute for corporal punishment), by Rev. Thomas L. Kinkead of Peekskill; "Should City Out-door Aid be Abolished?" by Mr. Frederic Almy, Secretary of the Buffalo Charity Organization Society; "What Ought to be the Duty of those Placing Out Children as to all After-Care, and in What Should that After-Care Consist?" by Miss Mary Vida Clark, Assistant Secretary of the State Charities Aid Association.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE CONVENTION.

The following resolutions were adopted by the convention:

"Whereas, By the establishment of the Craig Colony the State has assumed to provide for the care of the indigent epileptics, and

"Whereas, There are large numbers of this unfortunate class in most urgent need of such care, therefore

"Resolved, That the committee on legislation to be appointed by this convention, be requested to urge upon the Legislature the necessity of providing additional accommodations for such patients as rapidly as may be practicable; also

"Resolved, That we recommend the same policy in regard to providing additional accommodations for the feeble-minded of both sexes.

"Resolved, That the secretary of the convention be requested to notify the State Board of Charities of the appointment of the committee on legislation, and to request said Board to confer with the committee in any matters of legislation in which the Board and the Superintendents of the Poor are mutually interested."

The committees and officers elected for the ensuing year are:

PRESIDENT.
J. W. IVES of Wyoming County.

FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT.
A. H. KROM of Tioga.

SECOND VICE-PRESIDENT.
D. W. HITCHCOCK of Dutchess.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER.
G. L. MOSHER of Cattaraugus.

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATION.
J. R. Washburn, Jefferson.
L. A. Page, Ontario.
C. Crossman, Genesee.
L. L. Long, Erie.
Herbert D. Lent, Westchester.
Geo. Blair, New York.
D. S. Sherrill, Suffolk.
L. Mittenmaier, Oneida.
Scott Phinney, Essex.

COMMITTEE ON TOPICS.
Dr. H. C. Taylor, Chautauqua.
Geo. I. Lincoln, Erie.
A. W. Weber, Otsego.
Miss Gertrude C. Clark, Rochester.
Miss Mary I. Brill, Newburgh.

COMMITTEE ON PLACE.
D. C. Grunder, Allegany.
W. W. Tompkins, Niagara.
W. W. Collins, Orange.
A. H. Krom, Tioga.
Wm. Van Duzer, Chemung.

COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION.
R. W. Barrows, St. Lawrence.
M. G. Frisbee, Cortland.
A. W. Weber, Otsego.
G. L. Mosher, Cattaraugus.
C. B. Pixley, Genesee.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

J. B. Johnson, Queens.
O. R. Westover, Schenectady.
Geo. B. Smith, Delaware.
Geo. L. Sprague, Chenango.
John Little, Cattaraugus.

The proceedings of the Convention have been published in pamphlet form.

The next Convention is to meet in Poughkeepsie in June, 1899.

STATE CHARITIES AID ASSOCIATION.

In compliance with chapter 546 of the Laws of 1896, the State Charities Aid Association, a voluntary organization whose object is the visitation and improvement of charitable institutions maintained by the State, or by cities, counties or towns, has submitted to this Board its twenty-sixth annual report, covering its work for the year ending September 30, 1898.

The report considers at some length the subject of the care of dependent children in this State, and more especially in New York city. Statistics are included as to the number of children supported by the city of New York in private institutions from 1890 to 1897, inclusive, and also the amounts paid by the city. From this portion of the report the following paragraphs are taken:

The census of children's institutions in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx receiving public funds, shows the same general tendencies as in the State at large, a steady increase from 1875 to 1894, a steady decrease from 1894 to 1896, and an increase, though but slight, in 1897. Taking the twenty-six institutions which receive payments from the city for the support of destitute, neglected or wayward children (not including hospitals), we find that the number of children each year since 1890, has been as follows:

Year.	No. of Children on Oct. 1st.
1890	14,550
1891	14,687
1892	15,262
1893	15,412
1894	16,858
1895	16,133
[illegible]	15,407
[illegible]	15,501

* * * * * * * * * *

The figures given above were based on the total census of the institutions, including a few children supported in whole or in part by private funds. The amounts paid by the city to these institutions year by year on a *per capita* basis, show a similar decrease from 1894, this decrease being arrested in the latter part of 1897, while the first half of 1898 shows a slight increase over 1897. The figures are as follows:

Year.	Amount paid by City.	Decrease from 1894.
1894	$1,771,636 71	.....
1895	1,733,528 40	$38,108 31
1896	1,672,761 92	98,874 79
1897	1,620,070 84	151,565 87
Total		$288,548 97

The above statistics include payments to the New York Foundling Hospital. Under an opinion rendered by a former corporation counsel the circumstances of inmates of this institution, most of whom are not, strictly speaking, foundlings, but are taken to the institution by their parents or relatives, have not been investigated under the Rules of the State Board of Charities, and the amounts paid to it have continued to increase year by year. Omitting this institution, since it has not been included in the operations of the rules, the payments to the remaining institutions show a still more marked decrease, from 1894 to 1897, being as follows:

Year.	Amount paid by city.	Decrease from 1894.
1894	$1,485,943 91	.....
1895	1,446,320 20	$39,623 71
1896	1,377,970 21	107,973 70
1897	1,307,377 94	178,565 97
Total decrease since 1894		$326,163 38

The payments by the city for the first half of 1898, amount to $816,858.62, or at the rate of $1,633,717.24 per year, which would be an increase of $13,646.40 over 1897.

Deducting payments to the New York Foundling Hospital during the first half of 1898, the remaining items amount to $657,289.17, or at the rate of $1,314,578.34 per year, which would be an increase of $7,200.40 over the payments to the same institutions in 1897.

The payments made by New York city to these 25 institutions during 1895, 1896 and 1897 were, therefore, $326,163.38 less than they would have been had they continued at the same rate as in 1894. This decrease is, without a doubt, due to the provisions of the Revised Constitution, the rules adopted by the State Board of Charities under these provisions, the work of the inspectors of that Board, and the employ-

ment of a staff of examiners of children by the Department of Public Charities, to investigate the circumstances of the parents of children supported by the public, at the time of the proposed commitment, and at intervals thereafter. But even this sum does not measure the full extent of the saving to the city. There would undoubtedly have been, as during many preceding years, a steady increase, so it is well within the mark to say that during the years 1895, 1896 and 1897, the new system saved the city half a million dollars.

While the saving of half a million dollars is a matter of some moment, it is, of course, the least important feature of this problem. In fact it is simply a rough standard by which we may estimate the extent of vastly more important benefits, the enforcement of parental responsibilities, the diminution of protracted institutional life, and an increase in the proportion of children in this city living under normal relations to their families and to the community.

In the Borough of Queens the plan of boarding destitute children in families, which had been in force for many years, has been continued since consolidation, and the association has visited these children, and reported upon their condition to the Commissioner of Public Charities for the Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens. A similar plan had been in operation in the Borough of Richmond. Concerning these Boroughs the report speaks as follows:

On January 1, 1898, all the dependent children in the portion of Queens county annexed to New York city became wards of the Commissioner of Public Charities for the Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens. This association, believing that the boarding-out system is particularly well adapted to the care of children in rural or semi-rural communities, provided always that it is carried out faithfully and intelligently, offered to visit the children boarding in the Borough of Queens and report upon their condition to the Commissioner. The Commissioner accepted the offer, and in March, 1898, and at intervals thereafter the assistant secretary of the association visited these twenty-nine children. It was encouraging to find that a large majority of them were in very satisfactory homes, receiving excellent training, and being fitted in every way for lives of self-support and usefulness. The association, through its assistant-secretary, has continued an oversight over these children, and has provided permanent free homes for two of them. Its services in these, as in all other directions, have been rendered to the city gratuitously.

The committees of the State Charities Aid Association in Richmond and Allegany counties and in the city of Newburgh, have

for some years co-operated with the public authorities in placing destitute children in families. During the latter part of the past year this work has been extended, and an effort has been begun from the central office of the association to ascertain the resources of this State in providing free family homes for destitute children. The results of this experiment are stated in the following paragraphs:

Through correspondence and advertisements, 160 applications from families desiring to receive children were received between June 20th and October 31st. Each application was first investigated by correspondence with the applicant and his references, and with members of our local committees, or other persons known to be of good standing, residing in the same locality as the applicant. If all the replies were favorable as to the applicant's character and his ability to offer a child proper educational and other advantages, the home was then investigated by a visitor from the central office. Of the 160 applications, 11 were withdrawn, 25 were investigated and disapproved, 38 were investigated and approved, and 86 had been only partially investigated on October 31, 1898.

Of the 160 applications, 121 were for girls, 31 for boys, and 8 for either girls or boys. Of the whole number, 91 were for children over 10 years of age, 53 for children 10 or under, and 16 did not specify any age. The applications came from 20 different counties in the State, and 11 were received from other States. Of the 149 applications from families residing in this State, the leading counties were as follows: Suffolk, 33 applications; Dutchess, 33; Rockland, 13; Queens, 13; Columbia, 13; Delaware, 9; Ulster, 6; Livingston, 5, and from 12 other counties less than 5 each.

By October 31, 1898, children had been placed in 18 of the 38 homes that had been fully investigated and approved. The children were received from the following sources:

Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children	11
German Catholic Orphan Home	1
German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphan Asylum	1
Infants' Hospital on Randall's Island	2
Boarding in Borough of Queens	1
From individuals	2
	18

The children have ranged in age from two baby girls of 7 months to a boy of 16 years. The 6 boys placed out are all over 10 years of age, but of the 12 girls, 5 are 10 or under. With the exception of one or two of the older girls, the children are in every case received as members of the family, sent to school and to church and Sunday school, and in every way treated like sons and daughters. In the case of the younger children, the families are anxious that it shall not be known that the child comes from a char-

itable society, and many harmless fictions are resorted to as to the "friends" from whom the children come.

The families taking children are generally well-to-do farmers or shopkeepers, who have no children or whose children have grown up and have left home, or who have only sons and want a daughter. Their chief motive in taking a child is to have some young life in the house, "for company," as they express it. "I want a child I can love," many of them say. Children are always taken to the homes by the employes of the association; never sent in care of the conductor, or allowed to go with persons not connected with the association.

The association has also visited the destitute children boarded in families in the portion of Queens county not included in New York city, and reports as follows concerning their care:

In that part of Queens county which on January 1, 1899, will become Nassau county, the boarding-out of children is carried on by both the county and the townships. During the past summer the association undertook the visitation of these children, in co-operation with the superintendents and overseers of the poor. At that time 8 children were boarded in families by the county, 24 by the town of Hempstead, and 12 by the town of Oyster Bay. The county charges and most of the Hempstead town charges were visited by this Association in their boarding homes before the 1st of October, and the others are now being visited. The county charges were, with one exception, found to be boarding in good homes where they were treated in every way as members of the family. In the case of one doubtful home, it was found that the child could not be removed on account of legal rights gained by the foster-parents from the deceased parents of the child. Promises of improvement were made, the house was enlarged and the payment of board was discontinued. One of the county charges was found to be boarding with her own mother, and, on our recommendation, the payment of board is about to be discontinued. The county of Nassau will therefore have only 6 children boarding in family homes.

The 24 children who are boarded in families by the town of Hempstead are in homes which are, on the whole, somewhat inferior to those in which the county and the Borough of Queens board their charges. Of these 24 children (11 girls, 13 boys), 8 (4 girls and 4 boys), were found to be boarding with either parents or grand-parents. This of course is not boarding-out in any proper sense, but is simply an indirect and very undesirable form of out-door relief. Six (2 girls and 4 boys) of these 24 children are colored. While some of the homes are excellent and others fairly satisfactory, a few are undesirable, and the children will undoubtedly be removed by the town overseers upon our recommendation.

The Newburgh committee of the association has maintained for the past four years an agency for visiting children placed out in families, and also for finding additional free family homes for the destitute children of that city. The report of the agency for the past year includes the following:

At the beginning of the year, October 1, 1897, the agency had under its supervision 75 children, of whom 57 had been city charges, 8 came from the Home for the Friendless, and 10 from individuals. These children were visited in all cases at least once, and some of them several times during the year; monthly reports were received from the teachers of the public schools attended by the children who are of school age; and correspondence was maintained with the foster-parents and with many of the children. By all these means the agency has kept itself informed as to the treatment, education, and moral and religious training of these children, and is able to give positive assurance to the citizens of Newburgh that the children to whom that city stands in the position of legal guardian are not neglected or abused, but are receiving the kindly treatment and educational opportunities that in an American city, in these closing years of the 19th century, are recognized as the rightful heritage of every child.

The second object of the agency is to find additional free, permanent homes for children who become dependent upon public or private charity. By advertisements and other means, 46 applications from families desiring to receive children were received during the year. Applications are carefully investigated by correspondence and by personal visitation. As a result, 20 were, after full investigation, approved, 20 were disapproved, and 6 had not been fully investigated at the close of the year. Of the 20 homes that were approved, 12 were provided with children, of whom 6 had been city charges (5 directly from the Children's Home, and 1 replaced), 3 were from the Home for the Friendless, and 3 from individuals. All these homes were in the State of New York.

The following comparison between the population of the Children's Home, which was seriously overcrowded when the work of the agency began in October, 1894, and on October 1, 1898, is of interest:

	Oct. 1, 1894.	Oct. 1, 1898.
Number of orphans	4	0
Number of half orphans	21	17
Children having both parents living	20	11
Total	45	28

Of the children in the Home October 1, 1898, 18 were boys and 10 girls. The number of children who have been in the Home more than two years is now only 6 as compared with 21 when the agency began its work four years ago.

A sub-committee of the association maintains at the central office an agency for procuring situations in the country for destitute mothers with babies, and makes the following report of its work during the last year:

The object of this sub-committee is to provide situations at service in the country for destitute mothers with their babies. The purpose in so doing is to prevent the separation of mothers from their children, and thus to save the lives of the children by affording them the benefits of maternal care and love, and to strengthen, if need be, the character of the mother by encouraging and assisting her to discharge her responsibility toward her child.

The number of situations provided during each year since its establishment is as follows:

During	16 months	ending	September	30,	1894	185
"	year	"	"	"	1895	277
"	"	"	"	"	1896	297
"	"	"	"	"	1897	311
"	"	"	"	"	1898	341
	Total					1,411

The number of mothers who had not previously sought our assistance, but who were provided with situations, with their children, during the past year, is 185, as compared with 177 during the preceding year. * *

Of these 185 women, 60 were young unmarried mothers, especially in need of sympathetic counsel and kindly protection; 26 were widows, and 99 were deserted wives, or women whose husbands through illness or other cause could not support them. * * * * * * *

Of the 422 children under our care, 7 died during the year, 5 while the mothers were working in situations, and 2 in hospitals to which they had been returned on account of illness, a mortality rate of 1 6-10 per cent. We know of no other method of caring for large numbers of young children which can show anything like so low a mortality rate. The fact that the agency has been able to maintain during the five years of its work a mortality rate varying from 8-10 of one per cent. to 3 5-10 per cent. among the children under its care, is the strongest possible proof of the wisdom and beneficence of its methods. Even in the best regulated private institutions for the care of children less than two years of age, without their mothers, the death rate is usually from 20 to 30 per cent., while in public institutions it has been as a rule much higher, approaching, among certain classes of children, 90 or even 100 per cent.

The economy of this method is not less marked, though it is less important, than its saving of life and character. The total expenses of the agency were $1,979.31, an average of only $4.69 for each of the 422 mothers and babies who have been under our care during the year.

An interesting experiment has been carried on by a joint committee of the State Charities Aid Association and the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, in co-operation with the Commissioner of Public Charities, in boarding in families some of the foundlings and motherless babies, who are charges upon the city, and have heretofore been cared for in the Infants' hospital on Randall's island. The following is taken from the report of the joint committee:

The extreme and very unusual heat of the past summer, which resulted in a death rate in the city as a whole, during the month of July, among all classes of children under one year of age, including those nursed by their own mothers, of 32 9-10 per cent., and the condition in which the children were received from the Infants' Hospital, have together constituted the severest test to which the plan could possibly be put. The committee, moreover, could not, of course, select its children with a view to securing a low death rate, but rather has endeavored to do the very best possible in each case for those for whom there was no hope on Randall's Island. Notwithstanding these unfavorable conditions, the death rate among the boarded-out foundlings has been very much lower than among the foundlings in the Infants' Hospital in any of the three preceding years. The committee received up to September 30, 1898, 45 children, of whom 16 were living September 30, 1898; 1 had been returned to the Infants' Hospital for special reasons, and 28 had died—a mortality rate of 62 2-10 per cent. This figure compares very favorably with the records of the three preceding years, and it must be borne in mind that it covers only about five months, including the portion of the year that is most dangerous to child life. The committee believes that, by the end of the year covered by the agreement, this death rate will be materially reduced, and that working along the lines that have proven so successful elsewhere, the lives of a larger proportion of the motherless infants of this city will be saved.

The report of the committee on hospitals alludes to the large number of consumptive patients in the public hospitals in New York city, and suggests the consideration of the feasibility of establishing a State hospital for consumptive patients in the Adirondacks. An interesting account of the care of consumptives in foreign countries is given, including the following statistics as to the results secured in certain German institutions:

In the Sanatorium at Gaerbersdorf 5,440 patients were admitted during the eleven years—1876 to 1886 inclusive. Concerning 408 cases the records are missing, but the results in the remaining 5,032 have been carefully tabulated and are as follows:

Those received in the	Number.	Cured.	Nearly cured.	Total cured or nearly cured.
1st stage.....	1,390 (27.62%)	387 (27.8%)	430 (31%)	817 (58%)
2d stage.....	2,225 (44.21%)	152 (6.8%)	325 (14.6%)	477 (43%)
3d stage.....	1,417 (28.16%)	12 (0.84%)	33 (2.3%)	45 (3.14%)
	5,032	551 (11%)	788 (15.6%)	1,339 (26.6%)

A special inquiry made in 1890 as to the later history of cases discharged as cured showed that of 40 patients discharged in 1876 as cured, or nearly cured, 25 were living and in good health in 1890; 2 had died from phthisis and 13 from unknown causes. Other results were as follows:

5 cases cured remained well 20-29 years.
52 " " " " 12-21 "
38 " " " " 7-12 "

At Falkenstein's Sanatorium of a total of 1,022, 132, or 13 2-10 per cent., were discharged as cured, and 110, or 11 per cent., as nearly cured. Of 99 patients discharged as cured, 72 were living and in perfect health from three to nine years afterward. Of the 15 cases of a recurrence of the disease 12 were again restored to health.

At the Reiboldsgrün Sanatorium the following statistics are given as to the results of the treatment of 2,000 patients:

Cured.	Materially improved.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Died
13.66%	28.02%	28.60%	25.20%	4.52%

The statistics of these three institutions, covering more than 8,000 cases, show an average of about 13 per cent. of cures, and a still larger percentage of patients nearly cured or materially improved, these cases being often equivalent to complete recovery ultimately. When one remembers that only a short time ago consumption was held to be, under all circumstances, an incurable disease, such sanitoria must be regarded as remarkably successful.

In forty-five of the sixty counties of the State the association has organized county visiting committees, whose duty it is to visit the public charities of these counties and report to the central office. Abstracts from the reports are given, showing the improvements made during the past year in various almshouses and the present needs of these institutions in various counties. The following paragraphs are taken from this portion of the report:

The 45 county visiting committees continue their supervision over the county, city and town almshouses and hospitals of their respective counties. Reports have been received from 43 of them and show that about 300 visits have been made during the past year to the institutions subject to the inspection of the committees. This number does not include the very large number of visits made by the members of the New York and Kings county committees to the numerous public charitable institutions of the Boroughs of Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx.

The assistant secretary has visited during the year the county almshouses of Montgomery, Suffolk and Westchester counties and the town almshouse of North Hempstead and Oyster Bay, and has attended most of the meetings of committees in the counties in and near New York city.

Many improvements have been secured during the past year as a result of the visits and recommendations made during the previous year. Of the 38 county, city and town almshouses visited from the central office during the year ending September 30, 1897, 16 have since had their needs brought to the attention of county boards of supervisors or city boards of estimate and apportionment, through representatives or communications from our committees, supported in several cases by letters from the central office. The results of this action are given under the reports of the different committees. The general effect of this widespread appeal to the official bodies which have charge of the distribution of public money may be summed up by saying that in almost every case the suggestions of our committees have been courteously received and carefully considered and some or all of the needs which seemed most urgent have been met by suitable appropriations.

Brief reports of the Hospital Book and Newspaper Society and of the Society for Instruction in First Aid to the Injured, both of which were established by the State Charities Aid Association, are included.

The closing paragraph of the report is as follows:

We would close our twenty-sixth annual report to the State Board of Charities, by expressing our conviction, never clearer nor stronger than at present, that citizens who wish to help their fellows can do so in no way more effectively than by uniting their efforts with those of public officials, in behalf of the charities that are conducted in the name of all the people. Our observation and experience lead us to believe that year by year conditions become more favorable for such co-operation, and the future of our public institutions becomes correspondingly more hopeful.

TWENTY-FIFTH NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

New York State was honored by having its greatest city chosen as the meeting place of the Twenty-fifth National Conference of Charities and Correction. This important Conference was organized in New York City in 1874, and very appropriately returned there to celebrate its quarter-centennial anniversary. The Board was at the same time especially honored by the election of its President to the responsible position of President of the Conference.

Early in the year a local committee of one hundred, composed of New York City's most representative citizens was appointed, with Hon. Joseph H. Choate as chairman and Mr. Jacob H. Schiff as treasurer, and the arrangements made by this committee for the reception and care of the members of the Conference and in all the other matters committed to its care were of the most satisfactory nature and contributed largely to the unprecedented success which attended the meeting. An auxiliary committee of ladies, also appointed by the President, rendered efficient service, particularly in the decoration of the places of meeting.

The opening session was held in Carnegie Music Hall, in New York City, on the evening of May 18, 1898, and probably never before was there gathered in New York, or possibly elsewhere, such a large, intelligent and enthusiastic audience of men and women actively engaged or interested in practical philanthropic work. The cordiality of the welcome extended to visiting delegates by the citizens of New York City who were interested in the Conference was of the most pleasing nature and a credit to the State. The Conference was called to order by the Presi-

dent, the presentation of whose address on "The Duty of the State to the Erring and the Dependent," which is printed as an appended paper to this report, being reserved until the opening session of the following day. Addresses of welcome were delivered by the Hon. Joseph H. Choate, for the local committee of one hundred, by President Seth Low, of Columbia College and ex-mayor of the city of Brooklyn, speaking for the city of New York, and by Archbishop Corrigan and Bishop Potter. These were responded to in behalf of the Conference by Mr. Alexander Johnson, of Indiana, President of the Twenty-fourth Conference, speaking for the West; by Mr. Frank B. Sanborn, of Massachusetts, President of the Eighth Conference, speaking for the East; and by Jeffrey R. Brackett, Ph. D., of Maryland, speaking for the South.

General sessions of the Conference were held at Association Hall, Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue, daily thereafter, except on Sunday, until the morning of May 25th, when the Conference closed. Sectional meetings for the more intimate consideration and discussion of selected topics were carried on by the various committees, at Association Hall or in assembly rooms near by, on the mornings of the 20th, 21st and 23rd insts. On Sunday evening, May 22d, an impressive Conference service was held at Grace Church, Broadway and Tenth street, at which an eloquent sermon was preached by the Rector, the Rev. William R. Huntington, D. D.

The meetings throughout were well attended, many useful and interesting papers were presented, and the discussions which followed them were of so earnest a nature as to maintain an almost unflagging interest in the proceedings.

The following program was followed without any material deviation:

PROGRAM OF THE CONFERENCE.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 19, AT 10 O'CLOCK.

Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building, Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue.

General Session.

1. Business meeting.
2. President's Annual Address, Hon. William R. Stewart, President of the New York State Board of Charities.

ABUSE OF MEDICAL CHARITIES.

1. Report of Committee (historical sketch of medical charities), Stephen Smith, M. D., chairman, Commissioner of New York State Board of Charities.
2. The Use and Abuse of Medical Charities in the Care and Treatment of the Sick Poor, Henry M. Hurd, M. D., Superintendent Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore.
3. The Use and Abuse of Medical Charities in their Relation to Medical Education, Prof. Austin Flint, Professor of Physiology, Bellevue Medical College, New York.
4. The Use and Abuse of Medical Charities in their Relation to the Work of Religious Societies and Churches, Rev. David H. Greer, D.D., Rector of St. Bartholomew's Church, New York.

IMMIGRATION AND INTER-STATE MIGRATION.

1. Report of Committee, Hon. Richard Guenther, Chairman, President Wisconsin State Board of Control.
2. The Relation of Immigration to Insanity in Europe and America, Mr. F. B. Sanborn, Concord, Mass.
3. The Workings of the New Minnesota Law with Reference to Alien and Non-Resident Dependents, Mr. W. A. Gates, St. Paul, Minn., Agent Minnesota State Board of Correction and Charities.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

Visits to New York institutions under escort of Committee on Visits or of resident members.

THURSDAY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

General Session.

MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY CHARITIES (INCLUDING PUBLIC OUT-DOOR RELIEF).

1. Report of Committee, Mr. Homer Folks, Chairman, Secretary New York State Charities Aid Association.
2. Discussion by: Hon. Josiah Quincy, Mayor of Boston; Hon. John W. Keller, President Department of Public Charities, city of New York; Hon. Joseph H. Choate, President New York State Charities Aid Association.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 20, AT 10 O'CLOCK.

Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

1. Short Business Session, followed by Sectional Meetings.

Section Meetings at 10.30 O'clock.

COMMITTEE ON ABUSE OF MEDICAL CHARITIES.

Stephen Smith, M. D., Chairman, Library of Charity Organization Society, United Charities Building, Twenty-second street and Fourth avenue.

Remedial Measures Proposed for New York State, Frederick H. Wiggin, M. D., Vice-President American Medical Association.

Measures Proposed for Pennsylvania, Samuel Wolfe, M. D., Physician to Philadelphia Hospital.

Measures Proposed for Massachusetts, Frank E. Draper, M. D., Surgeon to the Ophthalmic Hospital, Boston.

Proposed Method of Investigation and Registration of Applicants for Medical Relief, Mr. Robert W. Hebberd, Secretary New York State Board of Charities.

General Discussion: D. B. St. John Roosa, M. D., Professor Post-Graduate Medical College, New York; Mr. James G. Cannon, President Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York; A. B. Norton, M. D., President New York State Homeopathic Medical Society; E. H. Porter, M. D., ex-President New York State Homeopathic Medical Society; Wickes Washburn, M. D., Secretary Committee on Legislation, New York County Medical Society.

COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION AND INTER-STATE MIGRATION.

Hon. Richard Guenther, Chairman, Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

Discussion of the report of the committee and of the papers presented at the general session of the committee, on the previous day.

COMMITTEE ON INSANITY.

William G. Stearns, M. D., Chairman; Richard Dewey, M. D., Presiding, Committee Room, Church Missions House, Twenty-second street and Fourth avenue.

After-care of Indigent Persons Discharged Recovered from Institutions for the Insane, Henry R. Stedman, M. D., Boston, Mass.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY CHARITIES.

Mr. Homer Folks, Chairman, Board Room, Church Missions House, Twenty-second street and Fourth avenue.

Is it Practicable to Classify Inmates of Almshouses on the Basis of Character or Conduct? Mrs. R. C. Lincoln, Member and Secretary of the Board of Pauper Institutions Trustees, Boston, Mass.

Discussion by Mr. Joseph P. Byers, Secretary of the State Board of Charities, Ohio.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION OF CHARITY.

Mr. John M. Glenn, Chairman, Assembly Hall, United Charities Building, Twenty-second street and Fourth avenue.

Friendly Visiting, Its Scope and Possibilities.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON THE DUTY OF THE STATE TO DELINQUENT CHILDREN.

Mr. Peter Caldwell, Chairman, Lecture Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

What are Proper Incentives to Reform? Mr. T. J. Charlton, Superintendent State Reform School, Indiana.

The Boy and Girl Out on Parole, Miss Grace Johnston, State Agent, Training School, Minnesota.

A Scheme of Anthropological Study for Children's Institutions, Henry Dwight Chapin, M. D., Professor of Diseases of Children, New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON THE DUTY OF THE STATE TO DEPENDENT CHILDREN.

Mrs. E. E. Williamson, Chairman, East Parlor, Y. M. C. A. Building.

Child Saving, Mr. Charles W. Birtwell, General Secretary Children's Aid Society, Boston.

Discussion by Mrs. Williamson.

General discussion.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

Visits to Institutions.

FRIDAY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

General Session.

POLITICS IN CHARITABLE AND PENAL INSTITUTIONS.

1. Report of Committee, Prof. Charles R. Henderson, D. D., Chairman, Department of Sociology, University of Chicago.
2. Discussion by: Prof. Frank Fetter, Bloomington, Ind.; Mrs. Charles R. Lowell, New York; Mr. James Massie, Toronto; Mr. J. G. Thorp, Cambridge, Mass.
3. Address, Hon. Carl Schurz, New York.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 21, AT 10 O'CLOCK.

Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

1. Short Business Session.

Section Meetings at 10.30 O'clock.

COMMITTEE ON INSANITY.

William G. Stearns, M. D., Chairman, Committee Room, Church Missions House.

The Professional Work in Hospitals for the Insane, Edward Cowles, M. D., Medical Superintendent McLean Hospital, Waverly, Mass.

Discussion:

a. In Clinical Work, Adolph Meyer, M. D., Worcester, Mass.

b. In Laboratory Pathology, Ira B. Van Gieson, M. D., New York, N. Y.

c. In Laboratory Psychology, Prof. W. O. Krohn, Ph. D., Hospital, Ill.

d. In Europe, Albert Moll, M. D., University of Berlin, Germany.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY CHARITIES.

Mr. Homer Folks, Chairman, Board Room, Church Missions House.

What Should be the Field of Public Charity in a Great City? Jeffrey R. Brackett, Ph. D., ex-Trustee of the Poor, Baltimore, Md.

Discussion by Mr. Herbert W. Lewis, Superintendent of Charities, District of Columbia.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION OF CHARITY.

Mr. John M. Glenn, Chairman, Assembly Hall, United Charities Building.

Relief Societies, Their Functions and Relations to Other Charitable Agencies, discussion by Mr. Nathaniel S. Rosenau, Manager United Hebrew Charities, New York.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON THE DUTY OF THE STATE TO DELINQUENT CHILDREN.

Mr. Peter Caldwell, Chairman, Lecture Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

What Methods of Instruction or Agencies Employed will Best Induce Right Habits of Thinking on the Part of the Pupils of our Schools? Mr. W. C. Kilvington, Superintendent Tennessee Industrial School.

Care and Training of Delinquents Outside of Institutions, Mrs. E. G. Evans, Secretary Board of Trustees, Lyman School for Boys, Westboro, Mass.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON THE DUTY OF THE STATE TO DEPENDENT CHILDREN.

Mrs. E. E. Williamson, Chairman, East Parlor, Y. M. C. A. Building.

Duty of the State to Dependent Children, Prof. Byron C. Mathews.

Discussion by Mr. Hugh F. Fox, Commissioner on Dependent Children, State of New Jersey.

General discussion.

SATURDAY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

General Session.

INSANITY.

1. Report of Committee, William G. Stearns, Chairman, Superintendent Illinois Eastern Hospital.
2. Advanced Professional Work in Hospital for the Insane, Edward Cowles, M. D., Medical Superintendent McLean Hospital, Waverly, Mass.

Discussion by Hon. Peter M. Wise, M. D., President State Commission in Lunacy, New York.

3. The Care of the Insane as a Function of the State, Hon. Daniel H. Hastings, Governor of Pennsylvania.

Discussion by Hon. J. C. Corbus, M. D., President Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities, Illinois.

General discussion.

SUNDAY EVENING, MAY 22, AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Conference service in Grace Church, Broadway and Tenth street; sermon by the Rev. William R. Huntington, D. D., rector.

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 23, AT 10 O'CLOCK.
Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

Short Business Session.

Section Meetings.

COMMITTEE ON INSANITY.

William G. Stearns, M. D., Chairman, Committee Room, Church Missions House.

Round Table.

COMMITTEE ON MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY CHARITIES.

Mr. Homer Folks, Chairman, Board Room, Church Missions House.

What I Have Learned About Public Out-door Relief and Poorhouse Management, in Fourteen Years' Experience as Superintendent of the Poor, Mr. J. R. Washburn, Superintendent of the Poor of Jefferson County, N. Y.

Discussion by Mr. Franklin B. Wallin, President of the Poor Commission of Grand Rapids, Mich.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION OF CHARITY.

Mr. John M. Glenn, Chairman, Assembly Hall, United Charities Building.

Charitable Employment Agencies, Their Methods and Limitations.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON THE DUTY OF THE STATE TO DELINQUENT CHILDREN.

Mr. Peter Caldwell, Chairman, Lecture Room, Y. M. C. A. Building.

Justifiable Paroles, Mr. C. M. Harrison, Superintendent Newark City Home, New Jersey.

The Placing Out of Juvenile Delinquents in Homes, and Their Proper Supervision, Rev. T. F. Hickey, Rector of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rochester, N. Y.

General discussion.

COMMITTEE ON DUTY OF THE STATE TO DEPENDENT CHILDREN.

Mrs. E. E. Williamson, Chairman, East Parlor, Y. M. C. A. Building.

The Relation of a State Board of Charities to Child-Saving Societies and Institutions, Mr. Hugh F. Fox, Commissioner on Dependent Children, New Jersey.

Discussion by Miss M. E. Richmond, General Secretary Charity Organization Society, Baltimore, Md.

General discussion.

MONDAY AFTERNOON.

Visits to Institutions.

MONDAY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

General Session.

DUTY OF THE STATE TO DEPENDENT CHILDREN.

1. The Street Arab, Mrs. E. E. Williamson, Secretary State Charities Aid Association, New Jersey.
2. The Interference of a Municipality in Behalf of its Wards, Mr. Ernest Bicknell, General Superintendent Bureau of Associated Charities, Chicago.

Discussion by: Mr. Thomas M. Mulry, Secretary Superior Council of the New York Society of St. Vincent de Paul; Mr. Homer Folks, Secretary State Charities Aid Association, New York.

3. The Care of Deformed and Crippled Children, Newton M. Shaffer, M. D., Clinical Professor of Orthopædic Surgery, Medical Department, New York University.

Discussion by Mrs. H. M. Laughlin, Boston, Mass.

General discussion.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 24, AT 10 O'CLOCK.
Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

General Session.

DUTY OF THE STATE TO DELINQUENT CHILDREN.

1. Report of Committee, Mr. Peter Caldwell, Chairman, Superintendent Louisville Industrial School of Reform.
2. The Proper Care and Training of Juvenile Delinquents; Their Classification, Education, Moral and Industrial Training, Mr. James Allison, Superintendent House of Refuge, Cincinnati.

3. Home Training, and Why We Need Reform Schools, Mr. C. W. Ainsworth, Superintendent State Industrial School, South Dakota.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

Visits to Institutions.

TUESDAY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

General Session.

ORGANIZATION OF CHARITY.

1. Report of Committee, Mr. John M. Glenn, Chairman, Manager Charity Organization Society, Baltimore.
2. The Churches in Charity Work, Rev. James M. Pullman, D. D., President Associated Charities, Lynn, Mass.
3. Great Advances in Charities and Correction, a Historical Review, Daniel C. Gilman, LL. D., President Johns Hopkins University and of the Charity Organization Society of Baltimore.

Discussion.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 25, AT 10 O'CLOCK.

Association Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building.

General Session.

PREVENTION OF FEEBLE-MINDEDNESS, FROM A LEGAL AND MORAL STANDPOINT.

1. Report of Committee, James C. Carson, M. D., Chairman, Superintendent Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.
2. The Prevention of Feeble-Mindedness from a Legal and Moral Standpoint, George H. Knight, M. D., Superintendent School for Imbeciles, Lakeville, Conn.
3. The Remedial, Economic and Ethical Value of Labor for the Defective and Dependent Classes, William T. Spratling, M. D., Superintendent Craig Colony for Epileptics, Sonyea, N. Y.

LAWS OF SETTLEMENT AND THE RIGHT TO PUBLIC RELIEF.

1. Report of Committee, Fred. H. Wines, LL. D., Chairman, Secretary Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities, Illinois.
2. The Advantages of Strict Settlement Laws, Mr. F. B. Sanborn, Concord, Mass.

Closing Exercises of the Conference of 1898.

Delegates and visitors to the number of 1,039 were registered as being in attendance, the representation by States being as follows: California, 2; Colorado, 4; Connecticut, 28; Delaware, 4; District of Columbia, 14; Georgia, 1; Illinois, 24; Indiana, 23; Iowa, 4; Kentucky, 4; Maine, 1; Maryland, 29; Massachusetts, 107; Michigan, 39; Minnesota, 16; Mississippi, 1; Missouri, 6; Nebraska, 5; New Hampshire, 1; New Jersey, 39; New Mexico, 1; North Carolina, 3; Ohio, 43; Oregon, 1; Pennsylvania, 32; Rhode Island, 7; South Dakota, 2; Tennessee, 5; Texas, 3; Virginia, 3; Vermont, 1; Wisconsin, 7; Wyoming, 3; Mexico, 1; Canada, 7; and New York, 568.

A new feature of the Conference was the medal, issued in silver and in bronze by the American Numismatic and Archaeo-

Medal issued by the American Numismatic and Archaeological Society, to commemorate the session of the 25th National Conference of Charities and Correction, held in New York May 18th to 25th, 1898

logical Society, at the instance of the local committee, for the purpose of appropriately commemorating the visit to New York.

A photographic reproduction, in full size, of this artistic piece of work is herewith given.

The Twenty-sixth National Conference of Charities and Correction is to be held in Cincinnati, in May, 1899, and its proceedings will be in charge of the following-named officers and committees:

PRESIDENT.
CHARLES R. HENDERSON, D.D., Chicago.

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CONFERENCE ON ROMAN CATHOLIC CHARITIES.

A conference on Catholic Charities was held in connection with the Catholic Summer School of America, at the Assembly grounds of the school at Cliff Haven on Lake Champlain, on August 8, 9 and 10, 1898, under the auspices of a special committee whose members are prominent in Catholic charitable work, with Mr. Thomas M. Mulry and Mr. George J. Gillespie of New York City as chairman and secretary respectively.

Two well attended sessions of this conference were held daily in the Auditorium, and the papers presented and the discussions which followed them were not only of an interesting nature but were unusually practical as well.

Some of these papers were: "Permanent Organization; its Need and Benefit in Catholic Charities," by Hon. John T. McDonough of Albany; "The Laws of the State of New York in Relation to Private Charities," by Mr. Michael J. Scanlan of New York; "Out-door Relief as Administered by Church Societies," by Mr. Luke J. Lindon of Mt. Vernon; "Day Nurseries as a Means of Helping the Poor to Help Themselves," by Mrs. Marie A. Lopez of New York; "Our Infant Asylums; their Aim and Achievements," by Mrs. Elizabeth A. Cronyn of Buffalo; "Care of Destitute and Delinquent Children," by Mr. George B. Robinson of New York; "Our Placing-out System. Need of Co-operation and Supervision," by Mr. James E. Dougherty of New York.

The Board was represented at this conference by the secretary who, on the evening of August 10, delivered an address on the subject of "Charity in its Relations to Civil Government," taking the place and topic on the program originally assigned to the Hon. Edmund F. O'Connor of Binghamton, then but recently deceased.

The next conference on Catholic Charities will probably be held in the City of New York some time during the present year.

TRAINING CLASS IN PHILANTHROPIC WORK.

Of a somewhat different character from these conferences of charities, but, in the estimation of the Board, conducive, doubtless to very similar beneficent results, was the training class in philanthropic work conducted by the Charity Organization So-

ciety of the City of New York in the months of June and July, 1898.

Although, as it appears, originally intended for but fifteen students, there were in the neighborhood of forty applicants for membership in this class, of whom but twenty-seven could be accepted, however, and the Society reports that all but two of these students continued in attendance until the close of the school.

A certain well chosen course of study was prescribed and followed, lectures on charitable and related work were given almost daily by persons prominent in such work, among the speakers being the secretary of the Board, and frequent visits were made to institutions for relief or correction in order that they might be carefully examined and studied.

At the least, the result of carrying on this class must have been sensibly to increase the number of those possessing an intelligent conception of charitable and correctional work and of underlying social questions, and this of itself is to be counted as a distinct and gratifying gain.

Such efforts as these are cordially welcomed by the Board, for in the civilization of to-day, which is rapidly growing more complex, and presenting problems difficult of analysis, it is important that those who seek to benefit the poor should act with wisdom born of knowledge, and that careless and hap-hazard methods should not have countenance or support.

A PROPOSED NEW YORK STATE CONFERENCE OF CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

The statistics, covering the previous fiscal year, collected by the Board from the officers of charitable institutions, show that the public and the private charities in this State, which are sub-

ject to the supervision of and report to the Board, had an annual income exceeding $23,000,000; that they expended nearly $22,000,000; and owned real and personal property conservatively estimated to be worth $103,000,000; also that within the year in question they administered charitable assistance of various kinds, more or less costly, to a great army, reported as numbering over 2,500,000 beneficiaries, but actually representing a very much smaller number of individuals, there being considerable unavoidable duplication in counting for the reason that any given applicant might have drawn relief from several sources and been counted by each one. At the same time, those well informed upon the subject are of the opinion that the unregistered and unreported charity which is bestowed in this State will to a very considerable extent compensate for any duplication that exists in the official returns.

These figures must very clearly indicate the gigantic extent to which the charities of New York State have grown, and as clearly emphasize the necessity for the best and wisest methods of charitable administration in order that the poor may be most suitably relieved, while pauperism and its attendant evils, which constitute a dangerous and hurtful drain upon the industrial energy of the State, are diminished to the fullest extent practicable.

Those who attended the National Conference of Charities and Correction, the Convention of County Superintendents of the Poor and the Conference on Catholic Charities, all held within this State during 1898, must have become impressed with the belief that it is impossible for earnest men and women to meet together to consider and discuss the important topics relating to charitable work without very much good being accomplished

thereby, and that such Conferences, by affording a convenient and congenial field for the exchange of useful ideas, are of great practical utility and should be judiciously encouraged as a direct aid to the growth of sound principles and correct methods of work.

For these various reasons the Board has appointed a committee consisting of the President and Commissioners Stoddard, Smith, Marvin and Dahlgren to take steps to establish on a sound and satisfactory basis a Conference of Charities and Correction of the State of New York which, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations, shall welcome to its meetings all in the State who have an active interest in its public or private charitable work.

It has seemed to the Board that it would be well to arrange to hold the initial meeting of this Conference in the early fall of 1900 in the Assembly Chamber of the Capitol in Albany, if possible, thus affording ample time and opportunity for consultation with various organizations and persons likely to be interested in the project, and that the Conference should meet annually thereafter, having officers and committees of its own choosing, at such places in the State as it may select from year to year. Eleven States have already established and have in successful operation Conferences such as the Board proposes for this State.

APPENDED PAPERS.

The following reports and papers have been accepted by the Board for transmission to the Legislature:

Address of William Rhinelander Stewart, President of the Twenty-fifth National Conference of Charities and Correction, on "The Duty of the State to the Erring and the Dependent."

Memorial to Dr. Charles S. Hoyt, deceased, formerly Secretary and later Superintendent of State and Alien Poor, in the service of the State Board of Charities, by Miss Julia S. Hoag, clerk to the Board.

Brief of Hon. Theodore E. Hancock, Attorney-General of the State of New York, in the case of The People of the State of New York ex rel. State Board of Charities against The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

Decision and order of mandamus of Mr. Justice Giegerich of the New York Supreme Court at Special Term, October, 1898, in the case of The People of the State of New York ex rel. The State Board of Charities against The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

Brief in opposition to certain provisions of Senate bill No. 108, and Assembly bill No. 234, entitled "An act in relation to Education, constituting chapter 22 of the general laws," which proposed act was prepared by and introduced at the instance of the Commissioners of Statutory Revision.

Report of the Committee on Reformatories.

Report of the Committee on Idiots and Feeble-Minded.

Report of the Committee on Soldiers and Sailors' Homes.

Report of the Committee on Craig Colony.

Report of the Medical Superintendent of Craig Colony.

Report of the Committee on the Blind.

Report on the Deaf.

Report on the Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, by Commissioner Putnam.

Report of the Committee on Inspection.

Report of the Committee on Orphan Asylums and Children's Homes.

Report of an investigation into the management of the House of Mercy, New York city.

Report of an investigation into the management of the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, New York city.

Report of an investigation into the management of the American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.

Report of visitation of almshouses in the Third Judicial District by Commissioner Marvin.

Report of visitation of almshouses in the Fourth Judicial District, by Commissioner Aldrich.

Report on the Care of the Poor in Montgomery County by Henry D. Kerr, Inspector of Almshouses.

Report of visitation of almshouses in the Fifth Judicial District, by Commissioner McCarthy.

Report of visitation of almshouses in the Seventh Judicial District, by Commissioner Stoddard.

Report of visitation of almshouses in the Eighth Judicial District, by Commissioner Putnam.

Report in regard to State and Alien poor, by Dr. Charles S. Hoyt, Superintendent of State and Alien Poor.

WILLIAM R. STEWART,

President.

Attest:

ROBERT W. HEBBERD,

Secretary.

Dated ALBANY, *January* 12, 1899.

APPENDED PAPERS.

Twenty-fifth National Conference of Charities and Correction.

ADDRESS

OF

WILLIAM RHINELANDER STEWART,

President of the New York State Board of Charities, President of the Conference,

ON

"The Duty of the State to the Erring and the Dependent."

Association Hall, New York City, May 19, 1898.

REPRINTED FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE TWENTY-FIFTH NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

Twenty-fifth National Conference of Charities and Correction.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The Duty of the State to the Erring and the Dependent.

The Constitution of the United States does not contain the word "charity." The national government makes statutory provision for Indians on their reservations, for destitute veterans by pensions, and for the dependent of the District of Columbia; but, with these exceptions, the duty of making public provision for the dependent in general is relegated to the States. The recognition of this duty is as old as history. Every nation, on emerging from barbarism into civilization, has in some way acknowledged the obligation to distribute relief from the common store to the poor, the sick, and the unfortunate.

Assuming, therefore, that the State as a political entity owes a duty to the dependent and to the erring also, when and how should this duty be admitted? To what classes should State relief be directly extended. What others may with safety be left to county, municipal, and private care? Should State authority supervise all charitable administration, not only public but private? If so, how far should this supervision extend, and by whom should it be exercised? These are some of the leading questions that would seem to invite consideration at a gathering like this.

The beginning of public or private charitable work in any new community is seldom organized. House to house relief is extended, the wayfarers are sheltered and fed, the sick visited and cared for. With the growth of villages, towns, and cities, their residents are obliged to unite to make public or private provision of an organized kind for the sick and the unfortunate.

in order that the burden of their support may be more wisely distributed and better results achieved. Thus county, city, or town almshouses, hospitals, asylums, and the like, in turn take their place in a system of charitable administration.

Later, as communities grow larger and in a sense more prosperous, originate the hospital, orphan asylum, home for the aged, general relief societies, and kindred charitable organizations under private management.

Into the public institutions, and, indeed, into some of the private ones, find admission, from time to time, insane persons, feeble-minded, idiots, epileptics, and the deformed, for whom no separate asylum has been provided, and who become a source of disturbance to the inmates for whose care these institutions were opened, while the unfortunates themselves are condemned to needless suffering for want of the special care and attention their condition requires. Hence arises an intelligent demand for State care for the insane, the criminal, the idiot, and for other unfortunates.

The organic law of every State should explicitly acknowledge the obligation of its people to make provision for the destitute insane, idiotic, feeble-minded, deformed, and epileptic, and the delinquent or criminal. The State owes no higher duty than the protection of its citizenship from the dangers and pollution incidental to the unrestrained commingling of these defectives with the people generally; nor is there a greater evil than the increase of their kind. Wise public policy requires that for these unfortunates uniform and suitable custodial care or restraint should be provided by the State. The destitute blind and deaf, whose education, by reason of their deprivation of a sense, is rendered difficult and expensive, should also be maintained and educated by the State, in order that they may, by early training and instruction, become self-supporting and intelligent citizens.

There should be no delay until abuses in private, municipal, or county administration, enforce the extension of State care. Before the need has arisen, the duty should be acknowledged

and the promise given that the State will assume the care of all the classes of unfortunate or defective people named whose relations are unable to make suitable provisions for them.

By the Revised Constitution, adopted in 1894, the State of New York, for the first time, assumed in the fundamental law the duty of State supervision for the defective and destitute, insane and criminal, by directing the legislature to provide for State boards or commissions of charities, lunacy and prisons, to visit and inspect all institutions for the dependents, or delinquents in the State. Subsequent legislation, enacted pursuant to the authority of the Constitution, further provided that all county, municipal, and private charities should be subject to the supervision of the State Board of Charities. For many years previous, State care had been generously extended to the insane, idiots, feeble-minded, and other unfortunates, while for the juvenile or older offenders and more hardened criminals, State reformatories and prisons were established when required.

By more recent legislation the State of New York has also made provision for destitute veterans in homes at Bath and Oxford, for Indian children at the Thomas Asylum at Versailles, and for epileptics on a farm known as "Craig Colony," so named in recognition of the public services to humanity of the late Oscar Craig, of Rochester, formerly president of the New York State Board of Charities, and Vice-President of the Seventeenth National Conference of Charities and Correction. This colony was established in 1894, and is the only one of its kind in the United States. In passing, a tribute should be paid to Ohio, the first State to undertake the care and treatment of epileptics in an asylum founded exclusively for the reception of persons afflicted with this mysterious disease, opened in 1893. Massachusetts, California, and New Jersey have since taken steps in the same direction.

While, therefore, advanced ground has recently been taken by the State of New York on the subject of State care for the dependent classes, it as yet only inferentially recognizes this duty, by direction to the legislature to make provision for the three

supervisory boards named. That the consideration of this constitutional obligation is important may be demonstrated by the fact that in no State Constitution is the obligation of the State to provide for the dependent clearly admitted, except in that of North Carolina, which, by Article XI., section 7, declares, "Beneficent provision for the poor, the unfortunate, and orphan, "being one of the first duties of a civilized and Christian State, "the General Assembly shall, at its first session, appoint and "define the duties of a Board of Public Charities, to whom shall "be intrusted the supervision of all charitable and penal institu-"tions, and who shall annually report to the governor upon "their condition, with suggestions of their improvement." All honor to North Carolina, who has pointed out this duty to her sister States!

The Constitution of Nebraska, by section 19, provides that "the commissioner of public lands and buildings, the secretary "of State, treasurer, and attorney-general shall form a board, "which shall have general supervision and control of all the "buildings, grounds, and lands of the State, the State prison, "asylums and all other institutions thereof, except those for "educational purposes; and shall perform such duties and be "subject to such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by "law."

The Constitution of South Dakota, by Article XIV., section 1, declares what the charitable and penal institutions shall consist of, and by section 2 directs that: "the State institutions provided for in the preceding sections shall be under the control of a State Board of Charities and Correction, under such rules and restrictions as the legislature shall provide; such board to consist of not to exceed five members, to be appointed by the governor and confirmed by the Senate, and whose compensation shall be fixed by law."

The Constitution of Wyoming, in section 18 and 19, provides, under the caption Charitable and Penal Institutions: "Such "charitable, reformatory, and penal institutions as the claims "of humanity and the public good may require shall be estab-

"lished and supported by the State in such manner as the legis-
"lature may prescribe. They shall be under the general super-
"vision of the State Board of Charities and Reform, whose duties
"and powers shall be prescribed by law." "The property of all
"charitable and penal institutions belonging to the Territory of
"Wyoming shall, upon the adoption of this constitution, become
"the property of the State of Wyoming, and such of said institu-
"tions as are then in actual operation shall thereafter have the
"supervision of the Board of Charities and Reform, as provided
"in the last preceding section of this article, under provisions of
"the legislature."

No State has reasonably fulfilled its duty to the dependent, which has not only acknowledged this duty in the organic law, but has also established, in such law, supervising commissions of charities, prisons, and, if need be, of lunacy. Adequate State Supervision should be thus provided for, and removed from the uncertainties of legislative action. Only the five States already named have taken this step. Sixteen other States have by statute established supervisory boards under various titles. Twenty-four States, among them several of our oldest and most populous, have as yet intrusted a commission to no Board to see that their wards are suitably cared for and protected. The number establishing commissions is, however, increasing; and the hope is expressed that the thirtieth assemblage of this body will be participated in by delegates of State Boards from every State.

This statement leads to an inquiry as to the condition of the wards of those States not yet exercising State supervision. Who can answer for them? The delegates from these States should give earnest and early consideration to this important subject with the assurance that every member of the Conference will render all the assistance within his power to perfect a suitable supervisory system within them.

The power of appointment of such State Boards should be conferred upon the governor. The usual safeguard against improper appointments is confirmation of the nomination by the Senate. Long terms of office are desirable to secure a continuing

policy, resulting from experience. In the State of New York the term of office of the Charities and Prison Commissions is eight years and of the Lunacy Commission six years, and reappointment of useful members, irrespective of political considerations, has been usual. Whatever allowance may be made for the exigencies of politics, party preferences ought not to control appointments to commissions charged with the protection of the wards of the State. Such appointments are crimes against the people, as under them the best conditions of care and reformation cannot be obtained; and, in an enlightened condition of public opinion, they would be visited with general condemnation.

If a board of three is contemplated, a lawyer, a physician, and a business man might well be selected, since these could bring to the service of the State, and to the oversight of its dependents, the special sorts of knowledge proper to their several fields of activity. This principle of selection could be wisely followed in any enlargement of the membership of such a board. Supervision over all the charitable and correctional institutions of a State, the population of which does not exceed one million, can be maintained by a single commission of from three to five members; but the proper supervision of the dependents of States whose people number several millions, and the inevitable tendency to specialization, would doubtless require the establishment of separate commissions of charities, lunacy and prisons, as is the case in the State of New York. Large boards are unwieldy, and their members are apt to lose in influence in proportion to their numerical increase. Boards of from three to seven members should be large enough for all reasonable purposes. Whenever possible, the geographical sections of the State, as well as the different religious creeds of its citizens, should be fairly represented in the membership. Any other principle of formation would give occasion for complaint.

Examination of the composition of twenty-one State Boards of charities, now established under different names, shows them to vary in number from four to twelve. The average number of members is six; and the largest, that of the New York State

Board of Charities, has twelve members, in addition to Constitutional Commissions of Prisons with eight members, and of Lunacy with three—a total of twenty-three State officers charged with the supervision of the dependent and the delinquent. The two commissions first named are practically unpaid, and the latter is salaried. With exceptions for special needs, it would seem advisable that these boards should not receive compensation for their services.

In the formation of any State board, or commission, of charities or correction or of prisons, or by whatever name designated, the public interest would be well served by the appointment of citizens who have already gained the public confidence by the successful management of some private charitable enterprise. These, having won their spurs on the field of battle against misery and crime, are entitled to be chosen for leadership. Such appointments are essentially practical, for the State and its wards would be immediately benefited by experience already gained along the same lines of work. They would also bring to the support of the State, through a board so constituted, the army of those unselfishly interested in the administration or management of private charities. The churches, philanthropists, and the press generally, sympathizing with the policy of such a board, would lend their influence in aid of the reforms inaugurated by it; and thus its powers and opportunities for good would be vastly increased.

Visitation and inspection, by such commissioners only, would be welcomed and cheerfully acquiesced in by all honest people engaged in charitable work; and the friction frequently resulting from unwise official action, by those intrusted with authority from other motives than fitness for it, would be obviated.

The duties of these supervisory boards will bring them frequently into touch with the executive, the State officers, and the legislature, with all of whom cordial relations are most desirable. Conscientious and prompt performance of every duty will be rewarded by the respect and confidence of the executive, who will naturally turn for information and suggestion, in all matters re-

lating to the management and expenditures of State institutions, to the boards charged by the State with the responsibility of their supervision.

Systematic inspections will at all times make possible a report to the legislature upon the general conditions and specific financial needs of each State institution. This is one of the most important duties of such boards. Recommendations for appropriations should be re-enforced by advocacy of them before the finance committees of the legislature and the governor. In regard to appropriations, the attitude would probably be intermediary between the law-making power of the State, desiring to secure a low tax rate, and the frequently extravagant demands of the managers of the institutions.

The relations with the State Comptroller are necessarily intimate, and should be harmonious. While the boards ought to have power to examine the books and accounts of all charitable or correctional institutions, public or private, and to make recommendations based thereon, the State Comptroller is the responsible financial officer of the State; and care should be exercised to avoid any encroachment upon his prerogatives. On the other hand, representations to him of the needs of institutions under his financial control should meet with his favorable response to the limits of his authority. Legal questions will, from time to time, necessitate the provision of counsel; and the designation by statute of the attorney-general to act as such is desirable. With his assistance, through the operation of the courts, compliance with the constitutional and statutory requirements of these boards may be enforced.

A natural expression of the civilization of our times is the foundation of private charitable institutions, societies, or associations. Their variety is restricted only by the number of human needs apparent, and includes many for the relief, even, of suffering animals. The people of the United States are said to devote more of their means for charitable objects than those of any other nation.

However bountiful public provision for the dependent may be, the larger number will find relief mainly from private benevolence. The luxury of generous giving is indulged in by wealthy citizens who may be justified in an expenditure which would be improper, if made from public taxation. The attitude of the State to these private foundations should be that of encouragment and friendly interest. Public policy requires that State supervision should be maintained over all charitable organizations, whether public or private; but this should be so exercised as to raise the standards of discipline and care in the institutions, to aid them in every way to obtain the support of public opinion, and to protect them from ignorant or malicious attack. By the careful and periodical publication of statistical and general information concerning their objects and management, continual streams of revenue, from private sources, might be induced to flow to the most useful and worthy.

Attention would be directed, by the general distribution of tables prepared for the purpose, to the needs of certain communities for some particular kind of charitable relief. In the State of New York such tables show that homes for the aged are greatly needed, and, for want of sufficient accommodation in these, many respectable persons must seek the shelter of the alm-houses; on the other hand orphan asylums, children's homes, and dispensaries exist in advance of legitimate demand for them, and are to that extent pauperizing and demoralizing.

Two fundamental principles may be emphasized in conclusion. First: That it is the duty of the State to regard as its wards all citizens belonging to the classes called dependent or delinquent. This does not imply State maintenance for all, since many will be relieved, or reformed, through other public or by private charity. It does imply, however, wherever within the borders of the State the dependent and delinquent exist, the protection of the State should follow and cover them. Second: That it is also the duty of the State to see that the contributions of its citizens for charitable objects are honestly expended for the purposes for which they were made.

The acceptance of these principles by any State will lead inevitably to the bestowal of such powers as have been here outlined to some State commission, to guard against the abuse of the individual dependent or the misuse of charitable funds. The extent of the subject of our consideration may be illustrated by the fact that the dependents and delinquents in the public and private charitable or correctional institutions of the State of New York during the year 1897 numbered over 100,000, or 1 in every 70 of the population; and the expenditure for their care reached the enormous sum of more than $25,000,000, without taking into account contributions for charitable purposes made by churches, through newspaper subscriptions, and other agencies not reporting their receipts to any State authority.

Provided that the successive precautions herein outlined shall have been taken in establishing such commissions, they may be safely made the custodians of ample powers. To be properly efficient, they should not only have the right to visit, inspect, and supervise, but also hold in reserve veto powers over public institutions, or those in receipt of public money, in order that economy, reasonable uniformity, and other desirable conditions may prevail. The power to limit within proper bounds the incorporation of new charitable institutions should also be conferred.

On the other hand, managers and officers of charitable institutions should possess, subject to this general authority, considerable latitude and power of their own, which should only be interfered with when necessary for the public good. Conflicting views are held by many who are well informed as to the powers to be given to or withheld from such State boards or commissions. The subject is not an easy one, and might be extended to a large and interesting volume. It can here be dealt with only in a general way.

These observations are submitted with diffidence to a body which from the small beginning of twenty-five years ago has increased in membership and influence and now takes rank among the most influential sociological organizations of our

times. You are accustomed to be addressed by your presiding officer in loftier language and a more eloquent strain; and to many present, especially to those from our own State, the points which have been here emphasized may seem commonplace. Every man has his limitations, and to every man is given his opportunity. The unexpected honor conferred by my election at the Twenty-fourth Conference to preside over the sessions of the Twenty-fifth is availed of in simple fashion, in the hope that, through your influence in the communities from which you have come and the record of the proceedings of this Conference, some seed-truths relating to subjects of vital interest to our national welfare, which we have considered together, may strike root and bear fruit in parts of our land in which no duty is publicly acknowledged by the State to its dependents, and where State supervision of them is a thing unknown.

MEMORIAL

TO

DR. CHARLES S. HOYT, DECEASED, FORMERLY SECRETARY AND LATER SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE AND ALIEN POOR, IN THE SERVICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES,

BY

MISS JULIA S. HOAG, CLERK TO THE BOARD.

Dr. Charles S. Hoyt, long time Secretary of the State Board of Charities, and later Superintendent of State and Alien Poor under the same Board, was born June 8, 1822, and died December 13, 1898. His was a long, faithful and useful life. Active almost to the last day in the discharge of public duties, he warded off the approach of the last Messenger as long and as bravely as he could, but when the summons came, he calmly and quietly, without murmur, laid himself down to die. It is a melancholy satisfaction to all who loved Dr. Hoyt that, as he himself would have chosen, he died while in harness.

He was of commanding stature and dignified bearing. His opinions, weighted with the wisdom of long experience as well as good judgment, were forceful wherever expressed, and his personality came to be widely and strongly felt, its influence by no means limited to his own State.

Dr. Hoyt was born in Ridgefield, Fairfield county, Connecticut. His family moved to western New York during his early childhood, but the New England traits, already implanted, bore their natural fruit in a robust and sturdy manhood.

Having had the common school advantages of that day, he tried several different vocations, each of which appealed to him only temporarily, until after a course of study in the Geneva Medical College he settled to the practice of his profession in Yates county, New York, where he remained for about twenty years. He represented that county in the Assembly in 1852 and again in 1867.

At the breaking out of the civil war Dr. Hoyt was instrumental in creating and sustaining a loyal sentiment in the community in which he resided, and was very active in recruiting in his own county. In July, 1862, when the call was made for 300,000

volunteers, Governor Morgan made him one of the war committee of the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District. Dr. Hoyt was then moved to offer himself in response to this urgent call of his country, and joined the army as Assistant Surgeon of the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth New York Volunteers, and was afterward detailed as executive officer of the Field Hospital, First Division, Second Army Corps. He became Acting Surgeon of the regiment December 12, 1863, Surgeon Hammond having been detailed Brigade Surgeon. He was attached to the Army of the Potomac during all his service, and participated in all its battles from Gettysburg to Appomattox.

Dr. Hoyt was endowed by nature with very marked executive ability, which enabled him to achieve results that would seem to some men impossible. This quality proved very useful in his army experience, and a direct quotation from a volume of war biographical sketches, bearing upon this personal characteristic, seems to the point:

"While executive officer of the Division hospital he brought everything into order and system, so that all parts worked smoothly together without delays or jars. With the musicians of the Division organized into a company under an officer—a strict disciplinarian—who had charge of erecting, taking down and removing hospital tents and accommodations, bringing in and carrying out the wounded and such as had died; with a corps of nurses to attend to the sick and wounded, and cooks to provide them nourishment and food, and, in fine, with a complete system of division of labor and duty, everything was done with such dispatch that the hospital accommodations seemed ever to accompany the Division, and however rapid the movements of the army or sudden the enemy was engaged, the wounded found well appointed hospital arrangements in the rear, where were in attendance nurses in waiting, cooks to prepare food, and added to all, the Sanitary and Christian Commissions to shower with a lavish hand unexpected but much needed and tempting delicacies and comforts.

"For the position of executive officer of the hospital Surgeon Hoyt was peculiarly adapted, as many thousand maimed and crippled soldiers who came under his charge can now testify, with grateful feelings for the uniform kindness and attention upon all occasions received at his hands."

In 1867, during his last term in the Legislature, Dr. Hoyt was active and instrumental in securing the passage of chapter 951, entitled An act to provide for the appointment of a Board of Commissioners of Public Charities, and defining their duties and powers. This was passed May 23, 1867. The Commission was at once organized, with Hon. John V. L. Pruyn as President. A clerk was appointed who served for a very brief period, when Dr. Hoyt was made Secretary of the Commission June 5, 1868, and his connection with the duties of the Commission, or Board, as it was later denominated, was never interrupted during his life. It is a matter of knowledge to those most familiar with the early history of the Board that it was menaced not only as to its usefulness but as to its very existence, but these attacks were successfully defeated by its earnest and active Secretary.

In the first annual report of the Commission issued after his appointment, the zeal and assiduity of the Secretary are highly commended and this sentence occurs: "The Board warmly approves of the spirit and energy with which this work has been conducted."

With the many changes which the years have witnessed in the personnel of the Board, this passage could no doubt have been repeated from year to year with the approval of all its Commissioners. A full biography of Dr. Hoyt would really be a history of the work of the State Board of Charities.

It now seems appropriate to note that the first work of Dr. Hoyt as Secretary of the Board was to systematize. At once, upon his appointment, he inaugurated a system of statistics and set about to collect facts and figures from which the Board could establish methods of procedure. The first tabulated results, from which have gradually grown and developed a series of tables in each annual report of the Board, showing by a vast

aggregation of figures the financial and statistical standing of the various public and private institutions in the State, the first of these, the formative work, emanated from Dr. Hoyt. It is in devising a new thing that labor chiefly enters; to improve upon and enlarge as conditions change or expand is comparatively easy.

One of his latest efforts in this particular line was in devising the system by which the records of children in the various institutions of the State could be reported, from month to month, by a comprehensive yet concise method. All previous attempts or suggestions having proved cumbrous, the aid of Dr. Hoyt was invoked and a system of blanks was very soon presented to and at once accepted by the committee, from which no deviation has seemed necessary or even desirable after four years of trial. These facts are brought out to illustrate his marked ability in the line of devising statistical methods.

Dr. Hoyt's first visitations after his appointment as Secretary of the Board were of almshouses, which he found in very poor condition. Defective ventilation, overcrowding, lack of facilities for cleanliness, imperfect classification, so that the innocent and the vicious, children and adults mingled indiscriminately; these were prominent among the ill conditions found. To these was added the problem of insane and feeble-minded inmates for whom no special provision was made in most almshouses, and for which classes the public institutions were of inadequate capacity. A motley combination. These findings were emphatically and tersely stated in the first comprehensive report of the Commission to the Legislature, and from time to time, with his whole energy, and by the wise direction of the Commissioners,—Commissioner Letchworth particularly whose special labors have always been in the interest of children,—Dr. Hoyt gave himself to bettering the condition of the county almshouse buildings and to the improvement of the condition of the inmates. With what success his thirty years' service has been fraught is attested by these facts: That it has become a misdemeanor to retain a child in an almshouse; that

he has witnessed and been actively engaged in the organization of three additional institutions for the care and protection of feeble-minded, and that the provision for insane has been increased from three institutions to eleven, in the organization of five of which Dr. Hoyt had voice and influence. Three of these hospitals have been opened since the care of the insane was transferred to the Commission in Lunacy. The influence of Dr. Hoyt was also strongly exerted in the establishment of the Craig Colony for the care of epileptics, and special and very arduous duties were assigned to him in selecting from the almshouses such patients for the Colony as were most suitable to the institution, and at the same time such as would be most amenable to treatment and best relieve the almshouses, but yet maintain an equitable quota among the counties. The selection of patients was later extended to families, and this often added to the embarrassment in an effort to give satisfaction to the friends of the patients and to the managers of the Colony as well. As was his wont, he first secured statistics, and from these drew his inferences, deductions and working plans. It is but a just tribute to Dr. Hoyt's memory to add, that while his duties in this line involved long, wearisome drives in the visitations of almshouses and proposed patients from families, very uncanny hours of rising and retiring in order to connect with public conveyances, etc., he never deviated from the straight line of duty which he had himself marked out, but often started on these trips when his friends and associates begged him to desist or postpone until he was stronger or the weather more propitious. The immense correspondence in connection with this class became a great tax upon the Doctor, and the anxiety of patients and their friends, with the disappointments for which he sometimes appeared to be responsible, while only performing his duty, touched him, accustomed as he was to tales of woe and scenes of darkness, very keenly. The last work of kindred nature in which he engaged and which he had just completed, was the preparation of a census of the idiotic or feeble-minded inmates of almshouses needing State custodial care.

Thus, by the creation of new avenues of relief and by persistent watchfulness, in season and out of season, Dr. Hoyt lived to see his own official life crowned with such improvements in almshouses alone as should be a glory to his memory. In this work, as in all other, while guided and sustained by an able body of Commissioners, it is no discredit to these to claim for their chief executive officer that his mind created many of the projects which later took substantial form.

For the twelfth annual report of the Board Dr. Hoyt prepared a comparative schedule of the years 1868 and 1878, representing the condition of each poorhouse in the State as to buildings, the character of the inmates, etc., at each of these periods. This schedule is alphabetically arranged by counties, and in a very concise form gives a history which is full of interest and proud satisfaction as well, to all who aided in devising the improvements. For the twenty-second annual report Dr. Hoyt again prepared a similar schedule embracing the years 1868, 1878 and 1888. In this exhibit of the comparative condition of the almshouses for three periods are summed up the results of an enormous work. The initiative work, the visitations when the State Board of Charities was first organized, was Dr. Hoyt's. Then followed the educational, in the giving of information to the Legislature, to the supervisors and the superintendents of the poor of the counties regarding the distressing condition of the buildings in which were confined large numbers of dependents, and the bringing of influences to bear to inaugurate remedies of these, and also to influence the transfer of certain classes of inmates to institutions better adapted to their protection or training. The county officers were subject to criticism if expenditures were not kept low, hence they sometimes resisted what they acknowledged would be for the welfare of their wards. A frequent change of county officials, with partisan relations, also tended to weaken or prevent any protracted efforts toward reform. However, when the leaven had really taken effect no power was sufficient to stay its progress, and the exhibits referred to give a succinct statement of the work accomplished.

Dr. Hoyt was fully intrusted with the execution of three very important legislative enactments, as follows: The State pauper act, chapter 661 of the Laws of 1873, which made provision for the care of such persons as have not resided for sixty days in any county of the State within one year preceding the application for relief; the Alien poor act, chapter 549 of the Laws of 1880, which authorized the return to the countries from which deported, any crippled, blind, lunatic or otherwise infirm alien poor sent to this country by cities or towns or by societies, relatives or friends; the Indian poor law, chapter 436, Laws of 1894, for the care of Indians in certain designated almshouses. The principal provisions of these three acts became chapter 225, Laws of 1896.

Under the first of these, now called the State poor act, with the operation of which Dr. Hoyt closed September 30, 1893, twenty-five years of service, there have been 36,964 poor persons cared for in the several designated State almshouses. Of this number 24,402 were sent out of the State to their legal settlements, or to friends able and willing to care for them, but in most instances with the personal direction of Dr. Hoyt either by correspondence or examination.

Of the alien poor, during the eighteen years in which this act has been in force, 3,350 persons have been returned to their legal settlements across the ocean, at an average per capita expense of $22.48. The care of the Indian poor had not yet assumed any great proportions during the administration of the act by Dr. Hoyt, but he was becoming seriously anxious in regard to the outcome of this work in instances where circumstances required the relief to be administered outside the almshouse, that is, as temporary relief.

Since the State poor act of 1873 and the Alien poor act of 1880 went into effect, there have been sent out of the State 27,752 poor persons, either to other States or to other countries. At an estimate of fifteen years' duration of life in the almshouses or other public institutions in which these persons were found, and at an estimated annual cost of $100 each for support and

care, the expenditure saved to the State by this faithful "watch dog of the treasury," Dr. Hoyt, has been estimated as over $41,000,000.

By concurrent resolution of the Senate and Assembly of May, 1873, the State Board of Charities was authorized to make an exhaustive inquiry into the causes of pauperism. Dr. Hoyt was given charge of the work, under direction of the Board, and at once prepared a detailed schedule for the collection of information, and personally or chiefly by deputy visited the almshouses of every county in the State and secured the personal history of every inmate with as much accuracy as possible. The immensity of this work may be appreciated from the fact that 12,614 persons were examined, the schedule to which each examination conformed containing sixty questions to be answered, and the time occupied in making the inquiries extended over more than one year. Dr. Hoyt then grouped these results into eighteen different tables or schedules of such value that a few of the most important results may be of interest at this point. Of the 12,614 persons thus examined, 6,384 were males and 6,230 females; 5,835 were native born, 6,566 foreign born, while of 213 the birthplace could not be ascertained.

The aggregate number of years of almshouse life was 61,595 and the average duration of almshouse life 4.88 years. Of the 9,855 who were over sixteen years of age, 3,106 were unable to read or write and but 2,918 were reported as having received a fair school education. Of the 12,614 inmates of almshouses 4,047 were reported insane, of whom 1,593 were of intemperate habits. The total 12,614 represented 10,161 different families, and 14,901 persons of such families showed dependency to have existed through three generations, 4,968 represented three generations known to have been insane, while 844 represented three generations known to have been inebriates. The conclusions were, that of the 12,614 total inmates, 8,145 would remain permanent dependents, and that there could be entertained strong hopes of the recovery of but 1,116. This report passed into a State paper under the title, Pauperism. It was transmitted to the Legis-

lature of 1877 over Dr. Hoyt's signature as Secretary of the Board, and perhaps for a period of ten years there was a continual demand from all parts of the English speaking world for copies of "Pauperism" by Dr. Hoyt.

The first National Conference of Charities was organized in May, 1874, Dr. Hoyt being one of the first members. The Doctor was actively associated with each succeeding Conference, and present at all but one, from which he was detained by illness. He was President of the Fifteenth National Conference, held in Buffalo, N. Y., July, 1888, and his official address at that time is one of the able contributions to the many most interesting and valuable papers which have been read at different times at these National Conferences. Among the prolific causes of poverty, as enumerated in this address, Dr. Hoyt enlarged upon heredity, insanity, immigration and intemperance, dwelling at length upon the value of preventive, curative and eliminating measures. Perhaps the work in these Conferences by which he will be best remembered, however, is the several exhaustive papers on immigration, in which subject he always took active interest as Secretary of the Board, advocating more stringent consular examination at the ports of departure as the most efficient means of relief to this country from undesirable immigrants.

The first State Convention of Superintendents of the Poor of which proceedings were published was held in the city of Syracuse, July, 1871. The second convention was held June, 1872, at Goshen, Orange county, when Dr. Hoyt was present and represented the Board in some spirited discussions relating to interstate and intercounty migration of the poor. After that time it was always his intention to attend these annual conventions, where he was more active in discussions following papers contributed by others than in the presentation of such written by himself. His advice was often solicited in the selection of subjects and the preparation of plans for these conventions.

The World's Columbian Exposition held in Chicago in 1893 naturally demanded of the State Board of Charities some ex-

hibits of the work done by institutional inmates as well as representations in other lines. Dr. Hoyt took hold of this with his usual vigor and with his plans well matured. With herculean efforts he either had prepared or else secured from institutions a large number of exhibits of the penal, charitable, eleemosynary, correctional and reformatory work of the State which was under the direction of this Board. Dr. Hoyt's notable accomplishment, however, in connection with this exhibit was a set of statistical charts, forty-two in number, relating to crime, pauperism, insanity, immigration, etc., showing the annual changes, chiefly increase, from 1880 to 1892, inclusive. The charts relating to immigration embraced a longer period, from 1848 to 1892, inclusive, showing the increase or decrease of immigration from year to year, the nationality, real and comparative, etc., etc., and these proved exhibits of very great interest and value. These last named involved much correspondence and very extensive research, but while his powers of mental and physical endurance were greatly overtaxed at this time, and even he himself was apprehensive of breaking down, he never abated his zeal or labor, but turned night into day when necessary, and with no little satisfaction to himself, successfully accomplished a very onerous task.

Sleep was, in fact, tired nature's sweet restorer to Dr. Hoyt. In the midst of the most exhaustive mental tax, his pen would suddenly cease to ply, and throwing himself back in his chair, or when practicable, on a lounge, he would at once fall into a profound slumber, and in ten minutes, perhaps, be back at his desk, refreshed and able to take up the thread of argument just where he had laid it down, without apparent interruption of thought. "Sleep is not subtraction, it is addition."

While Dr. Hoyt's official duties were of late years, largely outside the office, he possessed the most valuable faculty of being able to return to his desk after an absence of several days, or possibly a fortnight, and put his finger, so to speak, upon the exact spot where each branch of his work had been left, question in the most minute particulars as to its progress in different lines and direct its furtherance.

There was a wholesome, but by no means irreverent jest, in the office about the Doctor's aim to catch the first possible train, and it was sometimes cause for marvel how he could succeed in accomplishing the apparently impossible feat, but he was never known to fail. However, he left nothing important undone. His table was cleared of all that required immediate attention. To this end, so much was he beloved, that he always had the most willing help of his assistants, who held themselves ready to bend all energy at all times, in season or out of season, to render him aid. He was watchful over and appeared distrustful of the work of new assistants in the office until he had time and occasion to prove their faithfulness and efficiency, after which he was kind, trusting and a most faithful friend, though unceasingly exacting as to the quality of the service rendered. To quote from a letter sent to Mrs. Hoyt from one who gave the Doctor intelligent and valuable assistance in preparation of the charts on immigration for 1893, which service he deeply appreciated: "It is a good, and, indeed, a great thing to work as Dr. Hoyt worked—to the very end of a long life, the servant of the State, with the attributes of a master. His own willingness to do good work made him quick to appreciate faithful service in others."

Some of the most severe physical strains upon Dr. Hoyt were in connection with the exemption of counties from the operation of the Willard Asylum act of 1865, designed to relieve the almshouses of their insane. The Willard Asylum was opened in December, 1869, for the chronic insane and was soon filled to overcrowding from the county almshouses. It became necessary to make immediate further provision for this class of dependents, and by an act of the Legislature of 1871 the State Board of Charities was authorized to exempt such counties as should apply, from the operation of the Willard Asylum act, provided their buildings, means employed, etc., were found sufficient and satisfactory for the care of the insane. Many counties at once applied for this exemption, and the executive labor of investigation, etc., naturally fell upon the Secretary of the

Board. This duty was not only very laborious and trying, but it required unusual tact and decision of character to execute without inducing a great deal of antagonism on the part of the county officials. Even when the decisions in respect to the exemption of many counties were made, and their insane transferred back from the Willard Asylum, the responsibility and the work were not ended, but were rather increased and increasing. Dr. Hoyt visited these exempted county asylums, which became nineteen in number, often, examined the accommodations and the provision made for the care and comfort of the insane, and reported such visitations quarterly to the Board. To make these visits often involved long country drives and many discomforts, but he never swerved from his duty for the sake of his own physical comforts or pleasures. With the transfer of the insane to the State Commission in Lunacy came relief from these exacting duties.

Some one has said, "Hard work is the price asked for success and it cannot be purchased with any other currency." No one will deny that Dr. Hoyt attained success in his thirty years' service to the State Board of Charities for the State, nor can any one deny that hard work was the currency with which it was attained.

In May, 1866, Dr. Hoyt married Miss Dora Barnum, whose ancestors were also Eastern people. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. T. Spencer Harrison, Chaplain of the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Regiment, who requested the privilege of performing this service. Mrs. Hoyt's father was Major Jabez Barnum, of Bristol, N. Y., and her mother a representative of the Brace and Boughton families, who came from Connecticut, and who were at one time owners of the entire town of Victor, N. Y. Old Connecticut neighbors, after long separation, were thus brought together in the second and third generations and united in marriage. Mrs. Hoyt, two daughters and one son survive, all residents of Canandaigua, N. Y.

A few of the very many affectionate tributes which have been offered to the memory of Dr. Hoyt are appended:

From Hon. William R. Stewart, President of the State Board of Charities:

"To bear testimony to the character and public services of Dr. Hoyt is, for the writer, his official associate for nearly seventeen years, not only a duty but a labor of love. He was courteous, faithful in everything, and long familiarity with poverty and human suffering had no power to harden a naturally kind heart. He possessed the high qualification for official trust of always keeping his work well up to date."

From Hon. William P. Letchworth, who was President of the Board for many years, and thus very closely associated with Dr. Hoyt:

"I regret I cannot pay the last tribute of respect to one of the most faithful public servants the State has ever had. Am not in a physical condition to leave home. Accept for the family my profound sympathy."

From Robert W. Hebberd, Secretary of the State Board of Charities:

"I sincerely regret the death of your husband, whose friendship I valued and for whom I entertained feelings of the highest esteem. His death will be greatly mourned and he will be greatly missed."

From Dr. William P. Spratling, medical superintendent of Craig Colony, with whom Dr. Hoyt had been in close relations since the opening of that institution:

"The unexpected death of the man I knew and loved so well was a great shock to me. Please accept my heartfelt sympathy in your sad bereavement."

From Mrs. J. V. L. Pruyn, whose husband was the first President of the Board:

"Accept sincere regrets and sympathy for the loss of so valuable and faithful a life."

From N. P. Rosenau of the United Hebrew Charities of New York city.

"Permit me to join with you in mourning the death of a good man and a public benefactor. The loss of Dr. Hoyt will be felt in every corner of this State."

From Dr. Stephen Smith, of New York, a Commissioner of the Board for many years, and a personal friend as well:

"The Doctor had not only lived to an advanced age, but his was a life that down to its last days was full of useful activity and enjoyment of the happiest associations. His work is done and how well done! What a glorious legacy of good deeds he has left to you and the children! More to be desired than fortune, for the monument which he built in the field of charity is imperishable. He was eminently just, but with him justice was tempered with mercy."

From Dr. John B. Chapin, of Philadelphia, Penn., who was formerly of Brigham Hall, Canandaigua, and long time superintendent of the Willard Asylum for Insane of this State:

"My acquaintance with Dr. Hoyt goes back to the time of his election to the Legislature of the State of New York. He was mainly instrumental in securing the passage of the law creating the Board of Charities, and it seemed very proper that he should in time come to take a prominent position in the executive functions of that organization. The organization of that Board was the first effort of the State of New York to administer its charities, and to supervise its expenditures, so that in the change that was brought about by the passage of that law he was intimately identified with the evolution of the *whole* charity system of the State as it now stands. It may be said of him, that the active forces of his whole life were devoted to the duties of the office he held. Since my removal from New York State, I have rarely seen the Doctor, but I think the verdict must be that he has held an official position of the greatest importance for an unusually long period, and that his forces and enthusiasm have been faithfully applied to the public service. It is very unusual for any one to serve the public for so long a time, and I can well understand that the State has experienced a great loss."

From Hon. Frank Sanborn, of Concord, Mass.:

"I shall never find in what remains to me of life a friend so staunch and constant. In the quarter century that I knew him,

though I must have given him occasion, more than once, to blame me, he was ever the same cordial and supporting friend. We did not always agree in opinion, though he often converted me, and perhaps I sometimes persuaded, or over-persuaded him, but we never had or could have any serious difference or break in friendship. I owed much to his advice and example."

From George Blair, Superintendent of Out Door Poor of the Department of Charities, New York city:

"The State loses an efficient officer, and his many associates in official and private life, a genial friend."

From one of his army associates, Rev. Samuel Eastman, Elmira, N. Y., is this feeling tribute:

"My heart is throbbing with its sense of loss, that the Doctor has passed beyond. I have loved him ever since that morning in a fly tent in Virginia, when typhoid pneumonia was contending for my life and he was fighting against it, that he laid his hand on my head and looked into my face, saying, with a gentle voice characteristic of him, 'You are better, my boy.' He was gentle, genial, gracious in camp, in office, in his home, in society, always 'such a gentleman,' and withal heroic, persistent, faithful. The memory of such traits as were his is a great boon to you and the children now. Since the army experience, in which he was the faithful physician and I the suffering patient, every thought of him has warmed my heart."

From Hon. F. H. Wines, of Springfield, Ill., a well-known philanthropist, intimately associated with Dr. Hoyt in the work of the National Conference of Charities:

"The stability and integrity of his character, the kindness of his heart, and the soundness of his judgment impressed me from the moment I made his acquaintance. We all knew precisely where to find him, and that he would be the same to-morrow as to-day. I looked up to him, especially in the early portion of my career, as to an older brother, capable of advising me, and whose counsel would be given in the spirit of absolute disinterestedness and with exclusive reference to the public welfare. He will be very much missed by a large circle of friends all over

the United States. No member of the National Conference of Charities was more highly respected in that body, and I think no other member was so regular and faithful in his attendance upon it."

These are but few of the tributes which so many people at once telegraphed or communicated by letters to the family. Among many other names thus represented may be noted these few:

Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, then Governor-elect, Dr. E. V. Stoddard, Vice-President of the Board, Hon. S. E. Marvin, who survived Dr. Hoyt but one month, Hon. E. H. Litchfield, Hon. George P. Lord, Hon. John Raines, Dr. Frederick Peterson, Hon. R. Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, Hon. N. Muller, and General Wager Swayne.

The funeral services of Dr. Hoyt were held at the home, where a large concourse of citizens as well as many from other places gathered to pay their last tribute to his memory. The burial service of the Episcopal Church was read by Rev. J. C. Claussen, Rector of St. John's Church, in which the Doctor was a communicant. The State Board of Charities was represented by Commissioner McCarthy, Mr. Robert W. Hebberd, Secretary of the Board, and Mr. James O. Fanning, Inspector of Charities. Much to their expressed regret, la grippe, then widely prevailing, prevented others of the Board from being present at the obsequies.

At the stated meeting of the State Board of Charities, held at the office of the Board in Albany, January 11, 1899, President Stewart made official announcement of the death of Dr. Hoyt, and paid fitting tribute to his character and services. He said in part: "Every branch of the administration of the charities of the State has felt the influence of his association with the Board, or his personality. * * * He loved his work, he loved to see the results of it, and morning, noon and night, from year's end to year's end, he seems to have been goaded on to renewed efforts by his desire to do the public a service and to alleviate, so far as lay in his power, the condition of the unfortunate and suffering in the different institutions."

Dr. E. V. Stoddard, Vice-President of the Board, supplemented the remarks of President Stewart, fully indorsing all that had been said, and also making reference to the record of Dr. Hoyt in the army. He said: "His admirable capacity for organization stood him in as good stead at that time (during the civil war) as it has stood this Board since he became the head of the Department of State and Alien Poor. His facility for organization was remarkable, and probably the most enduring monument that can be erected, or that will be erected to him, will be the work which he has loved, in connection with this Board and in this office."

Dr. Stephen Smith said in part: "All that has been said comes, I think, far short of what should be said and could be said of the man who has devoted his life and all his energies to one thing—the building up of this Board and the benefit of the poor. * * * I think he was a man of extreme sensitiveness to the sufferings of the poor and in every way devoted himself with an energy and a sympathy and an intelligence that no other man probably has done." Referring to the connection of Dr. Hoyt with the National Conference of Charities and the annual conventions of the Superintendents of the Poor, Commissioner Smith continued as follows: "He was a man that always attended meetings and took a lively interest in all their work and was universally esteemed as almost a father of charitable work. * * * Thirty years ago to visit the poorhouses of this State in the winter was a task almost insurmountable, yet he did it and I think knew every person in the poorhouses."

Mr. James O. Fanning, Inspector of Charities, referred to the intimate connection of Dr. Hoyt with the act creating the State Board of Charities, and said: "It is one of the many instances where a man has builded better than he knew. I do not think Dr. Hoyt had a conception at the time, nor had any one else, of what a foundation for supervision of charitable work he was building in this State. * * * I do not think there was any one, at least I have never known any one throughout the institutions of the State, among the workers in the institutions, that

was so generally beloved as Dr. Hoyt. Many of these institutions he had not visited for years, but I have never been to one but that I would find some one who made an affectionate inquiry after him. I think that is a man's best test of ability. If the people among whom he labored think well of him, that is a pretty good virtue." Mr. Fanning's references in his remarks to institutions embrace chiefly those for children, from the frequent visitations of which Dr. Hoyt's other duties of the last several years had necessarily diverted him.

It has been a melancholy satisfaction to the writer of this memorial to be able to pay this last, loving tribute to the memory of Dr. Hoyt. Closely associated with him in the office of the State Board of Charities for many years, there has been continual repression while writing this paper to stay the pen from diverging into personal eulogy. It has been said that "Every man makes his own reputation; the world only puts on the stamp." Those who best know Dr. Hoyt's life work will stamp it with honesty of purpose, sympathy with human weakness and suffering, and the most self-sacrificing devotion to duty. His judgment was quick but intelligent, his energy and zeal untiring and his steadfastness of purpose unyielding. That these were his attributes is a conviction with his friends, who are legion, and especially with his more intimate official associates, who will longest and best revere his memory.

JULIA S. HOAG,
Clerk, State Board Charities.

BRIEF OF HON. THEODORE E. HANCOCK, ATTORNEY-GENERAL OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, IN THE CASE OF THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK EX REL. STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES

against

THE NEW YORK SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN.

MOTION FOR A WRIT OF PEREMPTORY MANDAMUS DIRECTING THE NEW YORK SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN TO PERMIT THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES TO VISIT AND INSPECT THAT INSTITUTION, ARGUED IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, JULY 7, 1898.

IN THE SUPREME COURT

OF THE

STATE OF NEW YORK.

SUPREME COURT—NEW YORK COUNTY.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK EX REL. STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES AGAINST THE NEW YORK SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN.

RELATOR'S BRIEF.

Statement.

This is an application for a peremptory writ of mandamus, directing the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to permit the State Board of Charities to visit and inspect that institution, and to exercise the visitorial powers specified in Article VIII. of the Constitution and in the statutes of the State.

Constitutional and Statutory Provisions.

The State Board of Charities was organized and appointed originally pursuant to chapter 951, Laws of 1867, which chapter was amended by chapter 571, Laws of 1873. Section 4 of the amendatory act authorizes "the said Board, or any one or more of said Commissioners, whenever they may deem it expedient, to visit and inspect any charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory institution of this State, excepting prisons, whether receiving State aid or maintained by municipalities or otherwise." The powers and duties of the State Board of Charities were further amplified and extended by five sections (11-15, inclusive) of Article VIII. of the Revised Constitution, which sections did not appear in the former Constitution of the State. The Revised Constitution was adopted as a whole, having in view existing laws (Article I. § 16). The new sections relate to the State Board of Charities, the State Commission in Lunacy,

the State Commission of Prisons and defines their various powers and duties.

Section 11 provides that the State Board of Charities shall "visit and inspect all institutions, whether State, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character," except those subject to the visitation of the Lunacy and Prison Commissions.

Section 14 provides, among other things, in substance, that no payment shall be made by a county, city, town or village to a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory institution wholly or partly under private control for the care, support or maintenance of any inmate who is not received or retained therein pursuant to rules established by the State Board of Charities.

Construing these two sections together, with a more particular reference to the point under consideration, a general power is vested in the State Board of Charities to visit and inspect institutions of this character. In addition to this, payments made by counties, cities, towns and villages to institutions wholly or partly under private control are also under the supervision of this Board (§ 14).

Chapter 754, Laws of 1895, makes proper provision for raising the necessary funds for the care, support and maintenance of inmates of charitable institutions: "Boards of estimate and apportionment, common councils, boards of aldermen, boards of supervisors, town boards, boards of trustees of villages and all other boards or officers of counties, cities, towns and villages authorized to appropriate and raise money by taxation and make payments therefrom, are hereby authorized, in their discretion, to appropriate and raise money by taxation and to make payments from said moneys, and from any moneys received from any other source and properly applicable thereto, to charitable, eleemosynary, correctional and reformatory institutions, wholly or partly under private control, for the care, support and maintenance of their inmates of the moneys which are or may be appropriated therefor; such payments to be made only for such

inmates as are received and retained therein pursuant to rules established by the State Board of Charities."

The powers and duties of the State Board of Charities were set forth and defined by chapter 771, Laws of 1895, in which, among other things, it was made the duty of the Board to "visit, inspect and maintain a general supervision of all institutions, societies or associations which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, whether State or municipal, incorporated or not incorporated."

The powers of the Board have been still more specifically set forth by chapter 546, Laws of 1896—chapter 26 of the general laws—wherein and whereby it is made the duty of the Board, by section 9 thereof, to visit, inspect and maintain a general supervision of all institutions, societies or associations which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, whether State or municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are made subject to its supervision by the Constitution or by law, and said Board is required thereby, among other things, to investigate the management of all institutions made subject to its supervision and the conduct and efficiency of the officers or persons charged with their management, and the care and relief of the inmates of such institutions therein or in transit; to advise measures for the protection and preservation of the health of the inmates; to establish rules for the reception and retention of the inmates of such institutions, and to "collect statistical information in respect to the property, receipts and expenditures of all institutions, societies and associations subject to its supervision, and the number and condition of the inmates thereof, and of the poor receiving public relief."

Section 10 provides for the visitation, inspection and supervision of all institutions of a charitable or eleemosynary character by said Board, and directs that: "Any member or officer of such Board, or inspector duly appointed by it, shall have full access to the grounds, buildings, books and papers relating to any such institution, and may require from the officers and persons in charge thereof any information he may deem

necessary in the discharge of his duties. The Board may prepare regulations according to which and provide blanks and forms upon which such information shall be furnished in a clear, uniform and prompt manner for the use of the Board. No such officer or inspector shall divulge or communicate to any person, without the knowledge and consent of said Board, any facts or information obtained pursuant to the provisions of this act. * * * Any officer, superintendent or employe of any such institution, society or association who shall unlawfully refuse to admit any member, officer or inspector of the Board, for the purpose of visitation and inspection, or who shall refuse or neglect to furnish the information required by the Board, or any of its members, officers or inspectors, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and subject to a fine of one hundred dollars for each such refusal or neglect. The right and powers hereby conferred may be enforced by an order of the Supreme Court, after notice and hearing, or by indictment by the grand jury of the county, or both."

Section 11 specifies the powers and duties of the Board on such visitations and inspections that "on such visits inquiry shall be made to ascertain the sources of public moneys received for the benefit of such institutions; as to the proper and economical expenditure of such moneys and the condition of the finances generally; whether the objects of the institution are being accomplished; whether the laws and the rules and regulations of this Board in relation to it are fully complied with; its methods of industrial, educational and moral training, if any, and whether the same are best adapted to the needs of its inmates; the methods of government and discipline of its inmates; the qualifications and general conduct of its officers and employes; the condition of its grounds, buildings and other property, and any other matter connected with or appertaining to its usefulness and good management."

By section 12 the Board may direct an investigation, under oath, of the affairs of such institution, and by section 13 may make orders to be complied with by the officers of such institu-

tion when it shall appear, after such investigation, that inmates of the institution are cruelly, negligently or improperly treated, or inadequate provision is made for their sustenance, clothing, care, supervision or other condition necessary to their comfort and well being.

Section 14 provides for correction of abuses, defects or evils in the administration of such institutions, and section 15 requires the Attorney-General and the district attorney to assist the Board in making legal investigations whenever so required by said Board, and to conduct necessary proceedings therein.

The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children is a body corporate organized on or about April 27, 1875, under the provisions of chapter 130, Laws of 1875, of the State of New York, and having its principal place of business in the city of New York. The defendant's Society is under private control, and is claimed by the State Board of Charities to be under its supervision within the meaning of the Constitution.

Section 194 of chapter 410, Laws of 1882 (Consolidation Act), was amended by chapters 25 and 336, Laws of 1894, so as to compel the board of estimate and apportionment of the city of New York to include in its final estimate, among other payments of money to various charitable institutions of New York city (to wit: The American Female Guardian Society, New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Children's Fold, New York Institution for the Blind, Nursery Child's Hospital, and many others), the sum of $30,000 for the uses and purposes of the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, to be annually raised and appropriated.

Section 230 of the present charter of the city of New York provides that the board of estimate and apportionment shall annually include in its final estimate the sum of $30,000 for the uses and purposes of this society.

Officers of societies of this character are permitted by section 293 of the Penal Code to arrest and bring before a court or magistrate having jurisdiction persons guilty of abandonment

and other acts of cruelty to children; and section 72 of the Membership Corporations Law (chapter 559, Laws of 1895) authorizes corporations formed for the purpose of preventing cruelty to children to prefer complaints before courts or committing magistrates for the violation of any law relating to or affecting children, and to aid in presenting the law and facts to the court.

Section 668 of the Penal Code also makes officers and agents of duly incorporated societies for the prevention of cruelty to animals or children peace officers, within the provisions of section 154 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Section 16 of the Membership Corporations Law (chapter 559, Laws of 1895) exempts corporations for the prevention of cruelty to children from any visitation or inspection of a justice of the Supreme Court, and it is claimed by the distinguished president of this society, Mr. Gerry, that his institution is entirely eliminated and excepted also from the visitorial powers of the State Board of Charities.

This application is rendered necessary for the purpose of determining the powers and duties of the State Board of Charities, with reference to institutions and societies of this description. The question presented to the court is one of considerable importance, affecting this and other similar societies, which, it is claimed, should be subject to the visitorial powers of the board.

Facts.

It seems to be unnecessary to comment at length upon the facts set forth in the moving affidavits, all of which are to a very large extent matters of common information, for the purpose of demonstrating the proposition that the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children is a charitable and eleemosynary institution. To refer briefly to some of the allegations in the moving affidavits, it would appear that the officers of the society themselves have never seriously controverted the claim that the society is engaged in a most commendable, charitable and eleemosynary work, and is to all intents and purposes a

charitable institution. This very clearly appears from the affidavit of Mr. Stewart, in which he refers to the reports that have been made by the society from year to year concerning its operations. Thus in the annual report of the society for the year 1889 (pp. 66-67), Hon. DeLancey Nicoll, attorney for the corporation, states that the society has from year to year been held to be exempt from taxation as a benevolent society, under the Collateral Inheritance Tax Law affidavit (fols. 24 and 25).

Under the last will and testament of Emma Strecker, a bequest was made to this society as a charitable institution, and directed to be applied to the charitable purposes thereof, and the legacy was accepted and applied by the institution under the terms of the will, after a litigation in the Supreme Court. See Annual Report, 1883, p. 71; and Annual Report, 1884, p. 19 (affidavit, fols. 52 and 53). The society claimed exemption from the collateral inheritance tax upon a legacy made by Charlotte Augusta Astor upon the ground that the bequest was made to a charitable institution, which contention was sustained by the surrogate of New York county (affidavit, fols. 53, 54 and 55). A copy of the brief of Mr. John B. Pine, attorney for the society, is attached to the moving affidavits.

President Gerry, in one of his reports, to which reference is made at folio 19 of the moving affidavit, strikes the key-note of the situation when he says: "The rescue of children involves the broadest principles of charity, and those who uphold the society strengthen the hand which accomplishes the result."

The facts set forth by the affidavit of President Stewart and by the published reports of the defendant society show that the society ever since its organization has been and is supported very largely by private contributions and city appropriations. It is the recipient of private and public charity. Many thousands of dollars are annually donated to it by the charitably disposed, and large contributions of clothing and food are also given said society.

The society shelters, feeds and clothes large numbers of children, and furnishes temporary financial aid to a number of desti-

[illegible] families and their children. It owns a building on the cor[illegible] of Fourth avenue and Twenty-third street, seven stories in height, the third floor is taken up as a children's dining and play-room, where is also a reception-room for children, matron's and superintendent's rooms; the fourth and fifth floors are used for dormitories and an infirmary, together with a nurse's room. The sixth floor is used as a kitchen, laundry and nurse's quarters. The top floor is an open-air playground for the children. Large sums of money are annually expended by the society for board, clothing, medicine and medical attendance for children, and also large sums for salaries and wages of officers and employes.

The State Board of Charities has, at various times, from the [illegible] day of October, 1897, to the 25th day of March, 1898, demanded information from the proper officers of the society concerning its management, and upon the 25th day of March, 1898, the State Board served personally upon the president and secretary of the society a demand in writing, signed by the president of the State Board of Charities, and directed to the president and secretary of said society, respectively, requesting the officers of the society to permit its inspector of charities, Mr. James A. Fanning, to officially visit and inspect the society, and to furnish the inspector with full access to the grounds, buildings, books and papers relating to the institution, and such information relating thereto as he might deem necessary in the discharge of his duties, upon the usual blanks furnished by said State Board of Charities to the institutions under its control; the society and its officers refused to permit Inspector Fanning to officially visit and inspect the society and examine its books and papers, and further refused to furnish the information required by blanks, copies of which are annexed to the affidavit of President Stewart in this proceeding.

The question is presented as one of practical importance, and not of an academic nature, it being necessary to determine the powers of the State Board of Charities with relation to this and other institutions, wholly or partly under private control, who refuse to submit to the visitation of the State Board of Charities.

The contention (as we understand) of the officers of this institution is that because it is not a permanent asylum for children, but merely, as it claims, a subordinate governmental agency, it cannot be classed as a charitable institution, and, therefore, is independent of any supervision of the State Board of Charities.

It does not seem to be necessary to comment at length upon the facts. It would be self-stultification for the officers of the society to deny,

First. That it receives $30,000 per annum from the city of New York to aid in carrying on the benevolent purposes of the society.

Second. That it receives annually from charitably disposed persons by gift and bequest moneys and supplies amounting to many thousands of dollars.

Third. That these public and private contributions are donated to the society for the purpose of aiding it in rescuing, clothing, feeding and otherwise caring for children.

These donations are of a charitable nature and are used for charitable purposes. Without quoting at length from the reports, or the moving affidavits, we call attention to the address sent out by the society, through its president, November 1, 1896: "It relies on the voluntary contributions of the public for the support, care and maintenance of the children while temporarily in its custody. The public has never yet economized in donations to its needs, even when compelled to curtail those to other charities. With the money so given it feeds the hungry (often the starving), clothes the naked, and no child has ever been refused shelter or gone to bed hungry or uncared for within its walls. It cares for all the criminal children arrested or awaiting trial. It is in entire accord with the police, the city magistrates and the other branches of the city government. Indeed, it has well been termed, by the grand jury, a valuable adjunct to the latter. It is unsectarian, nonpolitical, and its one aim is to help the children who are helpless." (Folio 34 of Affidavit.)

The language of Hon. Thomas F. Gilroy, on the occasion of opening the society's new building, April 3, 1893, may be quoted

as very aptly stating the work of the society: "In my official relations, it has been my duty to have some communication with the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children; and I can safely say that in this great city, so rich in all its charitable and benevolent institutions, there is not one charity, not one benevolent institution, whose work is so well done, which performs such a unique charity, and which accomplishes more good than the society over which Mr. Gerry presides. The work that this society has done has relieved the city of New York and its official authorities to a great extent."

We may properly close our reference to the facts by quoting Mr. Gerry's former views of the relation of the State Board of Charities to his society: "The people of the State of New York, by recent amendments to their Constitution, decided that the care and education of children are of paramount importance to the State. They enlarged the provisions for public education, and also lent strength and force to the numerous institutions conducted by individuals in a corporate form, for the care, support, maintenance and reformation of the helpless and vicious. The State Board of Charities, composed of eminent individuals from different parts of the State, was invested with extraordinary powers; not simply for the maintenance of these institutions, but to insure the proper care and education of the children intrusted to them. Entirely unsectarian, conservative in its views, and firm in its action when abuses present themselves, there is every reason to believe that this State Board will give an impetus to child-saving work which will be felt by the people, the institutions and by the children alike, with most satisfactory results to each." (Folios 37 and 38, of Affidavit.)

POINTS.

I.

There is nothing ambiguous in the constitutional and statutory provisions relating to the powers and duties of the State Board of Charities. The law should not be so construed as to make nugatory the purpose and intent of the delegates to the Constitutional Convention or the legislative enactments which were intended to uphold and preserve the authority of the State Board of Charities.

Section 11, Article VIII. of the Revised Constitution reads as follows: "The legislature shall provide for a state board of charities, which shall visit and inspect all institutions, whether state, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, excepting only such institutions as are hereby made subject to the visitation and inspection of either of the commissions hereinafter mentioned, but including all reformatories, except those in which adult males convicted of felony shall be confined; a state commission in lunacy, which shall visit and inspect all institutions, either public or private, used for the care and treatment of the insane (not including institutions for epileptics or idiots); a state commission of prisons which shall visit and inspect all institutions used for the detention of sane adults charged with or convicted of crime, or detained as witnesses or debtors."

Section 9, chapter 546, Laws of 1896, reads in part as follows: "The State Board of Charities shall visit, inspect and maintain a general supervision of all institutions, societies or associations which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, whether State or municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are made subject to its supervision by the constitution or by law."

Section 10 of the same chapter reads in part as follows: "All institutions of a charitable, eleemosynary, reformatory or correctional character or design, including reformatories (except those now under the supervision and subject to the inspection of the Prison Commission), but including all reformatories,

except those in which adult males convicted of felony shall be confined, asylums and institutions for idiots and epileptics, almshouses, orphan asylums, and all asylums, hospitals and institutions, whether State, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, private or otherwise, except institutions for the custody, care and treatment of the insane, are subject to the visitation, inspection and supervision of the State Board of Charities, its members, officers and inspectors."

The word "institution" in the Constitution and statutes of the State is not used in any arbitrary, narrow or technical sense, but refers to corporations and other organized bodies instituted to administer charity. A full description of the meaning of the word may be found in the case of Humphreys et al. against The Little Sisters of the Poor, 29 Ohio, 201.

The object of the constitutional provision under discussion appears almost too plain for argument. The president of the Constitutional Convention, in speaking of what had been accomplished by that convention, in an address delivered by him, among other things, said: "Besides that, we have secured the regulation of the State Board of Charities to this effect—that wherever any public money is devoted to a private charity for the public service it shall continue under private control, and the vigilant eye and the strong arm of the people shall be able to follow every dollar of the public money into every institution to which it is so devoted."

The Court of Appeals, in commenting upon this constitutional provision in the case of The People ex rel. New York Institution for the Blind v. Fitch, 154 N. Y. 14, referring to a former opinion by Judge Andrews upon the same question, says: "The opinion in that case shows quite plainly that the purpose of the framers of the present Constitution was to bring under the supervision of the Board of Charities all corporations or institutions of the State that were charitable or of a charitable character or design which were wholly or partly under private control, * * * ."

Again, the Court of Appeals, in the case of The People ex rel. Inebriates' Home v. Comptroller, 152 N. Y. 399, construing this

same article, says: "The framers of the new Constitution sought to promote the efficiency of the system of charities and to prevent abuses. The provisions which they framed proceeded upon these main lines. They constituted a State Board of Charities, changing the prior legislative board into a State Board protected by the Constitution. * * *."

It is plain that Mr. Gerry is attempting to eliminate his society from the provisions of the Constitution and the statutes by drawing certain fanciful and fine-spun distinctions, somewhat similar to those which were argued with great earnestness and ability in behalf of the New York Institution for the Blind, 154 N. Y. 14. It was urged in the latter case, in an elaborate brief, that the New York Institution for the Blind was devoted to educational purposes, and, therefore, was not a corporation engaged in charitable or eleemosynary work; that the institution was purely an educational one, established for the purpose of providing a public system for the instruction of the blind, the same, in substance, as the public system of education for those who are not thus afflicted; that the pupils of the institution were received on the appointment of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the State Board of Charities had no jurisdiction in the premises. The answer to these arguments is contained in the opinion written by Judge Martin, which is extremely instructive and appears in 154 N. Y. 14.

Mr. Gerry claims that his society is a part of the legal machinery of the State, a subordinate governmental agency, and is, therefore, not a charitable institution; and this argument is made in the face of the fact that it is entirely supported by public and private charitable donations, and is engaged, as he and his associates have declared times without number, in the most notable charitable work known to the public.

The fact that societies for the prevention of cruelty to children have had conferred upon them certain police powers as an incident to their charitable work does not remove them from the category of charitable institutions.

Upon this point the officers of the society may read, with advantage, a very recent decision—Fox v. Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, 25 App. Div., 26. At pages 31 and 32 the court says: "It is true, as the defendant contends, that the Penal Code (§ 668) provides: 'The officers and agents of all duly incorporated societies for the prevention of cruelty to animals or children are hereby declared to be peace officers within the provisions of section 154 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.' Section 154 provides that 'a peace officer is a sheriff of a county, or his undersheriff or deputy, or a constable, marshal, police constable or policeman of a city, town or village.' Whether the officers or agents of the defendant, within the terms of the Constitution above cited, can thus be appointed peace officers, we need not inquire, since none of them is a party to this action, and the defendant does not justify under any of them. * * * The government, in the discharge of its duties, must be the employer of various kinds of service or labor, from that of the common laborer to that of the expert in art and science; but the employment of such persons is, with possibly rare exceptions, committed by law to some officer or department. Within the restrictions imposed by the Constitution, the State may dispense charity through the medium of the private charitable corporation selected by it. Such corporations or persons thus employed may, perhaps without impropriety, be designated as 'subordinate governmental agencies.'"

There can be no doubt in regard to the character of the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Its single object is set forth in its name, to wit: The prevention of cruelty to children. That object is essentially charity. The members of the society are benevolent, philanthropic men and women, banded together to do deeds of kindness; to relieve children from the pangs of hunger; to rescue them from vice; to cleanse them from filth; to clothe and feed them, and to shield them from the wrongs and brutalities of their parents and others. All this is disclosed in the annual reports of the president of the society, from which it appears that its good offices are

limited only by the extent of the funds within its control. These good offices of themselves define the word charity, and the society which performs them clearly comes within the definition of a charitable institution. That the society is popularly regarded as a charitable institution is evident from the eloquent appeals of its president to the public for money, aid and assistance, made annually from the first year of its existence to the present, and from the liberal donations and bequests of money and property made in response to such appeals.

Can it be said that the people of the State are not concerned in the manner in which the society conducts its business and performs its operations? Inasmuch as these operations have a powerful influence in molding the character of children, and in fitting them for the duties of life and of citizenship; as the society expends large sums of money received from the public treasury of the city of New York, and from citizens throughout the State; as the society exercises corporate powers with which the people of the State invested it, the State is not only interested in the society's business and operations, but it has the right to know how it performs its corporate functions. The State can only be informed as to these operations of the society through the exercise of visitorial power; and this power, in regard to institutions of a charitable nature, has been vested in, or delegated to, the State Board of Charities. It would be a violent presumption, entirely repugnant to sound principles of government, to say that the State, in granting a charter to this society, bound itself to abstain from all acts of supervision or control over its action, its business, or its operations. Such an intent should be shown in clear, unequivocal language of law.

If it were to be conceded that the society, in so far as it exercises certain police powers, is not acting in a charitable capacity, or, in other words, that some of its functions are not incident to the charitable nature of the institution, it still comes within the provisions of Article VIII. of the State Constitution, as construed by the Court of Appeals in People ex rel. New York Institution for the Blind v. Fitch, 154 N. Y. 14, where the court

says: "It is doubtless true that in many of the authorities cited the word charitable has been given a broader and more comprehensive meaning than should be applied to it, as it occurs in the Constitution and statutes relating to the subject under consideration. We think that, in determining the question before us, it should be given only its usual and ordinary meaning, and that, when so understood and applied, the relator must be regarded as a charitable institution so far as it clothes, educates and maintains indigent pupils at public expense or by donations from individuals. So far as it educates pupils who pay for their tuition, board and maintenance, it is not to be regarded as a charitable, but only as an educational institution. As to those pupils, the Board of Charities has no jurisdiction or power of supervision. Being to an extent charitable, as well as educational, it clearly falls within the provisions of the Constitution and statutes as an institution of a charitable character or design."

It is, however, practically conceded that the society proclaims its charitable nature and operations at all seasons of the year and at all hours of the day, except when the State Board of Charities attempts to exercise the constitutional right of visitation and inspection, when the charitable nature of the society suddenly, but temporarily ceases. The wisdom of the constitutional provisions is apparent when we remember that $20,000,000 are annually expended in charity by the institutions, societies and associations subject to the jurisdiction of the State Board of Charities. The establishment and incorporation of charitable institutions are sanctioned by the State in order that such organizations may be suitably equipped to render what is distinctly a quasi-public service. It is not advisable that these corporate bodies, which have been called into being by the State, shall have anything to conceal from the chosen agents of the State, nor from the benevolent public upon whose bounty they are dependent for support. The fact that a corporation of this character seeks to evade official scrutiny may be urged as a reason why an examination of its affairs is necessary.

It is not necessary to multiply decisions or definitions concerning the meaning of the word charity as used in the Constitution and statutes of the State. A very fair definition is found in Jackson v. Phillips, 14 Allen, 539: "A charity is a gift, to be applied, consistently with existing laws, for the benefit of an indefinite number of persons either by bringing their minds and hearts under the influence of education or religion, by relieving their bodies from disease, suffering or constraint, by assisting them to establish themselves in life, by erecting or maintaining public buildings or work, or otherwise lessening the burdens of government."

See also People ex rel. N. Y. Institution for the Blind v. Fitch, 154 N. Y. 14, and cases there cited.

The word is to be given its ordinary meaning and not emasculated to suit the desires or peculiar theories of the institution under consideration.

It might also be urged that the society by reason of its having been the constant recipient of public and private bounty, and having claimed and received exemption from taxation upon collateral inheritances as a charitable and benevolent institution prior to the enactment of the statute declaring societies of this character exempt, and having claimed and accepted legacies bequeathed to it as a charitable institution to be applied to its charitable purposes, and having at all times and places proclaimed its charitable nature and work, it now estopped from denying that it is such a charitable institution, in the proceedings instituted by the State to compel its submission to proper visitation and inspection by the authorities of the constitutional department of the State government.

II.

A peremptory writ of mandamus, and not an alternative mandamus, is the proper remedy.

It is important that the disputed question of law which has arisen between the State Board of Charities and the New York

Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children should be settled without unnecessary delay. A peremptory writ should not be denied, or an alternative writ granted, on account of disputed questions of an immaterial nature.

There is no contention concerning the following facts relating to the society:

1. Its articles of incorporation.

2. The annual appropriations made by the city of New York.

3. That it is constantly in receipt of moneys, clothing and supplies, donated by individuals.

4. Its receipt of charitable bequests.

5. The work which it is doing, as appears by its annual reports and the declarations of its officers.

There is no controversy as to the fundamental facts upon which it is claimed a peremptory writ should be issued.

The status of the New York Institution for the Blind was established upon an application for a peremptory writ.

The relators are entitled to a peremptory writ of mandamus unless the material averments of the moving papers are put in issue.

The People v. R., W. & O. R. R. Co., 103 N. Y. 95.
People ex rel. Dady v. Supervisor, 154 N. Y. 388.
Matter of Loftus, 41 N. Y. St. Repr. 357.
The People ex rel. Lewis v. Brush, 146 N. Y. 60.

It is respectfully urged that a peremptory writ of mandamus be granted, unless there is a serious dispute concerning the essential, fundamental facts, in which case an alternative writ should be issued. We are confident, however, that the question to be disposed of is whether, as a matter of law, the State Board of Charities are entitled to visit and inspect this society as a charitable institution.

T. E. HANCOCK,
Attorney for Relators, Albany, N. Y.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK EX REL. THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES

against

THE NEW YORK SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN.

MOTION FOR A PEREMPTORY WRIT OF MANDAMUS DIRECTING THE DEFENDANT TO PERMIT THE RELATOR TO VISIT AND INSPECT ITS GROUNDS, BUILDINGS, BOOKS AND PAPERS, AND TO EXERCISE THE VISITORIAL POWERS SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE VIII OF THE CONSTITUTION AND IN THE STATE CHARITIES LAW (CHAPTER 26 OF THE GENERAL LAWS).

DECISION OF MR. JUSTICE GIEGERICH OF THE NEW YORK SUPREME COURT AT SPECIAL TERM OCTOBER, 1898 GRANTING THE MOTION, WITH COPY OF THE ORDER ISSUED.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

October, 1898.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK EX REL. THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES

against

THE NEW YORK SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN.

The New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children is a "charitable institution" so far as it feeds, clothes and assists children and destitute families and furnishes them with medical aid and attendance, and, as such, is subject to the visitation and inspection of the State Board of Charities. With respect to the other functions of such society, it constitutes a "subordinate governmental agency," and is not within the jurisdiction of said Board of Charities.

Motion for a peremptory writ of mandamus directing the defendant to permit the relator to visit and inspect its grounds, buildings, books and papers, and to exercise the visitorial powers specified in article VIII. of the Constitution and in the State Charities Law (chap. 26 of general laws).

The opinion states the material facts.

T. E. Hancock, Attorney-General, for relator.

Elbridge T. Gerry, for defendant.

GREGERICH, J.—The defendant is a corporation organized under chapter 130 of the Laws of 1875, authorizing the formation of societies for the prevention of cruelty to children. According to the articles of incorporation its "particular business and objects" are "the prevention of cruelty to children and the enforcement by all lawful means of the laws relating to or in anywise affecting children." Since its organization the defendant has been supported by private contributions and appropriations made by the municipal authorities.

The defendant, among other work prosecuted by it, receives on commitment, subject to the order of courts and magistrates, children charged with the commission of crime, or held as witnesses

pending the prosecution of a criminal action against persons charged with cruelty, and receives and brings into court for disposition children found in a state of destitution, as prescribed by the statute (Penal Code, sections 291, 293). Two officers are maintained by it in every magistrate's court, who, upon the order of the magistrate, investigate applications for the commitment of children and make written reports in regard thereto for his information. Isolating rooms are also provided by it for children suffering from contagious disease while temporarily in the care of its institution. Previous to commitment, and in the event of an application for the discharge of children, the defendant advises the various institutions having the custody of such children, of the circumstances of the families affected. It defends the custody by institutions of children committed through its instrumentality, without charge to the institution, and in every case where an indictment is found through its agency the defendant secures the attendance of witnesses and assists the district attorney in the preparation for trial. It receives the moneys directed to be paid under the statute (Penal Code, section 288; Code of Criminal Procedure, section 921) by financially responsible parents for the support of children committed at their instance to institutions, which moneys it pays over quarterly to the comptroller, and in the event of disobedience to such orders, it applies to the court for their enforcement.

The defendant owns and occupies a seven-story building, situate at the corner of Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue, in the borough of Manhattan, in which there are supported and cared for large numbers of children, the average daily number being about fifty. The relator claims that the defendant is a charitable and eleemosynary institution within the meaning of article VIII of the revised constitution, particularly sections 11 and 14 thereof, as well as the State Charities Law (chap. 546, Laws of 1896; chap. 26 of the general laws), and especially sections 9, 10 and 11 of said chapter.

The latter denies that it is subject to the jurisdiction of the relator, and opposes the application on the ground that it is part

of the legal machinery of the State for the enforcement of the laws relating to children. If such were the sole character and purpose of the defendant, then, obviously, the power of visitation and inspection of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory institution, conferred upon the relator by the revised constitution and statutes above cited, could not be exercised in the present case. It appears, however, from the papers submitted that, besides performing the work or functions above detailed, the defendant affords shelter to children for the night, furnishes food, clothing and medical attendance to them while in its care or custody, and extends aid to needy families and children. It also appears that the defendant has at various times since its organization, called public attention to these acts of charity and has solicited financial aid, as well as contributions of shoes and clothing, for the continuance thereof, thus clearly showing that to be one of the purposes of its formation. Such being the case, the institution conducted by the defendant was to an extent, at least, "charitable," within the meaning of the provisions of the constitution and statutes above referred to, and therefore in that respect comes within the purview of the relator's powers (People ex rel. N. Y. Inst. for Blind v. Fitch, 154 N. Y., 14).

It is contended by the defendant, that the constitution does not contemplate jurisdiction of the relator over private charitable corporations except when they act as disbursing agents of public funds.

By section 11, article VIII. of the constitution, however, the relator is authorized to "visit and inspect all institutions, whether State, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character." This clearly applies to all institutions of the nature above mentioned, whether under public or private control. The terms State, county or municipal are not to be construed as limiting the powers of the relator, but are merely descriptive of the institutions affected, so far as they receive aid from the public authorities in the separate political subdivisions of the State.

These views are, to my mind, confirmed by the definition of the term, "State charitable institutions," as contained in section 2 of the State Charities Law, and the provisions of section 9 of the same enactment.

Section 2 (supra) provides: "The term, State charitable institutions, shall include all institutions of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, supported in whole or in part by the State, except institutions for the instruction of the deaf and dumb and the blind, and such institutions which by section 11, article 8 of the constitution, are made subject to the visitation and inspection of the commissioner in lunacy or the prison commission, whether managed or controlled by the State or by private corporations, societies or associations."

Section 9 (supra) authorizes the relator to "visit, inspect and maintain a general supervision of all institutions, societies or associations which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, whether State or municipal, incorporated or not incorporated."

Assuming, however, that I am in error as to the views above expressed, it is nevertheless an undisputed fact, that since the year 1895 the defendant has received annually from the city of New York the sum of $30,000 for its "uses and purposes," pursuant to chapter 25 and 613 of the Laws of 1894; and section 230 of the Greater New York Charter.

The learned counsel for the defendant insists as well that, since none of these moneys have been used or appropriated for the support, care or use of any children or inmates of that portion of its institution which has been characterized as charitable, it is not supported in whole or in part by public funds. With respect to this contention it should be borne in mind that the defendant can only receive and retain a child on commitment by a court or magistrate at its own expense.

The primary object of the defendant, as gathered from the reports and addresses of its officers, is the rescue of children. If I am correct in this, its operations, necessarily, must take a wider scope than the mere care of children temporarily committed by

a court or judicial officer. This view finds confirmation in the ninth annual report of the chairman of the board of directors, in which he says (pp. 12, 13): "It is one of the peculiarities of this institution that its doors are always open and no child in the city, either male or female, has ever been turned away without shelter for the night. It is important for members of this society to bear this fact in mind, as almost all of the institutions caring for children are closed at 9 p. m., and admission thereafter refused. * * * The public should bear in mind that the usefulness of this institution is limited only by the amount of pecuniary assistance given." I am further confirmed in such view by the annual reports of the defendant since its incorporation, extracts from which have been incorporated into and made a part of the moving papers herein, from which it appears that the defendant has not only sheltered, fed and clothed a large number of children in its reception room, but has extended and still extends temporary aid to a considerable number of destitute families and children.

While it is undoubtedly true that none of the public moneys so received by the defendant have been used for the support or maintenance of any child committed to its care by a court or magistrate, it is also true that it has, as seen, applied them together with other moneys contributed by private individuals towards the maintenance of a "charitable institution," as that term has been defined by the Court of Appeals in the case of the People ex rel. N. Y. Inst. for Blind v. Fitch (supra). Such expenditures were manifestly for the "uses and purposes" of the defendant, and therefore, authorized by the enactments above cited.

The defendant having so received said sums, it is apparent that its so called "charitable" institution is supported in part by public moneys, and consequently subject to the jurisdiction of the relator.

It is further argued in behalf of defendant that the above specified acts of charity are merely incidental to the exercise of its functions as a "subordinate governmental agent" (see Trustees

of Exempt Firemen's Fund v. Roome, 93 N. Y., 313, 327), and that hence it is not an institution subject to visitation and inspection by the relator. The case of the People ex rel., N. Y. Inst. for Blind v. Fitch (supra), however, does not favor this contention. There the obvious purpose of the Legislature in incorporating and continuing the relator, as well as appropriating the money of the State to the purchase of its real estate, to the erection of its buildings thereon, and to the support of its indigent inmates, was to aid in providing for the education of the unfortunate blind, and, so far as necessary, to aid in supporting and maintaining them, at least while acquiring an education.

The relator claimed that it was wholly an educational institution, but the court, speaking through Martin, J., held otherwise. In the course of the opinion the learned judge said (pp. 26, 27): "The relator is doubtless, to an extent, an educational institution. But that fact alone does not justify the conclusion that it is not a charitable institution within the meaning and intent of the constitution and statutes. An institution may be in a sense educational and at the same time be wholly or partly charitable, as the education and maintenance of indigent pupils, while being educated, may be the subject of charity as well as support alone. An institution may be both educational and charitable, and if so, it falls within the provisions of the constitution and statutes, as it is to be observed that the provisions are that the Board of Charities shall visit and inspect all institutions which are of a charitable character or design, and, hence, to fall within that description, it is not necessary that the institution shall be wholly charitable. It need only be an institution which is wholly or partly charitable in its character and purpose."

The logical sequence resulting from these views is that the defendant must be regarded as a charitable institution so far as it feeds, clothes and assists children and destitute families and furnishes them with medical aid and attendance. With respect to its other work or functions, above specified, I am of the opinion, that the same may be characterized in the language of the above cited case of Trustees of Exempt Firemen's Fund v. Roome, as that of a "subordinate governmental agency," and,

therefore, so far as they are concerned, the relator has no jurisdiction.

The motion is, therefore, granted only to the extent of requiring the defendant to submit to an inspection and visitation by the relator so far as pertains to its feeding, clothing and assistance of and furnishing of medical aid and assistance to children and destitute families.

ORDER OF MANDAMUS ISSUED.

At a special term of the Supreme Court, at Part I thereof, held in and for the city and county of New York in the County Court House in said city, January 14, 1899.

Present—Hon. Leonard A. Giegerich, Justice.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK ON THE RELATION OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES VS. THE NEW YORK SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN.

On reading and filing the petition of the State Board of Charities, verified the 13th day of April, 1898, the affidavit of William R. Stewart, verified the 13th day of April, 1898—of Frank Kunzmann, verified the 26th day of November, 1897—James O. Fanning, verified the 4th day of April, 1898, and the affidavit of E. F. Jenkins, verified May 13, 1898—and the Notice of Motion herein, that a writ of mandamus be issued, directed to the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, commanding that said Society and its officers and employees permit the State Board of Charities, in their official capacity, to visit and inspect said New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and allow the said State Board of Charities, its members, officers, and inspectors, or either of them to have access to the grounds, buildings, books and papers relating to said society; and that said society, its officers and employees, be compelled to furnish to the said State Board of Charities, its members, officers or inspectors, or either of them, full information concerning the operations of said society for the prevention

BASIS OF THE BOARD'S OBJECTIONS.

The objections of the State Board of Charities to this measure are based upon three distinct grounds, which are here named in the order of their importance.

First. To the purposes of the proposed act in so far as these seek to nullify the provisions of the Constitution as interpreted by the Court of Appeals, of the State Charities Law and also of chapter 744 of the Laws of 1867.

Second. To the manner in which this measure was prepared.

Third. To the form of the measure.

THE OBJECTIONS TO THE PURPOSES OF THE PROPOSED ACT.

The more general objections to the purposes of this measure are that by some of its provisions it is designed to set at naught certain important provisions of the State Constitution, as well as to nullify a decision of the Court of Appeals which interprets them, without any good reason thus far haying been advanced to warrant such far-reaching changes.

Here may be seen the peculiar situation of one branch of the State government, with the assistance of the Attorney-General, defending its Constitutional and statutory authority from an attack in the courts, and winning for the State an important and expensive legal battle, the effects of which another branch of the State government, without conference with the former, against the advice of the Attorney-General, and in co-operation with those defeated in the courts, seeks to destroy by legislation.

It is respectfully submitted that this course of action, which must be recognized as tending to a wasteful disorganization of governmental power and influence, can hardly be contemplated as a desirable exercise of the authority of the Commissioners of Statutory Revision, but must be regarded as an encouragement to those who seek to evade the reasonable exercise of constituted authority.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

The Constitution of the State, in section 11 of Article VIII, provides as follows: "The Legislature shall provide for a State Board of Charities, which shall visit and inspect all institutions, whether State, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character." From this visitation and inspection are excluded only certain institutions made subject to the visitation and inspection of the State Commission in Lunacy and the State Commission of Prisons.

In section 14 of this same article, under the heading "Maintenance of charitable institutions," the Constitution further provides: "Nothing in this Constitution contained shall prevent the Legislature from making such provision for the education and support of the blind, the deaf and dumb, and juvenile delinquents, as to it may seem proper; or prevent any county, city, town or village from providing for the care, support, maintenance and secular education of inmates of orphan asylums, homes for dependent children or correctional institutions whether under public or private control.

Payments by counties, cities, towns and villages to charitable, eleemosynary, correctional and reformatory institutions, wholly or partly under private control, for care, support and maintenance, may be authorized, but shall not be required by the Legislature. No such payment shall be made for any inmate of such institution who is not received and retained therein pursuant to rules established by the State Board of Charities. Such rules shall be subject to the control of the Legislature by general laws."

The Constitution in section 15 of this article also provides that the Legislature may confer upon the State Board of Charities "Any additional powers that are not inconsistent with other provisions of the Constitution."

DECISION OF THE COURT OF APPEALS IN THE CASE OF THE NEW YORK INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND.

The decision of the Court of Appeals which has been referred to as interpreting these provisions of the Constitution, was handed down by the court on October 12, 1897, in the case of "The People of the State of New York ex rel. The New York Institution for the Blind, respondent, against Ashbel P. Fitch, Comptroller of the city of New York, appellant," an action initiated not by the Board, but by the institution itself. Some of the notes of this decision are as follows:

"First. Charitable institutions—Supervision of State Board of Charities.—It is not necessary that an institution should be wholly charitable to fall within the provisions of the Constitution (Art. 8, §§ 11-15) and the statutes (L. 1895, chaps. 754-771), placing charitable institutions under the supervision and rules of the State Board of Charities. It is enough if the institution is partly charitable in its character and purpose.

Second. Educational and charitable institution.—The mere fact that an institution is partly educational does not exclude it from the provisions of the Constitution and statutes placing charitable institutions under the supervision and rules of the State Board of Charities.

Third. Institutions for instruction of the blind.—The fact that institutions for the instruction of the blind are subject to the visitation of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (L. 1894, chap. 556, title 15, art. 14), does not prevent such an institution from being charitable in its character and purpose, and, hence, also subject to the visitation of the State Board of Charities (Const., art. 8, § 13).

Fourth. Meaning of "charitable."—The word "charitable" as used in the provisions of the Constitution and the statutes subjecting charitable institutions to the supervision and rules of the State Board of Charities, is to be given only its usual and ordinary meaning.

Fifth. Institutions for the blind—charitable in part.—The New York Institution for the Blind, an institution under private control, organized in 1831 (chapter 214) for the special education of the blind, is to be regarded as a charitable institution so far as it clothes, educates and maintains indigent pupils at public expense or by donations from individuals; and as to such pupils, it is subject to the supervision and rules of the State Board of Charities.

Sixth. Such institution, so far as it educates pupils who pay for their tuition, board and maintenance, is not to be regarded as charitable, but only as an educational institution, and as to these pupils the Board of Charities has no jurisdiction.

Seventh. Such institution being to an extent charitable as well as educational, falls within the provisions of the Constitution and statutes as an institution of a charitable character or design."

This decision further says: "That the New York Institution for the Blind was regarded by the framers of the present Constitution as a charitable institution, as well as educational, is manifest. The attention of the Legislature and of the people have been previously called to the subject of the appropriation of the money of the State to the support of the deaf and dumb and blind. In 1891 Superintendent Draper called especial attention to the fact that more than $262,000, was annually appropriated to the support of these institutions, that the supervision of the State over them was insufficient and then observed; 'The unadvisedness of expending so much money from the State treasury without closer State supervision cannot anywhere be questioned.' It is obvious that this with other similar suggestions, the discussion of the subject by the public press and the numerous petitions presented, called the attention of the convention to the necessity for a closer and more efficient supervision of these institutions.

This was a subject which, in the language of the president of the convention, 'deeply agitated the minds of the people of the State,' and led the convention to the adoption of the provisions under consideration.

The president, in stating what had been accomplished by the convention, among other things, said: 'Besides that, we have secured the regulation of the State Board of Charities to this effect: That wherever any public money is devoted to a private

charity for the public service, it shall continue under public control, and the vigilant eye and strong arm of the people shall be able to follow every dollar of the public money into every institution to which it is so devoted.'

Again, when we refer to the debates of the convention upon the subject, they show that it was its plain intent to include the relator among the charitable institutions of the State. While referring to the question of the jurisdiction of the State Board of Charities under the present Constitution, Mr. Lauterbach, who was chairman of the committee on charities, expressly stated that it would have jurisdiction of two institutions for the blind, obviously meaning the relator, and the State Institution at Batavia, as there seems to be none other in the State.

The arrangement of the provisions of the Constitution as well as the language employed, indicates the same purpose. It will be observed that sections 9 to 15 of article 8, which contain the provisions as to the education and support of the blind, the deaf and dumb and juvenile delinquents, relate only to charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory institutions, while no mention is made of educational institutions which are not of a charitable character, and sections 1 to 4 of article 9 relate to institutions within the State which are purely educational.

Besides, the various officers of the State, whose duties have led them to consider the relation of the New York Institution for the Blind to the State, have, with great uniformity regarded it as one of the charitable institutions therein. It has been so treated by the several Comptrollers of the State, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Boards of Charities, and by the Legislature as well, as will be seen by an examination of the reports of these officers and boards, and the various acts of the Legislature appropriating the money of the State for the purchase and maintenance of its property and for the support of the indigent inmates therein."

Much more of this interesting decision presenting the same lines of argument might be quoted but this is, doubtless, sufficient. Taken in connection with the provisions of the Constitution, also quoted herein, it would seem clear that this great fundamental law of the State as interpreted by the State's highest tribunal, intended to place the schools for the deaf and the blind, substan-

tially within the jurisdiction of the State Board of Charities, and that it is distinctly subversive of the Constitution to attempt, as this bill proposes, to nullify its provisions and to make them but hollow and empty words.

PROVISIONS OF THE STATE CHARITIES LAW.

The provisions of the Constitution requiring the Legislature to provide for a State Board of Charities, which shall visit and inspect all institutions of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, excepting only those made subject to the visitation and inspection of the State Commission in Lunacy and the State Commission of Prisons; and providing that no payment shall be made by any county, city, town or village for the care, support or maintenance of any inmate of any charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory institution wholly or partly under private control, who is not received or retained therein pursuant to rules established by the State Board of Charities, *were given practical effect* by the passage of chapter 546 of the Laws of 1896, known as the "State Charities Law."

Some of the principal provisions of this chapter are the following:

"§ 9. General powers and duties of Board.—The State Board of Charities shall visit, inspect and maintain a general supervision of all institutions, societies or associations which are of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character, whether State or municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, which are made subject to its supervision by the Constitution or by law; and shall

First. Aid in securing the just, humane and economic administration of all institutions subject to its supervision.

Second. Advise the officers of such institutions in the performance of their official duties.

Third. Aid in securing the erection of suitable buildings for the accommodation of the inmates of such institutions aforesaid.

Fourth. Approve or disapprove the organization and incorporation of all institutions of a charitable, eleemosynary, correctional or reformatory character which are or shall be subject to the supervision and inspection of the Board.

Fifth. Investigate the management of all institutions made subject to the supervision of the Board, and the conduct and efficiency of the officers or persons charged with their management, and the care and relief of the inmates of such institutions therein or in transit.

Sixth. Aid in securing the best sanitary condition of the buildings and grounds of all such institutions, and advise measures for the protection and preservation of the health of the inmates.

Seventh. Aid in securing the establishment and maintenance of such industrial educational and moral training in institutions having the care of children as is best suited to the needs of the inmates.

Eighth. Establish rules for the reception and retention of inmates of all institutions which, by section fourteen of article eight of the Constitution, are subject to its supervision.

Ninth. Investigate the condition of the poor seeking public aid and advise measures for their relief.

Tenth. Administer the laws providing for the care, support and removal of State and alien poor and the support of Indian poor persons.

Eleventh. Collect statistical information in respect to the property, receipts and expenditures of all institutions, societies and associations subject to its supervision, and the number and condition of the inmates thereof, and of the poor receiving public relief.

§ 10. Visitation, inspection and supervision of institutions.—All institutions of a charitable, eleemosynary, reformatory or correctional character or design, including reformatories (except those now under the supervision and subject to the inspection of the Prison Commission), but including all reformatories, except those in which adult males convicted of felony shall be confined, asylums and institutions for idiots and epileptics, almshouses, orphan asylums and all asylums, hospitals and institutions, whether State, county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, private or otherwise, except institutions for the custody, care and treatment of the insane, are subject to the visitation, inspection and supervision of the State Board of Charities, its members, officers and inspectors. Such institutions

may be visited and inspected by such Board, or any member, officer or inspector duly appointed by it for that purpose, at any and all times.

§ 12. Investigations of institutions.—The Board may direct an investigation by a committee of one or more of its members, of the affairs and management of any institution, society or association subject to its supervision, or of the conduct of its officers and employes. The commissioner or commissioners designated to make such investigation are hereby empowered to issue compulsory process for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, to administer oaths, and to examine persons under oath, and to exercise the same powers in respect to such proceedings as belong to referees appointed by the Supreme Court.

§ 13. Orders of Board directed to institutions.—If it shall appear, after such investigation, that inmates of the institution are cruelly, negligently or improperly treated, or inadequate provision is made for their sustenance, clothing, care, supervision or other condition necessary to their comfort and well being, said Board may issue an order, in the name of the people, and under its official seal, directed to the proper officers or managers of such institution, requiring them to modify such treatment, or apply such remedy or both, as shall therein be specified; before such order is issued, it must be approved by a justice of the Supreme Court, after such notice as he may prescribe and an opportunity to be heard, and any person to whom such an order is directed who shall wilfully refuse to obey the same, shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

§ 14. Correction of evils in administration of institutions.—The State Board of Charities shall call the attention of the trustees, directors or managers of any such institution, society or association, subject to its supervision, to any abuses, defects or evils which may be found therein, and such officers shall take proper action thereon, with a view to correcting the same, in accordance with the advice of such Board.

§ 18. Institutions for the deaf and dumb and the blind.—Institutions for the deaf and dumb and the blind shall be subject to such visitation and inspection by the State Board of Charities as the

Constitution provides, but nothing in this article shall be deemed to take from the Comptroller of the State any power which he now has to audit and supervise the expenditures made on account of the institutions for deaf mutes and for the blind.

Article III of this chapter (the State Charities Law) provides for the regulation of the finances of the State charitable institutions.

§ 41 contains the following provisions: "Monthly estimates of expenses; contingent fund.—The superintendent or other managing officer of each of the State charitable institutions, and of the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia and the Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes at Malone, shall, on or before the fifteenth day of each month cause to be prepared duplicate estimates in minute detail, of the expenses required for the institution of which he has the supervision, for the ensuing month. He shall countersign and submit one of such duplicates to the Comptroller, and retain the other to be placed on file in the office of the institution.

"The Comptroller may cause such estimates to be revised either as to quantity and quality of supplies and the estimated cost thereof. Upon the revision and approval of such estimate the Comptroller shall authorize the boards of managers, or other managing officers of such institutions to make drafts on him, as the money may be required for the purposes mentioned in such estimates, which drafts shall be paid on his warrant, out of the funds in the treasury of the State appropriation for the support of such charitable institutions. In every such estimate there shall be a sum named, not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars, as a contingent fund for which no minute, detailed statement need be made. No expenditure shall be made from any such contingent fund, except in case of actual emergency, requiring immediate action, and which cannot be deferred, without loss or danger to the institution, or the inmates thereof.

"The treasurer of a State charitable institution shall not pay accounts for goods furnished, salaries of officers, or wages of employes, unless they are contained in the estimate provided in this section, and duly approved by the Comptroller."

PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 744 OF THE LAWS OF 1867, WITH RELATION TO THE NEW YORK STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

Chapter 744 of the Laws of 1867, relating to the New York State School for the Blind, in section 5, provides as follows:

"Upon the expiration of the term of office of the present board of trustees, the Governor shall, by and with the consent of the Senate, appoint their successors, two of whom shall reside in the county wherein said institution is located, and a majority of whom shall reside within fifty miles of said institution, and at the first meeting of said board, after their appointment as aforesaid, they shall divide themselves by lot into three equal classes, who shall serve for two, four and six years, respectively, from the date of their apppointments, and until their successors shall have been appointed, and every alternate year thereafter the Governor shall, by and with the consent of the Senate, appoint three trustees to fill the places of those whose term of service will have expired, in accordance with the provisions of this section."

As will hereinafter be shown, nearly all of these provisions of law suffer repeal or serious impairment, by various sections of the proposed education law, without reasonable explanation being made in any part of such measure. For over fifteen years, except during the brief period when the case of the New York Institution for the Blind was in the courts, the State Board of Charities, has, through its members, officers and inspectors, visited and inspected the schools for the deaf and the blind, and has annually submitted to the Legislature substantial reports respecting them, as may readily be seen by examining the bound volumes of its annual reports for the period mentioned.

Annually, for the past five years, a commissioner of the Board has given scholarship prizes in the schools for the deaf, and the President of the Board has held examinations in such schools with the result of becoming personally acquainted with many of the scholars.

For several years Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Lyon, of Rochester, who are experts in the education of the deaf, have under special appointment by the Board as inspectors of schools for the deaf,

visited and inspected the schools for the deaf, conducted examinations therein, and submitted valuable reports to the Board, which are printed in its annual reports to the Legislature, without any compensation therefor, so great has been their interest in this subject.

These schools have all of them flourished notably, and are to-day better equipped to render public service than ever before.

PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 556 OF THE LAWS OF 1894, RELATING TO INSTITUTIONS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND.

By chapter 556 of the Laws of 1894, enacted, as will be noted, prior to the adoption of the present Constitution, and the passage of the State Charities Law, the Superintendent of Public Instruction was given certain co-ordinate jurisdiction with the State Board of Charities, over the schools for the deaf and the blind, as follows:

"Article 14. Deaf and dumb and blind institutions.—§ 40. All the institutions for the instruction of the deaf and dumb, and blind, and all similar institutions, incorporated under the laws of the State, or that may be hereafter incorporated, shall be subject to the visitation of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and it shall be his duty:

"First. To inquire, from time to time, into the expenditures of each institution, and the systems of instruction pursued therein, respectively.

"Second. To visit and inspect or cause to be visited and inspected, the schools belonging thereto, and the lodgings and accommodations of the pupils.

"Third. To ascertain by a comparison with other similar institutions, whether any improvements in instruction and discipline can be made; and for that purpose to appoint, from time to time, suitable persons to visit the schools.

"Fourth. To suggest to the directors of such institutions and to the Legislature such improvements as he shall judge expedient.

"Fifth. To make an annual report to the Legislature on all the matters before enumerated, and particularly as to the condition of the schools, the improvement of the pupils, and their treatment in respect to board and lodging.

"§ 41. All deaf and dumb persons resident in this State and upwards of twelve years of age, who shall have been resident in this State for three years immediately preceding the application, or, if a minor, whose parent or parents, or, if an orphan, whose nearest friend, shall have been a resident in this State for three years immediately preceding the application, shall be eligible to appointment as State pupils in one of the deaf and dumb institutions of this state, authorized by law to receive such pupils; and all blind persons of suitable age and similar qualifications shall be eligible to appointment to the institutions for the blind in the city of New York or in the village of Batavia, as follows: All such as are residents of the counties of New York, Kings, Queens, Suffolk, Richmond, Westchester, Putnam and Rockland, shall be sent to the institution for the blind in the city of New York; those who reside in the other counties of the State shall be sent to the institution for the blind in the village of Batavia. All such appointments with the exception of those to the institution for the blind in the village of Batavia, shall be made by the Superintendent of Public Instruction upon application, and in those cases in which, in his opinion, the parents or guardians are able to bear a portion of the expense, he may impose conditions whereby some proportionate share of expense of educating and clothing such pupils shall be paid by their parents, guardians or friends, in such manner and at such times as the Superintendent shall designate, which conditions he may modify from time to time, if he shall deem it expedient to do so.

"§ 42. Each pupil so received into either of the institutions aforesaid shall be provided with board, lodging and tuition; and the directors of the institution shall receive for each pupil so provided for, the sum of * dollars per annum, in quarterly payments, to be paid by the Treasurer of the State, on the warrant of the Comptroller, to the treasurer of said institution, on his presenting a bill showing the actual time and number of such pupils attending the institution, and which bill shall be signed by the president and secretary of the institution and verified by their oaths. The regular term of instruction for such pupils shall be five years; but the

*So in the original; the usual amount is $260.

Superintendent of Public Instruction may, in his discretion, extend the term of any pupil for a period not exceeding three years. The pupils provided for in this and the preceding section of this title shall be designated as State pupils; and all the existing provisions of law applicable to State pupils now in said institutions shall apply to pupils herein provided for.

"§ 43. The Superintendent of Public Instruction may make such regulations and give such directions to parents and guardians, in relation to the admission of pupils into either of the above named institutions, as will prevent pupils entering the same at irregular periods."

It cannot be ascertained, however, from an examination of the reports of the Department of Public Instruction, covering the work of the Department since the enactment of this Statute, that it has inspected these schools and reported to the Legislature respecting them, although several reports, varying in form, from the officers of the schools, are to be found printed in the Superintendent's reports covering the years mentioned.

CLASSES OF PUPILS NOW SENT TO SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF.

Under existing statutes, which are sought to be repealed by the education bill, two classes of pupils are sent to the schools for the deaf and paid for by public moneys. Those between the ages of five and twelve are sent by members of boards of supervisors or by overseers of the poor, and paid for by counties or cities. The amount paid for the year ending September 30, 1898, was $243,363.99, and the reception and retention of these scholars were thus made subject to the Board's rules as provided in the Constitution and the State Charities Law.

Those over twelve years of age are appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction and are paid for by the State, the amount thus paid last year aggregating $223,326.18.

THE PROPOSED CHANGES IN THE LAWS; THEIR PURPOSE AND EFFECT.

It seems to be the theory of the Commissioners of Statutory Revision that, notwithstanding the provisions of the Constitution, and their purposes as interpreted and affirmed by the Court

of Appeals, the institutions for the deaf and the blind should be removed from the supervision of the State Board of Charities; also that the Comptroller's authority to require advance estimates from the New York State School for the Blind, at Batavia, should be impaired, and the appointment of the trustees of the school taken from the Governor; and this supervision, authority and power of appointment lodged exclusively in the Superintendent of Public Instruction. These, so far as they can be accomplished, are apparently among the purposes of the proposed Education Law.

That this is so, will readily be seen by the following general note with relation to the institutions for the deaf and the blind, which the Commissioners of Statutory Revision have inserted in the bill under consideration.

NOTE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF STATUTORY REVISION.

"General note.—The Constitution requires the Legislature to provide 'a system of free common schools, wherein all the children of this State may be educated.' The common schools as now established are only available for children in the possession of ordinary normal physical powers, and for obvious reasons can not be used for the instruction of the blind or of the deaf and dumb. The duty of the State to provide for these unfortunate children is clearly within the scope of the constitutional requirement, and if they can not be instructed in the ordinary schools, special schools should be established or provided for them. We have by this article made a somewhat radical change in the policy of the State, in relation to the education of the blind or deaf mutes, by placing the whole subject under the jurisdiction of the Department of Public Instruction and charging the local school authorities with the duty of attending to the administration of the law. Under the present law these local authorities have very little to do with the matter of furnishing instruction for the blind or of deaf-mutes, but this subject is left to certain judicial officers, or to officers connected with the local poor department and in a few cases to the State Superintendent. We think that the education of these children is a matter of constitutional right, and that the

subject should be treated as a part of the general scheme of education. We have, therefore, provided that blind children or deaf-mutes of school age may, and under the conditions stated in this article shall be sent to the proper State schools for instruction under the school system, and not as a part of judicial administration, or under laws relating to the poor. Application for admission to State schools, under this article, must be made to the State Superintendent by way of the local school authorities. We also think that these children are not only entitled to actual instruction, so far as they are capable of receiving it, in the ordinary branches of education, but are entitled, while in a State school, to be maintained at the expense of the State. This maintenance is a necessary incident of their condition.

The State School for the Blind, at Batavia, is continued, and is placed under the supervision and control of the State Superintendent, who is directed to reorganize its board of trustees, and will make all future appointments. He is also authorized to make contracts with other schools for the instruction of the blind, if the accommodations at the State school are insufficient. The State Superintendent is also given the exclusive right to direct the instruction of the children sent by him to the contract schools. This is a necessary provision, for if the blind are instructed under contract at the expense of the State, the course of instruction should be under the supervision of the superintendent, and should conform as nearly as practicable to that provided in the State school.

The article also provides specially for the instruction of deaf-mutes, and the provisions in relation to the instruction of the blind are made applicable, in all respects so far as practicable, to deaf-mutes. We have also provided a modified form of compulsory instruction of these children, by authorizing the school authorities to make application to the State Superintendent to have them sent to the proper school, but the matter is left ultimately to the discretion of a local magistrate.

The chief feature of the article is the change of policy in regard to the treatment and instruction of these unfortunate children, who cannot receive proper instruction at home schools, and the elimination from the law of any suggestion that they are con-

sidered in any respect as poor persons, or as recipients of charity. The State Superintendent has the same authority and is charged with the same duty in relation to their instruction as are devolved upon him in relation to the other children of the State. This places the whole subject of elementary instruction in one department, and under one central authority, and these children, instead of being excluded from the privileges of the common school system, are brought within its provisions, and given the same rights as other more fortunate children. This article is a substitute for Consolidated School Law, title XV, §§ 40-43, providing for instruction for the blind, and the deaf and dumb, and L. 1865, ch. 587; L. 1867, ch. 744; L. 1872, ch. 616; L. 1873, ch. 463, relating to the New York School for the Blind at Batavia; and L. 1839, ch. 200; L. 1852, ch. 333; L. 1862, ch. 351; and L. 1871, ch. 166, relating to the New York Institution for the Blind in the city of New York. And the following laws relating to the commitment and instruction of the deaf and dumb: L. 1863, ch. 325; L. 1870, ch. 180; L. 1871, ch. 548; L. 1875, ch. 213; L. 1838, ch. 244; L. 1864, ch. 386; L. 1874, ch. 253; L. 1876, ch. 331; L. 1854, ch. 272; L. 1885, ch. 58; and L. 1884, ch. 275. All of which we intend to repeal by the Education Law."

FALSE PREMISE IN THE EDUCATION BILL.

To accomplish these purposes, the bill almost in its inception, contains a distinctly false premise, which would create a dangerous precedent for the State to establish. It provides as follows:

"§ 1. Short title.—This chapter shall be known as the Education Law.

§ 2. Free common schools.—The Legislature shall provide for the maintenance and support of a system of free common schools, wherein all the children of the State may be educated. [Constitution, article IX, § 1.]

§ 3. Common schools.—The term 'common schools,' includes:

First. Public schools which alone or in branches, parts or other divisions, provide free instruction for all children of school age residing in the district; but does not include a department or school under exclusive supervision of the regents.

Second. *Schools for the blind, deaf-mutes or other defectives under this chapter.*"

Upon this question, however, the Court of Appeals, which is the interpreter of the Constitution, decided in the case of the New York Institution for the Blind already referred to, as follows:

"*State Maintenance of Free Education.—The provision of the Constitution (Art. 9, § 1), that 'the Legislature shall provide for the maintenance and support of a system of free common schools, wherein all the children of this State may be educated,' relates only to the public or common schools of the State, and has no application to appropriations made by the State to an institution for the education of the blind, wholly or partly under private control.*"

PROVISION INTENDED TO DESTROY OR IMPAIR THE CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

Section 19 of this proposed chapter provides as follows: "Supervision under this chapter *exclusive.*—Where a school or institution is subject to the supervision of the department of public instruction, the University, the school authorities or other school officers, or two or more of them, such supervision is *exclusive.*"

This section of the proposed law shows clearly that it was the intention of those responsible for its preparation, to exclude the State Board of Charities from the exercise of its statutory jurisdiction over the institutions for the deaf and the blind. While the language of other parts of the statute is, in some particulars less specific, that here used is clear and unmistakable.

This Board has for years exercised rights of visitation and inspection over institutions including those for the deaf and the blind, co-ordinately with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and is unaware of any friction or evil results arising therefrom. The Board is now and always has been willing to reach an amicable and satisfactory understanding with the educational authorities, whereby there shall be no overlapping of work and no cause of misunderstanding or friction between the two departments.

To this section there has been added this year the following sentence, which was not contained in last year's bill:

"But this section does not affect the right of visitation and inspection conferred by the Constitution on any officer, board or commission."

The effect of this addition is simply to reaffirm the constitutional right of the State Board of Charities to visit and inspect the institutions for the deaf and the blind, *but it does not reaffirm nor continue the statutory authority by which such Constitutional provisions are given practical effect.* It will also be noted that it simply applies to this particular section of the bill.

If this amendment were really intended to mean anything, it has not been drawn in such a careful and specific manner as to warrant the confidence of this Board.

Other sections of this chapter provide as follows: "§ 415. Free schools for the blind and for deaf-mutes. The Legislature shall provide free schools for the instruction of the blind and of deaf-mutes of school age."

The underlying principle of this section and of the preceding general note, seems to be founded upon the mistaken theory that it is the duty of the State to provide, as a matter of right, lodging, food and clothing as well as education for those who attend these institutions or schools, while the decision of the Court of Appeals is based upon the wiser view that it is not obligatory upon the State to provide lodging, food or clothing gratuitously to any one except as an act of benevolence or public relief. If the relatives and friends of pupils can afford to pay for the board, lodging and clothing of such pupils it is their duty to do so, and failing in this the scholars are not improperly considered as recipients of the bounty of the State, or of that of private individuals. This may be in some respects unpleasant for such pupils, although the Board has neither seen nor heard any evidence to that effect, but like other misfortunes, the facts are not likely to be changed for the better by any mere transposition of terms. In other words, it is the fact which is unfortunate and to be regretted, and not the name by which it is known.

At the same time the Board has never heard of the use of any unkind word or term in connection with such pupils, except by

some of the officers of their own institutions in the attempt to create a prejudice against the Constitutional provisions and the statute referred to.

PROVISIONS TRANSFERRING THE AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR AND THE COMPTROLLER TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

§ 416 provides: "Jurisdiction of State Superintendent.—The State Superintendent of Public Instruction has exclusive supervision and control of the admission of pupils into a school for the blind or for deaf-mutes under this chapter and their retention therein. He shall prescribe rules relating to such admission and the forms of application.

Sections 417 to 439 relate mainly to the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia, and the New York Institution for the Blind at New York.

Sections 418 and 419, take from the Governor the authority to appoint the trustees of the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia, and empower the State Superintendent of Public Instruction to make such appointments.

This is an unsafe and undesirable innovation, for it has become a well known principle of government that the responsibility for the appointment of the trustees of State charitable institutions should rest in the Governor who is foremost in the public eye and has most to lose in public estimation by undesirable appointments to such positions.

By § 422 and § 425, the authority now vested in the Comptroller, by the State Charities Law, to require advance estimates from the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia, which in the opinion of the Board, has been exercised with beneficent results, is lodged with the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

ADDITIONAL BURDEN TO THE STATE THROUGH THE OPERATIONS OF THE PROPOSED ACT.

§ 442 of this proposed law, provides: "Expenses for instruction and maintenance; how paid.—The expenses of instruction and maintenance of blind and deaf-mute children in a school or institution to which they may be sent under a contract (to be made by

the constitutional and statutory authority of the State Board of Charities. Subsequently, however, upon submitting the question to the Attorney-General, the Board's legal adviser, an opinion quite to the contrary was given. This opinion is, apparently, fully sustained by the sections quoted in this brief.

The Statutory Revision Commission possesses great powers and in order to deserve confidence, should exercise them with the utmost impartiality, intelligence and integrity, otherwise, as experience has shown, much mischief may be done. Members of the Legislature have, as a rule, no time to familiarize themselves with the provisions of the cumbersome measures presented by the Commission which are supposed to be merely the codification and revision, with unimportant changes, of existing statutes.

OBJECTIONS TO THE FORM OF THE MEASURE.

The Board's objections to the form of this measure are: That while it practically repeals the provisions of the State Charities Law, in so far as they affect the rights of this Board to visit, inspect and supervise the institutions for the deaf and the blind, this is not stated anywhere in the measure, but is effected by the use of the one word "exclusive" in a section remote from the provisions of the proposed act which relate to the schools for the deaf and the blind.

Also, that in taking from the Governor the power of appointment of the trustees of the New York State School for the Blind at Batavia, and from the Comptroller the authority to require advance estimates from the school, no explanation whatever, is given of these proposed important and far-reaching changes.

REPORT

OF THE

MMITTEE ON REFORMATORIES.

idea that all infringements of the laws of society and of the moral code proceed from an innate tendency to crime, coupled with an absence of the better instincts of human nature, has led to the adoption of measures in the past for their suppression which have been mainly punitive in character. Under this system delinquency, adult and juvenile, has steadily increased, and the number of those convicted of crime has expanded in equivalent proportions. It is only comparatively recently that efforts to seek out the causes of delinquency and crime have demonstrated the vital importance of substituting for that so long pursued a different system of dealing with delinquents. The futility of purely punitive measures has become apparent and the true lines to be followed in the abatement of crime have been recognized as involving the adoption of early educational and kindred influences, for the dependent children of our communities, in the place of punitive measures at a later period of their lives.

The prominent failures in our present reformatory system have been pointed out in previous reports by this committee as being—

First. An erroneous classification of inmates, based mainly upon age.

Second. The commitment of individuals to such reformatories according to locality, without special regard to character, thus involving the mingling of the young and comparatively innocent with the older and hardened offender.

Third. The conviction of juveniles for crime, and their commitment under sentence therefor, thereby placing the brand of the felon upon the undeveloped and comparatively innocent juvenile.

CHANGES SUGGESTED.

The recommendations of previous reports by this committee have advised the reclassification of the several reformatories as to their inmates, mainly upon a basis of the character of those committed, by removing existing restrictions to locality and freeing the several reformatory institutions from the insuperable

embarrassment of a promiscuous mingling of young delinquents with old and perhaps confirmed offenders.

Such a reclassification involves some changes of charter in each such institution in that the legislation which established several of our reformatories limits their inmates to commitments within a prescribed district.

Your committee believes that the commitments to each reformatory should be so regulated that the inmates of each shall be, as nearly as may be, of similar grades of character. This classification may involve some consideration of age, but this should be a secondary and not a primary factor.

The changes proposed involve, further, such enlargement of the powers of the several boards of managers as will enable them to transfer an inmate from their institution, under proper regulations, to another whose methods are better adapted to such particular case. This would involve a much more minute and careful examination on admission than now exists, and would result in a better individualization by the committing justice, at the outset, of all cases committed to this class of institutions. The treatment of all subjects under observation and care by the same line of discipline and instruction, without the essential consideration of differing mental and physical conditions, has proved to be one of the most serious causes of failure in past efforts for the reformation of delinquents, especially those of the juvenile class.

This committee earnestly hope that legislation may be had during the present year which shall amend the present system of committing children as convicted felons to our reformatories. Whatever the minor charge may be upon which the child is brought into custody, he should be discharged therefrom on the ground of youth and be committed to the reformatory as a precautionary and educational matter. He enters the institution in this manner with a clean record, which leaves no stain upon his character on beginning his career in life.

The fact that no boy can enter the army or navy of the United States who has been convicted of a felony is an additional argu-

ment in favor of such a change. At present the State, by its own statutes, deprives graduates from its reformatories of the privilege of entering upon a most important and honorable occupation, for which a large number not only have a special aptitude but for which the State has already given them a preparatory discipline and training. The strict discipline of army and navy life would prove an admirable sequel to the reformatory course of many of our delinquent juveniles and tend to make them worthy citizens.

Such legislation as we recommend for enactment has existed in France for many years and has proved not only most satisfactory in its final results but also serves as a source of encouragement to these juveniles during the period of their detention for such disciplinary education and training.

The recent recognition of the powerful influence of early environment in the formation of the character of the individual has led to a modification of existing methods for reformation and to an attempt to substitute for the repressive resorts of the past a hopeful system which shall encourage the individual and devolve hitherto undeveloped capacities and traits of character. This attempt to call into action latent mental capacities and characteristics is based upon the consideration that these unfortunate delinquents are mainly such from the absence of those influences in their early environment which establish in the mind a sharp distinction between right and wrong as well as a nice appreciation of the rights of others. As an added causative factor we must give due weight to hereditary entailments, mental and physical. These considerations lead us to view this class of cases as defective, and they are, consequently, "delinquent" because defective.

This committee has labored most earnestly during the past four years to urge upon those interested in reformatory work the desirability of obliterating the *prison* features from our reformatories. It has, unfortunately, been too long considered necessary to impress the newly admitted male or female inmate that he is a *prisoner*, with no hope of escape from the severe dis-

cipline to which he is to be subjected, and that he is to be punished for his faults as a preliminary and essential step to his arrival at better mental and moral conditions.

Instead of an early appeal to his better instincts, even though they be feebly developed, he is placed in confinement, often upon a restricted diet, under the mistaken idea that such treatment will soften his hard nature.

It has not been generally recognized, until comparatively recently, that this mode of beginning reformatory treatment fails to accomplish the end sought. With subjects whose intellectual faculties are of a low order, or but imperfectly developed, it establishes a resistant and defiant attitude, mentally. It is impossible to lead these subjects to view such measures in any other light than that of a vindictive and punitive infliction.

The architectural arrangement and construction of the reformatory has yet to be made distinctive and different from that of the prison, and to be freed from all suggestions of prison punishment and discipline.

The building of the new reformatory at Bedford, upon the old time plan of making the prison feature the most prominent one, has been already criticised by this committee, and the complete reorganization of its main building has been recommended.

Ruskin, in a recent address enunciated the proposition that a nation builds according to its moral character; that is, that a virtuous and moral people will produce a good architecture, while a degenerate people produce the reverse; and that in the architecture of the ancients, medievals and the renaissance builders we find expression of their prevailing mental and moral characteristics as reflecting those of the period. If we employ this idea as the touchstone by which we test the construction and arrangement of our reformatory buildings, we shall find that nearly all of them bear a depressing expression of vindictive punishment in their frowning walls and barred windows, instead of one of hopefulness, encouragement and moral elevation. While we are striving to develop a better system of reformatory procedure we must not overlook the importance of expressing the

characteristic features of our reformatory plans in the structural arrangement of our building.

Reformatories should be State institutions. Experience and observation impress this committee with the importance of making all reformatories for juveniles State institutions. We are aware that such institutions, under local or municipal control, or when conducted by voluntary organizations can accomplish much, but we are convinced that the largest success can be attained and full and satisfactory supervision can be best secured, when such institutions are under State management and under the supervision of an independent and authoritative body of State officials, clothed with extensive powers of inspection, suggestion and direction. This opinion is not shared by some of those, earnest in the development of reformatory effort. We are led to believe that this is, in part at least, due to differing conditions of governmental policy as well as to a tendency to cling to primitive measures.

Visitations and inspections of the reformatories of England, whose people are in close sympathy and touch with our own in an effort to solve these complicated questions of reform, reveal the fact that the parole and probation systems followed in the United States, not only do not exist in that country, but are not believed to promise success. Efforts in this direction in the United States, however, are followed by the prison authorities of Great Britain with the keenest interest. Her reformatories differ from our own in not being, in any instance, State institutions. They are under local, municipal authorities or are private, incorporated institutions. They are not permitted to receive inmates over sixteen years of age, while in the system of the State of New York prisoners are committed to our reformatories up to, and even above, the age of thirty-five years. This promiscuous mingling of the youthful delinquent with the older and hardened offender is not tolerated in the English reformatory system. Reformation of the adult criminal is not considered hopeful by English reformers, though they are outspoken in their praise of the philanthropic spirit which prompts and sustains this effort

in the United States. Mr. Brice, chairman of the English Prison Association, at the termination of a recent extended visit and examination of the reformatories and prisons of the United States, stated in this connection: "So long as the temper of a community allows this treatment of adult crime (referring to our State reformatories for adults) it is an experiment worth making; but whether it is a panacea for crime is a question. The advocates of the system claim great results, but they are, at most, only probable, and not demonstrated. There does not exist any statistical evidence by which alone the claims could be substantiated."

The treatment of juvenile offenders is a different question, and as to the possibility and achievement of permanent and valuable results with them, no important difference of opinion exists.

EDWARD H. LITCHFIELD,
ENOCH V. STODDARD, M. D.,
ANNIE G. DE PEYSTER,
Committee.

NEW YORK HOUSE OF REFUGE, RANDALL'S ISLAND, N. Y.

[Incorporated 1824.]

Officers.

President, ALEXANDER E. ORR.
Secretary, NATHANIEL JARVIS, JR.
Treasurer, EDWARD TOWNSEND.
Superintendent, E. M. CARPENTER.
Matron, MISS BARDEN.

This institution has been visited and inspected during the past year by the members of this committee and without notice. All parts of the institution have been thus inspected. In these visits the committee has been accompanied by the superintendent, Mr. Carpenter, and by the matron of the girls' department, Miss Barden.

POPULATION.

The total population on December 1, 1898, was 772. Boys' department, first division, 301; second division, 269; third division, 92. Of these 66 are colored.

Girls' department, 110, of whom 14 are colored.

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

Painting, 9; printing, 35; carpentry, 34; tailoring, 90; seamanship, 19; shoemaking, 41; machine shop, 11; blacksmithing, 10; boiler room and gas house, 15; bakery, 9; horticulture, 10; agriculture and carting, 21; laundry, 12; stocking shop, 122; kitchen and dining-room, 46; dormitories, 79; general duty and new boys in quarantine, 99.

GIRLS' DEPARTMENT.

Sewing class, 40; dormitories, 9; ironing, 16; washing, 16; kitchen, 15; general duty and new girls, 14.

The inmates of both boys' and girls' departments have been individually inspected, especially as regards their physical condition. This has been found to be quite satisfactory.

Trachoma, which was prevalent more than a year since, has almost entirely disappeared, having been eradicated by the efficient sanitary precautions established and consistently followed since that time.

The improvements in plumbing and bathing facilities, in process of construction at the date of our last report, have been completed during the year just closing, and contribute much to the health and comfort of the inmates.

The application of the managers of this institution for an appropriation for an addition to its buildings of a new stable and pigpen, and also for electrical apparatus and other appliances for technical work and instruction, leads this committee to again call the attention to the position of the State Board of Charities in regard to State aid to private institutions.

We do not favor the extension of buildings of this institution on its present site since it is probable that its removal to a rural location is not far distant.

The movement by the board of managers to secure a tract of land at a distance from New York city and to transfer the institution to it is cordially favored by the committee, as it has been recommended in its reports for several years past. We also again urge the oft-repeated demand that the girls' department be entirely separated from that of the boys, and become a distinct institution, or that the female inmates be transferred to and distributed among the several institutions for women already established.

The course of education and training can be so modified, under these conditions, as to permit of an extended course of instruction in agriculture and the care of domestic animals, and which will serve to train them in an occupation promising self-support. A comparatively small number of such boys are mentally capacitated, even under well-directed instruction, to enter upon and follow trade or technical pursuits.

We are impelled to call attention here to the necessity for the enactment of legislation, long urged by this committee, providing for the modification of conviction of juveniles for crime.

We are gratified by the concurrence of the board of managers of the House of Refuge in the importance of early enactment of legislation to this effect.

The technical and other departments of the institution remain without material change from the conditions mentioned in the last report.

STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

[Established 1846.]

Officers.

President, REV. ISAAC GIBBARD.
Secretary and Treasurer, GEORGE A. CARNAHAN.
Superintendent, FRANKLIN H. BRIGGS.

During the past year this institution has been visited by the members of this committee individually, by Commissioners Stoddard and Litchfield together, and, finally, by President Stewart. The last formal visit and inspection was upon December 20, 1898.

POPULATION.

The census on December 1, 1898, was as follows:

Instructors	27
Teachers	22
Officials	12
Other employes	70
Total	131

BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

First division, 137; second division, 199; third division, 199; fourth division, 212; total, 747. Of these 43 are colored.

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT—TECHNICAL SCHOOLS.

Bakery, 21; blacksmith shop, 23; boiler room, 15; carpenter shop, 17; electric construction, 8; foundry, 12; floriculture, 18; laundry, 28; machine shop, 17; mason shop, 26; paint shop, 19; pattern shop, 17; plumbing, steam and gas fitting, 10; printing office, 39; shoe shop, 69; tailor shop, 45; upholstering, 6. Total, 390.

In third grade, doing housework, 124. In the first and second grades, attending school all day, but receiving instruction in clay modeling, sloyd wood working and physical training as part of their school course, 174. In fourth grade primary receiving instruction as above, 36.

Working in storeroom, 3; boys' kitchen, 5; office orderlies, 6; science room, 1; at hospital, 6; barn, 3.

GIRLS' DEPARTMENT.

First division, 72; second division, 69; total, 141. Of these 8 are colored.

TECHNICAL SCHOOLS.

Cooking school, 29; dressmaking, 9; laundry, 13; millinery, 8; sewing, 40.

Working in kitchen, also receiving instruction in sewing-room, 9; working about dining-room, corridors and dormitories, also receiving instruction in sewing-room, 33.

BUILDINGS.

No changes of importance in or additions to the buildings have been made during the past year, with the exception of those in connection with the power-house and electric plant, provided for in the appropriation made by the last Legislature. These include a new chimney-stack, resetting the boilers and some additional machinery.

ADMINISTRATION.

The general system of discipline has been continued without modification and has proved efficient and satisfactory. The military drill and setting up exercises fully demonstrate their importance in the development of the physique and the attainment of a proper carriage by the boys. The dormitories, bathing facilities and dining-rooms continue in their previously creditable conditions of order and neatness.

The department of technical instruction has added another year to its record of effort and reform. The questions which this committee has previously raised, as to the extent to which this should be developed, have been further considered, and conclusions already reached have been strengthened by this increased experience. We have, for several years, urged the removal of this institution from its present site in the city to one amid rural surroundings, where opportunities are afforded for the substitution of a course of agricultural training and instruction for a part of the technical instruction now pursued. We believe this will prove to be beneficial to the boys, during its progress, and that it will achieve better final results. In this connection we again urge the importance of an entire separation and removal of the girls' department into a separate institution, or the distribution of its inmates, by a proper classification, among other similar institutions of the State.

With both these recommendations the managers express themselves as being fully in accord, and in sympathy with legislation designed to secure these important changes.

A further recommendation of the State Board of Charities, urged in previous reports, the managers also adopt cordially. This

involves legislation to secure such changes in the mode of commitment of juveniles to this institution as shall admit them for training and instruction and not as convicted criminals. We earnestly hope for success to the efforts which may be made to secure these most important changes in connection with this institution.

HOUSE OF REFUGE FOR WOMEN, HUDSON, N. Y.

[Established 1881.]

Officers.

President, WILLIAM E. MILBANK, M. D.
Secretary, MISS ELIZABETH S. BROWN.
Treasurer, HERMAN LIVINGSTON.
Superintendent, MRS. FRANCIS O. ABBOTT.

During the past year this institution has been visited and inspected by the members of this committee individually, and by President Stewart. A special and final visitation and inspection was made December, 1898, by Commissioners Litchfield and Stoddard, of this committee.

POPULATION.

The census of inmates December 1, 1898, was as follows:

Number in prison, 60; in cottages, 198; in hospital, 18; young infants, 8; infants born in institution during year, 6.

Age of oldest inmate, 41—(so stated).

Age of youngest inmate, 12.

The inmates are employed as follows:

In laundry, 10 (2 sessions).

In cooking school, 22 (1 session).

In dressmaking class, 25 (1 session).

In sewing school, 102 (1 session).

Sewing school in prison, 30.

Evening school in prison, 45.

The numbers in the prison classes vary according to admissions to the institution.

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

No improvements of importance have been made in the buildings or grounds during the past year. The recommendations made by the State Board of Charities, in its previous and last report in this respect, have not been accomplished. Changes in the administration have, however, secured an active concurrence in the expressed opinions of this committee, and a desire is expressed on the part of the managers to co-operate with the efforts of the State Board of Charities to improve the record of this institution as a reformatory one. The spirit of progress which has been aroused, has led the present board of managers to urge a considerable appropriation for new buildings and changes in those now existing. In the importance of a number of these betterments this committee concurs. We are compelled to disapprove of the execution of some of them at this time, since they will more advantageously follow the execution of others more directly essential to successful administration. The desire of the managers to meet and carry out the recommendations of the State Board of Charities, so long urged, for complete remodelling of the prison, is a gratifying evidence of progress, and makes possible the ultimate reorganization of the whole reformatory work of this institution, upon lines which will obviate many existing embarrassments. The results of the investigation conducted by this committee, and which is still in progress, of the methods followed, strengthens the conviction, which we have already expressed, that successful prosecution of the proper work of this institution can only be secured by a complete change in the prison building, by which its vindictive and prison features shall be replaced by the encouraging and cheering characteristics of a reception cottage.

ADMINISTRATION.

A change of superintendents has been made in this institution and we hope that the present incumbent of the position appreciates the necessity for the radical reforms urged by the State Board of Charities.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

The recommendations for alterations in the prison building, specifically stated and urged in the previous reports of this committee, are repeated. We recommend that the building be completely reorganized and its interior cellular character be abolished; that this alteration be succeeded by an arrangement of separate rooms, light, and well ventilated, and that not more than eight or ten light cells, for retirement of inmates, in a remote part of the building, be constructed.

We would further recommend that all suggested improvements in the plumbing and bathing facilities of this building, be made dependent and consequent upon such changes in, and abolition of, its prison features; and we recommend that the State Board of Charities approve the appropriation of a sufficient sum to secure the proposed alterations, the expenditure of such appropriation to be made conditional upon the approval of the plans by the State Board of Charities.

It is further recommended, that the period of detention in this institution be reduced from five years to three years, for the reasons already stated in this report.

NEW YORK STATE REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN, BEDFORD, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.

[Established 1892.]

Officers.

President, DAVID N. CARVALHO.
Secretary, MISS ALICE SANDFORD.
Treasurer, JAMES WOOD.

This institution has been visited during the past year by a member of this committee and was especially visited and inspected by President Stewart and Vice-President Stoddard, October 15, 1898.

The special object of this visit was to ascertain the exact condition of the institution and to inspect the work still in progress,

connected with the water supply, the sewerage system, the heating facilities, etc.

The grounds at the time of this visit were in great state of disorder, from excavation for trenches for the conduits for steam pipes, and all work was at a stand-still. The pipes were in place, but the conduits were still open on account of the non-arrival of the stone flagging which is to close them. We learned that this has since arrived and has been placed by the contractor. The sewerage system was nearly completed, the precipitation tanks were constructed and in order, though no grading or filling about them had been done and the masonry was consequently exposed to the injurious effects of water and frost. The pumping station was established and the water supply secured, though much remains to be done to render this system complete. Apart from wiring for electric lighting, little has been done to the buildings during the year.

The delay in preparing this institution for occupancy is a discredit to the State. A comparatively moderate expenditure is required to place it in a condition to meet, in some measure, the pressing demand for its added facilities to the reformatory resources of the state. In the last report of this committee, attention was called to the grave error, repeated in this institution, of constructing as the principal building, a prison. The total capacity of the institution is 300 inmates, yet, of this number 146 are provided for in cells in the prison building. This places the institution in the class of prisons rather than of reformatories, and is the repetition of the error which has prevented the House of Refuge for Women at Hudson, for the past twenty years, from conducting efficient reformatory work.

The continuance of this grave error in the construction for the House of Refuge for Women at Albion, has also embarrassed its board of managers in the prosecution of such measures, as they have felt to be essential to the welfare of their charges.

The cheerless and discouraging prison-house affords no fitting atmosphere for the development of a hopeful and cheering effort at reform.

The recommendations previously made by the State Board of Charities is repeated, that the several tiers of cells of the prison with their iron gratings be removed and transformed into single rooms, for occupancy by the inmates of the institution. A remote and secluded corridor containing a few cells might remain unaltered, to be used, if needed, for purposes of seclusion.

The present prison would thus be transformed into a reception cottage, for newly admitted inmates, from which they might be transferred to the family cottages according to their individual character and requirements.

We would recommend that an amount, sufficient to place this institution in a condition for immediate occupancy, be appropriated by the legislature, and that this important addition to the reformatory resources of the state be early placed in a condition to meet the demands, which its establishment was designed to satisfy.

WESTERN HOUSE OF REFUGE FOR WOMEN, ALBION, N. Y.

[Established 1890.]

Officers.

President, ISAAC S. SIGNOR.
Secretary, MRS. SARAH J. FEE.
Treasurer, MRS. CLARA M. WATERMAN.
Superintendent, MRS. MARY K. BOYD.

This institution has been visited and inspected by the members of this committee individually, by President Stewart, and, in a final, special visit of inspection, by Commissioners Litchfield and Stoddard together, on December 10, 1898.

POPULATION.

The census of the institution December 1, 1898, was as follows:

Number in prison, 55; in cottage No. 1, 22; in cottage No. 2, 22; in cottage No. 3, 22; total, 121.

Two of this number are infants.

Age of youngest inmate, 15 years; of oldest, 30 years.

BUILDINGS.

Some changes of importance have been made in the buildings of this institution during the past year, and such improvements are still in progress. The large brick store-house has been transformed into a commodious and attractive building, by an extensive addition and a complete change in its external and internal arrangement. These changes provide a large assembly hall, for chapel and other exercises, and two large schoolrooms for technical work and instruction. These additions have been greatly needed and will facilitate the further development of administrative work and important instruction.

ADMINISTRATION.

The progress noted during the past two years in this institution has continued. Discipline is easily maintained and all internal matters are in a satisfactory condition.

The technical departments show further expansion, and the general school system accompanies the technical in development.

The inmates are employed as follows:

In the laundry, 20; cooking class, 22; sewing class, 20; dressmaking, plain, 12; dressmaking, technical, 7.

There are also employed in the care of the halls and dormitories, 17, and in school, at each session, 27, two sessions being held for separate classes each day.

The order and neatness of every department, which has heretofore characterized this institution, continues to be a prominent feature of its administration.

The hospital contains no patients and the general health of the inmates has been uniformly good.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

Some of the most pressing needs of the institution recently have been met by the construction and arrangement of the assembly hall and new schoolrooms, but further improvements and facilities are necessary, and, accordingly, we recommend an appropriation sufficient to meet the construction of a large farm

barn and stable, together with a small house for the coachman. In addition, we would recommend a moderate appropriation for the establishment of a pig and fowl house; also provision for lighting, heating and furnishing the assembly hall. A small appropriation is also recommended for hospital, school and library furniture, all in addition to general maintenance.

THE BERKSHIRE INDUSTRIAL FARM.

[Incorporated 1886.]

Officers.

President, FREDERICK G. BURNHAM.
Secretary, JAMES F. MAURY.
Treasurer, ROBERT CARTER.
Superintendent, W. W. MAYO.

This institution was specially visited and inspected in behalf of this committee by Inspector Lathrop, December 23, 1898.

In previous reports the history of the struggles of the Berkshire Farm in the accomplishment of its mission have been given at length. Its condition at the present time is not so encouraging as could be desired. On the retirement of the late superintendent a large number of boys were returned by him to their parents or guardians, and the impression became general that the Berkshire Farm School had reached the termination of its career. In this manner the population was reduced to twelve boys. In April last a new superintendent, Mr. W. W. Mayo, was appointed. He had formerly been connected with the institution as an instructor. His efforts to improve the condition of the institution have been, in some measure, successful.

POPULATION.

The census on the date of special inspection was as follows:

Boys	31
Officers and employes	12

BUILDINGS.

The buildings remain as at last report, no additions or changes having been made during the last year. Many of them are out of repair and are slowly falling to decay. Attention has been called in our previous reports to the lack of system and judgment in placing and construction of such new buildings as have been erected.

ADMINISTRATION.

Aside from the superintendent, the officers and employes seem to lack the experience in the conduct of the several departments of such an institution which are necessary to success. The absence of an esprit du corps is apparent. The pecuniary resources of the institution are so limited that not only is there an insufficient sum at command to secure the talent necessary, but the salaries of present officers and employes are in arrears. These conditions serve to still further diminish the interest which should accompany this work.

The discipline is not well established nor effectual. The attempt at military drill is irregular and is not at all inspiring to the Board. The technical instruction is on a par with the other departments.

The amusements provided are few and insufficient and do not serve to brighten, to any considerable extent, the generally prevalent atmosphere of ennui and discontent. The general depression caused by so many dilapidated buildings renders special provision for something cheerful necessary.

The present superintendent is making all the effort of which he is capable to change existing conditions, but he can hardly accomplish this without more competent and resourceful associates and more ample funds for the prosecution of the work of the institution. The unsettled and changeful conditions of administration react upon the boys and make their efforts, as well as those of their instructors and guardians, more difficult.

We trust that the current year may add to the resources of

the Berkshire Farm in such manner and measure as to place it in a position to accomplish what has been hoped for by its founder and by those interested in its success.

CHARLTON INDUSTRIAL FARM SCHOOL, CHARLTON, N. Y.

Officers.

President, REV. A. WAREHAM.
Secretary and Treasurer, J. T. SWEETMAN, M. D.
Superintendent, RICHARD M. CARTER.
Matron, MRS. K. DE R. THORBURN.

This institution was specially visited and inspected in behalf of this committee by Inspector Lathrop on December 22, 1898.

The "Farm School" is located about two and one-half miles from the village of Charlton, Saratoga county. Its grounds include a farm of about two hundred acres of fairly fertile land. It was established mainly by the effort of Mr. John S. Hawley, a native of Charlton, but now a resident of New York city.

From his interest in the welfare of the neglected boys and a result of experience upon the board of managers of the Berkshire Industrial Farm, Mr. Hawley decided to establish the present institution, and by a gift of $25,000 provided for the purchase of the farm at present occupied by the institution.

The first inmates were received April 1, 1896, since which date twelve boys have become residents upon the farm. One of these has since been returned to his mother. The remaining eleven are, at the present date, members of the farm family.

PLAN.

The central thought of the originator of this farm school involved the instruction, in farm work and cultivation of small fruits, of boys accustomed to city and town life and pursuits. And secondly, to attempt the control of such a number of boys only as could be supported with present income, numbers to be increased only with the assurance of increased income. In the

accomplishment of these two ideas the family principle was to remain the predominating influence and condition.

MAINTENANCE.

The sum of $2,000 annually is guaranteed by subscription toward the support of the institution, while such sums as may be realized from the sale of farm products and the payment of board by the friends of boys while visiting them are credited to the general maintenance fund. During the last year the account of the superintendent shows that the sum of $972.63 was received from this latter source.

BUILDINGS.

The building upon the premises, when first purchased, was a two story building of wood, with partly finished attic, and with a cellar. Since the purchase of the farm there have been added a new and modern piggery, a new cow barn with accommodations for twenty-four cattle.

Further improvements have been accomplished in the change of an old cider mill, originally on the premises, into a building suitable for the school. The most important addition to the buildings of the farm is the new building now in process of completion, and which it is expected will be ready for occupancy in the spring. It is a commodious building of brick, pleasing in its external appearance, and intended to meet the demands for the accommodation of the administrative department, residence of officers, and to provide a large dormitory upon the third floor for the inmates. The plans for the completion of the interior of this building involve the provision, aside from the dormitories mentioned, of lavatories and dining-rooms.

While we feel that the new building is in many respects well arranged for the purposes for which it was designed, we regret to see so marked a departure in the first great improvement in the buildings of the institution, from the original idea of the home feature.

Several failures in construction and arrangement are to be noted. First, the location of the dormitory at such a distance from the administrative department as to render a family supervision of the boys difficult. Second, the provision for the exit of the inmates from the dormitories, especially, of this building, in case of fire, is very inadequate, and should receive immediate attention. Third, the ventilation of the dormitories referred to is inadequate and insufficient.

ADMINISTRATION.

The present system followed in administration is wholly in accord with the idea of the founder. The atmosphere of the family and of the home is noticeable everywhere. The routine of the institution is that of ordinary rural life, and is well adjusted to the physical needs of the boys.

No special provision for amusement is provided. The boys are allowed to join in ordinary sports and games, with reading and occasional stereoptican entertainments with the lantern belonging to the home.

The discipline of the institution seems to be much that of the home, and the methods followed are largely, though not entirely, those of the ordinary family. Of the eleven boys, seven are from the city or town, and are, at times, discontented with the quiet and monotony of farm life, and occasionally leave the institution without permission.

Infractions of discipline in the school or family are met with punishment somewhat varied, in which physical inflictions play a part. In the school, the teacher says: "I have used the strap once; I stand a boy in the corner behind a curtain; I have found shaking most efficacious." It is thought that this is resorted to quite frequently. Another of the instructors "fines the boys, compels them to run around the building a number of times, and uses a strap on the hands or buttocks."

The "strap" is an old piece of harness, loosely doubled, and when doubled, is about sixteen inches long. The matron in her

discipline, employs the "coop," fines, and punishes the small boys with a strap made of a bundle of leather shoe strings.

The "coop" is a small enclosure situated in the attic and is employed for solitary confinement for brief periods, in sufficiently moderate weather. While there is no special plan of discipline adopted, there is no apparent conflict of authority among those administering discipline, nor does there seem to be a spirit of resentment on the part of the boys. This is, evidently, due to the smaller number of boys, and their close associations in a form of family relation with their instructors and guardians.

A further matter associated with the disciplinary effort of the institution is a system of wages, in accordance with which the boy is paid for his week's work in the home, school or on the farm, a specific sum. The larger boys receive fifty-five cents per week, and the smaller forty-five cents. The money in which they are paid is on "farm coin," which is based upon a value corresponding with United States money. All clothing or luxuries are paid for in this coin, and the system of fines imposed is based upon payment made from the same currency.

The dining-room is orderly; the table is covered with a white oilcloth, each boy having a napkin. The dietary, though simple, is sufficient, and the general health of the boys is good. No epidemic disease has prevailed since the institution was opened, no death has occurred, and but one dollar and fifteen cents have been spent for medicine during the past year.

Personal cleanliness is maintained both in body and clothing. The boys wear blue suits, having one for working and one for dress. The dormitories are plain in furniture, but the beds are clean and orderly.

No provision is made for the sick in the present house. The physician, Dr. St. John Charlton, comes upon call, making no regular or stated visits at the institution.

The water supply for domestic use is derived from springs at a short distance from the house and pumped into a 700-gallon tank located above the kitchen. Connected with this is no provision whatever for fire protection.

OBSERVATIONS.

This committee feel that, as far as it has progressed, the Charlton Farm School has, until the present time, advanced closely upon the lines laid down by its founder. The new building, however, indicates a tendency, which is almost uniformly observable in the development of an institution, to drift into the idea of establishing large and imposing structures for the uses of the institution. In the present instance the size of the new building and its arrangement establish the institution feature in the place of the home. It would have been better to have constructed the provisions made in this single building in two or more smaller buildings with the idea of maintaining the family element separate from institution management.

We further feel that the number of boys in this institution should be kept so small or within such limits that they may always be maintained in small family groups, not exceeding, at the most, fifteen, and that any future addition to the structures connected with the farm school should be had solely in accordance with the simple family plan.

The general position of the farm is an exposed one, and the location of the present building is necessarily exposed.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

We would recommend, first, that a map of the grounds of the Charlton Farm be secured by the managers, upon which should be placed the location of the present building, and a general plan adopted in accordance with which future buildings may be located.

Second. We would recommend that immediate attention be given to improvements in the ventilation of the dormitories upon the third floor of the new building. The windows should be cut up to within a few inches of the ceiling, and provisions for roof or ridge ventilation should be secured.

Third. Immediate and adequate measures for securing fire protection should be adopted. A door might be cut from the large

dormitory into the rear attic, and access to a staircase from that part secured, or an outside stairway, or proper fire-escape, should be constructed from the dormitory on the third floor to the ground.

Further fire protection should be ensured by an increase in the water supply, and in connection with this building, together with fire buckets and similar appliances upon the several floors.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE

ON

Idiots and Feeble-Minded.

ort of Committee on Idiots and Feeble-Minded.

State Board of Charities:

State institutions for idiotic and feeble-minded have been during the past year by the members of this committee. ıas been carefully inspected, and the conditions touching duct, the health of its inmates, methods of instruction and ine have been duly considered.

following are the institutions so visited:

ıe Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children ıcuse, established in 1851.

ıe State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women at k, established in 1885.

ıe Rome State Custodial Asylum at Rome, established in

SYRACUSE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

Dr. James C. Carson, *Superintendent.*

institution was officially visited and inspected September 8, by Commissioners Walrath, McCarthy and Putnam of ommittee. On the day of inspection there were 537 in- of whom 264 were males, 273 females. This total is 36 ss of the number of inmates on the date of visitation the ıs year. The average age is about 17 years.

onnection with this institution is what is known as the ıouse, where about 18 of the larger boys reside. The build- designated was moved upon its present site about thirty- ars ago, and has been continuously occupied as at present irty-four years. There is no cellar under the building. lls are found to be in a bad state of decay and must soon placed. The house has been heated by stoves and lacks

plumbing facilities. Excavation must be done to place the sills. The house should be refitted and modernized.

We recommend an appropriation of $2,500 to be expended in raising the house about two feet, placing new sills, furnishing new floors, bath, wash-room and water-closet conveniences. We also recommend an appropriation of $1,150 to construct an underground conduit for steam and other pipes, and necessary alterations and changes of the pipes between the main building and superintendent's residence. This should be done to facilitate work in case of leaks or breaks. For maintenance we recommend an appropriation of $81,000.

There have been no additions to buildings at this institution, nor have any new buildings been erected during the past year.

THE STATE CUSTODIAL ASYLUM FOR FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN, NEWARK, N. Y.

This institution was officially visited and inspected September 14, 1898, by Commissioners Walrath, McCarthy and Putnam of this committee.

On the date of inspection there were 406 inmates. This is an excess of 7 over the average number during the previous year. This indicates a rather crowded condition, as the capacity of the institution is estimated at 400.

The proposed new dormitory building, for which an appropriation was made by the Legislature of 1898, has not been built, owing to failure on the part of the board of managers to agree among themselves or with the State Board of Charities on a suitable location for the building.

The committee recommends for appropriations as follows: For maintenance and ordinary repairs, $50,000; for completion of power-house, dynamo and electrical apparatus and water supply; building of conduit, piping of same for steam, water and lights; purchase of land for track to power-house, boilers, engines and

appliances for use; shafting, pulleys, pumps and necessary furnishings; building of track; wiring building for electric lights and for fixtures used for same, $45,000; for incidentals, improving grounds, extraordinary repairs and for walks, $5,000; for one new cottage dormitory building, $25,000.

All the buildings were found to be scrupulously neat and clean. The grounds were cared for and presented a beautiful lawn dotted here and there with flower beds, trees and shrubs; and beyond was a vegetable garden in which many of the inmates were happily employed.

ROME STATE CUSTODIAL ASYLUM.

This institution was visited and inspected by Commissioners Walrath, McCarthy and Putnam, of this committee, on September 15, 1898. On this date there were present in the institution as dependent inmates 216 men and 128 women, a total of 344.

During the past year the kitchen building has been completed. The administration building and one new dormitory building are now under way. Appropriations for these buildings were made by the legislative sessions of 1897 and 1898.

The legislature, by chapter 426, Laws of 1898, appropriated for electric lighting, plumbing, heating and completion of administration building, $7,000; for plumbing, lighting and completing kitchen building, $8,000.

We recommend the following appropriations for this institution: For one dormitory building to house 105 inmates, $26,000; for completing connecting corridor, electric-wiring and cable, $100; electric fixtures, $35; warming and ventilating, $765; completing dormitory building, electric-wiring and cable, $1,400; electric fixtures, $165; warming and ventilating, $6,200; plumbing and drainage, $7,000; one 125 horsepower boiler with fittings, foundation and connections, $3,000; covering steam pipes, hot water pipes, hot water generators and steam tank, $1,500; furniture, $3,000; farm stock and utensils, $1,500; grading and improving grounds, $2,500; fencing, $2,000; filter and extending

water system, $4,000; machinery, $1,000; fire alarm system and extending telephone system, $700; railroad switch, $10,000; maintenance, $75,000; making the special appropriations approved of, $70,865, and the total appropriation, $145,865.

The board of managers has asked this Board to approve of items aggregating many thousand dollars to be used in completing work for which money was appropriated by the last session of the legislature with like object. Your committee does not feel justified in recommending these sums for the reason that the work should have been completed out of the appropriation obtained, or the work should not have been undertaken by the managers until such time as the legislature might deem it wise to make larger appropriations. This committee calls attention to the fact that the buildings now in the State for the use of this class are wholly inadequate to furnish accommodations required.

A careful census shows that there are now over 800 inmates of this class in the several almshouses of the State; there are also several hundred living on the farms and in the cities and villages of the State. They are a menace to society and ample provision should be made to properly care for them.

A number of the inmates both at the asylum at Newark and the school at Syracuse should be transferred to the institution at Rome, and that institution or another new institution for a like class of inmates should be rapidly developed to meet the demands.

We recommend that an additional force of attendants be employed at Rome, allowing one attendant for every twelve inmates. This would allow more freedom in out of door exercise and in many ways improve the condition of the inmates.

Respectfully submitted,

PETER WALRATH,

Chairman.

REPORT

OF THE

Committee on Soldiers and Sailors' Homes.

18

REPORT.

To the State Board of Charities:

The undersigned, representing the standing committee of the Board on Soldiers and Sailors' Homes, respectfully submits the following report:

The institutions which have heretofore been subject to the inspection of this committee of the Board are the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Bath, and the Woman's Relief Corps Home at Oxford, but to these have this year been added by special designation of the President of the Board, the Sailors' Snug Harbor at New Brighton, Staten Island. The two institutions first mentioned are owned, governed and maintained by the State; the last named is owned, officered, and maintained by a private corporation from the income of corporate property, real and personal. The Homes provide only for veterans from the army and navy of this country, while the Harbor affords protection and maintenance to those who have given five years' service, under the flag, whether in the naval service or merchant marine.

The New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home was first established and incorporated by the Grand Army of the Republic, but became a State institution under the provisions of chapter 48, Laws of 1878. In the report of the committee of this Board for 1881, it is stated that the inmates of that time were men who had become old and decrepit, or had been crippled by accident since leaving the service, or of those permanently enfeebled by hardships in the field. Twenty years had then elapsed since these men were called to the defense of their country in the war of the rebellion, and it was argued by the committee that but a few more years would pass before the Home must be appropriated to other uses. However, the spirit of patriotism prompted this closing recommendation to the report of the committee:

* * * "Cheerfully to make every reasonable provision for the comfort and welfare of those who, having volunteered to serve their country in its greatest trial, need some protection in their declining years."

This spirit has continued to animate the Legislature, the public and this Board in their dealings with the Home, and since that recommendation was made there have been additional accommodations for dining the inmates, thus doing away with the necessity of resetting the tables twice or even three times when the Home was full. The necessary waiting and crowding at meal times created much embarrassment and was a serious drawback to the maintenance of proper discipline. Since the report of this Board in 1881, appropriations have been made for a new chapel and amusement hall, a new headquarters, additional hospital accommodations, a fire-proof vault for the preservation of records, additional barracks, etc. These are only some of the most important improvements that have been recommended and realized to secure comforts and even luxuries to the men to whom we owe such a debt of gratitude. In the report of the Board for the year 1888, twenty seven years after the war began, occurs this passage in the report of the Board upon this institution:

"It is probable that the demands upon this institution for ten or fifteen years to come will be greater than in the past, and it will consequently soon become necessary for the State to increase its accommodations or provide other modes of relief."

The facts verify the opinion then expressed by the report of the committee, and it is claimed that official statistics show that there will be a continued increase in the number of veterans seeking admission to the Soldiers' Home until the year 1908.

While death is continually depleting the actual number of veteran survivors, yet, in the opinion of those in authority, age and disease among the younger men serves to keep up the quota in the Home and will for some time to come.

The reasonable capacity of the institution, which has been continually overtaxed, will find some relief upon the completion of the new dormitory building and the addition to the hospital ac-

commodations, for which provision was made by the last Legislature, and which are now nearing completion, but the chronic condition of overcrowding will again become true unless accommodations are further extended.

Repudiating any desire to institute an almshouse test for admission to the Home, the committee were impressed with the belief, from their observation during the inspection of the Home, that there may be an appreciable number of inmates whose state and circumstances would enable them to live comfortably elsewhere were they so minded. If such be really the case, these inmates should be made to yield place to those who, from physical disability or infirmity or want of pecuniary means, have a better claim to the accommodations of the institution.

The Home was visited on Tuesday, August 23, 1898, by Commissioners Marvin and Walrath, accompanied by the Inspector of Charities, and on Thursday, September 29, 1898, by Commissioners Marvin and Dahlgren. It is a pleasure to record a growth in improvement since the visit of the committee a year ago highly commendable to the commandant and his staff of officers. All departments of the institution were found in fair state of cleanliness and order. The condition in which the hospital, dining room, kitchen and quartermaster's department was found was specially commendable. Everything about the Home in all departments indicated the careful supervision of a progressive administration. The committee are well satisfied, from their observation, that the inmates of the Home are, in all respects, well and carefully cared for, and in so far as the condition of the grounds and buildings and the care of inmates rest with the officers in charge the committee found nothing to merit adverse criticism. They did find, however, a continuance of neglect to repair the older barrack buildings, which, as it is allowed to continue from year to year, is accumulating expense to the State, and will at the present time necessitate a large appropriation to restore these buildings to their normal condition. The stairways need renewal, floors should be relaid, the water-closets re-arranged and supplied with modern and approved appli-

ances, and the exterior and the woodwork of the interior of the barrack buildings should be repainted and the side walls and ceilings repaired and refinished. It is only prudent business economy for the State to expend annually upon the buildings of its charitable institutions so much as will preserve the plants from deterioration. The State has lost money in the neglect to follow this course in the Soldiers and Sailors' Home, as it is not unlikely that delay has enhanced by possibly 50 per cent. the cost of repairs. The committee found no evidence of extravagance in management. The food supply affords a plain, full diet, well adapted to and no more than sufficient for the needs of the inmates. Neither in this department, nor in any other connected with the Home, did the committee observe any provision which the sentiment of the people of the State would not fully justify in the care of the veteran inmates of the Home. As has been previously stated, the committee found what seemed satisfactory progress in the improvements provided by the last Legislature appropriations. The committee were furnished by the commandant with a list of what is regarded as the appropriations needed for another year. These include:

Maintenance	$210,000
Deficiency	25,000
Stock of clothing to be kept on hand	5,000
Assembly hall	30,000
Inspector's house	3,000
Stable for inspector	800
Greenhouse	10,000
General repairs	15,000
Place of restraint	5,000
Grading and filling near bridge	1,000
Vegetable cellar	1,000

Of these the committee recommend approval of the two items of maintenance and deficiency of maintenance, amounting, in the aggregate, to $235,000. Of this sum $100 per year per capita is

refunded to the State by the Federal Government. The increase in maintenance over the sum appropriated last year is made necessary by the increased number of inmates who will be taken in and cared for upon completion of the new dormitory building. The committee also recommend appropriation for stock of clothing, $5,000; assembly hall, $30,000; general repairs, $15,000; inspector's house, $3,000; stable for inspector, $800, and for vegetable cellar, $1,000.

In a blanket appropriation made in the annual supply bill for certain improvements at the Home, provision was supposed to be made for a cold-storage system, quartermaster's store and kitchen. It is to be hoped that a sufficient sum out of this appropriation has been reserved to complete this work, as it is certainly very much needed. The committee think this an opportune occasion to suggest that all appropriations made by the Legislature to charitable institutions should be for a certain sum and for one particularly specified purpose.

The New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home at Oxford, Chenango county, was established by chapter 468 of the Laws of 1894, as "The New York State Home for the Aged Dependent Veteran and his wife, veterans' mothers, widows and army nurses, residents of New York." This title proved a continual source of criticism and annoyance, and by chapter 47, Laws of 1897, it was made less formidable and quite as expressive by the one it now bears. It was opened to inmates April 19, 1897, with a capacity for 52 inmates. The land was donated by the people of Oxford, the buildings have been erected by the State, and these have been furnished by the Woman's Relief Corps. There is, therefore, a triple interest in the institution, which does not, however, detract in any way from the responsibility of the State in its oversight and management.

The total appropriations by the State for construction and maintenance of the Home up to this date have been $113,943.42, of which sum $77,000 is for construction and equipment, and $36,943.42 for maintenance and repairs.

The Home was visited on Wednesday, August 24, 1898, by Commissioners Marvin and Walrath, accompanied by the Inspector of Charities. The number of inmates then present was 50, viz.: 15 men and 35 women; the men present being accompanied by their wives as no single men or widowers are either admitted or allowed to remain inmates. In arrangement, construction and furnishing, the buildings of the Home much resemble those of a summer hotel of the better class. The quarters it affords are not only comfortable but elegant, and in the provision made, patriotic sentiment has been carried to the extreme. The summer tourist would be embarrassed to realize for his expenditure, the comfortable quarters which the State gratuitously furnishes these people. The broad halls, pleasant verandas, elegantly furnished rooms, all well kept and provided, leave nothing to be desired in the way of comfort or even luxury. The Home was not established upon the recommendation of this Board and this committee will be extremely conservative in recommending any extension of its accommodations upon the present scale, but having been established and so far developed, we feel that it is necessary to go so much further as will well adapt the present plant to its purposes.

At the time of the visitation, the only work accomplished under the appropriation made by the last Legislature was the erection of a new barn and some work in grading the grounds. Since that time, the committee is informed, plans have been prepared by the State Architect for the new dormitory and the laundry building. The new dormitory is located 136 feet from the present buildings, and a covered passageway or corridor connecting the two is a necessity. After consultation with the Architect, it was decided to make this corridor serve not only the purpose of a protective passageway, but a day room for inmates, and at the suggestion of the committee a sketch plan has been made, to this end, which is herewith submitted. This improvement is estimated by the Architect at a cost of $8,200, and the committee recommend the appropriation of this sum for such purpose, as they will also recommend an appropriation of $1,250

for farm implements, farm stock and fruit planting. The committee will decline to make any further recommendation for further improvements except upon specifications and an estimate of cost by the State Architect. With the completion of the new dormitory building and the additional number of inmates thus accommodated, an increased appropriation for maintenance will be needed.

On the date of inspection, every department of the Home was found in the same condition of neatness and good order observed in previous visits, for which due credit should be given the superintendent.

The Sailors' Snug Harbor was founded in 1801, by the will of Captain Robert Richard Randall, and incorporated by special act of the Legislature in 1806, under the corporate title of "The Trustees of the Sailors' Snug Harbor in the city of New York." The trustees are the governing board and are all ex-officio members, viz.: President of the Chamber of Commerce; president and vice-president of the Marine Society; mayor and recorder of the city of New York; rector of Trinity Church, and the minister of the First Presbyterian Church of the city of New York.

The purpose of the institution is the care of aged, decrepit and worn-out sailors who have sailed for at least five years under the flag. No admission charge is made and on good behavior maintenance extends through life. The committee have no means of information of the value of the property in 1801, when it passed, by the will of Captain Randall to the institution, but the last annual report made to the Board states the value of property of all kinds, the great sum of a little more than $8,000,000, and the total revenue from investments from ground rents at $556,000 during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, on which date it had 922 inmates. It can scarcely be supposed possible that the founder of this charity could in any degree have contemplated this vast extension of his beneficence.

The institution is located on 190 acres of land fronting on the Kill von Kull at New Brighton, Staten Island. About 30 acres of this ground are covered with buildings, including those per-

taining to the institution proper and the cottages of the officers. The institution was visited August 16, 1898, by Commissioners Marvin and Walrath and on September 29, 1898, by Commissioner Dahlgren. On both occasions the Commissioners were accompanied by the Inspector of Charities. On the first visit acting Governor Brown was in charge, and on the latter, Lieutenant Commander Daniel Delehanty, Governor. On both occasions the visiting committee were most courteously received and accorded every facility to make a thorough inspection of the institution in all its departments. On the day of inspection there were 910 inmates on the roll, of these were absent on leave and suspended 68, and 24 who were being supported by the Harbor in hospitals for insane, leaving actually present on that day 818. A thorough inspection of all departments of the institution was made, but owing to certain allegations which had reached the Board, special attention was given to the food supplies. The meal service includes breakfast at 7 o'clock a. m., coffee and crackers from 9:30 to 11; dinner at 12 m., coffee and crackers from 2:30 to 4 p. m.; supper at 6 o'clock, except Saturday and Sunday, when it is at 5. The inspection was without previous notice and the commissioners went almost immediately on arrival to the kitchen, where the dinner was in course of preparation. This was afterward seen served upon the tables of the inmates and was partaken of by the committee. The supplies in both the store room and chill room were examined, and it is the unqualified opinion of the committee that the allegations respecting the inferiority of the food furnished or the insufficiency in quantity are wholly unwarranted. The members of the committee in the course of their inspection, met and conversed with a considerable number of the inmates and from none of them was complaint made respecting the quality or quantity of their food or their care and treatment in the institution. Upon the other hand, many expressions of warm gratitude to the trustees and officers in charge were made. The committee had the opportunity of seeing what provision was made for the inmates, was entirely satisfied that it was satisfactory and proper and saw absolutely no ground for the allegations

set forth in the complaints which had reached the Board. Everything on the grounds, in the building and in every department of the administration, so far as it came under the observation of the committee, was found in excellent order and condition, and the committee feel warranted in characterizing it as the most wonderful institution in the country, and only fear that its very excellence may encourage persons on too slight occasion to lay aside their useful avocations and seek its charity.

SELDEN E. MARVIN,
Chairman.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON CRAIG COLONY.

REPORT.

To the State Board of Charities:

The provision for assuming the care of the dependent epileptics awaiting admission to Craig Colony has been pushed forward actively during the year just closing. In material construction, as well as in internal development, satisfactory progress is apparent.

Since the Colony was formally opened for the reception of patients in February, 1896, there have been admitted 410 epileptics of both sexes. Of these 322 are inmates at the date of this report. There still remain to be provided for about 400 dependent epileptics, now in the several institutions of the State, and over 600 applications by persons not now in institutions are on file at the Colony, awaiting the completion of the accommodations which will admit of their reception as patients. This number, however, does not include those cases who are anxious to avail themselves of the privileges and advantages of the Colony, and who will enter it as private patients as soon as the requirements of the statute regarding dependent epileptics can be fully complied with by the managers.

NEEDS.

These facts indicate the most pressing need of the Colony, which is in dormitory accommodations. The buildings in course of construction under the appropriation for the purpose made by the last Legislature will increase the capacity for patients by about 250 beds. These will become available in the early weeks of the coming spring.

The pressure upon the officers of the Colony by applications for admission, which cannot be met by existing accommodations, should be relieved by an appropriation sufficiently large to en-

sure the erection of such a number of simple and inexpensive yet durable structures as will early provide for this large and deserving class of cases requiring custodial and remedial care.

In the construction of new buildings and the occupancy of those nearing completion, as well as to render fully available some of those lately placed in use, an appropriation for furnishing is necessary. Buildings for cold storage and warehouse purposes are also greatly needed, and, when established, will add to the economical features of the institution.

Increased steel facilities will be required, which involve a considerable addition to the present plant.

Extension of the industrial building and additional tenement-houses, designed for the use of families of employes, who pay a fair rental for the same, are also required.

Extensions of the water and sewerage systems to provide for the new buildings proposed are necessary. The items as well as the estimates for these and other improvements and additions, and for an iron bridge to be constructed across Kishaqua creek, are treated at considerable length and in detail in the report of the managers of the Colony, hereto appended, and to which reference is to be had.

The amount of appropriations recommended for the development and maintenance of the Colony by the Legislature of 1899 is as follows:

For dormitories	$65,000
For furnishing	5,000
For sewerage and water extension	7,300
For cold storage, storehouse, new bakery, etc.	6,400
For industrial building extension and machinery	4,000
For enlargement of boiler-house	4,500
For grading walks and planting	2,500
For frame dairy building, piling Kishaqua creek, sheds for cattle, fencing, manure pit, general improvements and repairs	5,300
	$100,000

STRUCTURAL IMPROVEMENTS.

During the past year the administration building, commodious in its internal arrangements and pleasing in its exterior, has been completed and occupied, and proves to be a most important and valuable addition to the facilities of the administration of the colony.

Three dormitory buildings, which accommodate 72 patients, have been constructed. Two of these, affording 30 beds each, are connected with the farm group and shelter 60 male patients, while the third, having a capacity for 12 beds, is intended for the better class of female patients.

The grading and other improvements of the grounds projected, have been accomplished and 900 square feet of cement walks which have been laid, render communication with the buildings which they connect easy and satisfactory.

The extension of the electric light plant, provided for by a special appropriation, has been completed, making the present capacity of that system 1,500 lights.

A brick-yard, capable of turning out 12,000 brick per day, has been constructed at an expense of $1,500 and is in successful operation, 10 to 15 patients being employed in the work. The brick made here are sold to the contractor for the colony buildings at $6.50 per thousand. It is expected that over 600,000 brick will be so disposed of during the present year, making this a profitable industry.

The farm and garden have been very productive and contributed largely to the maintenance of the inmates. The increase in live-stock and farm stock has been very considerable and valuable, thus adding further to the resources for maintenance in the future.

ADMINISTRATION.

The admission of patients has continued, as controlled by possible dormitory accommodations. On the whole, the class of patients admitted has been rather better than during the previous year. This has been due to the fact that the managers have felt that the best interests of the Colony have demanded the admission

of two classes of patients only—those who would not prove a burden and those who give promise of improvement and recovery. This seems a wise conclusion from every point of view. The Colony should not, at the outset, be handicapped by a predominance of that class for whom colony life can do little, or whose care would unduly tax the resources of the management and hamper its rapid development.

The results of treatment followed have proved most encouraging. The report of the superintendent, Dr. Spratling, shows the correctness of the opinion held by the medical officers as to the vital importance of scrupulous regulation of the diet as one of the fundamental features of the treatment to be followed. The combination with diet of carefully adjusted exercise and employment in the open air, has given most gratifying results. While drugs have been and are resorted to where indicated, no routine line of medication has been followed. Superintendent Spratling, in his report upon this department of colony administration says: "We have seen most excellent, almost miraculous results, come from the treatment of the disease in which drugs played merely an adjunct part." The number of deaths during the year, of the whole number under treatment, was 3.41-53 per cent. In five of the fourteen cases, death occurred from phthisis pulmonaris.

An important feature of the treatment of the inmates of the Colony, especially in the young and more promising cases, is the effort to call out latent and partially developed intellectual faculties. This is met by the training of the school and by amusements and occupations carefully adjusted to the individual, by special study. The results already attained are very encouraging. With an average daily attendance of twenty-five, of both sexes, the sessions of the school have afforded instruction, elementary in character, in language, reading, writing, arithmetic and drawing. Instruction here must be mainly individual, and adapted to the capacities of each pupil. The inability of the epileptic to give continuous attention, makes patient and continuous repetition necessary. The weak memory must be aided

and strengthened, and carefully arranged variations of methods of illustrating the same idea are required. The majority of the pupils prefer manual occupation to study and some acquire considerable skill in some form of handiwork, though they may, at the same time, possess very weak intellectual power and little capacity for mental improvement. For this reason the exercises of the kindergarten and of industrial training have found a prominent place in the work of the school. Sloyd work, with a class of twenty boys, has been successfully inaugurated under a competent teacher.

A very important establishment in connection with the administration is the training school for nurses. This meets a need which was keenly felt at the opening of the Colony, in that it was impossible to secure sufficient competent service of this character. Twenty-one members were admitted to the first course of instruction and fourteen of this number have passed the required examination and have entered upon the second course. The constant, hourly associations of such nurses with the patients makes possible an intelligent record of every seizure of each inmate, with all its features, from the initial symptom to its final termination. Observations thus carefully obtained afford invaluable facilities for special treatment of individual cases and serve as a basis for important scientific deductions.

In this connection we would call attention to the report of the superintendent, Dr. Spratling, with special reference to the medical statistical tables. These showed admirably the trend of scientific study of the phases of this distressing malady as followed at the Colony. The careful and discriminating tabulation of the phenomena of the successive seizures of each patient with a classification, constantly modified and improved by accumulated experience and observation, steadily increases the importance and value of this portion of the professional labor of the medical staff of the Colony. The tables of the medical superintendent's report, contained in the report of the managers here appended, place the complicated observations of the year in form for easy reference and study. The opportunities thus afforded for scien-

tific research are very extensive, and are nowhere else to be found. It is important that provision should be made for extending them accordingly. The establishment of the laboratory was early accomplished, and now its equipment, with the necessary instruments of precision for delicate and refined observation, directly follows. This work, already commenced, must be continuous, and will require an annual provision for its prosecution. The State will thus maintain a department of scientific knowledge whose benefits will extend far beyond the limits of our own country, and which has no peer elsewhere in the extent and variety of its facilities for research or in its possible scientific results.

In a review of the work of Craig Colony, and of what has been accomplished during the past year, much encouragement is to be derived, not only in the progress actually made, but also in the satisfactory manner in which many perplexing complications which have arisen, have been met and obviated. The period of experiment has fully passed and, while much of the work of the near future must be tentative, sufficient experience has already been accumulated upon which lines of general conduct and policy have been established.

This Board feels that the managers are to be congratulated upon the results of their labor during the past year.

Respectfully submitted,

ENOCH VINE STODDARD, M. D.,
HARVEY W. PUTNAM,
PETER WALRATH,

Committee.

January, 11, 1899.

REPORT

OF THE

Medical Superintendent of Craig Colony.

Report of the Medical Superintendent.

CRAIG COLONY, SONYEA, N. Y., *October* 1, 1898.

To the Board of Managers of the Craig Colony:

I have the honor to present herewith the Fifth Annual Report of the Medical Superintendent, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898.

To facilitate ease in reference, my report will be presented under the following heads:

Part one.—The patients—Admissions, treatment, discharges, mortality.

Part two.—Notes on cost of maintenance.

Part three.—Structural improvements made to property.

Part four.—Structural improvements urgently required.

Part five.—The training school for nurses.

Part six.—Facts of common interest.

Part seven.—Miscellaneous reports of officers.

Part eight.—Medical statistical tables.

Part nine.—Form of commitment and method of procedure.

Part ten.—The outlook for the future, with notes on provision for scientific work.

PART ONE.

THE PATIENTS.

ADMISSIONS.

Our census October 1, 1897 was 214; 130 men and 84 women. Between October 1, 1897 and October 1, 1898, 157 new cases, 61 men and 96 women, were admitted.

Between the same dates the discharges and deaths numbered 49; 36 of whom were men and 13 women.

cases admitted during the past
better than those of the year before. As
more amenable to treatment, more
and more easily moulded to conform to the
of the discipline of Colony life.

APPORTIONMENT BY COUNTIES.

It has been our constant aim to see that every county in the State is given opportunity for sending its full quota of patients to the Colony. The apportionment of a county is determined by the capacity of the Colony at a given time and by the epileptic population of that county at the same time.

CHARACTER OF CASES ELIGIBLE FOR ADMISSION.

It would seem that some uncertainty has existed in the minds of some of the county poor officers of the State, as to the kind of cases the Colony is intended to receive.

It was provided by law that it shall receive epileptics who are not insane, and to this time it has been, by force of necessity, rather the policy of the Colony to have a preference for two classes as follows:

1st. Those offering hope of recovery.

2d. Those who would not be an absolute burden to the Colony at the outset of its career.

No one can question the wisdom shown in preference for the first class, and no one familiar with the conditions as they have been at the Colony to the present time, could consistently find fault with the latter.

But the rapid development of the Colony will soon obviate the necessity for such close scrutiny of cases prior to admission, and in another year we will be in a position to throw open the doors to all classes of epileptics the Colony was destined, when founded, to receive.

TREATMENT.

More than usual attention was paid to the matter of diet during the past year. Gluten bread, selected on account of its freedom from starch, was used to a considerable extent and, on the whole, with very satisfactory results. It was found to have especial value in cases subject to gastro-intestinal disorders and its action in such cases was uniformly good.

We require that the same care shall be exercised by the cooks in the preparation of food in the kitchens that the apothecary exercises in the pharmacy in the compounding of medicines, and while we have continuously made it a practice to give all new remedies a trial, and to try the old ones in new combinations, we must say that we have not yet met with the degree of success in the drug treatment of the disease that leads us to think that proper diet and systematic exercise should stand in inferior relation to the former.

We have seen most excellent, almost miraculous results come from the treatment of the disease in which drugs played merely an adjunct part.

DISCHARGES.

The conservative physician will approach the question of the curability of epilepsy with full caution, and it is very proper that he should, for among the long list of intractable disorders it easily holds first place.

It is therefore especially gratifying to be able to report seven patients discharged recovered during the past year. All of these were kept at the Colony two years after the last seizure and were held under observation after they went away.

The following brief letters from two young men discharged recovered, will serve in a measure to show the value of Colony life for them.

167 EAST 8——— STREET,
NEW YORK CITY, *September* 26, 1898.

Dear Doctor:

I write these few lines to let you know how I am getting on. Am working at the plastering trade, getting $10 a week. I give my mother $8 and keep two myself. I start to work at 7 o'clock, and get lunch at 12, and start again at 1 o'clock and quit at 4.

I am keeping on the same diet as the Colony gave me.

Yours truly,
W. C.

October 1, 1898.

Dr. W. P. Spratling:

Dear Sir.—Yours of recent date before me. Am most happy to inform you that my son has not had an attack since leaving the Colony. The latter part of May he went to work in a printing office for six hours a day and is there at this date. Has not missed an hour since then and some days has worked overtime.

His earnings supply the table entirely for us two.

Yours truly,
Mrs. W. A. S.

The last letter refers to a young man who had been discharged as incurable from two State hospitals some years prior to his admission to the Colony. For five years before coming to the Colony and at the time of his admission here, he averaged from 75 to 125 seizures each month.

While here he learned the printer's trade and, as will be noted by his mother's letter, he is now supporting himself and his mother by it.

There were 14 deaths during the year, $3\frac{41}{53}$ per cent. of the total number under treatment. Death in two cases was caused by status epilepticus, an exceedingly fatal condition that has had but little attention given it to this time.

In five of the twelve remaining cases, phthisis was the direct cause of death, while the convulsive paroxysm itself caused death in two other cases.

PART TWO.

NOTES ON COST OF MAINTENANCE.

Since the opening of the Colony our per capita cost for maintenance has been comparatively high. It will remain so until we have buildings in which to care for more patients.

It is just as essential that we have an efficient corps of officers and heads of departments for a population of 325 patients as it would be for 1,000.

In order to reduce the per capita cost we must have more room for patients and then have the patients. It is the duty of the Legislature to provide the former, while every county, hamlet and village of this great State stands ready and anxious to provide its full quota of the latter, and had I command of the language of a thousand tongues I could not express to you the earnest hopes, the anxious inquiries, the pathetic appeals that daily reach the Colony in search of relief for some afflicted father, mother or child, all worthy subjects of the State's best charity.

We have to-day on file at the Colony applications for the admission of 600 patients we cannot take because we have no room.

Give us homes for these and the per capita cost will sink to a figure lower than has ever been reached by any charitable institution in this State that is doing work educational in scope, scientific in its nature and curative in results.

It should not be the policy of a State to restrict the care of these people to a simple custodial basis. The statute that founded the Colony declared that it should exist for the humane, curative and scientific treatment of epilepsy.

We could care for them most humanely, if that were all, at a very low per capita cost. That would mean simply giving them a home, feeding, prescribing for and nursing them when sick.

But we must do what we can to cure them; the law says we shall. We must do what we can to treat them scientifically; the law says we shall. And all this is called maintenance; yet it is not necessary to do it in order to simply maintain a patient.

Therefore the term per capita cost is relative only. It may mean much or little and will accordingly cost much or little.

It is far better to expend a little more and cure a man and turn him back into the world at large, where he may become a commercial factor and where he represents on an average a clear gain to that community of $400 a year, than it is to keep him by poor, cheap treatment, by simple custodial care, forever in an institution where his confinement means a dead loss to the State of $200 or thereabouts a year.

Not only do we feed, clothe and provide medical attendance and nursing for the patients here, but, under maintenance, do the following as well:

1st. Educate them intellectually and in the acquisition of useful trades.

2d. Study them scientifically, that like sufferers may be benefited.

3d. Provide for them simple and recreative forms of amusements.

4th. Improve, develop and cultivate a vast farm of nearly 2,000 acres.

And it is this last feature that causes the Colony to differ so radically from other charities. Most of them have simply a building full of patients, with perhaps a small farm or garden attached; but none of them are forced to make a dollar cover as much territory as we are compelled to do at the Colony.

On the other hand, the cultivation of the soil pays, and what was grown on it and produced in the various departments of the Colony amount this year to the very gratifying sum of $36,889.03, and of which we had on hand on the 1st day of October, available for use during the coming year, $19,603.62 worth.

In other words, if the Colony had sold on the night of September 30th all manufactured and home products on hand at that time, it would have received in cash the sum of $19,603.62. This amount, we maintain, should be deducted from the gross amount drawn from the State Treasury during the year.

The figures showing the per capita cost would then be as follows:

Total amount spent under maintenance, after deducting temporary loan to brickyard and amount spent for clothing, which amount is to be refunded	$63,457 06
Value of manufactured and home products on hand October 1, 1898, for use during coming year	19,603 62
Leaving net cost of maintenance	$43,853 44
Or per capita annual cost, the average daily attendance of patients for the year being 251.88	$174 10

PART THREE.

STRUCTURAL IMPROVEMENTS MADE TO PROPERTY.

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING.

The most marked and valuable improvement made during the year was the construction, equipment and opening for use of the above building.

Its external dimensions are 72 x 86 feet, two stories, with ample basement and attic, built of buff-colored pressed brick, with bluestone trimmings, and cost $28,300. Work on it was commenced August 13, 1897, and it was ready for occupancy July 1, 1898.

The lower floor contains a Board room, library, large reception hall, offices for superintendent and staff, dining-room and kitchen. The second floor contains eleven bedrooms for officers and assistants.

DORMITORY BUILDINGS.

During the past year three dormitory buildings for patients have been constructed. Two of these, holding thirty patients each, are located in the Farmstead. They are built of brick and are of good construction throughout. The sixty patients who

formerly lived in the House of the Elders were transferred to these two buildings early in spring.

The third dormitory building is located near the circle of the village green, just south of the House of the Elders. It is intended to accommodate twelve of the better class of female patients. It contains ample sitting and dining rooms, kitchen and clothes room on the first floor, while the second floor is given up to double and single bedrooms. It is our intention to put a class of patients in this building who are competent in every respect to manage the entire household themselves.

GRADING ROADS, GROUNDS AND WALKS.

With the appropriation secured last year we were able to grade the entire plot between the hospital and the administration building and the plot between the hospital and the pond, and to very nearly complete the immense amount of grading to be done between the Letchworth House and the station. In addition to this we laid 9,000 square feet of cement walks during the season. These walks were laid to connect the hospital and administration building and these buildings with those of the East Group. About 800 square feet of this walk was laid to connect the buildings of the West Group.

A considerable amount of planting in the way of shrubs, hardy flowers and vines was accomplished, and after the season for tree planting is established this fall it is our intention to set out shade and ornamental trees on the two avenues running from the Letchworth House to the station, on the one running from the circle of the village green to the Farmstead and on the one running from the administration building west of the hospital and north to join the main highway at Sonyea Corners.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT.

Two additional engines, 80 and 35 H. P., respectively, were installed in the electric light station during the year. An additional dynamo of 1,040 lights capacity was also put in place. The electric light plant now has a capacity of 1,500 lights which,

in all probability, will be sufficient for our needs for several years to come.

The plan for enlarging the plant was made by our resident electrical engineer, Jesse F. Miller, and under his efficient supervision the work of construction was carried on.

FARM STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS.

With the appropriation for "farm stock and implements" we were able to add a number of horses and cows to the live stock and to purchase a number of farm utensils and wagons, all of which were absolutely necessary.

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

These two important departments have undergone much expansion and development. The value of having so fine a garden plot and having it under such efficient cultivation as Gardener William S. Cameron kept it during the past season added most materially to the improvements and welfare of the patients, in that we were supplied at all times with the greatest abundance of fruits, berries and garden vegetables of all kinds for an average population of 400.

The productiveness of the garden is worth more than passing notice, since the articles grown in it play so important a role in our daily food supply, and to show you in detail the value of such products I would refer you to the steward's report.

THE MANUFACTURE OF BRICK.

A steam brick-making plant was set in operation early in the summer.

The cost of the engine, the brick machinery, together with all fixtures and appliances complete, delivered on the premises, was $1,000. To locate the plant, clear the ground of brush and debris, grade it, build racks, provide pallets, etc., cost $500 additional.

The capacity of the plant is 12,000 a day. The first 200,000 brick burned demonstrated the fact that we can make a brick of a very superior quality. We expect to make and deliver to the

contractor during the present season 600,000. For these we get $6.50 a thousand, or a total of $3,900, thus paying for the plant, the cost of making the brick and having a surplus besides. From 10 to 15 patients are daily employed at the work.

GENERAL REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

A new seed-house has been built in the garden, a coal trestle, with approach, at the power-house, and one mile of new wire fence put up, in addition to many minor improvements of a permanent nature throughout the Colony.

PART FOUR.

STRUCTURAL IMPROVEMENTS REQUIRED, INCLUDING ADDITIONAL PROVISION FOR PATIENTS.

DORMITORIES, INCLUDING TWO INFIRMARY BUILDINGS.

$240,000.

The greatest requirement of the Colony at the present time is for additional accommodation for patients. The Legislature was asked last year for $200,000 for this purpose. This amount was reduced one-half, so that we have only $100,000 to expend for dormitory buildings. These buildings will accommodate, approximately, 300 patients. This will make the total capacity of the Colony 600. All available space at the Colony is now occupied, so that we will not receive any new admissions from this time until July or August, 1899, except to fill a vacancy caused by a death or discharge.

We have now about 600 applications for the admission of patients. It is reasonable to suppose that at least four-fifths of these are proper subjects for Colony life. It is further reasonable to suppose that the passing of another year will increase this number to 700 and possibly 800. The $240,000 here asked for will provide for 600 additional patients.

The two infirmaries asked for are absolute necessities. It is the experience of all institutions that care for defective and dependent classes, to accumulate, as time goes on, a certain per cent. of chronic invalids, many of them bed-fast cases; and all that can be done for them is to provide them with proper custodial care. These two infirmaries would be for such purpose and they should cost somewhat more than ordinary dormitory buildings.

It is also our intention to make provision in these two buildings for cases suffering from temporary acute mental disturbance. We have observed that some of the best patients go from a year to a year and a half without mental disturbance of any kind, and then suddenly develop an acute maniacal outbreak that renders the isolation of the patient imperative for two or three weeks. After such excitement subsides the patient again becomes a fit subject for the freedom of Colony life. Such cases are not insane, in the ordinary acceptance of the term, and they should not be committed to an institution for the insane.

FURNISHING.

$25,000.

Our estimates for furnishing that have been made from year to year have been placed at the lowest possible figure consistent with the actual requirements of the institution. In spite of this, however, we have been forced to submit to a reduction, always by one-half, of the amount estimated for. The result is that the institution, or so much of it as we now occupy, is not properly furnished. The amount, $25,000, here asked for is urgently needed and the hope is strongly expressed that this figure will be permitted to stand. Without proper furniture the Colony cannot be made homelike, and one of the strongest needs of Colony life is, and very properly should be, that all the houses in which patients live should be made homelike. We have but to remember that the Colony is a real home for life, or should be, for 90 per cent. of all cases that we will ever receive here. This being the

case, it is incumbent upon us as a plain duty to provide them with homelike surroundings.

PUBLIC LODGING HOUSE TO BE LEASED BY THE STATE.

$15,000.

From October 1, 1897, to October 1, 1898, 1,400 persons visited the Colony. The Colony is different from other charitable institutions of the State inasmuch as it does not draw its patients from a circumscribed area. We are bounded in this respect by no judicial district or county, but we take them from every county in the State. This necessarily implies that we are obliged to receive and care for large numbers of persons in the way of official visitors, superintendents and overseers of the poor, and other public charity officers, together with friends and relatives of patients who come here for the purpose of making visits to their friends in the institution. Many of such people come a distance of from 350 to 400 miles, and inasmuch as the great majority of them are poor, they like when they come to spend some time in the community. The nearest hotel to the Colony at the present time is in Mount Morris, four miles away. The roads between the Colony and Mount Morris are extremely bad and railway facilities are poor. A hotel should be built on the Colony property near the station of the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. It should be a good, plain, substantial building and should contain provisions for a public post-office, a small store, and should also have a stable. The State should build and own this hotel, in order to control its traffic, and should lease it to responsible parties. The investment should pay the State 5 to 6 per cent.

I cannot conceive of any improvement that is more urgently demanded at the Colony to-day than such a building. If there is any reason why the State cannot or will not appropriate the amount of money necessary for the construction of this hotel, I would recommend that legislation be sought that will enable the managers to lease so much ground as may be necessary and grant to some individual or individuals the right to construct thereon a hotel, such individual or individuals to pay the State

whatever sum may be determined by the managers as being just and proper for such a right.

SEWERAGE AND WATER.

$15,000.

The amount here asked for is intended to provide all the buildings that will be constructed along the line of the village green between the east and west groups, a distance of one-half a mile, and including about twenty separate houses, together with cost of bringing sewerage from the women's group on the east side of Kishaqua creek. Ten thousand dollars was asked for last year for water and sewerage. Mr. Emil Kuichling, C. E., by an elaborate and accurate survey and plans, has ascertained that the amount appropriated, $5,000, will just provide for the taking of water to the east side of Kishaqua creek, so that the buildings now in course of construction on that side of the creek cannot be provided with a sewer outlet until the appropriation here asked for is granted. It will likewise be necessary another year to construct an additional filter bed.

Kishaqua creek, from which the bulk of our water supply is obtained, is a very large stream and flows with great rapidity through the property. It drains a large area, the land of which is largely of a clayey nature. When the spring floods occur and at other seasons after heavy rains over the area from which this creek draws its supply, the creek is extremely muddy, so much so as to be entirely unfit for use, and it remains in this condition for three to five days. During this time it is necessary for us to rely entirely on spring water. The quantity of spring water is limited; it should be kept entirely for cooking and drinking. It is necessary therefore to find some way of obviating the necessity for using the creek water when it is not fit for use.

A simple and inexpensive plan would be as follows: Install an electric pump, with a capacity of say 500 gallons per minute, in the basement of one of the buildings in the east group in the vicinity of the present pond. Connect this pump with the pond. Then, when the creek water is unfit for use, we could pump per-

fectly clear water from the pond to the stand pipe. Figures obtained for purchasing and installing such a pump, together with the necessary amount of piping, are approximately $2,000. The amount asked for under "sewerage and water," if granted, will provide for this very important improvement.

COLD STORAGE AND WAREHOUSE BUILDING.

$6,400.

If we take the station on the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. track as a center, we have radiating from it north, east, south and west, all the buildings of the Colony. The west group is distant about three-fourths of a mile from the station. The east group is distant about one-fourth of a mile from the station. The women's group on the east side of Kishaqua creek will be distant a little over half a mile from the station. The farmstead is distant about one-fourth of a mile from the station.

It is proposed, therefore, to construct a substantial brick building on the siding of the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. into which all supplies of every kind will be received at the Colony. This building then becomes a central point of distribution to the entire Colony. It is also proposed to construct in one end of this building a cold storage room in which all perishable articles, such as butter, eggs, cheese and canned goods, can be received, stored and issued from direct to the various households. This is an improvement that is urgently demanded. One item of increased cost in a Colony of this kind, over the cost of such an item in an institution that has but one building, is the matter of distributing supplies to the various households. The greater we can concentrate such supplies before distribution the less the cost will be.

INDUSTRIES, INCLUDING ADDITIONAL WING TO PRESENT BUILDING.

$5,000.

The original plan of the industrial building at present in use included three wings, each 75 feet long and 25 feet wide, connected by corridors 23 x 25 feet, two stories in height. The two

wings of this building at present in use are now taxed to their utmost capacity in providing space for a carpenter shop, a blacksmith shop, a paint shop, an upholstery shop, a printing office, a sloyd school, and a tailor and shoe shop. It is most desirable that this building be enlarged by adding the third wing. The amount here asked for, $5,000, will build the additional wing and furnish the building with the necessary wood and iron working machinery.

EXTENSION TO BOILER ROOM OF POWER HOUSE.

$4,500.

It is a matter for much regret that when the power-house at the Colony was originally constructed, it was not made large enough to meet the reasonable demands that two or three years' time would surely make on it. Last year we were compelled to enlarge the dynamo room. This year we were compelled to make extended provision for receiving and storing coal, and next year it will be absolutely necessary to provide additional capacity for steam.

It will always be of great value to the Colony, from the standpoint of economy, to study the concentration of power. Our efforts are constantly in that direction and for that purpose it is most desirable to create in one plant as much power as possible. The problem of transmission is simple, either by steam or as electricity, over the distances required on the premises. The new laundry will have steam for the dry room and mangle, and electrical power furnished from the enlarged power house; while the station and trades school will be heated with steam, and electrical power for iron and wood working machinery from the same source.

The addition contemplated another year includes a wing 34 x 60 feet, large enough to house four 100-horse power water tubular boilers. The present stack will be too small for the six boilers ultimately to be placed in the building. It will therefore be necessary to construct a new stack in the center of the group of boilers. It is estimated that the cost of this new wing, in-

cluding the furnishing and setting of two new boilers and the construction of a stack, will be $4,500.

FOUR TENANT HOUSES.

$3,500.

The construction of six tenant houses during the past year has been a great relief in the way of providing homes for the various heads of departments employed in the institution. All, however, have not yet been provided for, and it is necessary that four additional cottages be built. Those constructed during the past year cost, on an average, $900 each and are very substantial and satisfactory buildings in every respect. The four here asked for will be of similar capacity. The rental value of these houses is $60 per year.

CHANGING HIGHWAY AND BUILDING ABUTMENTS AND IRON BRIDGE ACROSS KISHAQUA CREEK TO WOMEN'S GROUP.

$7,500.

In the landscape plan made by Messrs. Olmsted Brothers, a change in the main highway running from Dansville to Mount Morris and crossing the Colony property, is contemplated. The scheme for changing the highway provides that it shall be thrown to the north side of the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. track where this track enters the northern boundary of the Colony property. The highway then continues in a southeasterly direction until it reaches a point near the station of the W. N. Y. & P. R. R.; here it turns to the left and will cross Kishaqua creek, on the new bridge here asked for, at the point formerly crossed by the canal. The highway will then continue along the bank of the old canal until the eastern limit of the property is reached. The new bridge to be constructed across Kishaqua creek will then become a county bridge. This will permit the colony to retain the present bridge across the creek as a private bridge to the women's group.

GRADING, ROADWAYS, WALKS AND PLANTING.

$5,000.

The bulk of this amount will be required for grading, for building roadways, walks and planting in the women's group on the east side of Kishaqua creek. The plotting of the buildings in this group, as designed by Messrs. Carrere & Hastings, is of such a nature that the proper laying out of roads, walks and the embellishment of buildings with planting will enhance the value and beauty of the group to a great extent.

The cost of roadways on the Colony will always be considerably more than it would be, did stone exist on the premises. There is, however, no stone whatever on the Colony premises, so that all that is used for this purpose must be purchased.

It may be worthy of note in this connection to say that inasmuch as the State has passed a bill providing for the construction of good roads throughout the State, measures might be taken looking to the securing of a part of these funds for the building of good roads on the Colony property. The State has in the Colony a large and valuable property and it would appear that money might very properly be spent in building roads here that would be useful in a great degree and that would, at the same time, serve as a model for other roads in this community.

About 9,000 square feet of cement walks were laid during the past season. These have been to connect buildings of the east and west groups. Now that brick are being manufactured at the Colony, it is expected that another year many walks, especially those that run for a considerable distance from one building to another, will be laid of brick. A vitrified brick, one that is burned to a degree of extreme hardness, will last, when properly laid, nearly as long as stone and quite as long as cement.

We have now a nursery about four acres in extent, well stocked with shrubs and plants of all kinds. It is not as complete, however, as it should be, and it is desirable to further enlarge it and to begin transplanting the shrubs from the nursery around the various houses as soon as the grading is completed.

UNDERGRADE CROSSING, W. N. Y. & P. R. R.

$3,500.

The colony was given an appropriation last year of $5,000 for two undergrade crossings. These will be built in the east group, that is, connecting the east group with the farmstead and the east group with the women's group across the creek. The amount here asked for is for placing the Dansville and Mount Morris highway under the railroad track at the point where the track enters the northern boundary of the property.

FIRE PROTECTION APPARATUS, INCLUDING BUILDING FOR SAME.

$3,000.

There are at the present time forty-one buildings on the Colony premises. Many of them are of wood and none of them are fire proof. We are now fairly well protected from the ravages of fire by the organization of a fire department and by a fairly good equipment of appliances for use by such department. We have, however, no building in which to store such apparatus, nor will we have a sufficient quantity of such apparatus when the new buildings on the east side of the creek are open and additional buildings on the west side of the creek are constructed. The amount here asked for is to establish a central fire station in which all appliances and apparatus will be stored. This building will be so located as to make all buildings occupied by patients of easy access in case of fire.

GENERAL REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

$10,000.

A large number of minor improvements are required, including the following:

A frame dairy building, estimated to cost, together with fixtures complete for preserving milk and for the manufacture of butter, $2,000. We have 30 cows at the present time and it is

likely that within another year the herd will be increased to 50. Inasmuch as our patients use milk largely instead of meat, it is to the advantage of the Colony to make ample provision for the dairy.

Attention was called in our report last year to the necessity for purchasing the old switch bed of the D. & M. M. R. R. connecting that road with the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. on the Colony property. This piece of property could be acquired for $500 and would be a most desirable acquisition to the Colony estate.

At two points where Kishaqua creek flows through the lowlands, much damage has been done to the land by wash from flood waters. It is desirable to protect the lands by suitable piling as soon as possible. The estimated cost of this is $1,000.

We need a silo, additional sheds for sheep and cattle, a manure pit, and two miles of additional wire fence, including one-half mile of iron fence of a pleasing and substantial design to protect the farmstead buildings from the main highway.

We also need to purchase additional farm stock and implements to the value of $4,000.

A hothouse in the garden, an item that has been asked for each year since the Colony opened, is absolutely essential.

All of the above items combined are estimated to cost $10,000, and in writing the bill for the appropriation of this amount they should be lumped, as far as possible, under "general repairs and improvements." It is beyond human intelligence to make an estimate that will be accurate for so many small items and it is not unreasonable to ask for an appropriation under "general repairs and improvements" to cover these various small items.

CONTINGENCIES.

$5,000.

A contingent fund of $5,000 is necessary to meet unexpected emergencies that are bound to arise. The Colony estate is so vast and so many improvements are being made that a liberal sum for this purpose is absolutely necessary.

MAINTENANCE.

$125,000.

The capacity of the Colony on October 1, 1899, when the new sum for maintenance becomes available, will be 600 patients. For the maintenance of this number during the year beginning October 1, 1899, the sum of $125,000 should be appropriated.

PART FIVE.

THE TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES.

In the early days of the Colony it was impossible to secure nurses possessed of any degree of skill in the care of epileptics, for the simple reason that no especial institution for epileptics had existed in this country for a sufficient length of time to admit of the training of such nurses. The continuous intimate relationship between patient and nurse makes it possible oftentimes for the nurse to witness a given seizure that a physician might fail to see. If the nurse is qualified to accurately describe such seizure, it will be of immense value to the physician in the study and treatment of the case; and to train nurses for this, as well as for the actual care of the sick, we organized a training school in January of the present year. In future the regular fall term will begin in October of each year. All nurses who pass for required State Civil Service examination at the Colony will be required to become members of the training school.

The subjects taught are mostly included in Wise's Text Book for Nurses, except that epilepsy is substituted for insanity, and also includes "Lessons in First Aid to the Injured" (Doty), practical bedside work, lectures on domestic science and cooking, and the recognition and use of drugs.

Fourteen of the twenty-one members who entered as first-course students passed the required examination at the end of the term and were given first-year certificates.

As specifically showing the value of the school, we append the ing brief account of a seizure, as witnessed and described rvisor Nurse William J. Hunt:

"W. W. had seizure August 28, 1898, at 3.50 p. m. There were no precursory symptoms and no aura. Patient arose with frightened expression, walked ten feet with teeth grating and lower jaw drawn to the right; he fell backwards unconscious, giving the usual epileptic cry.

"The head was drawn to the right, the eyeballs upward and toward the right, the right eye partly closed, the pupils dilated to twice normal diameter and the capillaries of conjunctiva congested.

"Order of invasion of limbs: The left thumb flexed on palm, fingers clasped over thumb, forearm flexed on arm, wrist flexed, twisting knuckles downward and elbow raised to the level of the eye. Left large toe flexed downward, leg flexed on thigh, ankle flexed inward and thigh flexed on trunk.

"The same severity and order of invasion was observed in right limbs. Duration tonic convulsion, fifty seconds.

"Tonic convulsion was followed by fifteen clonic spasms, raising head and knee six inches first and one inch the last time. Face congested; patient exhausted; muscles relaxed. No evacuation of bowels or bladder.

"The period of stertor with deep, heavy and noisy breathing followed, blowing froth from mouth. Tongue not lacerated.

"Periphery gradually returning to natural color, a bad odor emanating from the freely perspiring patient, who regained consciousness and relapsed into a sound sleep which lasted one-half hour.

"Patient awoke mentally fatigued and muscles lame.

"During convulsion, pulse 150; during period of stertor, pulse 120, respiration 28, temperature 97 4-5. Knee and wrist jerks exaggerated. Ten minutes after convulsion, pulse 100, respiration 20, temperature 99. Knee and wrist reflexes slightly exaggerated. Pupils responsive to light."

So graphic a description of a fit at once gives the physician a better knowledge of the case than it would otherwise be possible for him to obtain, except by chance, for many months or possibly at all, if the seizures occur only at remote periods.

PART SIX.

FACTS OF COMMON INTEREST.

ECONOMY IN CONSTRUCTION.

Two buildings originally intended to accommodate twenty-two patients each, were constructed during the past year. Their combined cost was $32,000, thus making the per capita cost $727. We were obliged, however, to put thirty-two beds in each building, using the sitting-rooms as dormitories. This reduced the cost per bed to $533, still too large a sum for the kind of houses we need here.

The houses now under construction in the Women's Group, east of the creek, will provide for 258 patients at a cost per bed of $390. Ample sitting-rooms, work shops, schoolrooms and kindergartens are provided in them. This sum also includes plumbing, heating, electric lighting and ranges set in all kitchens.

While $390 per bed is probably as low a figure for new brick and stone construction as is consistent with good work, it is my firm conviction that the Colony would be amply justified in building a limited number of houses still less expensive and that would meet every reasonable requirement demanded in the care of patients.

Take Tallchief cottage as a fair illustration. It is of wood, well constructed, perfectly lighted, heated and ventilated, has first-class plumbing and ample room for fifteen patients, in addition to nurses' rooms. Kept in proper repair, it will last a century. It is homelike, easy of administration and the most comfortable building on the premises. It could be duplicated, ready for occupancy, at a cost of $3,000, or a per capita cost of $200.

There are many fine sites on the elevated knolls to the right and left of the proposed village green that would be appropriately occupied by such homes, *and I earnestly renew the recommendation made last year concerning the construction of some all-wood buildings at the Colony.*

PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE.

We have now a well-organized and efficient fire department, so far as its personnel is concerned, but it is not yet properly equipped.

We need, first of all, a building so located as to make the inhabited portions of the Colony equally accessible from same. We need more fire hose; we need a chemical engine, an additional hose cart and a hook and ladder outfit.

A State law prescribes the precautions we shall observe in guarding against fire, and includes standpipes in all houses; bathtubs to be filled with water each night; only matches and oil of a certain kind and grade to be used; the construction of fire-escapes, and other regulations, all of which we now observe.

LABOR NURSES.

We find the conventional institution attendant of but little value at the Colony. We are earnestly trying to break away from the necessity of employing such help.

Our nurses are divided into two classes: House and labor. The former are charged with the responsibility of keeping the houses in perfect order and caring for the patients not able to be out of doors, while the latter go to the fields, the garden, the shops or wherever patients are employed, where they supervise, instruct and assist the patients in whatever kind of work they may have to do. The first class is necessary; the second invaluable.

NIGHT SUPERVISION.

A series of observations extending over three months was made at the beginning of the year to determine the number of patients who regularly had seizures during the night and as regularly turned on their faces during convulsion.

Thirteen per cent. of those having night seizures turned on their faces, many of whom would undoubtedly have died from asphyxia had they not been promptly cared for by the night

nurses. The severity of the fit and the degree of the resulting coma and exhaustion are determining factors in every case. When the fit is severe and the coma long and profound, it requires but a slight additional amount of asphyxia to cause death; but when the fit is light, with little or no coma following, obstructed breathing will be quickly appreciated by the patient and movement made to gain relief.

THE EMPLOYMENT OF PATIENTS.

As far as the physical condition of the patient will admit of it, all are required to engage in some form of occupation. The advantages of occupation to the epileptic are beneficial and remedial.

Wholesome outdoor exercise, the kind that quickens the circulation, brightens the eye, sharpens the appetite and rehabilitates a flagging digestion, has been found, not only in this country, but in England and wherever epileptics have been segregated for rational treatment, to have for them a marked and peculiar value. This fact is now recognized by the National Society for the Employment of Epileptics in England.

During the month of August last, patients were employed at the Colony as follows:

MEN.

1. Daily average number of men during August.....	150
2. Daily average number employed during August....	129
3. Daily average number employed at profitable labor..	99
4. Per cent. employed of total number under treatment.	86
5. Daily average value of all male labor during month of August, reckoned on the basis of the value of such labor when bought in the open market.....	$46 90

The difference between items 1 and 2 is made up by the number in school, in the hospital and chronic invalids.

WOMEN.

1. Daily average number of women during August.....	145
2. Daily average number employed during August.....	122
3. Daily average number employed at profitable labor..	75
4. Per cent. employed of total number under treatment.	$83\frac{4}{29}$
5. Daily average value of all female labor during month of August, reckoned on the basis of the value of such labor when bought in the open market.....	$25 65

The difference between items 1 and 2 is made up by the number in school, in the hospital and chronic invalids.

It is a matter for great regret that so much patient labor must be given to new construction and so divert it from relieving the cost of maintenance; but the meagreness of our special appropriations and the vast amount of money and energy that it has required to put so extensive a plant in anything like proper condition has rendered it necessary.

After a few years it is hoped that the work of construction will be largely over and that all the labor of patients can be turned into productive channels that will very materially reduce the cost of maintenance.

THE PREY OF QUACKS.

The astounding avidity with which epileptics are willing to try any remedy of alleged value in epilepsy only shows how eager is their desire for relief. And so it is that the manufacturers of patent nostrums and the great army of quacks who thrive throughout the land find in the epileptic their readiest victim.

They beguile him with vivid representations of wonderful cures and then deliberately set about to rob him of his honest means and, what is worse, of what little stamina and vigor of constitution he may possess. He is deceived with a drug that *suppresses* his attacks for a limited time, but *which does not cure*, and which must be taken in such powerful doses that in time it effects the destruction of his mind and ruins his physical health,

We are not giving hearsay evidence, but facts, and to make sure of such facts we tried one of the "surest" cures at the Colony, with the result that two patients were made temporarily insane, but made good recovery on the withdrawal of the drug.

A young man recently admitted to the Colony and whose malady for the past year had been growing rapidly worse, had in his possession, at the time of admission, *twenty-six* separate and distinct quack and patent remedies. He was at once relieved of them, with the result that he began at once to improve.

APPOINTMENTS TO MEDICAL STAFF.

Dr. Marie L. Benoit was appointed medical interne December 15, 1897, while Dr. Edward A. Sharp was appointed to a similar position July 28, 1898.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Religious services were held by ministers of different denominations as during former years.

The evacuation of the House of the Elders by male patients and the fitting up of the large hall in same for religious and other public services added materially to our common comfort.

We stand greatly in need of a suitable church and general assembly building, and the urgent necessity of providing such a structure cannot be much longer delayed.

SCHOOLS.

Especial attention is invited to the teachers' reports. We endeavor to study constantly the most practical and valuable need of the class we teach as to the form of education they can best receive, best assimilate and best use now and in the future.

The teachers are commended for skill in their work and for forbearance and patience in their daily labors.

CASUALTIES.

It is especially gratifying to be able to report our entire freedom from serious casualties of all kinds during the past year. Such a thing has been possible through a single cause, and that

has been the unremitting and intelligent supervision the people we care for have enjoyed at the hands of those whose labor for them knows no end. It is a ceaseless vigil, for the eye that watches them never sleeps and the hand that is extended to help them is never free from action.

AMUSEMENTS.

The manly sports that have so much influence in improving the physique and adding to the general health of our patients are the ones we aim to encourage.

The athletic field where bicycling, tennis, running, jumping and baseball are indulged in, has been of constant use and value.

Field day was observed on July 4th, when an elaborate program was carried out.

A military company of 36 boys and young men is now in process of formation. They will be uniformed and will drill with "Quaker guns."

The Craig Colony band of seventeen pieces was organized early in the spring, and the open-air concerts they gave during the summer were greatly enjoyed.

A library has been fitted up in the House of the Elders. We have now about 500 bound volumes, in addition to numbers of unbound magazines. We need many more books that our funds will not enable us to buy.

DONATIONS.

We record our grateful indebtedness for the following gifts received during the year in various ways:

Through the kindness of Mr. R. Bell, general superintendent of the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railway, twenty-five female patients were given an excursion to Portage on July 14th; Mr. Charles P. Barry, Rochester, 100 rose bushes and 100 shrubs; Miss Mary A. Burns, New York, a piano; Dr. Frederick Peterson, cash, $40 for pictures; in memory of W. G. W., $5; Mr. F. Brisbane, New York, large number of illustrated foreign journals and magazines; Miss Jessie Gillender, New York, Harper's Magazine

and Catholic World; Hospital Book and Newspaper Society, New York, reading matter.

We are much indebted for copies of the following newspapers:

Albany Argus (daily).....Albany, N. Y.
Buffalo Courier (Sunday).....Buffalo, N. Y.
Caledonian Advertiser.....Caledonia, N. Y.
Castilian .....Castile, N. Y.
Catholic Journal.....Rochester, N. Y.
Dansville Advertiser .....Dansville, N. Y.
Dansville Breeze.....Dansville, N. Y.
Dryden Herald.....Dryden, N. Y.
Hammondsport Herald.....Hammondsport, N. Y.
Holley Standard.....Holley, N. Y.
Ithaca Democrat.....Ithaca, N. Y.
Le Roy Gazette.....Le Roy, N. Y.
Livingston Democrat .....Geneseo, N. Y.
Livingston Republican.....Geneseo, N. Y.
Livonia Gazette.....Livonia, N. Y.
Mount Morris Enterprise.....Mount Morris, N. Y.
Mount Morris Union.....Mount Morris, N. Y.
Newark Union.....Newark, N. Y.
New York Times.....New York City.
Nunda News.....Nunda, N. Y.
Oakfield Reporter .....Oakfield, N. Y.
Ontario County Times.....Canandaigua, N. Y.
Ovid Independent.....Ovid, N. Y.
Penn Yan Express.....Penn Yan, N. Y.
Rochester Democrat and Chronicle (daily).....Rochester, N. Y.
Rochester Democrat and Chronicle (weekly).....Rochester, N. Y.
Rochester Volksblatt.....Rochester, N. Y.
Seneca County Times.....Waterloo, N. Y.
Union Springs Advertiser.....Union Springs, N. Y.
Watkins Express .....Watkins, N. Y.
Yates County Chronicler.....Penn Yan, N. Y.

REPORT OF STEWARD.

To WILLIAM P. SPRATLING, M. D., *Medical Superintendent of Craig Colony, Sonyea, N. Y.:*

I have the honor to submit herewith the Fourth Annual Report of the Steward of Craig Colony, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, relating to farm and garden products, miscellaneous articles sold, an account of moneys received which have been paid to the treasurer of the Colony, and some suggestions as to future wants of the Colony.

The Colony has reached the period in its growth when it becomes absolutely necessary to develop and subdue more of its wild land for farm and garden purposes. The principal resources of the Colony are now and must necessarily always be from the farm; up to the present time there has been very little expended in clearing and improving the farm; in fact, there has been more good tillable land taken up for the erection of new buildings and other purposes, than has been subdued and brought under cultivation from the wild land.

At the south side of the farm, there is a field of about 75 acres that has all the timber cleared off, but is covered with large pine stumps; the soil is a light sandy loam, and well adapted to the culture of vegetables, potatoes and fruits. It will cost about $200 to remove these stumps, so that the farm teams and patients can pile and burn them.

At the north side of the farm, a field now used for pasture, containing 50 acres, has some low, wet places which can be easily drained; when done, will make as fine land as there is on the farm. The tile for this work, together with what is wanted in other places on the farm, will cost about $400, the farm teams and patients doing the work.

An appropriation of $500 is needed to strengthen the banks of the Kishaqua creek where they are weak and liable to break and destroy a large amount of flat land.

The old yellow barn standing just east of the Walrath, needs new foundation walls and timbers. I think it should be arranged for a stable under a part or all of it. It will cost about $600.

The barns at the south farm need repairs, especially to the stables, so that enough stock could be sheltered there through the winter to consume the fodder grown on that place, thus saving the expense of hauling the fodder and leaving the manure near where it belongs; these repairs will cost about $400.

We should have $400 for building new fences.

THE DAIRY.

The thorough organization and equipment of this important department has not yet been possible for the want of:

1st. A sufficient number of good dairy cows.

2d. The facilities for feeding dairy cows by the most scientific principles.

3d. The proper place to care for milk and butter.

There should be an extension of our dairy department, and the development of the manufacture at home of every dollar's worth of dairy products which we consume. To do this, we must have a sufficient number of good dairy cows. In regard to breed, I have no quarrel with any one, but when there is one cow in the dairy that will make a pound of butter from 15 pounds of milk, while another requires more than 30 pounds of milk to make one pound of butter, it suggests in the latter case the prompt services of a butcher. It is costly ignorance which feeds, milks and shelters two cows without knowing that more butter can be produced at the cost and care of one. We should have $2,000 with which to buy cows.

It is a well known fact that milk is an important factor in the dietary for the epileptic; also, in many cases, sweet skimmed milk or sweet separator milk is preferred to whole milk; in the latter case, milk produced on the Colony would have a double value. First, taking out the butter fat for butter; second, using the sweet separator milk as an article of food.

The past year the cook at the general kitchen has made 639 pounds of butter, having no conveniences, setting the milk in various kitchen pans, pails, etc., churning in a small dash churn; this butter, at the price we were paying at the time, amounts to $111.82, or the interest on $1,864.

The Colony needs a creamery building with suitable machinery for separating the cream from the milk, the manufacture of butter and cheese, and for the improvement of the sanitary condition of its milk supply. Such a building and equipment will cost $2,000.

The silo probably furnishes food for dairy cows in the best and most economical way, especially for feeding the winter dairy cows.

It will cost $600 to build a silo.

FARM PRODUCTS.

1,217	bu. apples at $1	$1,217 00
73,949	lbs. beef at 8c	5,915 92
639	lbs. butter at 17½c	111 82
5,300	bu. field corn at 25c	1,325 00
2,070	bu. wheat at 75c	1,552 50
2,500	bu. oats at 40c	1,000 00
4,000	bu. potatoes at 50c	2,000 00
423	tons hay at $8	3,384 00
120	tons corn fodder at $4	480 00
100	tons corn stalks at $2.50	250 00
100	tons straw at $4	400 00
15,996	gals. milk at 12c	1,919 52
3,251	lbs. lamb at 10c	325 10
5,814	lbs. pork at 8c	465 12
175	lbs. sausage at 12c	21 00
1,200	lbs. veal at 10c	120 00
780	lbs. lard at 6c	46 80
681	lbs. chicken at 12c	81 72
39	lbs. duck at 12c	4 68
100	fence posts at 10c	10 00

5	electric light poles at $1.25	$6 25
500	tons ice at $1	500 00
429	doz. eggs at 15c	64 35
23.625	tons corn for canning at $6	141 75
179	bu. pears at 40c	71 60
176	bu. peaches at $1.50	264 00
2	bu. quinces at $1.50	3 00
2	bu. plums at $1	2 00
1,000	gals. sweet cider at 7c	70 00
763	loads sand at 25c	190 75
	Total	$21,943 88

GARDEN PRODUCTS.

5,103	lbs. peas for canning at 1½c	$76 54
625.8	bu. tomatoes for canning at 23c	143 93
143	bu. string beans at 60c	85 80
68	bu. lima beans at $2,25	153 00
1,154	bu. beets at 30c	346 20
18	bu. Brussel sprouts at $1	18 00
3,600	hd. cabbage at 2c	72 00
1,113	bu. carrots at 25	278 25
148	cauliflower at 5c	7 40
3,194	doz. bun. celery at 40c	1,277 60
1,816	doz. cucumbers at 10c	181 60
65	egg plants at 10c	6 50
3,290	doz. lettuce at 6c	197 40
562	doz. muskmelons at 50c	281 00
21	doz. watermelons at $1	21 00
154	doz. okra at 10c	15 40
564	bu. onions at 50c	282 00
500	bu. salsify at 75c	373 00
35	doz. bun. parsley at 20c	7 00
1,000	bu. parsnips at 30c	300 00

609 doz. peppers at 20c	$121 80
508 doz. radishes at 10c	50 80
702 doz. bun. rhubarb at 10c	70 20
166 doz. squash at 15c	24 90
250 lbs. tobacco at 30c	75 00
655 bu. tomatoes at 30c	196 50
250 bu. turnips at 30c	75 00
1,014 doz. bun. onions at 5c	50 70
4,100 qts. strawberries at 6c	246 00
128 doz. bun. asparagus at 20c	25 60
1,231 doz. green corn at 8c	98 48
151 bu. green peas at 50c	75 50
Total	$5,234 10

INDUSTRIES.

Printing office (patient labor)	$269 53
Blacksmith shop	435 73
Brickyard (558,000 brick)	3,627 00
Carpenter shop	603 00
Sloyd school—models made by pupils	41 55
Total	$4,976 81

The steward has received and paid to the treasurer of the colony from miscellaneous sales:

Hides, pelts and tallow	$840 55
Sand	114 75
Wool	310 20
Miscellaneous fruits, vegetables, old lumber, etc.	364 09
Total	$1,629 59

OBSERVATION CLASS.

Lessons in observation form one of the most necessary and interesting of the classes. Objects of daily use indoors and out are placed on tables before the children and are handled and talked about. The synthesis and analysis of many of the simplest articles are carried out, to awaken a spirit of inquiry and a line of clearer thought toward a means of expression by hand and speech.

The following articles were made and repaired in the departments named, between September 30, 1897, and September 30, 1898:

ARTICLES MADE IN SEWING ROOM AND WARDS.

Aprons, women's	214
Aprons, men's	114
Bandages, yards of material	665
Bibs	12
Broom bags	56
Chemises	61
Curtains	71
Cloth used in sundry ways, number of yards	508
Cover for floor	1
Cover for piano	1
Cushions	3
Clothes bags	38
Caps, rubber	4
Coats	9
Coat straps	89
Desk covers	7
Dresses	147
Drawers	84
Dust cloths	115
Eye shades	33
Flags	3

Holders, ironing	115
Knee pads	7
Napkins for wards	130
Night dresses	83
Night shirts	28
Night caps	4
Pillow cases	755
Protection sheets	155
Protection pillow cases	9
Protection mattress covers	10
Polishing cloths	12
Pillow ticks	32
Shirts, men's	91
Skirts	48
Sand bags	10
Sun bonnets	2
Stretchers	3
Shirtwaist	1
Splashers	5
Suits	8
Silence cloths	9
Skirts, dress	1
Sack	1
Sheets	807
Table cloths	176
Table covers	67
Tray cloths	19
Ticks, mattress	137
Table napkins	265
Towels, hand	1,183
Towels, dish	340
Towels, roller	129
Underwaists	6
Total	6,883

MANUAL TRAINING.

The first week in September a class in manual training was formed.

For this work the bench is the desk-top obtained from Mechanics Institute, Rochester. These tops are easily fastened upon the school desks, and when not in use can be removed and placed in a rack built for that purpose.

Each desk-top contains the following tools : Measuring rule, knife, plane, chisel, try-square, marking gauge, hammer, nail-set, bradawl, gimlet, pliers, clamp, bench hook, compasses, triangles and T-square.

The models to be made are: A flower-pot stand, frame for a vine, hexagonal back for a calendar, bandalore, centering gauge, plumb rule, bench hook, shield shaped key-board, nail box, wall bracket, triangles, T-square, and a fancy box.

The pupils are now working upon the second model. The afternoon class have a much simpler course in knife work, comprising the following: Six-inch rule, plant label, key tag, pencil sharpener, thread winder, silk winder, yarn winder, shield shaped match scratch, and a tooth-brush holder.

Most of the pupils enjoy this new work and are very patient and persevering.

Exercise is required in the school-room every day, the Swedish system of gymnastics proving the most convenient and effectual.

Instruction in nature work is given during walks about the extensive Colony grounds. Also an effort is made upon the occasions to awaken an appreciation of the beautiful, and to encourage a spirit of contentment with the home where a part of their lives must be passed.

Respectfully submitted,

E. LUELLA COFFIN,

Teacher.

NOTE.

There is also a class of 20 boys engaged eight hours a day in manual training, chiefly sloyd work, under the direction of Mr. Augustus T. Hatch, a graduate of a Boston school for training sloyd teachers; but owing to the recent reorganization of the school, there will be no regular report for it this year.

SUPERINTENDENT.

REPORT OF DENTIST.

MT. MORRIS, N. Y., *September* 30, 1898.

To the Medical Superintendent:

I have the honor to report to you my professional attendance upon the patients at Craig Colony as dentist for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898.

Permit me to state first that I have had this year, as during preceding year, the hearty and cheerful co-operation of the medical superintendent and his staff, which valued assistance greatly aided me in the prosecution of my work.

I made 651 treatments, classified and described as follows:

Males treated	276
Females treated	375
Total number treated	651
Teeth filled, males	73
Teeth filled, females	56
Total teeth filled	129
Teeth extracted, males	182
Teeth extracted, females	309
Total teeth extracted	491
Teeth scaled, males	20
Teeth scaled, females	11
Total teeth scaled	31

In a majority of the cases examined and treated, in the older class of patients more especially, I found a decided improvement in the condition of their mouths, owing largely to the supervision and advice given the patients by the nurses having them in charge, in compliance with the instructions of the dentist.

In the examination of the new patients I found the same constitutional derangement of the teeth, gums and alveolar processes as before, caused by a morbid organism and a total disregard for and care of the teeth, as indicated by a malformed arch, diseased condition of the teeth and surrounding parts. In a large percentage of the mouths examined I found the gums in an unhealthy condition, exuding a quantity of muco-purulent matter. In two cases noted the gums were attacked with scirrhous tumors, indicating an exceedingly depraved condition of the entire body from some cause. Four cases were noted of adenitis and inflammation of the ducts. Several causes of osteoma, traceable to septic diseases of the pulp, also several cases where the alveolar processes were abscessed, which, by neglect, had caused necrosis and exfoliation of portions of the bone, resulting from want of care and treatment of the buccal organs.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

CHARLES J. MILLS,
Dentist.

PART EIGHT.

MEDICAL STATISTICAL TABLES.

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TABLE I.

Showing Changes in Population.

Movements of the Patients.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Remaining September 30, 1897.....	130	84	214
Admitted since that date.....	61	96	157
Total.....	191	180	371

Discharged during year:

	Men.	Women.	Total.			
Recovered.....	4	3	7			
Improved.....	16	2	18			
Unimproved.....	4	2	6			
Insane.....	4	..	4			
Died.....	8	6	14			
				36	13	
Remaining September 30, 1898.....				155	167	3[illegible]

Maximum number under treatment.....	326
Daily average under treatment.....	$251\frac{19}{31}$
Percentage of deaths on whole number treated.....	$3\frac{11}{33}$

The four men discharged as insane were transferred, as prescribed by law, to State hospitals; two were transferred to the Buffalo State Hospital, one to the Hudson River State Hospital and one to the Middletown State Hospital.

Admissions, Discharges and Number Remaining, by Counties.

County.	Admitted since opening.	Discharged and died since opening.	Total remaining.
Albany	7	1	6
Allegany	2	1	1
Broome	1	1	0
Cattaraugus	5	2	3
Cayuga	8	0	8
Chautauqua	3	1	2
Chemung	9	4	5
Chenango	1	0	1
Clinton	1	0	1
Columbia	2	0	2
Cortland	2	0	2
Delaware	2	0	2
Dutchess	3	1	2
Erie	20	7	13
Essex	0	0	0
Franklin	3	0	3
Fulton	1	0	1
Genesee	4	3	1
Greene	2	0	2
Hamilton	0	0	0
Herkimer	0	0	0
Jefferson	2	0	2
Kings	28	2	26
Livingston	8	3	5
Lewis	3	0	3
Madison	2	1	1
Monroe	25	4	21
Montgomery	5	0	5
New York	125	18	107
Niagara	3	0	3
Oneida	11	1	10
Onondaga	13	5	8

TABLE II—(*Concluded*).

Admissions, Discharges and Number Remaining, by Counti

County.	Admitted since opening.	Discharged and died since opening.	To rema
Ontario	6	2	
Orange	2	1	
Orleans	3	2	
Oswego	8	1	
Otsego	2	0	
Putnam	1	0	
Queens	2	0	
Rensselaer	6	2	
Richmond	2	0	
Rockland	0	0	
St. Lawrence	13	6	
Saratoga	4	1	
Schenectady	1	0	
Schoharie	1	1	
Schuyler	3	3	
Seneca	5	2	
Steuben	9	2	
Suffolk	2	0	
Sullivan	1	1	
Tioga	5	1	
Tompkins	2	0	
Ulster	5	2	
Warren	2	0	
Washington	4	2	
Wayne	2	0	
Westchester	7	1	
Wyoming	3	1	
Yates	4	0	
Total	405	86	
Private patients	5	2	
Total	410	88	

TABLE III.

Classification of Types Admitted.

Subdivision A—Genito-Neuropathic.

Aura.	Description of aura.
Sensory	General tingling over periphery.
Sensory	Epigastric pain.
None	
None	
Sensory	Epigastric pain.
Sensory	Visual percepts of objects and auditory percepts of sound.
None	
None	
None	
Sensory	Visual flashes of light.
None	
Sensory	Pain in epigastrium.
None	
None	
Sensory	Pain in epigastrium.
None	
Psychic	Mental depression.
None	
Sensory	Headache.
None	
None	
None	
Sensory	Visual flashes of light.
None	
None	
Sensory	Epigastric aura.
Sensory	Visual percepts of light.
None	
Sensory	Epigastric pain.
None	

	Aura.	Description of aura.
31.	Sensory	Headache.
32.	Sensory	Epigastric pain.
33.	None	
34.	Sensory	Tinnitus aurum.
35.	None	
36.	None	
37.	None	
38.	None	
39.	None	
40.	None	
41.	None	
42.	Sensory	Pain in epigastrium.
43.	Sensory	Tinnitus aurum.
44.	None	
45.	Psychic	Somnolence.
46.	None	
47.	None	
48.	Sensory	Subjective vertigo.

Classification of Types Admitted.

Subdivision B.—Accidental.

1.	None	
2.	None	
3.	None	
4.	None	
5.	Sensory	Flashes of blue and red light.
6.	None	
7.	None	
8.	Sensory	Pain in praecordia.
9.	None	
10.	None	
11.	None	
12.	None	
13.	None	
14.	None	

	Description of aura.
ie	
ie	
ie	
ie	
ie	
sory.....	"Nervous tingling" over entire periphery.
ie	
sory.....	Roaring in both ears.
sory.....	Frontal headache.
ie	
sory.....	Subjective vertigo.
ie	
ie	
ie	
sory.....	Peculiar sensation over entire body.
sory.....	Throbbing of the head.
sory.....	Sensation of choking.
ie	
ie	
ie	
ie	
ie	
ie	
sory and motor..	Visual percepts of light, and jerking motion in left wrist.
ie	
ie	
ie	
ie	
ie	
sory.....	Visual percepts of light.
ie	
sory.....	Bitter taste in the mouth.
ie	

Classification of Types Admitted.

Subdivision C.—Hereditary.

	Aura.	Description of aura.
1.	None	
2.	None	
3.	None	
4.	Sensory	Pain in epigastrium.
5.	None	
6.	None	
7.	None	
8.	Sensory	Vertigo and tinnitus aurum.
9.	None	
10.	None	
11.	None	
12.	Sensory	Feeling of expansion in the hea
13.	Sensory	Pain in epigastrium.
14.	Sensory	Subjective vertigo.
15.	None	
16.	None	
17.	None	
18.	None	
19.	None	
20.	None	
21.	None	
22.	None	
23.	Sensory	Pain in praecordium.
24.	Sensory	Dull pain in right arm.
25.	None	
26.	Sensory	Tinnitus aurum.
27.	Sensory	Peripheral sensation of numbnes feet.
28.	None	
29.	Psychic	General nervous feeling.
30.	Psychic	General feeling of nervousness.
31.	Psychic	Nervous feeling.

Classification of Types Admitted.

Subdivision D.—Imbecilic.

	Description of aura.
ie.....	
sory.....	Pain in epigastrium.
ie.....	
ie.....	
ie.....	
ie.....	
ie.....	
ie.....	
ie.....	

Classification of Types Admitted.

Subdivision E.—Post-Paralytic.

sory and psychic.	Nervous feeling and constriction of scalp.
sory.....	Frontal headache.
ie.....	
ie.....	
ie.....	
sory.....	Burning sensation over periphery.
chic and sensory.	Mental confusion and epigastric pain.
sory.....	Pain in epigastrium.
ie.....	
ie.....	
sory.....	Feeling of cephalic expansion.
sory.....	Roaring in ears.
ie.....	
ie.....	
ie.....	
sory.....	Pain in epigastrium.
.....	

	Aura.	Description of aura.
18.	Sensory.....	Sensation of formication in pra ium.
19.	Sensory.....	Pain in paralyzed side.
20.	Sensory.....	Subjective vertigo.
21.	Sensory.....	Visual percepts of light.
22.	Sensory.....	At times, loss of vision.

TABLE IV.

Showing Average Frequency of Attacks.

	Men.	Women.
The cases here presented averaged—		
One attack in twenty-four hours (or oftener)	25	29
One attack in two days.....	22	17
One attack in three days.....	22	29
One attack in four days.....	19	13
One attack in five days.....	17	26
One attack in one week.....	20	11
One attack in two weeks.....	6	3
One attack in three weeks.....	0	1
One attack in one month.....	4	2
One attack in two months.....	1	1
One attack in three months.....	0	2
One attack in four months.....	0	2
One attack in five months.....	0	0
One attack in six months.....	0	0
One attack in one year or less frequently.	2	1
Total.....	138	137

It will be noted from the above table that 90 per cent. 275 cases had seizures on an average of one or more every days.

Only 27 out of the 275 had attacks less than a week apar

Circumcision	12
Dislocation of shoulder	2
Erysipelas (facial)	1
Excision of uvula	2
Fibroma of lower jaw	1
Fistula in ano	1
Fracture of little finger	1
Fracture of lower jaw	1
Fracture of radius (Colle's)	1
Haematoma of scalp	4
Hemorrhoids, external	1
Hemorrhoids, external and internal	4
Laceration of face	3
Laceration of scalp	5
Otitis externa	2
Polypus, external auditory canal	1
Pterygium	1
Skin grafting	4
Synovitis of knee	1
Tinea sycosis	1
Tenotomy of internal rectus	1
Ulcers of hand	2
Ulcers of leg	1
Total surgical	60

TABLE VI.

Showing 39,304 *Seizures Classified by Hours.*

1 a. m.	1,187
2 a. m.	1,397
3 a. m.	1,468
4 a. m.	1,801
5 a. m.	1,461
6 a. m.	1,641
7 a. m.	1,249
8 a. m.	1,139

9 a. m.	1,128
10 a. m.	1,133
11 a. m.	1,311
12 m.	1,519
1 p. m.	1,490
2 p. m.	1,369
3 p. m.	1,197
4 p. m.	1,117
5 p. m.	1,016
6 p. m.	920
7 p. m.	826
8 p. m.	995
9 p. m.	1,822
10 p. m.	1,597
11 p. m.	1,232
12 m.	1,279

It will be noted from the foregoing table that 7 o'clock in the evening was the hour at which the smallest number of seizures occurred, while the greatest number occurred at 9 o'clock in the evening.

In the 1896 report we noted in a study of 5,377 seizures that the hour of greatest frequency was at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, while the minimum number occurred at 7 o'clock in the evening.

Inasmuch as the observations of the two years do not coincide, we purpose another year to extend the same so as to include a study, by the hour, of 300,000 seizures.

PART NINE.

FORM OF COMMITMENT.

STATE OF NEW YORK—STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES.

THE CRAIG COLONY FOR EPILEPTICS.

SONYEA, LIVINGSTON COUNTY, N. Y.

Circular of information required in regard to applicants for admission.

This blank may be obtained free on application to the State Board of Charities or to the superintendent of Craig Colony.

It is requested that the blank be accurately filled out and all information given that will be useful in the treatment and care of each case.

Christian and surname of patient.....
age.....sex.....color.....place of nativity.....
occupation..... .....married or single.....age at onset.....
length of time patient has had epilepsy..... ...cause.....
.....
heredity (alcoholism, tuberculosis, rheumatism, epilepsy or other nervous diseases in the parents or relatives).....
.....
prenatal influences or difficult labor.....
.....
character of attack (petit mal, grand mal, Jacksonian or psychic seizures).....
.....
frequency of attacks at first and at present.....
.....
nocturnal or diurnal.....nature of aura if any.....
.....
mental state.....
Physical state: lungs.....heart.....tongue.....
urine.....knee jerks and wrist jerks.....
pupils... .....eyes.....paralysis?.....
The name and address of the person most familiar with the history of the case is.....
.....
Dated..... .....M. D.
.....18.... Residence .....

(Application of county superintendent of the poor or of the poor authorities of any city.)

To the Board of Managers of Craig Colony:

The undersigned, a..... ....of.....
county, State of New York, hereby makes application for the admission to the Craig Colony for Epileptics of .....an epileptic, aged.....years,
born in.....residing in..... .....
and an indigent.

The name and address of the nearest friend or relative is.....
.....
who is related as..... .....to the patient.
Telegraphic address of friend or relative..... ....
....
Superintendent of the Poor.

Dated.....18.... .....County.

No.....

STATE OF NEW YORK.

State Board of Charities.

CRAIG COLONY.

ADMISSION PAPER

IN THE CASE OF

.....

OF

.....County.

Case Book.....Page.....

Date of Admission.....

Pp. 12 and 13, chap. 363, Laws of 1894 (relating to admission and support of State patients in Craig Colony).

§ 12. *Designation and admission of patients.*—There shall be received and gratuitously supported in the colony, epileptics residing in the state, who, if of age, are unable, or, if under age, whose parents or guardians are unable to provide for their support therein; and who shall be designated as state patients. Such additional number of epileptics, whether of age, or under age, as can be conveniently accommodated shall be received into the colony by the managers on such terms as shall be just; and shall be designated as private patients. Epileptic children shall be received into the colony only upon the written request of the persons desiring to send them, stating the age, place of nativity, if known, christian and surname, the town, city or county in which such children respectively reside, and the ability of their respective parents, or guardians or others to provide for their support in whole or in part, and if in part only, stating what part; and stating also the degree of relationship or other circumstances of connection between the patients and the persons requesting their admission; which statement in all cases of state patients must be verified by the affidavits of the petitioners and of two disinterested persons, and accompanied by the opinions of a qualified physician, all residents of the same county with the epileptic patient, and acquainted with the facts and circumstances stated, and who must be certified to be credible by the county judge or surrogate of the county, and such judge or surrogate must also certify, in each case, that such state patient is an eligible and proper candidate for admission to the colony. State patients, whether of age or under age, may also be received into the colony upon the official application of a county superintendent of the poor, or of the poor authorities of any city. It shall be the duty of the superintendent of the poor in every county and of the poor authorities of every city, to furnish annually to the state board of charities, a list of all epileptics in their respective jurisdictions, so far as the same can be ascertained, with such particulars as to the condition of each epileptic as shall be described by the said state board. Whenever an epileptic shall become a charge for his or her maintenance on any of the towns, cities or counties of this state, it shall be the duty of all poor authorities of such city, and of the county superintendents of the poor, and of the supervisors of such county, to place such epileptic in the said colony. Any parent, guardian or friend of an epileptic child within this state may make application to the poor authorities of any city, or the superintendent of the poor of any county or the board of supervisors or any supervisor of any town, ward or city where such child resides, showing by satisfactory affidavit or other proof that the health, morals, comfort or welfare of such child may be endangered or not properly cared for if not placed in such colony; and therefore it shall be the duty of such officer or board to whom such application may be made, to place such child in said colony, provided that in all cases not properly coming under section thirteen, relating to the support of state patients, the board of supervisors shall provide for the support of such cases, and may recover the same from the parents or guardians of such children. In the admission of patients preference shall always be given to poor or indigent epileptics, or the epileptic children of poor or indigent persons, over all others; and preference shall always be given to such as are able to support themselves only in part or who have parents able to support them only in part, over those who are able or who have parents who are able wholly to furnish such support.

§ 13. *Support of state patients.*—Each indigent patient and each patient who is the child of indigent parents received into the colony as aforesaid, shall be provided with proper board, lodging, medical treatment, care and tuition; and the managers of the colony shall receive for each of such state patients so provided for, the sum necessary for such provision and purpose, not to exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars per annum, the intent of this act being that the colony shall be self-supporting as far as practicable; which payments, if any, shall be made by the treasurer of state, on the warrant of the comptroller to the treasurer of the said colony, on his presenting the bill of the actual time and number of patients in the colony, signed and verified by the superintendent and treasurer of the colony and by the president and secretary of its board of managers. The supervisors of any county from which such state patients may have been received into the colony shall cause to be raised annually, while such patients remain in the colony, the sum of thirty dollars for each of such state patients for the purpose of furnishing suitable clothing, and the same shall be paid to the treasurer of the colony on or before the first day of April of each year.

PART TEN.

THE OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE.

A simple statement of what may be expected of the future, based on the work of the past, may have some interest.

Having learned the necessity for classification and occupation, and having made provision for them both in the future work of the Colony, we are justified in making the assertion that the work of the future will be of far greater value than that of the past.

The Colony ideal is not yet established and it will not be until the premises be occupied by 1,000 patients, all properly cared for in homes that admit of classification, and all engaged in useful labor designed to lessen the cost of maintenance.

It is unjust to the Colony system to consider the Colony as it now stands a completed model. It represents merely the beginning, with the foundation stone hardly adjusted upon its bed, and fortunate is the vision that can penetrate the future sufficiently to see the model standing completed, a greater blessing for the thousands of hapless beings destined to seek its protection, and a lasting monument to the able physician who first advocated its construction.

COMPENSATION OF PATIENTS.

I would recommend the enactment of a statute that would permit the payment to worthy patients of a small sum of money for labor performed by them, the value of which might exceed the cost of their maintenance. This reward would be earned by a very few only, and for them it would have a most salutary effect. We endeavored during the past year to pay a young woman $5 a month for services as waitress, but the amount was disallowed by the Comptroller. This young woman took the place of an employe who was getting $12 a month and did all the work of the position just as well and most of it better. One charitable institution in this State has on its pay-roll nearly 250 of its inmates, who are paid from $5 to $20 a month.

PROVISION FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH.

The culminating feature of the segregation by the State of large numbers of epileptics in one institution should be the making of ample provision for the successful prosecution of scientific work at such institution and by such institution.

Custodial care for this class, even in the highest and most humane form, is not enough; the intellectual and moral training of the epileptic is not enough; the industrial and manual training of the epileptic, that he may at the Colony and in the world at large produce as well as consume, is not enough; the scientific treatment of the disease by an efficient corps of skilled physicians is not enough; and the sum total of what is demanded of us will not be reached until we are given the facilities and the means for the efficient investigation into the causes of this widespread malady.

In assuming the care of these dependent sufferers, the State took upon itself a beneficent moral obligation that will not be fulfilled until it sets resolutely in action scientific machinery of the highest type, whose sole function it will at all times be to enquire into the causes that underly the disease.

We have made a start in the right direction. We have the means for building and equipping a laboratory and the work of construction is now well under way. The building was planned by Messrs. Carrere & Hastings, of New York city, while two of the best known scientific men in this country planned the interior furnishings and arrangements. It will probably be ready for occupancy by January, 1899.

But even all this is not enough and will all go for naught until we are given the means for attracting to its management the best scientific mind.

It is necessary that we make a perpetual reasonable outlay to get and retain such talent, and I take pleasure in recommending to the Board that the only way it can be done is to secure a perpetual grant from the State of a certain fixed sum. Four thou-

sand dollars per annum would suffice for the proper prosecution of the work.

Such work would not be a proper charge under maintenance and should not be taken from the yearly sum given us for that purpose. The aim is to have the laboratory work a separate and distinct department, presided over by the best talent we can procure, and conducted by the State in the interest of scientific medicine the world over.

VISITATIONS.

Three times during the past year we were honored by visits from members of the State Board of Charities, including:

Hon. William R. Stewart, president.

Dr. Enoch V. Stoddard, vice-president.

Mr. Peter Walrath.

Mr. Harvey W. Putman.

It is a pleasure to acknowledge our indebtedness to these gentlemen, especially to Dr. E. V. Stoddard, chairman of the committee of the State Board of Charities on the Colony, for valuable counsel and advice.

The Hon. William P. Letchworth, ex-Commissioner of the State Board of Charities, continues to evince his warm interest in the welfare of the Colony by visits that are too infrequent.

Many professional gentlemen and philanthropists from distant points come to see and study the features of the Colony.

PROFESSIONAL ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

It gives me great pleasure to speak of the good work done for the institution by the professional gentlemen composing the consulting staff. Drs. Herter and Van Gieson have given us aid of especial value.

To my immediate assistants, Drs. Clark, Sharp and Benoit, I owe public acknowledgment of the faithful and efficient manner in which they have performed their trying duties. In the administration of the many details of internal management, Dr. Clark has given me valuable assistance.

CONCLUSION.

For the confidence you have manifested in my good intentions I express my gratitude, and as far as my humble abilities will permit I will endeavor to justify that confidence.

To the officers, assistants, nurses and employes I also make public acknowledgment of my appreciation of the faithful and efficient manner in which they have performed their several duties.

Whatever measure of success the Colony has attained, to them belongs the credit, and to them it is cheerfully given.

Respectfully submitted,

W. P. SPRATLING,
Medical Superintendent.

TABL

No.	Sex.	Age.	Occupation.	Heredity.	Age at onset.	Prenatal influence or trouble during labor.	Assigned cau
254	M.	32	Farmer	Paternal grandmother phthisis.	29	None	Rheumatism
255	M.	39	None	Brother died of epilepsy; tuberculosis, neuralgia and periodic sick headaches in paternal relatives.	3	None	Traumatobes
256	M.	47	None	Mother and two sisters epileptic; father and mother alcoholic.	30	None	Hereditary an alcoholism.
257	M.	57	Cooper	Grandmother had epilepsy; one brother phthisis.	37	None	Syphilis
258	M.	17	None	None obtainable	13	None	None
259	M	25	Asst. engineer	None obtainable	24	None	Injury
260	M	17	None	Maternal cousin epileptic	14 mo	None	None
261	M	62	Railroad employe	Mother phthisis; father carcinoma.	7	None	None
262	F	12	None	Mother migraine; father alcoholic; cousins epileptic.	2	None	None
263	F	23	None	Paternal great grandfather insane; father inebriate; maternal uncle insane; two paternal aunts epileptic; mother epileptic and migraine; two brothers migraine.	7	None	None
264	F	23	Housemaid	None obtainable	11	None	None
265	M	19	Plumber	Mother chorea	16	None	None
266	M	21	Clerk	Mother had brain tumor; paternal grandmother died insane.	14	None	None
267	M.	27	None	Father died of spinal disease; maternal grandmother died insane; maternal aunt suicide; one brother and one sister died in convulsions.	17	None	Trauma of oc ciput at 6.
268	M	35	Carpenter	None obtainable	8	None	Overstudy an scarlet fever
269	M.	19	Laborer	Brother insane; paternal relatives intemperate; maternal relatives tubercular.	18	Unknown	None
270	M.	14	None	Paternal relatives tubercular.	At birth.	None	None
271	M.	14	None	Two brothers died of epilepsy; father inebriate; maternal relatives neurotic.	2	None	Dentition
272	M.	12	Student	None obtainable	6	None	None
273	M	35	Clerk	Maternal relatives neurotic.	27	Labor difficult	Overwork
274	M.	26	Farm laborer	Maternal grandmother died of phthisis; father intemperate and rheumatic.	14	None	None
275	F.	8	None	Unknown	4	Not obtainable	None
276	M.	26	Carpenter	Father rheumatic; cousins epileptic; mother phthisis.	26	None	Trauma

ible cause.	Character of attack.	Day or night.	Physical examination.	Reflexes.	Paralysis.	Pupils and eyes.
.....	G. M.	Both.	Glycosuria; adhesive pericarditis.	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
ongenital defect.	G. M.	D.	Phthisis; irregular and feeble cardiac action.	Uniformly exagger.	None.....	Normal.
d alcoholism ...	G. M.	D.	Fatty heart	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	N.	Phthisis	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	D.	Deformity of chest and spine due to rickets; albuminuria.	Exagger ..	None.....	Normal.
fe.....	G. M. and P. M	D.	Negative.....	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
cerebral palsy; and rachitis.	G. M.	Both	Phthisis	Exagger ..	Right hemiplegia.	Normal.
ongenital defect	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger ..	None.....	Normal.
ongenital defect.	G. M	Both.	Phthisis	Exagger ..	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	Both.	Mitral regurgitation	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
defect.....	G. M. and P. M.	D.	Mitral regurgitation	Normal ...	None.....	Normal
lsy.....	G. M.	D.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Slight right hemiplegia.	Normal
.....	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	Both.	Mitral regurgitation	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
r	P. M.	N.	Mitral regurgitation	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
defect	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Diminished	None.....	Normal.
lsy at dentition.	G. M.	D.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Slight right hemiplegia.	Normal.
defect	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
lsy at 10	G. M.	N.	Phthisis	Right exagger.	Partial palsy of right side	Normal.
rebral palsy....	G. M.	N.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Hemiplegia, right side.	Internal strabismus.
defect	Psyc	Both.	Normal	Normal ...	None	Normal.
d influenza.....	G. M.	N.	Mitral regurgitation.	Uniformly exagger.	None.....	Normal.

TABL

No.	Sex.	Age.	Occupation.	Heredity.	Age at onset.	Prenatal influence or trouble during labor.	Assigned ca
254	M.	32	Farmer	Paternal grandmother phthisis.	29	None	Rheumatism
255	M.	39	None	Brother died of epilepsy; tuberculosis, neuralgia and periodic sick headaches in paternal relatives.	3	None	Traumatic
256	M.	47	None	Mother and two sisters epileptic; father and mother alcoholic.	30	None	Hereditary a alcoholism
257	M.	57	Cooper	Grandmother had epilepsy; one brother phthisis.	37	None	Syphilis
258	M.	17	None	None obtainable	13	None	None
259	M.	25	Asst. engineer	None obtainable	24	None	Injury
260	M.	17	None	Maternal cousin epileptic	14 mo	None	None
261	M.	32	Railroad employe	Mother phthisis; father carcinoma.	7	None	None
262	F.	12	None	Mother migraine; father alcoholic; cousins epileptic.	2	None	None
263	F.	23	None	Paternal great grandfather insane; father inebriate; maternal uncle insane; two paternal aunts epileptic; mother epileptic and migraine; two brothers migraine.	7	None	None
264	F.	23	Housemaid	None obtainable	11	None	None
265	M.	19	Plumber	Mother chorea	16	None	None
266	M.	21	Clerk	Mother had brain tumor; paternal grandmother died insane.	14	None	None
267	M.	27	None	Father died of spinal disease; maternal grandmother died insane; maternal aunt suicide; one brother and one sister died in convulsions.	17	None	Trauma of ciput at 6.
268	M.	35	Carpenter	None obtainable	8	None	Overstudy a scarlet fev
269	M.	19	Laborer	Brother insane; paternal relatives intemperate; maternal relatives tubercular.	18	Unknown	None
270	M.	14	None	Paternal relatives tubercular.	At birth.	None	None
271	M.	14	None	Two brothers died of epilepsy; father inebriate; maternal relatives neurotic.	2	None	Dentition
272	M.	12	Student	None obtainable	6	None	None
273	M.	35	Clerk	Maternal relatives neurotic.	27	Labor difficult	Overwork
274	M.	26	Farm laborer	Maternal grandmother died of phthisis; father intemperate and rheumatic.	14	None	None
275	F.	8	None	Unknown	4	Not obtainable	None
276	M.	26	Carpenter	Father rheumatic; cousins epileptic; mother phthisis.	26	None	Trauma

ble cause.	Character of attack.	Day or night.	Physical examination.	Reflexes.	Paralysis.	Pupils and eyes.
.....	G. M.	Both.	Glycosuria; adhesive pericarditis.	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
ngenital defect.	G. M.	D.	Phthisis; irregular and feeble cardiac action.	Uniformly exagger.	None.....	Normal.
d alcoholism ...	G. M.	D.	Fatty heart	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	N.	Phthisis	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	D.	Deformity of chest and spine due to rickets; albuminuria.	Exagger ..	None.....	Normal.
e.....	G. M. and P. M	D.	Negative.....	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
erebral palsy; nd rachitis.	G. M.	Both	Phthisis	Exagger ..	Right hemiplegia.	Normal.
ngenital defect	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger ...	None.....	Normal.
ngenital defect.	G. M	Both.	Phthisis	Exagger ..	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	Both.	Mitral regurgitation	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
efect.....	G. M. and P. M.	D.	Mitral regurgitation	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
sy.....	G. M.	D.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Slight right hemiplegia.	Normal.
.....	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	Both.	Mitral regurgitation	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
r	P. M.	N.	Mitral regurgitation	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
defect	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Diminished	None.....	Normal.
lsy at dentition.	G. M.	D.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Slight right hemiplegia.	Normal.
defect	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
lsy at 10	G. M.	N.	Phthisis	Right exagger.	Partial palsy of right side	Normal.
rebral palsy....	G. M.	N.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Hemiplegia, right side.	Internal strabismus.
defect	Psyc	Both.	Normal	Normal ...	None	Normal.
nd influenza....	G. M.	N.	Mitral regurgitation.	Uniformly exagger.	None.....	Normal.

TABLE VII—

No.	Sex.	Age.	Occupation.	Heredity.	Age at onset.	Prenatal influence or trouble during labor.	Assigned cause.
977	F.	19	Servant	Paternal great-uncle rheumatism; one brother died at 14 months of convulsions.	17	None.....	Trauma .....
978	F.	38	Housewife	Mother nervous during pregnancy.	23	None.....	None.....
979	F.	24	Housework	Uncle, aunt, cousin and father's uncle had epilepsy.	16	None.....	Heredity .....
980	F.	40	None.....	None.....	19	None.....	Trauma .....
981	M.	40	Machinist	Father rheumatic; mother migraine; maternal uncle suicide.	30	Unknown	None.....
982	M.	21	Farm laborer ...	Father epileptic from 16 to 24; maternal uncle died of rheumatism and epilepsy; mother died insane.	11	None.....	Heredity ....
283	F.	14	None.....	Cousin paraplegic; paternal aunt insane.	3	None.....	Malaria .....
284	M.	19	None.....	Father rheumatic, alcoholic and syphilitic; all male paternal relatives alcoholic.	11	None.....	Trauma .....
285	M.	14	None.....	Many maternal relatives insane and epileptic.	11	None.....	None.....
286	M.	13	None.....	Maternal grandmother and mother migraine.	3 weeks.	Mother had severe fright while pregnant	None.....
287	M.	18	None.....	Father alcoholic; paternal uncle phthisis.	18	None.....	None.....
288	F.	19	None.....	Mother intemperate.....	3	Labor prolonged and instrumental.	Unknown.....
289	M.	37	Gardener	None obtainable	20	None.....	None.....
290	F.	27	Housework	Father died of phthisis ...	1	None.....	None.....
291	M.	36	Bookkeeper.....	None obtainable	22	None.....	None.....
292	M.	20	Electrician.....	Father neurotic.....	19	None.....	Constipation..
293	M.	44	Carpenter.....	Epilepsy in paternal relatives; phthisis and nervous disease in descendants.	8	None.....	Scarlet fever..
294	M.	12	None.....	Phthisis in paternal and maternal relatives.	6	None.....	Dentition ....
295	F.	16	Housework	Many maternal relatives alcoholic; mother syphilitic.	14	None.....	Shock.....
296	F.	12	None.....	Not obtainable.....	5	Prolonged dry labor.	Sunstroke and paralysis.
297	F.	21	Housework	Paternal grandfather died alcoholic; paternal grandmother died of cancer.	6 weeks	Labor prolonged; foot presentation.	Unknown..
298	M.	44	Farmer	Many paternal relatives epileptic, "skipping every other generation;" maternal aunt insane; father rheumatic.	6 weeks	None.....	Heredity....
299	F.	11	None.....	None	7	Instrumental labor.	Trauma.....
300	M.	19	Butcher.....	Mother had rheumatism prior to patient's birth.	15	None.....	None.....
301	M.	19	None.....	None obtainable.....	3	None.....	Whooping cough

(*Continued*).

Probable cause.	Character of attack.	Day or night.	Physical examination.	Reflexes.	Paralysis.	Pupils and eyes.
Congenital defect	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity and dentition	P. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity	All types	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Developmental defect	P. M. and G. M.	Both.	Normal	Diminished	None	Normal.
Heredity and dissipation	G. M.	N.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	None	Normal.
Heredity	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity and trauma	G. M.	D.	Mitral regurgitation.	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	Post-paroxysmal paralysis.	Normal.
Cerebral palsy	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger. on left side.	Left hemiplegia.	Normal.
Congenital defect	G. M.	N.	Normal	Exagger	None	Normal.
Cerebral palsy	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger. on left side.	Left hemiplegia.	Left internal strabismus; left pupil dilated.
Developmental error	G. M.	Both.	Mitral regurgitation.	Knee jerks exagger.	None	Normal.
Congenital defect	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger	None	Normal.
Syphilis	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger	None	Normal.
Constipation	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Scarlet fever and heredity	P. M.	Both.	Cardiac arythmia	Exagger	None	Normal.
Congenital defect and dentition.	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity, shock	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Cerebral palsy	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Right hemiplegia.	Normal.
Cerebral palsy	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Right hemiplegia.	Normal.
Heredity	G. M.	N.	Mitral regurgitation.	Normal	None	Normal.
Injury at birth	G. M. and Psyc.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital defect	G. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	Post-paroxysmal paralysis.	Normal.
Congenital defect and pertussis.	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.

TABLE VII

No.	Sex.	Age.	Occupation.	Heredity.	Age at onset.	Prenatal influence or trouble during labor.	Assign cause.
302	F.	31	Housekeeper....	Mother has rheumatism...	17	Unknown	None.....
303	F.	21	None.....	Maternal relatives tubercular; father inebriate.	14	None.....	None.....
304	F.	20	Housework	Paternal aunt phthisis; maternal great-grandfather inebriate; mother and two sisters migrainous headaches.	14	None.....	Overwork.
305	F.	37	Housework	Maternal aunt epileptic.	33	Epilepsy after birth of last child.	Puerperal lampsia.
306	F.	18	None.....	Paternal uncle epileptic.	3	None.....	Indigestion
307	F.	13	None.....	None obtainable.	11	None.....	Trauma....
308	M.	41	None.....	Mother articular rheumatism.	16	Severe labor.....	Traumatoh
309	M.	22	None.....	None obtainable.	3	None.....	Trauma....
310	F.	10	None.....	Father and mother alcoholic, mother insane; insanity in family.	7 mos.	None.....	None.....
311	F.	22	Housework	Father inebriate.	15	None.....	Fright ....
312	M.	16	None.....	Father rheumatism; died of tuberculosis; inebriate. All paternal male relatives alcoholic Maternal grandmother's half brother epileptic. Maternal cousin chorea.	14	None.....	Heredity...
313	M.	33	None.....	Paternal grandfather phthisis; maternal uncle phthisis; maternal aunt paralysis at 45; maternal uncle migraine; two brothers died in convulsions.	21	None.....	Scarlet feve
314	M.	16	None.....	Mother hysterical; paternal relatives neurotic.	7	None.....	Pneumonia
315	F.	28	Domestic	Father inebriate; mother carcinoma.	14	None.....	None.....
316	F.	23	None.....	None.	13	None.....	Trauma meningitis
317	F.	24	Sewing.....	None.	12	None.....	None.....
318	F.	33	Domestic.....	Unknown.	24	Premature birth	None.....
319	F.	14	None.....	Unknown.	At birth.	None.....	None.....
320	F.	14	None.....	Unknown.....	2	Unknown.....	None.....
321	F.	15	None.....	Brother insane; one brother and one sister died of "brain fever;" father phthisis.	12	Unknown	None.....
322	F.	8	None.....	Father inebriate	2	None.....	None.....

nued).

bable cause.	Character of attack.	Day or night.	Physical examination.	Reflexes.	Paralysis.	Pupils and eyes.
ntal error	G. M.	N.	Irregular cardiac action; roughening of first aortic sound.	Normal ...	None.....	Exophthalmos.
.....	G. M.	D.	Phthisis; mitral regurgitation; intermittent and irregular cardiac action.	Normal ...	None.....	Pupils dilated.
erebral palsy....	G. M.	D.	Mitral murmur; intermittent and irregular cardiac action.	Exagger. on left side.	Left hemiplegia post-hemiplegic athetoid movement of left arm.	Normal.
eclampsia	G. M.	D.	Mitral and aortic regurgitation; cardiac arythmia.	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	Both.	Cardiac arythmia.	Normal ...	Normal	Normal.
.....	G. M. and P. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
alay.....	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Right hemiplegia.	Normal.
defect and	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
congenital defect	G. M.	D.	Cardiac arythmia ...	Exagger. on right side.	None.....	Normal.
defect and fright	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M. and P. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
nd scarlet fever .	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
congenital defect.	G. M.	D.	Pleural adhesion right side.	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
defect.....	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Conjunctivitis; photophobia.
alay.....	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Knee jerks slightly exagger. on right side.	Right hemiplegia.	Ptosis of left side.
defect.....	G. M. and P. M.	Both.	Normal	Slightly diminished.	None.....	Normal.
defect; premature.	G. M. and P. M.	N.	Normal	Normal ...	None	Normal.
defect	G. M. and P. M.	Both.	Cardiac arythmia.	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
.....	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.
palsy.....	P. M. and G. M.	Both.	Cardiac arythmia...	Exagger. on right side.	Slight right hemiplegia hemi-chorea	Normal.
al defect.....	G. M. and P. M.	Both.	Normal.	Normal ...	None.....	Normal.

TABLE VII

No.	Sex.	Age.	Occupation.	Heredity.	Age at onset.	Prenatal influence or trouble during labor.	Assigne cause.
323	F.	30	None	Not obtainable	15	None	None
324	F.	50	Domestic	Not obtainable	41	None	None
325	F.	14	None	Father inebriate	7	Labor difficult	None
326	F.	12	None	Father inebriate	4½	None	Trauma
327	F.	17	Saleswoman	Father inebriate	13	Unknown	Shock du fright.
328	F.	37	Domestic	Sister rheumatism; brother "brain fever."	33	None	Typhoid fe
329	F.	20	None	Syphilis and mitral murmur in father; one sister epileptic; insanity, migraine and tuberculosis in relatives; one brother had convulsions at dentition; many relatives intemperate.	9	None	None
330	F.	22	Domestic	Heredity as 329	13	None	None
331	F.	18	None	Traumatism and puerperal insanity in mother; epilepsy, somnambulism, nervous prostration, migraine, spinal diseases, rheumatism and asthma in family	5	None	None
332	F.	27	None	Mother died of tuberculosis.	19	None	Typhoid fe
333	F.	35	Housekeeper	Marked family neurotic tendencies; mother migraine, cancer of liver.	26	None	None
334	F.	38	None	Mother neurotic; died of apoplexy.	9	None	Cerebro-sp meningit
335	M.	14	None	Paternal relatives inebriate; maternal aunt apoplexy; brothers and sisters neurotic (spasmodic).	1	None	Left hem gia.
336	F.	11	None	Mother paraphasia; father rheumatic; elder sister died of spinal meningitis and convulsions.	5	None	None
337	F.	21	None	Maternal grandfather neurotic and died of phthisis; paternal grandmother apoplectic; maternal aunt insane; mother rheumatic.	1½	None	Heredity
338	F.	19	Housework	Maternal aunt epileptic	9	None	Trauma
339	F.	54	Housekeeper	Family neurotic; father phthisis; mother asthma and migraine.	42	None	Puerpe eclampsia
340	F.	34	Factory employe	Father epileptic; mother insane.	17	Mother had prolapse of uterus at patient's birth.	Error of di
341	F.	35	None	Neurotic tendencies in family; mother migraine.	13	Unknown	None
342	M.	32	Clergyman	Maternal aunt migraine; maternal great-grandfather epilepsy.	23	None	None
343	F.	30	None	Paternal great grandfather gout; father phthisis; insanity and hysteria in family.	15	None	None

nued).

able cause.	Character of attack.	Day or night.	Physical examination.	Reflexes.	Paralysis.	Pupils and eyes.
ental error	P. M. and G. M.	Both.	Phthisis	Normal	None	Normal.
e	G. M. and P. M.	D.	Mitral insufficiency.	Normal	None	Normal.
labor and con- defect.	G. M.	D	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
alay	P. M. and G. M.	Both.	Mitral insufficiency.	Exagger. on left side.	Left hemiplegia.	Normal.
ental error and om fright.	G. M.	N.	Normal	Slightly exagger.	None	Normal.
ever	G. M.	Both.	Mitral regurgitation.	Exagger	None	Normal.
	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
	G. M.	D	Cardiac arythmia	Normal	None	Normal.
nd heredity	G. M.	N.	Mitral murmur	Normal	None	Normal.
ever	G. M. and P. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
	G. M	Both.	Cardiac arythmia	Active	None	Poor vision; exophthalmos.
pinal meningitis	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger.	None	Normal.
alay	G. M.	D.	Normal	Exagger. on left side.	Left hemiplegia.	Normal.
l defect	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
	G. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
nd heredity	G. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Pupils dilated.
	G. M.	Both.	Cardiac hypertrophy; mitral regurgitation.	Normal	None	Normal.
	G. M.	D.	Phthisis	Normal	None	Normal.
l defect and pre- tion.	G. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
l predisposition	G. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.

(*Continued*).

Probable cause.	Character of attack.	Day or night.	Physical examination.	Reflexes.	Paralysis.	Pupils and eyes.
Heredity and diphtheria	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Dentition and fright	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal
Trauma	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital defect	G. M.	D.	Mitral regurgitation.	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital defect and any slight excitant.	P. M and G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital defect	All types	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity	P. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal
Measles	P. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital defect	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Masturbation; sexual excesses; dissipation.	G. M. and P. M.	Both.	Mucous hemorrhages attend G M. seizures.	Normal	None	Normal.
Developmental error	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Alcoholism	G. M. and P. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital predisposition and cigarette smoking.	G. M. and P. M.	D.	Varicocele	Normal	None	Normal.
Alcoholism	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Dissolute living	P. M. and G M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital predisposition and cigarette smoking.	G. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Hereditary predisposition	G. M.	Both.	Phthisis	Normal	None	Normal.
Cerebral palsy	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Right hemiplegia.	Normal.
Congenital defect	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity and gonorrheocal infection.	G. M.	N.	Cardiac arythmia	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity	Jack-s'n'n	Both.	Cardiac arythmia	Normal	None	Normal.
Cerebral birth palsy	G. M.	Both	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Right hemiplegia; hypertrophic.	Normal.
Congenital defect	P. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital defect and shock.	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital predisposition and measles.	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Trauma and fright	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.

TABLE VII

No.	Sex.	Age.	Occupation.	Heredity.	Age at onset.	Prenatal influence or trouble during labor.	Assigned cause.
393	F.	16	None	Father inebriate; died of phthisis; mother asthma.	7	None	Fright
394	F.	27	None	Mother hysteria; uncle died of apoplexy; cousin epileptic; brother epileptic idiot; sister sick headache; father rheumatic and inebriate. Tuberculosis in family.	10	None	None
395	F.	19	Housework	Father rheumatic and inebriate; mother cancer of stomach; half-sister cancer of uterus	13	None	Defective m struation
396	F.	19	None	Maternal grandparents inebriates; mother intemperate.	5	None	Scalding w 4 years a
397	F.	17	None	Father severe headaches and inebriate.	7	None	None
398	F.	19	None	Paternal grandfather and uncle died of apoplexy; cousin epileptic; mother epileptic at 35; sister and brother died of cerebro-spinal meningitis.	8	None	None
399	F.	22	None	Mother, grandmother and maternal aunt died of phthisis; cousin rachitis; brother and sister died of convulsions.	1½	None	Hemorrha time of c of con sions.
400	F.	16	None	None obtainable	6	Twin birth	None
401	M.	36	Gardener	Father and paternal aunt died of carcinoma.	14	None	Scarlet fev
402	M.	12	None	None obtainable	3	None	None
403	M.	41	Bookkeeper	None obtainable	26	None	None
404	M.	12	Schoolboy	None obtainable	8	None	None.
405	M.	18	None	None obtainable	13	Instrumental delivery.	None.
406	M.	13	None	None obtainable	6	None	None.
407	M.	33	Laborer	Parents alcoholic; father died of tuberculosis.	At birth.	Unknown	None.
408	M.	65	Gasfitter	Mother phthisis; father intemperate; brother alcoholic.	44	Unknown	Alcoholism
409	F.	47	Domestic	Negative	12	None	None.
410	F.	19	Housework	Father rheumatic; maternal cousins epilepsy; two sisters and three brothers fits in infancy.	At birth.	None	Heredity.

(*Continued*).

Probable cause.	Character of attack.	Day or night.	Physical examination.	Reflexes.	Paralysis.	Pupils and eyes.
eredity	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
ongenital defect	G. M.	Both.	Defective inspiration at right apex.	Normal	None	Normal.
eningitis	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
eredity	G. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
erebral palsy	G. M.	N.	Pus in urine	Exagger. on left side.	Left hemiplegia.	Normal.
erebral palsy	G. M. and P. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger. on right side.	Slight right hemiplegia.	Normal.
Heredity; assigned cause	G. M.	D.	Extensive burns on right side.	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity and fright	P. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Developmental error	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Slightly exagger.	None	Normal.
Cerebral palsy	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger. on left side.	Left hemiplegia.	Normal.
Congenital predisposition and menstruation.	G. M.	F.	Normal	Knee jerks lessened.	None	Pupils dilated.
Congenital predisposition	G. M.	Both.	Combined aortic and mitral lesions.	Very active.	None	Normal.
Congenital predisposition and overexcitement.	G. M. and P. M.	Both.	Normal	Knee jerks hypertypical.	None	Normal.
Heredity	P. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Developmental error	G. M. and P. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Trauma	G. M. and P. M.	N.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Developmental error	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Infantile cerebral palsy	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Exagger. on left side.	Left hemiplegia.	Normal.
Heredity	Psyc.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Myopia.
Prenatal influences	G. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Congenital predisposition	G. M.	Both.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Heredity	G. M. and P. M.	D.	Normal	Normal	None	Normal.
Cerebral palsy	G. M.	D.	Normal	Exagger. on left side.	Left hemiplegia.	Normal.

REPORT

OF THE

Committee on the Blind.

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If all of this land of the State is not required for the purposes for which it was intended the State should sell that portion used as a public park and for public highways.

The State should then properly fence in its own property for the school's use. This would insure reasonable privacy for the inmates, and relief from annoyance to which they are now subjected.

If the managing board would zealously, fearlessly and properly execute their trust, they should at once take action to remedy these evils which have long existed.

A majority of the board reside at Batavia, and may be influenced by a local opinion, which, without reason, regards the school grounds as common property, and subject to the pleasure and convenience of the general public. However, it is obviously the duty of the board to use the State lands for the best interests of the institution.

During the past year the industrial building has been completed, and is now being used. The ground floor is devoted to piano tuning; the upper floor is mainly used as a broom factory. The interior of the second floor is not plastered, bricks showing and casings set directly in the brick. It should be sheathed with pine at a cost of not over $200.

The gymnasium erected with an appropriation of the Legislature of 1898 is in course of construction, the roof being now on.

All that may be said in favor of the building is that it furnishes a structure in which an opportunity is offered the inmates for physical development. This will tend to make the pupils more self-reliant, relieve considerably their natural timidity, add buoyancy of spirit to their lives and quicken their mental activities. Architecturally considered, the structure resembles a barn. The exterior presents a glaring contrast to the other buildings. They are of different shades of red brick, the gymnasium being of a brilliant canary yellow brick. Because of this brilliant color the building presents a more ugly appearance than it otherwise would. It is discreditable alike to the architect and others interested in its construction. Inasmuch as the

plans for this building were never submitted to the State Board of Charities, it cannot be held responsible for this unsightly, ugly building. An appropriation should be made to paint the yellow bricks red.

One of the piazzas of the main building has been recently widened and enclosed with glass, constituting a sun room. This is a great improvement. By this means is furnished a room free from obstructions in which the little children can romp and play in bad weather without damage to the building, and without harm resulting to themselves from accident. The appropriation for this addition was $2,000, but it was completed for about $1,100. It would seem advisable to have the balance of this appropriation, amounting to about $900, re-appropriated by the Legislature of 1899 to be expended in laying out asphalt paths about the grounds. This suggestion coming from the superintendent should meet with favor.

The capacity of the school is for 120 inmates. On December 19, 1898, 137 pupils were on the roster, of whom 135 were counted sitting at the dinner table; one was in the hospital, and another in Buffalo for an operation. The school is filled to its utmost capacity, and there are a number of applications for admission on file, about 30 of which should receive favorable consideration. This fact makes obvious the necessity for additional dormitories. Buildings for this purpose should be built for about 20 pupils and two attendants, and should not be more than two stories in height.

The buildings were found scrupulously neat and clean, the children appeared healthy and orderly, their table manners were very good.

Intellectual and mechanical instruction is given to the pupils. They take the regular regents' examinations with gratifying results, which speak well for their capacity and the thoroughness of instruction. Forty are instructed in typewriting. This is of much value to the pupils. They become independent of assistance in their correspondence and are furnished the means to express their thoughts on paper. By use of the machines the

They are deprived the benefits which more outdoor life and physical exercise would furnish, but in the present contracted site it is not easy to suggest a remedy, save that the institution remove to the site on the banks of the Hudson river. However, a large room on an upper floor is daily used for marching and class exercise with dumb-bells and wands.

In general it may be said the idea of the superintendents of these schools for the blind at Batavia and New York, is to make their pupils self-reliant, develop them physically, enlighten them intellectually, and give them instruction which will make them largely if not entirely self-supporting, self-respecting citizens of the State.

Respectfully submitted,

HARVEY W. PUTNAM,
Chairman.

ANNIE G. DEPEYSTER,
Committee.

Dated, December 26, 1898.

Report on the Deaf for 1898

BY

Mr. and Mrs. EDMUND LYON,

Inspectors Appointed by the Board.

THIS REPORT TAKES THE PLACE OF THE USUAL REPORT OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE ON THE DEAF.

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INSPECTORS' REPORT.

he State Board of Charities:

he inspectors duly appointed by the Board for the express pose of visiting, inspecting and examining the schools for the f in the State which are under the supervision of the Board, re to submit their Annual Report.

he table below gives the name and location of each institu- in the State which is authorized by law to receive and edu- deaf pupils at public expense, and also gives the number sex of the pupils connected therewith at the time of inspec- . All the schools named receive both State and county ils.

INSTITUTIONS.	Male.	Female.	Total.
York Institution for the Instruction of the eaf and Dumb, One Hundred and Sixty-cond street, New York	264	139	403
Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Im-oved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	71	71	142
itution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-utes, Lexington avenue, New York	103	91	194
Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruc-on of Deaf-Mutes, Fordham and branches at Westchester and Brooklyn	189	168	357
tral New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, ome	70	63	133
stern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, ochester	78	97	175
thern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	46	33	79
ary Home School for the Oral Instruction f the Deaf, Albany	11	7	18
Total	832	669	1,501

The following table shows the number and sex of the pupils in all the schools, classified according to source of support:

	Male.	Female.	Total.
State pupils	456	381	837
County pupils	349	260	609
Private pupils, pay	19	14	33
Private pupils, free	8	14	22
Total	832	669	1,501

The distribution of pupils in the different schools is as follows:

	State Pupils.		County Pupils.		Private Pupils.		Total.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
New York institution	152	86	108	47	4	6	403
Buffalo	35	38	29	25	7	8	142
Lexington avenue	50	54	52	36	1	1	194
Fordham and branches	95	84	85	72	9	12	357
Rome	42	41	27	22	1	.....	133
Rochester	48	53	26	43	4	1	175
Malone	32	24	14	9	.....	.....	79
Albany	2	1	8	6	1	.....	18
Totals	456	381	349	260	27	28	1,501

The average per capita cost for the education and maintenance of each pupil for the fiscal year ending September 30, 189[illegible] is reported by the principals as follows:

New York Institution (including clothing)	$334 9[illegible]
Buffalo (exclusive of clothing)	253 8[illegible]
Lexington Avenue, New York (exclusive of clothing)	301 0[illegible]
Fordham and branches (exclusive of clothing)	271 1[illegible]
Rome (exclusive of clothing)	280 25
Rochester (exclusive of clothing)	316 63
Malone (exclusive of clothing)	319 27
Albany	293 00

CREATURE COMFORTS.

With scarcely an exception the physical condition of the pupils in all the schools was found to be quite satisfactory. This is especially significant when the home conditions of many of the children cared for are taken into consideration, and reflects credit upon the management of the institutions in this regard. The opening of the new school building at Buffalo and the contemplated extensive change of furnishing in the dormitories at the Lexington Avenue school will very materially increase the comfort of the pupils attending those institutions.

Attention must again be called with increased emphasis to what your inspectors consider the improper retention of feeble-minded and idiotic children in institutions of this class and their unrestricted association with the other pupils when so retained. If, under the circumstances, it seems advisable to the appointing authorities that these institutions should receive and retain feeble-minded children, there should be a way provided for dis-associating them, to some extent at least, from children not thus afflicted.

LITERARY WORK.

The designation of the schools was determined in 1896 by the examination papers of 266 pupils, whose grand average standing was 51.2; in 1897 by the examination papers of 370 pupils whose grand average standing was 41.3; and in 1898 by the examination papers of 442 pupils whose grand average standing was 45.5. In tables A and B, given below, the standing of the several schools for 1896 has been reduced by a uniform percentage so that the grand average standing of the ten schools for that year is changed from 51.2 to 45.5; and the standing for the several schools for 1897 is increased by a uniform percentage so that the grand average standing of the ten schools for that year is changed from 41.3 to 45.5; the standing for 1896, 1897 and 1898 being reduced to a common denominator, so to speak. The position of the schools relating to one another is not at all disturbed by thus establishing the grand average of 45.5 for the three years mentioned, while the effect of any vari-

ation in the severity of the examination papers for those years is very largely eliminated and the comparison of the results of successive years made possible. As the lettering of the schools depends entirely upon the results of the written examination, changes are liable to occur from year to year in the designation of any given school, for example—School B of 1896 became School G′ in 1897 and School E″ in 1898. In Table A the schools are placed in alphabetical order in the 1898 column, while in the 1896 and 1897 columns they are so arranged that the markings of each school for all three years are in the same horizontal line. Table A enables an easy comparison of the standing of any particular school for different years, while Table B shows graphically the changes which have been made during the past three years in the position of the schools relatively to one another.

TABLE A.

Comparison of standings for three years.

(See explanation in foregoing paragraph.)

	1897				1898		
	Designation of School.	Percentage of eligible pupils absent from examination.	Grand average standing.		Designation of School.	Percentage of eligible pupils absent from examination.	Grand average standing.
	A′	0%	74.4		A″	1%	75.1
	B′	0%	49.		B″	3%	54.1
	C′	0%	47.9		†C″	0%	52.3
	D′	4%	46.		D″	3%	47.1
	G′	0%	42.6		E″	0%	44.5
	E′	0%	45.3		F″	0%	44.
	H′	4%	40.7		G″	1%	40.
	F′	5%	43.4		H″	5%	39.9
	I′	1%	29.5		I″	0%	27.8
	J′	–	—		J″	–	—

signates the Brooklyn branches of St. Joseph's Institute. This branch was ontinued in June, 1898.
estimated standing of this school as explained in our report for 1896. The quent years shows it to be quite accurate.

TABLE B.

Comparison of standings for three years.

(See explanation in foregoing paragraph).

1896			1897			1898		
Designation of School.	Percentage of eligible pupils absent from examination.	Grand average standing	Designation of School.	Percentage of eligible pupils absent from examination.	Grand average standing.	Designation of School	Percentage of eligible pupils absent from examination.	Grand average standing.
A	5%	69.	A′	0%	74.4	A″	1%	75.1
B	20%	52.5	B′	0%	49	B″	3%	54.
C	17%	51.6	C′	0%	47.9	†C″	0%	52.
D	10%	48.4	D′	4%	46.	D″	3%	47.
E	25%	47 2	E′	0%	45.3	E″	0%	44.
F	36%	50.5 *43.3	F′	5%	43.4	F″	0%	40.
G	6%	40.1	G′	0%	42.6	G″	1%	40.
H	12%	35.6	H′	4%	40.7	H″	5%	39.9
J	29%	30.8	I′	1%	29.5	I″	0%	27.8
J	—	—	J′	—	—	J″	—	—

†C″ in 1898 designates the Brooklyn branches of St Joseph's Institute. This branch was permanently discontinued in June, 1898.

*43 3 was the estimated standing of this school as explained in our report for 1896. The standing of subsequent years shows it to be quite accurate.

In 1896 almost 19½ per cent. of the eligible pupils were, for reasons stated in our report for that year, absent from the written examination, while in 1897 and 1898 less than 2½ per cent. of the eligible pupils were absent. This fact accounts, in large measure, for the violent changes in 1897 as compared with 1896

as regards both the standing and designation of the schools. A comparison of 1898 with 1897 shows but four changes in designation, and these changes occur in the case of a group of four schools, the standing of the highest and lowest of which both in 1898 and 1897 are within five points of each other. Schools A″, B″, C″, D″, I″ and J″ of 1898 were represented respectively by the same letters in 1897. Notwithstanding the fact that School A″, which has been at the head for three consecutive years, shows a constantly advancing standing, Schools B″, C″, D″ and E″ would seem to be more or less rapidly closing the gap which separates them from the leader. We should be glad to note a marked upward trend in the standings of all the schools and a very material narrowing of the altogether too great disparity between the standings of the highest and the lowest schools. As each school is aware of its own standing in the yearly examinations, it might be well for the Board to ask from the trustees of the different institutions an explanation of the disparity which is shown to exist. We are glad to state that one or two Boards of Trustees have already taken this matter into serious consideration.

We believe that there should be a greater uniformity in the courses of study, and that they should be made to approach as near as may be to those followed in schools for the hearing. In connection with the detailed account of inspection of each school is given, so far as could be obtained, the class work for the school year ending June, 1898.

Your inspectors would make an urgent plea for the freer use of standard library books than is now evidenced in the majority of our schools for the deaf. Experience has convinced us that even the youngest deaf children who have been in school but three years may acquire the habit of reading and very soon read with understanding and genuine pleasure simple stories such as entertain the hearing child of three or four years.

If reading is essential in the education of the hearing, it would seem doubly so in the education of the deaf, and it is certainly true that the deaf children who read are unconsciously acquiring a better command of language than those who do not read. We believe that reading should be made one of the most

attractive branches of the school routine, and the habit insisted upon, for the habit once acquired will be of inestimable worth as a self-educating factor in later years when school privileges are no longer available.

On this point the following from the pen of Miss Mary E. Burt, for many years connected with the Cook County Normal School, of Chicago, is pertinent:

"It is the one office of reading in school to give the child that which will enable him to educate himself as far as reading will do it, and any child who leaves school even at the age of ten, without an outline in his mind which shall serve him as a basis for future reading, either systematic or desultory, a plan by which he can go on educating himself indefinitely and intelligently, has been defrauded of the one thing that makes school worth attending. It *is* possible, and it is practical, and it is necessary for a child to get a world's-view of literature, to see thought in its evolution if he ever becomes self educating."

Table showing actual and relative size of school libraries.

	Number of pupils in attendance	Number of volumes in school library.	Average number of books per pupil.
Rochester	175	7,000	39
New York	403	7,391	18
Malone	79	538	6
Fordham and branches	357	1,900	5
Buffalo	142	744	5
Rome	133	600	4
Lexington avenue	194	820	4
Albany	18	0	0

SPEECH AND LIP-READING.

At each school an examination was made of a limited number of pupils, a certain proportion of whom being congenitally deaf, in speech and lip-reading. The method of examination employed,

your inspectors think, will prove both positive and satisfactory when the proper data regarding the pupils' hearing can be obtained.

The intelligibility of a deaf child's speech often depends very largely upon some familiarity with it, so that speech which is satisfactory and perfectly intelligible to the pupil's teachers and friends may not be so to a total stranger. On the other hand the pupil's partial or entire inability to read the lips of a stranger for the first time does not indicate that he has made little or no progress in mastering the art of reading speech from the lips. In our tests both of these unreliable conditions were avoided by having the examination conducted by one of the teachers who was perfectly familiar with the pupils examined.

In testing the pupil's ability in lip-reading, about twenty sentences were used which were prepared at the time by a member of the faculty, and care taken that they should be within the pupil's range of language. These sentences the teacher read to the pupils in an order indicated by the inspectors, a single repetition being allowed when desired, and as soon as each sentence was read the pupils wrote all that they were able to get from their teacher's lips.

When testing the pupils' speech the reverse process was followed. In this case, however, the sentences were provided by the inspectors, the same ones being used in all of the examinations, and no intimation given beforehand concerning their character, either to teacher or pupils. The teacher having been placed so that he could not read the pupils' lips, one of these sentences was given to a pupil who first read it over to himself and then spoke it, being allowed to repeat it once when desired. The teacher then wrote out what he had understood the pupil to say.

By the means above described the ability of deaf pupils to speak and read the lips may be tested under the most favorable conditions and the results measured impersonally and positively. In the case of aquirement of speech so much depends upon the degree of hearing in partially deaf children and in the case of totally deaf children upon the age at which hearing was lost, that to make an accurate comparison of the work of the differ-

ent schools in matter of speech teaching considerable preliminary work should be done by the examiner, the most important being the testing of partial deafness by some reliable means so that the record may accompany the results of examination. This does not apply to lip-reading as it is enough, practically, to know that at the time of examination the pupil is too deaf to hear anything that is uttered by the speaker.

From the foregoing it will be seen that the speech work in the schools is receiving the attention of your inspectors, and that a foundation is being laid for the systematic showing of results.

Question Paper—1898.

PAGE A.

1. What day is to-day?
2. What day was day before yesterday?
3. If there are two pints in one quart, how many pints are there in six quarts?
4. If five quarts of milk cost thirty cents, what will six quarts cost?
5. Give the names of five cities in New York State.
6. What country is now at war with the United States?
7. In what month did the war begin?
8. What holiday do you like best?
9. Why do you like it best?

PAGE B.

(Three minutes will be given you in which to read the following story, and at the end of that time you will be asked to write out, in your own words, all you can remember about the story.)

LINCOLN'S KINDNESS TO ANIMALS.

Abraham Lincoln was very fond of animals. He could never bear to see them in distress. One day as he was riding along, his attention was called to a little pig stuck in the mud. As he was "dressed up" he did not want to touch the muddy pig. But he thought the poor pig was trying to say, "What! are you going to leave me here? Then my last hope is gone." Lincoln, forgetting all about his fine clothes, jumped down from his horse and pulled the pig from its peril.

At another time when driving through the woods with some

friends, he saw two little birds that the wind had blown from their nest. He stopped his horse, picked up the birds, and put them back again into their nest. His friends laughed at him, but Lincoln said: "I could not sleep unless I had got those birds back to their mother."

It is little deeds like these that show a man's true character.

PAGE C.

Questions on Printed Exercise.

1. Who was fond of animals?
2. What could he never bear to see?
3. One day as he was riding along, to what was his attention called?
4. Why did he not want to touch it?
5. What did he think the pig was trying to say?
6. What did he do to the pig?
7. What had the wind done to the birds he found in the woods?
8. What did he do with the birds?
9. What did Lincoln say to his friends when they laughed at him?
10. What shows a man's character?

As in former written examinations the only restriction imposed upon the pupils as regards time was in reading the story on page B, which, in all cases, was limited to three minutes—a period found to be ample for assimilating the thought. The pupils were allowed all the time they desired for reproducing the story in their own words, and also in answering the questions on pages A and C; and afterwards were given an opportunity for the re-examination and correction of their papers.

President William R. Stewart again presented a prize to the pupil in each of the nine schools, who, in the judgment of the faculty, was entitled thereto by the work done on the written examination. For obvious reasons these prizes, so generously bestowed, help to give the pupils a pleasurable interest in the examination and make them feel that good work will receive honorable recognition.

SCHOOL TABLES — SCHOOL A″.

Pupil No. 41 has partial hearing. Pupil No. 54 is nearly blind.

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
1	6.3	B.	11.7	30	25	30	5	10	10	30	35	30						
2	6.7	1	15.4	90	95	90	100	95	100	100	95	100						
3	6.8	1	16.9	50	50	50	20	30	30	40	30	30	.66	14.6	51.6	51.6	52.2	51.4
4	6	2	12	10	15	15	5	10	10	30	20	20						
5	6	7	15.2	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100						
6	6.8	3	16.4	70	70	60	80	90	80	40	50	50						
7	6.9	1.5	13.4	0	10	10	0	10	10	0	10	10	3.37	14	44.5	48.7	47	46.8
8	7.2	B.	13.6	90	80	80	50	60	50	30	35	30						
9	7.4	B.	15.4	75	80	70	70	65	60	60	65	60						
10	7.8	B.	15.7	50	60	70	80	70	70	40	50	50	B.	14.9	60.5	62.7	60	61.1
11	7.3	2	13.9	50	60	60	70	80	70	80	80	90						
12	7.8	2	18.2	60	60	50	15	30	20	10	20	10						
13	7.8	6	16.9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	3.33	16.3	65	70	66.6	67.2
14	8.4	B.	15.7	90	90	80	90	85	90	80	80	80						
15	8.8	.75	15.8	80	70	70	80	60	60	70	60	60	.37	15.7	81.6	74.1	73.3	76.3
16	8.8	2.5	21.2	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100						
17	8.8	6	17.2	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100						
18	8.8	8	18	100	100	100	100	90	90	100	95	100	5.5	18.8	100	98.3	98.8	99
19	9.2	B.	17.7	100	95	100	90	80	80	50	60	50						
20	9.4	.66	15.4	70	70	80	60	50	50	30	40	30						
21	9.8	B	17.3	100	95	100	100	95	100	80	90	90	.41	17.4	81.2	81.2	81.2	81.2
22	9.8	1	19.5	95	100	95	100	100	100	100	100	100						
23	9.1	1.5	15.3	30	40	30	20	30	30	30	30	30						
24	9.6	5	21.7	90	100	90	100	100	100	90	90	90	2.83	18.6	65	70	66.6	67.2
25	9.8	2	18.0					80	70	60	70	70						

26	10.1	1	16.1	80	60	60	70	70	80	80	75	70					
27	10.2	1	16.2	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	95	100					
28	10.3	1	16.4	100	95	90	80	85	90	80	80	75					
29	10.4	B.	18.7	100	95	90	10	60	40	30	25	20					
30	10.8	B.	17	40	50	40	30	50	40	40	35	30	.6	16.8	69.3	71.3	68.3	69.4
31	10.6	4	16.6	100	100	100	100	100	100	80	90	90						
32	10.8	2	18.5	90	100	90	100	95	100	100	95	100						
33	10.8	3	18.7	40	50	40	30	30	20	60	50	50	3	17.9	77.7	78.8	76.6	77.7
34	11.5	1	17.5	20	25	20	10	20	20	10	20	20						
35	11.8	1	20	95	95	90	100	95	95	100	95	90	1	18.7	55.8	58.3	55.8	56.6
36	11.2	3	17.3	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	100	100						
37	11.2	3	17.5	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100						
38	11.2	4	19.3	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100						
39	11.2	4.58	22.7	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100						
40	11.4	1.75	18	100	100	100	100	90	90	100	95	100						
41	11.8	5	18.8	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	3.55	18.9	100	98.8	99.4	99.4
42	12	B.	19.4	100	100	100	90	100	100	80	90	80						
43	12.6	B.	19.2	100	95	90	90	90	90	80	90	80						
44	12.8	B.	18.8	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	95	100						
45	12.8	.25	19	100	95	90	80	80	80	80	70	70	.06	19.1	91.6	92	90	91.2
46	12.4	3	18.4	100	90	90	90	75	80	80	80	80						
47	12.5	4	19	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	95	100						
48	12.8	2	19	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	100	100						
49	12.8	2	21	80	80	75	70	75	70	80	80	80						
50	12.8	4	21.2	70	50	50	20	25	30	30	25	30	3	19.7	81.3	77.6	79	79.3
51	13.7	1	21.1	100	95	90	100	100	100	90	100	100						
52	13.8	B.	20	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	100	100	.5	20.5	98.3	98.3	98.3	98.3
53	14	B.	21.1	100	95	90	40	50	30	70	60	60						
54	14.3	B.	20.3	100	90	90	90	80	90	80	80	90						
55	14.7	B.	20.7	100	90	90	100	90	90	100	100	100						
56	14.8	B.	21.2	100	95	100	100	95	100	100	95	100						
57	14.8	B.	21.6	90	90	90	100	95	90	100	95	90						
58	14.9	B.	20.9	90	90	80	90	80	80	90	80	80	B.	20.9	91.1	86.1	85.5	87.5
59	14.8	4.83	20.9	90	90	90	100	95	100	100	95	100	4.83	20.9	96.6	93.3	96.6	95.5
60	15.5	B.	21.7	80	85	80	100	95	100	100	100	100	B.	21.7	93.3	93.3	93.3	93.3

School Tables — School A — (Continued)

Averages for pupils in school A, 6–12 years, inclusive.

No. of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf	Years old.	Page A: Accuracy.	Page A: Composition.	Page A: Thought.	Page B: Accuracy.	Page B: Composition.	Page B: Thought.	Page C: Accuracy.	Page C: Composition.	Page C: Thought.	Averages: Accuracy.	Averages: Composition.	Averages: Thought.	Average [illegible]
*23	9.6	.42	16.8	80.6	79.1	77.6	69.7	71.5	71	64.7	65.6	69.8	71.7	79.1	[illegible]	[illegible]
†27	9.8	3.47	17.9	80.7	82	79.6	76.8	77.5	76.6	76.6	76.8	77.7	78	78.8	[illegible]	[illegible]
‡50	9.7	2.06	17.4	80.7	80.7	78.7	73.6	74.8	74.1	71.9	71.7	70.9	75.1	76.7	[illegible]	76.1

Averages for pupils in school A″, 6–13 years, inclusive.

*25	10	.42	17.1	82.2	80.6	79	72.2	73.6	73.4	67.9	68.4	65.8	76.8	74.9	79.7	74.9
†.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
‡52	9.9	2.	17.5	81.4	81.3	79.3	74.6	75.6	75	72.1	72.7	72	76	76.8	76.4	76

Averages for pupils in school A″, 6–14 years, inclusive.

*31	10.9	.34	17.9	85	82.7	81.1	75	75.1	74.6	71.6	71.6	69.8	77.8	76.8	[illegible]	[illegible]
†28	10	3.52	18	81	82.3	80	77.6	78.9	77.5	77.5	77.5	76.5	78.7	79.8	[illegible]	[illegible]
‡59	10.5	1.85	17.9	83.1	82.5	80	76.2	76.6	76	74.8	74.8	73.9	77.9	77.8	76.8	77.8

Averages for pupils in school A″, 6–15 years, inclusive.

*38	11	.33	18	84.8	82.8	81	75.7	75.7	75.4	72.5	72.5	70.7	77.7	77	75.7	76.4
†.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
‡60	10.5	1.82	18	83	82.5	80.5	76.6	76.9	76.4	74.8	74.8	74.4	78.1	78.1	77.1	77.8

* Under. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ Grand average.

Pupils Nos. 64, 68, 69, 74, 75, 77, 85 and 86 have partial hearing.

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
61	6.4	B.	12.4	10	20	15	0	0	0	0	5	5	B.	12.4	3.3	8.3	6.6	6.1
62	6.4	3	15.3	50	50	40	30	40	30	20	20	20						
63	6.5	—	17.4	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	95	100	1.5	16.3	66.6	66.6	65	66.1
64	7.7	1	18.5	10	10	10	5	5	5	10	10	10						
65	7.8	B.	15.5	20	20	15	10	10	10	10	10	10						
66	7.8	B.	19.8	35	40	40	30	25	30	20	10	10						
67	7.8	.91	14.2	100	95	90	90	80	80	90	90	90	.47	17	35.8	33.7	33.3	34.3
68	7.8	—	15.4	30	20	20	5	5	5	0	10	10						
69	7.8	3	16.6	70	60	70	90	80	90	80	90	90						
70	7.8	11.5	20.3	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	100	100	4.83	17.6	63.8	62.2	65	63.7
71	8.7	.33	16.8	60	60	60	75	70	70	30	40	40						
72	8.7	1	16.8	10	10	5	0	0	0	0	5	5						
73	8.8	B.	16.3	90	90	90	80	70	70	90	80	80						
74	8.8	B.	18.6	10	10	10	5	5	5	0	5	5						
75	8.8	B.	20.5	0	10	10	0	0	0	0	10	10	.26	17.8	30	31	30.6	30.5
76	8.6	2.5	14.6	50	60	50	70	70	60	40	30	30						
77	8.8	1.25	15.4	40	45	40	30	25	20	20	20	20	1.87	15	41.6	41.6	36.6	40
78	9.8	B.	15.9	90	90	90	90	90	80	100	100	100						
79	9.8	B.	19.3	10	10	10	5	5	5	10	5	5	B.	17.6	50.8	50	48.3	49.7
80	10.7	B.	16.7	85	80	70	60	70	60	50	60	60						
81	10.8	B.	19.7	100	95	90	100	90	90	100	90	90	B.	18.2	82.5	80.8	76.6	80
82	10.7	1.5	16.7	90	85	80	60	70	60	50	50	60						
83	10.8	1.5	17.7	100	90	90	100	80	90	90	90	90						
84	10.8	1.58	17	100	95	100	100	90	90	100	90	90	1.52	17.1	87.7	82.2	83.3	84.4

SCHOOL TABLES—SCHOOL B″—(*Continued*).

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A. Accuracy.	Page A. Composition.	Page A. Thought.	Page B. Accuracy.	Page B. Composition.	Page B. Thought.	Page C. Accuracy.	Page C. Composition.	Page C. Thought.	Averages. Age became deaf.	Averages. Years old.	Averages. Accuracy.	Averages. Composition.	Averages. Thought.	Condensed average standing.
85	11.8	B.	18.4	70	70	60	50	40	50	50	60	60						
86	11.8	B.	21.4	70	80	80	90	80	80	90	90	90	B.	19.9	70	70	70	70
87	11.4	1.16	17.4	50	60	50	50	40	40	40	30	30	1.16	17.4	46.6	43.3	40	43.3
88	12.8	B.	19.3	90	70	80	80	70	80	90	80	80	B.	19.3	86.6	73.3	80	80
89	12.1	2.5	20.2	100	95	90	100	95	90	100	95	90	2.5	20.2	100	95	90	95
90	13.3	B.	19.9	50	40	40	5	5	5	20	10	10	B.	19.9	25	18.3	18.3	20.5
No. of pupils.	*Averages for pupils in school B″, 6–12 years inclusive.*																	
*17	9.3	.19	17.6	50.5	50.5	48.5	45.2	41.7	42	43.5	44.1	44.1			46.4	45.4	44.9	45.6
†12	9.1	2.45	17	73.3	71.6	69.1	69.5	65.4	64.5	61.6	60	60.8			68.1	65.6	64.8	66.2
‡29	9.2	1.12	17.3	60	59.3	57	55.3	51.5	51.3	51	50.6	51			55.4	53.8	53.1	54.1
	Averages for pupils in school B″, 6–13 years inclusive.																	
*18	9.5	.18	17.7	50.5	50	48	43	39.7	40	42.2	42.2	42.2			45.2	43.9	43.4	44.2
†.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....			.....	.....	.....	.....
‡30	9.3	1.09	17.4	59.6	58.6	56.5	53.6	50	49.8	50	49.3	49.6			54.4	52.6	52	53

* Pupils deaf at one year of age. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ Grand average.

School Tables — School C".

Pupil No. 97 has partial hearing. Pupils No. 101 and 107 are nearly blind.

	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
91	6	B.	11	10	10	15	15	20	20	20	20	20						
92	6	B.	11.5	50	40	35	30	30	25	30	20	25						
93	6.4	B.	12.4	70	60	60	40	60	50	50	45	50						
94	6.5	B.	12.5	10	15	20	15	25	20	10	15	15						
95	6.7	B.	13.9	80	90	80	85	90	90	70	90	80	B.	12.2	39	42	40.3	40.4
96	6	2	13	20	15	15	5	10	10	10	15	15	2	13	11.6	13.3	13.3	12.7
97	7.8	B.	14.4	80	70	60	50	60	60	60	70	60						
98	7.8	B.	15.4	30	50	50	40	60	50	10	30	20	B.	14.9	45	56.6	50	50.5
99	7.1	3	13.4	10	20	20	10	20	15	20	20	15	3	13.4	13.3	20	16.6	16.6
100	8.9	B.	14.9	70	75	70	90	90	90	100	90	90	B.	14.9	86.6	85	83.3	85
101	8.4	5	15.3	80	90	90	90	90	90	90	95	100						
102	8.8	3	16	30	25	20	20	40	30	20	30	25	4	15.6	55	60	60.8	58.6
3	9.8	B.	16.7	50	50	40	30	40	40	35	40	30						
	9.8	.5	18	90	95	90	90	80	80	60	70	60	.25	17.3	59.1	62.5	56.6	59.4
	10.7	.66	17.1	60	60	50	70	60	60	80	70	70	.66	17.1	70	63.3	60	64.4
	10.2	2	20	85	70	70	80	70	70	80	80	70						
	10.4	2	16.4	70	60	60	50	60	60	60	55	60	2	18.2	70.8	65.8	65	67.2
	11.4	B.	17.4	80	70	70	80	85	80	60	70	70						
	11.5	B.	17.5	80	60	70	70	60	60	60	50	50						
	11.7	B.	17.7	75	70	70	50	55	50	50	55	60	B.	17.5	67.2	63.8	64.4	65.1
	12	B.	18	50	60	60	90	80	80	50	60	60	B.	18	63.3	66.6	66.6	65.5
	12.6	2	18.6	30	20	20	40	35	30	60	50	50	2	18.6	43.3	35	33.3	37.2

SCHOOL TABLES — SCHOOL C″ — (*Continued*).

Averages for pupils in school C″, 6-12 years, inclusive.

No. of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.			Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
*15	8.8	.07	15.2	59	53.3	56	56.3	59.6	57	49.6	53	50.6	55	57	54.5	53.5
†7	9	2.71	16.1	46.4	42.8	42.1	42.1	45	45	48.5	49.2	47.8	45.7	45.7	45	45.4
‡22	8.9	.91	15.5	55	53.4	51.5	51.8	55	53.1	49.3	51.8	49.7	52	53.4	51.5	52.3

* Pupils deaf at one year of age or under. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ Grand average.

Reference num[illegible]	Years in schoo[illegible]	Age became de[illegible]	Years old.	[illegible]			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
113	6	B.	11.7	10	20	10	5	5	5	5	5	5						
114	6.1	B.	14	10	10	5	5	5	5	10	10	10						
115	6.2	B.	13.4	40	40	40	40	50	40	40	45	40						
116	6.2	.33	12.3	10	10	5	5	5	5	10	10	10						
117	6.2	1	16.1	10	5	10	10	10	10	20	20	20						
118	6.3	1	12	40	50	40	10	20	20	40	25	30						
119	6.5	B.	16.4	20	20	15	5	10	10	10	10	10						
120	6.7	B.	14.4	10	5	5	10	10	10	20	20	20						
121	6.8	.75	12.8	0	5	5	0	5	5	0	5	5	.34	13.6	14.6	16.1	14.6	15.1
122	6			50	50	40	35	40	40	30	40	40						
123	6.2	2	11.2	30	30	20	5	10	10	10	10	10						
124	6.4	3	12.4	20	25	20	10	30	25	20	30	20						
125	6.6	1.5	12.6	30	20	20	20	25	20	20	25	20						
126	6.8	2	12.9	70	50	50	15	20	20	20	20	20	2.12	12.2	25.6	28.3	25	26.3
127	7.1	1	13.2	60	40	30	20	25	20	10	20	20						
128	7.2	B.	13.4	10	20	20	10	10	10	10	10	10						
129	7.3	B.	13.3	80	80	70	80	70	70	80	80	80						
130	7.4	B.	14.4	70	50	50	25	30	30	30	30	25						
131	7.6	.25	16.4	50	40	40	15	25	20	20	30	30						
132	7.7	B.	13.7	40	45	40	10	20	20	20	25	20						
133	7.7	B.	14	50	40	40	80	80	70	60	60	70						
134	7.7	B.	19.3	85	70	60	20	30	25	40	30	30						
135	7.7	1	14.4	40	25	30	10	20	20	30	20	20						
136	7.8	B.	14	0	5	5	5	5	5	0	5	5						
137	7.8	B.	14.2	50	35	30	25	30	25	10	20	20						
138	7.8	B.	15.4	90	80	80	50	60	60	50	60	50						
139	7.8	B.	17	80	70	70	10	25	30	30	35	30						
140	7.9	B.	13.9	0	5	5	5	5	5	10	5	5						
141	7.9	1	14	10	15	10	5	5	5	10	10	10	.21	14.7	33.2	33.3	31.5	32.7

SCHOOL TABLES—SCHOOL D″—(*Continued*).

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A. Accuracy.	Page A. Composition.	Page A. Thought.	Page B. Accuracy.	Page B. Composition.	Page B. Thought.	Page C Accuracy.	Page C Composition.	Page C Thought.	Averages. Age became deaf.	Averages. Years old.	Averages. Accuracy.	Averages. Composition.	Averages. Thought.	Condensed average standing.
142	7.1	—	16.8	60	50	50	70	60	60	70	60	60						
143	7.1	2	14.6	90	75	70	50	50	50	50	60	50						
144	7.2	—	21.4	80	85	90	75	80	80	100	90	90						
145	7.2	6	15.8	90	80	80	75	70	70	70	75	80						
146	7.6	6	14	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100						
147	7.7	5	16.3	30	30	30	20	30	30	20	20	20						
148	7.8	2	14	10	15	15	0	10	10	10	10	10						
149	7.8	—	15.7	20	20	20	10	20	20	10	20	20						
150	7.8	4	15.6	100	95	90	90	85	80	80	80	90	4.13	16	58.5	58.1	57.9	58.2
151	8.2	B.	14.2	10	20	20	5	20	20	10	10	10						
152	8.7	B.	14.7	0	10	10	10	20	20	5	5	5						
153	8.7	B.	17.6	40	50	50	35	40	40	60	50	50	B.	15.5	19.4	25	25	23.1
154	8	4	14	50	40	40	20	25	20	50	40	30						
155	8.4	2	14.4	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	10	10						
156	8.6	4	18	30	35	30	20	25	20	10	20	20						
157	8.7	4.5	16.8	100	90	90	70	75	70	70	75	70						
158	8.8	1.66	16.4	20	25	20	5	20	10	20	20	20						
159	8.8	2	15	100	95	90	85	90	90	80	80	80						
160	8.8	2	16.1	100	90	90	40	50	50	20	30	30						
161	8.8	2.5	17.7	100	95	90	70	80	80	40	45	50						
162	8.8	3	16.6	100	100	100	100	95	100	90	95	90	2.85	16.1	52.4	54.2	52.2	52.9
163	9.3	B.	16.4	50	45	40	15	20	20	20	20	20						
164	9.5	B.	16.2	20	25	20	5	5	5	10	10	10						
165	9.5	B.	15.5	30	20	15	10	20	15	10	20	15						
166	9.8	.66	15.9	95	80	80	40	40	30	30	30	30	.16	16	27.9	27.0	[illegible]	[illegible]
167	9.1	3	16	100	100	100	80	85	80	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]						
168	9.4	2.5	17.4	20	20	20	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]						
169	9.7	—	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]						
170	9.7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]						
171	[illegible]	[illegible]	18.2	50	80	[illegible]	50	50	50	70	80	80						
				100	100	100	100	100	100	70	60	80						
										70	60	80						
										100	100	100	4.37	17.1	68.6	67.6	66	67.4

172	10.5	.00	10.5	100	95	95	100	90	100	100	100	100						
173	10.8	B.	18	100	90	90	40	60	50	50	55	50						
174	10.8	B.	18.4	10	15	10	5	5	5	0	5	5						
175	10.8	.66	16.8	80	70	70	80	75	80	60	70	70	.33	17.4	60.4	60.4	60	60.2
176	10.1	2	16.4	50	40	30	50	40	30	50	50	45						
177	10.4	2	16.6	85	80	80	80	70	70	90	75	80						
178	10.5	2	16.5	80	70	60	80	70	60	50	60	60						
179	10.5	2.5	16.5	40	50	50	40	40	40	20	25	30						
180	10.8	1.16	17.5	70	60	60	40	50	50	70	60	60	1.93	16.7	59.6	56	53.6	56.4
181	11.1	.58	17.1	80	90	80	90	80	80	100	90	90						
182	11.4	.75	17.4	70	80	75	60	60	60	40	50	50						
183	11.5	.75	18.2	90	85	80	90	90	90	80	85	80						
184	11.8	B.	18.2	100	95	90	100	95	100	100	90	90						
185	11.8	B.	19.4	100	90	90	30	60	60	80	70	70	.41	18	80.6	80.6	79	80.1
186	11.4	6	22.3	100	90	90	70	80	80	90	90	90						
187	11.7	2.5	19.2	100	90	90	40	60	60	60	60	60						
188	11.7	3	21.9	100	80	80	20	25	25	50	40	40						
189	11.8	3.5	18.9	80	70	60	50	50	60	40	50	50	3.75	20.5	66.6	65.4	65.4	65.8
190	12	B.	18.7	90	80	80	80	70	70	70	60	60						
191	12	B.	22	100	90	90	85	80	80	70	80	75						
192	12.8	B.	19.3	80	85	80	85	80	80	90	85	90						
193	12.8	B.	19.3	60	50	45	30	35	35	30	30	30	B.	19.8	72.5	68.7	67.9	69.7
194	12.3	3	19	100	90	90	70	80	80	50	60	60						
195	12.7	2	18.9	80	70	70	70	60	60	40	50	50						
196	12.7	3	20.1	80	80	80	90	80	80	80	80	90	2.66	19.3	73.3	72.2	73.3	72.9
197	13.1	B.	19.1	50	60	60	70	75	70	60	70	70						
198	13.1	1	19.2	95	90	90	90	90	90	90	95	90						
199	13.2	.75	19.8	90	90	90	100	90	90	100	85	90						
200	13.8	B.	19.9	70	80	80	80	70	70	80	70	70						
201	13.8	.25	20	100	90	90	80	80	80	70	70	70	.4	19.6	81.6	80.3	80	80.6
202	13.1	2	19.2	100	80	80	80	70	70	70	80	70						
203	13.1	3	19.2	40	50	50	10	30	30	10	20	10	2.5	19.2	51.6	55	51.6	52.7
204	14.8	2	21	90	80	80	70	75	70	70	80	80	2	21	76.6	78.3	76.6	77.2
205	15.1	B.	23	100	95	95	90	80	80	90	80	80						
206	15.8	B.	21.8	90	80	80	60	65	70	40	50	40	B.	22.4	78.3	75	74.1	75.8

SCHOOL TABLES — SCHOOL D″ — (*Continued*).

Averages for pupils in school D″, 6–12 years, inclusive.

No. of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A. Accuracy.	Page A. Composition.	Page A. Thought.	Page B. Accuracy.	Page B. Composition.	Page B. Thought.	Page C. Accuracy.	Page C. Composition.	Page C. Thought.	Averages. Accuracy.	Averages. Composition.	Averages. Thought.	Condensed average standing.
*44	8.7	.23	15.7	49.3	46.4	43.6	33	36.4	35.5	35.9	36.4	35.7	39.4	39.8	38.3	39.1
†40	9	3.12	16.6	68.1	63.3	61.2	50.2	53.2	51.8	50.7	52.1	51.6	56.3	56.2	54.9	55.8
‡84	8.8	1.51	16.1	58.2	54.5	52	41.2	44.4	43.3	42.9	43.9	43.3	47.5	47.6	46.2	47.1

Averages for pupils in school D″, 6–13 years, inclusive.

No. of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A. Accuracy.	Page A. Composition.	Page A. Thought.	Page B. Accuracy.	Page B. Composition.	Page B. Thought.	Page C. Accuracy.	Page C. Composition.	Page C. Thought.	Averages. Accuracy.	Averages. Composition.	Averages. Thought.	Condensed average standing.
*49	9.2	.25	16.1	52.5	50.1	47.5	38.2	41	40.1	40.4	40.7	40.1	43.7	43.9	42.5	43.4
†42	9.2	3.08	16.7	68.2	63.4	61.4	50	53	51.7	50.2	52	51	56.1	56.1	54.7	55.6
‡91	9.2	1.47	16.4	59.7	56.2	53.9	43.6	46.5	45.4	44.9	45.9	45.1	49.4	49.5	48.2	49

Averages for pupils in school D″, 6–14 years, inclusive.

No. of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A. Accuracy.	Page A. Composition.	Page A. Thought.	Page B. Accuracy.	Page B. Composition.	Page B. Thought.	Page C. Accuracy.	Page C. Composition.	Page C. Thought.	Averages. Accuracy.	Averages. Composition.	Averages. Thought.	Condensed average standing.
*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
†43	9.3	3.06	16.8	68.7	63.8	61.8	50.4	53.6	52.2	50.6	52.6	51.7	56.6	56.7	55.2	56.2
‡92	9.2	1.47	16.4	60.1	56.5	54.2	43.9	46.9	45.7	45.2	46.3	45.5	49.7	49.9	48.5	49.3

Averages for pupils in school D″, 6–15 years, inclusive.

No. of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A. Accuracy.	Page A. Composition.	Page A. Thought.	Page B. Accuracy.	Page B. Composition.	Page B. Thought.	Page C. Accuracy.	Page C. Composition.	Page C. Thought.	Averages. Accuracy.	Averages. Composition.	Averages. Thought.	Condensed average standing.
*51	9.4	.24	16.3	54.2	51.5	49.1	39.7	42.2	41.4	41.3	41.6	40.8	45	45.1	43.8	44.6
†.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
‡94	9.4	1.44	16.5	60.8	57.1	54.9	44.6	47.4	46.3	45.6	46.7	45.8	50.3	50.4	49	49.9

*Pupils deaf at one year of age or under. †Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡Grand average.

Pupils Nos. 220, 221, 224, 233 and 236 have partial hearing.

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
207	6.6	B.	13.8	40	30	25	5	10	10	0	10	10						
208	6.8	B.	13.3	50	50	40	15	20	20	20	20	15	B.	13.5	21.6	23.3	20	21.6
209	6.3	2	11.4	20	30	30	10	20	20	10	20	10						
210	6.4	2.5	13.4	40	30	30	10	20	20	0	10	10						
211	6.7	1.5	12.7	10	5	5	2	2	2	0	2	2	2	12.5	11.3	15.4	14.4	13.7
212	7.4	.83	17.1	20	25	25	40	50	40	60	50	50						
213	7.6	.41	13.6	10	25	20	5	20	10	20	30	20						
214	7.8	B	14.1	20	10	10	5	5	5	0	10	10						
215	7.9	B.	15	10	10	5	0	0	0	10	5	5	.31	14.9	16.6	20	16.6	17.7
216	7.7	2.5	14.4	70	60	50	0	70	30	20	20	10						
217	7.8	2	17.1	100	90	90	100	90	90	100	90	90	2.25	15.7	65	70	60	65
218	8.1	1	14.1	70	60	50	5	5	5	20	10	10						
219	8.2	B.	14.2	40	30	30	10	20	20	10	10	10						
220	8.4	B	15.1	80	90	70	40	50	40	70	60	60						
221	8.9	B.	14.9	50	50	40	25	30	30	40	35	30						
222	8.9	B.	14.9	30	20	20	10	10	20	20	25	20	.2	14.6	34.6	35	30.3	33.3
223	8.1	2.5	14.3	10	20	10	0	20	10	0	5	5	2.5	14.3	3.3	15.	8.3	8.8
224	9.7	B.	15.7	70	60	50	50	60	60	60	50	60						
225	9.7	B.	16.8	90	80	80	80	75	80	60	75	70	B.	16.2	68.3	66.6	66.6	67.2
226	9.7	6	16.7	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	6	16.7	100	100	100	100
227	10.1	B.	16.1	90	80	80	30	60	50	60	70	60						
228	10.1	B.	18.2	50	40	40	10	30	20	20	30	20						
229	10.2	B.	16.2	60	50	50	60	50	50	60	60	60	B.	16.8	48.8	52.2	47.7	49.6

SCHOOL TABLES — SCHOOL E″ — (*Continued*).

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
230	10.3	4.5	18.7	100	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	100						
231	10.8	2	16.9	70	60	60	50	60	50	30	40	40	3.25	17.8	75	76.3	75.	75.4
232	11.6	B.	17.6	60	50	50	10	70	60	20	30	30	B.	17.6	30	50	46.6	42.2
233	12.1	B.	18.1	90	90	90	100	90	90	100	90	90						
234	12.3	.5	18.3	90	85	80	20	25	30	40	30	30	.25	18.2	73.3	68.3	68.3	69.9
235	12.7	1.08	18.7	80	60	60	50	60	50	50	40	40						
236	12.7	2	19.2	90	90	80	80	80	80	80	70	70						
237	12.7	3	18.7	90	80	80	80	75	70	50	50	40						
238	12.8	3	19.5	40	30	20	60	60	50	60	50	50	2.27	19	67.5	62	57.5	62.3
239	13.8	B.	19.8	70	60	60	80	75	70	60	70	70	B.	19.8	70	68.3	66.6	68.3
240	13.2	2.5	19.2	100	90	90	90	80	80	90	90	90	2.5	19.2	93.3	86.6	86.6	88.8
No. of pupils.	*Averages for pupils in school E″, 6–12 years, inclusive.*																	
*19	9	.14	15.6	53.6	49.2	45	27.3	36.8	33.6	36.3	36.8	34.7			39.1	40.9	37.8	39.2
†13	9.5	2.66	16.2	66	58	55	49.3	58	51.6	46.1	45.9	43.6			52.8	54	50.1	52.3
‡32	9.2	1.16	15.9	57.5	52.8	49	36.3	45.4	41	40.3	40.5	38.3			44.7	46.2	42.8	44.5
	Averages for pupils in school E″, 6–13 years, inclusive.																	
*20	9.3	.13	15.8	54.5	49.7	45.7	30	38.7	35.5	37.5	38.5	36.5			40.6	42.3	39.2	40.7
†14	9.8	2.64	16.4	65.7	60.3	57.5	52.2	59.6	53.7	49.2	49	46.9			55.7	56.3	52.7	54.9
‡34	9.5	1.17	16	59.1	54.1	50.5	39.1	47.3	43	42.3	42.8	40.7			46.8	48.1	44.7	46.5

* [illegible] at one year of age or under. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ Grand average.

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
241	6.2	1	11.2	40	30	30	10	10	10	10	10	10						
242	6.3	B.	11.4	10	20	10	10	10	10	10	20	10	.5	11.3	15	16.6	13.3	15
243	6.1	2.66	13.5	70	60	60	30	40	40	40	35	30						
244	6.4	4	14.3	100	90	90	100	95	95	100	95	100						
245	6.8	1.16	17	55	50	45	40	45	40	30	35	30						
246	6.8	3	14	70	70	70	40	50	40	10	20	20	2.7	14.7	57	57	55	56.3
247	7.3	B.	13.3	40	50	40	10	20	20	10	20	20						
248	7.6	B.	14.1	20	40	30	5	10	10	10	10	10						
249	7.7	B.	14.8	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	10	10						
250	7.8	B.	17.1	40	50	40	25	40	30	30	40	30						
251	7.8	.25	15.4	20	20	20	10	10	10	20	20	15	.05	14.9	17.6	24	20.3	20.6
252	7.1	5	15.8	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	100	100						
253	7.7		15.2	0	5	5	5	5	5	0	5	5						
254	7.9	2.5	15.5	40	40	45	15	20	20	40	30	30	3.75	15.5	44.4	44.4	45.5	44.8
255	8.1	B.	14.1	0	10	10	10	20	10	10	26	10						
256	8.3	1	17.2	50	50	40	5	10	10	10	15	10						
257	8.4	.08	14.4	10	10	10	5	10	10	0	10	10						
258	8.8	B.	17.1	40	40	40	45	40	40	60	50	50						
259	8.8	B.	19.9	80	65	60	40	35	40	50	60	60	.21	16.5	27.6	29.6	27.3	28.2
260	8.8	2	15.5	70	80	70	40	90	80	50	90	50	2	15.5	53.3	86.6	66.6	68.8
261	9.4	.91	17.5	30	20	20	5	10	10	10	10	10						
262	9.6	B.	18.1	60	60	60	20	30	30	40	35	30						
263	9.8	B.	17.3	40	30	40	20	20	20	30	20	30						
264	9.8	.58	17	50	50	50	25	30	30	40	30	30	.37	17.4	30.8	28.7	30	29.8
265	9.4	1.5	15.5	30	40	40	25	40	40	50	40	40	1.5	15.5	35	40	40	38.3

SCHOOL TABLES — SCHOOL F″ — (*Continued*).

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
266	10.1	B.	17.1	80	70	70	30	40	30	70	60	60						
267	10.4	B.	16.4	50	40	40	15	20	15	30	30	30						
268	10.5	B.	16.5	70	60	60	50	60	60	40	60	50						
269	10.8	B.	19	90	80	80	70	60	60	80	70	70	B.	17.2	56.2	54.1	52	54.1
270	10.1	2	17.4	80	70	70	90	80	80	85	80	80						
271	10.2	1.5	16.8	80	70	70	30	35	30	40	45	40						
272	10.4	3	16.4	50	50	40	30	40	30	30	40	30						
273	10.8	2	16.9	100	90	90	90	80	80	70	80	80	2.1	16.8	64.5	63.3	60	62.6
274	11.2	2.5	19.7	90	80	80	85	80	80	90	90	80						
275	11.8	4	18.6	90	85	80	90	80	80	100	90	90	3.2	19.1	90.8	84.1	81.6	85.5
276	12.2	2	20.1	100	90	90	100	70	80	100	80	80	2	20.1	100	80	83.3	87.7
No. of pupils.	*Averages for pupils in School F″, 6–12 years, inclusive.*																	
*20	8.6	.19	15.9	41.5	40.2	38	20.7	24.7	23.2	28.5	30	27.7			30.2	31.6	29.6	30.5
†16	8.9	2.42	16.3	70.3	66.8	65.3	56.8	59	57.5	58.4	59.6	55.3			61.8	61.8	59.3	61
‡36	8.8	1.21	16.1	54.3	52	50.1	36.8	40	38.4	41.8	43.1	40			44.3	45	42.8	44

* Pupils deaf at one year of age. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ Grand average.

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
277	6.1	.41	13.1	20	25	25	10	20	10	20	20	10						
278	6.2	B.	13.8	20	15	20	10	15	15	10	10	10						
279	6.3	B.	11.7	20	20	10	10	10	10	20	10	10						
280	6.3	B.	11.9	10	10	10	5	10	10	5	5	5						
281	6.3	B.	11.9	20	30	30	10	20	20	30	20	20						
282	6.3	.08	11.4	20	10	10	5	5	5	20	10	10						
283	6.3	.08	11.5	10	20	20	10	15	20	40	25	30						
284	6.3	1	11.8	20	15	15	15	20	20	10	20	20						
285	6.3	1	12.3	20	15	20	10	20	20	20	20	20						
286	6.4	B.	12.4	0	10	10	5	10	10	10	5	5						
287	6.4	B.	12.4	30	20	20	25	30	20	40	30	25						
288	6.4	B.	12.8	30	25	20	20	25	30	30	20	20						
289	6.6	.08	12.6	40	50	50	75	80	80	60	70	60						
290	6.7	B.	19.2	10	5	5	5	5	5	10	5	5						
291	6.7	.5	13.4	10	10	10	5	10	10	30	10	10						
292	6.8	1	19.4	10	5	5	5	5	5	10	5	5						
293	6.9	1	12.9	30	40	40	20	30	20	30	25	20	.3	13.2	18.8	18.9	17.9	18.5
294	6	2	12	30	20	20	25	30	20	30	25	20						
295	6	3	12.3	30	40	20	30	40	30	40	30	30						
296	6	3	16.3	50	40	40	50	50	50	70	70	60						
297	6.4	3	15.4	40	30	20	10	30	20	30	20	30						
298	6.6	2	13.4	30	20	20	20	30	30	20	30	30						
299	6.7	3	14.4	30	30	20	10	20	20	30	20	20						
300	6.8	3	16.9	60	50	50	30	30	20	50	50	40						
301	6.8	4	16	100	80	70	50	70	60	80	70	70						
302	6.8	4	16.9	10	30	20	5	20	10	20	20	10						
303	6.8	7	20.8	50	50	50	80	80	80	70	70	60	3.4	15.4	39.3	39.8	34.6	37.9
304	7	B.	14	10	10	10	5	5	5	20	10	10						
305	7.5	.08	13.5	40	50	40	50	60	50	60	50	50	.04	13.7	30.8	30.8	27.5	29.7
306	7	7	14.8	60	50	50	40	40	30	50	40	40						

SCHOOL TABLES — SCHOOL G″— (*Continued*).

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A. Accuracy.	Page A. Composition.	Page A. Thought.	Page B. Accuracy.	Page B. Composition.	Page B. Thought.	Page C. Accuracy.	Page C. Composition.	Page C. Thought.	Averages. Age became deaf.	Averages. Years o'd.	Averages. Accuracy.	Averages. Composition.	Averages. Thought.	Condensed average standing.
307	7.4	2	13.4	70	80	80	20	70	70	10	10	10						
308	7.4	3	13.4	40	50	50	15	20	20	20	20	20						
309	7.8	3	17.6	20	20	20	20	25	20	10	15	10						
310	7.8	4	16.3	60	50	50	20	25	25	20	30	30						
311	7.8	8	19.1	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	4.5	15.7	43	46.9	45.8	45.2
312	8.1	B.	14.1	20	25	20	15	20	20	30	20	20						
313	8.1	B.	15.2	30	20	20	10	20	20	30	25	20						
314	8.3	B.	15.6	10	5	5	5	5	5	0	5	5						
315	8.4	1	17.9	65	60	60	5	25	20	10	30	20						
316	8.6	B.	16	30	20	20	10	30	20	30	20	20						
317	8.7	B	15.5	40	40	30	30	30	25	40	40	30						
318	8.8	B.	14.8	30	25	20	10	30	20	10	20	10	.14	15.5	21.9	24.5	20.4	22.3
319	8	3	14	70	70	60	70	70	70	80	80	80						
320	8.2	2	14.2	10	15	15	15	15	20	20	20	15						
321	8.7	2	14.7	20	20	15	10	20	20	10	20	20						
322	8.7	2	16.9	70	80	80	60	60	60	40	50	40						
323	8.7	3	15.8	60	50	50	30	50	40	40	50	40						
324	8.8	3	16	20	30	30	10	15	20	20	15	20	2.5	15.3	36.3	40	38.6	38.3
325	9.3	B.	15.9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1						
326	9.4	.66	16.4	30	30	20	5	15	10	10	20	10						
327	9.6	B.	17.4	100	90	90	70	60	60	80	80	80						
328	9.8	B.	16.4	70	60	60	75	70	65	40	50	50	.16	16.5	40.2	39.8	37.3	39.1
329	9.3	3	15.7	60	50	50	70	70	60	60	50	60						
330	9.3	4	16.4	80	70	60	70	70	60	80	70	70	3.5	16	70	63.3	60	64.4
331	10	B.	16	90	90	90	70	65	70	80	70	70						
332	10.2	B.	17.1	70	60	50	40	50	40	60	60	50						
333	10.3	B	16.3	10	20	20	30	30	30	20	30	20						
334	10.5	1	17.4	85	80	80	60	70	70	80	80	80						
335	10.8	B.	17	70	60	50	30	40	30	40	50	40	.2	16.7	55.6	57	53.3	55.3

336	16	2	16.6	60	50	50	50	70	70	30	40	30						
337	10	3	17.1	50	50	50	50	60	50	50	50	40						
338	10.2	4	18	10	5	5	10	10	10	10	10	10						
339	10.2	4	18.2	30	40	30	5	30	20	20	20	25						
340	10.3	5	17.9	100	100	100	95	90	100	100	100	100						
341	10.8	2	17.2	60	60	60	80	80	90	70	70	60	3.33	17.5	48.8	51.9	50	50.2
342	11.1	B.	17.4	50	60	40	5	20	10	10	20	10						
343	11.4	B.	17.4	100	100	100	90	85	90	90	90	90						
344	11.7	B.	17.7	40	50	30	10	30	20	30	30	20						
345	11.9	B.	19	100	95	100	90	80	85	90	90	90						
346	11.8	2	18.4	100	90	90	90	80	80	90	80	80						
347	11.9	1.5	18.1	100	90	90	95	80	90	90	90	90	.58	18	70.5	70	66.9	69.1
348	12.4	B.	*18.5	60	50	50	30	40	30	30	30	30						
349	12.5	B.	18.5	100	90	90	70	80	80	80	80	80	B.	18.5	61.6	51.6	60	61.1
350	12.6	4	18.6	100	95	90	90	80	80	80	85	90						
351	12.7	3	18 7	60	70	70	50	60	50	50	60	60						
352	12.9	3	18.9	90	80	80	80	75	70	100	90	90	3.33	18.7	77.7	77.2	75.5	76.8
353	13.6	1.5	19.6	100	95	90	70	80	70	60	70	70	1.5	19.6	76.6	81.6	76.6	78.3
No. of pupils.	*Averages for pupils in school G″, 6–12 years, inclusive.*																	
*43	8.5	.26	15.2	41.1	39.4	37.1	28.9	33.7	31.5	35.9	34.4	31.8			35.3	35.8	33.5	34.9
†33	8.4	3.43	16.1	52.4	50.4	47.7	41.5	48.6	45.3	45.7	45.4	43.3			46.5	48.1	45.4	46.7
‡76	8.5	1 63	15.6	46	44.2	41.7	34.4	40.2	37.5	40.2	39.2	36.8			40.2	41.2	38.6	40
	Averages for pupils in school G″, 6–13 years, inclusive.																	
*....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....			.....	.....	.....	.....
†34	8.6	3.36	16.2	53.8	51.7	48.8	42.3	49.5	46	46.1	46.1	44.1			47.4	49.1	46.3	47.6
‡77	8.5	1.63	15.7	46.7	44.8	42.3	31.8	40.7	37.9	40.4	39.6	37.2			40.7	41.7	39.1	40.5

* Pupils deaf at one year of age or under. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ Grand average.

SCHOOL TABLES—SCHOOL H″.

Pupil No. 369 has partial hearing.

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
354	6	B.	13	10	5	5	0	0	0	0	1	1						
355	6.2	B.	11.5	40	40	30	20	30	25	10	25	20						
356	6.8	.83	15	40	30	25	0	10	10	0	5	5						
357	6.8	1	13.4	50	50	40	30	40	30	50	40	40	.45	13.2	20.8	23	19.2	21
358	6	1.5	11.8	40	30	25	5	5	5	10	10	10						
359	6	1.5	16.1	60	50	40	10	20	10	10	10	10						
360	6.3	1.5	12.3	10	5	5	10	10	10	10	10	10						
361	6.3	9	19.5	100	95	100	100	100	100	100	95	100						
362	6.6		13.7	90	90	80	80	70	70	50	50	50						
363	6.8	1.08	17.4	10	5	5	0	20	20	0	5	5						
364	6.8	2	15.8	10	10	10	0	1	1	0	5	5						
365	6.8	6	16.2	20	30	20	20	20	20	10	20	20	3.22	15.3	31.4	31.9	30.4	31.2
366	7.8	B.	14	10	5	5	1	1	1	0	0	0						
367	7.8	B.	14	10	5	5	0	0	0	0	1	1	B.	14	3.5	2	2	2.5
368	7.1	1.16	14.4	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	5						
369	7.2	1.5	16.9	35	25	20	5	10	10	10	10	10						
370	7.3	6	15	30	15	10	5	20	20	10	10	10						
371	7.3	8.91	32.2	95	95	100	100	100	100	100	100	100						
372	7.4	1.5	19.5	60	70	70	65	60	60	50	60	50						
373	7.4		20.5	80	70	70	30	40	30	50	40	30						
374	7.7	2	19.6	10	15	10	2	2	2	0	5	5						
375	7.7	12	26.5	100	95	100	100	100	100	95	100	100						
376	7.8	2	17.1	50	30	30	20	40	30	10	20	10						
377	7.8	5	13.8	80	80	70	70	70	60	40	50	50	4.45	19.5	43.4	44.6	42	43.3
378	8	.41	14.3	0	10	10	0	10	10	0	10	10						
379	8.8	B.	17.5	40	30	20	10	10	10	10	10	10	.2	15.9	10	13.3	11.6	11.
						60	50	60	70	50	50	60		15.2	50	60	63.3	57.7

381	9	B.	15	70	60	60	15	30	30	50	50	50						
382	9.5	1	16.5	40	30	30	5	10	10	10	10	10						
383	9.8	R.	16.5	60	75	70	50	50	40	20	40	30						
384	9.8	B.	17.2	10	25	90	30	50	40	10	20	20						
385	9.8	1	16	80	70	70	50	60	50	70	60	60	.4	16.2	39.3	42.6	40	40.6
386	9.2	2	17.8	90	80	80	70	75	80	50	50	60						
387	9.4	4.33	15.4	70	80	80	70	80	80	90	80	80						
388	9.6	9	21.6	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100						
389.	9.7	——	15.7	70	60	50	50	60	60	60	50	50	5.11	17.6	76.6	76.2	76.6	76.5
390	10.4	B.	17.3	30	10	10	20	25	20	40	30	30						
391	10.6	B.	17.9	20	30	30	0	20	10	0	10	10						
392	10.8	B.	17.4	60	50	50	30	50	40	30	30	30						
393	10.8	B.	30.4	100	100	100	0	0	0	80	80	80	B.	20.7	34.1	36.2	34.1	34.8
394	10	3	16	40	40	30	30	50	50	40	50	40						
395	10.4	1.08	18.3	50	40	30	5	10	10	50	20	20	2.04	17.1	35.8	35	30	33.6
396	11.4	B.	18.3	40	60	50	30	40	50	30	30	20						
397	11.8	B.	18.1	90	90	90	70	70	70	80	60	60						
398	11.8	B.	18.4	0	10	10	5	10	10	30	20	20						
399	11.8	.66	18	100	95	100	100	80	90	100	80	90	.16	18.2	56.2	53.7	55	55
400	11.4	2	18	50	60	50	10	20	20	10	20	20	2	18	23.3	33.3	30	28.8
401	12.8	B.	21	90	100	90	100	95	100	100	95	100	B.	21	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6
402	13.6	1.	23.4	90	95	90	80	90	90	90	80	80						
403	13.7	B.	22	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	90	90	.5	23.7	94.1	91.6	91.6	92.5
404	13	——	19.4	100	100	100	100	90	100	100	100	100	——	19.4	100	96.6	100	98.8
405	14.8	B.	21.2	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	95	100	B.	21.2	100	96.6	100	98.8
406	15.8	2	22	80	90	90	100	90	90	100	85	90	2	22	93.3	88.3	90	90.5

Averages for pupils in school H″, 6–12 years, inclusive.

No. of pupils.																		
*22	9.4	.22	16.8	45.9	44.5	41.8	25.7	31.4	29.3	32.7	32.1	32.1			34.7	36	34.4	35
†26	7.8	3.82	17.5	53.8	51.1	47.8	38.7	44	43	38.6	39.8	38.8			43.7	44.9	43.2	43.9
‡48	8.6	2.02	17.2	50.2	48	45.1	32.7	38.2	36.7	35.9	36.2	35.7			39.6	40.8	39.2	39.9

* Pupils deaf at one year of age or under. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ Grand average.

SCHOOL TABLES—SCHOOL II″—(*Continued*).

Averages for pupils in school II″, 6–13 years, inclusive.

No. of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A. Accuracy.	Page A. Composition.	Page A. Thought.	Page B. Accuracy.	Page B. Composition.	Page B. Thought.	Page C. Accuracy.	Page C. Composition.	Page C. Thought.	Averages. Accuracy.	Averages. Composition.	Averages. Thought.	Condensed average standing.
*24	9.8	.24	17.4	50.2	48.9	46.2	31	36.5	34.8	37.9	36.5	36.5	39.7	40 6	39.2	39.8
†27	8	3.82	17.6	55.5	52.9	49.8	41	45.7	45.1	40.9	42	41.1	45.8	46.9	45.3	46
‡51	8.8	1.95	17.5	53	51	48.1	36.3	41.3	40.2	39.5	39.4	38.9	42.9	43.9	42.4	43.1

Averages for pupils in school II″, 6–14 years, inclusive.

*25	10	.23	17.5	52.2	51	48.4	33.8	38.8	37.4	40.4	38.8	39	42.1	42.9	41.6	42.2
†.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
‡52	8.9	1.91	17.5	53.9	52	49.1	37.5	42.4	41.4	40 6	40.5	40.1	44	44.9	43.5	44.1

Averages for pupils in school II″, 6-15 years, inclusive.

*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
†28	8.8	3.73	17.7	56.4	54.2	51.2	43.1	47.2	46.7	43	43.5	42.8	47.5	48.3	46.9	47.6
‡53	9.1	1.91	17.6	54.4	52.7	49.9	38.7	43.3	42.3	41.7	41.8	41	44.9	45.7	44.4	45

* Pupils deaf at one year of age or under. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ Grand average.

Pupils Nos. 438, 449 and 457 have partial hearing.

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
407	6	B.	12.4	0	5	5	5	10	5	10	10	5						
408	6.1	B.	12.7	10	5	5	0	1	1	10	5	5						
409	6.1	B.	14.1	10	5	5	5	5	5	10	5	5						
410	6.5	.25	12.5	10	15	10	5	10	10	10	20	20						
411	6.6	B.	12.6	0	5	5	5	5	5	10	5	5						
412	6.6	B.	15.9	60	50	50	5	15	15	10	15	15						
413	6.6	B.	17.4	0	5	5	5	10	10	20	15	10						
414	6.6	.66	13.8	20	10	10	10	10	10	10	15	10						
415	6.7	B.	16.4	40	35	30	10	15	15	10	20	15						
416	6.8	B.	13	20	20	15	10	15	15	0	5	5						
417	6.8	B.	14.4	70	60	60	10	20	20	10	5	5	.08	14.1	12.7	13.6	12.4	12.9
418	6.4	5	19.7	20	15	20	10	15	15	10	20	25						
419	6.6	3	14.4	50	40	35	5	10	10	20	30	20	4	17	19.1	21.6	20.8	20.5
420	7.1	B.	14.1	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	10	10						
421	7.2	B.	17.7	90	80	80	10	20	20	10	20	20						
422	7.4	B.	13.5	40	10	10	5	10	10	20	20	20						
423	7.6	B.	16.6	70	65	60	5	35	40	20	30	30						
424	7.8	B.	14.9	20	20	10	5	5	5	10	10	10						
425	7.8	B.	15.4	60	50	50	10	20	20	20	30	30						
426	7.8	B.	15.7	70	60	60	10	20	20	30	25	20	B.	15.4	23.8	26.6	25.9	25.4
427	7.1	3	13.2	80	70	65	25	30	30	40	30	30						
428	7.2	2	15.3	70	60	65	15	30	25	40	30	30						
429	7.3	3.91	13.3	10	5	5	5	5	5	30	15	15						
430	7.6	4	14.6	20	20	20	10	15	10	20	20	20						
431	7.8	1.5	15.7	10	10	5	5	10	5	10	10	10	2.88	14.4	26	24	22.6	24.2

SCHOOL TABLES — SCHOOL I″—(*Continued*).

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A.			Page B.			Page C.			Averages.					Condensed average standing.
				Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	
432	8.1	B.	14.6	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	20	20						
433	8.1	B.	15.7	40	50	35	10	30	30	30	30	20						
434	8.2	.5	14.2	0	5	5	5	5	5	10	10	10						
435	8.5	B.	15.7	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1						
436	8.6	B.	15	80	75	70	50	60	60	70	60	60						
437	8.7	B.	15	0	1	1	2	2	2	10	5	5	.08	15	18.5	20.8	19.2	19.5
438	8	1.66	16.7	80	70	70	50	60	60	40	50	50						
439	8.4	——	15.1	50	50	40	10	15	10	10	10	10						
440	8.4	2	19.1	90	80	80	10	25	30	40	30	30						
441	8.4	4	17.4	80	80	80	40	50	50	30	40	40						
442	8.8	——	18.2	80	60	50	10	15	10	0	5	5	2.55	17.3	41.3	42.6	41	41.6
443	9	B.	15	60	50	50	0	70	30	10	25	20						
444	9	B.	15	40	40	30	10	20	20	30	25	25						
445	9.2	.75	15.9	0	10	5	5	10	10	10	20	10						
446	9.4	.5	17.5	60	60	50	35	50	40	30	40	30						
447	9.5	B.	15.5	0	10	10	5	10	10	20	15	10						
448	9.8	B.	16.4	90	80	80	100	100	100	100	90	90						
449	9.8	.25	15.9	80	80	75	70	70	80	80	70	70	.21	15.8	39.7	45	40.2	41.6
450	9.8	——	16.6	30	30	20	5	5	5	10	10	10						
451	9.8	7	18	100	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	7	17.3	54.1	52.5	50.8	52.5
452	10	B.	16.8	40	30	20	5	20	10	20	20	10						
453	10.3	B.	16.3	60	60	50	50	50	40	40	50	40						
454	10.8	B.	17.4	20	20	20	5	5	5	10	10	5	B.	16.8	27.7	29.3	23.3	26.8
455	10.1	2	19.6	30	20	20	5	10	10	10	10	10						
456	10.8	1.5	17.6	20	25	10	10	20	10	30	20	20						
457	10.8	1.5	20.1		90	90	90	100	100	100	100	100	1.66	19.1	42.2	43.8	41.1	42.

461	11.2	2	18.1	60	60	60	40	60	60	30	50	50						
462	11.8	2.5	17.8	10	10	10	5	5	5	0	5	5						
463	11.8	4	18.9	30	25	20	5	5	5	10	10	10	2.83	15.2	21.1	25.5	25	23.4
464	12.8	B.	19.3	70	80	70	100	80	80	80	70	80						
465	12.8	.83	19	30	20	20	10	20	10	20	20	10	.41	19.1	51.6	48.3	45	48.3
466	12.5	1.5	18.5	30	40	30	5	15	10	10	20	10	1.5	18.5	15	25	16.6	18.8
No. of pupils	*Averages for pupils in school I″, 6–12 years, inclusive.*																	
*39	8.4	.12	15.5	36.1	34	30.9	15.7	22.6	20.8	22	22.7	20.4			24.6	26.4	24	25
†21	9	2.47	17	49.2	45.2	42.1	21.4	28	26.4	27.6	28.8	26			32.7	34	32.2	33
‡60	8.6	.99	16	40.7	37.9	34.8	17.7	24.5	22.8	24	24.8	23.1			27.4	29.1	26.9	27.8

* Pupils deaf at one year of age or under. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ Grand average.

SCHOOL TABLES — SCHOOL J″.

Reference number.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Page A. Accuracy.	Page A. Composition.	Page A. Thought.	Page B. Accuracy.	Page B. Composition.	Page B. Thought	Page C. Accuracy.	Page C. Composition.	Page C. Thought.	Averages. Age became deaf.	Averages. Years old.	Averages. Accuracy.	Averages. Composition.	Averages. Thought.	Condensed average standing.
467	6	B.	11.1	20	20	20	5	5	5	10	5	5						
468	6.2	B.	11.2	20	5	5	0	5	5	0	5	5	B.	11.1	9.1	7.5	7.5	8
469	7.4	B.	13.5	50	40	40	10	10	5	10	10	5	B.	13.5	23.3	20	16.6	20
470	7.1	3	16.2	35	20	20	5	20	5	10	10	10	3	16.2	16.6	16.6	11.6	15
471	8.6	B.	14.6	30	40	30	5	5	5	10	10	10	B.	14.6	15	18.3	15	16.1
No. of pupils.	*Averages for pupils examined in school J″.*																	
*4	7	B.	15.1	30	26.2	23.7	5	6.2	5	7.5	7.5	6.2			14.1	13.3	11.6	13
†1	7.1	3	16.2	35	20	20	5	20	5	10	10	10			16.6	16.6	11.6	15
‡5	7	.6	15.3	31	25	23	5	9	5	8	8	7			14.6	14	11.6	13.4

* Pupils deaf at one year of age or under. † Pupils who became deaf after one year of age. ‡ General average.

I. Pupils in school, 6–12 years, inclusive.

Schools.	Pupils Deaf at One Year of Age or Under.								Pupils Who Became Deaf After One Year of Age.								Grand average standing.	Schools.
	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Condensed average standing.	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Condensed average standing.		
A″	23	9.6	.42	16.8	71.7	72.1	70.5	71.4	27	9.8	3.47	17.9	78	78.8	78	78.3	75.1	A″
B″	17	9.3	.19	17.6	46.4	45.4	44.9	45.6	12	9.1	2.45	17	68.1	65.6	64.8	66.2	54.1	B″
C″	15	8.8	.07	15.2	55	57	54.5	55.5	7	9	2.71	16.1	45.7	45.7	45	45.4	52.3	C″
D″	44	8.7	.23	15.7	39.4	39.8	38.3	39.1	40	9	3.12	16.6	56.3	56.2	54.9	55.8	47.1	D″
E″	19	9	.14	15.6	39.1	40.9	37.8	39.2	13	9.5	2.66	16.2	52.8	54	50.1	52.3	44.5	E″
F″	20	8.6	.19	15.9	30.2	31.6	29.6	30.5	16	8.9	2.42	16.3	61.8	61.8	59.3	61	44	F″
G″	43	8.5	.26	15.2	35.3	35.8	33.5	34.9	33	8.4	3.43	16.1	46.5	48.1	45.4	46.7	40	G″
H″	22	9.4	.22	16.8	34.7	36	34.4	35	26	7.8	3.82	17.5	43.7	44.9	43.2	43.9	39.9	H″
I″	39	8.4	.12	15.5	24.6	26.4	24	25	21	9	2.47	17	32.7	34	32.2	33	27.8	I″

TABLE OF AVERAGES No. 1—(*Continued*).

II. Pupils in school, 6–13 *years, inclusive.*

Schools.	Pupils Deaf at One Year of Age or Under.								Pupils Who Became Deaf After One Year of Age.								Grand average standing.	Schools.
	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Condensed average standing.	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Condensed average standing.		
A''	25	10	.42	17.1	73.8	74.2	72.7	73.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	76	A''
B''	18	9.5	.18	17.7	45.2	43.9	43.4	44.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53	B''
C''	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C''
D''	49	9.2	.25	16.1	43.7	43.9	42.5	43.4	42	9.2	3.08	16.7	56.1	56.1	54.7	55.6	49	D''
E''	20	9.3	.13	15.8	40.6	42.3	39.2	40.7	14	9.8	2.64	16.4	55.7	56.3	52.7	54.9	46.5	E''
F''	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	F''
G''	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34	8.6	3.36	16.2	47.4	49.1	46.3	47.6	40.5	G''
H''	24	9.8	.24	17.4	39.7	40.6	39.2	39.8	27	8	3.82	17.6	45.8	46.9	45.3	46	43.1	H''
I''	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

III. Pupils in school, 6–14 *years, inclusive.*

A″	31	10.9	.34	17.9	77.2	76.5	75.2	76.3	28	10	3.52	18	78.7	79.3	78.6	78.9	77.5	A′
B″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B′
C″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C″
D″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	9.3	3.06	16.8	56.6	56.7	55.2	56.2	49.3	D″
E″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	E″
F″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	F″
G″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	G″
H″	25	10	.23	17.5	42.1	42.9	41.6	42.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44.1	H″
I″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	I″

IV. Pupils in school, 6–15 *years, inclusive.*

A″	32	11	.33	18	77.7	77	75.7	76.8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	77.8	A″
B″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B″
C″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C″
D″	51	9.4	.24	16.3	45	45.1	43.8	44.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	49.9	D″
E″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	E″
F″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	F″
G″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	G″
H″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	8.3	3.73	17.7	47.5	48.3	46.9	47.6	45	H″
I″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	I″

TABLE OF AVERAGES No. 1—(*Concluded*).

V. All pupils in school, 6–12 *years, inclusive, examined May and June*, 1898.

Schools.	Pupils Deaf at One Year of Age or Under.								Pupils Who Became Deaf After One Year of Age.								Grand average standing.	Schools.
	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Condensed average standing.	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Accuracy.	Composition.	Thought.	Condensed average standing.		
Ten.	246	8.8	.21	15.9	39.2	40.1	38.1	39.1	196	8.9	3.15	16.8	53.8	54.4	52.6	53.6	45.5	Ten.

VI. All pupils in school, 6–15 *years, inclusive, examined May and June*, 1898.

Ten.	267	9.2	.21	16.3	42.8	43.4	41.5	42.6	204	9.1	3.13	16.9	54.7	55.4	53.6	54.6	47.8	Ten.

TABLE OF AVERAGES No. 2.

[For explanation see page 15.]

I. Pupils in school, 6–12 years, inclusive.

Schools.	Pupils Deaf at One Year of Age or Under.					Pupils Who Became Deaf After One Year of Age.					Grand Averages.					Schools.
	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Condensed standing.	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Condensed standing.	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Grand average standing.	
A″	23	9.6	.42	16.8	71.4	27	9.8	3.47	17.9	78.3	50	9.7	2.06	17.4	75.1	A″
B″	17	9.3	.19	17.6	45.6	12	9.1	2.45	17	66.2	29	9.2	1.12	17.3	54.1	B″
C″	15	8.8	.07	15.2	55.5	7	9	2.71	16.1	45.4	22	8.9	.91	15.5	52.3	C″
D″	44	8.7	.23	15.7	39.1	40	9	3.12	16.6	55.8	84	8.8	1.51	16.1	47.1	D″
E″	19	9	.14	15.6	39.2	13	9.5	2.66	16.2	52.3	32	9.2	1.16	15.9	44.5	E″
F″	20	8.6	.19	15.9	30.5	16	8.9	2.42	16.3	61	36	8.8	1.21	16.1	44	F″
G″	43	8.5	.26	15.2	34.9	33	8.4	3.43	16.1	46.7	76	8.5	1.63	15.6	40	G″
H″	22	9.4	.22	16.8	35	26	7.8	3.82	17.5	43.9	48	8.6	2.02	17.2	39.9	H″
I″	39	8.4	.12	15.5	25	21	9	2.47	17	33	60	8.6	.99	16	27.8	I″

TABLE OF AVERAGES No. 2—(*Concluded*).

II. Pupils in school, 6–13 years, inclusive.

Schools.	Pupils Deaf at One Year of Age or Under.					Pupils Who Became Deaf After One Year of Age.					Grand Averages.					Schools.
	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Condensed standing.	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Condensed standing.	Number of pupils.	Years in school.	Age became deaf.	Years old.	Grand average standing.	
A″	25	10	.42	17.1	73.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	52	9.9	2	17.5	76	A″
B″	18	9.5	.18	17.7	44.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	9.3	1.09	17.4	53	B″
C″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C″
D″	49	9.2	.25	16.1	43.4	42	9.2	3.08	16.7	55.6	91	9.2	1.47	16.4	49	D″
E″	20	9.3	.13	15.8	40.7	14	9.8	2.64	16.4	54.9	34	9.5	1.17	16	46.5	E″
F″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	F″
G″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34	8.6	3.36	16.2	47.6	77	8.5	1.63	15.7	40.5	G″
H″	24	9.8	.24	17.4	39.8	27	8	3.32	17.6	46	51	8.8	1.95	17.5	43.1	H″
I″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	I″

III. Pupils in school, 6–14 years, inclusive.

A″	31	10.9	.34	17.9	76.8	28	10	3.52	18	78.9	59	10.5	1.85	17.9	77.5	A″
B″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B″
C″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C″
D″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	9.3	3.06	16.8	56.2	92	9.2	1.47	16.4	49.3	D″
E″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	E″
F″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	F″
G″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	G″
H″	25	10	.23	17.5	42.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	52	8.9	1.91	17.5	44.1	H″
I″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	I″

IV. Pupils in school, 6–15 years, inclusive.

A″	32	11	.33	18	76.8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	10.5	1.82	18	77.8	A″
B″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	B″
C″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	C″
D″	51	9.4	.24	16.3	44.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	94	9.4	1.44	16.5	49.9	D″
E″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	E″
F″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	F″
G″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	G″
H″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	8.3	3.73	17.7	47.6	53	9.1	1.91	17.6	45	H″
I″	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	I″

V. All pupils in school, 6–12 years, inclusive, examined May and June, 1898.

Ten.	246	8.8	.21	15.9	39.1	196	8.9	3.15	16.8	53.6	442	8.8	1.46	16.3	45.5	Ten.

VI. All pupils in school, 6–15 years, inclusive, examined May and June, 1898.

Ten.	267	9.2	.21	16.3	42.6	204	9.1	3.13	16.9	54.6	471	9.2	1.42	16.6	47.8	Ten.

Of this number 394 were present and 9 absent from the Institution on the day of inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education for the year ending September 30, 1898, including clothing, $334.93.

Prize winner on written examination, John Henry Kaiser.

Schedule Furnished by the Principal.

This schedule is intended to show the relative prevalence or importance, at the present time in this particular school, of the different means of communication employed by the teachers with the pupils, and by the pupils among themselves when not under the teacher's immediate influence. First in prevalence or importance is indicated by "1st," second in prevalence or importance is indicated by "2nd," and so forth.

Media of instruction employed by teachers.	Not used at all.	Conventional signs, e. g., De L'Epee Language.	2nd	Modes of intercommunication employed by pupils.
	1st	Gestures common to the hearing.	2nd	
	1st	Manual alphabet.	1st	
	1st	Speech and lip-reading.	4th	
	1st	Writing.	3rd	
	Prevalence or importance.		Prevalence or importance.	

In regard to the modes of intercommunication employed by the pupils the principal says: "The mere marking does not, from my standpoint, answer the questions in a manner satisfactory to the searcher for information. There are so many things to be

taken into consideration. The condition of the one speaking; the condition of the one spoken to; the place where such communication is made, all have a bearing upon the points mentioned, and can not be answered by any figures that I know of."

Dietary, June 7th, 1898.

Breakfast.—Hominy, beef stew, coffee, milk.
Dinner.—Roast beef, gravy, white potatoes, rice pudding.
Supper.—Hominy, prunes, bread, butter, tea, milk.

Statement of Changes.

(Since November 4, 1897.)

During the summer vacation extensive general repairs were made and in addition thereto the following changes and improvements:

MAIN BUILDING.

In main entrance hall and connecting corridors, an oak and mahogany parquet flooring, hard finished and waxed, and 17 new oak saddles in doorways. New treads on main stairs leading to basement. Maple flooring in boys' dressing room (basement). New door and sill in boys' cap room. Two new doors in each tower. Slats laid on floor of each tower. Front stoop posts repaired and stoop braced. Two new ventilators in each of three wards of hospital.

All chimneys and gutters repointed with Portland cement, and iron bracing for five chimneys. Wooden front of charcoal bin replaced by brick and anchored, and cement floor of same repaired. Stone flagging of bake shop relaid.

Two new small radiators and necessary piping placed in principal's office. Old radiator removed from room 11, and placed in boys' dressing room (basement), with new pipe connections. New ball cocks placed on water closets.

LAUNDRY.

One improved French mangle, with all necessary pulleys, belting and pipe work.

SCHOOL APPARATUS.

To the Museum of Illustrative Apparatus there has been added a specimen collection of sanitary flannels, cloths, linens, silks, threads and yarns; a cabinet showing the various stages in the manufacture of the sewing needle; a set of Bancroft's Biblical Object Lessons and 7 relief maps covering the field of geography. There have also been valuable additions of quaint and curious specimens of many kinds, which increase the educational usefulness of the collection.

Class Work for School Year Ending June, 1898.

In reply to the inspector's circular letter asking for information on this subject, the principal says: "I regret that it is wholly impossible for me to furnish you with information in regard to the work done in the different classes, according to your plan, for the reason that we lay no stress whatever on the date of admission of any pupil."

II.

LE COUTEULX ST. MARY'S INSTITUTION FOR THE IMPROVED INSTRUCTION OF DEAF-MUTES.

(126 Edward Street, Buffalo.)

Opened November, 1862.

SISTER MARY ANNE BURKE, *Principal.*

This institution was inspected May 24, 1898, by Mr. and Mrs. Lyon.

Census on day of inspection:

Officers	4
Teachers (of literary classes)	12
Instructors (of industries)	6
Employes	16
Total	38
Pupils, male	71
Pupils, female	71
Total	142

An increase of four pupils since the inspection of November 23, 1897.

The pupils are classified as follows:

	Male.	Female.	Total.
State pupils	35	38	73
County pupils	29	25	54
Private pupils, pay	5	4	[illegible]
Private pupils, free	2	4	[illegible]
Total	71	71	14[illegible]

Of this number 135 were present and 7 absent from the institution at the time of inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education for the year ending September 30, 1898, $253.85.

Prize winner on written examination, Cecelia Cornué.

Schedule Furnished by the Principal.

This schedule is intended to show the relative prevalence or importance, at the present time in this particular school, of the different means of communication employed by the teachers with the pupils, and by the pupils among themselves when not under the teachers' immediate influence. First in prevalence or importance is indicated by "1st," second in prevalence or importance is indicated by "2nd," and so forth.

Media of instruction employed by teachers.	5th	Conventional signs, e. g., De L'Epee Language.	3rd	Modes of intercommunication employed by pupils.
	4th	Gestures common to the hearing	2nd	
	1st	Manual alphabet.	1st	
	3rd	Speech and lip-reading.	5th	
	2nd	Writing.	4th	
	Prevalence or importance.		Prevalence or importance.	

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

EDWARD STREET BUILDING.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal porridge, bread and butter, hash, baked potatoes, coffee, milk.

Dinner.—Roast pork, mashed potatoes, butter beans, new onions, bread and butter, tapioca pudding.

Supper.—Bread and butter, cake, canned fruit, milk, tea.

BRANCH.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal porridge, bread, butter, milk.

Dinner.—Roast beef, mashed potatoes, canned tomatoes, bread and butter, milk, pie-plant pie.

Supper.—Bread, butter, cookies, canned berries, milk.

Statement of Changes.

(Since November 23, 1897.)

Aside from pressing toward completion the new school building, no material changes were made during the fiscal year.

Class Work for School Year Ending June, 1898.

KINDERGARTEN DEPARTMENT.

Classes A and B (1st and 2d year pupils).

Froebel's Gifts.

3d and 4th Production of forms with solids. Forms of life.

7th Laying of tablets. Forms of life.

8th Sticks for laying of figures. Forms of life. Forms of knowledge. Teaching of number and color.

Froebel's Occupations.

2d Sewing.—Simple designs and life forms.

3d Drawing.—Stencils.

7th Weaving.—Copied designs. Teaching of number and color.

9th Paper folding.—Forms of life. Forms of beauty.

10th Modeling. Type forms. Typical objects.

Language.—Names of members of the class, objects in the classroom, common articles of food and drink, articles of dress, etc. Parts of the human body. The use of *I* and *you*. Names of the standard colors. Simple questions and answers. Drill in reading and acting out sentences. Forming words with alphabet cards. Forming words with spelling blocks. Use of capital letters in beginning sentences, also in writing names of persons. Use of the period at the end of sentences. Use of *please, I thank you, excuse me, good morning*, etc.

Number.—Counting with objects to 15. Drill in writing figures and names of numbers to 10.

Class C (3d year pupils).

Froebel's Gifts.

3d and 4th Production of forms with solids.

7th Laying of tablets. Forms of life. Forms of knowledge. Forms of beauty.

8th Sticks for laying of figures. Life forms. Knowledge forms. Teaching of number and color.

Froebel's Occupations.

2d Sewing.—Pretty designs. Life forms and illustrated number cards.

3d Drawing.—Stencils. Outline drawing of objects and plane geometric figures.

7th Weaving.—Original and copied designs. Teaching of number and color.

8th Paper cutting.—Cutting papers and mounting to produce simple forms of beauty.

9th Paper folding.—Forms of life. Forms of beauty.

10th Piecework.—Type forms and familiar objects.

11th Modeling.—Type forms. Familiar objects. Fruits. Vegetables, etc.

Language.—1. Names of animals, objects, fruits, vegetables, etc. (Continued.) Parts of the human body. Drill in the plural forms. Names of the days of the week.

2. Colors and simple adjectives applicable to the vocabulary already acquired.

3. Common actions characteristic of domestic animals and children. The use of *has* and *have*, *is* and *are*, *who* and *what*, *how many*, *where*.

4. The relative position of objects.

5. Action writing.

6. Miscellaneous questions.

Language.—7. Continuation of common forms of politeness. Sentence work. Journal consisting of a few simple sentences written by the teacher and memorized by the pupils. Copying simple descriptions of playmates, pictures, etc. Continuation of punctuation and capitalization. Selections from the primers. Reading. Forming words and sentences with spelling blocks. Building sentences with word cards. Forming words and sentences with alphabet cards. Acting out sentences.

Number.—Giving the name, and requiring pupils to bring forward corresponding number of objects. Showing a definite number of objects, and having pupils apply the name of the number to them. Counting with objects to 30. Drill in writing figures and names of numbers to 50. Practice in applying figures to given numbers of marks or objects, and vice versa. Use of *and*.

Phonetic Drill.—Speech and lip-reading.

Correlation of language and number with the manual work of the kindergarten.

Primary D (4th year pupils).

Manners and Morals.—Correct position and carriage of the body. Politeness to each other, and to their teacher. Short stories to illustrate morals.

Language.—Teaching the names of animals, objects, actions and games. Placing objects in different positions and requiring the pupils to build sentences with reference to position. Teaching the use of the descriptive adjectives, the demonstratives and the indefinites. The use of verbs in present, past and future tenses. Simple and interrogative sentences. Prepositions *to, for, with, in, on* and *under*. The use of the conjunction, *and*.

Writing.—Teaching correct position at blackboard and desk. Copying sentences and stories from blackboard. Writing sentences on blackboard and requiring pupils to rewrite them from memory. Filling blanks, action writing, description of pictures.

Letter-writing every two weeks. Capitalization and use of period and interrogation point.

Reading.—Blackboard and chart lessons. Selections from primers.

Numbers.—Read and write numbers to 100. Count to 100. The signs + — × and ÷. Addition without carrying. Subtraction without borrowing. Mental addition and subtraction to 10.

Journals.—Two or three sentences on the happenings of the day or the preceding day.

Phonetic Drill.—Lip-reading. Speech.

Drawing.—Prang's Form-study and Drawing. (First and second primary years.)

Type-forms.—Spheres, cube, hemisphere, square, prism. Objects based on these solids drawn and colored.

First Grade (5th year pupils).

Reading.—Webb's Word Method. Riverside Primer. Language cards, etc.

Writing.—Action writing, letter writing, copybooks.

Language.—Short reproduction stories, language charts, description of pictures, filling in blanks, simple conversational exercises (asking and answering questions), Wake Robin Series No. 1 to page 21.

Arithmetic.—Milne's Elementary to page 29. Counting to 100.

Phonetic Drill.—Speech and lip-reading.

Drawing.—Prang's Form Study and Drawing (third year's work).

Type-forms.—Cylinder, square, prism, ellipsoid, ovoid. Drawing objects based on these solids. Drawing and coloring small landscapes.

Second Grade (6th year pupils).

Reading.—Webb's Word Method, Riverside Primer, selections from First and Second Readers.

Writing.—Copybooks, journal, letter-writing.

Language.—Language Charts, Nature stories, Wake Robin Series No. 1, pages 21 to 41, miscellaneous questions, description

Fourth Grade (8th year pupils).

Arithmetic.—Milne's Elements, pages 99 to 144. Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, factoring and cancellation.

Language.—Swinton's Primary, from page 30 completed. Classes of sentences, use of parts of speech, punctuation marks, reproduction stories and journal every day. Wake Robin Series, Vol. II, sketches of the lives of Columbus, Washington and Franklin.

Geography.—Monteith's Manual No. 2, from page 27 completed. Southern and Western States, maps of South America, Europe, Asia and Africa.

Physiology.—Hutchinson's, Second book, pages 7 to 52. Framework of the body, muscles, skin.

United States History.—Goodrich, pages 9 to 50. Discovery of America, settlement of Jamestown, Pequot War, King William's and Queen Anne's Wars.

Reading.—Selections from readers and Young Folks Library of Choice Literature.

Writing.—Copybook work, thrice a week, letter-writing, once a week.

Speech.—Lip-reading, conversational exercises, miscellaneous questions.

Drawing.—Prang's Form-study and Drawing (fifth year).

Type-forms. { Cone, Pyramid, Plinth, Rectangular, Objects. } Landscape coloring.

Fifth Grade (9th year pupils).

Reading.—Supplementary reading.

Writing.—Copybooks, journal writing, letter-writing.

Language.—Reproduction stories, conversational exercises, miscellaneous questions.

Grammar.—Reed & Kellogg's to page 53. Analysis and parsing of simple sentences, study of parts of speech.

Arithmetic.—Robinson's Practical to page 84. Factoring, prime numbers, greatest common divisor, least common multiple.

United States History.—Barnes' to page 83 inclusive.

Geography.—Monteith's No. 3. Study of the hemispheres and countries of North America.

Physiology.—Framework of the body, muscles, kinds of food, articles of diet (Blaisdell's Physiology).

Sixth Grade (10th year pupils).

Reading.—Selections from the classics, supplementary reading, Seaside and Wayside No. 1.

Writing.—Copybooks, journal writing, letter-writing.

Speech and lip-reading.—Conversational exercises.

Language.—Reproduction stories, study of Wake Robin Series, Vol. II, to page 60, miscellaneous questions, Jenkins' Words and Phrases.

Grammar.—Reed & Kellogg's, pages 51 to 75. Constitution, analysis and parsing of simple sentences.

Arithmetic.—Robinson's Practical, pages 86 to 150. Fractions and decimals.

United States History.—Barnes', early discoveries and settlements, development of the Colonies, principal events of Revolutionary and Civil Wars.

Geography.—Monteith's No. 3 to page 37. Study of North America and United States.

Drawing.—Prang's Form-study and Drawing (sixth year). Drawing and coloring landscapes.

Physiology.—Blaisdell's "How to Keep Well" to page 65.

Civil Government.—From Excelsior Chart Series.

Seventh Grade (11th year pupils).

Reading.—Selections from the classics, supplementary reading, Seaside and Wayside No. 1.

Writing.—Copybooks, journal, letter-writing.

Speech and lip-reading.—Conversational exercises.

Language.—Reproduction stories, study of Wake Robin Series Vol. II, miscellaneous questions, Jenkins' Words and Phrases.

Grammar.—Reed & Kellogg's, pages 75 to 117. Construction, analysis and parsing of complex and compound sentences, properties of nouns and pronouns.

Arithmetic.—Robinson's Practical, pages 150 to 205, compound numbers, weights and measures, denominate fractions, longitude and time.

United States History.—Barnes', Revolutionary War, War of 1812-1814, development of the States.

Geography.—Monteith's No. 3, study of the New England, Middle, Atlantic, Southern, Western and Pacific Divisions of the United States. Mexico, Central America and South America.

Drawing.—Prang's Form-study and Drawing (seventh year).

Type-forms. { Triangular objects, Windows, Vases. } Drawing and coloring outdoor scenes, grouping of models and objects.

Physiology.—Blaisdell's "How to Keep Well," pages 65 to 116. Digestion, circulation, respiration.

Civil Government.—From Excelsior Chart Series.

Eighth Grade (12th year pupils).

Reading.—Selections from the classics, supplementary reading, Seaside and Wayside Nos. 1 and 2.

Writing.—Copybooks, journals, letter-writing.

Speech and lip-reading.—Conversational exercises.

Language.—Reproduction stories, study of Wake Robin Series, Vol. II, miscellaneous questions, Jenkins' "Talks and Stories."

Grammar.—Reed & Kellogg's completed from page 117. Comparison of adjectives and adverbs, modifications of the verb.

Arithmetic.—Robinson's Practical, completed from page 205. Percentage, simple interest, compound interest, proportion, equation, equation of payments and partnership.

United States History.—Barnes' completed from page 171. The Civil War, reconstruction and passing events from 1865 to present date.

Geography.—Barnes' No. 5. Study of Europe, Asia and Africa.

Drawing.—Prang's Form-study and Drawing (seventh year's work).

Type-forms.	Triangular objects, Windows, Vases.	Drawing and coloring out-door scenes, grouping of models and objects.

Physiology.—Blaisdell's "How to Keep Well," completed from page 116.

Civil Government.—From Excelsior Chart Series.

III.

INSTITUTION FOR THE IMPROVED INSTRUCTION OF DEAF-MUTES.

(Lexington Avenue, between Sixty-seventh and Sixty-eighth Streets, New York.)

Opened March 1, 1867.

H. F. MITCHELL, *Acting Principal.*

This institution was inspected June 2, 1898, by Mr. and Mrs. Lyon.

Officers	10
Training teacher	1
Kindergartner	1
Teachers (of literary classes)	17
Instructors (of industries)	5
Employes	22
Total	56
Pupils, male	103
Pupils, female	91
Total	194

An increase of 7 pupils since the inspection of November 3, 1897.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
State pupils	50	54	104
County pupils	52	36	88
Private pupils, pay	1	1	2
Total	103	91	194

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education for the year ending September 30, 1898 (exclusive of clothing), $301.

Prize winner on written examination, Ruby Abrams.

Statement of Changes.

(Since November 3, 1897.)

David Greene's resignation as principal of the school took ffect in June, 1898, and on the 15th of that month H. F. Mitchell as given charge as acting principal. The school has been ivided into three departments, primary, intermediate and adanced, and the pupils in each graded. E. A. Gruver has been laced in charge of the primary department, and is a teacher in hat department. The intermediate department is under the upervision of Miss M. E. Potivin, and the advanced department nder the supervision of the acting principal.

Late in the year a bright, sunny room on the first floor was ewly papered and fitted up as a reading room and provided with limited number of books, which will serve as the nucleus of a hool library. This innovation is highly commended. Too eat importance cannot be attached to the ability to read books derstandingly and the interest which is awakened by simply ndling them will increase the deaf child's desire for that ility. Hearing children find profitable enjoyment in thumbing er books even before they can comprehend a single sentence, d this privilege should also be accorded to the deaf.

Class Work for School Year Ending June, 1898.

In reply to the inspectors' letter asking for information on is subject, the acting principal says: "I do not feel competent report, in fact it would be almost impossible, as no definite cords were kept. Next year we will be pleased to furnish you th all information desired."

IVa.

ST. JOSEPH'S INSTITUTE FOR IMPROVED INSTRUCTION OF DEAF-MUTES, FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

(Fordham, New York.)

Opened 1870.

N. FRANCES O'CONNOR, *Principal.*

This institution was inspected June 3, 1898, by Mr. and Mrs. Lyon.

Census on day of inspection:

Officers	1
Teachers (of literary classes)	9
Instructors (of industries)	[illegible]
Employes	1
Total	[illegible]
Pupils, female	[illegible]

An increase of one pupil since the inspection of November 1897.

The pupils are classified as follows:

State pupils	[illegible]
County pupils	[illegible]
Private pupils, free	[illegible]
Private pupils, pay	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Of this number 93 were present and 3 absent from the institution at the time of inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education for the year ending September 30, 1897 (exclusive of clothing), $271.16.

Prize winner on written examination, Maggie Murphy.

Schedule Furnished by the Principal.

This schedule is intended to show the relative prevalence or importance, at the present time in this particular school, of the different means of communication employed by the teachers with the pupils, and by the pupils among themselves when not under the teachers' immediate influence. First in prevalence or importance is indicated by "1st," second in prevalence or importance is indicated by "2d," and so forth.

Media of instruction employed by teachers.	0	Conventional signs, e. g., De L'Epee Language.	1st	Modes of intercommunication employed by pupils.
	4th	Gestures common to the hearing.	2nd	
	3rd	Manual alphabet.	3rd	
	2nd	Speech and lip reading.	5th	
	1st	Writing.	4th	
	Prevalence or importance.		Prevalence or importance.	

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal and milk, bread and butter, coffee.

Dinner.—Fish, mashed potatoes, stewed tomatoes, blackberry preserves, bread and butter, tea.

Supper.—Bread and butter, cake, tea.

Statement of Changes.

(Since November 5, 1897.)

The only change made in the building was the erection of partitions in the large classroom on the second floor to replace screens, which for several years past separated four classes from

one another. This was done during the summer vacation, and has been found a very great improvement.

The abolishing of the Brooklyn branch of this institution has made quite a change in the management of the institution in that the work of three departments is now done in two. Preparations were made to accommodate the pupils who, at the reopening of school in September, were transferred to this school or to the one at Westchester. As 100 is the limit of the number that can be accommodated at Fordham, 34 of the youngest girls were transferred from Fordham to Westchester and 32 pupils transferred from Brooklyn to Fordham.

We regret to state that the very efficient principal of this department, Miss O'Connor, was obliged, on account of failing health, to resign her charge temporarily at or about the close of the fiscal year. Miss Mary B. Morgan, the former principal of the Brooklyn branch, was appointed in her place.

Class Work for School Year Ending June, 1898.

Eighth Class (1st and 2d year pupils).

Speech.—Table of sounds, single words, a very few easy sentences.

Lip-reading.—Table of sounds, all the words pupils can speak, besides the little sentences used in giving ordinary directions, asking questions, etc. It must enter largely into every lesson.

Language.—Name of pupil, names of class mates, names of objects known or used by the pupils. A few verbs expressing ordinary actions, adjectives of color, size, etc. *Who? What? How many?*

Numbers.—Read, write, add and subtract from one to ten. Objects used at every lesson.

Writing.—Daily exercise on ruled slates. Arm movements taught at blackboard.

Drawing.—Lines on kindergarten slates. Kindergarten occupations daily.

Busy work.—The busy work for this class and also for other classes, when it is not specified in the schedule, is left to the

discretion of the teacher, who occupies the pupils with exercises belonging to the grade, and varies the same according to the need of pupils.

Calisthenics.—A few minutes twice a day.

Seventh Class (3d year pupils).

Speech.—Table of sounds and a selected list of words.

Lip reading.—Daily practice in every lesson.

Language.—Daily journal on blackboard written and explained by teacher. Pupils answer questions on journal. Action lessons. Simple conversation. Singular and plural forms of nouns and verbs; personal pronouns. Prepositions *after, before, behind, beside, in, between, into, like, on, under, upon, with,* taught by means of objects. *Who? What? When? Where?*

Easy object lessons.

Numbers.—Notation and numeration taught to 100. Addition and subtraction (1-25) taught by means of objects.

Writing.—Daily lesson on ruled slates. Arm movements taught at blackboard.

Drawing.—Lines and simple forms on kindergarten slates.

Busy work.—Writing names of numbers, days, months, objects, parts of the body, articles of clothing, etc., etc.

Calisthenics.—Exercises with small dumb-bells or wand-drill daily.

Sixth Class (4th and 5th year pupils).

Speech.—Table of sounds. Speech required for every lesson when possible. Reading easy sentences.

Lip-reading.—Taught in every lesson.

Language.—Journal by pupils with teacher's help. Questions on journal by teacher, answered by pupil orally and in writing. Description of pictures using question and answer (teacher questions). Action lessons. Conversation lessons between teacher and pupil. Letter-writing. Lessons on forms of *be, do, have.* Text-books of first reader grade used. Diagrams begun.

Nature study.—Lessons on domestic animals, familiar plants, fruits and vegetables.

Numbers.—Notation, numeration, addition, subtraction (carrying). Application of both in simple problems. Counting frame used.

Writing.—Daily lesson in copy books with pencil.

Drawing.—Lines and simple forms on paper.

Fifth Class (5th and 6th year pupils).

Speech and lip-reading.—Chief means of communication between teacher and pupils. Questions given orally. Answers written by pupils and then read aloud.

Language.—Journal by pupil, corrected by teacher. Conversations. Descriptions of pictures. Questions and answers on Sweet's Language Lessons. McGuffey's Chart read in concert and separately. Letter writing. Action-lessons. Diagrams.

Reading.—Story books suitable for grade. Questions on same.

Numbers.—Notation and Numeration. Four rules. Easy practical problems.

Penmanship.—No. 2 copybooks.

Object Lesson.—(Twice a week).

Drawing.—From objects.

Fourth Class (6th and 7th year pupils).

Speech and lip-reading.—Lessons conducted orally as much possible.

Language.—Journal. Picture writing. Sweet's No. IV Bible Stories. Appleton's Reading Chart. Letter-writing. Action lessons. Diagrams.

Reading.—Text books and stories according to grade.

Arithmetic.—Notation and Numeration. Four rules. Easy problems combining three or four rules. Prince's Text Book used.

Geography.—Introductory lessons prepared by teacher. Colton's Chart. Directions and boundaries of school grounds.

Bible History.—Bible stories three times a week.

Hygiene.—Easy lessons (prepared by teacher twice a week).

Penmanship.—(Three times a week).

Drawing.—From objects.

Third Class (7th and 8th year pupils).

Speech and lip-reading.

Language.—Journal. Picture writing. Reproduction stories. Elliptical sentences. Letter writing. Diagrams. Analysis of simple sentences. Parts of speech, past, present and future forms of verbs. Daily lessons on definitions of new words in grade text books, and readers.

Reading.—Bits of History, stories, etc. Half hour daily.

Geography.—Cornell's.

Hygiene.—"Easy Lessons on the Human Body."

United States History.—Discovery of America. Settlement of the Thirteen Colonies.

Arithmetic.—Long division. Table of time. United States currency. Fractions begun.

Civil Government.—Simple prepared lessons (no text books).

Drawing.—(See 1st Class).

Second Class (8th and 9th year pupils).

Speech and lip-reading.

Language.—Journal. Picture lessons. Elliptical sentences. Reproduction stories.

Grammar.—"Clark's First Lessons."

Arithmetic.—Felter's Intermediate Fractions.

Hygiene.—Brandt's.

Geography.—Barnes' Elementary.

United States History.—Lessons prepared by teacher.

Popular Science.—Monteith's (lessons twice a week).

Reading.—(Half-hour daily.)

First Class (2d Division).

Speech, lip-reading and language included in every lesson.

Grammar.—Clark's Brief Grammar.

Arithmetic.—Davies' Practical Fractions reviewed. Decimals. Denominate numbers.

Geography.—Monteith's Manual.

History.—Eclectic History of the United States. Granville's History of England reviewed. Bible History. General History (lessons prepared by teacher).

Hygiene.—Johonnott's.

Literature.—Biographies of, and questions from English and American authors. (Lessons prepared by teacher.)

Nature Studies.—Animals, plants, minerals.

Current Topics.

Drawing.—Special class formed of pupils selected from 1st, 2d and 3d classes who evinced aptitude or marked talent.

First Class (1st Division).

Grammar.—Clark's Normal Grammar.

Arithmetic.—Davies' and Robinson's Practical.

Geography.—Barnes' Complete Geography.

History.—Barnes' Brief History of the United States, Anderson's General History, Granville's History Readers (English).

Hygiene.—Steele's Physiology.

Philosophy.—Martindale's Philosophy (first lines).

Current Topics.

Supplementary Reading.—Short studies in Botany, Mythology and Bible History.

IVb.

ST. JOSEPH'S INSTITUTE, FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

(Dean Street and Buffalo Avenue, Brooklyn.)

Opened 1874.

MARY B. MORGAN, *Principal.*

This institution was inspected June 6, 1898, by Mr. and Mrs. Lyon.

Census on day of inspection:

Officers	2
Teachers (of literary classes)	7
Instructors (of industries)	3
Employes	10
Total	23
Pupils, female	72

An increase of 6 pupils since the inspection of November 6, 1897.

The pupils are classified as follows:

State pupils	28
County pupils	34
Private pupils, pay	1
Private pupils, free	9
Total	72

Seventy-two pupils present.

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education for the year ending September 30, 1898 (exclusive of clothing), $271.16.

Prize winner on written examination, Katie Lamberson.

Schedule Furnished by the Principal.

This schedule is intended to show the relative prevalence or importance, at the present time in this particular school, of the different means of communication employed by the teachers with the pupils, and by the pupils among themselves when not under the teachers' immediate influence. First in prevalence or importance is indicated by "1st," second in prevalence or importance is indicated by "2d," and so forth.

Media of instruction employed by teachers.	0	Conventional signs, e. g., De L'Epee Language.	3rd	Modes of intercommunication employed by pupils.
	4th	Gestures common to the hearing.	2nd	
	3rd	Manual alphabet.	1st	
	1st	Speech and lip-reading.	4th	
	2nd	Writing.	5th	
	Prevalence or importance.		Prevalence or importance.	

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal and milk, bread, butter, ham, coffee, milk.

Dinner.—Roast beef, gravy, potatoes, peas or baked beans, tuce salad, rhubarb pie or farina pudding.

Supper.—Prunes, bread and butter, ginger cookies, tea, milk.

Statement of Changes.

(Since November 9, 1897.)

uring this time the trades building has been fitted up with requisite fixtures for illuminating it throughout with gas, he appearance of the grounds has been improved by

planting of trees and shrubs. Otherwise no material changes are reported.

Class Work for School Year Ending June, 1898.

First year's work.

Language.—Manual alphabet. Names of objects in the classroom, articles of dress, articles of food, of furniture, etc., parts of the body, names of the most familiar animals and birds. The most ordinary action-words, etc.

Articulation.—Daily drill on the "Table of Sounds."

Lip-reading.—Reading the various sounds, and the words of their little vocabulary, from the lips of the teacher.

Auricular Development.—Audigene used every day.

Arithmetic.—Writing numbers to 10, mental addition and subtraction with the use of objects.

Penmanship.—Careful instruction with crayon, followed by exercises with pencil.

Second year's work.

Language.—A thorough review of first year's work. Names of the parts of common quadrupeds and birds. Adjectives, *good, bad, young, old, sweet, sour*, etc., *black, white, yellow, green, red* and *blue*. Numeral adjectives to twenty inclusive. The pronouns *I, you, he, she* and *it*. The prepositions *in, into, of, over, under, for, from, behind* and *before*. Simple questions with *who, what, how, when* and *where*.

Articulation.—Reading words, and simple sentences.

Lip-reading.—Catching words and short directions from the lips of the teacher.

Auricular development.—Audigene used daily.

Arithmetic.—Writing numbers to 100. Addition and subtraction to 20 with, or without objects.

Penmanship.—Copying sentences with pencil on ruled paper.

Third year's work.

Language.—A review of the work of the second year. Sentence building. Questions on a short journal written by the teacher. Short and very simple description of pictures.

Nouns.—Names of implements in common use about the house, barn and farm. Names of trees and vegetables.

Adjectives.—Continued, together with *this, that, these* and *those.*

Adverbs.—*Not, often, never, sometimes, soon, now, then, here, there, where, when, how* and *very.*

Articulation, and speech-reading continued as in previous years.

Reading.—Harper's First Reader.

Arithmetic.—Easy problems in addition and subtraction, with objects.

Penmanship.—Copying journals and language lessons with pencils.

Drawing.—Lines and simple designs, on board and slates.

Fourth year's work.

Language.—Daily journal, items supplied by pupils. Action and picture writing. A thorough review of the parts of speech taught during the previous years. The present, past and future tenses of verbs. Miss Sweet's No. 2.

Articulation and speech-reading, according to each child's ability. Sounds, words or sentences. Audigene used with the pupils who can profit by it.

Arithmetic.—Notation and numeration to thousands. Addition and subtraction in practical problems.

Penmanship.—Copy books No. 1.

Drawing.—On board and paper.

Fifth year's work.

Language.—Production of short and simple stories. Journal written daily by pupils. Action and picture writing continued Pronouns in all the numbers and cases. Special attention given to the singular and plural forms of the subjects of sentences and their verbs.

Reading.—Miss Sweet's No. 2. Simple story books.

Articulation and speech-reading continued. Words written phonetically, and diacritical marks used.

Arithmetic.—Review of addition and subtraction. Formation of multiplication table. Simple practical problems combining addition and subtraction.

Penmanship.—Copy books No. 2.

Drawing.—Simple designs.

Sixth year's work.

Language.—Simple reproductions, letter writing, description of pictures, journals, object lessons, elliptical exercises. Various readers used.

Adjectives.—Simple, comparison.

Pronouns.—Personal, relative and interrogative.

Verbs.—Special drill in the active and passive voice. Exercises in the indicative and imperative moods.

Adverbs.—Time, place and manner.

Prepositions completed.

Articulation and speech-reading.—Reading aloud from chart and blackboard. Oral conversation between teacher and pupils.

Arithmetic.—Notation and numeration to millions, easy problems in addition, subtraction and multiplication. Primary arithmetic used.

Geography.—Local.

Penmanship and Drawing continued.

Seventh year's work.

Language.—Journals written by pupils and corrected by the teacher. Rules for correcting common errors in the use of verbs, and phrases. Narrative and descriptive compositions. Miss Hammond's Story Reader "No. 1." The Human Body used as a reader. Simple library books.

Articulation and speech-reading.—Special attention given to apt pupils.

Arithmetic.—Practical problems in the fundamental rules.

United States History.—Manuscript lessons prepared by teacher.

Geography.—Barnes' Primary.

Drawing.—Perspective.

Eighth year's work.

Language.—Reproduction and description, journals, definitions of difficult words found in reading matter, special drill in the proper use of the different parts of verbs. Lessons in grammar prepared by the teacher and copied into blanks by the pupils. Miss Hammond's Story Reader No. 2.

Articulation and speech-reading continued.

Arithmetic.—Mental and practical, problems involving the four fundamental rules. Fractions, Felter's Arithmetic.

United States History.—Ellis' Primary History begun.

Bible History.—Gilmores'.

Geography.—Barnes' Intermediate.

Hygiene.—The Human Body.

Natural History.—Lessons prepared by the teacher.

Drawing.—Perspective.

Ninth year's work.

Language.—Original composition, reproductions, descriptions, questions on current topics. Clark's Grammar begun. Various readers, library books, pamphlets, magazines.

Articulation and speech-reading.—Oral conversations and recitations.

Arithmetic.—Fractions reviewed, denominate numbers begun, Felter's Arithmetic used.

United States History.—Ellis'.

Bible History.—Gilmores'.

Natural History.—Easy lessons on animals.

Hygiene.—The Human Body.

Drawing.—Perspective.

Tenth year's work (2d grade).

Language.—Reproductions, original compositions, letter writing, comparison of adjectives, forms and tenses of verbs, etc.

Geography.—Barnes' Highest, Part I.

United States History.—Ellis'.

Natural Philosophy.—Gillet and Rolf.

Chemistry.—Hooker's Elementary.
English History.—Lancaster.
Arithmetic.—Felter's.

Tenth year's work (1st grade).

Language.—Reproductions, journals, compositions.
Geography.—Barnes' Higher.
Grammar.—Clark's.
English History.—Lancaster.
Arithmetic.—Felter's.
Ethics.

V.

CENTRAL NEW YORK INSTITUTE FOR DEAF-MUTES.

(Madison Street, Rome, N. Y.)

Opened March 22, 1875.

EDWARD BEVERLY NELSON, *Principal.*

This institution was inspected May 26, 1898, by Mr. and Mrs. ron.

Census on day of inspection:

icers	14
achers (of literary classes)	11
structors (of industries)	6
ployes	25
Total	56
pils, male	70
pils, female	63
Total	133

A decrease of four pupils since the inspection of November 18, 7.

The pupils are classified as follows:

	Male.	Female.	Total.
te pupils	42	41	83
nty pupils	27	22	49
e	1	..	1
Total	70	63	133

Of this number, 125 pupils were present and 8 absent from the titution at the time of inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education for the ar ending September 30, 1898, exclusive of clothing, $280.25; cluding clothing, $294.88.

Prize winner on written examination, May Krause.

Schedule Furnished by the Principal.

This schedule is intended to show the relative prevalence or importance, at the present time in this particular school, of the different means of communication employed by the teachers with the pupils, and by the pupils among themselves when not under the teachers' immediate influence. First in prevalence or importance is indicated by "1st," second in prevalence or importance is indicated by "2d," and so forth.

Media of instruction employed by teachers.	3rd	Conventional signs, e. g., De L'Epee Language.	1st	Modes of inter-communication employed by pupils.
	5th	Gestures common to the hearing.	4th	
	1st	Manual alphabet.	2nd	
	4th	Speech and lip reading.	5th	
	2nd	Writing.	3rd	
	Prevalence or importance.		Prevalence or importance.	

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal, beefsteak, potatoes, bread and butter, coffee, milk.

Dinner.—Roast beef, asparagus, potatoes, gravy, bread, butter, milk.

Supper.—Warmed-up potatoes, bread, butter, cookies, raw onions, milk.

Statement of Changes.

(Since November 18, 1897.)

Aside from ordinary repairs, the principal change was in the line of improved sanitation, the buildings of the institution being connected during the summer of 1898 with the city sewerage system.

Class Work for School Year Ending June, 1898.

In replying to the inspectors' circular letter asking for information on this subject, the principal says: "I would be very glad to give you the information, but I will not have the time to work out the details requested. I am very sorry that I have not the time, as I would be very glad to comply with your request."

VI.

WESTERN NEW YORK INSTITUTE FOR DEAF-MUTES.

(945 North St. Paul Street, Rochester, N. Y.)

Opened October 4, 1876.

ZENAS FREEMAN WESTERVELT, L.L. D., *Principal.*

This institution was inspected May 23, 1898, by Mr. and Mrs. Lyon.

Census on day of inspection:

Officers	15
Teachers (of literary classes)	13
Teachers (of physical training classes)	3
Instructors (of industries)	6
Employes	19
Total	56
Pupils, male	81
Pupils, female	94
Total	175

An increase of nine pupils since the inspection of November 19, 1897.

The pupils are classified as follows:

	Male.	Female.	Total.
State pupils	48	53	101
County pupils	26	43	69
Private pupils, pay	1	..	1
Private pupils, free	3	1	4
Total	78	97	175

Of this number, 174 were present and 1 absent from the institution at the time of inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1898, $316.63, exclusive of clothing.

Prize winner on written examination, Eva Maude Caldwell.

Schedule Furnished by the Principal.

This schedule is intended to show the relative prevalence or importance, at the present time in this particular school, of the different means of communication employed by the teachers with the pupils, and by the pupils among themselves when not under the teachers' immediate influence. First in prevalence or importance is indicated by "1st," second in prevalence or importance is indicated by "2d," and so forth.

Media of instruction employed by teachers.	0	Conventional signs, e. g., De L'Epee Language.	0	Modes of intercommunication employed by pupils.
	0	Gestures common to the hearing.	0	
	1st	Manual alphabet.	1st	
	2nd	Speech and lip reading.	2nd	
	3rd	Writing.	3rd	
	Prevalence or importance.		Prevalence or importance.	

The principal states "that 'gestures common to the hearing' may sometimes be used to accompany or emphasize spelled or spoken English."

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.—Fruit (prunes), wheatlet, granulated sugar, bread, butter, milk, chocolate, coffee.

Dinner.—Roast beef, boiled potatoes, tomatoes, bread, butter, gravy, mustard.

Supper.—Bread, butter, sauce, cheese, milk, tea.

Statement of Changes.

(Since November 19, 1897.)

Aside from ordinary repairs no changes are reported by the principal.

Class Work for School Year Ending June, 1898.

KINDERGARTEN.

A Class (1st year younger pupils).

Speech-reading.—Preparatory work in sense training. Matching colors. Original work with third and eighth gifts. Busy work with tiles and pegs. A few concert exercises.

Speech Work.—Sense training exercises, using the solids and fabrics; imitation work with cubes, colored sticks, tiles and colored pegs. Concert exercises.

Number Work.—Glance work to cultivate the habit of attention; stringing beads, taking a given number of each color; learning to recognize figures up to 5; matching figures with objects; learning names of figures up to 5; practicing formation of figures.

Kindergarten Occupations.—Trial books; Wonder box; Color work.

Sewing.—Matching colors; classification of objects; paper cutting; tracing, following designs with beads and seeds; sewing outlined simple objects on cards.

Language Work.—Exercises in naming objects; tracing objects; using colored pencils; Anagram letters; stick laying; colored card designs; following directions. Concert exercises and sense training.

Drawing and Modeling.—Freehand drawing from sketch on slate; freehand drawing from objects; clay modeling.

Sloyd and woodwork.

B Class (1st year older pupils).

Speech-reading.—Preparatory work during the first part of the year, working up through concert exercises to speech-reading. They learned about fifteen objects; nearly as many pictures on the wall; their names; and simple directions such as walk, run, fly, etc.

Speech Work.—Concert exercises; sense training exercises, using solids and toys. Imitation work, using cubes and colored sticks; and the objects through the word "fife" following the order given in the "Work for Beginners."

Language Work.—Following directions; Lotto game; sentence drill; marching exercises; objects and sentence cards with anagram and sense training.

Number Work.—Glance work; learning names of figures up to 10; matching figures up to 10 with objects; formation of figures up to 10; a drill to prepare the way for addition.

Sewing.—Matching colors; sewing outlined objects on cards; names of objects outlined and material used; cut out pictures and mounted same on cards; drawing and outlining a simple border.

Kindergarten Occupations.—Home books; books of clothing and furniture (learning names). Other material illustrating what was of interest to the children. Stories, etc.

Drawing and Modeling.—Freehand copy from sketch on slate; freehand drawing from objects; memory sketching from slate. Clay modeling.

Sloyd and woodwork.

C Class (2d year younger pupils).

Speech.—Had concert exercises; sense training exercises, using solids and objects; objects through "wool," following the order in "Work for Beginners." Feather game.

Speech-reading.—Learned about twenty objects; ten pictures on the wall; and more than half of the speech-reading work in "Beginnings."

Language.—Learned names of classmates; naming objects; names and sentences on parts of body; color exercises; object cards with and without anagram letters, and sense training.

Number Work.—Glance work; addition, first combining two and later three numbers.

Kindergarten Occupations.—Similar to work done by B Class; slightly more advanced.

Sewing.—Colored paper work, children selecting and combining colors. Outlining on cards. Preliminary paper work; match scratchers, calendars, tables, etc. Glance work.

Drawing.—Freehand copy from sketch on slate; freehand from objects; memory sketching on slate; clay modeling.

Sloyd and woodwork.

D Class (2d year older pupils).

Speech.—About the same work as the C Class, with the addition of a few sentences and objects through Speech exercises on page 5 of the "Work for Beginners." Feather game.

Speech-reading.—Finished the speech-reading in "Beginnings" (except the flower game). Know all the objects and most of the pictures on the wall, and have had a few sentences from the leaflets.

Number Work.—Glance work; drill in addition; simple problems in addition, illustrated with objects.

Kindergarten Occupations.—Stories and talks on subjects of interest to the children, often suggested by the changing seasons, holidays, etc. The kindergarten material chosen bore a relation to the stories and talks.

Sewing.—Same as C Class. First stitches on cloth. Simple articles made; needlebooks, tablets, scissors holders, paper picture frames.

Language.—Journals, stories, story reproduction; talks. Kindergarten songs and sense training.

Drawing.—Freehand drawing from sketch on slate; freehand from objects; memory sketching on slate; clay modeling.

Sloyd and woodwork.

E Class (3d year pupils).

Speech.—Same sense training exercises as D Class, with more objects than solids used. They finished the "Work for Beginners" with exception of words beginning with "c." Have had six lessons on the II Grade Chart. Feather game.

Speech-reading.—Learned fifty sentences from the leaflet and rds. Can point to nearly all of the objects in the schoolroom, ock, etc.; also the pictures on the wall. Have had exercises ith cooking stove, bathroom, dining room, etc.

Language.—Journals; Lotto game; picture cards; stories; penanship; kindergarten songs; story reproduction and sense training.

Number Work.—Same as D Class; slightly more advanced.

Kindergarten Occupations.—Same as D Class; slightly more lvanced.

Sewing.—Educational sewing squares. Simple stitches. First eps in hemming. Pin balls.

Drawing.—Mechanical design; freehand from objects; illusating on slate; clay modeling.

Sloyd and woodwork.

F Class (4th year younger pupils).

Speech.—This class is separated into two divisions in speech; e first division has been as far as lesson 43 in the II Grade art, the second division has been as far as lesson 33. Have d elements and easy sentences taken from the first part of ir speech reading book; also sense training exercises using the ds, objects and estimating the length of objects.

Speech-reading.—Finished the sentence book. Have had rt journals twice a week, a few stories and exercises with ects the same as the E class.

Language.—Natural History Charts, journals, penmanship, to game, sentence cards, stories and sense training.

Number Work.—Glance work, drill in addition and subtracn, problems in addition and subtraction illustrated with ects.

Sewing.—Educational sewing squares. Hemming towels, sh cloths, pin balls, bags, needle books, neckties and penpers.

Kindergarten Occupations.—Same as E and D classes, slightly ore advanced.

Drawing.—Freehand drawing from Japanese book with ink and brush; freehand from objects, illustrated on slate. Clay modeling.

Sloyd and woodwork.

G Class (4th year older pupils).

Speech.—Elements II Grade Chart, through lesson 54. A journal once a week and sentences taken from F class speech reading book, and conversation. Have had the solids and objects for glance work and have estimated the length of objects.

Speech-reading.—Finished the sentence book. Had one or two journals a week. Several short stories and exercises with objects in connection with sloyd work.

Language.—Kindergarten songs, stories, story reproduction, Nature lessons, Natural History Charts and sense training.

Number Work.—Same as E class, slightly advanced.

Kindergarten Occupations.—Same as F class, slightly advanced.

Sewing.—Garment making, fancy work, clipping cases, memorandum tablets, calendars, etc. Talks on material used.

Drawing.

Sloyd and woodwork.

H Class (5th year pupils).

Speech.—Have had same exercises for glance work as the G class. Vowel and consonant chart, through page 12. Elements. Sentences in H class Speech Reading book. Journals every week, and conversation.

Speech-reading.—Finished sentence book. Have had a short journal or conversation almost daily. Have had consonant element work, exercises in connection with manual training in sloyd and drawing. Contests in speech reading, using all the sentence books. Several games. The ordinal numbers. Names of teachers and officers. Subject matter of circle-talks. Have endeavored to speak to them about everything that came into their lives.

Kindergarten Occupations.—Same as G class, slightly advanced.

Number Work.—Glance work; drill in addition, subtraction, multiplication and division; problems in all four processes illustrated with objects; playing store, practice in making change.

Language.—Stories; Hawthorne's Wonder Book read in class; Jean Ingelow's Poem "Songs of Seven" and "Paul Revere's Ride." Letter-writing; original story work and sense training.

Sewing.—Garment making, hemstitching, a few fancy stitches, renaissance work, darning for boys. Talks on material used.

Drawing.

Sloyd and woodwork.

Senior Department.

I Primary (6th year slow pupils).

Arithmetic.—Read and write numbers not to exceed four places. Addition and subtraction, multiplication and division. Multipliers and divisors containing only one digit (no text book).

Geography.—Home geography, following plan of first twenty-nine lessons in Frye's Primary Geography. Sand modeling, drawing (no text book).

Manners and morals.

Physiology.

Language.—Greek History stories, language exercises, journals, stories, letters.

Drawing.

II Primary (6th year bright pupils).

Arithmetic.—Read and write numbers not to exceed six places. Four fundamental operations, multiplier and divisor, containing not more than two digits. Roman notation and numeration. Problems involving two, three and four operations. Rapid mental work on four fundaments (no text book).

Geography.—Frye's Primary Geography, from lesson 30 to "People," lesson 86. Sand modeling.

Manners and morals.

Physiology.

Language.—Roman History stories, language exercises, reproduction, stories, letters.

III Primary (7th year pupils).

Arithmetic.—Milne's Practical Arithmetic, through subtraction of fractions.

Geography.—Finish Frye's Primary. Supplementary reading.

Physiology.

Language.—French History stories, study of poems, letters.

Drawing.

IV Primary (8th year pupils).

Arithmetic.—Common fractions, decimals.

Geography.—Frye's, complete. Earth as a whole. Physical North America map drawing. Supplementary reading.

Physiology.

Language.—English History stories, study of poems.

Drawing.

V Primary (9th year pupils).

Arithmetic.—Denominate numbers, longitude and time, first principles of percentage.

Geography.—Physical South America, Europe, Asia.

Physiology.

Language.—American History stories, letters. Beginnings of German, parts of sentences, parts of speech.

Ethics.

Drawing.

I Grammar (10th year pupils).

Arithmetic.—Robinson's, pages 232-289. Percentage, commission and brokerage, stocks and bonds, discount, profit and loss, insurance, taxes, duties or customs, simple interest, annual interest, compound interest, partial payment.

Analysis of Language.—Introduction to literature.

Physical Geography.—Study of Africa, Australia and islands. The world's races, religions, governments, plants, animals, commerce. Supplementary reading and map-drawing.

American History.—Through the Revolution.

II Grammar (11th year pupils).

Arithmetic.—Robinson's, pages 318-370. Ratio, proportion, involution, evolution, general review.

English literature.

American History.—Revolution to the present time.

Ethical stories.

Analysis of language.

Political Geography.—Study of North America with the United States in detail. Especial attention to New York State. Supplementary reading and map-drawing.

III Grammar (12th year pupils).

Bookkeeping.

English history.

Civil government.

Analysis of language.

Ethics.

Political Geography.—South America, Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia. Review of the world as a whole. Supplementary reading and map-drawing.

I High Class (13th year pupils).

Political Economy.—Laughlin.

Ethics.—Gow.

Astronomy.—"The Pith of Astronomy," Baynes. "Lessons in Astronomy," Young's.

Botany.—"Laboratory Practice for Beginners," Setchell. "How Plants Grow," Gray.

Ancient History.—Swinton, Myers, Sheldon, Anderson, Appleton.

English History.—Montgomery.

Algebra.—"Shorter Course," pages 1 to 115, Wentworth.

Drawing, designing, etc.

II High Class (14th year pupils).

Astronomy.—"The Pith of Astronomy," Baynes. "Lessons in Astronomy," Young.

Ethics.—Wixon.

Political Economy.—Gide.

Latin.—"First Lessons," Jones.

English.

Algebra.—Shorter Course, pages 116 to 220, Wentworth.

Concrete Geometry.—Hornbrook.

Drawing, designing, etc.

III High Class (15th year pupils).

Political Economy.—Laughlin.

American History.—Review, preparatory to college examination.

Latin.—Virgil, six books; "Latin Prose Composition," Jones.

Literature.—English books prescribed for entrance to college, 1898-1899.

Plane Geometry.—Wentworth.

French.—Chardenal's "Complete French Course," Berlitz method, Books I and II.

Readings.—L'Abbe Constantin, Halevy; Fragments from Voltaire; Petites Causeries, L. Sauveur.

VII.

NORTHERN NEW YORK INSTITUTION FOR DEAF-MUTES.

(Malone, N. Y.)

Opened September 10, 1884.

EDWARD C. RIDER, *Principal.*

This institution was inspected May 25, 1898, by Mr. and Mrs. Lyon.

Census on day of inspection:

Officers	14
Teachers (of literary classes)	7
Instructors (of industries)	4
Employes	14
Total	39
Pupils, male	46
Pupils, female	33
Total	79

A decrease of two in the number of pupils since the inspection of November 17, 1897.

The pupils are classified as follows:

	Male.	Female.	Total.
State pupils	32	24	56
County pupils	14	9	23
Total	46	33	79

Of this number, 75 were present and 4 absent from the institution at the time of inspection.

Average per capita cost for maintenance and education for the year ending September 30, 1898 (exclusive of clothing), $319.27.

Prize winner on written examination, Myra E. Green.

Schedule Furnished by the Principal.

This schedule is intended to show the relative prevalence or importance, at the present time in this particular school, of the different means of communication employed by the teachers with the pupils, and by the pupils among themselves when not under the teachers' immediate influence. First in prevalence or importance is indicated by "1st," second in prevalence or importance is indicated by "2d," and so forth.

Media of instruction employed by teachers.		Modes of intercommunication employed by pupils.	
5th	5th	Conventional signs, e. g., De L'Epee Language.	By a few 1st
In Kindergarten 5th	In Kindergarten 5th	Gestures common to the hearing.	By Kindergarten children 3rd
1st	In nearly all classes 1st	Manual alphabet.	1st
1st	In some classes 1st In others 5th	Speech and lip-reading.	By some 5th By others 1st
1st	Largely made use of by all classes	Writing	3rd
Importance.	Prevalence.		Prevalence.

The principal states that "among some, speech and speech-reading are used to the exclusion of all other modes of intercommunication."

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.—Boiled eggs, warmed-over potatoes, bread, butter, syrup, coffee, milk.

Dinner.—Bean soup, roast beef with gravy, boiled potatoes, turnips, bread, butter, corn meal pudding with sauce.

Supper.—Baked beans, fried potatoes, brown bread, wheat bread, butter, milk, tea.

Statement of Changes.

(Since November 17, 1897.)

During the year the new kindergarten described in our report for 1896, was opened, and fourteen boys and sixteen girls, under the charge of three teachers and two supervisors ensconced therein. Your inspectors are especially pleased to report that 239 volumes have been purchased for the kindergarten library and that this number is soon to be increased.

Class Work for School Year Ending June, 1898.

(Furnished by Principal.)

In reply to the inspectors' circular letter asking for information on this subject, the principal says: "All children, received at the institution, until they are twelve years old subordinate other things to the acquisition of English, both spoken and written. From the kindergarten children are passed to the primary class, where by correlation with language, history, literature, nature study, and science work are introduced. From the primary class promotions are made to the grades which are rotary, so to speak, in recitation. In these classes language, composition, grammar, literature, geography, American history, physiology and arithmetic are taught. I cannot give you the statement of work by years, as the difference of proficiency in the individuals influence to too great a degree their progress in class advancement.

"It has come to be commonly recognized among teachers that language cannot easily and successfully be acquired where the language to be learned finds practice only in the classroom and

then without spontaneity, and as a translation of that other language which in work, in play, and in the home, is made the only means of communication. Hence, I believe that in order to prepare the deaf for the society of the hearing we must give them the language commonly used by society at large. To do this conventionalized signs must be entirely suppressed in the schools for the deaf. In other words, the English language must be substituted for the ideographic language which is commonly and oftentimes exclusively used, by a majority of the deaf. To assist in reaching this most desirable end we have introduced various incentives to induce our children to refrain from the use of the sign language, and in its place to use English, the vernacular of the American people. Since we have put forth efforts in this direction a noticeable improvement in the use of language has been observed, and the results are so encouraging that we propose to continue along these lines until English becomes, as it were, their mother tongue."

VIII.

ANY HOME SCHOOL FOR THE ORAL INSTRUCTION OF THE DEAF.

(98 North Pine Avenue, Albany, N. Y.)

Opened September 17, 1889.

MARY MCGUIRE, *Principal.*

stitution was inspected May 30, 1898, by Mr. and Mrs.
l June 10, 1898, by Mr. Lyon.
on day of inspection:

.....	1
(of literary classes).....	2
.....	4
.....	7
ale	11
male	7
.....	18

ease of two pupils since the inspection of November 16,

pils are classified as follows:

	Male.	Female.	Total.
ils	2	1	3
upils	8	6	14
upils, pay.....	1	.....	1
.....	11	7	18

number 15 pupils were present, and 3 absent from the
n at the time of inspection.
e per capita cost for maintenance and education for the
ng September 30, 1898, $293.

Schedule Furnished by the Principal.

This schedule is intended to show the relative prevalence or importance, at the present time in this particular school, of the different means of communication employed by the teachers with the pupils, and by the pupils among themselves when not under the teachers' immediate influence. First in prevalence or importance is indicated by "1st," second in prevalence or importance is indicated by "2d" and so forth.

Media of instruction employed by teachers.		Conventional signs, e. g., De L'Epee Language.	0	Modes of intercommunication employed by pupils.
	3rd	Gestures common to the hearing.	1st	
		Manual alphabet.	0	
	1st	Speech and lip-reading.	3rd	
	2nd	Writing.	2nd	
	Prevalence or importance.		Prevalence or importance.	

In regard to media of instruction the principal says: "Natural signs or gestures are allowed until pupil can express himself by or in words; but in teaching, speech and speech-reading are of the first and greatest importance; second, writing. The natural gestures are discouraged and dropped as soon as possible. We make no use or point of conventional signs or manual alphabet. The teachers know nothing of them."

Dietary on Day of Inspection.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal, sugar, milk, fried potatoes, fish balls, eggs, muffins, butter, milk for the younger children, coffee and milk for the older children.

Dinner.—Mashed potatoes, baked fish with dressing, stewed tomatoes, bread, butter, mince pie, milk, tea.

Supper.—Scrambled eggs, bread, butter, strawberries, cocoanut cake, cheese, milk, tea.

Statement of Changes.

(Since November 16, 1897.)

Aside from the ordinary repairs, the principal reports no changes.

Respectfully submitted,

EDMUND LYON,
CAROLYN T. LYON,
Inspectors.

REPORT

ON

Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.

By Commissioner Putnam.

REPORT

ON

Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.

By Commissioner Putnam.

Without describing at length this building, it seems proper to state that, while its construction cost less than any other building of the State used for kindred purposes, it is as beautiful and as satisfactory as any of our institution administration buildings.

The work of Mr. Barney, the architect, has secured for the institution an administration building, convenient in its appointments, roomy in its interior, pleasing in its architecture, all for a comparatively small outlay of public funds.

The new dining-room building is now in course of construction. The foundations for this building have been laid, but work on the superstructure has been necessarily postponed until the spring of 1899.

This building will cost about $20,000, which sum was appropriated by the last Legislature, and it will in all probability be completed before the fall of the coming year.

Beside the dining-room there will be in this building an assembly hall which may be used for religious services, gatherings of the inmates on public occasions, and for similar purposes; also a good library room and kitchen room.

A large new cow barn is another building which has been added to the group during the past year.

This building cost to build and equip with electric light plant $1,700. It is a substantial building of wood construction, is satisfactory both as to cost and arrangement and will satisfy the requirements of the asylum in this respect for many years.

A new milk and ice house have also been built during the past year.

The laundry has been enlarged, thereby much improved, as the room formerly used for this purpose was inadequate to the needs of the asylum.

The trustees have purchased a new engine which increases the lighting power capacity, necessary for the enlarged institution.

In the quarterly report for the quarter ending September 30, 1898, Dr. A. D. Lake, the attending physician, states: "With the exception of the crowded condition of the dormitories, the sanitary condition has been excellent."

Not only are the dormitories crowded, but they are old wooden buildings, unsafe in case of fire, unsightly, and suggest poverty on the part of the State which maintains them. What has been said of the dormitories applies with equal force to the small, inconvenient school building.

A present urgent need of the Thomas Asylum is new dormitory buildings and a new school building.

Your committee recommends an appropriation of $50,000 to be used for the following purposes, to wit: For two new brick dormitory buildings, each two stories high, for the girls, each building to house forty inmates and two attendants, and to furnish a small sitting-room on each floor, and playroom in basement; also for the erection of one brick school building, which shall contain a large assembly or study room, and accommodate 120 pupils, and to have several small recitation rooms; all buildings to be connected by covered passageways and to be at least eighty feet apart each from the other; further, to furnish dining hall building and provide for the interior finishing of the same; for furnishing dormitories and school building and necessary grading, architect's fees and traveling expenses.

The use of this appropriation to be in all respects subject to the approval of the State Board of Charities.

The territory in this vicinity abounds with gas wells of considerable value. An appropriation is recommended of $1,500, to be expended by the trustees in drilling for gas; for maintenance, $20,000; for transfer of children, $2,000; for re-arrangement of grounds and buildings, $1,500.

The children are clean, well clothed, well cared for in every particular. They are provided with proper food which is well prepared. They make a happy family, and for Indians are quite demonstrative. They are surrounded by the best of influences; the superintendent, his wife and the teachers all take an interest in the children, and in their own work in their behalf. This condition cannot be doubted, even after careful observation.

Aside from instruction in the school room the boys are taught the carpenter and other trades, the girls sewing and other useful household duties.

Several of the former inmates of the asylum have found employment in different parts of the State, and have given good satisfaction to their employers, thus reflecting credit upon the only institution of the State devoted to the intellectual, physical and moral education and training of the Indian children, wards of our people.

Respectfully submitted,

HARVEY W. PUTNAM,

Committee.

Dated December 26, 1898.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON INSPECTION.

conditions exercise a bad influence upon the children. They fail to educate them in those ideas of order and neatness so important in the formation of character. In these institutions, also, there exists a disposition to retain the older girls as employees instead of placing them in family homes. This tendency is so strong, in some cases, that, where a good home for such girls has been offered, it has been refused by the managers, as they did not wish to dispense with services valuable to the institution, thus entirely losing sight of the welfare of the child. Untidy, poor and ill-kept clothing is reported in many cases. This is to be condemned. In a few orphan asylums and homes for children the inmates attend the public schools, but in the great majority they are taught by teachers in the institutions. It is an interesting observation by some of our inspectors that children maintained in such institutions who attend the public schools, are frequently found to be further advanced than children of the same age taught entirely in the institution.

We believe that, for obvious reasons, these children, as far as possible, should be sent to the public schools. It is recognized that this is not possible in all cases, but it can be done far more generally than is the case at present.

In examining the records of such institutions it is found, not infrequently, that children are permitted, for sufficient reasons, to leave the institution for a brief time and, when returning to it are entered as new inmates. This proves misleading, and causes incorrect deductions regarding the periods of retention in institutions. Some serious conditions are occasionally met with which demand immediate and radical change. In these cases inspectors are somewhat at a loss as to the manner in which they may best bring these subjects to the attention of managers, so as to secure their reform. In many cases, a conference between the inspector and the managers is sufficient to initiate the necessary improvement; in others this is not practicable. It seems desirable that all inspectors should have similar instructions as to their procedure and powers when matters calling for criticism are observed.

The inspections of the past year have resulted in the collection of a large amount of important material which can, from time to time, be made the subject of generalizations that will prove of great value not only to this Board, but to all who are interested in any way in charitable administration. It is the purpose of your committee, during the coming year, to develop a system which will place in condition for ready reference and use not only the material thus far accumulated, but also the increasing amount which the further development of this department will gather. This will place before this Board a series of extended deductions and conclusions which will further develop the efficiency of this department.

Respectfully submitted,

ENOCH VINE STODDARD, M. D.,
STEPHEN SMITH,
HARVEY W. PUTNAM,
Committee.

December 1, 1898.

REPORT

OF THE

Committee on Orphan Asylums and Children's Homes.

of Committee on Orphan Asylums and Children's Homes.

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ite Board of Charities:

ommittee on orphan asylums and children's homes met
of New York on the 25th day of October, 1898.

day there came before us the inspectors of the Eastern
District. Their statements indicate much improve-
in the condition of buildings and method of adminis-
many institutions of this class.

nagers of such institutions are, as a rule, duly grateful
eciative of the interest shown and advice given by the
rd of Charities.

cent annual report of an orphan asylum in New York
gratifying statement is made:

ave now two spacious reception houses, separate from
r, and located at a distance from the main buildings.
intended for the purpose of quartering children. This
ent has been made upon the very practical suggestion
te Board of Charities, and we find the danger of infec-
ntagion is greatly diminished. We are grateful to the
rd of Charities for this as well as for all valuable sug-
nd instructions."

ment on this report is required. The committee have
some length that the Board may be advised of the high
d appreciation for its services shown by these institu-

ortant branch of the work in orphan asylums has been
r inmates from one institution to another in proper
ipples have been placed in institutions for crippled
those suffering from other forms of physical disability
transferred from the ordinary orphan asylum to insti-

tutions with better facilities for care in the several cases. Until the appointment of inspectors the means for doing this work were limited.

A tendency exists on the part of many parents to waive their responsibility to their children by placing them in an institution which represents, at times, a too generous public. The inspectors have investigated the families of children so placed, and have frequently insisted upon their fulfilling parental obligations.

It is safe to say that while this work has been abandoned the decrease in population of many orphan asylums is largely due to the interest shown in this regard by the Board.

In some localities the inmates of orphanages are supported largely by parents or friends. In the borough of Manhattan the children are supported largely by funds drawn from the public treasury. This fact makes more clear the duty of the local charity authorities to investigate more thoroughly the condition of parents, with the view of compelling the care of children in the family in all proper cases. Systematic effort in this regard would lower the population in institutions, impress the parents with a sense of duty to their offspring, preserve the influences of home and family life to the children, save public money and in many ways benefit all concerned.

The idea of the orphan asylum should be to furnish a home temporary in its character. It is obvious that the welfare of a child living in a private family of respectability is better subserved than in the atmosphere which surrounds an institution regardless of how well the institution may be conducted.

More strenuous efforts should be made by managers of orphanages to find comfortable homes in private families for the children. The degree of faithfulness in this particular furnishes glaring contrasts. Some institutions attempt to find homes in private families, while others show a tendency to retain inmates for a long term of years. Even after the age of sixteen years children live in the institution as employes, receiving as compensation bed and board. This is not desirable for the child, however much it may appeal to the managers.

The matter of toilet articles has not received the proper attention of many institutions. Aside from the idea of cleanliness which should maintain, the necessity for good hygienic conditions should impress the managers with the need of supplying the inmates with individual toilet articles.

That boon to childhood, the cheapest of all commodities, fresh air, is too little known and its value to health and good spirits too little appreciated in many quarters.

Not enough attention is given to good table manners, to having clean crockery, glassware and knives and forks in the dining room. We will not comment upon that disregard for proper training sometimes shown by the appearance of a dining room with some of its crockery broken almost beyond recognition, for this should appeal to the most careless as inexcusable.

In an institution visited by a member of this committee the dining room used by the employed help was more neat and clean in all its furnishings than that used by the inmates. In fact, the knives and forks used by the help were properly scoured, while those placed for the children were unclean.

The committee on orphan asylums and children's homes earnestly recommend that this Board take steps towards bringing together in convention the matrons and superintendents of orphan asylums at convenient points at least once a year. The reasons, stated briefly, why such conventions would be a benefit, are that a keener interest in the work would develop in the several institutions, a knowledge of other institutions would broaden the horizon of the workers, discussion on the best methods of discipline, education, physical development and of instilling in the young lives with whom they come in contact those qualities which uphold noble manhood and womanhood, would result ultimately in a higher grade of orphan asylums throughout the State.

Respectfully submitted,

HARVEY W. PUTNAM,

Chairman.

Dated December 31, 1898.

REPORT

OF AN

Investigation into the Management of the House of Mercy, New York City, by a Special Committee of the Board.

REPORT.

To the State Board of Charities:

The following letter, addressed to President Stewart, was laid before the Board at its meeting on January 12, 1898:

"NEW YORK, *December* 27, 1897.

"HON. W. R. STEWART, *President State Board of Charities:*

"Dear Sir.—On Thursday, December 23d, an article was published in the New York Herald relating to the House of Mercy, containing charges against the institution in reference to the care and treatment of inmates, and casting a most serious imputation upon its administration. It is probably needless for us to inform you that these charges are absolutely false and without foundation, but as the publication of such statements, if allowed to remain uncontradicted, must necessarily affect the reputation and standing of the House of Mercy, we respectfully request the State Board of Charities to investigate the management of the institution. We shall esteem it a favor if you will cause such investigation to be made at the earliest practicable date and in the most thorough manner, in order that the friends of the institution and the general public may be fully informed as to the actual facts and that all grounds for unjust accusations may be effectually removed.

"Very respectfully,

"CHAS W. KENT,

(Signed) "ELIHU CHAUNCEY,

"LYMAN RHOADES,

"*Managers House of Mercy.*"

After consideration of the request contained in the foregoing letter, the State Board of Charities unanimously adopted the following:

"*Resolved*, That complying with the request of the managers of the House of Mercy, the President of the Board is authorized to appoint a special committee of three Commissioners of this Board to investigate the management of the House of Mercy in the city of New York, especially with reference to the care and treatment of the inmates thereof.

"*Resolved*, That it is the sense of this Board that such special committee should proceed to make such investigation at the earliest practicable date, and having in view the interests of the inmates and of the institution, to conduct the same as quietly as may be consistent with thoroughness, and that it be requested to report to the Board at its next meeting."

In accordance with the instructions of the State Board of Charities, contained in the foregoing resolutions, your committee thereby appointed would respectfully report:

At a preliminary meeting of this committee, at which all the members were present, held upon the date of their appointment, a plan of procedure was adopted and the investigation directed was forthwith commenced. At the request of this committee, a special notice was issued from the office of the Board, by the secretary, and published in the daily papers of New York city and Albany, instructing any person or persons wishing to be heard to send a request to that effect to the State Board of Charities at Albany. To this notice responses were received, and all persons making such request have been heard and examined under oath by this committee. The procedure adopted involved the examination of the present inmates of the House of Mercy, of ex-inmates of the same, of those persons and officers who are entrusted with the conduct of the institution, and also such persons not included in any of the above classes as claimed to possess or were supposed to possess information which would lead to the attainment of facts bearing upon the complaints to be investigated. All such persons have been examined under oath, their testimony recorded by a stenographer and later transcribed. The institution itself was visited and specially inspected in all its departments by the full committee, in company with Inspector of Charities Fanning.

While your commissioners have carefully pursued every line of inquiry affording probable information, they have adhered to the expressed opinion of the Board that such inquiry should be made as privately as circumstances might indicate to be consistent with thoroughness. We feel that this course has resulted in securing the fullest information, with a minimum of friction and irritation, and a complete avoidance of any sensational features.

The specific charges which have been the subject of this inquiry were the following:

First. That poor and insufficient food has been and is furnished to the inmates.

Second. That the discipline of the institution is injudicious, unnecessarily severe and not calculated to subserve the best interests of the inmates.

Third. That cases of aggravated neglect and cruelty have occurred involving both the above charges.

In making inquiry into the first of these charges the institution was visited by the full committee without previous notice. The supplies then in hand were examined as to quality; the kitchen facilities, the cooking and preparation of all kinds of food, including the baking of bread, were inspected, as well as the meals furnished to the inmates on the day of such inspection. A number of inmates selected by the committee were examined separately, under oath, and without previous knowledge of such examination. All such inmates were prevented from communicating with others during the inquiry. In this manner evidence was obtained without danger of collusion. A corresponding procedure was followed in the examination of ex-inmates.

Upon the second charge, relating to discipline, the testimony of inmates and ex-inmates was taken. Among those selected were several who had been frequently subjected to discipline, and a careful inquiry into their experiences while in the institution was made. Subsequently, the officers of the institution were examined in the same manner upon the points involved in the charges preferred, and also in matters in any way affecting the conduct of the institution.

In regard to the charges of specific cruelty to and neglect of certain inmates, persons interested in the cases referred to were invited to appear before your commissioners, and were given a full hearing, and their statements taken by a stenographer.

FOOD.

The following are the specific charges regarding food:

First. That it is poor in quality. Those examined invariably admitted that while this had formerly been the case, during the past year no cause for complaint had existed.

Second. That it was insufficient and without variety. In regard to this specification the same improvement has been recognized in the testimony given. All inmates examined admitted having had a sufficient quantity.

In the examination of the officers upon this point, a dietary was placed in evidence, giving the articles of diet and the general order in which they are furnished for meals. This dietary contains a reasonable variety of vegetable and animal food.

DISCIPLINE.

The second general complaint preferred is that the discipline of the institution is unnecessarily severe and unsympathetic, and includes specific punishments:

First. By locking inmates in a small room or cell, without food or water, and deprived of necessary personal conveniences, during periods varying from one to five days.

Second. Corporal infliction by whipping, the use of a gag, handcuffs and a strait-jacket.

Third. Physical deprivations, including loss of parts or the whole of meals, enforced silence and loss of other privileges.

Fourth. That inmates are not permitted to write to, communicate with or to see friends for long periods of time, as a punishment for infractions of discipline.

Fifth. Individual cases of harsh and cruel treatment.

Regarding the specific complaint against punishment by the cell or "lock-up," careful examination was made of inmates now

in the institution and several who have been discharged. The officers of the institution were also examined at length upon the same subject.

The "lock-ups" at the House of Mercy are three in number, one upon each floor, and open upon the main corridor. They are virtually alike, and consist of a small room about six feet wide, nine feet long and ten feet high, ceiled on the inside with varnished wood and closed by a door. Each cell is lighted by a square window in its upper part, about two and a half feet on each side. The cells contain no furniture, though a mattress and blankets are supplied to the inmates; but one individual is confined in each at a time.

FINDINGS OF FACT.

The complaints against the official conduct of the management have been considered under two divisions:

(a) Food and diet:

(b) Discipline and general care:

From the evidence submitted to and obtained by your commissioners, we find as follows:

FOOD AND DIET.

The complaints submitted were made by ex-inmates or by present inmates, to their friends or to others, outside the institution. While the claim has been advanced that the testimony of such persons is generally unworthy of belief, it is unjust to assume that all such persons are actuated by a spirit of anger or other unworthy motive, and accordingly perjure themselves.

The suppression of any means of detecting abuses in any institution is subversive of good government and inimical to public policy. Conflicting testimony given by such persons may be explained without resort to a charge of dishonesty or perjury. Such discrepancies in the testimony obtained in this investigation have usually related to special incidents or immaterial factors, while from the testimony of such persons, as a whole, substantial matter is obtained which serves to fix some points with certainty.

It has been difficult to harmonize some statements with a occurrences or the persons indicated, or with written rec Much of this kind of statement must be viewed as the testi of a young person of inferior or no early mental training, w distinctions between truth and error are very faintly dr We cannot justly consider all such testimony as wilfully f but must attribute it, in part, to the element of imagin which enters, unconsciously, into the statements of such subj who confound the occurrences which their imagination pa with realities.

Another modifying consideration regarding the testimo such persons is to be found in the tendency of inmates to c the relations of officers with themselves with sinister or s cious motives, which arise from distorted imagination, and w originate sensational charges.

There is some testimony tending to show that in the past, have been times when some of the food was not satisfacto character, and limited in variety, and that it was deficie quantity. The first of these conditions appears to have bee to imperfect preparation, and is usually referred to the b of bread. The complaints as to variety seem to have had foundation. These conditions are, however, by the genera mony of the inmates and ex-inmates examined, referre period of more than a year ago, all admitting that, dur past year the quality of food and its preparation have be factory, and that a greater variety has been supplied. complaint has been made of the infrequency of allowi to the inmates, and also of a limited supply of milk an We believe that these criticisms are sustained. Care tion shows that, at the present time, the supply of flou staples is the same for officers and inmates and tha and soup cooked are the same for both and are well p of excellent quality.

We accordingly find that, during the past two yea plaints, as to the character and quantity of food, w exceptions, are unfounded and belong to an admini

past, and which has been succeeded by one which has established improved conditions.

DISCIPLINE.

We find that the complaints made against this part of the institution are exaggerated, and mainly without foundation. The statements that incarceration in the "lock-up" for two or more days, and for much longer periods on a starvation diet, as a disciplinary measure, we find to be absolutely false. The admissions of some of those who had made such assertions, as well as credible testimony otherwise obtained, fully disproves such charges: except that the diet has been limited to two meals a day, and to bread and water on occasions; also no meal during the first day of incarceration.

Testimony shows that food and drink are furnished twice daily to the inmates of the "lock-ups." Water, as well as personal conveniences, can be had at any time, by knocking and asking for them. In some cases the diet consists of bread and water for a single day. Several of those who have undergone this punishment testified that they had been compelled to go two days without water, food or personal conveniences, and some even a longer period. On further questioning, all admitted that they could have had them by asking for them, but had declined them when offered, "because they were angry." Testimony on this point was unanimous, except in the cases of two inmates, who made positive statements regarding themselves and others, which, however, were not substantiated later by the testimony of those to whom they referred for confirmation.

Regarding the second specification, as to corporal infliction by whipping, testimony shows that on an occasion of disorderly conduct on the part of a number of inmates, under the leadership of two or three turbulent characters, the women attendants, unable to control the leaders of this so styled "riot," were compelled to call in the aid of the institution policeman. A carriage whip was placed in the hands of one of the officers for her use in protecting herself and others from threatened attack by the dis-

orderly inmates. The only persons struck on this occasion were inmates who approached and threatened the officer mentioned. Careful inquiry failed to discover any other occasion upon which a whip or any similar instrument has been used upon any inmate.

We accordingly find that corporal infliction by whipping forms no part of the disciplinary system, and that the instances charged have been confined to a single occasion when one of the officers resorted to a carriage whip, as a means of protection for herself and other female officers, at a time of great and threatening disturbance, and that the charges of severity in discipline in this respect are wholly unfounded and untrue.

Regarding the use of the gag as a means of punishment, extended examination detected one inmate only who claimed to have undergone its application. One ex-inmate examined stated that she had seen it used, and had seen the instrument itself. These young women were carefully questioned as to when and where they had seen it, and were also required to give the name of the person or persons upon whom it had been used. M. H., an inmate, claimed that the gag was frequently used in the institution as a punishment for loud talking, the use of bad language and profanity; that she, herself, had been gagged six times—the last time three years ago. She described two forms of gag as used in the institution, one of wood and one of iron, and further explained the mode of their introduction and application. She was unable, however, to give the dates, upon which she had suffered such infliction, and was absolutely unable to give an intelligible description of either of the instruments which she claimed were used.

R. A., an ex-inmate, claimed to have seen a girl who said she had been gagged, and only saw her as she came from the "lock-up," she stated to R. that marks, which appeared on the sides of her mouth, were made by a gag. Rosa claims to have seen the gag, but gave an indefinite and very unsatisfactory description of what she believes was such an instrument, which she saw in passing through the library.

Your commissioners were unable to secure any positive evidence of the existence or use of such an instrument in this institution during the past three years.

We accordingly find that the complaints, regarding the use of an instrument called a gag, have some foundation. Some form of gag has been used in the past, we think, experimentally, by an official who left the institution some time ago. It was employed in a few cases to prevent continued use of vile, obscene or blasphemous language. We find, however, that it was so employed without the authority or knowledge of the superior officers, and that no such instrument is now in use.

In regard to the use of hand-cuffs, testimony shows that they have occasionally been resorted to, but only upon inmates who have been violent or have struck other inmates, or who were so unmanageable by the women officers as to require the aid of the policeman of the institution to bring them to subjection. They have in all cases been applied by him. Their use has been rare, and only in such cases as above specified.

We accordingly find that while they have been employed in a few cases, they have always been applied by the policeman of the institution, and that they have never been used as a part of ordinary disciplinary treatment.

The complaint regarding the use of a "straight jacket" proves to have been, an attempt, in a single case, to restrain a violent girl by putting upon her a jacket with sleeves similar to the camisole used for restraint of the violent insane, so arranged as to secure her hands. This was employed instead of hand-cuffs, and is the only instance of which we could learn where this resort has been attempted. In this case, the jacket was quickly reduced to shreds by the inmate, which fact would indicate its simplicity and inefficiency.

Another physical infliction, indicated in the complaint, involves cutting off the hair of inmates, as a punishment. This is admitted by the officers as having been a resort in cases of extreme contumacy and prolonged resistance to discipline.

The cutting off of the hair, as a punishment, we find to have occurred in several cases. This is condemned, except when a sanitary necessity. It is a mutilation to which no woman should be subjected, and for which no palliation can be found in the light of modern ideas of justice and humanity.

Personal disfigurement and the humiliation of any inmate should hold no place in any reformatory system aiming to encourage and to build up self-respect.

A further physical deprivation, as a punishment for minor offenses, has been the withholding of luxuries, of a part or even the whole of a meal, and prohibition of speech together, with isolation in the dormitory during the daytime.

All deprivations of food are disapproved. The enforcement of silence for certain offenses has not been continued in any excessive degree, and we incline to the opinion that the resort to rest and quiet in bed, in the daytime, in a light and airy room, exerts a quieting influence in disturbed nervous conditions.

Regarding the complaint that inmates, as a punishment, have been prevented from communicating with their relatives and from seeing them on their visits to the institution, it is learned that one of the rules of the institution permits each inmate to write a letter once a month to her family or friends, and once in three months she is allowed to receive a visit from such friends. These privileges are forfeited by disorderly conduct and noncompliance with the rules of the institution.

We have been unable, on extended inquiry and examination of inmates and officers, to detect a case where these privileges have been denied except as consequent upon improper conduct of the inmate subjected to this penalty.

We accordingly find that deprivation of the privilege of writing to and receiving visits from relatives occupies a prominent place among disciplinary resources. We believe this to be unwise, a source of discouragement to the ordinary inmate and inimical to the best interests of the institution. It tends to produce sulkiness and rebellion in the inmates, and causes an impression among the friends that there is something to be con-

cealed from outside inquiry. Further, it hinders investigation of complaints made by friends and parents.

Regarding special cases of harsh and cruel treatment complained of, we find that much exaggeration and misrepresentation has occurred. In those brought forward no satisfactory evidence of any systematic neglect or cruelty has been produced. The exaggerated statements of ex-inmates appear to have been taken by some kindly disposed persons without sufficient effort to verify them by means of information easily obtainable.

GENERAL CONCLUSIONS.

Deductions resulting from this investigation necessarily extend beyond the facts established in the formal examination.

It must be remembered that reformatory efforts, at the present time, are mainly experimental and tentative; that the managers of the several institutions of this character in the State of New York are striving to develop such a system as shall ensure the welfare of their charges, and to this the managers of the House of Mercy form no exception. They constitute a body of earnest, thoughtful and large-hearted persons, whose endeavor to fulfill the obligations imposed upon them have been constant and persistent.

That errors in judgment may occur in any such institution is a matter of common observation. The administration of the affairs of the House of Mercy has been characterized by a conscientious attempt to discharge the obligations devolving upon it. This effort has been marred only by mistaken estimates of the disciplinary value of certain measures which can be so changed and adjusted as to ensure conditions which will render discipline less difficult and secure a fuller meed of success.

In concluding this report, your committee recommend action on the following suggestions:

(1) The number of attendants should be increased. It is essential that the inmates of such institutions be, as fully as possible, subjects of *individual study*. This can be accomplished only by bringing them into closer contact and relation with offi-

cers especially equipped for such duty and in full sympathy with their several charges.

(2) A more complete classification of inmates than at present exists in the two general divisions of the household should be made. By this means they can be separated into smaller groups under special officers and attendants.

(3) An official and full record of all disciplinary matters and acts should be kept, and entries made at the time of occurrence of each event recorded in each case, which should include the name of the offender, the nature of the offense, the form and degree of punishment and the reason for its imposition, with other matters.

(4) By-laws and rules for disciplinary procedure, and the regulation of all punishments should be established by the managers.

(5) A system of exercise and relaxation should be instituted providing special features of physical development and mental encouragement and elevation. This should embody some of the experiences of social life in the outside world as a preparation for a return to it at the termination of the educational and disciplinary course of the institution.

(6) It is essential that more attention to the education as afforded by the common schools should be given. Technical instruction in occupations which will render the inmate capable of honorable self-support, is at present very limited and should be amplified, especially in the House of Mercy division.

(7) It is not considered that the deprivation of food or nourishment is a wise disciplinary resort, and this committee disapprove decidedly of its forming even a non-essential feature of discipline, and accordingly recommend its discontinuance. It is not to be supposed that the dietary of any such institution is arranged upon so elevated a plane above the ordinary physiological needs of the young inmate as to permit of its diminution in any respect.

We believe that the adoption of these and other suggestions to be made by the State Board of Charities will remove many of the existing difficulties of the disciplinary department, and

place this institution higher on the list of those foremost in reformatory work.

The cordial co-operation of the administration of the House of Mercy with the efforts of your Commissioners in this investigation, and readiness to afford every means of obtaining necessary information, is an assurance of a desire to adopt any measures which promise better results in the work of this important correctional institution.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ENOCH V. STODDARD, M. D.,
EDWARD H. LITCHFIELD,
SELDEN E. MARVIN,
Commissioners.

REPORT

OF AN

Investigation into the Management of the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, New York City.

REPORT.

State Board of Charities:

The special committee appointed by the president at the meeting of the Board on May 18, 1898, to investigate the charges made against the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, respectfully report as follows:

The charges in general were to the effect that the sums donated to the hospital for "endowment of beds" were not invested in proper securities and the income thereof applied only to the maintenance of the beds.

After the examination of many witnesses and documents, the committee find:

That it does not appear from an examination of the terms and conditions of the gifts for "endowment of beds" that it was incumbent upon the authorities of the hospital to invest these moneys in proper securities and use merely the income thereof for the maintenance of beds. In the case of but one donor, do the committee find that there was a special written contract with regard to a donation for "endowment of beds" which made it incumbent upon the hospital to maintain the beds, giving certain provisions of appointment of patients to the donor, with the restriction that in case of the failure of the hospital to maintain such bed, etc., such amount of money should be paid over to another hospital for the same object.

The committee further found that written opinions upon this subject had been given by two counsel to the institution, to the effect that it was not incumbent upon the hospital authorities to place any of these funds out at interest and to make use of the income only. The committee further find that it appears to be understood by the donors themselves and by the form of the usual receipts for such moneys which were given by the hospital

authorities that the moneys should be generally used for the maintenance and operation of the hospital, it being incumbent upon the hospital to maintain the bed and in some cases to have the name of the donor or some other person attached to such endowed bed, and to give the donor or such persons as he might name, the right to place a patient in such bed to be cared for without charge by the hospital authorities.

It further appears that the charges were based in part upon the report of an accountant who never examined or even looked at the books of account kept at the hospital, but based her conclusions upon other reports of the hospital, which were made in annual statements or in reports to the State Board of Charities, which made comparison difficult because the reports were dated or made up at different times and on different theories of bookkeeping. In one of the reports an item of some $1,200 was stated as interest, but it does not appear from the books of account kept by the hospital that any such amount in that form was either received or expended, but that the amount was put in by the request of some of the lady managers of the babies' ward, in order to show what would be the income producing value of certain gifts which had already been used. This statement in a report the committee cannot praise or deem to be the proper thing in the history of an institution.

Your own inspector, a competent accountant, did not find, aside from this statement which appears in the report, any errors in the accounts themselves as kept by the institution.

The committee found that some of the directors or persons interested in the institution held the earnest opinion that all moneys given for the "endowment of beds," as the phrase goes, should be invested in proper securities and the income only thereof should be devoted to the maintenance of the hospital. This, however, seems to the committee to be a question of the conduct or management of the hospital and the use of its funds, since it does not appear to the committee by its investigation that there has been in law or equity any breach of trust.

It further appears from the report of an accountant, which

report is mentioned above as one based upon the reports and not upon the accounts or account books themselves of the institution, which were not examined or even seen by this accountant, that the total of moneys paid, by the city of New York, to the hospital, would produce at the rate of thirty-eight cents per day a much larger number of patients than were ever reported to be or ever were in the hospital. But here again it appeared that this particular accountant's report was based upon the supposition that the only sums of money received from the city of New York by this hospital were the moneys allowed at the rate of thirty-eight cents per day for each baby patient, oblivious of the fact that another appropriation was made in a lump sum for the benefit of the hospital.

This latter charge that the city of New York had paid for children who had never been in the institution was not sustained by the complainants. It was evident upon their examination that they had made the accusation in ignorance of the meaning of the law.

(Signed)

TUNIS G. BERGEN.
STEPHEN SMITH.
JOHN VINTON DAHLGREN.
Committee.

REPORT OF AN INVESTIGATION

INTO THE MANAGEMENT OF

The American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York City,

BY A SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD.

thing possible being done to extirpate the disease. The buildings were well kept and everything seemed to be done in an orderly way.

To determine the sanitary condition of these buildings your committee put itself in touch with the Department of Health of New York.

On the 4th day of November we received a very satisfactory communication from President Murphy of the Health Board. He had had the premises carefully examined by an expert and had, pursuant to the powers conferred upon him, directed that many changes be made. He enclosed us a copy of his order, which is attached to and is hereby made a part of this report.

Second. The allegation that these buildings were not properly protected against fire was specially examined into and considered by us. The building 30 East Thirtieth street had been built in 1849 and the building 29 East Twenty-ninth street in 1856. Their age, consequently, rendered them more inflammable than new structures. Again at the time of their erection the building laws were not so strict as under later legislation and many safeguards required now do not exist in these edifices. With these facts in mind we carefully noted their condition and were unable, if danger were present to perceive it. Impressed, however, with the importance of a correct conclusion in this particular, we referred the question to the Department of Buildings, a department whose functions under the law it is to decide such matters. We also asked it to see if the means of egress were sufficient. Both buildings were pronounced by it to be in "safe condition," and that by one of its best inspectors, Mr. Martin J. Hackett. Additional means of exit, however, were ordered on both structures. We append the orders of the department in this regard.

Third. The third complaint was that the institution was poorly managed. This allegation mainly referred to the employment of unnecessary and incompetent labor. Mrs. George B. Watts, the president, submitted a list of the employes, giving their number, occupation, age and wages. From it and from what we personally saw at the home we were not unfavorably impressed.

REPORT.

To the State Board of Charities:

This committee was appointed to investigate the condition, management, affairs and discipline of the American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.

This society was created by special act of the Legislature, April 6, 1849. The governing body is composed of *eleven* ladies, known as the executive committee. This body appoints sub-committees, through whom the work of the Home is transacted.

Its object is the care of destitute children and the education and industrial training of children not eligible for admission to the public schools. Surrendered children are also placed out in families. It is situated at 30 East Thirtieth street and 29 East Twenty-ninth street. It also has twelve industrial schools, and a summer home at Oceanport, New Jersey. It is mainly sustained by public moneys (see section 230, the Greater New York charter), $43,494.31 having been appropriated by the city of New York for that purpose, during the year ending September 30, 1898. Of a total of 208 children cared for in the parent home on Thirtieth street during this last named period, 167 were supported from the public funds.

The complaints made to your committee affected only that part of the institution located at 30 East Thirtieth street and 29 East Twenty-ninth street. These consisted of the following:

First. That the structures were unsanitary.

Second. That they were not properly safeguarded against fire, and

Third. That they were poorly managed.

On the 27th of October, your committee inspected the buildings. We found scarlet fever epidemic. Whether the fever was caused by the sanitary condition of the houses or had been brought in from the outside we could not decide. We found, however, every-

as being contrary to article 8, section 14 of the revised Constitution of the State which provides that,

"Payments by counties, cities, towns and villages to charitable, eleemosynary, correctional and reformatory institutions, wholly or partly under private control, for care, support and maintenance, may be authorized, but shall not be required by the Legislature. No such payments shall be made for any inmate of such institutions who is not received and retained therein pursuant to rules established by the State Board of Charities."

In other words, city funds can only be paid to charitable institutions pursuant to our rules and consequently, where they do not extend for a want of jurisdiction, there it is illegal to send the public moneys.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

In conclusion, based upon the above report, we would make the following recommendations:

First. That pursuant to rule II, subdivision 6 of the rules of this Board, adopted in accordance with article 8, section 14, of the Constitution of New York, this institution be required to execute within a reasonable time after notice the orders of the department of health of the city of New York, in reference to the sanitary condition of premises known as 30 East Thirtieth street, and 29 East Twenty-ninth street. That such reasonable time shall not extend beyond thirty days after the service of the said notice, and that after that date until the said execution no moneys shall be paid by the city of New York to the said institution for care, support or maintenance.

Second. That pursuant to the said rule II, subdivision 6, the said institution be directed to provide the additional means of egress required by the department of buildings within a reasonable time. That such time shall not extend beyond thirty days after service of the said notice, and that after that date, if the orders are unfulfilled, it shall not be lawful for the said city of New York to pay any money to the said society for care, support or maintenance.

Third. That thirty days after the notice above specified in the

event of the failure of this institution to comply with said orders, the Comptroller of the city of New York be notified of the resolutions passed by this Board, pursuant to these recommendations, and that all payment for care, support and maintenance cease, until the completion of the work so ordered.

Fourth. That a committee be appointed to report to this Board the wisdom of making institutions partly or wholly supported by public funds subject to the civil service laws of this State.

Fifth. That said institution be required to arrange the water closets in 29 East Twenty-ninth street and 30 East Thirtieth street so that the inmates therein will be unable to see each other. That in case it declines so to do the notice referred to in section 13 of the State Charities Law be served and the proceedings therein set forth be followed.

Sixth. That the opinion of the Attorney-General be asked as to whether that part of this home, located at Oceanport, New Jersey, is subject to the jurisdiction of this Board.

ENOCH VINE STODDARD, M. D.,
EDWARD H. LITCHFIELD,
JOHN VINTON DAHLGREN,
Committee.

(Copy.)

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
(CRIMINAL COURT BUILDING),
CENTRE, WHITE, ELM AND FRANKLIN STREETS,
BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN,
NEW YORK, *November* 4, 1898.

To Mrs. GEORGE B. WATTS, *President*, 885 *St. Nicholas avenue:*

Reported as owner, agent or lessee of premises hereinafter named.

*Sir.—You are hereby required, in conformity with the provisions of the sanitary code and the health laws, to alter, repair, cleanse and improve premises No. 29 East Twenty-ninth street and 30 East Thirtieth street, Borough of Manhattan, New York city, as follows, viz.: That the defective brick drain extending from

*So in original.

front wall of east side of house, 29 East Twenty-ninth street, through said house and through the yard beneath and flooring in the basement of said house, and beneath the surface of said yard be removed, its site cleaned and disinfected and filled with fresh earth, and replaced by extra heavy cast-iron pipe, at least six inches in diameter, with all joints properly lead calked, and connected to the house sewer by a gas tight joint; and that it be provided with a fresh air inlet of similar material, at least four inches in diameter, and with running trap, placed near the front wall of the building, provided with proper hand-holes and trap screw ferrules; that the yard and area drains and easterly rain leaders of each house be each separately trapped, and said yard and area drains, rain leaders, and all soil and waste pipes thereat in each house be connected with extra heavy cast iron drain with suitable fittings and lead calked joints; that the defective earthenware house drain beneath the surface of the yard on west side of premises be removed, its site cleaned and disinfected and filled with fresh earth, and replaced by extra heavy pipe at least six inches in diameter, and connected with the iron house drain on west side of house, No. 29 East Twenty-ninth street, with properly calked lead joints; that the yard and area drains and westerly rain leaders of each house be each separately trapped, that said yard and area drains, rain leaders and all soil and waste pipes thereat in each house be connected with said extra heavy cast-iron house drain, with suitable fittings and lead calked joints; that all obstructions be removed from the fresh air inlet pipe of the westerly house drain in the sidewalk in front of 29 East Twenty-ninth street; that the hole in the iron waste pipe in the basement from the wash basin on the east side of the first floor of No. 29 East Twenty-ninth street be closed gas tight with an iron band set in red lead putty; that the corroded sheet iron vent pipe be removed from the main iron soil pipe thereat, and said soil pipe be ventilated by extending the same in full calibre of similar material, with properly lead calked joints, at least two feet above the top of the skylight of adjoining air shaft; that the decayed woodwork back of the sink on the east side of the second floor of No. 29 East Twenty-ninth

street be replaced by new woodwork, and be protected by a properly adjusted new metal sink flashing, and that the flooring in the west side of basement thereat, and the seats of the water closets throughout each building be properly repaired and made secure; that the flagging throughout the yard be properly repaired and so graded as to discharge all surface water into the drain thereat; that the broken porcelain water closets, nursery side on the third floor of 29 East Twenty-ninth street, and on the first, second and third floors at 30 East Thirtieth street, be replaced by new water closets, properly connected with gas tight joints to the soil and vent pipes; that the flushing apparatus of the pan water closets on the second floor adjoining the hall in 30 East Thirtieth street be properly repaired so that said water closet shall be properly flushed at all times; that the iron container of same be cleaned, scraped, burned out and coated with hot tar, and said closet be provided with a properly adjusted new enameled drip tray and the safe under the seat cleaned and disinfected, or that said pan water closet be replaced by a flush-rim water closet, flushed from the cistern thereat through a one and one-quarter inch flush pipe; that the safe waste of said safe be soldered gas tight; that the main iron soil pipe thereat be ventilated by extending the same in full calibre of similar material, with properly lead calked joints at least two feet above the roof; that the lead trap of the lavatory sink in boys' bathroom in basement of 30 East Thirtieth street, be connected with the lead waste pipe, with a properly wiped joint; that the end of the disused T branch in the soil pipe in the laundry thereat be closed with an iron plug lead calked; that the dwarfed partitions which form the water closet apartments on the second and top floors of 30 East Thirtieth street, be extended to the ceilings air tight; that the opening in the partitions of the top floor water closet apartment which communicates with the window thereat be closed and the partition made continuous; that the said water closet apartment on the top floor, and the water closet apartment on the second floor adjoining the hall at 30 East Thirtieth street be each ventilated by a

special shaft of at least 144 square inches in area, extending above the roof; and that the doors of each water closet apartment on said floors be cut away at least three inches at the bottom to promote ventilation; that all windows opening from the water closet apartment adjoining the hall on the second floor in 30 East Thirtieth street, and from the air shafts which serve to ventilate the water closets on the third and fourth floors of 29 East Twenty-ninth street, into the adjoining rooms, bedrooms and dormitory on each floor be permanently sealed air tight; that another water closet in addition to the present water closet be placed on the top floor of 30 East Thirtieth street for the use of the boys and women on said floor; that the overflow pipe of the house tank located between the ceiling and the roof of 30 East Thirtieth street be made to discharge into a properly trapped, water-supplied, sewer-connected open sink.

Your attention is called to the fact, that by section 1172, chapter 378, Laws of 1897, it is provided that any violation of the sanitary code or health laws subjects the person responsible therefor to penalties, and this notice is sent to you in order that the necessity of legal proceedings may be avoided by your compliance with the foregoing requirements within five days from the receipt of this notice. Any application for necessary extension of time, or for suspension of any part of the above requirements, must be made to this department through the assistant sanitary superintendent of the Borough of Manhattan, Criminal Court building, Centre, White, Elm and Franklin streets, within three days of receipt of this notice.

By order of the Board of Health,

EMMONS CLARK,
Secretary.

N. B.—If you are not the owner, agent or lessee, please notif this department without delay.

A true copy.

C. GOLDMAN,
Secretary pro tem.

(Copy.)

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH,
CITY OF NEW YORK,
CENTRE, ELM, WHITE AND FRANKLIN STREETS,
BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN.

NEW YORK, *November* 3, 1898.

DR. A. BLAUVELT, *Chief Inspector:*

Sir.—I have the honor to report that I have this day visited the Home for the Friendless, No. 30 East Thirtieth street, to investigate with reference to isolation, disinfection and other sanitary precautions with reference to the epidemic of scarlet fever which is now present in the institution.

I found that the institution covers six city lots and consists of two buildings, one on Thirtieth street and the other on Twenty-ninth street, these buildings being connected with a passageway.

The building on Twenty-ninth street, in which the epidemic of scarlet fever has existed since the fourth of October, consists of three departments; the nursery, the quarantine and hospital. At the beginning of the epidemic 50 children were in the nursery, of whom 10 have been removed to the hospitals of the department of health with scarlet fever, and 3 were removed to the hospital of the institution for other reasons, leaving 37 children now in the nursery. No case of scarlet fever has occurred among these children since the 22d of October. In the quarantine department of this building 16 children were confined at the time of the outbreak, of whom 4 have been removed to the hospitals of the department of health, the last case from the quarantine occurring on the 2d of November. There are at present 6 children suffering with other than contagious diseases in the hospital of the institution.

As far as I can learn and observe, all sanitary precautions with reference to disinfection and isolation are being taken in accordance with rules and suggestions of this department.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)) CHAS. S. BENEDICT, M. D.,
Medical Inspector (Dianostician).

A true copy,
C. GOLDMAN,
Secretary pro tem.

(Copy.)

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
BOROUGHS OF MANHATTAN AND THE BRONX,
NO. 220 FOURTH AVE., SOUTHWEST CORNER OF EIGHTEENTH ST.

NEW YORK, *November* 29, 1898.

To American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, owner, MRS. HENRY C. HOUGHTON, *President of Board of Managers.*

You are hereby notified that the building situate on the front of the lot on the south side of East Thirtieth street, commencing about 90 feet from the southeast corner of East Thirtieth street and Madison avenue, being a three-story brick building, about 48 feet front, 48 feet rear, 75 feet deep, and 60 feet in height, and occupied as asylum, etc., as follows: On first floor, — families; on second floor, — families; on third floor, — families; on fourth floor, — families; on fifth floor, — families; on sixth floor, — families; on seventh floor, — families, and known as No. 30 East Thirtieth street in the city of New York, is not provided with good and sufficient means of escape in case of fire, as required by chapter 410, Laws of 1882, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, relating to buildings in the city of New York.

You are therefore required forthwith to place upon said buildings an iron balcony 4 feet wide, on rear wall at third story, taking in the third window from the easterly side, said balcony to be connected with roof of extension beneath it by means of an iron stairs, said roof of extension to be connected with ground by means of iron stairs, said stairs to be 4 feet wide, with risers not exceeding 7½ inches and treads not exceeding 10 inches and provided with proper hand-rail guards, said window opening to be cut down to form doorway and the corresponding window opening on second story likewise converted into a doorway; also provide stationary iron ladder to scuttle and have all present fire-escapes painted, or legal proceedings will be commenced against you.

All to be constructed as follows:

Brackets must not be less than ½ x 1¾ inches wrought iron, placed edgewise, or 1¾-inch angle iron, ¼-inch thick, well braced.

and not more than 3 feet apart, and the braces to brackets must not be less than $\frac{3}{4}$ inches square wrought iron, and must extend two-thirds of the width of the respective brackets or balconies. In all cases the brackets must go through the wall and be turned down 3 inches.

Brackets on new buildings must be set as the walls are being built. When brackets are to be put on old houses, the part going through the wall shall not be less than 1 inch diameter, with screw nuts and washers not less than 5 inches square and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick.

Top rails.—The top rail of balcony must be $1\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ inch wrought iron, or $1\frac{1}{2}$-inch angle iron, $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick, and in all cases must go through the walls and be secured by nuts and 4-inch square washers, at least $\frac{3}{8}$ inch thick, and no top rail shall be connected at angles by the use of cast iron.

Bottom rails.—Bottom rails must be $1\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$-inch wrought iron, or $1\frac{1}{2}$-inch angle iron, $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick, well leaded into the wall. In frame buildings the top rails must go through the studding and be secured on the inside by washers or nuts.

Filling-in bars.—The filling-in bars must not be less than $\frac{1}{2}$-inch round or square wrought iron, placed not more than 6 inches from centers, and well riveted to the top and bottom rails.

Stairs.—The stairs in all cases must not be less than 18 inches wide, and constructed of $\frac{1}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$ inch wrought iron sides or strings. Steps may be of cast iron of the same width of strings, or $\frac{5}{8}$-inch round iron, doubled rungs, and well riveted to the strings. The stairs must be secured to a bracket on top, and rest on and be secured to a bracket or extra cross bar at the bottom. All stairs must have a $\frac{3}{4}$-inch handrail of wrought iron, well braced.

Floors.—The flooring of balconies must be of wrought iron $1\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$ inch slats placed not over $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches apart, and secured to iron battons $1\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$ inch, not over 3 feet apart and riveted at the intersection. The openings for stairways in all balconies shall not be less than 20 inches wide and 36 inches long, and have no covers.

Drop ladders.—Drop ladders from lower balconies where required shall not be less than 14 inches wide, and shall be made of $1\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$ inch sides and $\frac{5}{8}$-inch rungs of wrought iron. In no case shall the drop ladder be more than 12 feet in length. In no case shall the ends of balconies extend more than 9 inches over the brackets.

Scuttle ladders.—Ladders to scuttles shall be constructed in all cases the same as the stairs or step-ladders from balconies of fire-escapes.

The height of railing around balconies shall not be less than 2 feet 9 inches.

No fire-escape will be approved by the commissioner of buildings if not in accordance with above specifications.

In constructing all balcony fire-escapes, the manufacturer thereof shall securely fasten thereto, in a conspicuous place, a cast iron plate, having suitable raised letters on the same to read as follows:

NOTICE.—Any person placing any incumbrance on this balcony is liable to a penalty of ten dollars and imprisonment for ten days.

COMMISSIONER OF BUILDINGS.

(Copy.)

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
BOROUGHS OF MANHATTAN AND THE BRONX,
No. 220 FOURTH AVE., SOUTHWEST CORNER OF EIGHTEENTH ST.,
NEW YORK, *November* 28, 1898.

To American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, owner, MRS. G. B. WATTS, *President:*

You are hereby notified that the building situate on the front of the lot on the north side of East Twenty-ninth street, commencing about 100 feet from the northeast corner of Madison avenue and East Twenty-ninth street, being a four-story brick building, about 75 feet front, 75 feet rear, 50 feet deep, and 60 feet in height, and occupied as asylum, school and hospital, as follows: On first floor, — families; on second floor, — families; on third floor, — families; on fourth floor, — families; on fifth floor, — families

on sixth floor, — families; on seventh floor, — families; and known as No. 29 East Twenty-ninth street, in the city of New York, is not provided with good and sufficient means of escape in case of fire, as required by chapter 410, Laws of 1882, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, relating to buildings in the city of New York.

You are therefore required forthwith to cut a door in easterly wall of westerly extension at mezzanine story between first and second story and place an iron platform and stairs, on outside of building leading from the said door to the yard level, stairs to be at least 3 feet wide with 8-inch treads and 7-inch risers, and have present fire escapes painted; also provide stairs with double handrail or legal proceedings will be commenced against you.

All to be constructed as follows:

Brackets must not be less than $\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$ inch wrought iron, placed edgewise, or $1\frac{3}{4}$-inch angle iron, $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick, wall braced, and not more than 3 feet apart, and the braces to brackets must not be less than $\frac{3}{4}$-inch square wrought iron, and must extend two-thirds of the width of the respective brackets or balconies. In all cases the brackets must go through the wall, and be turned down 3 inches.

Brackets on new buildings must be set as the walls are being built. When brackets are to be put on old houses, the part going through the wall shall not be less than 1 inch diameter, with screw nuts and washers not less than 3 inches square and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick.

Top rails.—The top rails of balcony must be $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches by 1-3 inch wrought iron, or $1\frac{1}{2}$-inch angle iron, $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick, and in all cases must go through the walls and be secured by nuts and 4 inch square washers at least $\frac{3}{8}$ inch thick, and no top rail shall be connected at angles by the use of cast iron.

Bottom rails.—Bottom rails must be $1\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$ inch wrought iron, or $1\frac{1}{2}$-inch angle iron, $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick, well leaded into the wall. In frame buildings the top rails must go through the studding and be secured on the inside by washers and nuts as above.

Filling-in bars.—The filling-in bars must not be less than $\frac{1}{2}$-inch round or square wrought iron, placed not more than 6 inches from centers, and well riveted to the top and bottom rails.

Stairs.—The stairs in all cases must not be less than 18 inches wide, and constructed of $\frac{1}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$ inch wrought iron sides or strings. Steps may be of cast iron of the same width of strings, or $\frac{5}{8}$-inch round iron, double rungs, and well riveted to the strings. The stairs must be secured to a bracket on top, and rest on and be secured to a bracket or extra cross bar at the bottom. All stairs must have a $\frac{3}{4}$-inch handrail of wrought iron, well braced.

Floors.—The flooring of balconies must be of wrought iron $1\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$ inch slate placed not over $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches apart, and secured to iron battons $1\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$ inch, not over 3 feet apart and riveted at the intersection. The openings for stairways in all balconies shall not be less than 20 inches wide and 36 inches long, and have no covers.

Drop ladders.—Drop ladders from lower balconies where required shall not be less than 14 inches wide, and shall be made of $1\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{8}$ inch sides and $\frac{5}{8}$-inch rungs of wrought iron. In no case shall a drop ladder be more than 12 feet in length. In no case shall the ends of balconies extend more than 9 inches over the brackets.

Scuttle ladders.—Ladders to scuttle shall be constructed in all cases the same as the stairs or step ladders from balconies of fire escapes.

The height of railing around balconies shall not be less than 2 feet 9 inches.

No fire escape will be approved by the commissioner of buildings if not in accordance with the above specifications.

In constructing all balcony fire escapes, the manufacturer thereof shall securely fasten thereto, in a conspicuous place a cast iron plate, having suitable raised letters on the same to read as follows:

Notice.—Any person placing any incumbrance on this balcony is liable to a penalty of ten dollars and imprisonment for ten days.

COMMISSIONER OF BUILDINGS.

REPORT

OF

Visitation of Almshouses in the Third Judicial District.

By Commissioner Marvin.

Protection also, for the feeble-minded women by separation from the opposite sex, and for all, hospital care with competent nurses when sick.

If among the population there are any capable of labor even the slightest, it should be exacted as their due. When through any misconception of the proper functions of an almshouse, the population is permitted to number the able-bodied, there is but one solution for an economical management and their speedy return to society. They are robbing society of the value of their labor, and subjecting it to the cost of their support in idleness.

There should be a rigid exaction of the full amount of labor each is able to render. The farm, dairying, poultry raising and work of providing simple articles for almshouse use offer field enough, in connection with the labor of the house and farm for all the hands likely to remain.

During the past summer, in addition to the visitations and inspection made by myself, there has been a most careful examination and inspection, of the almshouses of the district by Inspector of Almshouses, Cyrus C. Lathrop. These inspections are to be made from time to time and the almshouses kept under constant supervision.

The census of the almshouses will be of interest although given for the months when the population is at the lowest number.

	Population.			Idiots.			Epileptics.			Children.			Persons Over 70 Years of Age.			Per cent. over 70 years old.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Albany	106	58	164	3	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	26	20	46	28
Columbia	82	45	127	4	6	10	3	3	6	0	1	1	32	20	52	41
Greene	41	28	69	1	0	1	0	2	2	1	0	1	10	13	23	33
Rensselaer	187	72	259	1	3	4	4	0	4	2	0	2	34	24	58	22
Schoharie	20	12	32	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	2	4	13
Sullivan	38	19	57	4	1	5	3	0	3	1	0	1	18	9	27	48
Ulster	79	31	110	8	3	11	0	2	2	0	1	1	20	14	34	31
Kingston city	38	5	43	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	13	3	16	37
Total	.....	.....	861	.....	.....	36	.....	.....	21	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	260	31½

The rated capacity of the almshouses of the district is 1,275 and 861 inmates at the midsummer census.

The farms in the aggregate, comprising 1,042 acres are under good cultivation and with the proportion devoted to pasturage and gardens provides a large amount of the food consumed during the year.

The inmates are, generally, well housed, with the exception of those in Albany county. The buildings of the district are either modern or, if old, in a good state of repair. There have been no additions during the year nor improvements of note.

Steam or furnace heat, with the exception in some of the buildings in Albany county and the hospital in Columbia county, keep the buildings comfortable in the most severe weather.

Ventilation is not one of the sciences considered in almshouse plans in the past and the majority of the almshouses of the district are no better equipped, even the most modern, than the small dwelling house of the day. When ventilators were found, they were whitewashed over and not used.

The water supply is good, and as a rule the pressure good excepting in Albany and Greene counties; in the former the mains are too small, and in the latter the supply is taken from small springs from a level too low to afford any pressure.

The drainage is generally good, excepting in Greene county, where the low position of the buildings permit but a slight fall.

The general sanitary condition, with the exception of Albany county consequent upon old buildings, is good and the buildings generally clean.

The care of the sick is commendable. Five counties have hospital accommodations and in four special attendants are provided. In Greene and Sullivan counties no especial provision is made for the care of the sick.

The diet is uniformly good, in every instance of good quality, varied and well cooked.

In facilities for maintaining cleanliness of the inmates there is in general a lamentable lack of conveniences. The laundry and

bathing facilities to be found in the district would not be tolerated in any modern house of ten rooms. In Sullivan and Greene counties the bathing facilities were most meagre, while in none of the counties are they adequate. The laundry appliances are universally inadequate, the work being done mainly by hand, only in Rennselaer county and Kingston City Almshouse was there any approach to modern conveniences.

The fire protection in the counties of Albany, Rensselaer and Columbia is good, but is so inadequate in the other counties that steps should be taken to protect the inmates and buildings and to provide some additional means of escape.

A number of portable ladders to be used in event of fire would do much in such an emergency to save life when corridors are impassable by reason of being filled with dense smoke.

It was found that with the exception of Sullivan and Ulster counties, especial care has been taken to keep the sexes separate.

The great value of personal data and statistics relative to population of the almshouses does not seem to be understood. The records of four counties were excellently kept, while those of the rest were correspondingly deficient. The presence in the almshouses of so large a number of idiots or feeble-minded, of whom fourteen are women, and of epileptics is a sufficient commentary upon the immediate and pressing need for legislation that will make possible the proper care of these needy ones. We owe them and society protection, which in the present crowded condition of the State institutions it is impossible to give.

From this summary it will be seen that the almshouses of this district are in a fairly creditable condition and where improvement is suggested, it is wholly within the possibility of immediate correction.

I herewith append the report of Inspector Cyrus C. Lathrop, covering his examination into and inspection of the almshouses of this district, to which respectful attention is invited.

SELDEN E. MARVIN,
Commissioner, Third Judicial District.

ALBANY CITY ALMSHOUSE.

A careful inspection was made of this almshouse, the morning of July 12th, accompanied by deputy E. J. Nolan.

Haying was in progress and not much was seen of the other employees or the superintendent, Mr. C. H. Armstrong, until the next day.

The buildings are located upon a level stretch of fertile land covering 80 acres, adjoining desirable residence property, bordering upon a parkway and across from the new City Hospital now nearly completed; also the street will be paved in the spring. These things daily increase its value and desirability as residence property and daily the futility of continuing the almshouse in its present location is more apparent. These facts were dwelt upon at great length in the report of last year from this district and the desirability of removing the almshouse from its present location to one distant from the city also pointed out.

The buildings are in a dilapidated condition and during the past year have grown more unsafe and more undesirable for tenanting so many men and women. It seems that to longer delay action in this matter, would be unpolitic and a menace to the health and safety of these charges of the county.

The sanitary conditions grow worse and greater efforts are required to maintain a creditable institution.

The grounds are neat and orderly, the women's building spotlessly clean. With so many apparently able-bodied men among the population, there seems but little excuse for the condition of the men's rooms, closets and water-closets, which were far from clean.

The diet is liberal and varied, the food well cooked; the inmates appear contented and well cared for.

While it is true that the almshouse is within reach of the city fire department service, it is also true that the water pressure is inadequate for the purpose of fire protection if used direct from the hydrants, and greater care should be taken that the hose is in good condition, reeled and more easily accessible.

The hospital retains its high standard of excellence, caring for

those it ministers to on a par with the other similar institutions of the city.

The records both statistical and of the personal history of the inmates, were excellently kept making easy the gathering of the information embraced in these records.

The census on the day of inspection was as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Inmates	106	58	164
Idiots	3	....	3
Epileptics	....	1	1
Persons over 70 years of age	26	20	46

COLUMBIA COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

On June 10th, a careful inspection was made of this almshouse which is located in the village of Ghent and only 2½ miles from the town of Chatham. The residence buildings which will accomodate 175 persons are of brick with slate roofs and though not modern were well painted outside as well as inside.

The farm and out buildings are exceptionally fine and commodious. The farm comprises 200 acres of good land, 185 acres of which are under excellent cultivation.

The census for the day was as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Inmates	82	45	127
Children	....	1	1
Idiots	4	6	10
Epileptics	3	3	6
Persons over 70 years of age	32	20	52

Forty-one per cent. of the population being over 70 years of age.

Complete separation of the sexes is maintained by means of separate buildings and fenced yards, with one exception which constitutes an objectional feature. The "negro house," the upper floor of which is used for females, is located in the yard set apart for male inmates and thus proper protection cannot be given those young women.

The grounds present an attractive appearance and are neat and in order. The buildings throughout were also in the same degree of order and high degree of cleanliness.

The food was of good quality, well prepared and the diet was varied. Cordial relations apparently existed between the employees and inmates.

With the exception of the hospital building, hot water heat was used throughout and the ventilation would be fair, if the ventilators which had been annually whitewashed over by the present superintendent's predecessors, were used.

An abundant water supply is received from the driven well system of the town of Chatham and comes with high pressure.

Sufficient hose on wagon reel is handy for attachment to any one of the three regulation hydrants, and 25 feet of hose in good order is connected to the stand pipe on each floor of the buildings. The drains appear ample and empty into the Kinderhook creek which flows immediately behind the buildings. These drains discharge too close to the buildings and should be carried farther down the stream.

A feature to condemn and which should receive immediate attention is the present arrangement of water-closets. The water-closets for men are of the open vault type, overhanging the river bank. During the small part of the year when the river fills its bed they are sanitary but for the greater part they are unsanitary and offensive. The flush closets that have been lately provided for the female inmates open directly into sleeping rooms without other ventilation. The water-closets provided for the hospital, are of a flush trough type and are unsanitary and offensive.

With so abundant a supply of water, buildings so ample and admirably adapted and a reputation for the care of its poor so high, this county should remedy at once this unsanitary condition.

The sick are admirably cared for in a brick building of two stories well separated from the main buildings. Each sex occupy a floor and are each under the care of an experienced attendant.

RENSSELAER COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

The Rensselaer County Almshouse was visited at about nine o'clock, the morning of June 6th. The farm of 170 acres of light loamy soil, is upon high, mostly level ground. The land is fertile and was under good cultivation. The 12 cows and a large number of pigs added very materially to the visible food supply of the institution.

The buildings are modern in construction and from the arrangement of the keepers, administration and work and service buildings which are in the middle, complete separation of the sexes is secured while on the grounds. The male quarters are to the south, the female quarters to the north, each having a large yard enclosed by a high, tight board fence. At the extreme ends of the buildings for each sex is a well equipped hospital, neither of which, however, is large enough for the purpose.

The farm buildings are in the rear, at a safe distance from the main buildings. All the buildings are in good repair, well painted and the grounds present a neat appearance.

Upon the occasion of my first visit of inspection I was received by the keeper, Mr. George H. Atkins, who accompanied me in a thorough inspection of the grounds and buildings which were in a generally creditable condition.

During the afternoon of November 18th, another inspection was made by me. Mr. J. D. Kittell, the present keeper, who assumed charge July 15th, also offered every facility for a thorough inspection of the place. The grounds, farming implements and buildings showed marked improvements of a new hand.

During the year many of the partitions in the dormitories have been removed, making large rooms in place of the smaller ones. A doctor's office has also been provided which is commodious and equally accessible to inmates of either sex without necessity of their coming in contact or communication with one another.

A fire escape on the men's side permits the use of the third floor for sleeping purposes, which is fully occupied in the winter time. For an institution of its size and pretensions, the ventila-

tion which is only fair could be improved materially and should be. The general sanitary condition of the place was good. The men's water-closet in the basement of the men's building, however, was in bad condition and offensive. The drains are in some way defective as the water backs up into the room. Puttied joints and broken overflow connections from bath-tubs showed careless plumbing which may give trouble at no far distant day.

The system of clothing boxes under each bed, menaces the cleanliness of the house. These though uniform, were receptacles, in some cases, for broken food and rubbish and harbored croton and bed bugs. The clothing boxes were supplemented by smaller boxes and cans adding to the labor of keeping the rooms and beds clean.

Employees are occupying two rooms in the male building, which are adapted and needed for the purposes of store rooms for clothing and thus doing away with the unsanitary boxes.

In the last report from this district, the practice of harboring men, apparently able-bodied, was condemned and attention is again called to this practice and its continuance.

On the first visit 40 and on the second 65, apparently able-bodied men were inmates of the institution. As a rule they menace discipline and good order, unwilling to work outside they are none the less averse to any kind of labor within. A club of about 15 were well amused in playing cribbage and checkers while their less fortunate, but more honest brothers outside were looking for work. The responsibility for the burden of their support put upon the taxpayers should be fixed and the keeper rid himself of the incubus by a liberal dose of work.

The building is protected from fire by watchmen and the Eco indicator system, and abundant and well placed hose of regulation size.

The beds presented a neat appearance and were clean.

Admirable care seems to be taken of the sick. A trained female nurse with a male assistant for the male department has charge of the hospital. The hospitals are of equal size and neither of them large enough, as they both overflow into the

adjacent rooms of the general department. An addition should be provided, to accommodate water-closets, bath and laundry tubs, for the use of the female syphilitic patients of which there will always be a number. Infection is risked by a common use of the general water-closets in the female department.

A ceiling on the second floor of the woman's hospital would add materially to the warmth of those rooms. The attendants of the almshouse appear capable and efficient.

The rooms, corridors and kitchens were clean, and new curtains at all the windows added much to the appearance of the rooms and to the comfort of the inmates.

The food was excellent in quality, bread sweet, meat of good quality, the diet varied and all well cooked.

A census at the time of the first visit showed:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Inmates	187	72	259
Infants	2	..	2
Idiots	1	3	4
Epileptics	4	..	4
Inmates over 70 years of age	34	24	58

Only 22 per cent. of the inmates are over 70 years of age.

ULSTER COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

The Ulster County Almshouse was visited at 8 a. m., June 22d, without notice. Was received by Mr. Abraham Sammons, resident superintendent, and Mr. John Haines, keeper, one or both of whom accompanied me in a most careful inspection, offering me every facility.

The almshouse is located on level ground, three miles south of New Paltz, in the beautiful Walkill valley. The Shawangunk mountains, away to the west, and the Walkill river flowing in the rear, bounding the almshouse property on that side. The river, which is a quick-flowing stream, affords excellent drainage and much occupation and pastime for a number of the male inmates.

The farm consists of 200 acres of land, mostly of sandy or clayey soil, requiring constant fertilization, although a recently purchased strip of 17½ acres is of most excellent character, being the black loam of the river bottoms. The dairy consists of 10 cows, with a yield of 125 quarts in the summer season. The whole product of the dairy is given to the inmates.

The rated population of the institution is for a population of 160. On the day of inspection the census showed:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Inmates	79	31	110
Infants	..	1	1
Idiots	8	3	11
Epileptics	..	2	2
Persons over 70 years of age	20	14	34

Thirty-one per cent. of whom were over 70 years of age.

The farm was under good cultivation, and, with the garden, promised ample yield for the winter's needs. The grounds were in good order and the buildings, outwardly, in good repair.

The general sanitary condition of the buildings, in so far as plumbing and drainage is concerned, was good. The whole place, outside of the male dormitories, showed a creditable degree of order and cleanliness.

The food was varied, of good quality, well prepared and ample in quantity.

While desirous of commending all that merits approval, there is still so much that can be improved that I desire to call attention to the things demanding censure and condemnation, that they might be corrected.

In view of the fact that in the past the attention of the superintendent of the poor and chairman of the board of supervisors has been called to the conditions of an over-crowded male department, much to the discomfort and detriment of the health of those inmates, I must unsparingly condemn the practice.

In spite of the promise of the chairman of the board of supervisors that early steps would be taken that would result in an

adjustment of the population that would result in abatement of the evil, apparently no steps have been taken.

On the day of inspection, it was found that although there was a population of 110, only 103 beds were provided; 4 of these, occupied by men, were in the cellar which, though apparently dry, was not a fit place for men to sleep. The remaining 7 who were unprovided with beds were men, and they were "sleeping in the tramp house by preference," it was said.

Although the population was at its lowest annual number, there were beds in the halls and cellar, and two rooms, with a narrow window and one small ventilator, each contained 7 beds. The halls and rooms are still further crowded to accommodate the winter population, which numbered 147 during the past winter.

Because of this overcrowding (which affects the female inmates as well as the male), because a large number of useless boxes and trunks are permitted by the superintendent to cumber the space under the beds, harboring vermin, and added to this the fact that the great majority of the beds were of the old wooden type and dilapidated, the beds were filled with vermin.

The linen was clean, but the blankets, though sufficient, needed washing. The remedy is simple and apparent.

The main building, once used by the county for the care of its insane, is nearly 175 feet in length and three stories in height. Twenty-four men were accommodated on the main floor of this building. The whole third floor is unoccupied, and with minor repairs, an extension of the steam heat, provided with water-closets and equipped with fire-escapes, would accommodate nearly the entire younger part of the male population.

The second floor and half the main floor are occupied by the keeper and resident superintendent, part of which might better be used for inmates.

The room set aside for the sick male inmates is, in consequence, also overcrowded, and contained seven and more, it is said at times. It is a room about 18x22 feet, having six windows and a small ventilator. The hospital and the water-closet adjoining and belonging to it were neither as clean nor as neat as they should be.

More space should be given to hospital quarters and similar care provided for the female inmates, as the sick ones being cared for in their own rooms are often subjected to annoyance by well but irresponsible inmates. Quite a number of feeble-minded women were charges here.

By reason of the fact that there was no apparent effort made to keep separate this class from the general male population while outside of their own dormitories, especial care should be taken to protect them till such time as place can be provided and room be found for them in proper institutions.

The quality and quantity of water which is pumped by steam from seven driven wells in the basement is all that could be desired. It is stored in four tanks holding in the aggregate 5,600 gallons. These tanks are in the attics of the buildings. In consequence of this ample water supply and a steam pump, there should be provision made for protection from fire, as at present there is practically none. The buildings and population are too large to longer neglect this proper provision.

The matron was doing all she could and was plainly overworked, and should have assistance. She was receiving $144 a year, while a male and female inmate, scheduled as cooks, were each on the pay-roll as receiving $180.

The farm buildings which are ample, are well removed from the residence buildings. They were undergoing repairs, while a new meat cooler 14 x 16 feet made a valuable addition to the place, which from natural location and character and roominess of the buildings, might entitle it with proper interest and care to rank high among the almshouses of this district.

KINGSTON CITY ALMSHOUSE.

The Kingston City Almshouse which is located on the outskirts of the city, was visited on the morning of June 20th.

The buildings are of brick, accommodating 90 persons. The buildings are well painted, excellently adapted for the purpose and scrupulously clean in every particular, reflecting great credit upon the management.

Upon the day of inspection there were resident as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Inmates	38	5	43
Idiots	1	....	1
Epileptics	1	....	1
Persons over 70 years of age	13	3	16

A complete separation of the sexes is maintained.

The water supply from the city mains was adequate and with the addition of hand grenades, good protection is afforded from fire.

The use of electric lights makes danger from fire less liable.

The kitchen, in charge of a competent cook, was immaculate, and the diet varied and excellent.

The drainage into the cesspools, which are well removed was good. A well equipped laundry offered good facilities for general cleanliness.

The tramps of the city are cared for by night's lodging and a morning meal at the almshouse, but in a brick building entirely separate from the rest of the institution. The tramps are required to keep that building clean, as well as saw wood required for use at the almshouse.

The female sick are cared for by a female nurse in a separate ward. The males suffering from contagious or offensive diseases, are cared for in the two new brick pesthouses located on the farther side of the farm.

A farm of 52 acres under splendid cultivation, affords in field and garden all that is required in the line of vegetables and for the stock, for all the year.

The records are well kept and the inmates appear contented and responsive.

GREENE COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

Inspection was made of this almshouse on the afternoon of June 24th. It is located but half a mile from the center of the village of Cairo, in a deep hollow. Although a quick flowing stream is but a few hundred feet in the rear of the buildings, the

depression of the land is so great that the drainage is necessarily poor. The drains discharge right upon the banks of the stream and when flush water-closets are introduced the drains will have to be carried for a distance down the stream, ensuring a greater fall and better sanitary conditions.

The farm comprises 180 acres of gravelly soil, the greater part being under cultivation.

Upon the day of inspection the census showed:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Inmates	41	28	69
Children	1	....	1
Idiots	1	....	1
Epileptics	....	2	2
Persons over 70 years of age	10	13	23

33 per cent. are over 70 years of age.

The buildings are of brick, with a capacity of 100 and are in excellent repair and well painted.

The diet was varied and food well cooked. The cleanliness of the buildings reflected credit upon the housekeeper.

The great lack of this almshouse is the insufficient supply of water, for coming from springs not far above the house level it does not rise above the basement floor. In consequence there is no protection from fire. The four bath tubs require filling by hand and the water-closets are out of doors, entailing unnecessary exposure and discomfort to the inmates.

The town water service has been brought to the almshouse property and for the safety, cleanliness and health of the inmates, immediate steps should be taken to provide the house with fire hose and proper and sufficient water-closets and bath tubs.

The records of admission and discharge have been very imperfectly kept in the past, and in addition the personal histories are entirely lacking for some years. The present superintendent is also remiss in the matter of records.

SCHOHARIE COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

Visitation was made the morning of June 27th at the almshouse of Schoharie county, which is located 2½ miles from Middleburgh on a hillside overlooking the fertile Schoharie valley.

The farm consists of 60 acres of fertile soil under excellent cultivation. The product of six cows belonging to the county and that of seven belonging to a neighboring farmer furnish the inmates with an ample supply of butter and milk.

While the buildings are old they were neat in appearance, having recently been painted inside and out. The grounds and buildings were in a condition of perfect order and cleanliness, reflecting credit upon the superintendent. This is more deserving of note as the inmates are almost wholly unable to do any work.

The census on date of inspection shows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Inmates	20	12	32
Idiots	....	1	1
Epileptics	....	2	2
Persons over 70 years of age	2	2	4

Hospital accommodations are provided for each sex in large, well ventilated rooms, under care of the matron.

The supply of water is excellent in quality and abundant in quantity affording protection in case of fire and supplying as well the bath tubs and flush water-closets with which the house is fully equipped.

The springs which feed a 2,500 gallon reservoir are about 3,000 feet distant and about 290 feet above the house level.

An iron staircase on the outside of the buildings gives escape in case of fire. It would be better to have additional hose especially kept for fire purposes.

Improvement should be made in keeping the personal records of the inmates, the importance of which was not fully understood.

SULLIVAN COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

A careful inspection of this almshouse, which is situated about three miles from Monticello, was made July 7th.

The buildings are all of wood, with shingle roofs. They are in good condition and will accommodate about 100 persons.

The farm comprises about 100 acres of fairly fertile soil, upon 30 acres of which 8 cows are grazed, supplying the milk and butter to the inmates. The farm and garden are well cultivated.

The inmates are almost incapacitated by reason of age or physical disability from performing any labor. Forty-eight per cent. of the population are over 70 years of age. A census showed the following classes of dependents:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Inmates	38	19	57
Children	1	....	1
Idiots	4	1	5
Epileptics	3	....	3
Persons over 70 years of age	18	9	27

Hot air furnaces are used throughout, rendering, it is said, the building very comfortable, but the ventilation is poor.

The buildings throughout are neat and clean with the exception of the men's building, where there is room for decided improvement.

The water is good in quality, coming from three springs, but the smallness of the supply leaves none for use in protecting the buildings in event of fire. Plainly with buildings of wood so far removed from a settlement there should be appliances to check a fire and protect inmates and buildings. The means of escape are also inadequate.

There are practically no conveniences for bathing and the keeper with the present help at his disposal has not only to do farm work but considerable cooking, thus depriving the inmates of the care and attention they should receive. This condition of affairs also deprives the sick of proper care, made worse by there being no especial accommodations for their comfort.

The present keeper is trying to straighten out the records which have been very defective.

REPORT OF VISITATION

OF

Almshouses in the Fourth Judicial District.

By Commissioner Aldrich.

REPORT.

tate Board of Charities:

to offer for your consideration the following extended
pon the condition of the almshouses in the Fourth Judi-
trict. To this report, made by Cyrus C. Lathrop, in-
of almshouses, I ask careful attention.

Respectfully submitted,

NEWTON ALDRICH,
Commissioner.

mshouses of the Fourth Judicial District have been sub-
a close and careful inspection in all branches of their
nent. Much information of a statistical nature has been
bearing upon the sanitary condition, conveniences in
aring for the inmates, as well as general physical condi-
the institution and moral and physical condition of the

ndition of some of the almshouses was such as to neces-
bsequent inspections, the good effect of which is already
t. The inspections, without notice, will be made by the
rs of almshouses from time to time.

ourth Judicial District is large in area, covering eleven
, with an area of 13,020 square miles and a population
28. There are ten almshouses in this district, with a
pacity of 951, which accommodated the following classi-
ulation:

.....	419
.....	233
l	652

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Idiots	20	11	31
Epileptics	17	10	27
Children	10	7	17
Persons over 70 years of age	154	85	239

An average of 37 per cent. who are over 70 years of age.

WARREN COUNTY.

This almshouse was visited at 8 o'clock the morning of July 20, 1898; was received by Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Warren, keeper and matron.

The farm contains 200 acres of good soil, sandy loam, 70 acres of which are cultivated, and sustain ten cows, whose milk is used for the inmates. Farm located about three miles from town of Warrensburg.

The buildings are mainly of stone, with additions of wood, all roofed with slate. They are well painted and presented a neat appearance. The farm buildings are removed at a safe distance from the residence buildings.

The most noteworthy improvement during the past year is the installation of a new water supply. Water is brought from a brook, 4,000 feet away, from a height of 130 feet, insuring a good head.

A woodshed and fully equipped power laundry are things projected.

Protection from fire is secured by two hydrants—one in front, one in rear—and three connections on each floor from 2-inch stand-pipes. Cotton web hose has been ordered.

Drainage is had by means of 6-inch drain tile, discharging 300 feet from buildings into Scroon river.

Steam heat is used, and ventilation is by doors and windows.

Housekeeping is indifferent. Many empty boxes, trunks and general litter is permitted to cumber the rooms, and, in consequence, the beds, in many instances, were infested with bugs. Unsightly refuse boxes unnecessarily cumber the corridors.

The male sick are cared for in a one-story wooden addition containing two rooms, flush water-closet (unfortunately in a sleeping room), and a large piazza. Women are cared for in rooms. Physician comes only on call; regular calls, in addition, would insure better care.

Food ample and of good quality.

No records of admisison or personal history have been taken, as required by the State Board of Charities, since January 1, 1898.

Population as follows:

Males	50
Females	16
Total	66

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	1	..	1
Epileptics	1	..	1
Persons over 70 years of age	17	9	26

Thirty-nine per cent. over 70 years of age.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Inspection was made of this almshouse, morning of August 8, 1898; was received by Superintendent Burch, who furnished all information possible.

An excellent farm of 237 acres of tillable and 30 acres of wood land is located 3 miles from village of Argyle.

The buildings, located out of sight of the road, are of brick, modern in construction and occupied first in 1891. They are equipped with modern conveniences. Heating is by hot air; ventilation by means of transoms and ventilators into corridors. Bathing facilities consist of tubs and are adequate. Laundry appliances are good; two, hand-machine washers facilitate the work.

The main drainage is into creek, 100 feet away, while the sewage from superintendent's house is into covered cesspool.

The great need of the institution is an adequate water supply. A small spring, 120 rods away, furnishes water for drinking and culinary purposes, while water for cleaning is taken from the brook. There is practically no protection from fire, as the stream of water is small and only two hogsheads full stored. The plan of bringing water from Summit lake, 1½ miles away, from an elevation of 350 feet above almshouse level, should be put into execution.

The buildings are in perfect repair, order and cleanliness.

The food is well cooked and varied.

Entire population seem physically incapacitated for any labor, and are clean and contented.

The well-kept records show a summer population of :

Males	42
Females	32
Total	74

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	1	..	1
Epileptics	2	1	3
Children	1	2	3
Persons over 70 years of age	15	9	24

Thirty-two per cent. are over 70 years of age.

SARATOGA COUNTY.

This almshouse was visited June 16, 1898, and again November 17, 1898, both times without notice. Was shown around by the assistant superintendent and matron.

The almshouse is located upon a farm of 120 acres, all under cultivation. Eleven cows supply the inmates with milk.

Buildings are of brick, two stories in height. They were in much disrepair—broken glass and slates—while the basemen

floors were rotted and dangerous. The laundry appliances were much dilapidated.

On second visit the building committee evidently had ordered repairs. All but the laundry had been put in shape.

For an institution of its size and pretensions, a fully equipped laundry is imperative. The lack of proper facilities was evident in soiled bed linen, due, perhaps, to a very short supply; only warranting change each two weeks.

On second visit there was a marked improvement in cleanliness of beds, which, while free from bedbugs, were infested with croton bugs. At neither time were they well made. There should be no hesitation in changing the rest of the old beds of wood, half of which remain.

The clothing of the inmates was not in good condition.

The large number of boxes, trunks and litter cause an unsightly appearance of the rooms and make cleanliness difficult, and do not add to the comfort of the inmates.

The water-closets and bathing conveniences are wofully lacking. The water-closet on women's side was not clean and there were none on the men's side. Wooden and metal pails were in use for slops in men's sleeping rooms. The wooden ones were filth-soaked and offensive. No amendment was made in this respect, and source of odor in male building was not far to seek. In the men's and women's hospital, conveniences were lacking, and indoor dry closets were offensive and a disgrace. The one bathtub for each sex is wholly inadequate.

This matter of bad sanitary conditions is a serious thing and a menace to the health and comfort of the inmates, and is a disgrace to the county.

The hospital accommodations are adequate in size, but the lack of care of the sick, the failure to keep the bedding clean, to separate the very sick consumptives and to furnish rooms with good sanitary conditions and the patients with proper food calls for unsparing condemnation.

The dietary is but fair. The kitchen cooking utensils showed improvement in matter of cleanliness.

Heating is by steam and ventilation is assisted by a 12-inch round stack in men's corridors, discharging above roof.

Drainage is excellent.

Water supply perfect in quality and abundant in quantity. A 9,000 gallon reservoir is fed by five springs and pumped thence into storage tanks in the attic holding 5,000 gallons.

Fire protection is inadequate. Two hundred feet of rubber hose, in the basement, which may be connected with tank or donkey pump is all that is supplied.

The farm is in an excellent state of cultivation and the yield large. The grounds were in generally good order.

The records were not up to date, but population given at first census was:

Males	56
Females	20
Total	76

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	6	4	10
Epileptics	2	1	3
Children	2	1	3
Persons over 70 years of age	21	10	31

Forty-one per cent. are over 70 years of age.

ESSEX COUNTY.

This almshouse was visited shortly before noon August 10, 1898. Was received by Mr. Scott E. Phinney, superintendent.

The grounds and buildings presented a very neat appearance. The latter were outwardly in good repair and well painted.

Almshouse is located on a farm of 180 acres, near village of Whallonsburg. One hundred and thirty acres are under cultivation. A herd of 15 milch cows supply milk and butter to the inmates. Milk and hay are also sold.

The superintendent, female department and work and service departments are well housed in a two-story brick building with

slate roof. The males are cared for in two old wooden buildings which, though clean, are in such a state of disrepair as to be unfit for tenancy. The walls of the main building are out of repair and considerable stamped steel ceiling is being substituted for the plaster.

Was informed that plans were being prepared for a brick building 40 x 100 feet.

A new soakage cesspool was built during summer, 1,200 feet from building and a new 8-inch tile drain laid.

Heating is by means of coal and wood stoves.

Spring water is brought about half a mile, with a fall of 55 feet and consequent good pressure.

One portable fire extinguisher in office and hand grenades in each room are the only protection from fire. Some more effective means should be provided, the good water pressure warranting hose and proper connections.

Beds in female department are of iron; in male department wooden ones used.

Flush water-closets in use in female department.

Beds, bedding, corridors, storerooms and rooms were clean.

Sick cared for in rooms.

No personal records kept since June, 1897, making gathering of statistics difficult.

Population:

Males	24
Females	20
Total	44

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	1	1	2
Epileptics	1	1	2
Children	..	1	1
Persons over 70 years of age	5	4	9

A percentage of only twenty who are over 70 years of age.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

This institution was visited morning of August 16, 1898. Keeper was away, but matron gave needed information.

The farm contains 110 acres, 85 acres of which are under cultivation. This year 100 tons hay, 340 bushels barley, 1,000 bushels oats were raised, besides the garden produce and vegetables.

A herd of 10 cows furnishes milk and butter to inmates and leaves considerable milk to be sold.

Farm is located about two miles from Malone.

Buildings erected in 1870, fairly modern, but need inside repairs.

Heating is by steam. Water from 40-barrel reservoir fed by springs and pumped by steam or windmill to 40-barrel tank in attic.

Protection from fire is wholly inadequate. Standpipes, hose and proper connections should be provided. Four barrels of water, with metal pails, are distributed about building, showing desire on part of keeper to do all in his power.

Bathing facilities for both sexes are inadequate, lacking proper water connections.

The system of water-closets should be abolished and flush closets substituted. Those in use are hard to keep sanitary and are offensive.

Commendable improvements are the substitution of iron for old wooden beds, and a new meat cooler.

Housekeeping is fair. Considerable improvement could be made. Food well cooked and sufficient.

Population seem to be universally infirm and to be proper charges.

Population shows following classification:

Males	40
Females	16
Total	56

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots and epileptics	..	..	..
Children	1	1	2

Thirty-nine per cent. are over 70 years of age.

CLINTON COUNTY.

Almshouse visited noon of August 11, 1898.

In absence of Superintendent Savage, was received by Mr. H. Arnold, assistant.

Farm consists of 87 acres of which 60 acres are under excellent cultivation. The product of 9 cows is given the inmates and many hundred pounds of butter for their use purchased outside.

Farm is located at Beekmantown five miles north of Plattsburg. Buildings, which were erected in 1874, are three story with basement, accommodating about 100.

They are in good outward repair, requiring some minor repairs within.

The old almshouse is still standing, and shows the advance in almshouse architecture.

Buildings are heated by steam from boiler in detached brick building.

Excellent spring water from springs only 12 rods from building is pumped to three storage tanks in attic holding 3,200 gallons, while two tanks in cellars hold 5,000 gallons.

Drainage is excellent, by 8-inch tile drains to flats well away from buildings.

For so large and pretentious buildings the lack of proper protection in case of fire is severely criticised. One hundred feet of ¾-inch rubber garden hose, one portable fire extinguisher, fire pails in each corridor which were empty at time of inspection is the only protection. The abundance of water suggests more adequate appliances.

The escapes from third floor in case of fire are inadequate. Fire escapes should be provided.

The sick are admirably cared for, mostly in their own rooms,

physician, Dr. R. E. Hyde, taking great interest in the institution and its inmates.

Grounds and their arrangement are particularly attractive. Buildings are well equipped with conveniences; they were clean, in excellent order, reflecting great credit upon the superintendent and matron.

Inmates were well and contented.

Cooking is done by steam. Records well kept.

Population on day of visit:

Males	38
Females	25
Total	63

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	1	1	2
Epileptics	2	2	4
Children	1	2	3
Persons over 70 years of age	14	9	23

Thirty-five per cent are over 70 years of age.

ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

This almshouse was visited at about eight a. m., August 17, 1898.

This, the largest county in area and population in the district, has almshouse buildings that are sufficiently large for its needs and barns that are the best in the county.

Keeper T. Fields accompanied the inspector in his rounds.

Farm covers 335 acres; 70 acres are in timber and 200 are tillable. A large herd of cattle is maintained, the milk being mechanically separated, considerable butter made and disposed of. The creamery is supplied with modern machinery. About 75 cows and 35 young cattle were kept; the number grazed usually being higher.

Grass River flows close to the buildings and through the property. The river furnishes the water supply which is taken 400 feet above the buildings and pumped by steam into three tanks holding in aggregate 21,200 gallons. A pressure can be maintained on the five 2½-inch hydrants about the grounds and upon the standpipes and hose connections throughout the buildings.

Fire protection is excellent and hose in good order. Buildings are drained into the river 40 rods below buildings through 10-inch tile drains.

The buildings are heated by steam and are in excellent state of repair. The county should install a system of flush water-closets. The system in use now is obsolete and offensive.

Two-story brick outhouses are slightly removed from buildings and approached from bridges from two floors. The vaults can be flushed into the sewers.

The bathtubs, though five in number, are inadequate and have no hot-water supply.

The laundry is poorly equipped. The consideration of shower baths and modern laundry machinery is under discussion. Both, as well as flush water-closets should be provided by this so prosperous and able county.

The sick are well cared for although the accommodations are not sufficient. At present some of the male patients are sleeping in room devoted to bathing and which also contains the hospital water-closet. Better arrangements should be made.

The housekeeping is commendable, everything being spotlessly clean and neat. The beds are still partly of wood, but are not objectionable. Food is varied and excellent. Cooking by steam.

The wisdom of having the young and feeble-minded women attend to dormitories and beds on male side is questionable, as lack of care in keeping the sexes separate is very patent. Too many of this class are retained here, desired accommodation should be found for them in proper institutions where their protection would be assured.

The records and personal history of the inmates have not been properly kept for some years.

Summer census showed:

Males	71
Females	47
Total	118

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	4	2	6
Epileptics	3	3	6
Children	2	....	2
Persons over 70 years of age	31	15	46

There are a large number of weak-minded of both sexes here. Institution records claim 46.

Thirty-nine per cent. of inmates are over 70 years old.

FULTON COUNTY.

About noon, July 5, 1898, the almshouse of this county was visited. It is located about three miles from Gloversville. The matron accompanied the inspector on a round of the buildings. The farm comprises 100 acres, 80 acres of which are under cultivation.

The buildings are of wood, are old, and have outlasted their usefulness for the purposes for which they were originally designed. Even if the board of supervisors still longer delay the erection of the buildings planned and approved, there are a number of the buildings more dilapidated than the rest, which greatly increase the danger of a fire and should be torn down. The improvements are, of course, only contemplated and none whatever were made during the year.

The water supply is from a spring on a slight rise of ground and flows into the kitchen. The drains are of wood and empty into an unventilated cesspool only 50 feet from buildings.

One tub, with no hot-water connections, is all that is at command for bathing of both sexes.

The water-closets for both sexes are out of doors. The laundry exceedingly primitive.

The 100 acre farm is under excellent cultivation and six cows are kept, the product being furnished to the inmates.

There are no conveniences for, nor especial care taken of the sick. Even in summer the building was overcrowded in some parts. One room in female ward about 15 x 20 feet in size contained seven occupants, and one in male ward a little smaller, contained eight; both were devoid of means for decent ventilation.

The housekeeping was worthy of commendation. The grounds were neat, the corridors, rooms, beds and storerooms clean. The credit is greater that the conveniences were entirely lacking.

Food was sufficient; employes attentive to needs of inmates, who seemed responsive.

Again, condemnation cannot be too severe upon those responsible for the failure of this county to provide quarters decent for habitation and with conveniences common to the average home.

The records of inmates and their personal history were poorly kept.

Population on day of inspection was:

Males	38
Females	15
Totals	53

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Epileptics	3	1	4
Persons over 70 years of age	14	6	20

Average of 38 per cent. over 70 years of age.

SCHENECTADY COUNTY.

Almshouse visited about eight o'clock, morning of June 29, 1898.

Almshouse property now comprises but 24 acres, eight acres in garden, and 16 in grazing land. Farm is in the city and it was

thought a decade ago that it could no longer be suffered to remain in its present location. The buildings ceased to be of use as places of habitation a quarter century ago, and since have been used as a make-shift. The buildings are old, dilapidated and ill-ventilated, and only eternal vigilance prevents place being overrun with vermin.

Water is from city water service, and the quality coming from artesian wells is excellent.

Because of its location in city, and three connections of 1¼ inch hose about the premises, protection from serious fire is lessened. Practically no bathing facilities exist. One tub with hot water in winter for men and a wash tub for women complete the appliances.

Drainage is into city sewers. Electric lights and bake house in detached buildings lessen damage from fire.

General management and housekeeping were poor. The bed linen especially in male department was filthy, and bugs filled the beds. The rooms were not clean, the corridor fairly so. Linen as it came from the wash was damp and an inventory showed only half supply for needs.

Dietary seemed sufficient, varied and well cooked.

No delay should be had in disposing of present location and removing where land will be more plentiful and saloon influence less.

Discipline is not good because of lack of sufficient work and frequent visitation to neighboring saloons.

Tramps are kept in separate house and although they saw wood they might be made also to keep their quarters clean.

The records of history of inmates are lacking since 1887. The record kept is too meagre to be of value.

Census shows:

Males	36
Females	18
Total	54

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	1	....	1
Epileptics	....	....	....
Children	1	....	1
Persons over 70 years of age	16	8	24

Forty-four per cent. are over 70 years of age.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

This institution, if so it may be called, was visited several times in November and December 1898, by Inspector Kerr, that the exact state of affairs relating to the care of the poor in the county and their condition might be accurately known.

The system that still obtains is the contract system and for it, not a good word can be said. It is obsolete, it is anti-charitable and anti-humane, and so great is the blot upon Montgomery county that no amount of political manipulation and chicanery should be permitted to longer retain the system in force.

Successive commissioners from this district have condemned the contract system and especially the lack of care of the county poor of this county.

The contract for care runs for one year, the present contractors being Messrs. Snell and Heath, and the price is so low that sufficient and proper care is not given.

The quarters now provided are at Randall. The building was a hotel, is of wood with steel roof.

The heating is by stoves. Ventilation is necessarily inadequate and the air bad.

Water is from a well in the yard, and an outside privy vault can but contaminate the water, as well as entail suffering on the aged inmates.

Bathing facilities there are none, and the most meagre appliances for laundrying.

No protection is afforded in event of fire. An outside wooden staircase and a ladder in the yard, give escape from third floor in case of fire.

The inmates are crowded, the clothing is scanty, the bedding insufficient, and the beds and in some cases improvised bunks, were infested with vermin.

The dietary is insufficient, two meals a day being supplied. November 2, 1898, the inspector noted the dinner as consisting of potatoes, cabbage, raw onions, tea and bread.

The institution is so transitory or peripatetic that even the title to the burying ground does not last for more than one year, and there is no assurance that all who have been buried will not be plowed under a succeeding year.

No religious services of any kind are provided, nor have funeral services ever been held. Nine died during past year.

No records of births, deaths of inmates have been kept, and the past is a blank. The present shows:

Males	24
Females	24
Total	48

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	5	3	8
Epileptics	3	1	4
Children	2	..	2
Persons over 70 years of age	4	10	14

Could any accounting of condition and inhuman treatment of a county's dependents be more revolting or demand, as has been taken, the pronounced action of the State Board of Charities?

REPORT

ON THE

Care of the Poor in Montgomery County.

By Henry D. Kerr, Inspector of Almshouses.

ort on the Care of the Poor in Montgomery County.

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he State Board of Charities:

ıe care of the poor in Montgomery county has been the subject onsiderable experimental legislation, mostly local in its appli- on. The inhabitants of the county seem to have considered ıselves subject to special and peculiar conditions, and for the quarter of a century have held themselves aloof from the eral tendency on the part of the rest of the State to provide the care and maintenance of the unfortunate and dependent ses of society under improved and modern conditions.

he general trend of all special legislation in this county e the first act of 1844, seems to be in the direction of concen- ing in the hands of the Board of Supervisors the power of car- for the poor of the county and to strip of all authority the tive office of Superintendent of the Poor which in the other nties of the State is intrusted with the care of the dependent ses. In other words, a body whose special functions are legis- ve seems to have absorbed more and more, so far as the care he poor is concerned, functions purely executive and with the al result, viz.: mismanagement.

'he first special act, that of 1844, provides for the election of a erintendent of the Poor, but provides that the Board of Super- rs shall appoint the keeper of the almshouse.

he act of 1853 amends the act of 1844 in relation to the audit- of county poor expenses. The act of 1863 goes further and lishes the office of Superintendent of the Poor and practically fers his powers and duties on the Supervisors.

he law of 1866 confirms the sale of the poorhouse farm to Peter lis, and provides for the care of the poor of each town by con- ct with the overseers thereof. By this act, responsibility was ided and supervision rendered difficult. This act also abol- ıes the office of Keeper of the Poorhouse and revives that of

Superintendent of the Poor. The act of 1869 prohibits the granting of county relief by the overseers of the poor to tramps and makes such relief a town charge.

The act of 1897, under which the Board of Supervisors are now acting, authorizes the Board to contract from *year* to *year* with any person or persons for the care and maintenance of the poor of the county.

In studying the merits or demerits of the present law, it will at once be noticed that the Board of Supervisors which is a political body of constantly changing complexion, has only the power to make yearly contracts for the care of the county poor, and that the inevitable tendency of the present system is to make the care of the poor an ever changing political question; the welfare of the unfortunates themselves being entirely lost sight of in the heat of the political warfare.

The system does not seem to have commended itself entirely, even to its friends in the country, as is evidenced by the numerous experiments which have been tried without producing satisfactory results. It has been repeatedly condemned by the State Board of Charities and by the Commissioner for the district in which the county is situated.

In no other county in the State is the contract system in force, and it is noteworthy that in whatever state or under whatever conditions the care and support of the unfortunate or criminal classes have been farmed out the result has been the same—one long list of abuses and a never-ending crop of scandal. The present condition of the poor in this county sufficiently illustrates this last proposition.

On a visit to the institution at Randall, made November 2, 1898, the inspector appointed by the State Board of Charities found a deplorable condition of affairs and one calling for immediate action. The unfortunate inmates were found huddled together, scantily clothed, with insufficient bedding, sleeping in vermin-infested beds and deprived of all the ordinary sanitary conveniences which exist in civilized communities. The water supply was insufficient and exceedingly liable to become contaminated. Ventilation and

bathing were impossible. To the credit of the management, be it said that two unfortunate inmates, a mother and her little baby were taken care of in the private apartments of the keeper.

Formerly the county paid as high as $3.50 per week per capita but in the political scramble to obtain possession of the poor as low as $1.80 per week has been seriously offered.

At the present rate of $2.00, it is not questioned that the claim of the present contractors that they are losing money, is true, and if they had attempted to care for the poor as the requirements of decency demand, their loss would have been still greater.

The ordinary country farm house or abandoned hotel is not adapted to almshouse requirements and in either case would require a very large outlay of money to produce anything like proper conditions. Under a contract which by law must be renewed from year to year with all the chances and changes which this requirement implies, it will, undoubtedly, be almost impossible for the county ever to secure proper housing for its poor.

It must be understood that your inspector's criticisms are directed more particularly against the system in vogue in this county, than against the individual contractors. While the condition of the inmates of the almshouse is probably not as good under the present contractor as under the former one, yet it must be remembered that the latter received considerably more money per capita and had the advantage of a contract for a number of years. Whatever changes may be made in contractors, it is not probable that the conditions of care and maintenance will materially change.

It seems to your inspector that the demands of the present situation require, first, the repeal of the law of 1897, under which the Board of Supervisors are now acting, and action on their part looking to the erection of a county almshouse which shall be of sufficient size to accommodate both the town and county poor.

Such an almshouse should be situated in the country surrounded by sufficient land suitable for farming and yet be near a city or large village. It should have an abundant supply of pure water and suitable facilities for drainage and for the proper separation

REPORT.

To the State Board of Charities:

I beg to present the following report upon the condition of the almshouses of the Fifth Judicial District. A thorough inspection was made of the six county almshouses by the inspectors of almshouses delegated for that purpose. The result of their inspection is given below by Inspector Cyrus C. Lathrop, to all of which your attention is called.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McCARTHY,

Commissioner.

ONEIDA COUNTY.

The almshouse was visited by Inspector Lathrop on the morning of August 26, 1898.

This institution is located at Rome, two miles from center of town, and property located on the banks of the Mohawk river.

The farm comprises 100 acres gravelly soil, 70 of which are under cultivation. A thick grove of large trees along the banks of the river affords a cool resting place for the aged inmates, as well as adding to attractiveness of grounds.

Buildings are of brick, with slate roofs, large, modern and supplied with every convenience. They were first occupied May 1, 1895, and grounds and buildings represent an outlay of $144,000.

Central four-story and basement building, administration and home of superintendent, with work and service department. Men's buildings to west and women's to east, both connected with main building. These are three-story and basement. Men's building contains a gallery in one of dormitories to accommodate greater number.

Barns and out buildings are of wood, ample in size and perfect in appointment. The shingle roofs are covered with fire-proof paint.

Late improvements have been brick dead house; large agricultural tool barn, with frost proof root cellar; 7 arc lights about the grounds; also about 133 iron beds in the dormitories. Further improvements will be new beds of iron; 500 feet cotton web hose.

Buildings supplied with ventilating shafts.

Water supply from Rome city water service.

Drainage insufficient. One 8-inch tile drain into Mohawk river. Thirty-four roof conductors discharge into it, and at time of a heavy rain, water backs into cellars.

Precautions against fire are ample, consisting of six regulation fire hydrants with cotton web hose, 150 hand grenades and 55 portable extinguishers. From third floors of buildings are eight slight iron emergency ladders, which can be lowered to ground in case of need.

Male building was taxed for accommodations even in summer, and many were sleeping in attic. The attic was poorly ventilated and the beds not clean. The condition of building on lower floors reflected great credit upon housekeeper.

The care of sick is but indifferent. No provision was made for hospital in the building. Females are well cared for, but males are crowded into an ill-adapted room designed for a smoking room. This room contains 12 beds and is 15 feet x 25 feet. Two other rooms, one for 4 males and the other for an attendant, represent the only accommodations. The food is not adapted to the needs of the sick. Physician from Rome makes daily visits.

Dietary is excellent. Soup of varied kind three times weekly.

Buildings are amply provided with both tub and spray baths. Much to the inspector's surprise, the latter were never used.

A large proportion of the population was idle.

Census showed—

Males	189
Females	83
Total	272

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	5	1	6
Epileptics	4	2	6
Children	1	1	2
Persons over 70 years old	57	31	88

The percentage of old people is very small, only 32 per cent. being over 70 years old.

HERKIMER COUNTY.

The almshouse of this county was visited by Inspector Lathrop on August 31, and again on December 9, 1898, both times early in morning.

Farm comprises 65 acres, gravelly soil, 40 acres of which are suitable for culture and balance for grazing the 20 cattle kept.

Buildings are of brick, two story, finished attic and basement, with slate mansard roof.

The original almshouse, of stone, is in rear of main building and at right angles, and accommodates the work and service departments on main floor and some inmates on second floor.

Buildings are generally in good repair and grounds neat and attractive.

In main buildings all doors have transoms and 9-inch by 14-inch ventilators at floor. Many ventilators were boarded up. On second visit many of those stopped before were covered with wire cloth and open.

Heating and cooking by steam.

Laundering done in cellar by power machinery.

Water supply from springs into a masonry reservoir 15 x 15 x 6 feet. Rainwater collected in two large cisterns and pumped into two tanks on third floor.

Protection from fire inadequate. A few hand grenades, some hand water pails and rubber garden hose. The donkey pump could be used if equipped with larger hose.

Improvements were a new smokehouse, icehouse, 8 x 10 foot refrigerator and minor repairs.

There was much to criticise. There was a general lack of care and neatness and general air of irresponsibility, which was but little improved at time of second visit.

General complaint among the inmates of food and care given and a feeling of discontent and unrest is very apparent. It all bespoke lack of tact, and if the complaints are true a harshness on part of the management, which is left solely in hands of the assistant, Mr. Frank Maynard, and his wife, the matron.

The tubs were not clean, and the difficulty of heating the water from a live steam pipe in each gave occasion to frequent bathing of a number of men in one water. Inspector saw five washed in same water, filling tub one-third full.

The condition of inmates and beds in the stone building was appalling. The place and men were overrun with lice and bed-bugs. On second inspection building was unoccupied, but will be used again in summer.

Sick are cared for in 12 x 15 foot room for each sex. Physician calls twice weekly. Food furnished was totally unfit for sick or convalescent patient.

Improvement was noticeable in housekeeping on occasion of second visit.

Census showed on first visit:

Males	60
Females	24
Total	84

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	5	1	6
Epileptics	1	..	1
Persons over 70 years of age	19	5	24

Average age was 61 years, and only 28 per cent. were over 70 years of age.

Population on second visit increased to 104.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

This almshouse was visited by Inspector Lathrop morning of August 20, 1898. Was met and furnished all information by Superintendent Washburn and at subsequent times accompanied by keeper and matron.

Everywhere were evidences of good care, of contentment and cheerfulness. The relations between employes and inmates appeared cordial. Almost the entire population were physically or mentally incapacitated from sustained labor. Average age was 61 years.

The farm is located in the suburbs of Watertown and contains 140 acres of clayey and sandy soil, 100 acres of which are under excellent cultivation.

The quick flowing Black river runs immediately in the rear of buildings and affords the water supply and means for disposal of sewage.

Grounds are neat; the grove in front of buildings which are set well back from road, affords pleasant shade. The buildings are of stone and brick and have ample room to accommodate 130 inmates. They are in excellent repair inside and outside. Farm and outbuildings are of wood, well removed and well adapted. The only improvement during past year was the replacing of one-half the old wooden beds with iron ones; the remaining wooden beds are soon to be removed. Heating is by steam. Ventilation by windows and transoms and in new addition by open fireplaces. Water pumped by steam from Black river and stored in tanks holding 7,200 gallons; 8-inch tile drain conveys sewage to river below house and water intake.

Fire protection is inadequate, 100 feet garden hose and two Babcock extinguishers being all that is available.

Tubs are used for bathing, in ample number.

Admirable care is taken of the sick in rooms set apart. Physician from Watertown makes daily visits.

Buildings lighted by electricity. Food well cooked, varied and ample. Vegetables from a large well kept garden furnish a more varied diet than ordinary.

Buildings were clean, beds neat and well made. Insufficient water supply in flush water-closets.

Too large a number of feeble-minded women are retained in the institution.

Census shows:

Males	59
Females	48
Total	107

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	....	....	....
Epileptics	2	....	2
Children	2	....	2
Persons over 70 years of age	27	14	41

LEWIS COUNTY.

Institution visited morning of August 24th by Inspector Lathrop. It is located one mile from town of Lowville. The keeper and matron both being away, the assistant matron and Superintendent's clerk furnished necessary information.

Farm comprises 59 acres, 19 of which are devoted to grazing, balance being cultivated. Buildings are of brick, 2½ story and basement, shingle roof. Buildings were in good repair, were clean and all in good order.

Water from town water service; good pressure and excellent quality. Excellent drainage into mill creek by 10-inch drain tile pipe.

Protection from fire is provided by a hydrant of town service in front and 100 feet of 1-inch rubber hose. Greater protection would be provided if some regulation hose were at hand, as the pressure is good.

Improvements during past year were marked. The old insane building has been renovated, and flush water-closets and baths will be placed. Heat from hot air furnaces. Ventilation fair.

Insufficient accommodations for sick. Two beds for males but females cared for in rooms. Physician makes daily visits.

Dietary ample and varied. Inmates appeared contented.

Laundering is done in the kitchen in movable tubs. There is so much room available in the old insane building that laundering should cease to be done in kitchen.

Population increases but little in winter.

Census at visitation:

Males	27
Females	16
Total	43

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	....	....	....
Epileptics	2	....	2
Persons over 70 years of age	12	8	20

An average of 46 per cent. who are over 70 years of age.

ONONDAGA COUNTY.

Institution visited by Inspector Kerr, August 8, 1898.

Farm of 96 acres, of fairly good soil, located five miles from Syracuse. All garden produce consumed by inmates; also products of seven cows.

Buildings, in main, are old and built of stone, with slate or tin roofs.

Heating in major part of buildings by steam, and in a frame building used by the idiotic and filthy male inmates; heating is by stoves.

Ventilation is poor, buildings are old and with low ceilings.

Laundering is done by power machinery.

Buildings lighted by electricity.

Water supply is from springs feeding a reservoir covering about an acre. Three wells located too near houses are also used for drinking purposes.

Drainage is into a cesspool, with overflow, located 60 rods from house.

Precautions against fire are three chemical fire extinguishers and six separate lines of hose from standpipes, which are under pressure. Escape in event of fire is provided for by three outside iron fire-escapes.

Sick of both sexes are cared for in separate rooms. Physician (on call) lives at Onondaga Hill, close by.

Too few cows are kept for the needs of the inmates.

A general lack of order and discipline is noticeable.

Records are defective and poorly indexed.

Census shows:

Males	137
Females	67
Total	204

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	4	3	7
Epileptics	..	..	..
Children	..	3	3
Persons over 70 years of age	55	21	76

Thirty-seven per cent. are over 70 years of age.

OSWEGO COUNTY.

There are two almshouses in this county. The county institution, located at Mexico, and the city almshouse, at Oswego.

Inspection of county almshouse was made by Inspector Kerr, who found the place reasonably neat and clean.

Buildings are of brick, in no wise modern, and are much in need of repairs. Inmates are badly crowded, in order to keep insane building vacant.

There have been no improvements during year and none contemplated.

Ventilation bad and smell very noticeable. Heating is by steam.

Water supply is plentiful and water runs on each floor.

Precautions against fire entirely inadequate to the needs of the institution.

The laundering, in the cellar, is entirely by hand and the appliances are old and dilapidated.

Two old iron bathtubs are provided to meet the wants of 90 inmates.

There are no flush water-closets, buckets being used. Facilities for drainage good.

Farm comprises 65 acres, which needs subsoil drainage.

There is a great lack in the conveniences for caring for the sick. Sufficient help is not available.

The records are poorly kept and difficult to get at, necessitating another visit, November 21, 1898.

Census shows:

Males	54
Females	36
Total	90

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Idiots	10	9	19
Epileptics	3	..	3
Children	4	..	4
Persons over 70 years of age	21	6	27

Fourteen of this population were inmates of Oswego City Almshouse, which was burned April 26, 1898.

OSWEGO CITY.

This city almshouse was destroyed by fire April 26, 1898. There were at time of fire 48 inmates, all of whom were saved. A few were taken by friends, and the remainder, except 12, were sent to the county house at Mexico. A new house is being built, which is expected to be ready for the return of inmates, January 1, 1899.

REPORT OF VISITATION

OF

Almshouses of the Seventh Judicial District.

By Commissioner Stoddard.

REPORT.

To the State Board of Charities:

The counties comprised in the Seventh Judicial District are: Monroe, Livingston, Ontario, Yates, Wayne, Cayuga, Seneca and Steuben.

The almshouses of the district have been visited for me and inspected by Inspector of Almshouses Kerr, all of them once, and some of them more frequently, during the year just closing. Such visitation and inspection have detected conditions which demand consideration and improvement.

No important change in construction or arrangement has been accomplished during the year. The average number of inmates has not materially increased over the number cared for during the past three years. The criticisms, made in previous reports by your commissioner, of a lack of conveniences and accommodations for a proper classification and separation of the inmates, are again repeated in this report. The separation of the worthy poor from the ignorant and degraded pauper cannot be satisfactorily accomplished, in nearly all of the almshouses of this district, in the buildings in use at the present time.

The majority of these buildings were constructed a long time since, when different ideas of the care of these dependent cases were held. Hence, they seem more and more unsuited to meet existing views of the proper method of caring for this class of dependents.

Another important matter, noted in several of the almshouses, is inadequate and imperfect protection from fire, and insufficient provision for the egress of the inmates in such an emergency. In most of the almshouses are found a considerable number of

old and feeble subjects whose removal, in case of fire would be difficult if not impossible, with existing facilities for exit.

A failure of considerable importance is observed in the absence of provision for a proper separation of the sexes. In some almshouses this is fairly secured, but in many the facilities are not sufficiently comprehensive.

A lack of adequate assistance for the care of the sick and feeble exists in nearly all almshouses. This should be obviated by an increase in the number of hospital employes.

The records in some almshouses are well kept, but in others they are poorly maintained. Attention is again called to the necessity of finding some employment for all inmates. While many are aged and feeble, a number of these even are capable of some light occupation, the pursuance of which would prove a mental and physical benefit. In those almshouses which have considerable land adapted to agriculture, farm labor is afforded for the stronger male inmates, but in these instances also there are found men and women who are unprovided with any employment adjusted to their physical and mental capacities.

The special features of each institution are briefly noted in the memorandum of inspections of individual institutions appended hereto.

MONROE COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

C. V. LODGE, *Superintendent.*

No material change has occurred in the buildings or grounds of the institution during the past year.

POPULATION.

The census at the date of special inspection on October 17, 1898, was:

Males	282
Females	129
Total	411

Among these were:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Epileptics	4	4	8
Idiotic	16	4	20
Persons over 70 years old	72	49	121
Children under 2 years of age	....	2	2
Children between 2 and 16 years of age	....	....	....

PROPOSED CHANGES.

The subject of changing the location of this institution by the purchase of a large farm and the removal of the inmates to a point more distant from the city continues to be agitated, but no final step has been taken to secure the necessary land or to dispose of the present site. The abandonment of the present location, which is rapidly becoming surrounded by dwellings, in consequence of the growth of the city, renders such a change not only desirable but necessary. In accomplishing such a transfer, new buildings, constructed with a view to proper classification of the inmates, would replace the present unsuitable and inadequate structures.

ADMINISTRATION.

The small amount of land included in the almshouse grounds and capable of agricultural development, amounts to about 60 acres. Upon this tract the vegetables used by the inmates, with the exception of a part of the potatoes, are raised. The dairy comprises 14 cows, whose milk is used by the inmates. No butter is made, that being used in the institution is purchased from outside the institution, and but a small amount is used. The work on the farm is mainly done by the inmates.

Per capita cost of maintenance, weekly	$1 25
Number of officers and employes	21
Amount paid in salaries	$7,206 00

The reputation gained in previous years in the care of its inmates by this institution has been fully maintained during the

past year. Its records are extensive, minute and accurately kept. The superintendent has continued his judicious conduct of the institution and, although lacking proper facilities in several important respects, has achieved a successful administration. With no means of securing the necessary classification and separation of inmates, criticisms and complaints are inevitable where so large a body of persons of differing conditions is gathered. The criticisms which have been made have arisen mainly from the inadequate facilities for the separation of the old and feeble from the younger and stronger inmates, as well as from the lack of proper hospital facilities. During the past year the supervisors of Monroe county have agitated the subject of building an extensive hospital in connection with the almshouse for the care of the acutely sick, as well as of the old and feeble cases. Your commissioner has taken an active interest in this subject, as well as in all concerning the welfare of this institution. The provision for hospital care in the city of Rochester is almost double the existing need, and there are at all times from 150 to 200 empty beds in the four hospitals of the city, collectively. With such provision for hospital care it has not seemed to me wise to favor the building of an additional hospital at present in connection with the almshouse. The supervisors have reached the same conclusion.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

I would again urge the recommendation, made in previous reports, that the board of supervisors take immediate steps to secure the purchase of a considerable tract of land at a distance from the city, upon which new almshouse buildings can be constructed, and where agricultural facilities will afford employment for a number of inmates able to do some work, but who are now idle.

The securing of such a tract early will render it possible to transfer the inmates of the present almshouse to the new site, gradually, sending first those able to perform some out-door labor, retaining the older and feebler cases until suitable accommo-

ADMINISTRATION.

The products of the farm are mainly consumed by the inmates and furnish a considerable part of their maintenance. Both the farm and garden are productive, and a sufficient number of cows is kept to supply the milk and butter required. Much of the work on the farm and in the garden is performed by the inmates.

Number of officers and employes	10
Amount paid in salaries	$2,590

The hospital facilities are moderate. One experienced female nurse attends both male and female patients, and directs such inmates as are employed as attendants.

Better fire protection is needed and the water supply should be increased.

YATES COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

E. A. BARBER, *Superintendent of Poor, Resident.*

The buildings of this institution have remained unchanged during the past year.

POPULATION.

The census upon the date of special inspection, August 3, 1898, was:

Males	25
Females	9
Total	34

Among these were:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Epileptics	..	..	..
Idiotic	..	..	..
Persons over 70 years of age	11	7	18
Children under 2 years of age	..	..	..
Children between 2 and 16 years of age	..	..	..

ADMINISTRATION.

The products of the farm, which is well cultivated, are almost exclusively used for the maintenance of the inmates, a number of whom are able to do some labor, but the majority are old and unable to work, over 50 per cent. of these inmates being over 70 years old.

The observance of a too rigid economy in expenditure keeps the buildings in poor condition. The roofs need considerable repairs, as do the floors in some portions of the buildings. The danger from fire is considerable, with little or no provision for meeting such accident or for removal of the inmates in an emergency. Provisions for care of the sick are very limited and insufficient, the sick being cared for in their rooms. There is no hospital attendant.

Number of officers and employes	5
Amount paid for salaries	$1,328

RECOMMENDATIONS.

It is recommended that provision be made by the supervisors for repairs to the buildings, especially to the roofs and floors; that fire protection by buckets and water supply, from a proper tank, be provided; that sufficient fire-escapes be arranged, and that more assistance be secured for the care of the inmates. More attention should be paid to the proper separation of the sexes. No special means for this exist at present.

WAYNE COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

ALBERT SHEPARD, *Keeper.*

Some improvements have been made during the past year, including a new laundry, a frame building and machinery. Some of the buildings have been re-painted, and further improvements are projected during the coming year.

POPULATION.

The census at the date of special visitation and inspection, October 13, 1898, was as follows:

Males	54
Females	42
Total	96

Among these were:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Insane	4	4	8
Epileptics	4	6	10
Idiotic	..	16	16
Persons over 70 years of age	24	10	34
Children under 2 years of age	3	..	3
Children between 2 and 16 years of age	1	..	1

BUILDINGS.

The buildings are generally neat and orderly, but are inadequate for their proper purposes in character and size.

The majority of the inmates occupy a two-story brick building, formerly used for the insane, which is very unsafe in case of fire, but which might, at a moderate expense, be provided with proper exits, so that, in case of fire, it would be possible to move the sick and feeble from it.

ADMINISTRATION.

The general conduct of the institution is as good as deficient facilities permit. Neatness and order, as far as they can be maintained, are apparent.

Number of officers and employes	9
Amount paid in salaries	$2,628

The records are not as complete as they should be, no separate birth and death record being kept. The keeping of a medical record is also neglected. Sufficient aid in the hospital is lacking, as a special attendant is necessary. The hospital facilities are limited and need enlargement. A considerable number of feeble-minded (16) women are among the inmates. These should be removed to the Custodial Asylum at Newark and similar institu-

tions. This is especially important, as the facilities for the separation of the sexes are very imperfect. As both men and women occupy the same building, with no separate provision for exercise, the women are kept indoors far too much for their physical welfare.

The buildings are crowded and provision for ventilation is poor.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

It is recommended that provision for sufficient fire-escapes be made for the main brick building and the hospital. It is also recommended that the transfer of all feeble-minded females be early made to the proper institutions for the care of such cases, and that provision be made for a separate place of exercise for the female inmates.

It is further recommended that a separate birth and death record be immediately established, and that a proper medical record be also opened and regularly kept, entries being made by the attending physician at the time of each visit.

CAYUGA COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

A. J. TRIMBLE, *Keeper.*

No changes have been made in the buildings or grounds during the past year, with the exception of the erection of a new farm barn.

BUILDINGS.

The buildings are in fair condition. There have been added recently, improved facilities in the laundry in the form of a steam engine and wringer.

POPULATION.

The census on the date of special visitation and inspection, August 5, 1898, was as follows:

Males	46
Females	22
Total	68

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Epileptics	3	1	4
Idiots	3	..	3
Persons over 70 years of age	21	6	27
Children under 2 years of age	1	1	2
Children between 2 and 16 years of age	..	..	..

ADMINISTRATION.

The general condition of the household is fairly good, though some matters need change for the better. The records are not as full nor as well kept as they should be. The farm, consisting of 96 acres, is well tilled, and the garden also is productive. All farm and garden products are used in the maintenance of the inmates. A dairy of nine cows supplies the milk and butter used. The inmates, male and female, are employed, as far as their capacity serves, in the work of the farm and in domestic duties.

Number of officers and employes	8
Amount paid in salaries	$1,783

SENECA COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

OGDEN WHEELER, *Superintendent of Poor, Resident.*

BUILDINGS.

With slight exceptions the buildings of this institution have remained unchanged during the past year. A two-story hog house has been built, and some of the buildings have been repainted and repaired.

POPULATION.

The census on the date of special visitation and inspection was as follows:

Males	22
Females	10
Total	32

About double this number are cared for in winter. Of the inmates present there were:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Epileptics	..	..	..
Idiotic	..	..	..
Over 70 years of age	8	6	14
Under 2 years of age	..	..	..
Between 2 and 16 years of age	..	..	..

ADMINISTRATION.

While the general appearance of the institution is favorable, the kitchen and dining-rooms are not as well ordered as they should be. The use of tin and iron dishes and cups, instead of plain porcelain furniture for the table, is criticised. Many tramps drift into this institution and are a source of perplexity in their care. During the past winter about 1,500 yards of stone were broken by them for use on the roads. Hospital facilities are poor, no special attendant being employed, and all care of the sick devolves upon the inmates. The records are incomplete and not as well kept as they should be.

Number of officers and employes	7
Amount paid in salaries	$1,918

RECOMMENDATIONS.

It is recommended that in the men's dining-rooms plain white ironstone tableware be substituted for the tin plates and cups now in use, and that a special hospital attendant be employed to assist in the care of the sick and feeble and more available medical attendance secured.

It is further recommended that the records be revised; that they be more fully and punctually kept; and, further, that additional fire hose be supplied.

STEUBEN COUNTY ALMSHOUSE.

JAMES A. MIDDLETON, *Keeper.*

BUILDINGS.

Some advantageous changes have been effected in the buildings of this institution during the past year. An addition has been made to the hospital building, which increases its capacity for patients and also provides other facilities. A pantry has been added to the kitchen building, which permits of an enlargement of dining-room accommodations. A cellar has also been provided under the new part of the hospital building, which increases its facilities in certain directions.

POPULATION.

The census upon the date of special visitation and inspection, July 28, 1898, was as follows:

Males	64
Females	19
Total	83

Among these were:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Epileptics	1	..	1
Idiotic	1	2	3
Over 70 years of age	28	4	32
Under 2 years of age	..	..	..
Between 2 and 16 years of age	..	..	..

ADMINISTRATION.

The grounds consist of 248 acres, of which 100 are tillable. The farm is in fair condition, and upon it are raised all the vegetables used by the inmates. The dairy comprises 18 cows, whose milk is used by the inmates. The butter made is, in part, used by the inmates, and the remainder is sold. The inmates are employed in farm and in domestic work. The hospital facilities are good, a male and a female attendant being employed in the

care of the sick. The lack of water-closets is apparent, and more should be provided. The water supply is good and is sufficient for all purposes.

Number of officers and employes	9
Amount paid in salaries	$1,951

Appended to this report are tables showing, at the dates of special inspection:

(1) The number and sex of the inmates of the almshouses of this district.

(2) The number of idiots.

(3) The number over 70 years of age.

These tables show that more than twice as many males as females are inmates of the almshouses of this district. It also appears that more than 5 per cent. are feeble-minded or idiotic, and that an average of 38 per cent. of the inmates are over 70 years of age.

TABLES.

Showing the number and sex of the inmates of the almshouses of the Seventh Judicial District at the time of the inspection of these institutions by an inspector of almshouses in 1898:

Counties.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Cayuga	46	22	68
Livingston	61	18	79
Monroe	282	129	411
Ontario	53	22	75
Steuben	64	19	83
Wayne	54	42	96
Yates	25	9	34
	585	261	846

Showing the number and sex of idiots inmates of the almshouses of the Seventh Judicial District at the time of inspection of these institutions by an inspector of almshouses in 1898:

Counties.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Cayuga	3	..	3
Livingston	1	2	3
Monroe	16	4	20
Ontario	..	..	..
Steuben	1	2	3
Wayne	..	16	16
Yates	..	..	..
	21	24	45

Showing the number and sex of inmates, over 70 years of age, of the almshouses of the Seventh Judicial District at the time of the inspection of these institutions by an inspector of almshouses in 1898:

Counties.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Cayuga	21	6	27
Livingston	19	4	23
Monroe	72	49	121
Ontario	16	14	30
Steuben	28	4	32
Wayne	24	10	34
Yates	11	7	18
	191	94	285

All of which is respectfully submitted.

ENOCH VINE STODDARD, M. D.,
Commissioner.

REPORT OF VISITATION

OF

Almshouses in the Eighth Judicial District.

By Commissioner Putnam.

REPORT.

To the State Board of Charities:

The undersigned commissioner, representing the Eighth Judicial District, presents the following report on the almshouses in this district. This report is based largely upon the satisfactory notes taken by Inspector Kerr and also on such personal investigation as the commissioner has made. Generally speaking it may be said that the administration in the several almshouses is satisfactory, the inmates as a rule are furnished with comfortable quarters and no exception is taken to the food supplied to them, or the manner in which it is prepared.

ALLEGANY COUNTY.

The almshouse in this county was inspected September 8, 1898. The capacity is for about 90 inmates. At the date of inspection there were 60 inmates, of whom 37 were males and 23 females. Of this number there was one male child under two years of age and one female child over two years old. The expense per capita for maintenance for last preceding years was $1.05 per week, a saving of four cents over the per capita cost for the preceding year. During the year there have been 9 deaths, the average of those dying being 84 years. Four of the inmates are idiots, two males and two females. Twenty-three of the inmates, or 38 per cent. of the total number were over 73 years of age; of this number 18 were males and 5 were females.

The buildings are frame, well adapted to the purposes for which they were designed, the keeper's residence and administration building being in the centre with separate buildings for men and women on each side, connected by covered corridors.

All of the buildings are clean and attractive. The inmates' rooms were found in good order. The discipline appears to be mild but firm. During the year the buildings have all been newly painted. The water used for drinking purposes is piped from springs; for all other purposes of the institution, water is supplied from a large reservoir. Precautions have been taken against fire by placing a supply of new hose on every floor, attached to pipes containing water under pressure.

The almshouse site consists of a farm of 363 acres, 90 acres of which are in wood land and about 100 acres in pasture. There is a fine herd of 23 Jersey cows and a number of pigs and sheep. The keeper takes great pride in the institution and the farm, as well he may, for there is not an almshouse in the district that is managed with more regard for the interests of the inmates and a due appreciation of the interests of the taxpayers.

CATTARAUGUS COUNTY.

Cattaraugus County Almshouse was inspected September 26, 1898. The capacity is for 125 inmates, not including three empty buildings. On the date of inspection there were 77 inmates, 55 males and 22 females. The expense per capita for maintenance for last preceding year was $1.21 per week. There were 5 births and 13 deaths during the preceding year. There are 7 idiots in this institution, 5 males and 2 females; 15 of the inmates are over 70 years of age, 11 males and 4 females, being 19 per cent. of the total number of inmates.

The buildings are scattered over a large space, some occupied and some empty, while the inmates are crowded together and the sick cannot be properly cared for. Some of the buildings were erected a few years ago for the housing of the insane. The board of supervisors some time ago filed a claim against the State of New York to reimburse them for money expended in the erection of these buildings. The claim was recently considered by the State Board of Claims and an allowance made to the county of several thousand dollars. It is hoped that the authorities of Cattaraugus county will now see fit to utilize these build-

ings for the care of the sick and conduct the institution with a reasonable regard for the welfare of the inmates. If action is not shortly taken by the authorities of Cattaraugus county, looking to the fulfillment of this suggestion, the State Board of Charities should take such steps as may be necessary to improve the conditions. The bathing facilities consist of four bathtubs rather old and worn out. They should be replaced by new tubs, and there should also be a spray bath in this institution. There are no properly constructed fire escapes, but six ladders outside the building might be utilized for this purpose in case of necessity.

The Almshouse site consists of 200 acres of fairly good gravelly soil, 50 acres in wood and water, and about 60 acres of pasture, vegetable garden and orchard. There are 25 milch cows. The grounds at the date of inspection were torn up and the institution in a somewhat disordered condition on account of the introduction of a supply of water.

CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY.

Chautauqua County Almshouse was inspected September 28, 1898. The capacity is for about 200 inmates. On the date of inspection there were 133 inmates, 94 males and 39 females. There were 11 idiots, 7 males and 4 females. There were 4 epileptics, 2 males and 2 females. Forty-six are over 70 years of age, of whom 39 were males and 7 females. During the year there were 20 deaths and 1 birth. The average weekly expense per inmate for the preceding year was $1.14. Under a resolution of the board of supervisors the building formerly used for the care of the insane has been remodeled at an expense of about $2,000, and furnishes an adequate and satisfactory hospital for the institution. The plans for this hospital building were approved by the State Board of Charities on January 12, 1898. There is a good system of heating and sanitary plumbing, the dining-room for the men has been enlarged, a new steel range has been purchased and the kitchen remodeled. The authorities contemplate an improvement by way of the introduction of elec-

present in this school. The course is two years, and besides maintenance the nurse receives $12 per month for the first year and $15 per month for the second year. A birth and death record is kept, also a complete medical record of each case. The hospital kitchen is entirely separate from that of the almshouse proper. The hospital building is in good repair, the wards are neat, clean and attractive and there is plenty of light and air. The total salaried list in this institution, including that of the keeper, amounts to $28,414.

GENESEE COUNTY.

The almshouse in this county was inspected September 22, 1898. It has a capacity for about 90 inmates. At the time of inspection there were 54 inmates, 40 of whom were males and 14 females. Twenty-five of the inmates are over 70 years of age, nearly one-half of the entire number of these 25 were males, and 8 females.

This is apparently a well managed institution, but the facilities for running it as such are very meagre. The doctor lives at a distance, is supposed to come once a week, and is only paid $150 a year and furnishes his own medicine. The matron is not paid a salary. Better provisions should be made for the care of the sick than can be had under existing conditions.

The buildings were found in good order, neat and clean. The main building is a two-story brick, used by the keeper and his family. Separate buildings for men and women are connected by corridors to the main building. All of the buildings have been recently painted. The water supply is quite deficient. The institution depends on wells and a windmill. The bathing facilities are quite good, there is a spray bath and three bathing tubs. There are good laundry appliances, steam dryer and other conveniences. There are no particular precautions against fire. The means of escaping in the event of a fire consist of three outside stairways and two inside stairways in each building. The dining-rooms, one for the men and one for the women, are in an extension of the main building. There are three good barns and a silo.

art of the inmates. This should not be tolerated and reasonble punishment of the inmates so transgressing should be inicted.

The almshouse site consists of 154 acres, of which about 90 are nder cultivation. The soil is fair, although not excellent. The arden supplies the inmates with vegetables; there is also an rchard upon the farm which supplies some fruit. There are 6 cows which furnish only a portion of the milk used on the remises; it is necessary therefore to purchase milk and butter.

The institution is kept neat and clean. The industrial deartment is not as satisfactory as would be desirable, nor are he facilities offered for industrial pursuits among the inmates ood. The old maternity hospital might be used to advantage as n industrial building.

It has heretofore been suggested that the board of supervisors hould take steps looking to the selection, with the approval of he State Board of Charities, of a new almshouse site and county arm. The present farm is located partly within the limits of the ity of Buffalo, and it seems quite probable that a number of hose who now apply for admittance would not feel so inclined enter the almshouse if the institution were more remote from e city and less accessible. Trolley cars run directly to the stitution, from the heart of the city of Buffalo, about every ve minutes.

The hospital in connection with this institution is under the risdiction of the keeper of the almshouse but entirely conolled by the medical superintendent. The medical staff consists the medical superintendent, who is paid, and seven resident hysicians, who serve without pay, assisted by a staff of thirty the prominent physicians of the city of Buffalo. Many notable nprovements have been made in the hospital within the last vo years. It is now fully equipped with electric light, natural as, bathtubs, closets (flush), operating room, record room and l the appliances of a modern hospital. The original building as had several stone additions. There is a training school for emale nurses connected with the hospital, and 33 pupils are at

gratifying, however, to note that the board of supervisors is taking steps to furnish a better water supply for the institution. The bathing facilities are the worst to be found in any almshouse in the Eighth Judicial District. The women use an old wooden bathtub, to which they carry warm water in buckets. The laundry is in the basement and is dark and gloomy.

The means of escape in case of fire are hardly sufficient. There are no outside stairways, except a wooden one at the end of the building.

The almshouse site consists of a farm of about 135 acres. Only about 50 acres are tillable. There is a good vegetable garden near the building, but the soil is not the best for the purpose. There are 9 cows and some pigs. The inmates are employed at ordinary farm and domestic work. The men and women reside in separate parts of the building, and communicating doors are kept locked.

The keeping of the State register at this institution is a mere farce. The name and one or two other facts are entered and all the other questions left entirely blank. Lack of light and lack of air are the prevailing characteristics of this institution. The office of keeper and superintendent of the poor is held by one and the same individual. The duties of the keeper necessarily call him away from the institution quite frequently, and consequently the ordinary duties of keeper devolve upon a person who is styled the house-man, and is paid the small salary of $300 per annum. The institution suffers somewhat from lack of the constant presence of a competent executive head. Upon the date of the inspection there were two apparently dying cows in the barn, and it was noted that a disease of the eye was more than usually prevalent. The plumbing is bad.

It has been suggested by the commissioner of the district to the supervisors that it would be advisable for them to purchase a new county almshouse farm; one better adapted to the needs of the institution, and that new buildings be erected which shall conform to the modern ideas of almshouse construction. It has heretofore been pointed out to the board of supervisors that the

population of the county was continually increasing, and consequently the number of inmates of the almshouse must necessarily increase. The average number of inmates in the almshouse in 1891, was 85; in 1892, 86; in 1893, 95; in 1894, 85; in 1895, 85; in 1896, 113, and in 1897, 132.

The average cost per capita is $1.80. Plans for a new hospital building were submitted to the State Board of Charities and approved during the past year, but as yet no action has been taken by the board of supervisors looking to the construction of the building. There is reason to believe that if the board of supervisors should not see fit to purchase a new almshouse farm during the coming year that they will take steps to erect the hospital building.

ORLEANS COUNTY.

The almshouse in this county was inspected November 17, 1898. Capacity of this institution is for about 100 inmates. On the date of inspection there were 71 inmates, of whom 50 were males and 21 females. There were 11 idiots, of whom 7 were males and 4 females. Two were epileptics, 1 male and 1 female. Twenty-two were over 70 years of age, 13 being males and 9 females, being 30 per cent. of the total number.

The almshouse consists of a three-story brick building with an addition that is used for a hospital. The buildings have recently been entirely renovated and are much improved. The buildings and grounds are neat and clean and in good order. The heating is by steam all over the house, excepting the hospital, which is heated by stoves. The ventilation is solely by means of windows. A windmill supplies tanks with water, which is good. There are also cisterns, from which water is drawn. The bathing facilities are sufficient for the needs of the institution. There are five metal fire extinguishers and fire hose on each floor. There are no outside fire-escapes on the building.

The almshouse site consists of a farm of 137 acres. The soil is good. There is a pasture reserved for 11 cows and a large vegetable garden, which supplies much that is used by the inmates of the institution. The hospital conditions are fair, a

frame building in the rear of the main building being used for hospital purposes. This is supplied with baths, closets and running water. The hospital supplies, diet, medicine, etc., are furnished by the county, and the physician visits the institution twice a week. The institution keeps neither a physician's record nor birth and death record. At the time of inspection, a year ago, work was being done to improve the building and its surroundings. During the past few months there have been laid about 400 feet of 6-inch sewer pipe, which connects the hospital with the main sewer. The necessary traps, fresh-air inlets and necessary "T's" and "Y's" have also been properly placed. There have been placed in the men's department two front wash-out water-closets, with tanks complete, one new bathtub, and in the women's department two front wash-out water-closets, with tanks complete, and one bathtub, and also in the main building two front wash-out water-closets, with tanks complete.

For fire protection there have been placed 75 feet of cotton hose on each floor.

A new system of steam heating has been introduced, with modern appliances, to take the place of stoves. Water pipes have been placed throughout the building, from a tank in the attic, and water is drawn at convenient places. The entire building has been painted and presents a fresh, neat appearance. Window shades have been placed in all the windows in the inmates' apartments. Five thousand feet of molding has been used between the floor and baseboard, to keep out the cold air, where the floor had settled from the base. New chairs improve the appearance of the chapel. The old floors in the inmates' kitchen, dining-room and halls have been removed, ground excavated to a depth of 18 inches and cemented. Abutments were put in and the floors relaid with Georgia pine and oak joists. Each room is supplied with two 6-inch air inlets in the floor for the circulation of air. Pleasant sitting-rooms have been provided for the inmates. Good mattresses have superseded straw beds, and chairs take the place of benches. The floors of the hospital have been relaid and painted, and a number of rooms plastered and

some of the rooms have been papered. New timbers in floor have been laid in the cow stable. This almshouse, which a few years ago was one of the least attractive in the district, is now in every way well adapted for the needs of the county.

WYOMING COUNTY.

This almshouse was inspected on September 24, 1898. The capacity is for about 75 inmates. On the date of inspection there was a total of 51 inmates, of whom 32 were males and 19 females. There were two female children that were under 2 years of age and one over 2 years of age. There were 6 idiots, 4 being males and 2 females. There were 2 male epileptics. Eighteen were over 70 years of age, 12 being males and 6 females, or 35 per cent. of the total population.

The general character of the buildings is neat and clean. The main or administration building is a two-story frame structure with tin and shingle roof, used by the keeper and containing kitchen and dining-rooms for the inmates. There are separate frame buildings on either side of this main building, one a dormitory for the men and the other for the women. The heating is by hot air; ventilation by transoms and windows. The means of ventilation are not satisfactory. There is an abundant supply of good water, which is drawn from springs at some distance. Bathing facilities consist of a spray bath in building attached to laundry, and some old bathtubs. These old bathtubs should be removed and new ones furnished. The laundry is quite complete for so small an institution. The precautions against fire consist of about 100 feet of three-quarter-inch hose attached to pipes in men's and women's buildings. There are outside two hydrants; also hosecart with 350 feet of hose. An outside staircase affords means of egress from the women's building in case of fire, but there is no outside staircase on the men's building and but one inside stairway. There are three ladders kept in a shed. The plumbing is fairly good. A tile drain carries the sewage into an empty lot about 30 rods from the house. It is unfortunate that the levels were not properly adjusted, as now

it is impossible to drain some of the cellars without constructing new drains. The barn is old and in poor condition and too small for the purposes for which it is used. The board of supervisors should make appropriation for a new barn. This suggestion was made in the report of a year ago, but for some reason the board of supervisors has not seen fit to make this improvement.

The almshouse site consists of a farm of 250 acres; about 100 acres under cultivation. The soil is good. There are a number of pigs and cows. The supply of milk and butter is ample, and there are enough cows on the county farm to supply all the milk and butter required by the inmates. The farm also supplies all the vegetables and wheat used by the institution.

There are practically no hospital accommodations, though a physician visits the institution twice a week or oftener if occasion requires. The abominable plan obtains in this institution, as in Genesee county, which requires the physician of the institution to furnish the medicine at his own expense.

The clothing furnished the men is of poor quality and should be improved upon.

Respectfully submitted,

HARVEY W. PUTNAM,

Commissioner.

Dated BUFFALO, N. Y., *December* 29, 1898.

REPORT

IN

Regard to State and Alien Poor.

By Dr. Charles S. Hoyt, Superintendent of State and Alien Poor.

TABLE No. 3.

Showing the number and sex of the State paupers committed each year since the act went into operation, October 22, 1873.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
For the year ending September 30, 1874	513	50	563
For the year ending September 30, 1875	566	88	654
For the year ending September 30, 1876	514	119	633
For the year ending September 30, 1877	707	165	872
For the year ending September 30, 1878	930	190	1,120
For the year ending September 30, 1879	1,326	261	1,587
For the year ending September 30, 1880	1,023	320	1,343
For the year ending September 30, 1881	1,046	327	1,373
For the year ending September 30, 1882	1,024	368	1,392
For the year ending September 30, 1883	1,033	393	1,426
For the year ending September 30, 1884	1,378	514	1,892
For the year ending September 30, 1885	1,409	439	1,848
For the year ending September 30, 1886	1,252	354	1,606
For the year ending September 30, 1887	1,247	370	1,617
For the year ending September 30, 1888	1,317	348	1,665
For the year ending September 30, 1889	1,369	388	1,757
For the year ending September 30, 1890	1,133	307	1,440
For the year ending September 30, 1891	1,026	339	1,365
For the year ending September 30, 1892	1,095	272	1,367
For the year ending September 30, 1893	1,057	349	1,406
For the year ending September 30, 1894	1,490	484	1,974
For the year ending September 30, 1895	1,669	502	2,171
For the year ending September 30, 1896	1,589	513	2,102
For the year ending September 30, 1897	1,448	539	1,987
For the year ending September 30, 1898	1,300	504	1,804
Aggregate	28,461	8,503	36,964

TABLE No. 4.

Showing the several almshouses to which State poor were committed and the changes occurring in the number under their care from October 22, 1873, to September 30, 1898.

ALMSHOUSES.	Whole number admitted.	Discharged.	Provided for by adoption or otherwise.	Absconded.	Transferred to State hospitals.	Sent out of the State to friends or places of legal settlement.	Died	Remaining October 1, 1898.
Albany	3,277	1,071	7	447	20	1,643	80	9
Buffalo	7,737	1,719	33	405	31	5,420	122	7
Canton	368	123	4	66	9	83	64	19
Delhi*	74	37	.....	20	1	10	6	.....
Yaphank*	1,110	76	5	85	1	937	6	.....
Binghamton	647	268	5	63	10	239	51	11
Syracuse	799	364	2	108	15	278	29	3
Watertown	254	69	4	39	12	114	10	6
Flatbush	19,171	4,610	5	219	55	13,995	272	15
Rome	635	296	1	68	69	138	58	5
Waterloo*	513	345	.....	88	5	54	21	.....
Rochester	2,379	553	18	200	21	1,491	85	11
Total	36,964	9,531	84	1,808	249	24,402	804	86

* Discontinued.

furnished transportation to their homes or places of legal settlement in other States and countries to which they rightfully belonged, 24,403; died, 804. This left 92 under care October 1, 1898, as before noted, of whom 86 were in State almshouses and 6 in orphan asylums. Of these, 1 each was of the commitments of 1879, 1885, 1886 and 1888; 2 each were of the commitments of 1890 and 1892; 6 of the commitments of 1894, 8 of the commitments of 1896, 11 of the commitments of 1897, and 48 of the commitments of 1898. It thus appears that the accumulation of this class of dependent poor is quite small, nor is it probable that any great accumulations of such poor is likely ever to occur, if the present system of prompt examinations and removals be steadily maintained.

The following tables in relation to State poor show the operation of the law respecting this class, from the time it went into effect in 1873, to and including September 30, 1898:

Table No. 1 gives the names and locations of the several State almshouses, the date on which the contract was entered into with the State, and the weekly rate for the support and care of State poor, respectively, in such almshouses.

Table No. 2 shows the changes which occurred in the several State almshouses during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898.

Table No. 3 gives the number and sex of the State poor committed to State almshouses each year since the law went into effect in 1873, to September, 30, 1898.

Table No. 4 shows the several State almshouses to which the State poor have been committed, and the changes occurring in the number of such poor in the care of each such almshouse from 1873 to September 30, 1898.

Table No. 5 shows the ages of the State poor committed to the several State almshouses from 1873 to September 30, 1898.

Table No. 6 shows the year in which the State poor in the several State almshouses, September 30, 1898, were committed.

Table No. 7 shows the total and classified expenditures for the support, care and removal of State poor for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898.

TABLE No. 6.

Showing the years in which State poor in care of the several State almshouses September 30, 1898, *were committed.*

STATE ALMSHOUSES.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	Total.
Albany	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	7	9
Buffalo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	4	7
Canton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	2	...	2	.	5	...	1	2	4	19
Binghamton	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	11
Syracuse	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
Watertown	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	1	1	6
Flatbush	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	14	15
Rome	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	5
Rochester	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	8	11
Total	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	2	...	2	...	6	4	8	11	48	86

3. INDIAN POOR.

The number of dependent Indian poor in almshouses being supported by the State October 1, 1897, was 3, and the number of such Indian poor thus committed during the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, was 10, thus making a total of 13 in the care of these institutions in the course of the year. Of these, 5 were discharged recovered, 2 absconded, and 4 died during the year, leaving two in almshouses October 1, 1898, as follows: In the Cattaraugus County Almshouse, 1; in the Erie County Almshouse, 1. The expenditures for the year have been $848.11, viz.: For maintenance in the Cattaraugus County Almshouse, $93; for maintenance in the Erie County Almshouse, $182.50; for maintenance in the Onondaga County Almshouse, $0.75; for out-door poor relief, $571.86. There was no outstanding claim under the act at the close of the fiscal year.

APPROPRIATIONS.

By chapter 593 of the Laws of 1898, the Legislature appropriated the sum of $40,000 for the support, care and removal of State, Alien and Indian poor. It is believed this sum will be adequate for such purposes for the present fiscal year, and an appropriation of this amount by the Legislature of 1899 is very respectfully recommended.

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLES S. HOYT.

Dated, Albany, N. Y.

TABLE No. 1.

Showing the name and location of the several State almshouses, the time at which the contract was entered into with the State, and the present rate of support per week, respectively.

STATE ALMSHOUSES.	Location.	Date of contract.	Rate of support per week.
Albany City	Albany	October 1, 1873	$2 00
St. Lawrence County	Canton	October 1, 1873	2 00
Erie County	Buffalo	October 1, 1873	2 00
Broome County	Binghamton	January 1, 1875	2 00
Jefferson County	Watertown	January 1, 1875	2 00
Onondaga County	Syracuse	January 1, 1875	2 00
Kings County	Flatbush	June 20, 1875	2 50
Oneida County	Rome	December 28, 1875	2 00
Monroe County	Rochester	December 4, 1877	2 00

TABLES

Appended to the Report.

TABLE No. 16D.

Showing the number of feeble-minded or idiotic persons in the city and town almshouse institutions October 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Men over 50.	Women over 50.	Men 21-50.	Women 21-50.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Totals.
Department of Public Charities (The) New York City:									
Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx:									
Almshouse, Blackwell's Island	.....	.....	3	4	1	.....	.....	.....	8
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bellevue Hospital, New York City:									
Fordham Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gouverneur Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harlem Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Randall's Island Asylums and Schools	.....	.....	88	50	111	83	105	89	476
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colored Home and Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Out-Door Department:									
Lodging House for Homeless Men, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens:									
Almshouse, Flatbush	.....	.....	15	1	7	10	19	18	70
Hospital, Flatbush	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Richmond:									
Almshouse, Northfield	2	2	6	11	1	.....	.....	.....	22
Hempstead Town Almshouse	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Kingston City Almshouse	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Newburgh City and Town Almshouse	1	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Oswego City Almshouse	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oyster Bay and North Hempstead Town Almshouse (Jones Institute)	3	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
Poughkeepsie City Almshouse	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Total	6	2	119	71	120	43	124	107	593

TABLE No. 1A.

List of the several State institutions, their location, date of establishment, date of opening, name and date of appointment of the superintendent, and the names of the officers of the board of trustees or managers.

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	Date of establishment.	Date of opening.	Superintendent.	Date of appointment.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
State Industrial School	Rochester	1846	1849	Franklin H. Briggs	Mar. 15, 1894	President, Rev. Isaac Gibbard, D.D. Secretary and Treasurer, George A. Carnahan.
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children	Syracuse	1851	1851	James C. Carson, M.D.	Oct. 8, 1884	President, Rt. Rev. F. D. Huntington Secretary, Mrs. Charles E. Crouse. Treasurer, Alfred Wilkinson.
New York State School for the Blind	Batavia	1865	1868	Gardner Fuller	June 19, 1895	President, Lee R. Sanborn. Secretary, G. R. Safford. Treasurer, F. S. Wood.
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children	Iroquois	1855	1875	George I. Lincoln	April 6, 1895	President, Henry R. Howland. Secretary, N. A. Chaffee. Treasurer, H. M. Blasdell.
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women	Newark	1878	1878	Charles W. Winspear	July 1, 1893	President, Charles McLouth. Secretary, George O. Baker. Treasurer, E. R. Burnham.
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home	Bath	1878	1878	Col. Charles O. Shepard.	Mar. 1, 1897	President, Gen. Daniel E. Sickles. Secretary, Otis H. Smith. Treasurer, Frank Campbell.
House of Refuge for Women	Hudson	1881	1887	Miss Mary S. May	Sept. 1, 1899	President, Herbert E. Mills. Secretary, Mrs. Marcia C. Powell. Treasurer, Fulton Paul.
Western House of Refuge for Women	Albion	1890	1894	Mrs. Mary K. Boyd	Sept. 4, 1893	President, Isaac S. Signor. Secretary, Mrs. Sarah J. Fee. Treasurer, Mrs. Clara M. Waterman
New York State Reformatory for Women*	Bedford	1892	.....	.....	.....	President, James Wood. Secretary, Alice Sandford. Treasurer, J. T. Lockwood.
Rome State Custodial Asylum	Rome	1893	1894	John F. Fitzgerald, M. D.	Mar. 15, 1894	President, Joseph I. Sayles. Secretary, Homer T. Fowler. Treasurer, J. Millerd Brainerd.
Craig Colony	Sonyea	1894	1896	William P. Spratling, M. D.	April 1, 1895	President, Frederic Peterson, M.D. Secretary, Hulbert E. Brown. Treasurer, John F. Connor.
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home.	Oxford	1895	1897	Mrs. Ellen M. Putnam	Nov. 14, 1896	President, Mrs. Annie P. Cleary. Secretary, E. J. Mitchell. Treasurer, George H. Treadwell.

* Not yet opened.

TABLE No. 1B.

List of the several institutions under private management, mainly supported by the State, their location, date of incorporation, date of opening, name and date of appointment of the superintendent or principal, and the names of the officers of the board of trustees or managers.

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	Date of incorporation.	Date of opening.	Superintendent or principal.	Date of appointment.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb	New York city	1817	1818	Enoch Henry Currier, M. A.	Jan. 1, 1893	President, Enoch L. Fancher, LL.D. Secretary, Thatcher M. Adams. Treasurer, Edward M. Townsend.
Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York	Randall's Island	1824	1825	Elisha M. Carpenter	Jan. 1, 1896	President, Alexander E. Orr. Secretary, Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr. Treasurer, Edward M. Townsend.
New York Institution for the Blind	New York city	1831	1832	William B. Wait	Oct. 1, 1863	President, Wm. C Schermerhorn. Secretary, F. A. Schermerhorn. Treasurer, Howland Davis.
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	Buffalo	1853	1861	Sister Mary Anne Burke	June 1, 1862	President, P. S. Gilmore. Secretary, Isidore Gernon. Treasurer, Sister Mary Anne Burke.
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes	New York city	1869	1867	Harvey F. Mitchell, acting principal.	Mar. 1, 1873	President, M. Goldman. Secretary, H. Mosenthal. Treasurer, L. Goldsmith.
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	Fordham Westchester Brooklyn*	1875 1875 1875	1870 1875 1874	Miss Mary B. Morgan Miss Ellen A. Coughlan	Oct. 6, 1897 Sept. 29, 1897	President, Mrs. A. Perronno. Secretary, Ellen H. Flaherty. Treasurer, Teresa Lambert.
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes	Rome	1875	1875	Edward B. Nelson	Sept. 1, 1876	President, Dr. W. J. P. Kingsley. Secretary and Treasurer, John G. Bissell.
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes	Rochester	1876	1876	Zenas F. Westervelt, LL. D.	Feb. 4, 1876	President, George G. Clarkson. Secretary, Charles F. Pond. Treasurer, Gilman H. Perkins.
Northern New York Institution for Deaf Mutes	Malone	1884	1884	Edward C. Rider	Aug. 12, 1896	President, John I. Gilbert. Secretary, Samuel A. Beman. Treasurer, Darius W. Lawrence.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	Albany	1891	1889	Miss Mary McGuire	Sept. 10, 1896	President, Edward A. Groesbeck. Secretary and Treas., Albert M. Fox.

* Closed in 1898.

TABLE No. 2.

Showing the capacity and cost of the several State institutions, and of the several institutions under State control and private management.

INSTITUTIONS.	Capacity.	Cost of buildings.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York city	250	$231,956 58
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	120	348,091 90
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city	500	420,000 00
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	545	357,365 05
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	400	150,600 00
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	100	41,412 86
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	1,000	500,000 00
The State Industrial School, Rochester	900	525,108 12
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	300	265,883 41
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	150	119,642 25
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	250	217,500 00
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath	1,200	302,765 00
Craig Colony, Sonyea	344	*338,504 78
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	350	321,954 18
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford	52	80,632 73
Total	6,461	$4,224,416 86

* Includes land

TABLE No. 16H.

Showing the number of children in the city and town almshouse institutions October 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Boys under 2.	Girls under 2.	Totals.	Number of children placed out in families.
Department of Public Charities (The), New York City:								
Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx:								
Almshouse, Blackwell's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	.....	.....	8	6	1	10	.....
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	5	9	.....
Bellevue Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fordham Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gouverneur Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harlem Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Randall's Island Asylums and Schools	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	95	168	.....
Colored Home and Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Out-Door Department	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20
Lodging House for Homeless Men, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens:								
Almshouse, Flatbush	6	6	14	18	33	27	104	103
Hospital, Flatbush	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Richmond:								
Almshouse, Northfield	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....
Hempstead Town Almshouse	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	29
Kingston City Almshouse	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Newburgh City and Town Almshouse	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3	5	.....
Oswego City Almshouse	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Oyster Bay and North Hempstead Town Almshouse (Jones Institute)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Poughkeepsie City Almshouse	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....
Total	6	6	14	21	118	135	300	161

TABLE No. 3—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	PERSONAL ESTATE.							Total valuation.
	Furniture.	Farm stock and implements	Farm produce.	General supplies.	Miscellaneous articles.	Funds and investments.	Total personal estate.	
New York Institution for the Blind, New York	$14,318 93	.....	.....	$1,364 28	$3,656 14	$309,687 74	$329,027 09	$736,983 67
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	6,696 79	$1,809 00	.....	1,217 01	8,271 60	.....	17,994 40	386,086 30
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	20,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	171,164 39	191,164 39	697,164 39
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	20,300 00	5,000 00	$5,317 45	3,486 64	500 00	.....	43,604 09	467,182 19
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	20,672 18	2,028 30	527 75	1,102 20	2,256 12	.....	26,586 55	190,061 55
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	3,217 51	1,752 80	1,229 95	.....	4,570 20	.....	10,770 46	52,183 32
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	12,056 41	2,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,056 41	549,056 41
The State Industrial School, Rochester	*116,705 26	853 50	377 00	22,604 20	6,690 10	.....	147,227 06	676,535 18
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	19,836 82	1,495 00	.....	1,384 30	.....	.....	22,716 12	317,594 76
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	10,268 19	600 00	250 00	100 00	300 00	.....	11,518 19	143,010 44
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	227,500 00
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath	41,000 00	6,500 00	7,000 00	2,100 00	.....	.....	56,600 00	387,725 00
Craig Colony, Sonyea	21,180 56	20,645 20	16,510 98	6,417 46	3,489 67	.....	68,243 87	406,748 65
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	16,109 73	6,540 52	2,307 30	4,253 24	3,595 94	.....	32,806 73	389,810 91
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford	6,933 16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,933 16	95,502 26
Total	$338,295 54	$49,221 32	$33,520 43	$44,029 33	$33,329 77	$480,852 13	$979,248 52	$5,723,145 03

* And machinery.

TABLE No. 4.

Showing the receipts of the State institutions and of the several institutions under State control and private management for the year 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	FROM THE STATE.					
		For salaries of officers.	From special appropriations.	From deficiency appropriations.	From unexpended appropriations of former years.	From the general appropriations.	Total from the State.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York city	$7,658 54	.....	.....	.....	.....	$40,445 42	$40,445 42
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	2,013 95	.....	$11,972 44	.....	.....	38,500 00	50,472 44
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city	10,701 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	61,504 35	61,504 35
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	2,155 76	.....	8,811 38	.....	.....	79,100 00	87,911 38
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	438 73	.....	5,995 13	.....	.....	49,000 00	54,995 13
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	2,118 17	.....	14,685 53	.....	.....	20,000 00	34,685 53
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	3,942 79	.....	15,019 37	.....	.....	164,166 50	179,185 87
The State Industrial School, Rochester	4,075 11	.....	5,446 22	.....	$5,241 94	190,000 00	200,688 16
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	2,869 95	.....	429 90	.....	.....	68,000 00	68,429 90
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	15,716 19	.....	.....	.....	.....	30,000 00	30,000 00
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath	15,827 36	.....	81,490 00	.....	6,965 00	181,510 00	269,965 00
Craig Colony, Sonyea	9,790 28	.....	149,454 79	.....	.....	65,000 00	214,454 79
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	5,921 38	.....	86,916 25	.....	.....	58,000 00	144,916 25
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford	903 66	.....	2,029 37	$1,433 42	896 15	14,000 00	18,358 94
Total	$84,133 19	.....	$382,250 38	$1,433 42	$13,103 09	$1,059,226 27	$1,456,013 16

TABLE No. 4 —(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From sales of farm and garden produce.	From labor of inmates.	From cities, counties and towns.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From loans.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York city	.....	.....	$6,511 93	.....	$5,000 00	$12,897 49	$25,051 26	$97,564 64
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	.....	.....	1,731 20	.....	.....	.....	336 38	54,553 97
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city	.....	.....	*111,892 41	$2,929 75	12,092 50	7,055 03	6,860 43	213,035 79
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	$495 00	$62 65	9,941 00	2,703 49	.....	.....	111 00	103,380 28
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble Minded Women, Newark	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60 25	55,494 11
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	269 46	37,073 16
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents of the City of New York), Randall's Island	.....	.....	3,693 10	.....	.....	.....	357 29	187,179 05
The State Industrial School, Rochester	†206 35	35 09	.....	.....	.....	.....	383 71	205,388 42
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	111 45	†1,374 12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	72,785 42
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	61 81	†1,167 99	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46,945 99
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,320 83	293,113 19
Craig Colony, Sonyea	†7,514 37	.....	1,987 34	677 28	.....	.....	29 05	234,453 11
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	1,853 28	.....	.....	618 80	.....	.....	385 31	153,695 02
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,500 00	.....	‡495 09	21,257 69
Total	$10,242 26	$2,639 85	$135,756 98	$6,929 32	$18,592 50	$19,952 52	$41,660 06	$1,775,919 34

* Bills amounting to $83,614.69 for tuition for the years 1896 and 1897, which were not paid because of litigation, are included in this item.
† Home products.
‡ Of this, $448.95 from Woman's Relief Corps.

TABLE No. 5.

Showing the expenditures of the State institutions and of the several institutions under State control and private management for the year 1898, the average number of inmates and the weekly cost of support.

INSTITUTIONS.	Salaries of officers, wages and labor.	Provisions and supplies.	Clothing.	Fuel and lights.	Medicines and medical supplies.	Furniture, beds and bedding.	Transportation and traveling expenses.	Ordinary repairs.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York city	$27,474 13	$13,860 44	$2,066 53	$3,724 99	$68 45	$5,622 88	$190 85	$5,213 38
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	22,259 82	7,630 97	912 37	1,902 15	171 45	1,350 00	269 43	253 95
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city	60,248 80	22,947 32	10,113 50	4,376 82	463 21	4,349 47	.....	8,829 78
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble Minded Children, Syracuse	33,658 31	24,796 61	8,855 48	9,381 15	1,367 94	*5,053 95	78 49	1,578 92
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	19,278 56	17,898 60	860 14	4,354 62	386 02	67 24	.....	1,016 30
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	8,642 15	2,861 44	1,667 21	1,808 71	56 77	596 85	.....	218 42
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	65,971 35	40,778 38	15,129 82	13,180 93	812 49	8,847 88	205 93	4,003 62
The State Industrial School, Rochester	77,256 65	36,538 82	12,845 79	28,853 70	962 38	*5,515 98	†2,491 56	3,291 24
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	30,468 94	12,520 43	3,301 58	8,400 94	452 95	3,532 93	3,588 36	1,465 66
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	14,308 15	6,488 03	1,143 17	4,630 26	215 18	.....	412 16	646 15
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath	54,267 06	59,151 33	22,676 08	15,795 06	8,429 07	5,098 13	3,645 63	2,580 55
Craig Colony, Sonyea	34,478 18	13,237 16	3,233 67	4,818 79	1,118 22	2,087 05	35 69	293 32
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	27,684 82	14,810 20	2,864 77	7,067 26	243 04	*2,391 78	.....	429 43
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford	5,323 60	3,037 77	228 67	1,304 59	190 49	*809 40	64 45	649 57
Total	$481,320 52	$276,557 50	$85,898 78	$109,599 97	$14,937 66	$45,323 54	$10,982 55	$30,570 29

* And household stores. † Including agents.

TABLE No. 5 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Expenses of trustees or managers.	All other ordinary expenses.	Total ordinary expenses.	Buildings and improvements.	Extraordinary repairs.	All other extraordinary expenses.	Total extraordinary expenditures.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York city	.....	$80,153 56	$88,375 21	.....	.....	.....	.....	$88,375 21	$9,189 43
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	$1,272 77	3,895 57	39,918 48	$9,480 98	.....	$2,810 95	$12,291 93	52,210 41	2,343 56
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city	.....	20,680 54	132,109 44	526 98	.....	42,369 98	42,896 96	175,006 40	38,029 39
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	223 63	*9,771 99	94,766 47	.....	$8,811 38	.....	8,811 38	103,577 85	.....
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble Minded Women, Newark	743 45	3,339 62	47,944 55	4,545 95	1,859 85	.....	6,405 80	54,350 35	1,143 76
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	376 69	*4,072 77	20,301 01	16,412 88	.....	.....	16,412 88	36,713 89	359 27
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	911 63	20,198 54	170,040 57	15,019 37	.....	.....	15,019 37	185,059 94	2,119 11
The State Industrial School, Rochester	167 71	23,361 88	191,285 71	7,624 65	1,627 58	4,713 42	13,965 65	205,251 36	137 06
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	387 25	*7,264 97	71,384 01	195 00	234 90	.....	429 90	71,813 91	971 51
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	236 35	*3,556 37	31,635 82	792 95	1,241 07	254 33	2,288 35	33,924 17	13,021 82
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath	1,418 77	25,330 73	198,392 41	16,535 12	5,617 78	.....	22,152 90	220,545 31	72,567 88
Craig Colony, Sonyea	1,286 72	*14,617 56	75,306 34	140,123 42	15,031 49	3,446 96	158,601 87	233,908 23	544 88
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	667 44	*7,310 91	63,469 65	87,036 02	1,344 62	.....	88,380 64	151,850 29	1,844 73
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford	1,135 95	*2,102 83	14,847 32	3,858 94	2,000 00	.....	5,858 94	20,706 26	551 43
Total	$8,928 36	$175,657 84	$1,239,777 01	$302,152 26	$37,768 67	$53,595 64	$393,516 57	$1,633,293 58	$142,823 83

* Includes expenditures for shop, farm and garden.

TABLE No. 5—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	RECAPITULATION.			Average number of inmates.	Average weekly cost of support, including the value of home and farm products consumed.	Average weekly cost of support, excluding the value of home and farm products consumed.
	Ordinary expenditures.	Extraordinary expenditures.	Total expenditures.			
New York Institution for the Blind, New York City	$88,375 21	.....	$88,375 21	185	.....	$5 80
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	39,918 48	$12,291 93	52,210 41	113	.....	6 80
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York City	132,109 44	42,896 96	175,006 40	396	$3 97	5 81
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	94,706 47	8,811 38	103,517 85	511	2 46	3 55
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	47,944 55	6,405 80	54,350 35	392	3 95	2 34
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	20,301 01	16,412 88	36,713 89	109		3 58
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	170 040 57	15,019 37	185,059 94	735	4 70	4 43
The State Industrial School, Rochester	191,285 71	13,965 65	205,251 36	854	4 40	4 29
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	71,384 01	429 90	71,813 91	274	4 88	4 76
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	31,635 82	2,288 35	33,924 17	114	5 32	5 13
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath	193,392 41	22,152 95	220,545 31	1,271	2 98	2 89
Craig Colony, Sonyea	75,306 36	158,601 87	233,908 23	252	6 70	5 02
Oneida State Custodial Asylum, Rome	63,469 65	88,381 64	151,850 29	339	3 78	3 50
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford	14,847 32	5,858 94	20,706 26	49	4 93	4 56
	$1,239,777 01	$393,516 57	$1,633,293 58	.....	.....	.....

Hempstead Town, Almshouse	200 00	500 00	129 91	2 49
Kingston City Almshouse	300 00	200 00	78 98	1 51
Newburgh City and Town Almshouse	279 00	279 00	100 71	1 93
Oswego City Almshouse	225 00	300 00	86 16	1 66
Oyster Bay and North Hempstead Town Almshouse (Jones Institute)	600 00	600 00	105 00	2 02
Poughkeepsie City Almshouse	300 00	300 00	118 40	2 28
Total	$20,143 00	$21,978 00	.....	.....

TABLE No. 5.

Showing the expenditures of the State institutions and of the several institutions under State control and private management for the year 1898, *the average number of inmates and the weekly cost of support.*

INSTITUTIONS.	Salaries of officers, wages and labor.	Provisions and supplies.	Clothing.	Fuel and lights.	Medicines and medical supplies.	Furniture, beds and bedding.	Transportation and traveling expenses.	Ordinary repairs.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York city	$27,474 13	$13,860 44	$2,066 53	$3,724 99	$68 45	$5,622 88	$190 85	$5,213 38
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	22,259 82	7,630 97	912 37	1,902 15	171 45	1,350 00	269 43	253 95
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York city	60,248 80	22,947 32	10,113 50	4,376 82	463 21	4,349 47	.....	8,829 78
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	33,658 31	24,796 61	8,855 48	9,381 15	1,367 94	*5,053 95	78 49	1,578 92
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	19,278 56	17,898 60	866 14	4,354 62	386 02	67 24	.....	1,016 30
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	8,642 15	2,861 44	1,667 21	1,808 71	56 77	596 85	.....	218 42
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	65,971 35	40,778 38	15,129 82	13,180 93	812 49	8,847 88	205 93	4,003 62
The State Industrial School, Rochester	77,256 65	36,538 82	12,845 79	28,853 70	962 38	*5,515 98	†2,491 56	3,291 24
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	30,468 94	12,520 43	3,301 58	8,400 94	452 95	3,532 93	3,588 36	1,465 66
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	14,308 15	6,488 03	1,143 17	4,630 26	215 18	.....	412 16	646 15
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath	54,267 06	59,151 33	22,676 08	15,795 06	8,429 07	5,098 13	3,645 63	2,580 55
Craig Colony, Sonyea	34,478 18	13,237 16	3,233 67	4,818 79	1,118 22	2,087 05	35 69	293 32
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	27,684 82	14,810 20	2,864 77	7,067 26	243 04	*2,391 78	.....	429 43
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford	5,323 60	3,037 77	228 67	1,304 69	130 49	809 40	64 45	649 57
Total	$481,320 52	$276,557 50	$85,893 78	$110,599 97	$14,037 66	$45,323 54	$10,982 55	$30,570 29

* And household stores. † Including agents.

TABLE No. 8.

Showing the movement of the population in the State institutions and of the several institutions under state control and private management during the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number in the institution October 1, 1897.	Received during the year.	Total supported.	Discharged. By indenture.	Returned to parents or guardians.	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Remaining October 1, 1898. Men.	Women.	Boys under 16 years.	Girls under 16 Years.	Total.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York City	180	24	204	...	35	.....	.....	.....	35	9	3	85	72	169
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	88	24	112	...	112	.....	.....	.....	112	.....	.....	68	52	*120
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York City	393	51	444	...	.....	.....	41	.....	41	1	1	260	141	403
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	533	59	592	....	.....	.....	45	7	52	.....	.....	260	280	540
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	391	44	435	....	.....	.....	24	5	29	.....	406	.....	.....	406
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	106	32	138	6	8	6	.....	2	22	.....	.....	48	68	116
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	752	572	1,324	68	439	12	15	4	538	.....	.....	671	115	786
The State Industrial School, Rochester	828	673	1,501	....	.....	.....	619	.....	619	.....	.....	729	153	882
The House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	292	103	395	....	.....	.....	110	4	114	.....	281	.....	.....	281
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	117	58	175	....	.....	.....	55	.....	55	.....	120	.....	.....	120
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath	1,788	992	2,780	....	.....	.....	1,329	97	1,426	1,354	.....	.....	.....	1,354
Craig Colony, Sonyea	214	157	371	....	.....	.....	35	14	49	155	167	.....	.....	322
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	341	35	376	....	.....	.....	3	31	34	215	127	.....	.....	342
New York State Woman's Relief Corps Home, Oxford	46	27	73	....	.....	.....	23	4	27	13	33	.....	.....	46
Total	6,069	2,851	8,920	74	594	18	2,299	168	3,153	1,747	1,138	2,121	881	5,887

*Number of pupils enrolled September 30, 1898.

TABLE No. 19—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Total number of poor persons receiving temporary relief.	Number supported in almshouse institutions.	Number temporarily relieved.	Total supported and relieved
Department of Public Charities (The), New York City:				
Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx:				
Almshouse, Blackwell's Island	.....	6,216	.....	6,216
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	9,658	.....	9,658
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	6,231	.....	6,231
Bellevue Hospital, New York City	.....	22,850	.....	22,850
Fordham Hospital, New York City	.....	853	.....	853
Gouverneur Hospital, New York City	.....	2,721	.....	2,721
Harlem Hospital, New York City	.....	2,773	.....	2,773
Randall's Island Asylums and Schools	.....	1,924	.....	1,924
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	.....	1,730	.....	1,730
Colored Home and Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....
Out-Door Department	3,046	.....	3,046	3,046
Lodging House for Homeless Men, New York City	77,405	.....	77,405	77,405
Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens:				
Almshouse, Flatbush	.....	11,478	.....	11,478
Hospital, Flatbush	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Richmond:				
Almshouse, Northfield	369	250	369	619

Hempstead Town Almshouse	214	79	214	293
Kingston City Almshouse	3,502	72	3,502	3,574
Newburgh City and Town Almshouse	1,221	192	1,221	1,413
Oswego City Almshouse	798	68	798	866
Oyster Bay and North Hempstead Town Almshouse (Jones Institute)	.....	66	.....	66
Poughkeepsie City Almshouse	836	191	836	1,027
Total	87,391	67,352	87,391	154,743

TABLE No. 10B.

Showing the number of sick or infirm persons in the county almshouses October 1, 1898.

COUNTIES.	Men over 50.	Women over 50.	Men 21 to 50.	Women 21 to 50.	Boys 16 to 21.	Totals.
Albany	56	26	32	20	.....	134
Allegany	21	10	3	3	.....	37
Broome	51	21	6	5	.....	83
Cattaraugus	32	12	6	2	.....	52
Cayuga	40	17	1	.....	.....	58
Chautauqua	45	35	24	8	.....	112
Chemung	41	26	4	.....	.....	71
Chenango	25	5	10	.....	.....	40
Clinton	25	11	4	9	.....	49
Columbia	45	24	.....	.....	.....	69
Cortland	20	4	1	2	.....	27
Delaware	13	7	4	.....	.....	24
Dutchess	55	17	.....	2	.....	74
Erie	310	91	110	53	.....	564
Essex	12	6	3	5	.....	26
Franklin	29	13	.....	.....	.....	42
Fulton	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Genesee	27	4	.....	.....	.....	31
Greene	9	9	8	10	.....	36
Hamilton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Herkimer	15	8	20	6	.....	49
Jefferson	48	26	1	1	.....	76
Lewis	17	9	2	.....	.....	28
Livingston	35	11	11	2	.....	59
Madison	30	22	12	.....	.....	64
Monroe	201	86	65	16	.....	368
Montgomery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Niagara	49	21	.....	6	.....	76
Oneida	122	51	21	6	.....	200
Onondaga	77	44	25	.....	.....	146
Ontario	26	11	4	1	.....	42
Orange	37	24	6	3	.....	70
Orleans	35	12	.....	.....	.....	47
Oswego	24	10	8	5	.....	47
Otsego	42	12	5	.....	.....	59
Putnam	34	7	.....	.....	.....	41
Queens	10	.....	6	.....	.....	16
Rensselaer	56	39	65	16	.....	176
Richmond	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rockland	22	11	.....	.....	.....	33
St. Lawrence	26	20	3	2	.....	51
Saratoga	30	15	9	3	.....	57
Schenectady	35	17	9	4	.....	65
Schoharie	10	4	11	5	.....	30
Schuyler	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca	17	9	1	.....	1	28
Steuben	31	5	13	1	.....	50
Suffolk	50	45	8	5	.....	108
Sullivan	22	14	.....	.....	.....	36
Tioga	10	5	.....	.....	.....	15
Tompkins	35	10	.....	.....	.....	45
Ulster	64	20	8	4	.....	96
Warren	35	3	2	3	.....	43
Washington	14	14	.....	.....	.....	28
Wayne	32	22	4	.....	.....	58
Westchester	36	18	28	12	.....	94
Wyoming	19	5	.....	.....	.....	24
Yates	15	8	.....	.....	.....	23
Total	2,221	976	563	220	1	3,981

TABLE No. 10c.

Showing the number of insane persons in the county almshouses October 1, 1898.

COUNTIES.	Men over 50.	Women over 50.	Men 21 to 50.	Women 21 to 50.	Girls 16 to 21.	Totals.
Albany						
Allegany						
Broome						
Cattaraugus	1					1
Cayuga						
Chautauqua						
Chemung						
Chenango						
Clinton	1					1
Columbia		2				2
Cortland						
Delaware	1		1			2
Dutchess						
Erie						
Essex	1					1
Franklin						
Fulton						
Genesee						
Greene		1				1
Hamilton						
Herkimer						
Jefferson						
Lewis	1	2				3
Livingston						
Madison	2	1	1		1	5
Monroe						
Montgomery						
Niagara		1				1
Oneida				1		1
Onondaga				1		1
Ontario			1			1
Orange						
Orleans						
Oswego						
Otsego		1		1		2
Putnam						
Queens						
Rensselaer						
Richmond						
Rockland						
St. Lawrence						
Saratoga						
Schenectady						
Schoharie						
Schuyler						
Seneca						
Steuben						
Suffolk						
Sullivan						
Tioga						
Tompkins						
Ulster			1			1
Warren						
Washington						
Wayne	4	1		1		6
Westchester						
Wyoming						
Yates						
Total	11	9	4	4	1	29

TABLE No. 10D.

Showing the number of feeble-minded or idiotic persons in the county almshouses October 1, 1898.

COUNTIES.	Men over 50.	Women over 50.	Men 21 to 50.	Women 21 to 50.	Boys 16 to 21.	Girls 16 to 21.	Boys 2 to 16.	Girls 2 to 16	Totals.
Albany	....	....	3	2	....	....	....	....	5
Allegany	....	3	2	....	....	....	....	....	5
Broome	3	4	12	6	....	....	....	....	25
Cattaraugus	3	1	3	3	....	....	....	....	10
Cayuga	....	5	....	1	....	....	....	....	6
Chautauqua	....	....	5	4	....	....	....	....	9
Chemung	4	2	2	....	....	....	....	....	8
Chenango	1	6	3	5	1	1	....	....	17
Clinton	1	....	7	2	....	....	....	....	10
Columbia	2	3	4	....	....	....	....	....	9
Cortland	1	3	....	2	....	....	....	....	6
Delaware	5	3	5	2	....	....	....	....	15
Dutchess	....	....	5	....	2	....	....	....	7
Erie	1	2	7	2	....	....	3	1	16
Essex	2	3	1	1	....	....	....	....	7
Franklin	1	1	2	....	....	....	....	....	4
Fulton	3	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3
Genesee	10	8	4	....	....	....	....	....	22
Greene	3	2	1	1	....	....	....	....	7
Hamilton	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Herkimer	3	7	12	3	....	....	....	....	25
Jefferson	1	1	....	7	....	1	....	....	10
Lewis	3	4	....	....	....	....	....	....	7
Livingston	....	....	2	1	....	....	....	....	3
Madison	1	2	1	....	1	....	....	....	5
Monroe	....	....	12	4	4	....	....	....	20
Montgomery	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Niagara	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	1
Oneida	5	8	9	3	....	1	....	....	26
Onondaga	2	1	5	4	2	....	....	....	14
Ontario	5	3	1	3	....	....	....	....	12
Orange	....	4	2	3	....	....	....	....	9
Orleans	8	5	1	2	....	....	....	....	16
Oswego	10	....	8	4	....	....	....	1	23
Otsego	2	2	4	2	....	....	....	....	10
Putnam	3	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	3
Queens	4	1	2	1	....	....	....	....	8
Rensselaer	....	....	1	2	....	....	....	....	3
Richmond	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Rockland	....	....	6	3	....	....	....	....	9
St. Lawrence	6	2	13	9	1	1	....	....	32
Saratoga	2	1	3	3	....	....	....	....	9
Schenectady	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
Schoharie	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	1
Schuyler	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Seneca	1	1	1	1	....	....	....	....	4
Steuben	1	1	4	2	....	....	....	....	8
Suffolk	5	4	....	....	....	....	....	....	9
Sullivan	....	....	5	1	1	....	2	....	9
Tioga	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
Tompkins	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Ulster	6	4	1	2	....	....	....	....	13
Warren	2	....	3	....	....	....	....	....	5
Washington	4	5	4	1	....	....	....	....	14
Wayne	1	....	3	8	....	....	....	....	12
Westchester	....	....	....	....	....	2	....	....	2
Wyoming	4	5	2	1	2	....	....	....	14
Yates	4	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	6
Total	126	108	171	104	14	6	5	2	536

TABLE No. 10E.

Showing the number of epileptics in the county almshouses October 1, 1898.

COUNTIES.	Men over 50.	Women over 50	Men 21 to 50.	Women 21 to 50.	Boys 16 to 21.	Girls 16 to 21.	Boys 2 to 16.	Girls 2 to 16.	Totals.
Albany	1			2					3
Allegany		1							1
Broome	1								1
Cattaraugus		1	1						2
Cayuga	1	2							3
Chautauqua			2	2					4
Chemung	2	2							4
Chenango		1							1
Clinton	1		1	1					3
Columbia			2	4	1				7
Cortland									
Delaware									
Dutchess		2		1					3
Erie		1	1	7					9
Essex				1					1
Franklin									
Fulton	2			3					5
Genesee									
Greene		1		1					2
Hamilton									
Herkimer									
Jefferson	1	1		1					3
Lewis	2	1							3
Livingston	2		3	2					7
Madison	2	1	1						4
Monroe	4			4					8
Montgomery									
Niagara			1		1				2
Oneida	1		2	2					5
Onondaga	1	1		3					5
Ontario			1						1
Orange	2								2
Orleans			1	1					2
Oswego			4	4					8
Otsego	1		1						2
Putnam									
Queens									
Rensselaer	1		2	1					4
Richmond									
Rockland									
St. Lawrence	1	2	1	5		1	1		11
Saratoga	1							1	2
Schenectady	1								1
Schoharie									
Schuyler									
Seneca									
Steuben				1					1
Suffolk	1	1	2	2					6
Sullivan	1		1						2
Tioga	1								1
Tompkins									
Ulster				1					1
Warren	1								1
Washington			2		1	1			4
Wayne		1							1
Westchester									
Wyoming					1				1
Yates									
Total	32	19	29	49	4	2	1	1	137

TABLE No. 10F.

Showing the number of blind persons in the county almshouses October 1, 1898.

COUNTIES.	Men over 50.	Women over 50.	Men 21 to 50.	Women 21 to 50.	Boys 16 to 21.	Girls 16 to 21.	Boys 2 to 16.	Totals.
Albany	2	1	....	....	....	....	....	3
Allegany	2	1	1	....	....	....	....	4
Broome	3	....	....	....	....	....	....	3
Cattaraugus	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
Cayuga	1	2	....	....	....	....	....	3
Chautauqua	3	1	1	....	....	....	....	5
Chemung	3	1	1	....	....	....	....	5
Chenango	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	1
Clinton	2	1	....	....	1	....	....	4
Columbia	2	1	....	....	....	....	....	3
Cortland	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	1
Delaware	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
Dutchess	2	4	....	1	....	1	....	8
Erie	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Essex	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Franklin	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	2
Fulton	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	2
Genesee	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Greene	2	2	1	....	....	....	....	5
Hamilton	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Herkimer	1	2	....	....	....	....	....	3
Jefferson	2	1	....	....	....	....	....	3
Lewis	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
Livingston	3	1	....	....	....	....	....	4
Madison	3	3	....	....	....	....	....	6
Monroe	4	3	2	....	....	....	....	9
Montgomery	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Niagara	2	1	....	....	....	....	....	3
Oneida	4	2	....	....	....	....	1	7
Onondaga	1	1	2	1	....	....	....	5
Ontario	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	2
Orange	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	1
Orleans	4	....	....	....	....	....	....	4
Oswego	2	1	....	....	....	....	....	3
Otsego	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
Putnam	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
Queens	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
Rensselaer	4	1	2	1	....	....	....	8
Richmond	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Rockland	4	1	....	....	....	....	....	5
St. Lawrence	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	2
Saratoga	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Schenectady	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Schoharie	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	1
Schuyler	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Seneca	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	2
Steuben	1	1	1	....	....	....	....	3
Suffolk	1	....	3	....	....	....	....	4
Sullivan	2	....	....	....	....	....	....	2
Tioga	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Tompkins	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Ulster	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	2
Warren	2	1	....	....	....	....	....	3
Washington	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	2
Wayne	....	2	....	....	....	....	....	2
Westchester	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	2
Wyoming	....	....	2	....	....	....	....	2
Yates	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	74	43	19	8	1	1	1	147

TABLE No. 10G.

Showing the number of deaf persons in the county almhouses October 1, 1898.

COUNTIES.	Men over 50.	Women over 50.	Men 21 to 50.	Women 21 to 50.	Totals
Albany		1			1
Allegany					
Broome	1				1
Cattaraugus	3	1	2		6
Cayuga					
Chautauqua		1	1		2
Chemung	1				1
Chenango		1			1
Clinton	1	1			2
Columbia	4	4			8
Cortland					
Delaware		1			1
Dutchess	1				1
Erie		1	1		2
Essex					
Franklin	1	1			2
Fulton	2	1			3
Genesee					
Greene					
Hamilton					
Herkimer		1			1
Jefferson			1	1	2
Lewis	1	1			2
Livingston		1	1		2
Madison	5	2			7
Monroe	1				1
Montgomery					
Niagara		1	1		2
Oneida		1	1		2
Onondaga	1	1		2	4
Ontario					
Orange					
Orleans	1				1
Oswego	2				2
Otsego					
Putnam					
Queens	2				2
Rensselaer					
Richmond					
Rockland					
St. Lawrence	2	2	1	1	6
Saratoga		1			1
Schenectady					
Schoharie	1	1			2
Schuyler					
Seneca					
Steuben				1	1
Suffolk			1	1	2
Sullivan					
Tioga					
Tompkins					
Ulster					
Warren	3	3			6
Washington		1			1
Wayne		1			1
Westchester					
Wyoming		1			1
Yates	1				1
Total	34	31	10	6	81

TABLE No. 10H.

Showing the number of children in the county almshouses October 1, 1898, and the number placed out in families during the year.

COUNTIES.	Boys 16 to 21.	Girls 16 to 21.	Boys 2 to 16.	Girls 2 to 16.	Boys under 2.	Girls under 2.	Totals.	Number of children placed out in families.
Albany								
Allegany			1	1	1		3	4
Broome								1
Cattaraugus		1					1	
Cayuga					1		1	
Chautauqua						1	1	
Chemung			1				1	
Chenango	1						1	
Clinton	1		1	1			3	
Columbia						2	2	
Cortland								
Delaware								3
Dutchess					2		2	
Erie	7	15	2		10	13	47	64
Essex	1	1		1			3	6
Franklin								7
Fulton							2	
Genesee								
Greene								
Hamilton								
Herkimer								4
Jefferson		1			2	1	4	
Lewis						1	1	6
Livingston								
Madison		2					2	2
Monroe	1	6			1	3	11	
Montgomery								2
Niagara								
Oneida		2	1				3	
Onondaga					1	4	5	
Ontario						1	1	7
Orange					1	1	2	25
Orleans								
Oswego		1	4		2	1	8	2
Otsego	1					1	2	1
Putnam								
Queens					1	1	2	5
Rensselaer					1	3	4	
Richmond								
Rockland					1		1	1
St. Lawrence		1	1	1			3	4
Saratoga								5
Schenectady					1	1	2	
Schoharie								
Schuyler								
Seneca								1
Steuben			1	1			2	
Suffolk		3			1	3	7	14
Sullivan	1						1	
Tioga	2	1	2			1	6	4
Tompkins								
Ulster								
Warren					1	1	2	
Washington						2	2	
Wayne					1	1	2	
Westchester	1				9	8	18	52
Wyoming						3	3	1
Yates								
Total	16	34	14	5	37	53	*159	221

*All children over two years of age illegally retained. See section 56, chapter 225, of the Laws of 1896.

TABLE No. 11—(*Continued.*)

COUNTIES.	For salary and expenses of Supt.	For services of keeper and other officers.	For wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For clothing.	For fuel and light.
Queens	$3,200 00	$2,902 75	$18 20	$7,369 61	$2,251 72	$539 80
Rensselaer	4,500 00	4,480 00	.....	17,510 51	2,845 88	1,937 62
Richmond	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rockland	1,000 00	1,128 00	60 00	4,634 81	242 21	502 35
St. Lawrence	1,200 00	600 00	1,118 10	5,080 64	590 00	1,232 00
Saratoga	1,464 44	600 00	657 20	4,888 04	336 85	1,167 64
Schenectady	1,000 00	.....	325 75	4,531 54	201 10	535 21
Schoharie	600 00	160 00	351 12	1,407 05	455 44	360 00
Schuyler	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca	600 00	.....	1,052 65	2,252 43	179 73	512 83
Steuben	3,066 54	756 00	1,256 00	2,804 12	750 00	995 00
Suffolk	2,500 00	1,500 00	3,581 13	4,120 05	920 69	850 40
Sullivan	350 00	550 00	631 00	1,610 08	145 16	522 84
Tioga	1,353 50	550 00	609 55	825 99	144 67	281 40
Tompkins	725 36	600 00	377 39	1,797 73	218 07	798 13
Ulster	1,631 73	680 00	1,059 66	4,758 43	698 81	693 96
Warren	824 60	500 00	504 00	2,287 64	783 99	182 41
Washington	600 00	1,228 00	114 75	805 36	323 24	570 17
Wayne	500 00	1,000 00	1,415 00	4,969 35	253 54	976 56
Westchester	2,000 00	1,750 00	1,114 96	12,842 07	1,145 70	1,548 72
Wyoming	979 60	580 00	1,002 00	2,102 53	416 74	473 02
Yates	600 00	.....	775 00	1,600 00	310 00	475 00
Total	$68,355 60	$66,513 58	$65,233 47	$301,650 47	$42,167 40	$57,039 28

TABLE No. 11—(*Continued*).

COUNTIES.	For medical attendance and medicines.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For transportation of poor persons to the almshouse.	For repairs and improvements.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.
Albany	$2,000 00	.....	$149 24	$200 00	.....	$29,049 24
Allegany	325 00	$87 00	25 00	1,992 83	.....	8,417 63
Broome	561 04	157 08	191 53	462 99	$257 84	10,685 03
Cattaraugus	563 75	235 20	86 40	1,406 36	324 21	19,342 20
Cayauga	246 17	52 95	6 20	100 00	200 00	6,853 98
Chautauqua	637 52	136 30	6 00	707 43	430 46	10,414 02
Chemung	341 92	101 71	123 30	161 94	173 00	11,279 48
Chenango	370 29	75 11	33 85	1,402 59	800 00	10,540 24
Clinton	500 00	300 00	.....	500 00	1,503 14	14,615 14
Columbia	483 10	230 24	136 68	459 81	779 81	13,150 40
Cortland	603 49	343 32	.....	924 76	1,066 04	7,387 41
Delaware	431 23	54 00	386 17	300 00	90 00	4,698 17
Dutchess	597 80	456 93	.....	736 50	1,844 85	17,417 87
Erie	7,812 14	502 02	650 00	.....	.....	103,443 46
Essex	200 00	.....	.....	1,100 00	150 00	7,075 00
Franklin	152 81	300 00	22 80	279 00	124 25	4,706 36
Fulton	300 00	50 84	64 00	100 00	.....	5,348 20
Genesee	210 83	73 00	56 60	801 63	233 35	6,256 67
Greene	250 00	200 00	213 19	100 00	.....	6,456 33
Hamilton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Herkimer	509 10	.....	324 03	989 82	52 20	8,450 23
Jefferson	350 00	132 70	10 50	311 75	248 87	6,877 19
Lewis	305 25	368 00	.....	2,000 00	588 59	6,609 01
Livingston	235 00	67 30	31 50	413 44	323 63	8,929 55
Madison	337 92	39 20	236 08	273 89	1,886 95	9,562 35
Monroe	2,244 02	231 45	.....	1,442 94	3,139 37	35,186 71
Montgomery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Niagara	820 25	519 89	448 78	70 48	2,026 57	16,266 58
Oneida	1,267 79	500 00	406 17	6,196 45	660 36	50,865 84
Onondaga	1,052 48	.....	200 23	517 80	.....	17,187 17
Ontario	483 76	70 47	101 00	1,989 95	1,227 37	11,153 64
Orange	1,089 46	.....	.....	3,071 72	16,215 71	35,208 62
Orleans	433 62	350 00	25 00	3,531 00	1,884 22	12,921 04
Oswego	701 00	175 00	6 48	360 00	474 41	8,642 58
Otsego	480 56	190 50	105 62	643 25	3,337 35	12,296 21
Putnam	150 00	.....	.....	81 00	.....	4,021 48

TABLE No. 11—(*Concluded*).

COUNTIES.	For medical attendance and medicines	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For transportation of poor persons to the almshouse.	For repairs and improvements.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.
Queens	$1,748 57	$955 57	$146 63	$1,141 29	$2,669 73	$22,943 87
Rensselaer	1,000 00	261 50	2 00	2,400 00	62 81	34,500 27
Richmond	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rockland	343 66	70 00	56 00	940 49	17 89	8,995 41
St Lawrence	207 00	100 00	50 00	400 53	1,265 86	11,754 13
Saratoga	552 84	143 00	244 75	660 93	1,265 86	11,984 55
Schenectady	335 71	243 96	.....	540 00	2,743 40	10,456 67
Schoharie	75 00	98 88	47 00	468 41	230 00	4,252 90
Schuyler	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca	306 65	45 95	.....	200 00	979 94	6,130 18
Steuben	1,322 00	248 00	171 87	1,135 00	112 00	12,616 53
Suffolk	374 02	1,022 38	47 00	907 35	993 10	16,816 12
Sullivan	246 18	.....	82 14	20 00	.....	4,157 40
Tioga	113 87	149 20	.....	1,008 35	290 75	5,327 28
Tompkins	369 79	.....	27 15	489 78	32 88	5,436 28
Ulster	700 76	385 51	169 80	424 67	507 65	11,710 98
Warren	283 90	48 40	86 15	73 97	3,574 67	9,149 73
Washington	136 45	11 50	.....	75 00	382 77	4,247 24
Wayne	1,276 58	.....	.....	488 18	319 00	11,198 21
Westchester	1,262 38	40 50	1,220 85	500 00	6,750 00	30,175 18
Wyoming	167 00	80 25	83 20	713 61	1,728 80	8,326 75
Yates	130 00	.....	22 00	300 00	528 00	4,740 00
Total	$37,999 66	$9,904 81	$6,502 89	$46,466 89	$64,497 66	$766,331 71

TABLE No. 12.

Showing the estimated value of almshouse establishments, of the farm products, of the labor of poor persons, the estimated amount saved through this labor, and the expense of supporting each person.

COUNTIES.	Number of acres of land attached to the almshouse.	Number of acres in cultivation.	Number of acres in wood or pasture.	Estimated value of lands and buildings.	Estimated value of the products of the farms.	Value of labor of poor persons.	Estimated amount saved through this labor in the expense of support.	Yearly average sum expended for each poor person beyond his earnings and the products of the farm, but including all other expenses of maintenance.	Average weekly expense of support of each poor person.
Albany	80	60	20	$150,000 00	$1,500 00	$350 00	$350 00	$145 08	$2 79
Allegany	363	175	188	40,000 00	4,838 60	400 00	400 00	62 40	1 20
Broome	140	140	.....	46,000 00	4,081 55	300 00	300 00	74 41	1 43
Cattaraugus	208	143	*65	75,000 00	2,100 00	300 00	150 00	86 60	1 66
Cayuga	96	96	.....	30,000 00	1,124 95	350 00	350 00	66 61	1 28
Chautauqua	338	323	15	101,540 00	4,352 80	688 00	688 00	71 46	1 37
Chemung	180	80	100	35,000 00	3,500 00	1,000 00	2,000 00	84 76	1 63
Chenango	175	175	.....	22,000 00	2,000 00	.....	.....	111 19	2 13
Clinton	87	57	30	40,000 00	1,545 20	.....	.....	153 79	2 95
Columbia	190	180	10	45,000 00	1,500 00	250 00	250 00	74 53	1 43
Cortland	118	80	38	30,000 00	1,341 45	448 00	.....	117 76	2 26
Delaware	180	120	60	10,000 00	2,268 60	800 00	800 00	97 17	1 87
Dutchess	103	100	3	12,000 00	800 00	450 00	450 00	113 42	2 18
Erie	154	140	†14	578,000 00	6,757 36	20,160 00	20,160 00	150 00	2 88
Essex	190	120	70	30,000 00	1,000 00	175 00	225 00	70 70	1 36
Franklin	110	75	35	32,000 00	2,666 20	150 00	150 00	80 12	1 54
Fulton	100	85	15	9,000 00	1,120 00	90 00	100 00	64 06	1 23
Genesee	200	195	5	20,000 00	3,665 48	800 00	800 00	51 62	99
Greene	188	178	10	35,000 00	2,432 25	350 00	350 00	102 34	1 96
Hamilton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Herkimer	65	65	.....	30,000 00	618 00	.....	.....	75 56	1 45
Jefferson	150	‡150	.....	35,000 00	1,500 00	300 00	300 00	62 52	1 20
Lewis	59	40	19	30,000 00	1,533 60	100 00	100 00	76 96	1 48
Livingston	151	151	.....	57,000 00	2,707 10	425 00	425 00	109 39	2 09
Madison	165	165	.....	47,140 00	2,243 21	250 00	250 00	77 11	1 48
Monroe	62	62	.....	140,000 00	3,849 94	4,000 00	4,000 00	72 28	1 39
Montgomery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* "And lake." † "Stone quarry." ‡ Includes pasture land.

TABLE No. 25 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Presentation Day Nursery, New York	$1,200 00	.....	$1,200 00
Pro-Cathedral Memorial Day Nursery, New York *	.....	.....	.....
Red Cross Humane League (The) Day Nursery, Troy †	.....	.....	.....
Riverside Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....
St. Agnes' Nursery of the Church of the Ascension, New York	17,000 00	.....	17,000 00
St. Agnes' South Brooklyn Day Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....
St. John's Day Nursery, New York	450 00	158 52	608 52
St. Joseph's Day Nursery, New York	17,000 00	3,181 78	20,181 78
St. Mark's Day Nursery (of St. Mark's P. E. Church), New York	200 00	200 00	400 00
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery, New York	.....	5,750 00	5,750 00
Silver Cross Day Nursery Association, New York	16,000 00	.....	16,000 00
Stapleton Day Nursery, Stapleton, S. I.	.....	.....	.....
Sunbeam Day Nursery (of the Sixty-third Street Mission of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church), New York	.....	.....	.....
Sunnyside Day Nursery, New York	16,656 74	.....	16,656 74
Temple Israel Sisterhood Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York ‡	.....	.....	.....
Virginia Day Nursery (of the Woman's Branch of the New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York	15,000 00	.....	15,000 00
Wayside Day Nursery, New York	28,000 00	.....	28,000 00
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York	8,000 00	900 00	8,900 00
Winifred Day Nursery (of the East Side House Settlement), New York	200 00	.....	200 00
Total	$297,073 33	$25,190 30	$322,263 63

* See Memorial Day Nursery of Pro-Cathedral, New York. † Established Oct. 1, 1898. ‡ See tables 33–36.

TABLE No. 13.

Showing the number of wayfarers at the almshouse and the number of persons outside the almshouse receiving temporary relief from the superintendents and overseers of the poor, the number of these who were residents of the county, and the number of wayfarers or tramps, with a recapitulation of the total number of persons supported in the county almshouses and temporarily relieved during the year ending September 30, 1898.

COUNTIES.	Number of wayfarers at the almshouse.	Number Receiving Temporary Relief.		Number thus relieved who were residents of the county.	Number thus relieved who were wayfarers.	Total number of poor persons receiving temporary relief.	Number supported in the almshouse.	Number temporarily relieved.	Total supported and relieved.
		From the supt. of the poor.	From the overseers of the poor.						
Albany	.....	.....	5,520	5,100	420	5,520	422	5,520	5,942
Allegany	80	180	.....	144	36	180	94	180	274
Broome	126	114	1,756	1,813	57	1,870	281	1,870	2,151
Cattaraugus	176	242	754	780	216	996	173	996	1,169
Cayuga	756	155	2,452	1,335	1,272	2,607	886	2,607	3,493
Chautauqua	10	20	2,194	1,929	285	2,214	225	2,214	2,439
Chemung	22	120	3,000	630	2,490	3,120	210	3,120	3,330
Chenango	98	4	1,257	263	998	1,261	115	1,261	1,376
Clinton	413	.....	1,865	1,451	414	1,865	580	1,865	2,445
Columbia	126	133	.....	7	126	133	236	133	369
Cortland	6	16	551	551	16	567	63	567	630
Delaware	119	325	119	225	219	444	114	444	558
Dutchess	628	709	.....	81	628	709	204	709	913
Erie	.....	3,398	16,788	17,707	2,479	20,186	3,792	20,186	23,978
Essex	90	55	355	285	125	410	140	410	550
Franklin	31	31	400	377	54	431	85	431	516
Fulton	.....	.....	842	802	40	842	71	842	913
Genesee	.....	19	1,229	853	395	1,248	89	1,248	1,337
Greene	21	15	123	15	123	138	121	138	259
Hamilton	.....	3	.....	2	1	3	.....	3	3
Herkimer	387	387	.....	.....	387	387	478	387	865
Jefferson	160	425	1,050	1,125	350	1,475	202	1,475	1,677
Lewis	.....	22	257	279	.....	279	59	279	338
Livingston	117	.....	205	112	93	205	246	205	451
Madison	625	625	1,234	517	1,342	1,859	213	1,859	2,072
Monroe	.....	1,356	8,628	6,243	3,741	9,984	1,228	9,984	11,212

TABLE No. 13—(*Concluded*).

COUNTIES.	Number of wayfarers at the almshouse.	Number Receiving Temporary Relief.		Number thus relieved who were residents of the county.	Number thus relieved who were wayfarers	Total number of poor persons receiving temporary relief	Number supported in the almshouse.	Number temporarily relieved.	Total supported and relieved.
		From the supt. of the poor.	From the overseers of the poor.						
Montgomery	.....	39	9,680	4,488	4,691	9,179	.....	9,179	9,179
Niagara	580	580	.....	.....	580	580	354	580	934
Oneida	121	121	5,426	3,671	1,876	5,547	634	5,547	6,181
Onondaga	360	360	1,676	1,026	1,010	2,036	374	2,036	2,410
Ontario	575	.....	3,617	1,429	2,188	3,617	201	3,617	3,818
Orange	249	249	.....	.....	249	249	246	249	495
Orleans	1,013	1,053	1,088	1,128	1,013	2,141	102	2,141	2,243
Oswego	77	178	2,056	1,823	411	2,234	141	2,234	2,375
Otsego	408	408	1,193	591	1,010	1,601	237	1,601	1,838
Putnam	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	92	.....	92
Queens	.....	4,398	.....	.....	4,398	4,398	1,507	4,398	5,905
Rensselaer	275	182	560	742	.....	742	778	742	1,520
Richmond	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rockland	1,152	1,152	509	509	1,152	1,661	157	1,661	1,818
St. Lawrence	.....	75	1,092	777	390	1,167	157	1,167	1,324
Saratoga	330	330	1,248	898	680	1,578	270	1,578	1,848
Schenectady	7,560	7,560	160	160	7,560	7,720	148	7,720	7,868
Schoharie	87	16	247	198	65	263	50	263	313
Schuyler	531	753	.....	219	534	753	.....	753	753
Seneca	1,042	1,042	1,011	330	1,723	2,053	76	2,053	2,129
Steuben	.....	462	1,434	1,379	517	1,896	289	1,896	2,185
Suffolk	275	45	1,615	1,615	45	1,660	294	1,660	1,954
Sullivan	12	720	.....	89	631	720	71	720	791
Tioga	36	5,008	917	1,164	4,761	5,925	90	5,925	6,015
Tompkins	.....	163	478	546	95	641	118	641	759
Ulster	625	625	.....	.....	625	625	186	625	811
Warren	40	40	.....	.....	40	40	100	40	140
Washington	11	11	289	239	61	300	134	300	434
Wayne	1,200	6,305	699	875	6,129	7,004	147	7,004	7,151
Westchester	1,635	1,635	2,544	2,544	1,635	4,179	919	4,179	5,098
Wyoming	1	78	308	263	123	386	83	386	469
Yates	224	276	216	242	250	492	63	492	555
Total	22,410	42,218	88,642	60,880	69,980	130,860	18,345	130,860	149,205

TABLE No. 14.

Showing the expenditures for temporary relief administered by the superintendents and overseers of the poor and the aggregate expenditures in connection with the almshouse and for temporary relief.

COUNTIES.	By Superintendents of the Poor.			Total expenditures by superintendents.
	For relief of resident poor persons.	For meals and lodgings furnished non-residents.	For transportation furnished non-residents.	
Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....
Allegany	$7,460 59	.....	$60 20	$7,520 79
Broome	4,157 70	.....	449 86	4,607 56
Cattaraugus	1,768 38	$128 75	194 86	2,091 99
Cayuga	533 26	.....	100 22	633 48
Chautauqua	527 19	7 75	9 00	543 94
Chemung	1,721 60	23 00	360 00	2,104 60
Chenango	277 71	.....	.....	277 71
Clinton	.....	102 66	75 00	177 66
Columbia	448 76	.....	.....	448 76
Cortland	26 77	3 75	12 17	42 69
Delaware	433 07	.....	.....	433 07
Dutchess	2,579 78	.....	.....	2,579 78
Erie	8,594 75	.....	3,577 47	12,172 22
Essex	3,500 00	50 00	60 00	3,610 00
Franklin	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fulton	.....	.....	.....	.....
Genesee	273 34	.....	.....	273 34
Greene	400 00	.....	233 19	633 19
Hamilton	131 00	.....	.....	131 00
Herkimer	1,550 94	.....	.....	1,550 94
Jefferson	3,800 00	266 00	90 00	4,156 00
Lewis	318 66	.....	.....	318 66
Livingston	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison	52 00	174 00	16 47	242 47
Monroe	10,022 89	27 25	767 62	10,817 76
Montgomery	.....	.....	.....	.....
Niagara	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oneida	.....	30 25	.....	30 25
Onondaga	6,417 29	3,450 06	731 37	10,598 72
Ontario	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orange	.....	.....	.....	.....

TABLE No. 14—(*Continued*).

COUNTIES.	By Superintendents of the Poor.			Total expenditures by superintendents.
	For relief of resident poor persons.	For meals and lodgings furnished non-residents.	For transportation furnished non-residents.	
Orleans	$2,150 00	$330 91	$108 00	$2,588 91
Oswego	6,866 89	254 00	25 50	7,146 39
Otsego	600 83	.....	.....	600 83
Putnam	.....	.....	.....	.....
Queens	573 52	1,319 40	.....	1,892 92
Rensselaer	1,865 18	.....	104 44	1,969 62
Richmond	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rockland	10 50	.....	45 00	55 50
St Lawrence	1,063 38	.....	.....	1,063 38
Saratoga	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schenectady	3,777 16	868 50	134 30	4,779 96
Schoharie	673 75	147 00	241 08	1,061 83
Schuyler	1,934 10	165 29	.....	2,099 39
Seneca	1,193 19	341 25	.....	1,534 39
Steuben	.....	316 25	59 65	375 90
Suffolk	423 42	75 00	95 00	593 42
Sullivan	2,457 26	402 02	19 38	2,878 66
Tioga	1,500 00	2,907 60	156 39	4,563 99
Tompkins	.....	45 00	.....	45 00
Ulster	.....	468 75	.....	468 75
Warren	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington	.....	1 65	.....	1 65
Wayne	2,170 56	1,322 71	245 87	3,739 14
Westchester	.....	147 15	.....	147 15
Wyoming	542 51	34 50	37 18	614 19
Yates	1,600 00	148 00	10 00	1,758 00
Total	$84,397 93	$13,558 45	$8,014 22	$105,970 55

TABLE No. 14—(*Continued*).

COUNTIES.	By Overseers of the Poor.			Total expenditures by overseers.	Total expenditures for temporary relief.	Total expenditures in connection with the almshouse.	Aggregate expenditures.
	For relief of resident poor persons.	For meals and lodgings furnished non-residents.	For transportation furnished non-residents.				
Albany	$23,793 66	$105 50	$722 51	$24,621 67	$24,621 67	$29,049 24	$53,670 91
Allegany	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,520 79	8,417 63	15,938 42
Broome	19,736 46	25 60	5 40	19,767 46	24,375 02	10,685 03	35,060 05
Cattaraugus	18,345 13	.....	.....	18,345 13	20,437 12	10,342 20	30,779 32
Cayuga	24,731 05	561 36	188 13	25,480 54	26,114 02	6,853 98	32,968 00
Chautauqua	20,033 77	248 78	.....	20,282 55	20,826 49	10,414 02	31,240 51
Chemung	7,122 00	1,800 00	322 55	9,244 55	11,349 15	11,279 48	22,628 63
Chenango	3,450 97	748 50	.....	4,199 47	4,417 18	10,540 24	15,017 42
Clinton	2,845 07	482 00	120 00	3,447 07	3,624 73	14,615 14	18,239 87
Columbia	.....	.....	.....	.....	448 76	13,150 40	13,599 16
Cortland	5,113 89	.....	.....	5,113 89	5,156 58	7,387 41	12,543 99
Delaware	356 32	.....	49 86	406 18	889 25	4,698 17	5,587 42
Dutchess	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,579 78	17,417 87	19,997 65
Erie	173,434 30	.....	.....	173,434 30	185,606 52	103,443 46	289,049 98
Essex	5,345 60	.....	.....	5,345 60	8,955 60	7,075 00	16,030 60
Franklin	207 85	104 00	91 12	402 97	402 97	4,706 36	5,109 33
Fulton	15,000 00	250 00	18 20	15,268 20	15,268 20	5,348 20	20,616 40
Genesee	12,095 04	455 23	83 27	12,633 54	12,906 88	6,256 67	19,163 55
Greene	814 27	.....	.....	814 27	1,447 46	6,456 33	7,903 79
Hamilton	.....	.....	.....	.....	131 00	.....	131 00
Herkimer	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,550 94	8,450 23	10,001 17
Jefferson	21,000 00	350 00	67 55	21,417 55	25,573 55	6,877 19	32,450 74
Lewis	5,337 29	.....	.....	5,337 29	5,655 95	6,609 01	12,264 96
Livingston	3,960 03	55 90	17 63	4,033 56	4,033 56	8,929 55	12,963 11
Madison	4,685 67	887 56	.....	5,573 23	5,815 70	9,562 35	15,378 05
Monroe	94,956 21	1,415 36	719 62	97,091 19	107,908 95	35,186 71	143,095 66
Montgomery	28,332 65	2 507 28	.....	30,839 93	30,839 93	.....	30,839 93
Niagara	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16,266 58	16,266 58
Oneida	29,011 28	.....	.....	29,011 28	29,041 53	50,865 84	79,907 37
Onondaga	12,273 09	2,704 35	26 86	15,004 30	25,603 02	17,187 17	42,790 19
Ontario	20,218 55	806 50	.....	21,025 05	21,025 05	11,153 64	32,178 69
Orange	2,136 38	249 00	.....	2,385 38	2,385 38	35,208 62	37,594 00
Orleans	4,180 78	547 98	87 51	4,816 27	7,400 18	12,021 04	19,421 22
Oswego	10,551 56	.....	.....	10,551 56	17,697 95	8,642 58	26,340 53
Otsego	7,878 00	750 12	.....	8,628 12	9,228 95	12,296 21	21,525 16
Putnam	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,021 48	4,021 48

TABLE No. 14—(*Concluded*).

COUNTIES.	By Overseers of the Poor.			Total expenditures by overseers.	Total expenditures for temporary relief.	Total expenditures in connection with the almshouse.	Aggregate expenditures.
	For relief of resident poor persons.	For meals and lodgings furnished non-residents.	For transportation furnished non-residents.				
Queens	.....	.....	.....	.....	$1,892 92	$22,943 87	$24,836 79
Rensselaer	$21,034 54	$177 75	.....	$21,212 29	23,181 91	34,500 27	57,682 18
Richmond	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rockland	9,298 19	.....	.....	9,298 19	9,353 69	8,995 41	18,349 10
St. Lawrence	16,524 36	144 95	$90 61	16,759 92	17,824 30	11,754 13	29,577 43
Saratoga	9,758 77	250 00	.....	10,008 77	10,008 77	11,981 55	21,990 32
Schenectady	1,614 82	.....	4 14	1,618 96	6,398 92	10,456 67	16,855 59
Schoharie	6,927 38	327 50	139 09	7,393 97	8,455 80	4,252 90	12,708 70
Schuyler	11,803 79	.....	.....	11,803 79	13,903 18	.....	13,903 18
Seneca	13,010 58	.....	.....	13,010 58	14,544 97	6,130 18	20,675 15
Steuben	18,679 97	475 00	150 70	19,305 67	19,681 57	12,616 53	32,298 10
Suffolk	21,536 99	57 00	.....	21,593 99	22,187 41	16,816 12	39,003 53
Sullivan	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,878 66	4,157 40	7,036 06
Tioga	8,144 19	.....	.....	8,144 19	12,708 18	5,327 28	18,035 46
Tompkins	9,043 77	.....	.....	9,043 77	9,088 77	5,436 28	14,525 05
Ulster	5,116 62	.....	.....	5,116 62	5,585 37	11,710 98	17,296 35
Warren	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,149 73	9,149 73
Washington	4,790 98	46 50	.....	4,837 48	4,839 13	4,247 24	9,086 37
Wayne	23,599 97	.....	.....	23,599 97	27,389 11	11,198 21	38,587 32
Westchester	21,449 64	.....	.....	21,449 64	21,596 79	30,175 18	51,771 97
Wyoming	3,891 10	97 60	17 44	4,006 14	4,390 38	8,556 75	12,947 06
Yates	5,550 00	150 80	21 00	5,721 80	7,479 80	4,740 00	12,219 80
Total	$788,722 53	$16,782 12	$2,943 19	$808,447 84	$914,418 39	$766,331 71	$1,680,750 10

TABLE No 27.

Showing the expenditures of day nurseries for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Armitage Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	$1,533 42	$625 11	.....	.....
Bethany Day Nursery (The), New York	.....	.....	1,526 89	704 06	$15 02	.....
Bethlehem Day Nursery (of the Church of the Incarnation), New York	.....	.....	1,512 00	1,056 77	10 80	.....
Bloomingdale Day Nursery Association, New York	.....	$660 00	521 25	368 28	64 91	.....
Brightside Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	1,000 08	967 37	1,042 14	70 74	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society Day Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bryson Day Nursery (The), New York	$60 00	181 50	1,667 40	1,315 40	74 50	.....
Bureau of Charities Day Nursery, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Calvary Day Nursery and Kindergarten (of the Calvary M. E. Church), New York	.....	1,000 00	693 25	454 88	19 23	.....
Catharine Mission Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day Nursery in the Borough of the Bronx (The), New York	.....	160 00	31 00	29 00	.....	.....
Day Nursery of the Second German Baptist Church, New York	.....	.....	426 00	190 44	.....	.....
East Side Day Nursery, New York	.....	240 00	640 00	432 50	15 00	.....
Emanu-El Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fitch Crèche, Buffalo	.....	.....	2,165 82	1,499 27	.....	.....
Gillespie Memorial Day Nursery of the Industrial School Asso. Brooklyn, E. D.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
God's Providence Mission Day Nursery (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	.....	.....	981 00	554 94	.....	$12 13
Grace Church Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	1,725 32	2,006 08	.....	.....
Halsey Day Nursery (of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	.....	.....	900 00	1,000 00	.....	.....
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, No. 1	41 66	960 00	2,246 00	3,655 87	138 59	161 56
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial School of Rochester Day Nursery, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jewell Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	1,617 26	1,216 81	48 75	.....
Ladies' Union Benevolent Society Day Nursery, Ithaca	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lisa Day Nursery of the City of New York (The),	.....	1,000 03	2,236 23	1,265 22	10 13	90 53
Little Missionary Day Nursery, New York	.....	480 00	400 00	500 00	20 00	10 00
Memorial Day Nursery of Pro-Cathedral, New York	.....	.....	813 50	503 79	60 95	66 42

TABLE No. 27 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing stationery and postage.	For clothing.
New Brighton Day Nursery, New Brighton	.....	$54 00	$165 75	$99 02	.....	.....
Port Richmond Day Nursery (of the Day Nursery and Central Relief Society of Port Richmond)	.....	180 00	231 15	219 52	$9 50	.....
Presentation Day Nursery, New York	.....	836 00	420 10	328 01	69 28	$10 49
Pro-Cathedral Memorial Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Red Cross Humane League (The) Day Nursery, Troy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Riverside Day Nursery, New York	.....	999 96	951 50	771 31	54 90	.....
St. Agnes Nursery of the Church of the Ascension, New York	$2,008 80	.....	1,224 84	911 37	72 02	.....
St. Agnes South Brooklyn Day Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	50 00	455 50	225 27	86 77	44 41
St. John's Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	290 00	511 66	19 53	45 50
St. Joseph's Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	805 00	308 65	33 72	.....
St. Mark's Day Nursery (of St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	.....	.....	661 63	581 01	2 60	.....
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery, New York	2,950 00	.....	2,472 00	133 96	47 50	53 41
Silver Cross Day Nursery Association, New York	5,558 13	.....	1,118 90	1,216 76	49 85	19 90
Stapleton Day Nursery, Stapleton, S. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sunbeam Day Nursery (of the Sixty-third Street Mission of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church), New York	.....	.....	1,088 33	952 45	.....	.....
Sunnyside Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	1,996 20	1,071 54	73 33	2 70
Temple Israel Sisterhood Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia Day Nursery (of the Woman's Branch of the New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York	.....	.....	1,498 93	1,422 12	*123 93	.....
Wayside Day Nursery, New York	216 68	.....	2,214 23	539 11	22 00	.....
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York	1,069 58	.....	1,290 50	668 55	39 00	.....
Winifred Day Nursery (of the East Side House Settlement), New York	.....	24 00	315 60	38 99	32 65	.....
Total	$11,904 85	$7,825 57	$39,803 87	$28,429 86	$1,276 20	$523 05

* "And kindergarten material."

TABLE No. 27 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Armitage Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	$69 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bethany Day Nursery (The), New York	68 48	$5 00	.....	$29 84	.....	.....
Bethlehem Day Nursery (of the Church of the Incarnation), New York	199 26	102 00	$38 55	162 43	$38 50	.....
Bloomingdale Day Nursery Association New York	69 66	.....	38 68	32 02	.....	.....
Brightside Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	148 80	2 00	156 45	20 00	5 00	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society Day Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bryson Day Nursery (The), New York	98 00	62 55	.....	.....	.....	$1,881 31
Bureau of Charities Day Nursery, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Calvary Day Nursery and Kindergarten (of the Calvary M. E. Church), New York	128 23	.....	.....	14 43	.....	.....
Catharine Mission Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day Nursery in the Borough of the Bronx (The), New York	2 07	.....	21 54	.....	.....	.....
Day Nursery of the Second German Baptist Church, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Side Day Nursery, New York	33 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Emanu-El Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fitch Crèche, Buffalo	213 00	.....	48 05	.....	.....	.....
Gillespie Memorial Day Nursery of the Industrial School Asso., Brooklyn, E. D.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
God's Providence Mission Day Nursery (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	15 57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grace Church Day Nursery, New York	162 36	40 79	.....	.....	.....	210 88
Halsey Day Nursery (of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, No. 1	257 27	.....	357 70	315 75	.....	5,000 00
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial School of Rochester Day Nursery, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jewell Day Nursery, New York	130 54	59 23	124 59	66 60	.....	.....
Ladies' Union Benevolent Society Day Nursery, Ithaca	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lisa Day Nursery of the City of New York (The)	96 57	73 01	181 07	87 30	13 00	.....
Little Missionary Day Nursery, New York	17 22	25 00	10 00	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Day Nursery of Pro-Cathedral, New York	45 00	.....	.....	3 50	.....	.....

TABLE No. 16B.

Showing the number of sick or infirm persons in the city and town almshouse institutions October 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Men over 50.	Women over 50.	Men 21-50.	Women 21-50.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Boys under 2.	Girls under 2.	Totals.
Department of Public Charities (The), New York City:											
Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx:											
Almshouse, Blackwell's Island	542	736	122	218	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,618
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island	80	52	255	160	20	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	597
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island	106	40	146	81	9	15	1	.....	.....	.....	398
Bellevue Hospital, New York City	50	15	306	129	128	29	33	7	18	11	726
Fordham Hospital, New York City	2	2	14	5	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26
Gouverneur Hospital, New York City	1	3	17	6	.....	.....	4	6	.....	3	40
Harlem Hospital, New York City	2	2	13	7	6	2	6	6	.....	.....	44
Randall's Island Asylums and Schools	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	37	238	187	.....	.....	498
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colored Home and Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Out Door Department:											
Lodging House for Homeless Men, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens:											
Almshouse, Flatbush	610	652	286	224	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,772
Hospital, Flatbush	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Richmond:											
Almshouse, Northfield	37	20	6	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	65
Hempstead Town Almshouse	12	6	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20
Kingston City Almshouse	24	8	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33
Newburgh City and Town Almshouse	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oswego City Almshouse	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oyster Bay and North Hempstead Town Almshouse (Jones Institute)	15	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18
Poughkeepsie City Almshouse	25	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	45
Total	1,900	1,050	1,166	834	202	113	282	206	18	14	5,900

TABLE No. 27—*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Ahawath-Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Armitage Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	$250 25	$2,478 28	$224 58
Bethany Day Nursery (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	579 04	2,928 33	1,508 19
Bethlehem Day Nursery (of the Church of the Incarnation), New York	.....	.....	.....	1,373 14	4,493 55	895 35
Bloomingdale Day Nursery Association, New York	.....	.....	$600 00	23 50	2,378 30	579 74
Brightside Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,407 58	5,911 45
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society Day Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bryson Day Nursery (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	*20,102 70	25,443 36	1,696 70
Bureau of Charities Day Nursery, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Calvary Day Nursery and Kindergarten (of the Calvary M. E. Church), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,310 02	180 23
Catharine Mission Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day Nursery in the Borough of the Bronx (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	8 68	252 29	1 12
Day Nursery of the Second German Baptist Church, New York	.....	.....	.....	26 40	642 84	.....
East Side Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	19 50	1,380 25	1,274 32
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fitch Crèche, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	448 28	4,374 42	.....
Gillespie Memorial Day Nursery of the Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
God's Providence Mission Day Nursery (of the N. Y. Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	.....	.....	.....	104 75	1,674 39	.....
Grace Church Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	478 95	4,624 38	412 96
Halsey Day Nursery (of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	.....	.....	.....	59 00	1,959 00	80 00
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, No. 1	.....	.....	.....	141 26	13,275 66	240 54
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial School of Rochester Day Nursery, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jewell Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	20 00	3,283 78	77
Ladies' Union Benevolent Society Day Nursery, Ithaca	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lisa Day Nursery of the City of New York (The)	.....	.....	.....	45 71	5,098 80	2,112 30
Little Missionary Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	100 00	1,562 92	.....
Memorial Day Nursery of Pro-Cathedral, New York	.....	$675 82	.....	.....	2,168 98	120 81

* For purchase of real estate.

TABLE No. 27—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1895.
New Brighton Day Nursery, New Brighton	.....	.....	.....	.....	$336 57	.....
Port Richmond Day Nursery (of the Day Nursery and Central Relief Society of Port Richmond)	.....	.....	.....	$65 02	762 19	$29 11
Presentation Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	9 64	2,024 60	71
Pro-Cathedral Memorial Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Red Cross Humane League (The) Day Nursery, Troy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Riverside Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,023 47	2,995 93
St. Agnes' Nursery of the Church of the Ascension, New York	.....	.....	.....	80 96	4,578 72	614 17
St. Agnes' South Brooklyn Day Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,080 03	1,529 40
St. John's Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	17 90	1,110 23	158 52
St. Joseph's Day Nursery, New York	$800 00	$325 00	.....	526 38	2,981 94	7 02
St. Mark's Day Nursery (of St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	.....	.....	.....	83 25	1,381 68	285 83
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	276 85	6,789 99	2,812 03
Silver Cross Day Nursery Association, New York	.....	.....	.....	525 59	10,457 54	1,358 81
Stapleton Day Nursery Association, Stapleton, S. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sunbeam Day Nursery (of the Sixty-third Street Mission of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,056 78	.....
Sunnyside Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	165 02	3,835 10	1,107 70
Temple Israel Sisterhood Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia Day Nursery (of the Woman's Branch of the New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York	.....	.....	.....	155 74	3,981 95	407 20
Wayside Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	485 40	4,879 14	394 03
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	.....	172 80	3,570 84	290 09
Winifred Day Nursery (of the East Side House Settlement), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	497 87	51 49
Total	$800 00	$1,000 82	$600 00	$26,345 71	$137,085,77	$27,281 10

TABLE No. 28.

Showing the statistics of the day nurseries for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of days the institution was open during the year.	Number Present Oct. 1, 1897.			Aggregate Attendance During the Year.		
		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total
Ahawath-Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	186	6	9	15	2,024	1,716	3,740
Armitage Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	306	14	8	22	2,956	2,750	5,706
Bethany Day Nursery (The), New York	307	35	30	65	12,105	10,425	22,530
Bethlehem Day Nursery (of the Church of the Incarnation), New York	277	18	20	38	5,652	6,499	12,151
Bloomingdale Day Nursery Association, New York	274	.....	.....	*22	.....	.....	*6,628
Brightside Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	256	.....	.....	*38	.....	.....	*12,309
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society Day Nursery, Brooklyn	231	30	35	65	4,316	6,217	10,533
Bryson Day Nursery (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*11,234
Bureau of Charities Day Nursery, Mount Vernon	307	9	10	19	629	2,516	3,145
Calvary Day Nursery and Kindergarten (of the Calvary M. E. Church), New York	275	10	10	20	2,078	1,883	3,961
Catharine Mission Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day Nursery in the Borough of the Bronx (The), New York†	147	.....	.....	.....	499	723	1,222
Day Nursery of the Second German Baptist Church, New York	304	.....	.....	*18	.....	.....	*7,079
East Side Day Nursery, New York	225	20	16	36	15	13	28
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery, New York	240	.....	.....	*33	.....	.....	*7,969
Fitch Crèche, Buffalo	307	22	12	34	.....	.....	*10,036
Gillespie Memorial Day Nursery of the Industrial School Association, Brooklyn E. D.	305	13	.....	13	1,525	1,220	2,745
God's Providence Mission Day Nursery (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	263	53	41	94	9,437	8,279	17,716
Grace Church Day Nursery, New York	226	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*16,296
Halsey Day Nursery (of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	304	15	25	40	.....	.....	*11,699
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, No. 1	365	41	51	92	9,930	8,316	18,246
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 2	365	69	58	127	11,789	17,725	29,514
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 3	365	4	5	9	1,584	1,873	3,457
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 4	365	6	6	12	2,775	3,048	5,823
Industrial School of Rochester Day Nursery, Rochester	313	.....	.....	*21	.....	.....	*3,818
Jewell Day Nursery, New York	275	.....	.....	.....	3,289	3,825	7,114
Ladies' Union Benevolent Society Day Nursery, Ithaca	313	2	1	3	442	435	877
Lisa Day Nursery of the City of New York (The)	308	13	20	33	5,451	7,060	12,511
Little Missionary Day Nursery, New York	304	8	16	24	3,040	6,080	9,120
Memorial Day Nursery of Pro-Cathedral, New York	313	.....	.....	*25	.....	.....	4,591
New Brighton Day Nursery, New Brighton	240	.....	.....	.....	772	594	1,366
Port Richmond Day Nursery (of the Day Nursery and Central Relief Society of Port Richmond)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

*No record of differentiation by sex.

† Established March 16, 1898.

TABLE No. 28—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of days the institution was open during the year.	Number Present Oct. 1, 1897.			Aggregate Attendance During the Year.		
		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Presentation Day Nursery, New York	282	17	23	40	5,122	6,828	11,950
Pro-Cathedral Memorial Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Red Cross Humane League (The) Day Nursery, Troy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Riverside Day Nursery, New York	293	22	10	32	.....	.....	*8,916
St. Agnes Nursery of the Church of the Ascension, New York	302	22	18	40	.....	.....	*12,006
St. Agnes South Brooklyn Day Nursery, Brooklyn	308	.....	.....	*19	.....	.....	*7,722
St. John's Day Nursery, New York	284	20	28	48	4,767	5,218	9,985
St. Joseph's Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,677	6,677	13,354
St. Mark's Day Nursery (of St. Mark's P. E. Church), New York	281	7	6	13	2,133	2,425	4,558
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery, New York	294	80	87	167	19,721	21,168	40,889
Silver Cross Day Nursery Association, New York	306	20	28	48	4,267	7,696	11,963
Stapleton Day Nursery, Stapleton, S. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sunbeam Day Nursery (of the Sixty-Third Street Mission of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church), New York	313	.....	.....	*45	.....	.....	*13,146
Sunnyside Day Nursery, New York	301	.....	.....	.....	3,521	3,836	7,357
Temple Israel Sisterhood Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia Day Nursery (of the Woman's Branch of the New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York	303	.....	.....	*54	.....	.....	*13,686
Wayside Day Nursery, New York	303	26	34	60	6,765	7,064	13,829
West Side Day Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York	281	16	12	28	4,551	3,527	8,078
Winifred Day Nursery (of the East Side House Settlement), New York	301	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*5,418
Total	12,413	618	619	†1,512	137,832	155,636	†445,451

*No record of differentiation by sex. †Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification of these totals.

TABLE No. 28—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Average Number of Inmates During the Year.			Highest Number Present.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Ahawath-Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	11	9	20	18	14	32
Armitage Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	10	9	19	20	15	35
Bethany Day Nursery (The), New York	39	34	73	55	44	99
Bethlehem Day Nursery (of the Church of the Incarnation), New York	20	23	43	32	35	67
Bloomingdale Day Nursery Association, New York	.....	.....	22	.....	.....	*27
Brightside Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	48	.....	.....	*63
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society Day Nursery, Brooklyn	19	27	46	.....	.....	*70
Bryson Day Nursery (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*60
Bureau of Charities Day Nursery, Mount Vernon	2	8	10	5	20	25
Calvary Day Nursery and Kindergarten (of Calvary M. E. Church), New York	6	8	14	13	17	30
Catharine Mission Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day Nursery in the Borough of the Bronx (The), New York †	3	5	8	8	10	18
Day Nursery of the Second German Baptist Church, New York	.....	.....	*21	.....	.....	*14
East Side Day Nursery, New York	30	30	60	20	14	34
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	*54
Fitch Crèche, Buffalo	.....	.....	*33	34	18	52
Gillespie Memorial Day Nursery of the Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.	5	4	9	10	8	18
God's Providence Mission Day Nursery (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	36	31	67	61	57	118
Grace Church Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	72	.....	.....	*90
Halsey Day Nursery (of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	.....	.....	39	.....	.....	*63
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, No. 1	31	26	57	49	53	102
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 2	32	51	83	77	93	170
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 3	4	5	9	12	17	29
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 4	7	8	15	21	22	43
Industrial School of Rochester Day Nursery, Rochester	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	*24
Jewell Day Nursery, New York	12	13	25	.....	.....	*37
Ladies' Union Benevolent Society Day Nursery, Ithaca	2	1	3	4	4	8
Lisa Day Nursery of the City of New York (The)	18	24	42	32	31	63
Little Missionary Day Nursery, New York	10	20	30	20	32	52
Memorial Day Nursery of Pro-Cathedral, New York	.....	.....	*18	.....	.....	*27
New Brighton Day Nursery, New Brighton	3	2	5	8	4	12
Port Richmond Day Nursery (of the Day Nursery and Central Relief Society of Port Richmond)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* No record of differentiation by sex. † Established March 16, 1898.

TABLE No. 16H.

Showing the number of children in the city and town almshouse institutions October 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Boys under 2.	Girls under 2.	Totals.	Number of children placed out in families.
Department of Public Charities (The), New York City:								
Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx:								
Almshouse, Blackwell's Island								
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island				3	6	1	10	
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island					4	5	9	
Bellevue Hospital, New York City								
Fordham Hospital, New York City								
Gouverneur Hospital, New York City								
Harlem Hospital, New York City								
Randall's Island Asylums and Schools								
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island					73	95	168	
Colored Home and Hospital, New York City								
Out-Door Department								20
Lodging House for Homeless Men, New York City								
Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens:								
Almshouse, Flatbush	6	6	14	18	33	27	104	108
Hospital, Flatbush								
Borough of Richmond:								
Almshouse, Northfield						2	2	
Hempstead Town Almshouse						1	1	29
Kingston City Almshouse					2	3	5	4
Newburgh City and Town Almshouse								1
Oswego City Almshouse								4
Oyster Bay and North Hempstead Town Almshouse (Jones Institute)						1	1	
Poughkeepsie City Almshouse								
Total	6	6	14	21	118	135	300	161

TABLE No. 28 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Lowest Number Present.			Number Present Sept. 30, 1898.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Ahawath-Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	5	4	9	10	8	18
Armitage Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	8	4	12	16	13	29
Bethany Day Nursery (The), New York	6	8	14	33	24	57
Bethlehem Day Nursery (of the Church of the Incarnation), New York	2	4	6	14	17	31
Bloomingdale Day Nursery Association, New York	.....	.....	*4	.....	.....	*16
Brightside Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	*7	.....	.....	*48
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society Day Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	.....	*36	.....	.....	*54
Bryson Day Nursery (The), New York	.....	.....	*15	.....	.....	*51
Bureau of Charities Day Nursery, Mount Vernon	.....	1	1	.....	1	1
Calvary Day Nursery and Kindergarten (of the Calvary M. E. Church), New York	2	4	6	8	12	20
Catharine Mission Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day Nursery in the Borough of the Bronx (The), New York†	1	1	2	4	7	11
Day Nursery of the Second German Baptist Church, New York	.....	.....	*7	.....	.....	*20
East Side Day Nursery, New York	15	12	27	15	14	29
Emanu-El Sisterhood of Personal Service Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	*4	.....	.....	*38
Fitch Crèche, Buffalo	3	6	9	25	16	41
Gillespie Memorial Day Nursery of the Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.	2	1	3	2	3	5
God's Providence Mission Day Nursery (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	27	22	49	57	44	101
Grace Church Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	*46	.....	.....	.....
Halsey Day Nursery (of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	.....	.....	*30	17	26	43
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, No. 1	4	3	7	40	21	61
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 2	14	21	35	63	75	138
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn, Branch No. 3	1	1	2	4	10	14
Immaculate Conception Nursery of Brooklyn Branch No. 4	1	1	2	8	14	22
Industrial School of Rochester Day Nursery, Rochester	.....	.....	*2	.....	.....	*24
Jewell Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	*18	.....	.....	.....
Ladies' Union Benevolent Society Day Nursery, Ithaca	1	.....	1	1	3	4
Lisa Day Nursery of the City of New York (The)	7	11	18	25	30	55
Little Missionary Day Nursery, New York	6	10	16	10	20	30
Memorial Day Nursery of Pro-Cathedral, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*26
New Brighton Day Nursery, New Brighton	1	.....	1	3	2	5
Port Richmond Day Nursery (of the Day Nursery and Central Relief Society of Port Richmond)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* No record of differentiation by sex. † Established March 16, 1898.

TABLE No. 28 — (*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Lowest Number Present.			Number Present Sept. 30, 1898.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Presentation Day Nursery, New York	7	8	15	23	30	53
Pro-Cathedral Memorial Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Red Cross Humane League (The) Day Nursery, Troy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Riverside Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	*10	15	14	29
St. Agnes Nursery of the Church of the Ascension, New York	.....	.....	*17	12	30	42
St. Agnes South Brooklyn Day Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	.....	*3	.....	.....	*22
St. John's Day Nursery, New York	6	8	14	15	18	33
St. Joseph's Day Nursery, New York	10	10	20	.....	.....	.....
St. Mark's Day Nursery (of St. Mark's P. E. Church), New York	1	2	3	8	5	13
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery, New York	62	70	132	56	51	107
Silver Cross Day Nursery Association, New York	2	.....	2	18	31	49
Stapleton Day Nursery, Stapleton, S. I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sunbeam Day Nursery (of the Sixty-Third Street Mission of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church), New York	.....	.....	*24	.....	.....	*40
Sunnyside Day Nursery, New York	4	1	5	.....	.....	.....
Temple Israel Sisterhood Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia Day Nursery (of the Woman's Branch of the New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York	.....	.....	*2	.....	.....	*53
Wayside Day Nursery, New York	.....	.....	*25	21	34	55
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York	8	3	11	17	16	33
Winifred Day Nursery (of the East Side House Settlement), New York	.....	.....	*16	.....	.....	.....
Total	206	216	†688	540	589	†1,521

* No record of differentiation by sex. † Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification of these totals.

TABLE No. 29.

Showing the estimated value of the property of dispensaries and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten Dispensary, New York*	.....	.....	.....
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary†	.....	.....	.....
Albany Hospital Dispensary†	.....	.....	.....
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Brooklyn	$6,500 00	.....	$6,500 00
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Out-Patient Department†	.....	.....	.....
Bacteriological Institute Dispensary‡	.....	.....	.....
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	13,000 00	.....	13,000 00
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....
Beth-Israel Hospital Association, Dispensary, New York†	.....	.....	.....
Bloomingdale Clinic, New York	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	15,000 00	.....	15,000 00
Brooklyn City Dispensary	8,000 00	$14,600 00	22,600 00
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary	600 00	5,000 00	5,600 00
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital†	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Eastern District Homœopathic Dispensary	15,000 00	.....	15,000 00
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	4,600 00	1,400 00	6,000 00
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, Clinic†	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Hebrew Hospital Society (The), Dispensary	50 00	975 00	1,025 00
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary†	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Hospital Dispensary†	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Orthopedic Dispensary (of the Brooklyn Hospital)†	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Throat Hospital Dispensary§	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo City Dispensary	.....	1,988 71	1,988 71
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary	700 00	1,000 00	1,700 00
Bushwick Dispensary, Brooklyn	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary, Brooklyn	20,500 00	25,491 88	45,991 88
Calvary M. E. Church Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	9,500 00	200 00	9,700 00
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Dispensary, Buffalo†	.....	.....	.....
Columbus Dispensary, New York	400 00	.....	400 00
Columbus Hospital Dispensary, New York†	.....	.....	.....

* Finances with parent institution, tables 33-36. † Finances with hospital, tables 85-88. ‡ See New York Pasteur Institute Dispensary.
§ Name changed to Williamsburg Hospital Dispensary—which see

TABLE No. 29—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real Estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Demilt Dispensary, New York	$45,000 00	$123,125 56	$168,125 56
East Side Dispensary, New York	400 00	1,816 96	2,216 96
Eclectic College Free Dispensary, New York	2,000 00	.....	2,000 00
Eleventh Street M. E. Church Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....
Fitch Provident Dispensary, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....
French Benevolent Society Dispensary, New York*	.....	.....	.....
Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	9,000 00	4,500 00	13,500 00
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo, Free Dispensary	.....	.....	.....
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York †	.....	.....	.....
German Poliklinik of the City of New York	47,065 00	.....	47,065 00
Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York	132,000 00	188,000 00	320,000 00
Hahnemann Hospital, Out Door-Department, New York †	.....	.....	.....
Harlem Dispensary, New York	50,000 00	.....	50,000 00
Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary, New York	20,500 00	.....	20,500 00
Helping Hand of Brooklyn (The)	2,000 00	.....	2,000 00
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn, Dispensary	1,100 00	.....	1,100 00
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady, Dispensary†	.....	.....	.....
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing†	.....	.....	.....
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, Dispensary New York†	.....	.....	.....
Jones Memorial Clinic and Amity Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....
Judson Memorial Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....
Kings County Dispensary, Brooklyn‡	.....	.....	.....
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York, Dispensary †	.....	.....	.....
Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn †	.....	.....	.....
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary, Brooklyn †	.....	.....	.....
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Dispensary, New York †	.....	.....	.....
McDonough Memorial Dispensary, New York†	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary Department, New York†	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Dispensary, Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....
Methodist Episcopal Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Dispensary and Hospital for Women and Children, New York	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York†	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Dispensary, New York†	.....	.....	.....

Mothers and Babies' Hospital, Out Patient Department, New York†			
Mount Sinai Hospital Dispensary, New York†			
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary, New York†			
New York Cancer Hospital, Out Patient Department, New York¶			
New York City Department of Public Charities:‡			
Bellevue Hospital Dispensary			
Fordham Hospital Dispensary			
Gouverneur Hospital Dispensary			
Harlem Hospital Dispensary			
New York Dental School Infirmary, New York			
New York Dispensary	60,000 00	191,000 00	251,000 00
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary†			
New York Frauen Klinik			
New York Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary Society			
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Dispensary†			
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, Dispensary†			
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, Dispensary†			
New York Ophthalmic Hospital Dispensary†			
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital†			
New York Pasteur Institute Dispensary †			
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary †			
New York Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary †			
New York Red Cross Hospital Dispensary §			
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department †			
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, Out-Door Department †			
New York Throat and Nose Hospital, Out-Patient Department †			
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn	550 00		550 00
North-Eastern Dispensary in the City of New York	1,000 00	76,000 00	77,000 00
Northern Dispensary of the City of New York	500 00	99,232 15	99,732 15
North-Western Dispensary in the City of New York (The)	60,250 00	9,600 00	69,850 00
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Dispensary, Brooklyn†			
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York †			
Ossining Hospital Dispensary, Sing Sing †			
Polhemus Memorial Clinic (of the Long Island College Hospital), Brooklyn	465,372 63		465,372 63
Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, New York †			
Rochester City Hospital, Out-Patient Department †			
Rochester Homœopathic Free Dispensary †			
Roosevelt Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York †			
St. Bartholomew's Clinic, New York	1,500 00		1,500 00
St. Catharine's Hospital Dispensary (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn †			
St. Chrysostom's Chapel Dispensary, New York			
St. Elizabeth's Free Dispensary, Utica†			
St. John's Riverside Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers †			
St. Joseph's Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers †			
St. Lazarus Free Dispensary (of St. Martha's Sanitarium), Brooklyn †			
St. Luke's Home and Hospital, Clinic Department, Utica †			
St. Luke's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York †			

* For finances see tables 45–48. † Finances with hospital, tables 85–88. ‡ For finances see tables 15–20. § Closed.
¶ Name of hospital changed March 6, 1899, to General Memorial Hospital for the Treatment of Cancer and Allied Diseases.

TABLE No. 29—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Indebtedness October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness October 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Demilt Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Side Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eclectic College Free Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eleventh Street M. E. Church Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fitch Provident Dispensary, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
French Benevolent Society Dispensary, New York*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo, Free Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Poliklinik of the City of New York	$26,000 00	$155 20	$26,155 20	$26,000 00	$107 01	$26,107 01
Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hahnemann Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harlem Dispensary, New York	25,000 00	950 00	25,950 00	25,000 00	2,024 70	27,024 70
Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary, New York	14,500 00	.....	14,500 00	13,000 00	.....	13,000 00
Helping Hand of Brooklyn (The)	.....	654 82	654 82	.....	.....	.....
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn, Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hemœopathic Hospital of Harlem, Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady, Dispensary†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, Dispensary, New York†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jones Memorial Clinic and Amity Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Judson Memorial Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kings County Dispensary, Brooklyn‡	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York, Dispensary†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary, Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Dispensary, New York†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
McDonough Memorial Dispensary, New York†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary Department, New York†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Hospital For Women and Children, Dispensary, Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Methodist Episcopal Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Dispensary and Hospital for Women and Children, New York	.....	1,124 23	1,124 23	.....	789 23	789 23
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Dispensary, New York†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Mothers and Babies' Hospital, Out Patient Department, New York†						
Mount Sinai Hospital Dispensary, New York†						
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary, New York†						
New York Cancer Hospital, Out Patient Department, New York†¶						
New York City Department of Public Charities ‡						
Bellevue Hospital Dispensary						
Fordham Hospital Dispensary						
Gouverneur Hospital Dispensary						
Harlem Hospital Dispensary						
New York Dental School Infirmary, New York						
New York Dispensary						
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary†						
New York Frauen Klinik						
New York Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary Society						
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Dispensary†						
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, Dispensary†						
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, Dispensary†						
New York Ophthalmic Hospital Dispensary†						
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital†						
New York Pasteur Institute Dispensary†						
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary†						
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary†						
New York Red Cross Hospital Dispensary§						
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department†						
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, Out-Door Department†						
New York Throat and Nose Hospital, Out-Patient Department†						
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
North-Eastern Dispensary in the City of New York						
Northern Dispensary of the City of New York						
North-Western Dispensary in the City of New York (The)						
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Dispensary, Brooklyn†						
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York†						
Ossining Hospital Dispensary, Sing Sing†						
Polhemus Memorial Clinic (of the Long Island College Hospital), Brooklyn						
Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, New York†						
Rochester City Hospital, Out-Patient Department†						
Rochester Homœopathic Free Dispensary†						
Roosevelt Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York†						
St. Bartholomew's Clinic, New York		$500 00	$500 00			
St. Catharine's Hospital Dispensary (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn†						
St. Chrysostom's Chapel Dispensary, New York						
St. Elizabeth's Free Dispensary, Utica†						
St. John's Riverside Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers†						
St. Joseph's Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers†						
St. Lazarus Free Dispensary (of St. Martha's Sanitarium), Brooklyn†						
St. Luke's Home and Hospital, Clinic Department, Utica†						
St. Luke's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York†						

* For finances, see tables 45–48. † Finances with hospital, tables 85–88 ‡ For finances, see tables 15–20. § Closed. ¶ Name of hospital changed March 6, 1899 to General Memorial Hospital for the treatment of cancer and allied diseases.

TABLE No. 29—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Indebtedness October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness October 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
St. Mark's Hospital Dispensary, New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Dispensary (of St Mary's Female Hospital), Brooklyn *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St Mary's Free Hospital for Children, Dispensary, New York †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn, Dispensary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Albany *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York ‡	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society of the Lying In Hospital of the City of New York, Sub-Station *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Southern Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	$3,500 00	.....	$3,500 00	$3,500 00	.....	$3,500 00
S. R Smith Infirmary Dispensary, New Brighton *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sydenham Dispensary (of the Sydenham Post-Graduate Course and Hospital), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Free Dispensary	.....	$86 41	86 41	.....	$29 04	29 04
Trinity Dispensary (of the Trinity Church Corporation), New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Troy Hospital Dispensary *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Twenty-sixth Ward Homœopathic Dispensary Association, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
University of Buffalo Dispensary, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
University Medical College Dispensary, New York §	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica Dispensary (The)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vanderbilt Clinic (of the College of Physicians and Surgeons), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side Clinic and Hospital, New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side German Dispensary, New York	15,000 00	.....	15,000 00	14,000 00	.....	14,000 00
Wilkes Dispensary (The) (of the St Mary's Free Hospital for Children), New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Williamsburgh Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, Dispensary, New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Zion Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$91,500 00	$7,628 10	$99,128 10	$99,000 00	$6,793 18	$105,793 18

* Finances with Hospital, tables 85-88. † See Wilkes Dispensary (The).
§ Merged October 1898 into the Clinic of the University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College. ‡ Closed until the erection of a new building.
¶ Closed.

TABLE No. 30.

Showing the receipts of dispensaries for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the treatment of patients.	For prescriptions dispensed.	From legacies.	From membership fees.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Brooklyn	$1,864 48	.....	$2,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Out-Patient Department	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bacteriological Institute Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	584 78	.....	2,372 12	$182 00	$628 45	.....	$141 00
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Beth-Israel Hospital Association, Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bloomingdale Clinic, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	1,583 66	.....	2,682 42	.....	.....	.....	55 00
Brooklyn City Dispensary	3,023 88	.....	2,286 90	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary	284 74	.....	3,559 56	.....	.....	.....	60 00
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Eastern District Homœopathic Dispensary	2,193 80	.....	2,321 97	565 00	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	509 10	.....	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, Clinic	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Hebrew Hospital Society (The), Dispensary	644 00	.....	.....	.....	717 10	.....	480,00
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Orthopedic Dispensary (of the Brooklyn Hospital)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Throat Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo City Dispensary	1,520 56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary	.....	$1,800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bushwick Dispensary, Brooklyn	19 21	.....	.....	.....	972 98	.....	.....
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary Brooklyn	2,552 11	.....	2,225 12	.....	764 80	.....	.....
Calvary M. E Church Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	989 69	.....	1,912 35	.....	238 62	.....	9 00
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Dispensary, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Columbus Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	7,00	168 00	.....	125 00
Columbus Hospital Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

TABLE No. 19—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Total number of poor persons receiving temporary relief.	Number supported in almshouse institutions.	Number temporarily relieved.	Total supported and relieved
Department of Public Charities (The), New York City:				
Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx:				
Almshouse, Blackwell's Island	.....	6,216	.....	6,216
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	9,658	.....	9,658
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	6,231	.....	6,231
Bellevue Hospital, New York City	.....	22,850	.....	22,850
Fordham Hospital, New York City	.....	853	.....	853
Gouverneur Hospital, New York City	.....	2,721	.....	2,721
Harlem Hospital, New York City	.....	2,773	.....	2,773
Randall's Island Asylums and Schools	.....	1,994	.....	1,994
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	.....	1,730	.....	1,730
Colored Home and Hospital, New York City	.....	.....	.....	.....
Out-Door Department	3,046	.....	3,046	3,046
Lodging House for Homeless Men, New York City	77,405	.....	77,405	77,405
Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens:				
Almshouse, Flatbush	.....	11,478	.....	11,478
Hospital, Flatbush	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Richmond:				
Almshouse, Northfield	369	250	369	619

Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Dispensary and Hospital							
Mothers and Babies Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York							
Mount Sinai Hospital Dispensary, New York							
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary, New York							
New York Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York							
New York City Department of Public Charities:							
Bellevue Hospital Dispensary							
Fordham Hospital Dispensary							
Gouverneur Hospital Dispensary							
Harlem Hospital Dispensary							
New York Dental School Infirmary, New York							
New York Dispensary	5,665 92		500 00	12,097 65			
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary							
New York Frauen Klinik	75 61				624 43		1,755 00
New York Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary Society	323 48			580 90			
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Dispensary							
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, Dispensary							
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, Dispensary							
New York Ophthalmic Hospital Dispensary							
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital							
New York Pasteur Institute Dispensary							
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary							
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary							
New York Red Cross Hospital Dispensary							
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department							
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, Out-Door Department							
New York Throat and Nose Hospital, Out-Patient Department							
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn	111 00				210 00		
North-Eastern Dispensary in the city of New York	1,887 32		500 00		*1,977 70		90 00
Northern Dispensary of the City of New York	918 78		500 00		1,788 20	1,000 00	
North-Western Dispensary in the City of New York (The)	356 02		500 00				
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Dispensary, Br'klyn							
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York							
Ossining Hospital Dispensary, Sing Sing							
Polhemus Memorial Clinic (of the Long Island College Hospital), Brooklyn							
Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, New York							
Rochester City Hospital, Out-Patient Department							
Rochester Homœopathic Free Dispensary							
Roosevelt Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York							
St. Bartholomew's Clinic, New York	47 55						
St. Catharine's Hospital Dispensary (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn					1,848 10		
St. Chrysostom's Chapel Dispensary, New York							
St. Elizabeth's Free Dispensary, Utica							
St. John's Riverside Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers							
St. Joseph's Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers							
St. Lazarus Free Dispensary (of St. Martha's Sanitarium), Brooklyn							
St. Luke's Home and Hospital Clinic, Department, Utica							

* Includes "all other services of the medical staff."

TABLE No. 30—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the treatment of patients.	For prescriptions dispensed.	From legacies.	From membership fees.
St. Luke's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mark's Hospital Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Dispensary (of St. Mary's Female Hospital), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn, Dispensary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York, Sub-Station	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Southern Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	$588 66	$227 39	.....	.....	$648 20	.....	.....
S. R. Smith Infirmary, Dispensary, New Brighton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sydenham Dispensary (of the Sydenham Post-Graduate Course and Hospital), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Free Dispensary	357 26	.....	.....	.....	200 87	.....	.....
Trinity Dispensary (of the Trinity Church Corporation), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Troy Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Twenty-sixth Ward Homœopathic Dispensary Association, Brooklyn	1,199 68	.....	$1,625 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
University of Buffalo Dispensary, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 00	.....	.....
University Medical College Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica Dispensary (The)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vanderbilt Clinic (of the College of Physicians and Surgeons), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side Clinic and Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side German Dispensary, New York	626 73	.....	400 00	.....	.....	.....	$1,314 65
Wilkes Dispensary (The) (of the St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Williamsburgh Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Zion Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$39,670 13	$2,527 39	$33,553 95	$13,640 82	$35,532 92	$1,240 00	$5,416 30

TABLE No. 30—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Altlantic Avenue Dispensary (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Brooklyn	.....	.....	$32 31	.....	.....	$79 74	$3,976 53
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Out-Patient Department	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bacteriological Institute Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	$185 50	$246 29	.....	.....	.....	46 85	4,386 99
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Beth-Israel Hospital Association, Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bloomingdale Clinic, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	.....	37 85	.....	.....	.....	18 14	4,377 07
Brooklyn City Dispensary	.....	1 00	400 51	$509 00	.....	.....	6,221 29
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary	500 00	2,570 96	.....	300 00	.....	.....	7,275 26
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Eastern District Homœopathic Dispensary	.....	1,316 23	63 32	.....	.....	.....	6,460 32
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	.....	2 72	50 06	.....	.....	.....	2,061 82
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, Clinic	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Hebrew Hospital Society (The), Dispensary	100 00	17 77	2 00	.....	.....	.....	1,960 87
Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Orthopedic Dispensary (of the Brooklyn Hospital)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Throat Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo City Dispenary	.....	.....	209 27	300 07	.....	.....	2,029 90
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary	.....	37 99	40 80	.....	.....	.....	1,878 79
Bushwick Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	992 19
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	*25,142 56	79 99	.....	.....	177 18	30,941 76
Calvary M. E. Church Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	17 24	.....	.....	253 58	3,420 48
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Dispensary, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Columbus Dispensary, New York	75 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	375 00
Columbus Hospital Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* Of this amount $25,000 for a building fund.

TABLE No. 30—(*Continued.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Demilt Dispensary, New York	.....	$200 00	$5,736 08	.....	.....	$9,475 74	$18,369 08
East Side Dispensary, New York	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	194 00	3,823 23
Eclectic College Free Dispensary, New York	.....	1,722 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,049 50
Eleventh Street M. E. Church Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75 00	87 30
Fitch Provident Dispensary, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	247 99	474 71
French Benevolent Society Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	163 04	.....	.....	330 00	3,358 56
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo, Free Dispensary	.....	22 82	27 74	.....	.....	.....	1,085 29
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Poliklinik of the City of New York	$1,733 19	1,559 80	.....	.....	.....	277 36	8,660 28
Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York	.....	180 00	10,867 35	$28,000 00	.....	.....	59,661 69
Hahnemann Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harlem Dispensary, New York	.....	140 40	.....	.....	$4,273 50	348 45	6,461 35
Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary, New York	.....	46 51	.....	.....	.....	1,506 46	3,295 15
Helping Hand of Brooklyn (The)	.....	1 00	.....	.....	.....	25 00	1,277 56
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn, Dispensary	.....	25 00	.....	.....	175 00	.....	2,514 56
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Associaton of Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 35
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, Dispensary, New York	.....	136 22	.....	.....	.....	.....	304 42
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady, Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jones Memorial Clinic and Amity Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	57 15	57 15
Judson Memorial Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	340 00
Kings County Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York, Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
McDonough Memorial Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary Department, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	25 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,710 67
Methodist Episcopal Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Dispensary and Hospital for Women and Children, New York	317 00	.....	28 40	.....	.....	544 94	1,848 18

Metropolitan Throat Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York							
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Dispensary, New York							
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York							
Mount Sinai Hospital Dispensary, New York							
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary, New York							
New York Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York							
New York City Department of Public Charities:							
Bellevue Hospital Dispensary							
Fordham Hospital Dispensary							
Gouverneur Hospital Dispensary							
Harlem Hospital Dispensary							
New York Dental School Infirmary, New York							
New York Dispensary		135 00	8,981 39	10,000 00		5,900 00	43,175 99
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary							
New Yord Frauen Klinik							2,455 04
New York Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary Society							904 38
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Dispensary							
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, Dispensary							
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, Dispensary							
New York Ophthalmic Hospital Dispensary							
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital							
New York Pasteur Institute Dispensary							
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary							
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary							
New York Red Cross Hospital Dispensary							
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department							
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, Out-Door Department							
New York Throat and Nose Hospital, Out-Patient Department							
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn	180 00	200 00				119 00	820 00
North-Eastern Dispensary in the City of New York			3,446 64	1,500 00		14 00	9,415 36
Northern Dispensary of the City of New York		555 00	4,584 84				9,346 82
North-Western Dispensary in the City of New York (The)	100 00	1,335 00	475 00			2,729 00	5,495 02
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Dispensary, B'klyn							
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York							
Ossining Hospital Dispensary, Sing Sing							
Polhemus Memorial Clinic (of the Long Island College Hospital), Brooklyn		*15,614 99					15,614 99
Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, New York							
Rochester City Hospital, Out-Patient Department							
Rochester Homœopathic Free Dispensary							
Roosevelt Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York							
St. Bartholomew's Clinic, New York		2,824 93					4,720 58
St. Catharine's Hospital Dispensary (of the church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn							
St. Chrysostom's Chapel Dispensary, New York							
St. Elizabeth's Free Dispensary, Utica							
St. John's Riverside Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers							
St. Joseph's Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers							
St. Lazarus Free Dispensary (of St. Martha's Sanitarium), Brooklyn							
St. Luke's Home and Hospital, Clinic Department, Utica							

* Of this, $4,000 from Long Island College Hospital and the remainder from Mrs. Caroline H. Polhemus.

TABLE No. 31.

Showing the expenditures of dispensaries for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Brooklyn	$500 00	.....	$180 00	$636 00	.....	.....	$43 40
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Out-Patient Department	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bacteriological Institute Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	175 00	.....	.....	696 00	.....	.....	58 66
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Beth-Israel Hospital Association Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bloomingdale Clinic, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	657 00	$679 61	.....	1,120 00	.....	.....	78 25
Brooklyn City Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	1,440 00	.....	.....	29 55
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary	.....	.....	852 00	360 00	.....	$5,177 30	150 63
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Eastern District Homœopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	1,061 00	.....	752 84	.....
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....	58 45
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, Clinic	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Hebrew Hospital Society (The), Dispensary	.....	.....	250 00	426 00	$88 00	42 17	50 88
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Orthopedic Dispensary (of the Brooklyn Hospital)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Throat Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo City Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary	.....	.....	480 00	112 31	.....	.....	203 66
Bushwick Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	180 00	234 00	.....	.....	7 55
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	892 61	.....	.....	64 12
Calvary M. E. Church Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	125 00	.....	.....	614 31	.....	.....	38 10
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Dispensary, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Columbus Dispensary, New York	.....	300 00	315 00	75 00	.....	.....	.....

TABLE No. 31—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Columbus Hospital Dispensary, New York							
Demilt Dispensary, New York				$8,015 74			$363 48
East Side Dispensary, New York			$900 00	1,040 00			48 00
Eclectic College Free Dispensary, New York				106 00	$180 00		40 00
Eleventh Street M. E. Church Dispensary, New York				75 00			
Fitch Provident Dispensary, Buffalo				146 00			
French Benevolent Society Dispensary, New York							
Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn				645 25			
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo, Free Dispensary			353 00	380 00	42 10		11 34
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York							
German Poliklinik of the City of New York	$1,245 00			1,720 50			300 50
Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York				16,092 21			466 23
Hahnemann Hospital, Out Door Department, New York							
Harlem Dispensary, New York	1,250 00			825 00		$32 74	54 93
Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary, New York	2,231 25					59 79	147 41
Helping Hand of Brooklyn (The)		$654 82	250 34	16 00		45 67	
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn, Dispensary			675 00	512 50			45 60
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mount Vernon							
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, Dispensary, New York			175 00				36 50
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady, Dispensary							
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing							
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, Dispensary, New York							
Jones Memorial Clinic and Amity Dispensary, New York							
Judson Memorial Dispensary, New York							
Kings County Dispensary, Brooklyn							
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York, Dispensary							
Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn							
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary, Brooklyn							
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Dispensary, New York							
McDonough Memorial Dispensary, New York							
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary Department, New York							
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn							
Memorial Dispensary, Brooklyn			450 00	168 00			39 25
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Dispensary, Brooklyn							
Methodist Episcopal Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn							

Metropolitan Dispensary and Hospital for Women and Children, New York		335 00	412 50	179 58			147 60
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York							
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Dispensary, New York							
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York							
Mount Sinai Hospital Dispensary, New York							
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary, New York							
New York Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York							
New York City Department of Public Charities:							
Bellevue Hospital Dispensary							
Fordham Hospital Dispensary							
Gouverneur Hospital Dispensary							
Harlem Hospital Dispensary							
New York Dental School Infirmary, New York							
New York Dispensary				15,347 48			312 75
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary							
New York Frauen Klinik			840 00	144 00			
New York Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary Society				300 00			
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Dispensary							
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, Dispensary							
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, Dispensary							
New York Ophthalmic Hospital Dispensary							
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital							
New York Pasteur Institute Dispensary							
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary							
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary							
New York Red Cross Hospital Dispensary							
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department							
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, Out-Door Department							
New York Throat and Nose Hospital, Out-Patient Department							
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn			200 00	120 00			10 00
North-Eastern Dispensary in the City of New York				3,293 83			115 19
Northern Dispensary of the City of New York				6,003 26			216 33
North-Western Dispensary in the City of New York (The)				3,088 96	138 75	48 22	139 55
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Dispensary, B'klyn							
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, Out Door Department, New York							
Ossining Hospital Dispensary, Sing Sing							
Polhemus Memorial Clinic (of the Long Island College Hospital), Brooklyn				7,319 34			20 80
Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, New York							
Rochester City Hospital, Out-Patient Department							
Rochester Homœopathic Free Dispensary							
Roosevelt Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York							
St. Bartholomew's Clinic, New York			900 00	1,556 75		65 56	71 40
St Catharine's Hospital Dispensary (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn							
St. Chrysostom's Chapel Dispensary, New York							
St. Elizabeth's Free Dispensary, Utica							
St. John's Riverside Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers							
St. Joseph's Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers							
St. Lazarus Free Dispensary (of St. Martha's Sanitarium), Brooklyn							

TABLE No. 23 —(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For meals, lodgings and other relief for the homeless.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Associated Charities of the City of Lockport	.....	.....	$51 50	$276 95	$97 35
Associated Charities of Newburgh	.....	.....	.....	3,364 00	133 30
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities (The)	.....	.....	1,749 75	59,533 54	2,996 85
Bureau of Associated Charities, Binghamton	.....	.....	.....	125 57	6 16
Bureau of Associated Philanthrophy of the Borough of Richmond, Tompkinsville, S. I.	.....	.....	.....	300 00	.....
Bureau of Charities, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	52 61	3,700 07	517 70
Bureau of Charities and Correction, Watertown	$117 05	.....	1,519 95	5,014 61	366 61
Bureau of Labor and Charities, Syracuse	13 05	$10 56	171 52	2,565 09	981 51
Charity Organization Society of the City of Albany	.....	.....	44 15	1,290 22	10 16
Charity Organization Society of the City of Buffalo	503 82	.....	5,101 78	12,661 26	985 58
Charity Organization Society of Castleton	.....	.....	.....	116 33	83 20
Charity Organization Society of the City of New York	.....	.....	8,017 75	52,438 21	7,073 43
Charity Organization Society, Tivoli	.....	.....	25 47	273 72	9 57
Charity Organization Society, Yonkers	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 14
Organized Charities Society, New Rochelle	6 75	.....	.....	349 80	34 35
Society for the Organization of Charity, Rochester	13 93	.....	615 87	3,379 68	222 28
Total	$654 60	$10 56	$17,350 35	$145,389 05	$13,521 19

TABLE No. 31—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten Dispensary, New York						
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary						
Albany Hospital Dispensary						
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn	$42 29	$695 11		$336 80	$30 00	
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Out Patient Department						
Bacteriological Institute Dispensary						
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	116 55	563 24	$59 56	56 45	16 50	
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Beth-Israel Hospital Association, Dispensary, New York						
Bloomingdale Clinic, New York						
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	142 78	322 27		75 25	4 51	
Brooklyn City Dispensary	135 52	571 44		42 07	2 00	
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary	83 50				2 40	
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital						
Brooklyn Eastern District Homœopathic Dispensary	39 91	352 57		171 13	35 44	$1,032 80
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	16 75	1,108 07		57 80	20 00	
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital Clinic						
Brooklyn Hebrew Hospital Society (The), Dispensary	20 29	290 18	60 35	6 00	2 00	
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary						
Brooklyn Hospital Dispensary						
Brooklyn Orthopedic Dispensary (of the Brooklyn Hospital)						
Brooklyn Throat Hospital Dispensary						
Buffalo City Dispensary		41 19				
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary	80 00	534 05	158 38	128 84		
Bushwick Dispensary, Brooklyn	26 78	497 30		16 75	3 00	5 75
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary, Brooklyn	33 18	824 65		27 48	5 38	3,500 00
Calvary M. E. Church Dispensary, New York						
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	86 41	282 37		102 50		
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn						
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Dispensary, Buffalo						
Columbus Dispensary, New York	10 00	60 00	50 00			
Columbus Hospital Dispensary, New York						
Demilt Dispensary, New York	591 81	2,926 17	41 15	785 27		4,188 62

TABLE No. 31—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
East Side Dispensary, New York		$300 00				
Eclectic College Free Dispensary, New York	$26 00	1,529 00		$53 00		
Eleventh Street M. E. Church Dispensary, New York		48 35				
Fitch Provident Dispensary, Buffalo		309 75				
French Benevolent Society Dispensary, New York						
Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	23 09	65 48		55 90	$12 75	
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo, Free Dispensary	62 10	23 45	$20 56			
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York						
German Poliklinik of the City of New York	247 48	1,627 96		143 22	5 92	$665 00
Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York	702 74	4,315 70		662 60	63 90	
Hahnemann Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York						
Harlem Dispensary, New York	205 09	231 47		199 61	5 00	
Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary, New York	26 66	145 55		46 75		
Helping Hand of Brooklyn (The)	28 58	279 56				
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn, Dispensary	32 23	36 24		5 25		
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mount Vernon		8 45				
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, Dispensary, New York		16 08				
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady, Dispensary						
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing						
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, Dispensary, New York						
Jones Memorial Clinic and Amity Dispensary, New York		57 15				
Judson Memorial Dispensary, New York		250 00				
Kings County Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York, Dispensary						
Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary, Brooklyn						
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Dispensary, New York						
McDonough Memorial Dispensary, New York						
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary Department, New York						
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Memorial Dispensary, Brooklyn	66 38	413 24	23 55		2 00	
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Methodist Episcopal Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						

Metropolitan Dispensary and Hospital for Women and Children, New York		49 00				
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York						
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Dispensary, New York						
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
Mount Sinai Hospital Dispensary, New York						
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital Dispensary, New York						
New York Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
New York City Department of Public Charities:						
Bellevue Hospital Dispensary						
Fordham Hospital Dispensary						
Gouverneur Hospital Dispensary						
Harlem Hospital Dispensary						
New York Dental School Infirmary, New York						
New York Dispensary	370 48	5,962 48		1,604 87	57 10	
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary						
New York Frauen Klinik	115 53	238 23				
New York Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary Society		236 41				
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Dispensary						
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, Dispensary						
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, Dispensary						
New York Ophthalmic Hospital Dispensary						
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital						
New York Pasteur Institute Dispensary						
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary						
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary						
New York Red Cross Hospital Dispensary						
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department						
New York Society for the relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, Out-Door Department						
New York Throat and Nose Hospital, Out-Patient Department						
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn	60 00	200 00	30 00			
North-Eastern Dispensary in the City of New York	89 98	988 06		218 36	4 00	
Northern Dispensary of the City of New York	157 08	560 32		159 46		
North-Western Dispensary in the City of New York (The)	270 16	905 34		61 27	22 80	
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Dispensary, B'klyn.						
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York						
Ossining Hospital Dispensary, Sing Sing						
Polhemus Memorial Clinic (of the Long Island College Hospital), Brooklyn	1,911 42				426 89	
Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, New York						
Rochester City Hospital, Out-Patient Department						
Rochester Homœopathic Free Dispensary						
Roosevelt Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
St. Bartholomew's Clinic, New York	191 46	1,018 59		48 89		
St. Catharine's Hospital Dispensary (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn						
St. Chrysostom's Chapel Dispensary, New York						
St. Elizabeth's Free Dispensary, Utica						
St. John's Riverside Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers						
St. Joseph's Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers						
St. Lazarus Free Dispensary (of St. Martha's Sanitarium,) Brooklyn						

TABLE No. 31 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
St. Luke's Home and Hospital, Clinic Department, Utica						
St. Luke's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
St Mark's Hospital Dispensary, New York						
St. Mark's Dispensary (of St. Mary's Female Hospital), Brooklyn						
St Mary's Free Hospital for Children, Dispensary, New York						
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn, Dispensary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons						
St Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Albany						
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
St. Vincent's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
Society of the Lying In Hospital of the City of New York, Sub-Station						
Southern Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	$37 50	$256 04		$72 00	$13 28	
S. R Smith Infirmary, Dispensary, New Brighton						
Sydenham Dispensary (of the Sydenham Post-Graduate Course and Hospital) New York						
Syracuse Free Dispensary	71 71	310 83		44 79	2 00	
Trinity Dispensary (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York						
Troy Hospital Dispensary						
Twenty-sixth Ward Homœopathic Dispensary Association, Brooklyn	9 15	247 12	$5 50			
University of Buffalo Dispensary, Buffalo		250 00				
University Medical College Dispensary, New York						
Utica Dispensary (The)	43 80	130 90		23 89		$16 66
Vanderbilt Clinic (of the College of Physicians and Surgeons), New York						
West Side Clinic and Hospital, New York						
West Side German Dispensary, New York	223 41	1,047 94		244 58		
Wilkes Dispensary (The) (of the St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children), New York						
Williamsburgh Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, Dispensary, New York						
Zion Dispensary, New York						
Total	$6,397 80	$31,127 80	$449 08	$5,450 78	$736 87	$9,408 88

TABLE No. 31—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten Dispensary, New York						
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary						
Albany Hospital Dispensary						
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Brooklyn				$65 65	$2,529 25	$1,447 28
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Out-Patient Department						
Bacteriological Institute Dispensary						
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn				481 64	2,223 60	2,163 39
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Beth-Israel Hospital Association, Dispensary, New York						
Bloomingdale Clinic, New York						
Brooklyn Central Dispensary				120 40	3,200 07	1,177 00
Brooklyn City Dispensary				141 66	2,362 24	3,859 05
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary		$120 00			6,745 83	529 43
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital						
Brooklyn Eastern District Homœopathic Dispensary				761 14	4,206 83	2,253 49
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary			$72 72	21 70	1,535 49	526 33
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, Clinic						
Brooklyn Hebrew Hospital Society (The), Dispensary					1,235 87	725 00
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary						
Brooklyn Hospital Dispensary						
Brooklyn Orthopedic Dispensary (of the Brooklyn Hospital)						
Brooklyn Throat Hospital Dispensary						
Buffalo City Dispensary			300 00		341 19	1,688 71
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary				181 55	1,878 79	
Bushwick Dispensary, Brooklyn				16 04	987 17	5 02
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary, Brooklyn				102 46	5,449 88	25,491 88
Calvary M. E. Church Dispensary, New York						
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn				105 26	1,353 95	2,066 53
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn						
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Dispensary, Buffalo						
Columbus Dispensary, New York					810 00	

TABLE No. 31 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
St. Luke's Home and Hospital, Clinic Department, Utica						
St. Luke's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
St Mark's Hospital Dispensary, New York						
St. Mark's Dispensary (of St. Mary's Female Hospital), Brooklyn						
St Mary's Free Hospital for Children, Dispensary, New York						
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn, Dispensary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons						
St Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Albany						
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
St. Vincent's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
Society of the Lying In Hospital of the City of New York, Sub-Station						
Southern Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	$37 50	$256 04		$72 00	$13 28	
S. R. Smith Infirmary, Dispensary, New Brighton						
Sydenham Dispensary (of the Sydenham Post-Graduate Course and Hospital) New York						
Syracuse Free Dispensary	71 71	310 83		44 79	2 00	
Trinity Dispensary (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York						
Troy Hospital Dispensary						
Twenty-sixth Ward Homœopathic Dispensary Association, Brooklyn	9 15	247 12	$5 50			
University of Buffalo Dispensary, Buffalo		250 00				
University Medical College Dispensary, New York						
Utica Dispensary (The)	43 80	180 90		23 89		$16 66
Vanderbilt Clinic (of the College of Physicians and Surgeons), New York						
West Side Clinic and Hospital, New York						
West Side German Dispensary, New York	223 41	1,047 94		244 58		
Wilkes Dispensary (The) (of the St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children), New York						
Williamsburgh Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, Dispensary, New York						
Zion Dispensary, New York						
Total	$6,397 80	$31,127 30	$449 03	$5,450 78	$736 87	$9,408 88

TABLE No. 31—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten Dispensary, New York						
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary						
Albany Hospital Dispensary						
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Brooklyn				$65 65	$2,529 25	$1,447 28
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Out-Patient Department						
Bacteriological Institute Dispensary						
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn				481 64	2,223 60	2,163 39
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Beth-Israel Hospital Association, Dispensary, New York						
Bloomingdale Clinic, New York						
Brooklyn Central Dispensary				120 40	3,200 07	1,177 00
Brooklyn City Dispensary				141 66	2,362 24	3,859 05
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary		$120 00			6,745 83	529 43
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital						
Brooklyn Eastern District Homœopathic Dispensary				761 14	4,206 83	2,253 49
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary			$52 72	21 70	1,535 49	526 33
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, Clinic						
Brooklyn Hebrew Hospital Society (The), Dispensary					1,235 87	725 00
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary						
Brooklyn Hospital Dispensary						
Brooklyn Orthopedic Dispensary (of the Brooklyn Hospital)						
Brooklyn Throat Hospital Dispensary						
Buffalo City Dispensary			300 00		341 19	1,688 71
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary				181 55	1,878 79	
Bushwick Dispensary, Brooklyn				16 04	987 17	5 02
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary, Brooklyn				102 46	5,449 88	25,491 88
Calvary M. E. Church Dispensary, New York						
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn				105 26	1,353 95	2,066 53
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn						
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Dispensary, Buffalo						
Columbus Dispensary, New York					810 00	

TABLE No. 31 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Columbus Hospital Dispensary, New York						
Demilt Dispensary, New York			$100 00	$692 97	$17,735 21	$633 82
East Side Dispensary, New York			1,050 00	168 27	3,506 27	316 96
Eclectic College Free Dispensary, New York				35 00	1,969 00	80 50
Eleventh Street M. E Church Dispensary, New York					123 35	
Fitch Provident Dispensary, Buffalo				18 96	474 71	
French Benevolent Society Dispensary, New York						
Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn			1,500 25	39 63	2,842 35	1,016 21
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo, Free Dispensary				32 47	925 02	110 27
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York						
German Poliklinik of the City of New York			1,000 00	375 42	7,331 00	1,329 28
Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York			6,000 00	935 49	29,238 87	30,422 83
Hahnemann Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York						
Harlem Dispensary, New York	$3,198 80				6,002 64	458 71
Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary, New York					2,657 41	637 74
Helping Hand of Brooklyn (The)					1,274 97	2 59
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn, Dispensary	175 00			77 20	1,559 02	955 54
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mount Vernon					8 45	1 90
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, Dispensary, New York				2 50	230 08	74 34
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady, Dispensary						
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing						
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, Dispensary, New York						
Jones Memorial Clinic and Amity Dispensary, New York					57 15	
Judson Memorial Dispensary, New York					250 00	90 00
Kings County Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York, Dispensary						
Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary, Brooklyn						
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Dispensary, New York						
McDonough Memorial Dispensary						
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary Department, New York						
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Memorial Dispensary, Brooklyn				1,268 00	2,480 59	260 95
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Dispensary, Brooklyn						

Metropolitan Dispensary and Hospital for Women and Children, New York						
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York				34 40	1,158 08	388 04
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Dispensary, New York						
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
Mount Sinai Hospital Dispensary, New York						
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital Dispensary, New York						
New York Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
New York City Department of Public Charities:						
Bellevue Hospital Dispensary						
Fordham Hospital Dispensary						
Gouverneur Hospital Dispensary						
Harlem Hospital Dispensary						
New York Dental School Infirmary, New York						
New York Dispensary			8,000 00	625 87	32,281 03	10,894 96
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary						
New York Frauen Klinik				616 22	1,953 98	501 06
New York Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary Society					536 41	367 97
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Dispensary						
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, Dispensary						
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, Dispensary						
New York Ophthalmic Hospital Dispensary						
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital						
New York Pasteur Institute Dispensary						
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary						
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary						
New York Red Cross Hospital Dispensary						
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department						
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, Out-Door Department						
New York Throat and Nose Hospital, Out-Patient Department						
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn					720 00	100 00
North Eastern Dispensary in the City of New York				95 03	4,804 45	4,610 91
Northern Dispensary of the City of New York			1,000 00	18 15	8,114 60	1,232 22
North-Western Dispensary in the City of New York (The)					4,675 05	819 97
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brookl'n						
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York						
Ossining Hospital Dispensary, Sing Sing						
Polhemus Memorial Clinic (of the Long Island College Hospital), Brooklyn				1,936 52	11,614 97	4,000 00
Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, New York						
Rochester City Hospital, Out-Patient Department						
Rochester Homœopathic Free Dispensary						
Roosevelt Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
St. Bartholomew's Clinic, New York	500 00			55 99	4,408 64	311 94
St. Catharine's Hospital Dispensary (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn						
St. Chrysostom's Chapel Dispensary, New York						
St. Elizabeth's Free Dispensary, Utica						
St. John's Riverside Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers						
St. Joseph's Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers						
St. Lazarus Free Dispensary (of St. Martha's Sanitarium), Brooklyn						

TABLE No. 31 –(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For repayment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
St. Luke's Home and Hospital, Clinic Department, Utica						
St. Luke's Hospital, Out Patient Department, New York						
St. Mark's Hospital Dispensary, New York						
St. Mary's Dispensary (of St. Mary's Female Hospital), Brooklyn						
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children Dispensary, New York						
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn, Dispensary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons						
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Albany						
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
St. Vincent's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York, Sub-Station						
Southern Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn				$119 37	$1,349 54	$115 71
S. R. Smith Infirmary, Dispensary, New Brighton						
Sydenham Dispensary (of the Sydenham Post-Graduate Course and Hospital), New York					25 00	
Syracuse Free Dispensary				56 79	1,607 99	409 29
Trinity Dispensary (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York						
Troy Hospital Dispensary						
Twenty-Sixth Ward Homœopathic Dispensary Association, Brooklyn				31 09	544 86	2,494 67
University of Buffalo Dispensary, Buffalo					530 00	
University Medical College Dispensary, New York						
Utica Dispensary (The)				8 95	231 00	
Vanderbilt Clinic (of the College of Physicians and Surgeons), New York						
West Side Clinic and Hospital, New York						
West Side German Dispensary, New York					4,901 99	800 38
Wilkes Dispensary (The) (of the St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children), New York						
Williamsburgh Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Woman's Hospital of the State of New York, Dispensary, New York						
Zion Dispensary, New York						
Total	$3,873 80	$1,0 00	$19,002 97	$9,241 79	$192,433 67	$105,301 16

TABLE No. 32.

Showing the number of beneficiary patients treated in the dispensaries, the total number of treatments, and the number of prescriptions dispensed for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons treated at the dispensary.	Total number of times such persons were treated.	Number of prescriptions dispensed.	Number of persons treated at their homes.	Number of visits thus made.	Number of persons vaccinated.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten Dispensary, New York	252	293	293			
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary	2,927	4,572	3,881	224	735	21
Albany Hospital Dispensary	2,718	13,593	9,369			
Atlantic Avenue Dispensary (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Brooklyn	10,096	13,461	13,839			
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Out-Patient Department	2,015	5,107	5,107			
Bacteriological Institute Dispensary						
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	4,344	8,163	9,249	225	875	95
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Beth-Israel Hospital Association, Dispensary, New York	18,919	28,398	38,061			
Bloomingdale Clinic, New York	480	805	521	81	112	64
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	18,726	18,726	18,105			
Brooklyn City Dispensary	8,676	16,245	17,531			
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary	6,924	38,157	*101,275			
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital	5,741	17,273	18,863	641	2,571	211
Brooklyn Eastern District Homœopathic Dispensary	7,258		23,446			
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	5,920		7,518	92	121	12
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, Clinic	16,394	53,625	53,625			
Brooklyn Hebrew Hospital Society (The), Dispensary	4,816	12,040	7,210			600
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital Dispensary	8,123	16,756	32,474			
Brooklyn Hospital Dispensary	5,578	7,901	8,065			
Brooklyn Orthopedic Dispensary (of the Brooklyn Hospital)	448	2,712	357			
Brooklyn Throat Hospital Dispensary						
Buffalo City Dispensary †						
Buffalo Eye and Ear Infirmary	3,357	14,143				
Bushwick Dispensary, Brooklyn	2,739	5,419	10,450			200
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary, Brooklyn	5,327	10,484	12,751	351	842	
Calvary M. E. Church Dispensary, New York						
Central Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	10,534	31,602	10,994	640	640	81
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn	11,021		7,695			102
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Dispensary, Buffalo	2,029	11,355				
Columbus Dispensary, New York	1,568	1,568	1,568			

* "Or diets."

† No statistics furnished.

TABLE No. 32—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons treated at the dispensary.	Total number of times such persons were treated.	Number of prescriptions dispensed.	Number of persons treated at their homes.	Number of visits thus made.	Number of persons vaccinated.
Columbus Hospital Dispensary, New York	2,455	9,251	13,738	.....	.....	.....
Demilt Dispensary, New York	58,025	.....	60,640	3,802	6,868	1,303
East Side Dispensary, New York	21,507	43,433	29,515	59	94	2,161
Eclectic College Free Dispensary, New York	5,941	14,217	45,328	4,381	11,243	196
Eleventh Street M. E. Church Dispensary, New York	117	148	152	39	122	14
Fitch Provident Dispensary, Buffalo	2,781	.....	2,969	.....	.....	.....
French Benevolent Society Dispensary, New York	1,969	3,926	3,645	84	167	.....
Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	4,905	.....	12,248	559	.....	56
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo, Free Dispensary	2,081	5,973	1,327	12	41	58
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York	28,472	78,835	41,949	.....	.....	.....
German Poliklinik of the City of New York	22,347	67,177	38,164	.....	.....	206
Good Samaritan Dispensary, New York	83,364	163,965	102,050	5,107	9,213	1,292
Hahnemann Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York	3,159	.....	9,888	.....	.....	.....
Harlem Dispensary, New York	4,166	10,045	6,549	299	299	157
Harlem Eye, Ear and Throat Infirmary, New York	3,338	16,036	.....	24	57	.....
Helping Hand of Brooklyn (The)	1,619	3,269	4,500	40	66	50
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn, Dispensary	3,115	.....	5,624	.....	.....	.....
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association, Mount Vernon	61	.....	95	.....	.....	.....
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, Dispensary, New York	1,200	3,002	3,002	650	650	60
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady, Dispensary	817	1,468	301	.....	.....	.....
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing	240	411	171	.....	.....	.....
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, Dispensary, New York	7,662	14,110	4,422	.....	.....	165
Jones Memorial Clinic and Amity Dispensary, New York	648	1,053	1,578	.....	.....	2
Judson Memorial Dispensary, New York	1,355	4,134	7,090	200	200	50
Kings County Dispensary, Brooklyn	5,394	6,403	9,871	.....	.....	.....
Lebanon Hospital Association of the city of New York, Dispensary	2,686	9,708	10,256	.....	.....	.....
Long Island College Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn	23,356	53,783	17,180	.....	.....	.....
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary, Brooklyn	544	2,076	2,375	.....	.....	.....
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives Dispensary, New York	176	945	140	.....	.....	.....
McDonough Memorial Dispensary, New York	290	330	330	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, Dispensary Department, New York	19,435	88,485	27,227	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn	4,129	9,864	2,736	49	209	321
Memorial Dispensary, Brooklyn	3,099	.....	7,135	513	1,398	54
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Dispensary, Brooklyn	3,748	11,244	4,245	18	25	15
Methodist Episcopal Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn	3,012	11,578	9,698	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Dispensary and Hospital for Women and Children, New York	941	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, Out-Door Department, New York	5,784	23,130	3,642	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Dispensary, New York	584	.....	2,174	.....	.....	.....

Mothers and Babies' Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York	200	638	721	644	6,730	2
Mount Sinai Hospital Dispensary, New York	31,705	91,905	81,682	188	1,021	200
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital Dispensary, New York	1,759	7,291	688			
New York Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York	693	2,648				
New York City Department of Public Charities:						
Bellevue Hospital Dispensary	58,067	166,882	166,973			
Fordham Hospital Dispensary	1,806	7,223	7,300			260
Gouverneur Hospital Dispensary	17,116		16,994			
Harlem Hospital Dispensary	20,000		62,666			24
New York Dental School Infirmary, New York						
New York Dispensary	49,398	116,224	117,669	3,081	6,268	700
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary	37,085	116,258	61,470			
New York Frauen Klinik	1,617	6,301	11,500			
New York Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary Society	3,000	12,000	9,566	420	758	127
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Dispensary	14,959	46,565	38,433	1,400	8,197	227
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, Dispensary	2,322	7,177		239		
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, Dispensary	11,742		12,721			
New York Ophthalmic Hospital Dispensary	14,750		46,367			
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital	3,418	16,271		904	2,962	
New York Pasteur Institute Dispensary	98	3,724				
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary	32,538		14,846			
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, Dispensary	16,456	54,866	48,155	767	1,724	220
New York Red Cross Hospital Dispensary						
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital, Out-Patient Department	1,788	11,002	11,284			
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, Out-Door Department	9,273	20,654				
New York Throat and Nose Hospital, Out-Patient Department	1,274	8,722	3,138			
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary, Brooklyn	1,300	5,300	2,000	54	100	
North Eastern Dispensary in the City of New York	11,903	29,757	36,186	3,502	8,499	905
Northern Dispensary of the City of New York	8,541	15,435	17,341	2,494	5,178	148
North Western Dispensary in the City of New York (The)	34,708	104,124	95,502	7,048	18,131	528
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Dispensary, B'klyn.	1,535	5,381	440	115	325	10
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, Out Door Department, New York				140	770	
Ossining Hospital Dispensary, Sing Sing	85	187	167			
Polhemus Memorial Clinic (of the Long Island College Hospital), Brooklyn*						
Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, New York	18,368	49,344	46,801			455
Rochester City Hospital, Out-Patient Department	2,547	4,732	3,330			
Rochester Homœopathic Free Dispensary	1,742	5,508	5,510			
Roosevelt Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York	19,126	73,061	46,925			150
St. Bartholomew's Clinic, New York	6,470	21,690	13,137			
St. Catharine's Hospital Dispensary (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn	2,167	20,485	13,365			
St. Chrysostom's Chapel Dispensary, New York	1,535		4,000	80	268	190
St. Elizabeth's Free Dispensary, Utica	41	150	25	2		
St. John's Riverside Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers	3,027	6,617	5,294			
St. Joseph's Hospital Dispensary, Yonkers	2,085	2,942	1,325			
St. Lazarus Free Dispensary (of St. Martha's Sanitarium), Brooklyn	1,204	1,585	1,763			
St. Luke's Home and Hospital, Clinic Department, Utica	50	172	37			

* See Long Island College Hospital Dispensary for statistics.

TABLE No. 32—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons treated at the dispensary.	Total number of times such persons were treated.	Number of prescriptions dispensed.	Number of persons treated at their homes.	Number of visits thus made.	Number of persons vaccinated.
St. Luke's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York	3,741	18,117	15,670	.....	.....	.....
St. Mark's Hospital Dispensary, New York	9,780	4,[illegible]	8,[illegible]	67	100	[illegible]
St. Mary's Dispensary (of St. Mary's Female Hospital), Brooklyn	6,500	19,100	18,100	910	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, Dispensary, New York*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn, Dispensary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons	8,[illegible]	9,100	8,[illegible]	118	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Albany	1,870	5,100	7,914	48	100	.....
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn	8,440	8,[illegible]	4,[illegible]	1,[illegible]	1,[illegible]	.....
St. Vincent's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York	.....	.....	.....	4,[illegible]	[illegible]	.....
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York, Sub Station	.....	.....	.....	0	[illegible]	110
Southern Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn	4,[illegible]	7,[illegible]	8,[illegible]	.....	.....	.....
S. R. Smith Infirmary, Dispensary, New Brighton	1,[illegible]	.....	[illegible]	.....	.....	.....
Sydenham Dispensary (of the Sydenham Port Graduate Course and Hospital), New York	[illegible]	1,140	1,[illegible]	.....	.....	18
Syracuse Free Dispensary	4,810	7,[illegible]	5,[illegible]	7	[illegible]	.....
Trinity Dispensary (of Trinity Church Corporation) New York	.....	.....	[illegible]	100	[illegible]	.....
Troy Hospital Dispensary	1,[illegible]	2,[illegible]	[illegible]	.....	.....	.....
Twenty-Sixth Ward Homœopathic Dispensary Association, Brooklyn	9,[illegible]	4,[illegible]	8,[illegible]	48	[illegible]	108
University of Buffalo Dispensary, Buffalo	8,000	.....	8,000	.....	.....	.....
University Medical College Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica Dispensary (The)	675	1,[illegible]	1,100	.....	.....	.....
Vanderbilt Clinic (of the College of Physicians and Surgeons), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side Clinic and Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side German Dispensary, New York	30,418	39,804	.....	.....	.....	[illegible]
Wilkes Dispensary (The) (of the St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children), New York	5,[illegible]	11,[illegible]	11,[illegible]	.....	.....	[illegible]
Williamsburgh Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn	18,[illegible]	24,[illegible]	21,771	41	[illegible]	115
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, Dispensary, New York	4,568	10,[illegible]	[illegible]	.....	.....	.....
Zion Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,052,177	2,189,655	2,016,186	48,519	148,450	18,406

* See Wilkes Dispensary (The).

TABLE No. 33.

Showing the estimated value of the property of eleemosynary educational institutions, and their indebtedness, October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate	Personal property.	Total.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten, New York	$1,200 00		$1,200 00
Albany Boys' Club	1,000 00		1,000 00
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:			
Home School			
Industrial School No. 1			
Industrial School No. 2 (Rose Memorial)	45,000 00		45,000 00
Industrial School No. 3			
Industrial School No. 4			
Industrial School No. 5			
Industrial School No. 6			
Industrial School No. 7			
Industrial School No. 8			
Industrial School No. 9			
Industrial School No 10			
Industrial School No. 11			
Industrial School No. 12			
Boys' Welcome Hall (of the Woman's Christian Temperance Association of Brooklyn)	4,000 00		4,000 00
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:			
Evening Schools *			
Industrial Schools			
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:			
Industrial School No. 1	12,000 00		12,000 00
Industrial School No. 2 (Memorial)	20,000 00		20,000 00
Industrial School No. 3 (Home) †			
Industrial School No. 4			
Industrial School No. 5	18,000 00		18,000 00
Industrial School No 6	10,000 00		10,000 00
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York		$7,000 00	7,000 00
Bureau of Charities, Industrial School, Mount Vernon			
Children's Aid Society, New York:			
Brace Farm School, Kensico			
Industrial Schools:			
Avenue B			
Beach Street ‡			

* Finances with parent institution; see tables 57-60. † Vide tables 57-60 for finances and statistics. ‡ Permanently closed April, 1899.

TABLE No. 33—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Children's Aid Society, New York—Industrial Schools:			
Duane Street			
East Side			
Fifty-third Street			
Forty-fourth Street			
German			
Henrietta			
Italian			
Jones			
Lord Memorial			
Mott Street			
Phelps			
Pike Street			
Rhinelander			
Sixth Street			
Sullivan Street			
Tompkins Square			
West Side			
West Side Italian			
Children's Charitable Union, New York			
Children's Friend Society of Albany	$19,500 00	$18,200 00	$37,700 00
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press*			
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn†			
Day Home (The), Troy	19,761 00	62,150 00	81,911 00
Elmira Industrial School and Free Kindergarten Association	17,500 00		17,500 00
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, Industrial School, New York‡			
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn¶			
Five Points Mission (of the N. Y. Ladies' Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York	250 000 00		250 000 00
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island			
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:			
Branch No. 1. (J. W. Smith Memorial)			
Branch No. 2			
Industrial School of Rochester	36,588 67	42,470 52	79,059 19
Little Mothers' Aid Association, Industrial School, New York‖			
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:			
Hartley House	41,119 75		41 119 75
Vacation Schools			
Rochester Home of Industry**			

Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:			
St. Paul's Industrial School*	.....	.....	.....
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York*	.....	.....	.....
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank ††	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York ‡‡	.....	.....	.....
Syrian Society of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service Kindergarten, New York ‡	.....	.....	.....
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York	60,000 00	30,009 00	90,000 00
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights¶¶	.....	.....	.....
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York‡‡	.....	.....	.....
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York	50,000 00	.....	50,000 00
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls	1,150 00	846 86	1,996 86
Total	$606,814 42	$160,672 38	$767,486 80

* Vide tables 57-60 for finances and statistics. † Finances with parent institution, see tables 57-60. ‡ Finances with parent institution, see tables 45-48. ¶ Vide tables 45-48 for finances and statistics. ‖ Finances with parent institution, see tables 41-44. ** Finances and statistics on tables 49-52. †† Vide tables 93-95 for finances. ‡‡ Finances and additional statistics on tables 25-28. ¶¶ Finances and additional statistics on tables 49-52.

TABLE No. 33—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Indebtedness October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness October 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten, New York		$59 68	$59 68		$315 34	$315 34
Albany Boys' Club						
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:						
Home School					153 33	153 33
Industrial School No. 1					393 76	393 76
Industrial School No. 2 (Rose Memorial)					345 85	345 85
Industrial School No. 3					125 00	125 00
Industrial School No. 4					200 00	200 00
Industrial School No. 5					102 39	102 39
Industrial School No. 6					485 40	485 40
Industrial School No 7					325 01	325 01
Industrial School No. 8					120 84	120 84
Industrial School No. 9					352 92	352 92
Industrial School No. 10					335 00	335 00
Industrial School No. 11					244 58	244 58
Industrial School No. 12					800 00	800 00
Boys' Welcome Hall (of the Woman's Christian Temperance Association of Brooklyn)	$1,750 00		1,750 00	$1,750 00		1,750 00
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:						
Evening Schools*						
Industrial Schools						
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:						
Industrial School No 1						
Industrial School No 2 (Memorial)						
Industrial School No 3 (Home)†						
Industrial School No. 4						
Industrial School No. 5						
Industrial School No. 6						
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York						
Bureau of Charities, Industrial School, Mount Vernon						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Brace Farm School, Kensico						
Industrial Schools:						
Avenue B						
Beach Street‡						

Duane Street						
East Side						
Fifty-third Street						
Forty-fourth Street						
German						
Henrietta						
Italian						
Jones						
Lord Memorial						
Mott Street						
Phelps						
Pike street						
Rhinelander						
Sixth Street						
Sullivan Street						
Tompkins Square						
West Side						
West Side Italian						
Children's Charitable Union, New York						
Children's Friend Society of Albany						
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press †						
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn*						
Day Home (The), Troy						
Elmira Industrial School and Free Kindergarten Association						
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service Industrial School, New York §						
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn ¶						
Five Points Mission (of the N. Y. Ladies' Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York	35,000 00	7,891 54	42,891 54	35,000 00	8,611 65	43,611 65
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island						
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:						
Branch No. 1, (J. W. Smith Memorial)						
Branch No. 2						
Industrial School of Rochester						
Little Mothers' Aid Association, Industrial School, New York ‖						
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:						
Hartley House						
Vacation Schools						
Rochester Home of Industry **						
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:						
St. Paul's Industrial School †						
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York †						
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank ††						
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York ‡‡						
Syrian Society of the City of New York						

* Finances with parent institution; see tables 57–60. † Vide tables 57–60 for finances and statistics. ‡ Permanently closed April, 1899. § Finances with parent institution; see tables 45–48. ¶ Vide tables 45–58 for finances and statistics. ‖ Finances with parent institution; see tables 41–44. ** Finances and statistics on tables 49–52. †† Vide tables 93–96 for finances. ‡‡ Finances and additional statistics on tables 25–28.

TABLE No. 33.—(*Concluded.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898		
	Real.	Other	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service Kindergarten, New York*						
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York	$9,000 00	$3,337 50	$14,337 50	$5,000 00	$7,837 50	$12,837 50
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights†						
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York §						
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York		262 33	262 33			
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls						
Total	$41,750 00	$17,551 05	$59,301 05	$41,750 00	$20,748 57	$62,498 57

* Finances with parent institution; tables 45–48. † Finances and additional statistics on tables 49–52. § Finances and additional statistics on tables 25–28

TABLE No. 34.

Showing the receipts of eleemosynary educational institutions for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten, New York						$4,007 50	
Albany Boys' Club	$27 86						
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:							
Home School							
Industrial School No. 1							
Industrial School No. 2 (Rose Memorial)							
Industrial School No. 3							
Industrial School No. 4							
Industrial School No. 5							
Industrial School No. 6							
Industrial School No. 7							
Industrial School No. 8							
Industrial School No. 9							
Industrial School No. 10							
Industrial School No. 11							
Industrial School No. 12							
Boys' Welcome Hall (of the Woman's Christian Temperance Association of Brooklyn)	116 31						$210 00
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:							
Evening Schools							
Industrial Schools							
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:							
Industrial School No. 1							
Industrial School No. 2 (Memorial)							
Industrial School No. 3 (Home)							
Industrial School No. 4							
Industrial School No. 5							
Industrial School No. 6							
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York	7,000 00						
Bureau of Charities, Industrial School, Mount Vernon							

TABLE No. 34—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Brace Farm School, Kensico							
Industrial Schools:							
Avenue B							
Beach Street							
Duane Street							
East Side							
Fifty-third Street							
Forty-fourth Street							
German							
Henrietta							
Italian							
Jones							
Lord Memorial							
Mott Street							
Phelps							
Pike Street							
Rhinelander							
Sixth Street							
Sullivan Street							
Tompkins Square							
West Side							
West Side Italian							
[illegible]n's Charitable Union, New York	$244 62						
[illegible]'s Friend Society of Albany	104 23						
[illegible]harity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press							
[illegible] the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn							
[illegible] (The), Troy	293 34				$1,000 00		
[illegible]strial School and Free Kindergarten Association	131 19					$10 25	$412 46
[illegible]terhood of Personal Service, Industrial School, New York							
[illegible]tute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn							
[illegible] Mission (of the N. Y. Ladies Home Missionary Society of the M. E. [illegible] New York		*$2,588 54		$200 00	500 00		2,980 41
[illegible]ety of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island			$100 00				177 00

l School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:							
h No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)							
h No. 2							
l School of Rochester	6,341 19				2,610 50		878 75
thers' Aid Association, Industrial School, New York							
k Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:							
ey House							
ion Schools							
Home of Industry							
atholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:							
aul's Industriol School							
beth's Industrial School, New York							
l's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth),							
bank							
ncent de Paul Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York							
ian Society of the City of New York							
nple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, Kindergarten, New York							
ited Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York	1,370 61				1,800 00	5,867 00	6,537 08
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights							
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York							
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York	605 28				3,075 00		
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls	794 85						
Total	$17,029 48	$2,588 54	$100 00	$200 00	$11,985 50	$10,094 75	$10,985 70

* From the apportionment of school moneys.

TABLE No. 34—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Brace Farm School, Kensico							
Industrial Schools:							
Avenue B							
Beach Street							
Duane Street							
East Side							
Fifty-third Street							
Forty-fourth Street							
German							
Henrietta							
Italian							
Jones							
Lord Memorial							
Mott Street							
Phelps							
Pike Street							
Rhinelander							
Sixth Street							
Sullivan Street							
Tompkins Square							
West Side							
West Side Italian							
Children's Charitable Union, New York	$244 62						
Children's Friend Society of Albany	104 23						
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press							
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn							
Day Home (The), Troy	293 34				$1,000 00		
Elmira Industrial School and Free Kindergarten Association	131 19					$10 25	$412 46
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, Industrial School, New York							
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn							
Five Points Mission (of the N. Y. Ladies Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York		*$2,588 54		$200 00	500 00		2,980 41
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island			$100 00				177 00

Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:							
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)							
Branch No. 2							
Industrial School of Rochester	6,341 19				2,610 50		878 75
Little Mothers' Aid Association, Industrial School, New York							
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:							
Hartley House							
Vacation Schools							
Rochester Home of Industry							
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:							
St. Paul's Industriol School							
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York							
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank							
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York							
Syrian Society of the City of New York							
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, Kindergarten, New York							
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York	1,370 61				1,800 00	5,867 00	6,537 08
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights							
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York							
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York	605 28				3,075 00		
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls	794 85						
Total	$17,029 48	$2,588 54	$100 00	$200 00	$11,985 50	$10,094 75	$10,985 70

* From the apportionment of school moneys.

TABLE No. 34—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten, New York	$875 40			$315 34		$5,198 24
Albany Boys' Club	2,330 91					2,358 77
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:						
Home School					*$1,751 12	1,751 12
Industrial School No. 1	161 34				*3,534 06	3,695 40
Industrial School No. 2 (Rose Memorial)	212 00				*5,996 13	6,208 13
Industrial School No. 3	120 72				*2,480 82	2,601 54
Industrial School No. 4	71 00				*4,735 12	4,806 12
Industrial School No. 5	129 00				*2,455 19	2,584 19
Industrial School No. 6	114 60				*4,656 09	4,770 69
Industrial School No 7	162 75				*5,049 40	5,212 15
Industrial School No. 8	86 00				*2,038 64	2,124 64
Industrial School No. 9	50 00				*3,558 00	3,608 00
Industrial School No. 10	173 00				*3,459 79	3,632 79
Industrial School No. 11	105 50				*3,413 26	3,518 76
Industrial School No. 12	293 50				*8,308 56	8,602 06
Boys' Welcome Hall (of the Woman's Christian Temperance Association of Brooklyn)	506 45				20 00	852 76
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:						
Evening Schools						
Industrial Schools					*3,420 45	3,420 45
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:						
Industrial School No. 1					*5,888 45	5,888 45
Industrial School No. 2 (Memorial)					*2,019 10	2,019 10
Industrial School No. 3 (Home)						
Industrial School No. 4					*1,801 21	1,801 21
Industrial School No. 5					*2,560 00	2,560 00
Industrial School No. 6					*1,655 83	1,655 83
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York		$249 11				7,249 11
Bureau of Charities, Industrial School, Mount Vernon					59 79	59 79
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Brace Farm School, Kensico					*14,545 69	14,545 69
Industrial Schools:						
Avenue B					*8,624 55	8,624 55
Beach Street					*5,091 61	5,091 61

Duane Street					*4,472 89	4,472 89
East Side					*9,121 29	9,121 29
Fifty-third Street					*8,880 64	8,880 64
Forty-fourth Street					*5,987 45	5,987 45
German					*7,497 74	7,497 74
Henrietta					*10,634 53	10,634 53
Italian					*10,335 43	10,335 43
Jones					*9,789 27	9,789 27
Lord Memorial					*7,890 26	7,890 26
Mott Street					*8,873 16	8,873 16
Phelps					*4,844 49	4,844 49
Pike Street					*5,041 32	5,041 32
Rhinelander					*4,489 68	4,489 68
Sixth Street					*7,449 92	7,449 92
Sullivan Street					*10,997 38	10,997 38
Tompkins Square					*5,957 79	5,957 79
West Side					*5,206 02	5,206 02
West Side Italian					*8,280 73	8,280 73
Children's Charitable Union, New York	2,639 11					2,883 73
Children's Friend Society of Albany	437 91	754 81	841 44			2,138 39
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press						
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn						
Day Home (The), Troy	1,164 51	3,468 50				8,926 35
Elmira Industrial School and Free Kindergarten Association	1,000 87				313 50	1,868 27
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, Industrial School, New York						
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn						
Five Points Mission (of the New York Ladies Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York	10,024 03				1,104 99	17,397 97
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island	760 00					1,037 00
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:						
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)					*2,457 18	2,457 18
Branch No. 2					*1,135 91	1,135 91
Industrial School of Rochester	3 228 32	2,128 56	2 268 71		765 42	18,221 45
Little Mothers' Aid Association, Industrial School, New York						
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:						
Hartley House			1,000 00		*10,223 40	11,223 40
Vacation Schools						
Rochester Home of Industry						
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:						
St. Paul's Industrial School						
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York						
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank						
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	315 00				335 77	650 77
Syrian Society of the City of New York						
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, Kindergarten, New York						

* From the parent institution.

TABLE No. 34—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York	$18,137 05	$1,243 24	.....	$7,500 00	*$15,659 59	$38,114 57
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York	2,679 00	.....	$1 833 00	.....	1,388 60	10,580 88
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls	300 00	20 69	.....	.....	15 00	1,130 54
Total	$46,077 97	$7,864 91	$6,943 15	$7,815 34	$256,272 21	$377,957 55

* "Principally from tuition fees."

TABLE No. 35.

Showing the expenditures of eleemosynary educational institutions for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten, New York	.....	$59 68	$912 00	$2,591 75	$434 34	$125 58	$288 63
Albany Boys' Club	.....	.....	405 00	1,314 00	4 50	.....	36 40
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:							
Home School	.....	.....	.....	1,686 66	.....	.....	8 64
Industrial School No. 1	.....	.....	1,000 00	2,150 97	.....	190 70	10 00
Industrial School No. 2 (Rose Memorial)	.....	.....	.....	4,543 16	.....	479 75	43 65
Industrial School No. 3	.....	.....	605 00	1,498 56	.....	161 48	9 74
Industrial School No. 4	.....	.....	1,000 00	3,324 96	.....	177 60	7 51
Industrial School No. 5	.....	.....	840 00	1,340 97	.....	132 21	7 22
Industrial School No. 6	.....	.....	1,000 00	3,266 12	.....	202 40	17 61
Industrial School No. 7	.....	.....	.....	3,935 11	.....	302 90	25 61
Industrial School No. 8	.....	.....	450 00	1,271 24	.....	143 99	14 86
Industrial School No. 9	.....	.....	350 00	2,878 12	.....	200 81	3 22
Industrial School No. 10	.....	.....	550 00	2,595 00	.....	168 42	4 05
Industrial School No. 11	.....	.....	675 00	2,360 42	.....	128 73	12 49
Industrial School No. 12	.....	.....	1,750 00	5,607 48	.....	485 26	16 01
Boys' Welcome Hall (of the Woman's Christian Temperance Association of Brooklyn)	$90 00	.....	.....	610 00	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:							
Evening Schools	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial Schools	.....	.....	.....	1,943 75	.....	1,231 87	.....
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:							
Industrial School No. 1	.....	.....	.....	917 75	.....	382 23	36 60
Industrial School No. 2 (Memorial)	.....	.....	.....	993 00	.....	431 24	.....
Industrial School No. 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial School No. 4	.....	.....	400 00	924 00	.....	257 74	2 32
Industrial School No. 5	.....	.....	192 50	1,305 00	.....	700 68	.....
Industrial School No 6	.....	.....	.....	891 10	.....	412 90	1 50
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York	.....	.....	375 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bureau of Charities, Industrial School, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	31 00	20 74	.....	.....	.....

TABLE No. 35—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Brace Farm School, Kensico				$3,946 22		$2,424 36	$15 00
Industrial Schools:							
Avenue B				6,140 28		344 73	
Beach Street			$1,299 96	2,935 71		238 69	
Duane Street				3,501 72		452 21	
East Side				6,462 43		933 26	
Fifty-third Street				7,503 91		242 88	
Forty fourth Street				4,870 85		530 95	
German			1,260 00	4,768 25		515 86	
Henrietta				7,690 77		734 95	
Italian				8,503 29		330 71	
Jones				8,038 29		648 21	
Lord Memorial	$585 70			6,443 72			
Mott Street				6,933 22		326 19	
Phelps			799 92	3,048 08		298 30	
Pike Street	450 00			3,855 68			
Rhinelander				3,545 79			
Sixth Street				5,490 68		633 06	
Sullivan Street				9,425 29		474 56	
Tompkins Square				4,924 22		225 60	
West Side				4,169 72		450 41	
West Side Italian			1,309 33	5,265 02		414 75	
Children's Charitable Union, New York							
Children's Friend Society of Albany				1,073 28		249 53	27 73
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press							
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn							
Day Home (The), Troy				1,547 12		1,485 81	
Elmira Industrial School and Free Kindergarten Association				1,358 75			
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, Industrial School, New York							
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn							
Five Point Mission (of the N. Y. Ladies' Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York	1,575 00			9,595 50	$700 00	959 95	*897 11 6 00
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island			240 00	730 00			

Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:							
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)				1,507 36		538 68	
Branch No. 2			216 00	780 06		136 85	
Industrial School of Rochester				3,876 34		1,473 24	12 85
Little Mothers' Aid Association, Industrial School, New York							
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:							
Hartley House				4,032 43		2,027 24	709 32
Vacation Schools							
Rochester Home of Industry							
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:							
St. Paul's Industrial School							
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York							
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank							
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York							
Syrian Society of the City of New York			312 00	284 00			4 50
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, Kindergarten, New York							
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York	200 00	9,000 00		36,143 32			73 89
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights							
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York							
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York				5,270 60		1,182 17	47 90
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls				50 00			
Total	$2,900 70	$9,059 68	$15,972 71	$231,681 76	$1,138 84	$24,589 64	$2,342 81

* Includes books and supplies for day schools.

TABLE No. 35 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten, New York		$244 68	$52 24	$165 20	$123 58	$2 16	
Albany Boys' Club		86 57			110 91	5 58	
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:							
Home School							
Industrial School No. 1		51 80					
Industrial School No. 2 (Rose Memorial)		204 12			444 91		
Industrial School No. 3	$14 50	53 60	7 40	28 06			
Industrial School No. 4		90 70					
Industrial School No. 5		61 40					
Industrial School No. 6							
Industrial School No. 7	65 05	218 57			222 00		
Industrial School No. 8							
Industrial School No. 9		107 50					
Industrial School No. 10		44 20					
Industrial School No. 11		86 00					
Industrial School No. 12		157 30		150 00			
Boys' Welcome Hall (of the Woman's Christian Temperance Association of Brooklyn)		101 84					
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:							
Evening Schools							
Industrial Schools		244 83					
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:							
Industrial School No. 1	130 50	116 25	2 68		4 70		$4,297 74
Industrial School No. 2 (Memorial)	127 57	146 38			229 33	5 00	60 00
Industrial School No. 3							
Industrial School No 4	76 05	53 53	16 08		62 49		
Industrial School No. 5	153 05	156 09		17 25		35 43	
Industrial School No. 6	152 10	39 25	16 00	10 35	96 38		
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York				800 00	50 00		
Bureau of Charities, Industrial School, Mount Vernon							
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Brace Farm School, Kensico	363 93	618 54	177 32	679 31	833 06	132 64	3,106 50
Industrial Schools:							
Avenue B	106 90	300 02		27 64	510 33		777 15

Beach Street	25 00	113 55		4 35	126 12		
Duane Street	100 00			19 19	10 25		
East Side	224 00	591 65			375 00		
Fifty-third Street	58 50	542 99		75 00	62 40		
Forty-fourth Street	155 00						
German	143 74	190 96			74 89		
Henrietta	100 00	433 13		77 45	533 04		
Italian	366 46	499 45		44 96	107 87		
Jones		492 81		5 77	127 14	6 40	
Lord Memorial	120 00	135 81		35 32	137 92	17 00	
Mott Street	75 00	370 38		3 05	826 13		
Phelps	67 50	182 50			98 16		
Pike Street	100 00	129 02		12 49	104 35	12 00	
Rhinelander	25 00	324 87		29 15	123 37	62 50	
Sixth Street	266 40	296 77		8 50	149 17		
Sullivan Street	65 00	541 27		10 68	121 22		
Tompkins Square	175 00			50 00	113 22		
West Side	115 68				5 69		
West Side Italian	245 00	306 26			177 49		
Children's Charitable Union, New York							
Children's Friend Society of Albany	11 00	134 75		28 71		85 00	400 00
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press							
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn							
Day Home (The), Troy	346 34	403 90			333 00	72 00	
Elmira Industrial School and Free Kindergarten		208 59					
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, Industrial School, New York							
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn							
Five Points Mission (of the N. Y. Ladies' Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York	534 54	803 21			238 03	230 25	
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island		20 00					
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:							
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)		156 88			254 26		
Branch No. 2		3 00					
Industrial School of Rochester	476 46	599 14	13 45	47 72	112 02	184 46	
Little Mothers' Aid Association, Industrial School, New York							
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:							
Hartley House		326 85	114 64	2,138 62	1,489 41		
Vacation Schools							
Rochester Home of Industry							
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:							
St. Paul's Industrial School							
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York							
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank							
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York							
Syrian Society of the City of New York		10 50					
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, Kindergarten, New York							

TABLE No. 35—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTION.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	$91 30	.....
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York	$141 00	$354 36	.....	.....	$362 31	.....	.....
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Geneseo Falls	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 65	.....
Total	$5,126 27	$11,355 77	$399 81	$4,468 77	$8,750 15	$944 37	$8,641 39

TABLE No. 35—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For investment.	For general out-door relief.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1893.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten, New York				$198 40	$5,198 24	
Albany Boys' Club				391 82	2,354 78	$3 99
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:						
Home School				55 82	1,751 12	
Industrial School No. 1		$161 34	$70 00	60 59	3,695 40	
Industrial School No. 2 (Rose Memorial)		212 00	150 00	130 54	6,208 13	
Industrial School No. 3		120 72	60 00	42 48	2,601 54	
Industrial School No. 4		71 00	90 00	44 35	4,806 12	
Industrial School No. 5		129 00	35 00	38 39	2,584 19	
Industrial School No. 6		114 60	60 00	109 96	4,770 69	
Industrial School No. 7		162 75	40 00	240 16	5,212 15	
Industrial School No. 8		86 00	35 00	123 55	2,124 64	
Industrial School No. 9		50 00		18 35	3,608 00	
Industrial School No. 10		173 00	50 00	48 12	3,632 79	
Industrial School No. 11		105 50	70 00	80 62	3,518 76	
Industrial School No. 12		293 50	70 00	72 51	8,602 06	
Boys' Welcome Hall (of the Woman's Christian Temperance Association of Brooklyn)				7 95	809 79	42 97
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:						
Evening Schools						
Industrial Schools					3,420 45	
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home For Destitute Children:						
Industrial School No. 1					5,888 45	
Industrial School No. 2 (Memorial)				26 58	2,019 10	
Industrial School No. 3						
Industrial School No. 4				7 00	1,801 21	
Industrial School No. 5					2,560 00	
Industrial School No 6				36 25	1,655 83	
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York					1,225 00	6,024 11
Bureau of Charities, Industrial School, Mount Vernon				8 05	59 79	
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Brace Farm School, Kensico				2,248 81	14,545 69	
Industrial Schools:						
Avenue B		106 90		310 60	8,624 55	

TABLE No. 35 — (*Concluded.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	For investments.	For general out-door relief.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Children's Aid Society, New York: — Industrial School — (*Continued*).						
Beach Street	.....	$25 00	.....	$323 23	$5,091 61	.....
Duane Street	.....	100 00	.....	289 52	4,472 89	.....
East Side	.....	224 00	.....	310 95	9,121 29	.....
Fifty-third Street	.....	58 50	.....	336 46	8,880 64	.....
Forty-fourth Street	.....	155 00	.....	275 65	5,987 45	.....
German	.....	142 00	.....	402 04	7,497 74	.....
Henrietta	.....	100 00	.....	965 19	10,634 53	.....
Italian	.....	186 30	.....	296 39	10,335 43	.....
Jones	.....	.....	.....	470 65	9,789 27	.....
Lord Memorial	.....	120 00	.....	294 79	7,890 26	.....
Mott Street	.....	.....	.....	339 19	8,873 16	.....
Phelps	.....	67 50	.....	282 53	4,844 49	.....
Pike Street	.....	100 00	.....	277 78	5,041 32	.....
Rhinelander	.....	.....	.....	379 00	4,489 68	.....
Sixth Street	.....	265 00	.....	340 34	7,449 92	.....
Sullivan Street	.....	60 00	.....	299 36	10,997 38	.....
Tompkins Square	.....	175 00	.....	294 75	5,957 79	.....
West Side	.....	120 00	.....	344 52	5,206 02	.....
West Side Italian	.....	246 00	.....	316 88	8,280 73	.....
Children's Charitable Union, New York	.....	.....	.....	2,350 00	2,350 00	$533 73
Children's Friend Society of Albany	.....	.....	.....	89 79	2,099 79	38 60
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day Home (The), Troy	$4,233 89	.....	.....	351 59	8,773 65	152 70
Elmira Industrial School and Free Kindergarten Association	.....	.....	.....	275 43	1,842 77	25 50
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Five Points Mission (of the N. Y. Ladies' Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York	.....	1,584 51	$260 92	*738 61	18 118 08	.....
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island	.....	26 00	.....	15 00	1,037 00	.....
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D:						
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,457 18	.....
Branch No. 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,135 91	.....

Industrial School of Rochester	4,694 75			300 60	11 791 12	6,430 33
Little Mothers' Aid Association, Industrial School, New York						
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:						
Hartley House				384 89	11,223 40	
Vacation Schools						
Rochester Home of Industry						
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:						
St. Paul's Industrial School						
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York						
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank						
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York						
Syrian Society of the City of New York				39 77	650 77	
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service Kindergarten, New York						
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York				†5,968 74	51,477 25	
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights						
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York						
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York	3,000 00			170 61	10,528 95	51 93
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls				231 03	283 68	846 86
Total	$11,928 64	$5,541 12	$990 92	$22,056 27	$367,889 62	$14,150 72

* Of this amount, $150 for interest on annuity bonds.
† Of this amount, $279.66 for interest on loans, and $5,689.08 for school supplies, school house expenditures, etc.

TABLE No. 36.

Showing the statistics of the eleemosynary educational institutions for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of days the institution was open during the year.	Number present Oct. 1, 1897.			Aggregate attendance during the year.			Average number of inmates during the year.		
		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten, New York	234	43	59	102	14,332	15,620	29,952	61	67	128
Albany Boy's Club	188	.....	.....	.....	14,984	.....	14,984	80	.....	80
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:										
Home School	195	46	75	121	9,558	15,392	24,950	51	81	132
Industrial School No. 1	195	77	78	155	13,754	15,734	29,488	69	76	145
Industrial School No. 2 (Rose Memorial)	195	150	175	325	29,382	33,045	62,427	169	176	345
Industrial School No. 3	195	34	37	71	8,762	7,744	16,506	45	40	85
Industrial School No. 4	195	101	130	231	20,631	27,851	48,482	120	133	253
Industrial School No. 5	195	32	32	64	8,457	9,091	17,548	64	65	129
Industrial School No. 6	195	149	111	260	32,008	23,675	55,683	196	99	295
Industrial School No. 7	195	235	193	428	46,754	33,947	80,701	275	2 3	488
Industrial School No. 8	195	36	31	67	9,849	9,295	19,144	50	48	98
Industrial School No. 9	195	142	114	256	26,396	22,691	49,087	168	149	317
Industrial School No. 10	195	99	112	211	18,875	21,842	40,717	96	111	207
Industrial School No. 11	195	63	81	144	11,648	12,544	24,192	88	88	176
Industrial School No. 12	195	371	288	659	68,426	54,140	122,566	383	298	681
Boys' Welcome Hall (of the Women's Christian Temperance Association of Brooklyn)	281	48	.....	48	1,712	.....	1,712	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:										
Evening Schools	120	.....	.....	.....	4,320	.....	4,320	36	.....	36
Industrial Schools	190	87	99	186	11,359	18,050	29,409	66	99	155
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:										
Industrial School No. 1	265	40	50	90	4,861	9,181	14,042	35	40	75
Industrial School No. 2 (Memorial)	265	60	65	125	4,596	9,198	13,794	45	50	95
Industrial School No. 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial School No 4	265	25	35	60	2,909	5,820	8,729	25	35	60
Industrial School No. 5	265	70	77	147	6,235	12,471	18,706	60	65	125
Industrial School No. 6	265	50	61	111	5,571	11,143	16,714	56	45	101
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bureau of Charities, Industrial School, Mount Vernon	27	27	36	63	1,058	891	1,949	39	33	72

Children's Aid Society, New York:										
Brace Farm School, Kensico	365	48	.....	48	16,785	.....	16,785	50	.....	50
Industrial Schools:										
Avenue B	193	153	131	284	33,479	23,403	56,882	155	131	286
Beach Street	193	71	63	134	16,605	12,503	29,108	83	75	158
Duane Street	193	101	91	192	21,976	16,244	38,220	106	92	198
East Side	193	154	148	302	56,890	44,570	101,460	218	208	426
Fifty-third Street	193	219	193	412	43,610	32,002	75,612	201	192	393
Forty-fourth Street	193	113	109	222	27,347	18,197	45,544	128	106	234
German	193	102	84	186	23,607	17,744	41,351	122	93	215
Henrietta	193	231	188	419	50,237	34,451	84,688	215	205	420
Italian	193	238	196	434	53,954	39,880	93,834	250	236	486
Jones	193	181	221	402	50,126	32,636	82,762	186	205	391
Lord Memorial	193	139	169	308	50,633	31,006	81,639	172	206	378
Mott Street	193	246	202	448	57,417	34,451	91,868	213	207	420
Phelps	193	51	77	128	15,439	11,348	26,787	57	82	139
Pike Street	193	112	137	249	25,302	18,544	43,846	99	128	227
Rhinelander	193	77	64	141	17,698	13,082	30,780	76	64	140
Sixth Street	193	196	162	358	46,790	36,551	83,341	201	153	354
Sullivan Street	193	282	301	583	61,526	45,442	106,968	271	283	554
Tompkins Square	193	171	139	310	27,462	25,103	52,565	163	143	306
West Side	193	126	92	218	23,360	16,405	39,765	113	87	200
West Side Italian	193	140	136	276	28,741	21,246	49,987	128	131	259
Children's Charitable Union, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Friend Society of Albany	191	25	35	60	4,631	5,150	9,781	26	32	58
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn	293	.....	107	107	.....	28,714	28,714	.....	98	98
Day Home (The), Troy	276	73	60	133	13,316	13,000	26,316	64	59	123
Elmira Industrial School and Free Kindergarten Association	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, Industrial School, New York	203	.....	73	73	.....	11,563	11,563	.....	101	101
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Five Points Mission (of the N. Y. Ladies Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York	195	285	317	602	50,996	55,533	106,529	261	285	546
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:										
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)	198	83	57	140	13,860	9,108	22,968	70	46	116
Branch No. 2	198	58	48	106	8,910	7,920	16,830	45	45	90
Industrial School of Rochester	192	.....	.....	163	.....	.....	23,544	.....	.....	130
Little Mothers Aid Association, Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	120	120
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hartley House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vacation Schools	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Home of Industry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Paul's Industrial School	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

*Opened September 30, 1898.

TABLE No. 31 –(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1899.
St. Luke's Home and Hospital, Clinic Department, Utica						
St. Luke's Hospital, Out Patient Department, New York						
St. Mark's Hospital Dispensary, New York						
St. Mary's Dispensary (of St. Mary's Female Hospital), Brooklyn						
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children Dispensary, New York						
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn, Dispensary of the College of Physicians and Surgeons						
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Albany						
St. Peter's Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
St. Vincent's Hospital, Out-Patient Department, New York						
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York, Sub-Station						
Southern Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn				$119 37	$1,349 54	$115 71
S. R. Smith Infirmary, Dispensary, New Brighton						
Sydenham Dispensary (of the Sydenham Post-Graduate Course and Hospital), New York					25 90	
Syracuse Free Dispensary				56 79	1,607 99	409 29
Trinity Dispensary (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York						
Troy Hospital Dispensary						
Twenty-Sixth Ward Homœopathic Dispensary Association, Brooklyn				31 09	544 86	2,494 67
University of Buffalo Dispensary, Buffalo					530 00	
University Medical College Dispensary, New York						
Utica Dispensary (The)				8 95	231 00	
Vanderbilt Clinic (of the College of Physicians and Surgeons), New York						
West Side Clinic and Hospital, New York					4,901 99	800 98
West Side German Dispensary, New York						
Wilkes Dispensary (The) (of the St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children), New York						
Williamsburgh Hospital Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Woman's Hospital of the State of New York, Dispensary, New York						
Zion Dispensary, New York						
Total	$9,875 80	$1,0 00	$19,002 97	$9,241 79	$192,438 67	$105,921 16

TABLE NO. 36—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Highest Number Present.			Lowest Number Present.			Number Present September 30, 1898.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls	Total.
Abigail Free School and Kindergarten, New York	153	177	330	43	58	101	48	60	108
Albany Boys' Club	125	.....	125	15	.....	15	.....	.....	.....
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:									
Home School	84	50	134	66	39	105	56	82	138
Industrial School No. 1	80	82	162	60	65	125	67	75	142
Industrial School No. 2 (Rose Memorial)	188	202	390	115	126	241	136	167	303
Industrial School No. 3	56	47	103	32	27	59	49	40	89
Industrial School No. 4	121	181	302	8	9	17	98	123	221
Industrial School No. 5	59	64	123	35	15	50	49	44	93
Industrial School No. 6	262	132	394	44	24	68	119	89	208
Industrial School No 7	275	216	491	189	138	327	238	199	437
Industrial School No. 8	65	70	135	32	30	62	65	65	130
Industrial School No. 9	142	127	269	107	76	183	146	139	285
Industrial School No. 10	111	115	226	16	16	32	99	97	196
Industrial School No. 11	120	74	194	31	16	47	136	89	225
Industrial School No. 12	377	291	668	259	215	474	355	289	644
Boys' Welcome Hall (of the Woman's Christian Temperance Association of Brooklyn)	245	.....	245	15	.....	15	65	.....	65
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:									
Evening Schools	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial Schools	.....	.....	175	.....	.....	138	90	103	193
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:									
Industrial School No. 1	40	52	92	19	28	47	43	32	75
Industrial School No. 2 (Memorial)	70	60	130	40	44	84	50	63	113
Industrial School No. 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial School No. 4	25	35	60	10	15	25	26	34	60
Industrial School No. 5	70	80	150	41	49	90	63	70	133
Industrial School No. 6	45	85	130	40	46	86	50	64	114
Brown Memorial Association for the Education of Boys, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bureau of Charities, Industrial School, Mount Vernon	53	67	120	17	21	38	23	39	62
Children's Aid Society, New York:									
Brace Farm School, Kensico	77	.....	77	35	.....	35	57	.....	57
Industrial Schools:									
Avenue B	187	153	340	148	121	269	183	161	344
Beach Street	90	74	164	63	52	115	63	55	118
Duane Street	139	116	255	99	81	180	93	85	178
East Side	261	216	477	166	136	302	222	216	438

TABLE No. 36—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Highest Number Present.			Lowest Number Present.			Number Present September 30, 1898.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Children's Aid Society, New York—Industrial Schools—(*Continued*)— :									
Fifty-third Street	256	211	467	206	170	376	223	196	419
Forty-fourth Street	136	112	248	118	99	217	133	108	241
German	139	116	255	102	84	186	114	98	212
Henrietta	253	207	460	204	168	372	222	183	405
Italian	287	235	522	251	207	458	287	235	522
Jones	231	189	420	210	172	382	184	222	406
Lord Memorial	241	202	443	169	139	308	168	205	373
Mott Street	263	220	483	220	180	400	249	207	456
Phelps	81	67	148	70	57	127	64	97	161
Pike Street	145	121	266	105	86	191	108	132	240
Rhinelander	98	72	170	58	48	106	98	80	178
Sixth Street	208	172	380	175	144	319	204	164	368
Sullivan Street	319	260	579	288	235	523	284	305	589
Tompkins Square	180	148	328	162	134	296	185	153	338
West Side	126	104	230	101	81	182	134	97	231
West Side Italian	155	128	283	133	109	242	131	134	265
Children's Charitable Union, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Friend Society of Albany	30	40	70	20	18	38	27	37	64
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Orphans' Press	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Industrial School, Brooklyn	.....	107	107	.....	50	50	.....	107	107
Day Home (The), Troy	80	66	146	7	5	12	60	52	112
Elmira Industrial School and Free Kindergarten Association	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	10	20
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, Industrial School, New York	.....	79	79	.....	43	43	.....	69	69
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Five Points Mission (of the New York Ladies' Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York	297	322	619	204	218	422	257	284	541
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:									
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Branch No. 2	96	70	166	83	46	129	91	39	130
Industrial School of Rochester	65	58	123	53	43	96	43	47	90
Little Mothers' Aid Association, Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	160	.....	.....	146	.....	.....	185

New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:									
Hartley House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vacation Schools	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Home of Industry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:									
St. Paul's Industrial School	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent de Paul Day Nursery and Kindergarten, New York	170	203	373	168	195	363	118	168	286
Syrian Society of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service Kindergarten, New York	17	17	34	11	11	22	16	14	30
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	119	121	240
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights	38	.....	38	.....	.....	.....	34	.....	34
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York	.....	31	31	.....	15	15	.....	.....	.....
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York	.....	141	141	.....	23	23	.....	114	114
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	7,431	6,461	†14,230	4,863	4,227	†9,374	6,252	6,158	†12,595

* Statistics on tables 41-44. † Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification of these totals.

TABLE No. 37.

Showing the estimated value of the property of societies for employment by or through charity, and their indebtedness, October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:*			
Central Industrial Laundry and Training School	$1,500 00	.....	$1,500 00
Northern Industrial Wood-Yard	1,678 47	.....	1,678 47
Western Industrial Wood-Yard	3,231 10	.....	3,231 10
Brooklyn Female Employment Society	10,000 00	$21,000 00	31,000 00
Charity Organization Society of the City of New York:*			
Park Avenue Laundry	.....	.....	.....
Wayfarers' Lodge and Wood-Yard	.....	.....	.....
Workrooms for Unskilled Women	.....	.....	.....
Christian Aid to Employment Society, New York	.....	.....	.....
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society), Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....
House of Industry (The), Poughkeepsie	3,000 00	6,000 00	9,000 00
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York‡	.....	.....	.....
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:‡			
Cooper Union Labor Bureau	.....	.....	.....
New York House and School of Industry	15,615 19	82,439 12	98,054 31
Olivet Helping Hand (of the New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York§	.....	.....	.....
People's Rescue Mission Wood-Yard, Rochester‡	.....	.....	.....
Society for Employment and Relief of Poor Women, New York	.....	33,000 00	33,000 00
State Charities Aid Association, New York:			
Sub-committee on Providing Situations for Mothers with Infants	.....	.....	.....
Total	$35,024 76	$142,439 12	$177,463 88

* Additional finances and statistics in tables 21-24. † For finances, see tables 69-72. ‡ For finances and statistics, see tables 45-48. § Discontinued.

TABLE No. 37 — (*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities :*						
Central Industrial Laundry and Training School						
Northern Industrial Wood-Yard		$400 18	$400 18		$400 18	$400 18
Western Industrial Wood-Yard		415 00	415 00		415 00	415 00
Brooklyn Female Employment Society						
Charity Organization Society of the City of New York:*						
Park Avenue Laundry						
Wayfayers' Lodge and Wood-Yard					18,034 94	8,034 94
Workrooms for Unskilled Women						
Christian Aid to Employment Society, New York					40 00	40 00
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society), Brooklyn‡						
House of Industry (The), Poughkeepsie						
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York§						
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:§						
Cooper Union Labor Bureau						
New York House and School of Industry						
Olivet Helping Hand (of the New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York¶						
People's Rescue Mission Wood-Yard, Rochester§						
Society for Employment and Relief of Poor Women, New York						
State Charities Aid Association, New York:						
Sub-committee on Providing Situations for Mothers with Infants						
Total		$815 18	$815 18		$8,890 12	$8,890 12

* Additional finances and statistics on tables 21-24. † Partially offset by assets of $5,979 47. ‡ For finances, see tables 69-72, § For finances and statistics, see tables 45-48. ¶ Discontinued.

TABLE No. 33.—(*Concluded.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service Kindergarten, New York*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, New York	$5,000 00	$9,337 50	$14,337 50	$5,000 00	$7,837 50	$12,837 50
Webb's Academy and Home for Ship Builders, Fordham Heights†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, New York§	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, New York	.....	263 33	263 33	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$41,750 00	$17,551 05	$59,301 05	$41,750 00	$20,748 57	$62,498 57

* Finances with parent institution; tables 45–48. † Finances and additional statistics on tables 49–52. § Finances and additional statistics on tables 25–28

TABLE No. 39.

Showing the expenditures of societies for employment by or through charity for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For fuel and lights.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:									
Central Industrial Laundry and Training School	.....	.....	$450 00	$1,495 00	.....	$19 02	$269 40	.....	$97 80
Northern Industrial Wood-Yard	.....	.....	549 96	1,916 60	.....	284 50	24 88	$19 50	69 56
Western Industrial Wood-Yard	.....	.....	750 00	1,511 04	.....	154 76	54 83	19 39	36 01
Brooklyn Female Employment Society	.....	.....	.....	3,953 89	.....	46 51	108 71	.....	22 67
Charity Organization Society of the City of New York:									
Park Avenue Laundry	.....	.....	600 00	4,526 58	$708 64	.....	220 89	.....	.....
Wayfarers' Lodge and Wood-Yard	.....	$6,734 36	.....	11,023 71	1,865 60	674 68	534 19	267 04	450 41
Workrooms for Unskilled Women	.....	.....	696 00	1,260 51	1,208 02	209 38	120 90	.....	93 79
Christian Aid to Employment Society, New York	.....	.....	285 00	1,133 34	.....	340 63	.....	.....	.....
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Industry (The), Poughkeepsie	.....	.....	.....	513 00	.....	28 63	29 91	.....	32 19
Ladies Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:									
Cooper Union Labor Bureau	.....	.....	.....	4,349 35	.....	1,102 60	.....	2 40	.....
New York House and School of Industry	.....	.....	.....	1,280 00	.....	47 60	209 87	.....	333 62
Olivet Helping Hand (of the New York City Mission and Tract Society) New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
People's Rescue Mission Wood-Yard, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society for Employment and Relief of Poor Women, New York	.....	.....	300 00	.....	.....	40 05	.....	.....	.....
State Charities Aid Association, New York:									
Sub Committee on Providing Situations for Mothers with Infants	.....	.....	.....	1,273 09	.....	214 85	.....	62 13	.....
Total	.....	$6,734 36	$3,630 96	$34,226 05	$3,782 26	$3,163 21	$1,573 78	$370 46	$1,136 05

TABLE No. 39 —(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For insurance and taxes.	For re-payment of loans.	For general out-door relief for the poor with homes.	For meals, lodgings and other relief for the homeless.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1893.
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:								
Central Industrial Laundry and Training School	$17 14	.....	*$7,483 37	.....	.....	$670 98	$10,502 71	$154 87
Northern Industrial Wood-Yard	20 25	$351 60	*2,608 05	$54 55	.....	†4,477 27	10,376 72	22 88
Western Industrial Wood-Yard	30 60	900 00	*2,164 09	123 09	.....	‡3,288 61	9,032 42	616 29
Brooklyn Female Employment Society	56 25	.....	.....	.....	$53 20	§1,662 83	5,904 06	98 55
Charity Organization Society of the City of New York:								
Park Avenue Laundry	27 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	235 76	6,318 87	2,871 98
Wayfarers' Lodge and Wood-Yard	865 48	.....	.....	¶485 00	.....	**11,242 51	34,142 88	1,017 24
Workrooms for Unskilled Women	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	112 40	3,701 03	1,110 31
Christian Aid to Employment Society New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,758 97	.....
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Industry (The), Poughkeepsie	26 30	.....	*1,058 15	.....	.....	391 48	2,079 66	625 71
Ladies Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:								
Cooper Union Labor Bureau	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	379 47	6,033 82	.....
New York House and School of Industry	40 60	.....	††9,142 00	.....	.....	‡‡2,321 85	13,375 54	1,598 73
Olivet Helping Hand (of the New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
People's Rescue Mission Wood-Yard, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society for Employment and Relief of Poor Women, New York	3 00	.....	*2,755 12	.....	.....	2,077 71	5,175 88	1,669 40
State Charities Aid Association, New York:								
Sub-Committee on Providing Situations for Mothers with Infants	.....	.....	.....	69 37	.....	359 96	1,979 31	370 23
Total	$1,086 62	$1,251 60	$25,210 78	$732 01	$53 20	$27,420 73	$110,381 87	$9,156 19

* "Wages." † Of this amount, $4,042.42 expended for wood. ‡ Of this amount, $3,003 69 expended for wood. § "Materials for work and sundries." ¶ "Provision for lodgings and meals while Lodge was closed in summer." ** Of this amount $9,039 27 expended for wood. †† Of this amount $8,710 for wages. ‡‡ Of this $2,017.77 expended for materials.

TABLE No. 40.

Showing the statistics of societies for employment by or through charity for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons with homes relieved during the year.	Number of homeless persons relieved during the year.	Number of persons afforded fresh air relief during the year.	Number of persons for whom permanent employment was secured during the year.	Number of persons for whom temporary employment was secured during the year.	Number of persons aided with transportation.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from other organizations.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from private sources.	Number of societies and churches co-operating.	Number of volunteer visitors.
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:										
Central Industrial Laundry and Training School	145			5	377					
Northern Industrial Wood-Yard	525			20	203					
Western Industrial Wood-Yard	457	195		97	213	20				
Brooklyn Female Employment Society			57	6	83					
Charity Organization Society of the City of New York:										
Park Avenue Laundry	239			9	87					
Wayfarers' Lodge and Wood-Yard	7,817	4,708								
Workrooms for Unskilled Women	2,464	214								
Christian Aid to Employment Society, New York				650	200		8	15	18	
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society), Brooklyn										
House of Industry (The), Poughkeepsie	80									12
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York										
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:										
Cooper Union Labor Bureau					*4,403					
New York House and School of Industry	136			14						
Olivet Helping Hand (of the New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York										
People's Rescue Mission Wood-Yard, Rochester										
Society for Employment and Relief of Poor Women, New York					100					
State Charities Aid Association, New York:										
Sub-Committee on Providing Situations for Mothers with Infants		†422							33	
Total	11,863	5,540	57	801	5,666	20	8	15	51	12

*Includes permanent employment. †Number of women with children in situations during the year.

TABLE No. 41.

Showing the estimated value of the property of fresh air charities and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners	$7,000 00	$500 00	$7,500 00
Albany Orphan Asylum, Summer Home, East Greenbush*			
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:			
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J. †			
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Summer Branch, Oceanic, N. J. ‡			
Blodgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville	1,000 00		1,000 00
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Sea Side Home, Coney Island			
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:			
Annex at Bath Beach			
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs ‡			
Children's Aid Society, New York:			
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach			
Health Home, Coney Island			
Christian Herald Children's Home, Nyack	4,000 00		4,000 00
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:			
St. Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I. †			
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.	22,613 00	6,650 00	29,263 00
Edgewater Crèche (The), Edgewater, N. J.	7,800 00		7,800 00
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York		6,500 00	6,500 00
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake	10,000 00		10,000 00
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola	13,000 00		13,000 00
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale	34,416 74	85,759 95	120,176 69
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.			
House of St. John the Divine (Pro-Cathedral Summer Home), Tompkins Cove	7,500 00		7,500 00
Infants' Summer Hospital, Ontario Beach, Charlotte ‡			
Institution of Mercy, New York:			
Summer Home, Rockaway Park	7,000 00		7,000 00
Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, Patchogue			
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York	1,500 00		1,500 00
New Windsor Fresh Air Society			
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:			
Sea Breeze Home, West Coney Island	55,069 97		55,069 97
Order of the Brothers of Nazareth, Verbank:			
Ruhberg, Ellenville, N. Y. §			
St. Andrew's Cottage, Farmingdale, L. I. §			

Pelham Summer Home for Children, Pelham	200 00	1,800 00	2,000 00
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson			
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:			
Coney Island Summer Home †			
St. Anna's Cottage (of the St. John Baptist Foundation) Farmingdale, L. I.	3,000 00		3,000 00
St. George's Church Cottage, Rockaway Park, L. I.	22,000 00		22,000 00
St. Malachy's Ocean Home, Far Rockaway †			
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York, Fresh Air Relief †			
St. John's Guild, New York:			
Floating Hospital, New York Harbor	25,000 00		25,000 00
Sea Side Hospital, New Dorp, S. I.	55,000 00		55,000 00
St. Thomas Sea Side Home (of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church), East Marion, L. I.	12,000 00	12,500 00	24,500 00
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, Rockaway Beach, L. I.	33,400 00	7,286 45	40,686 45
Sea Side Home (The), (of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church) Branchport, N. J.	14,000 00		14,000 00
Sea Side Home (The), (of Trinity Church Association) Great River, L. I.			
Summer Home of the Church of the Incarnation, Lake Mohegan	10,000 00		10,000 00
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford ‡			
Working Girls' Vacation Society, New York	20,000 00	5,000 00	25,000 00
Elmcote, Chester, Orange county, N. Y.**			
Farmington Lodge, Farmington, Conn.**			
Green's Cottage, Green's Farms, Conn.**			
Hill Crest, Santa Clara, N. Y.**			
Uplands, Santa Clara, N. Y.**			
Vacation Farm House, Westport, Conn.**			
Working Women's Vacation Society of Brooklyn §			
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls ††			
Total	$365,499 71	$125,996 40	$491,496 11

* Opened June, 1899. † Finances with parent institution. ‡ See hospital tables, Nos. 85-88. § Discontinued. ** Finances with parent society.
†† Finances on tables 33-36.

TABLE No. 41.—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners						
Albany Orphan Asylum, Summer Home, East Greenbush*						
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:						
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J.†						
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Summer Branch, Oceanic, N. J.†						
Blodgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville					$75 93	$75 93
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Sea Side Home, Coney Island						
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:						
Annex at Bath Beach						
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs‡						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach						
Health Home, Coney Island						
Christian Herald's Children's Home, Nyack						
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:						
St. Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I.†						
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.						
Edgewater Crèche (The), Edgewater, N. J.	$1,250 00	$330 00	$1,580 00	$3,750 00		3,750 00
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York						
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake						
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola	5,000 00	1,059 51	6,059 51	5,000 00		5,000 00
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale						
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.						
House of St. John the Divine (Pro-Cathedral Summer Home), Tompkins Cove	3,500 00		3,500 00	3,500 00		3,500 00
Infants' Summer Hospital, Ontario Beach, Charlotte‡						
Institution of Mercy, New York:						
Summer Home, Rockaway Park				6,000 00		6,000 00
Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, Patchogue						
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York		120 83	120 83		125 98	125 98
New Windsor Fresh Air Society						
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:						
Sea Breeze Home, West Coney Island						
Order of the Brothers of Nazareth, Verbank:						
Rohberg, Ellenville, N. Y.§						
St. Andrew's Cottage, Farmingdale, L. I.§						

Pelham Summer Home for Children, Pelham						
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson						
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:						
Coney Island Summer Home*						
St. Anna's Cottage (of the St. John Baptist Foundation) Farmingdale, L. I.						
St. George's Church Cottage, Rockaway Park, L. I.						
St Malachy's Ocean Home, Far Rockaway†						
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York, Fresh Air Relief††						
St. John's Guild, New York:						
Floating Hospital, New York Harbor						
Sea Side Hospital, New Dorp, S. I.						
St. Thomas Sea Side Home (of St. Thomas Protestant Episcopal Church), East Marion, L. I.						
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, Rockaway Beach, L. I.						
Sea Side Home (The), (of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church), Branchport, N. J.						
Sea Side Home (The), of (Trinity Church Association), Great River, L. I.						
Summer Home of the Church of the Incarnation, Lake Mohegan						
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford‡						
Working Girls' Vacation Society, New York		2,300 00	2,300 00		2,000 00	2,000 00
Elmcote, Chester, Orange county, N. Y**						
Farmington Lodge, Farmington, Conn**						
Green's Cottage, Green's Farms, Conn**						
Hill Crest, Santa Clara, N. Y**						
Uplands, Santa Clara, N. Y**						
Vacation Farm House, Westport, Conn**						
Working Women's Vacation Society of Brooklyn§						
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls††						
Total	$9,750 00	$3,810 34	$13,560 34	$18,250 00	$2,201 91	$20,451 91

* Opened June, 1899. † Finances with parent institution. ‡ See hospital tables Nos. 85-88. § Discontinued. ** Finances with parent society. †† Finances on tables 33-36.

TABLE No. 42.

Showing the receipts of fresh air charities for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners	$34 59			$2,945 39		
Albany Orphan Asylum, Summer Home, East Greenbush						
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:						
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J						
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Summer Branch, Oceanic, N. J						
Blodgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville	948 62		$651 20			$330 36
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Sea Side Home, Coney Island	224 68					
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:						
Annex at Bath Beach						
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach						
Health Home, Coney Island						
Christian Herald Children's Home, Nyack						
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:						
St. Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I						
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I	6,186 18				$680 00	
Edgewater Crèche (The), Edgewater, N. J	534 04					
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York					250 00	
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake	4 72		460 17			
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola	123 24					
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale	914 97					
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I						
House of St. John the Divine (Pro Cathedral Summer Home), Tompkins Cove						
Infants' Summer Hospital, Ontario Beach, Charlotte						
Institution of Mercy, New York, Summer Home, Rockaway Park						
Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, Patchogue	225 91				1,344 00	63 00
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York	297 20	$400 00			207 00	1,059 80
New Windsor Fresh Air Society	768 33					129 00
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:						
Sea Breeze Home, West Coney Island						

Order of the Brothers of Nazareth:						
Ruhberg, Ellenville						
St. Andrew's Cottage, Farmingdale, L. I.—						
Pelham Summer Home for Children, Pelham	29 88				96 00	
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on Hudson	1,451 37				612 00	26 25
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:						
Coney Island Summer Home						
St. Anna's Cottage (of the St. John Baptist Foundation), Farmingdale, L. I	148 39					59 14
St. George's Church Cottage, Rockaway Park, L. I						
St. Malachy's Ocean Home, Far Rockaway, L. I						
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York, Fresh Air Relief						
St. John's Guild, New York:						
Floating Hospital, New York Harbor						
Sea Side Hospital, New Dorp, S. I						
St. Thomas' Sea Side Home (of St. Thomas' Protestant Episcopal Church), East Marion, L. I	3 22					
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, Rockaway Park, L. I	9,559 37	5,000 00		700 00		
Sea Side Home (The), (of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church), Branchport, N. J	598 32					
Sea Side Home (The), (of Trinity Church Association), Great River, L. I	3,009 47					
Summer Home of the Church of the Incarnation, Lake Mohegan	72 99					
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford						
Working Girls' Vacation Society, New York	567 01		1,809 11	75 00	1,466 90	101 50
Elmcote, Chester, Orange County, N. Y						
Farmington Lodge, Farmington, Conn						
Green's Cottage, Green's Farms, Conn						
Hill Crest, Santa Clara, N. Y						
Uplands, Santa Clara, N. Y						
Vacation Farm House, Westport, Conn						
Working Women's Vacation Society of Brooklyn						
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls						
Total	$25,732 50	$5,400 00	$2,920 48	$3,720 39	$4,655 99	$1,769 05

TABLE No. 42 — (*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners	$4,970 41	$39 41			$483 66	$8,473 46
Albany Orphan Asylum, Summer Home, East Greenbush						
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:						
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J					*2,869 95	2,869 95
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Summer Branch, Oceanic, N. J.						
Blodgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville	753 13	37 36			140 75	2,861 42
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Sea Side Home, Coney Island	7,425 35				68 33	7,718 36
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children:						
Annex at Bath Beach					*1,975 25	1,975 25
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach					*9,115 59	9,115 59
Health Home, Coney Island					*8,858 58	8,858 58
Christian Herald Children's Home, Nyack	13,965 06					3,965 06
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:						
St. Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I.						
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I	1,578 67	192 45			‡1,700 00	10,337 30
Edgewater Crèche (The), Edgewater, N J	2,503 99				141 38	3,179 41
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York	237 84	181 77			21 44	691 05
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake		1,403 11			81 75	1,949 75
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola	4,057 95					4,181 19
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale	115 00	3,946 64	$10,117 50		1,000 00	16,124 11
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I	1,985 69					1,985 69
House of St John the Divine (Pro-Cathedral Summer Home), Tompkins Cove	2,945 02					2,945 02
Infants' Summer Hospital, Ontario Beach, Charlotte						
Institution of Mercy, New York, Summer Home, Rockaway Park	1,000 00			$6,000 00		7,000 00
Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, Patchogue	155 00				3,010 00	4,797 91
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York	883 01				§1,000 00	3,847 01
New Windsor Fresh Air Society	876 00	44 18				1,817 51
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:						
Sea Breeze Home, West Coney Island					*34,216 15	34,216 15

Order of the Brothers of Nazareth:						
Ruhberg, Ellenville						
St. Andrew's Cottage, Farmingdale, L. I.						
Pelham Summer Home for Children, Pelham	180 00					305 88
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson	543 00	42 75			97 02	2,772 39
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:						
Coney Island Summer Home						
St. Anna's Cottage (of the St. John Baptist Foundation), Farmingdale, L. I.	1,240 00					1,447 53
St. George's Church Cottage, Rockaway Park, L. I.	**3,296 00					3,296 00
St. Malachy's Ocean Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.						
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York, Fresh Air Relief						
St. John's Guild, New York:						
Floating Hospital, New York Harbor					*16,651 32	16,651 32
Sea Side Hospital, New Dorp, S. I.					*16,498 15	16,498 15
St. Thomas' Sea Side Home (of St. Thomas' Protestant Episcopal Church), East Marion, L. I.	3,488 43					3,491 65
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, Rockaway Park, L. I.	6,918 78	353 81				22,531 96
Sea Side Home (The) (of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church), Branchport, N. J.	2,334 50				4 11	2,936 93
Sea Side Home (The) (of Trinity Church Association), Great River, L. I.	1,888 21					4,897 68
Summer Home of the Church of the Incarnation, Lake Mohegan	2,216 95					2,289 94
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford						
Working Girls' Vacation Society, New York	12,339 11	307 80		500 00	1,367 82	18,534 34
Elmcote, Chester, Orange County, N. Y.						
Farmington Lodge, Farmington, Conn.						
Green's Cottage, Green's Farms, Conn.						
Hill Crest, Santa Clara, N. Y.						
Uplands, Santa Clara, N. Y.						
Vacation Farm House, Westport, Conn.						
Working Women's Vacation Society of Brooklyn						
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls						
Total	$67,897 10	$1,549 28	$10,117 50	$6,500 00	$99,301 25	$234,563 54

* From the parent institution. † Through the Christian Herald. ‡ From individuals for the support of beds. § From insurance. ** Easter collection St. George's Church.

TABLE No. 43.

Showing the expenditures of fresh air charities for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For Rent.	For salaries of officers wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners				$390 95	$438 64	$20 65	$84 63
Albany Orphan Asylum, Summer Home, East Greenbush							
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:							
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J				781 00	1,497 60		
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York. Summer Branch. Oceanic, N. J							
Blodgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville			$300 00	270 50	649 83	58 06	
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Sea Side Home. Coney Island				1,701 59	2,912 49	337 65	
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:							
Annex at Bath Beach			210 00	490 73	745 20		8 43
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs							
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach				2,397 25	3,073 28		7 68
Health Home, Coney Island				2,432 55	3,264 02		
Christian Herald Children's Home, Nyack				1,127 60	1,768 74	42 58	38 41
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:							
St. Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I							
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I				1,115 17	918 74	111 50	
Edgewater Crèche (The), Edgewater, N. J	$225 00			708 74	318 02	253 06	
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York						27 77	
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake				493 63	934 30		6 78
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola	150 00	$1,059 51		867 81	411 16	67 40	
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale			222 50	1,848 44	640 15		
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I				530 24	1,049 50	13 37	
House of St John the Divine (Pro-Cathedral Summer Home) Tompkins Cove	87 50	210 68		417 00	1,312 85	26 00	
Infants' Summer Hospital Ontario Beach, Charlotte							
Institution of Mercy New York, Summer Home, Rockaway Park	7,000 00	120 00		115 50	815 92		
Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, Patchogue			530 00	595 20	1,430 34	149 08	
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York		120 83	470 00	695 11	879 10	129 58	8 70
New Windsor Fresh Air Society			100 00			32 50	59 01

New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:							
Sea Breeze Home, West Coney Island				3,626 55	4,973 35	994 75	*139 60
Order of the Brothers of Nazareth:							
Ruhberg, Ellenville							
St. Andrew's Cottage, Farmingdale, L. I.							
Pelham Summer Home for Children, Pelham				71 00	115 26	1 00	14 26
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson			400 00	554 03	372 22	61 46	23 88
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:							
Coney Island Summer Home							
St. Anna's Cottage (of the St. John Baptist Foundation), Farmingdale, L. I.				239 64	672 65	21 97	
St. George's Church Cottage, Rockaway Park, L. I.				484 90	997 49	60 00	
St. Malachy's Ocean Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.							
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York, Fresh Air Relief							
St. John's Guild, New York:							
Floating Hospital, New York Harbor				6,144 44	3,112 50	336 57	149 06
Sea Side Hospital, New Dorp, S. I.				3,799 68	4,823 65	176 33	198 98
St Thomas' Sea Side Home (of St. Thomas' Protestant Episcopal Church), East Marion, L. I.				586 28	1,547 64	49 73	106 32
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, Rockaway Park, L. I.			387 42	3,193 70	4,972 96	666 56	
Sea Side Home (The), (of Fifth Ave. Presbyterian Church), Branchport, N. J.				898 69	1,231 93		75 02
Sea Side Home (The) (of Trinity Church Association), Great River, L. I.				824 39	1,380 70	17 01	
Summer Home of the Church of the Incarnation, Lake Mohegan				549 50	744 11	28 64	
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford							
Working Girls' Vacation Society, New York			300 00	3 238 00	7,479 70	709 76	
Elmcote, Chester, Orange County, New York							
Farmington Lodge, Farmington, Conn.							
Green's Cottage, Green's Farms, Conn.							
Hill Crest, Santa Clara, N. Y.							
Uplands, Santa Clara, N. Y.							
Vacation Farm House, Westport, Conn.							
Working Women's Vacation Society of Brooklyn							
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls							
Total	$7,462 50	$1,511 62	$2,919 92	$41,189 81	$55,484 04	$4,392 98	$920 76

* Bathing Suits.

TABLE No. 43—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners	.....	$20 33	$203 20	$60 45	$40 75	$6,501 39	.....
Albany Orphan Asylum Summer Home, East Greenbush	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:							
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J.	$38 29	101 80	.....	307 69	.....	.....	.....
Babies Hospital of the City of New York, Summer Branch, Oceanic, N. J.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bledgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville	20 68	.....	67 27	.....	5 00	375 46	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society Sea Side Home, Coney Island	71 25	56 69	.....	246 73	368 50	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:							
Annex at Bath Beach	110 74	15 36	182 96	199 85	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach	82 20	.....	382 36	1,949 80	222 35	.....	.....
Health Home, Coney Island	147 00	16 15	204 98	1,846 65	187 75	329 50	.....
Christian Herald Children's Home, Nyack	17 75	96 39	16 00	55 87	103 00	19 03	.....
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:							
St. Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.	202 26	149 19	.....	293 70	32 50	558 68	.....
Edgewater Crèche (The), Edgewater, N. J.	500 00	.....	55 55	125 13	8 31	304 31	.....
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake	38 00	4 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola	35 83	.....	10 73	409 30	254 16	.....	.....
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale	27 50	.....	30 88	307 45	167 35	43 15	$444 65
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.	34 95	23 78	.....	212 44	32 03	.....	.....
House of St. John the Divine (Pro-Cathedral Summer Home), Tompkins Cove	50 00	20 24	.....	165 81	35 98	.....	.....
Infants' Summer Hospital, Ontario Beach, Charlotte	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution of Mercy, New York, Summer Home, Rockaway Park	54 00	.....	351 23	255 62	42 00	167 00	.....
Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, Patchogue	25 94	.....	899 20	59 92	15 73	.....	.....
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York	68 46	26 15	219 88	61 08	7 50	.....	.....
New Windsor Fresh Air Society	.....	.....	48 25	27 91	5 25	332 64	.....

New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:							
Sea Breeze Home, West Coney Island	142 75	83 90	1,871 83	.....	328 36	18,482 92	.....
Order of the Brothers of Nazareth:							
Ruhberg, Ellenville	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Andrew's Cottage, Farmingdale, L. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pelham Summer Home for Children, Pelham	3 15	18 41	.....	2 25	.....	.....	.....
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson	22 03	105 52	.....	115 06	2 00	.....	.....
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:							
Coney Island Summer Home	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Anna's Cottage (of the St. John Baptist Foundation), Farmingdale, L. I.	16 48	.....	177 71	* 23 83	.....	.....	.....
St. George's Church Cottage, Rockaway Park, L. I	99 13	35 00	157 58	210 56	.....	.....	.....
St. Malachy's Ocean Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York, Fresh Air Relief	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. John's Guild, New York:							
Floating Hospital, New York Harbor	86 68	139 00	502 56	1,421 13	350 00	880 50	.....
Sea Side Hospital, New Dorp, S. I	408 87	153 32	468 62	1,280 73	595 35	3,760 27	.....
St. Thomas's Sea Side Home (of St. Thomas' Protestant Episcopal Church), East Marion, L I.	32 00	62 63	132 33	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, Rockaway Park, L. I.	.....	118 35	*1,112 52	.....	257 25	1,674 23	.....
Sea Side Home (The), (of Fifth Ave. Presbyterian Church), Branchport, N. J.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sea Side Home (The), (of Trinity Church Association), Great River, L. I.	63 50	14 16	109 65	200 88	107 20	.....	.....
Summer Home of the Church of the Incarnation, Lake Mohegan	23 75	50 00	58 68	259 07	38 23	.....	.....
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Working Girls' Vacation Society, New York	.....	52 74	730 37	539 17	453 65	.....	800 00
Elmcote, Chester, Orange County, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Farmington Lodge, Farmington, Conn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Green's Cottage, Green's Farms, Conn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hill Crest, Santa Clara, N Y	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Uplands, Santa Clara, N. Y	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vacation Farm House, Westport, Conn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Working Women's Vacation Society of Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$1,928 19	$1,363 76	$7,994 34	$10,638 08	$3,666 20	$33,429 08	$1,244 65

* "And household supplies."

TABLE No. 43—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners				$184 52	$7,951 51	$551 95
Albany Orphan Asylum, Summer Home, East Greenbush						
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:						
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J				143 57	2,869 95	
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Summer Branch, Oceanic, N. J						
Blodgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville				485 84	2,732 64	628 78
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Sea Side Home, Coney Island			$633 55	568 26	6,896 71	821 65
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:						
Annex at Bath Beach				11 98	1,975 25	
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach				1,000 67	9,115 59	
Health Home, Coney Island				429 98	8,658 58	
Christian Herald Children's Home, Nyack				679 79	3,965 06	
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:						
St. Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I						
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I*		$3,160 00		312 61	6,854 35	3,482 95
Edgewater Creche (The), Edgewater, N. J			462 45	311 35	2,776 92	402 49
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York			614 90	20 75	663 42	27 63
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake			292 50	179 79	1,949 75	
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola				643 04	3,908 94	272 55
Gilbert A. Robertson Home Scarsdale	$21 81	12,000 00		156 53	15,910 41	213 70
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I				89 38	1,985 69	
House of St. John the Divine (Pro-Cathedral Summer Home), Tompkins Co	87 50		183 65	73 83	2,671 04	273 98
Infants' Summer Hospital, Ontario Beach, Charlotte						
Institution of Mercy, New York, Summer Home, Rockaway Park				236 85	9,158 13	
Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, Patchogue				1,023 68	4,729 09	68 82
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York				*941 05	3,627 44	219 57
New Windsor Fresh Air Society			794 12		1,399 68	417 82

New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:						
Sea Breeze Home, West Coney Island				†3,572 14	34,216 15	
Order of the Brothers of Nazareth:						
Ruhberg, Ellenville						
St. Andrew's Cottage, Farmingdale, L. I						
Pelham Summer Home for Children, Pelham			10 95	34 00	270 28	35 60
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson				74 39	1,730 59	1,041 80
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:						
Coney Island Summer Home						
St. Anna's Cottage (of the St. John Baptist Foundation), Farmingdale, L. I			274 34		1,426 62	20 91
St. George's Church Cottage, Rockaway Park, L. I				‡1,250 96	3,295 62	38
St. Malachy's Ocean Home, Far Rockaway, L. I						
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York, Fresh Air Relief						
St. John's Guild, New York:						
Floating Hospital, New York Harbor				3,528 88	16,651 32	
Sea Side Hospital, New Dorp, S. I				832 35	16,498 15	
St. Thomas' Sea Side Home (of St. Thomas' Protestant Episcopal Church), East Marion, L. I	*			§726 41	3,243 34	248 31
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, Rockaway Park, L. I				**2,862 52	15,245 51	7,286 45
Sea Side Home (The), of Fifth Ave. Presbyterian Church, Branchport, N. J				731 29	2,936 93	
Sea Side Home, (The), of Trinity Church Association), Great River, L. I				**602 18	3,319 67	1,578 01
Summer Home of the Church of the Incarnation, Lake Mohegan				**363 83	2,115 81	174 13
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford						
Working Girls' Vacation Society, New York	50 00			††3,319 70	17,673 09	861 25
Elmcote, Chester, Orange County, New York						
Farmington Lodge, Farmington, Conn						
Green's Cottage, Green's Farms, Conn						
Hill Crest, Santa Clara, N. Y						
Uplands, Santa Clara, N. Y						
Vacation Farm House, Westport, Conn						
Working Women's Vacation Society of Brooklyn						
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls						
Total	$159 31	$15,160 00	$3,266 46	$25,392 13	$218,123 23	$18,598 74

* Of this amount, $552 05 for transportations, etc., and $334.86 for sewing and cooking classes, etc. † Of this amount, $1,329.05 for transportation. ‡ Of this amount, $1,215.75 for R. R. transportation. § Of this amount, $614.83 for transportation. ** Includes transportation.
†† Of this amount, $3,072,20 for traveling expenses.

TABLE No. 44.

Showing the statistics of fresh air charities for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons afforded fresh air relief during the year.	Number of persons for whom temporary employment was secured during the year.	Number of societies and churches coöperating.	Number of volunteer visitors.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners	217	.....	.....	.....
Albany Orphan Asylum, Summer Home, East Greenbush	.....	.....	.....	.....
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:				
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J.	161	.....	.....	.....
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Summer Branch, Oceanic, N. J.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Blodgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville	418	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Sea Side Home, Coney Island	15,547	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:				
Annex at Bath Beach	80	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York:				
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach	5,173	.....	.....	.....
Health Home, Coney Island	5,229	.....	.....	.....
Christian Herald Children's Home, Nyack	1,007	.....	.....	.....
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:				
St. Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I.	175	.....	.....	.....
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Edgewater Crèche (The), Edgewater, N. J.	5,857	.....	.....	.....
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York	165	.....	1	1
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake	341	.....	.....	.....
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola	304	.....	.....	.....
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale	394	.....	.....	.....
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.	330	.....	.....	.....
House of St. John the Divine (Pro-Cathedral Summer Home), Tompkins Cove	489	7	.....	16
Infants' Summer Hospital, Ontario Beach, Charlotte	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution of Mercy, New York, Summer Home, Rockaway Park	490	.....	.....	.....
Jewish Working Girls Vacation Society, Patchogue	400	.....	.....	.....
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York	1,123	.....	.....	.....
New Windsor Fresh Air Society	142	.....	.....	.....
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:				
Sea Breeze Home, West Coney Island	17,496	.....	.....	.....

Order of the Brothers of Nazareth:				
Ruhberg, Ellenville	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Andrews' Cottage, Farmingdale, L. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pelham Summer Home for Children, Pelham	29	.....	.....	.....
Robin's Rest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson	53	.....	.....	.....
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn:				
Coney Island Summer Home	1,200	.....	.....	.....
St. Anna's Cottage (of the St. John's Baptist Foundation), Farmingdale, L. I.	460	.....	.....	.....
St. George's Church Cottage, Rockaway Park, L. I.	11,734	.....	.....	.....
St. Malachy's Ocean Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York, Fresh Air Relief	500	.....	.....	.....
St John's Guild, New York:				
Floating Hospital, New York Harbor	60,144	.....	.....	.....
Sea Side Hospital, New Dorp, S. I.	2,057	.....	.....	.....
St. Thomas' Sea Side Home (of St. Thomas' P. E. Church), East Marion, L. I.	489	.....	.....	.....
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, Rockaway Park, L. I	15 390	.....	.....	.....
Sea Side Home (The) of the Fifth Ave Presbyterian Church, Branchport, N. J.	525	.....	.....	.....
Sea Side Home (The) of Trinity Church Association, Great River, L. I.	420	.....	.....	.....
Summer Home of the Church of the Incarnaton, Lake Mohegan	290	.....	.....	.....
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford	.....	.....	.....	.....
Working Girls' Vacation Society, New York:				
Elmcote, Chester, Orange Co., N. Y.	24	.....	.....	.....
Farmington Lodge, Farmington, Conn	85	.....	.....	.....
Green's Cottage, Green's Farms, Conn	154	.....	.....	.....
Hill Creek, Santa Clara, N. Y	50	.....	.....	.....
Uplands, Santa Clara, N. Y	83	.....	.....	.....
Vacation Farm House, Westport, Conn	86	.....	.....	.....
Working Women's Vacation Society of Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming Benevolent Institute (The), Genesee Falls†	91	.....	.....	.....
Total	149,402	7	1	17

* See table 96 for statistics.

† See tables 33-35 for finances.

TABLE No. 45.

Showing the estimated value of the property of societies for general out-door relief October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Actors' Fund of America (The), New York		$159,162 50	$159,162 50
Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York			
Artists' Aid Society, New York		4,989 64	4,989 64
Austro-Hungarian Free Burial Association, New York	$2,000 00	440 00	2,440 00
Belgian Society of Beneficence, New York		3,278 50	3,278 50
Bethany Day Nursery, Relief Department, New York *			
Bethany Mission and Christian Home, Mount Vernon			
Beth-El Sisterhood, New York			
Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	56,218 82	10,297 92	66,516 74
Brooklyn Benevolent Society	400,000 00	48,000 00	448,000 00
Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society (The)	28,000 00		28,000 00
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children: †			
Industrial School No. 1 ‡			
Industrial School No. 2 ‡			
Industrial School No. 4 ‡			
Industrial School No. 5 ‡			
Industrial School No. 6 ‡			
Calvary Relief Department (of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church), New York			
Children's Aid Society, New York: †			
Brace Farm School, Kensico;			
Emigration Department §			
Homes, Temporary, for Boys:			
Brace Memorial Lodging House **			
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House **			
Tompkins Square Lodging House **			
West Side Lodging House **			
Homes, Temporary, for Children:			
Fogg Lodging House ††			
Homes, Temporary, for Girls:			
Elizabeth Home for Girls ‡‡			
Industrial Schools:			
Avenue B ‡			
Beach Street ‡			
Duane Street ‡			

East Side ‡			
Fifty-third Street ‡			
Forty fourth Street ‡			
German ‡			
Henrietta ‡			
Italian ‡			
Jones Memorial ‡			
Lord Memorial ‡			
Mott Street ‡			
Phelps ‡			
Pike Street ‡			
Rhinelander ‡			
Sixth Street ‡			
Sullivan Street ‡			
Tompkins Square ‡			
West Side ‡			
West Side Italian ‡			
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn	40 00		40 00
Doe Ye Nexte Thynge Society, New York			
Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, New York		2,762 43	2,762 43
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Association), New York	100 00		100 00
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York			
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	6,000 00		6,000 00
Five Points Mission, New York ‡			
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York		3,000 00	3,000 00
French Benevolent Society of New York §§			
German Ladies' Association of the City of Brooklyn		937 64	937 64
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, New York		41,124 41	41,124 41
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn			
German Society of the City of New York (The)	3,000 00	139,350 00	142,350 00
Gertrude Aid Society, New York		427 15	427 15
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York			
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York		492,862 36	492,862 36
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn		2,432 50	2,432 50
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D. (The)		3,377 28	3,377 28
Hebrew Ladies Aid Society, Rochester		2,513 42	2,513 42
Hebrew Relief Society of the City of New York		22,926 08	22,926 08
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany	13,500 00		13,500 00
Hungarian Association of the City of New York ***		2,500 00	2,500 00
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:			
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial) ‡			
Branch No. 2 ‡			
Island Mission (The), New York			
Italian Benevolent Society, New York	175 00		175 00

* Finances and additional statistics on tables 25-28. † Finances and statistics on tables 57-60. ‡ Finances and additional statistics on tables 33-36. § Finances and additional statistics on tables 117-120. ** Finances and additional statistics on tables 69-72. †† Finances and additional statistics on tables 73-76. ‡‡ Finances and additional statistics on tables 77-80. §§ Finances with hospital; see tables 85-88. *** Work temporarily suspended.

TABLE 45—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Ladies' Benevolent Association of Greenpoint			
Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady			
Ladies' Bikur Cholim Society, New York	$8,177 60		$8,177 60
Ladies' Fuel and Aid Society, New York		$5,941 97	5,941 97
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	87,857 35		87,857 35
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York			
Loan Relief Association, New York			
Marti Charity Association (The), New York			
Memorial Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, New York			
Memorial and Executive Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, Brooklyn	500 00		500 00
Moderation Society (The), New York			
Monté Relief Society, New York		2,178 26	2,178 26
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor (The)	105,198 28	171,476 41	276,674 69
New York Branch of the Needlework Guild of America			
New York Deaconess' Home and Training School of the M. E. Church (The)			
New York Practical Aid Society			
New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families Protective Association, New York	25 00	5,425 13	5,450 13
Passover Relief Association, New York			
People's Rescue Mission (The), Rochester			
Provident Association, Tarrytown			
Rodoph Sholom Sisterhood, New York			
St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, New York	500 00	79,396 00	79,896 00
St. David's Society of the State of New York, New York	1,500 00	9,750 31	11,250 31
St Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York *			
St. George's Society of New York		68,721 25	68,721 25
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York †			
St Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn	60,000 00	19,363 90	79,363 90
Shaary Tefilla Sisterhood, New York		1,000 00	1,000 00
Sisters of the Stranger, New York		7,558 82	7,558 82
Society for the Relief of Poor Widows With Small Children, New York	5,100 00	262,040 49	267,140 49
Society of St. Vincent de Paul:			
Particular Council of Albany:			
Conferences:			
Immaculate Conception	2,500 00		2,500 00
St Ann			
St. John			
St. Joseph			
St Mary			
St. Patrick			

Particular Council of Brooklyn:			
Conferences:			
Assumption			
Blessed Sacrament			
Holy Name			
Immaculate Conception			
Nativity			
Our Lady of Good Counsel			
Our Lady of Mercy			
Our Lady of Victory			
Presentation ‡			
Sacred Heart			
St. Agnes			
St. Ambrose			
St. Anne			
St. Anthony			
St. Augustine			
St. Benedict			
St. Bridget			
St. Charles Borromeo			
St. Edward			
St. Francis de Sales ‡			
St. Francis Xavier §			
St. James			
St. John's Chapel			
St. John the Baptist			
St. John the Evangelist			
St. Joseph			
St. Leonard of Port Maurice ‡			
St. Malachy			
St. Mary, Long Island City ‡			
St. Mary, Star of the Sea			
St. Matthew			
St. Michael §			
St. Michael, Flushing, L. I.			
St. Patrick			
St. Patrick, Long Island City			
St. Paul			
St. Peter			
St. Stephen			
St. Teresa			
St. Thomas Aquinas			
St. Vincent de Paul			
Transfiguration			
Visitation			
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo			

* Finances and statistics on tables 57-60. † Finances and additional statistics on tables 77-80. ‡ Suspended. § Inactive.

TABLE No. 45—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Society of St Vincent de Paul — (*Continued*):			
Particular Council of Cohoes:			
Conferences:			
St. Agnes			
St. Bernard			
St. Joseph			
St. Patrick			
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton			
Conference of St. Patrick, Newburgh			
Particular Council of New York:			
Conferences:			
All Saints			
Annunciation*			
Ascension			
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer			
Carmelite			
Epiphany			
Guardian Angel			
Holy Cross			
Holy Innocents			
Holy Name			
Holy Rosary			
Immaculate Conception			
Most Holy Redeemer			
Nativity			
Our Lady of Good Counsel			
Our Lady of Mercy			
Our Lady of Mount Carmel			
Our Lady of Perpetual Help			
Our Lady of Sorrows			
Our Lady Queen of Angels			
Sacred Heart			
Sacred Heart, Mount Vernon			
St. Agnes			
St. Alphonsus			
St. Andrew			
St. Ann			
St. Anthony			
St. Augustine			

St. Bernard			
St. Boniface			
St. Brigid			
St. Cecilia			
St. Charles Borromeo			
St. Colomba			
St. Elizabeth*			
St. Francis Xavier			
St. Gabriel			
St. Ignatius			
St. James			
St. Jerome			
St. John Baptist			
St. John the Evangelist			
St. Joseph			
St. Joseph, Manhattanville			
St. Lawrence			
St. Mary			
St. Mary Magdalen*			
St. Michael			
St. Monica			
St. Nicholas			
St. Patrick			
St. Patrick's Cathedral			
St. Paul			
St. Paul the Apostle			
St. Paul in St. Peter's			
St. Peter			
St. Raphael			
St. Rose of Lima			
St. Stephen			
St. Teresa			
St. Veronica			
St. Vincent de Paul			
St. Vincent Ferrer			
Transfiguration			
Conference of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rochester			
Particular Council of Syracuse:			
Conferences:			
St. John the Baptist			
St. John's Cathedral			
St. Lucy			
St. Mary			
Particular Council of Troy:			
Conferences:			
St. Francis			
St. Joseph			

* "Has not been in working order during the year."

TABLE No. 45 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Children's Aid Society, New York — Industrial Schools — (*Continued*):						
Forty-fourth Street*						
German*						
Henrietta*						
Italian*						
Jones Memorial*						
Lord Memorial*						
Mott Street*						
Phelps*						
Pike Street*						
Rhinelander*						
Sixth Street*						
Sullivan Street*						
Tompkins Square*						
West Side*						
West Side Italian*						
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn		$188 37	$188 37		$254 94	$254 94
Doe Ye Nexte Thynge Society, New York						
Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, New York						
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Association), New York						
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York						
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthrophy, Brooklyn				$4,658 00	96 75	4,754 75
Five Points Mission, New York*						
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York						
French Benevolent Society of New York†						
German Ladies Association of the City of Brooklyn						
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, New York						
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn*						
German Society of the City of New York (The)						
Gertrude Aid Society, New York						
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York						
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York						
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn						
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D. (The)						
Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, Rochester						
Hebrew Relief Society of the City of New York						
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany						
Hungarian Association of the City of New York†						

Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.§						
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)*						
Branch No. 2*						
Island Mission (The), New York						
Italian Benevolent Society, New York						
Ladies' Benevolent Association of Greenpoint						
Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady						
Ladies' Bikur Cholum Society, New York						
Ladies' Fuel and Aid Society, New York						
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	$39,991 74		39,991 74	37,500 00		37,500 00
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York						
Loan Relief Association, New York						
Marti Charity Association (The), New York						
Memorial Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, New York						
Memorial and Executive Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, Brooklyn		1,379 23	1,379 23		931 47	931 47
Moderation Society (The), New York						
Monté Relief Society, New York						
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor (The)						
New York Branch of the Needlework Guild of America						
New York Deaconess' Home and Training School of the M. E. Church (The)						
New York Practical Aid Society						
New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families Protective Association, New York						
Passover Relief Association, New York						
People's Rescue Mission (The), Rochester						
Provident Association, Tarrytown						
Rodoph Sholom Sisterhood, New York						
St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, New York						
St. David's Society of the State of New York, New York						
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York §						
St George's Society of New York						
St Mary's Lodging House, New York**						
St. Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn						
Shaary Tefilla Sisterhood, New York						
Sisters of the Stranger, New York						
Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, New York						
Society of St. Vincent de Paul:						
Particular Council of Albany:						
Conferences:						
Immaculate Conception	600 00		600 00	400 00		400 00
St. Ann						
St. John						
St. Joseph						
St. Mary						
St. Patrick						

* Finances and additional statistics on tables 33-36. † Finances with Hospital. See tables 85-88. ‡ Work temporarily suspended. § Finances and statistics on tables 57-60. ** Finances and additional statistics on tables 77-80.

TABLE No. 45—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Indebtedness October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness October 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—(*Continued*):						
Particular Council of Brooklyn:						
Conferences:						
Assumption		$10 05	$10 05		$ 2 70	$2 70
Blessed Sacrament						
Holy Name						
Immaculate Conception					4 08	4 08
Nativity						
Our Lady of Good Council						
Our Lady of Mercy						
Our Lady of Victory					3 17	3 17
Presentation*						
Sacred Heart						
St. Agnes						
St. Ambrose						
St. Anne						
St. Anthony						
St. Augustine						
St. Benedict						
St. Bridget						
St Charles Borromeo						
St. Edward						
St. Francis de Sales*						
St. Francis Xavier †						
St. James						
St. John's Chapel						
St. John the Baptist						
St. John the Evangelist						
St. Joseph						
St. Leonard of Port Maurice*						
St. Malachy						
St. Mary, Long Island City*						
St. Mary, Star of the Sea						
St. Matthew						
St Michael †						
St. Michael, Flushing, L. I.						
St. Patrick						
St. Patrick, Long Island City						
St. Paul						

St. Peter						
St. Stephen						
St. Teresa						
St. Thomas Aquinas						
St. Vincent de Paul						
Transfiguration						
Visitation						
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo						
Particular Council of Cohoes:						
Conferences:						
St. Agnes						
St. Bernard						
St. Joseph						
St. Patrick						
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton						
Conference of St Patrick, Newburgh						
Particular Council of New York:						
Conferences:						
All Saints						
Annunciation‡						
Ascension						
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer						
Carmelite						
Epiphany						
Guardian Angel						
Holy Cross						
Holy Innocents						
Holy Name						
Holy Rosary						
Immaculate Conception						
Most Holy Redeemer						
Nativity						
Our Lady of Good Counsel						
Our Lady of Mercy						
Our Lady of Mount Carmel						
Our Lady of Perpetual Help						
Our Lady of Sorrows						
Our Lady Queen of Angels						
Sacred Heart						
Sacred Heart, Mount Vernon						
St. Agnes						
St. Alphonsus						
St. Andrew						
St. Ann						
St. Anthony						
St. Augustine						
St. Bernard						

* Suspended. † Inactive. ‡ "Has not been in working order during the year."

TABLE No. 45—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of New York—Conferences—(*Con.*):						
St. Boniface						
St. Brigid						
St. Cecilia						
St. Charles Borromeo						
St. Colomba						
St. Elizabeth *						
St. Francis Xavier						
St Gabriel						
St. Ignatius						
St. James						
St. Jerome						
St. John Baptist						
St. John the Evangelist						
St. Joseph						
St. Joseph, Manhattanville						
St. Lawrence						
St. Mary						
St. Mary, Magdalen *						
St. Michael						
St. Monica						
St. Nicholas						
St. Patrick						
St. Patrick's Cathedral						
St. Paul						
St. Paul the Apostle						
St. Paul in St. Peter's						
St. Peter						
St. Raphael						
St. Rose of Lima						
St. Stephen						
St. Teresa						
St. Veronica						
St. Vincent de Paul						
St. Vincent Ferrer						
Transfiguration						
Conference of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rochester						

Particular Council of Syracuse:						
Conferences:						
St. John the Baptist						
St. John's Cathedral						
St. Lucy						
St Mary						
Particular Council of Troy:						
Conferences:						
St. Francis						
St. Joseph						
St. Joseph, Green Island						
St. Mary						
St. Michael						
St. Patrick						
St. Patrick, Watervliet						
St. Peter						
Soldiers and Sailors' Relief Society, Rochester						
Spanish-American Benevolent Society, New York						
Spanish Benevolent Society of New York						
Sunday Breakfast Association of Brooklyn						
Swedish Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York †						
Swiss Benevolent Society of New York (The)						
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York						
United Hebrew Charities of the City of New York	$27,000 00		$27,000 00	$15,000 00		$15,00 00
Willing Workers' Society and Institute, Brooklyn ‡						
Wilson Industrial School and Mission, New York **						
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo ††						
Young Friends' Aid Association, New York		$160 00	160 00			
Young Ladies' Charitable Society, New York						
Young Women's Christian Association, Relief Committee, New York						
Total	$67,591 74	$3,973 93	$71,565 67	$57,558 00	$1,607 24	$59,165 24

* "Has not been in working order during the year." † See "Homes and Missions for Immigrants," tables 81-84. ‡ Name changed to "Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy," which see. ** Finances and additional statistics on tables 33-36. †† Finances and additional statistics on tables 77-80.

TABLE No. 46.

Showing the receipts of societies for general out-door relief for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Actors' Fund of America (The), New York	$47,437 31	$11,017 95			$3,646 00	$7,840 57
Ahawath Cheesed Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	385 77				882 00	3,014 51
Artists' Aid Society, New York	4,622 96				29 00	
Austro-Hungarian Free Burial Association, New York	194 81				101 25	10 50
Belgian Society of Benevolence, New York	3,249 00					194 18
Bethany Day Nursery, Relief Department, New York						
Bethany Mission and Christian Home, Mount Vernon			$349 70			
Beth El Sisterhood, New York	237 01				1,299 00	3,182 55
Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	2,130 93	5,514 55			11,474 53	
Brooklyn Benevolent Society	439 24				15 00	
Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society (The)	596 89	594 00	3,449 58			
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:						
Industrial School No. 1						
Industrial School No. 2						
Industrial School No. 4						
Industrial School No. 5						
Industrial School No. 6						
Calvary Relief Department (of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church), New York						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Brace Farm School, Kensico						
Emigration Department						
Homes, Temporary, for Boys:						
Brace Memorial Lodging House						
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House						
Tompkins Square Lodging House						
West Side Lodging House						
Homes, Temporary, for Children:						
Fogg Lodging House						
Homes, Temporary, for Girls:						
Elizabeth Home for Girls						

Industrial Schools:						
Avenue B						
Beach Street						
Duane Street						
East Side						
Fifty-third Street						
Forty-fourth Street						
German						
Henrietta						
Italian						
Jones Memorial						
Lord Memorial						
Mott Street						
Phelps						
Pike Street						
Rhinelander						
Sixth Street						
Sullivan Street						
Tompkins Square						
West Side						
West Side Italian						
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn		752 40				
Doe Ye Nexte Thygne Society, New York	13 43				197 00	1,210 48
Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, New York					254 00	271 95
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Association), New York	1,812 85					
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	1,907 38					13,498 54
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	43 90				35 59	7 66
Five Points Mission, New York						
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York	843 46			$1,500 00		
French Benevolent Society of New York						
German Ladies' Association of the City of Brooklyn	484 61	65 15			860 00	615 12
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, New York	1,601 80				1,991 00	2,000 80
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn						
German Society of the City of New York (The)	4,789 19	100 00		700 00	12,759 50	1,200 00
Gertrude Aid Society, New York	411 86				18 00	
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York	169 79	500 00			378 00	294 98
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York	61,513 41			205,000 00		
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn	306 25	281 32			1,222 00	
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D. (The)	3,449 94	300 00			296 00	
Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, Rochester	2,513 42				538 00	
Hebrew Relief Society of the City of New York	48 30				207 00	
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany	107 77		1,081 02			
Hungarian Association of the City of New York						
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:						
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)						
Branch No. 2						
Island Mission (The), New York	39 30					

TABLE No. 43.

Showing the expenditures of fresh air charities for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For Rent.	For salaries of officers wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners				$390 95	$438 64	$20 65	$84 63
Albany Orphan Asylum, Summer Home, East Greenbush							
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:							
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J.				781 00	1,497 60		
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York, Summer Branch, Oceanic, N. J.							
Blodgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville			$300 00	270 50	649 83	58 06	
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Sea Side Home, Coney Island				1,701 59	2,912 49	337 65	
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:							
Annex at Bath Beach			210 00	490 73	745 20		8 43
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs							
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach				2,397 25	3,073 28		7 68
Health Home, Coney Island				2,432 55	3,264 02		
Christian Herald Children's Home, Nyack				1,127 60	1,768 74	42 58	38 41
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:							
St. Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I.							
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.				1,115 17	918 74	111 50	
Edgewater Crèche (The), Edgewater, N. J.	$225 00			708 74	318 02	253 06	
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York						27 77	
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake				493 63	934 30		6 78
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola	150 00	$1,059 51		867 81	411 16	67 40	
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale			222 50	1,848 44	640 15		
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.				530 24	1,049 50	13 37	
House of St. John the Divine (Pro-Cathedral Summer Home) Tompkins Cove	87 50	210 63		417 00	1,312 85	26 00	
Infants' Summer Hospital, Ontario Beach, Charlotte							
Institution of Mercy, New York, Summer Home, Rockaway Park	7,000 00	120 00		115 50	815 92		
Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, Patchogue			530 00	595 20	1,430 34	149 58	5 79
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York		120 83	470 00	693 11	879 10	129 58	59 01
New Windsor Fresh Air Society			100 00			33 50	

Society of St Vincent de Paul:						
Particular Council of Albany	323 33					
Conferences:						
Immaculate Conception	8 53			25 00		350 00
St. Ann	10 70					
St. John	22 91					
St. Joseph	4,691 51					
St. Mary	29 11					
St. Patrick	16 72					
Particular Council of Brooklyn	88 86					821 75
Conferences:						
Assumption					34 70	
Blessed Sacrament						
Holy Name	53 96					72 35
Immaculate Conception	6 87					
Nativity						
Our Lady of Good Counsel						
Our Lady of Mercy	394 00					
Our Lady of Victory						
Presentation						
Sacred Heart	132 70					
St. Agnes	196 57					
St Ambrose						
St. Anne						
St. Anthony	167 06					
St. Augustine						
St. Benedict	117 75					
St Bridget	3 48				3 00	40 88
St. Charles Borromeo	162 98					
St. Edward						
St. Francis de Sales						
St. Francis Xavier						
St. James			685 85		64 20	304 00
St John's Chapel	12 60					95 00
St. John the Baptist	80 39					200 04
St. John the Evangelist						
St Joseph						
St. Leonard, of Port Maurice						
St Malachy						
St. Mary, Long Island City						
St. Mary, Star of the Sea						
St. Matthew	61 70					
St. Michael						
St. Michael, Flushing, L. I.						
St. Patrick	532 40					
St. Patrick, Long Island City	16 57					
St. Paul						
St. Peter						

TABLE No. 43—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans.
Albany Fresh Air Guild, Vacation Home, Canaan Four Corners	.....	$20 33	$203 20	$60 45	$10 75	$6,501 39	.....
Albany Orphan Asylum Summer Home, East Greenbush	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York:							
Wright Memorial Summer Home, Oceanport, N. J.	$38 29	101 80	.....	307 69	.....	.....	.....
Babies Hospital of the City of New York, Summer Branch, Oceanic, N. J.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Blodgett Memorial Summer Home (of the Grace Emmanuel Church, New York), Pleasantville	20 68	.....	67 27	.....	5 00	375 46	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society Sea Side Home, Coney Island	71 25	56 69	.....	246 73	368 50	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:							
Annex at Bath Beach	110 74	15 36	182 96	199 85	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Children's Summer Home, Bath Beach	82 20	.....	382 36	1,949 80	222 35	.....	.....
Health Home, Coney Island	147 00	16 15	204 98	1,846 65	187 75	329 50	.....
Christian Herald Children's Home, Nyack	17 75	96 39	16 00	55 87	103 00	19 03	.....
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn:							
St Mary of the Angels, Syosset, L. I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.	202 26	149 19	.....	293 70	32 50	558 68	.....
Edgewater Crèche (The), Edgewater, N. J.	500 00	.....	55 55	125 13	8 31	304 31	.....
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fresh Air Fund of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Copake	38 06	4 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fresh Air Mission of Buffalo, Angola	35 83	.....	10 73	409 30	254 16	.....	.....
Gilbert A. Robertson Home, Scarsdale	27 50	.....	30 88	307 45	167 35	43 15	$144 65
Grace Parish Fresh Air Home, Far Rockaway, L. I.	34 95	23 78	.....	212 44	32 03	.....	.....
House of St. John the Divine (Pro-Cathedral Summer Home), Tompkins Cove	50 00	20 24	.....	165 81	35 98	.....	.....
Infants' Summer Hospital, Ontario Beach, Charlotte	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution of Mercy, New York, Summer Home, Rockaway Park	54 00	.....	351 23	255 62	42 00	167 00	.....
Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, Patchogue	25 94	.....	899 20	59 92	13 73	.....	.....
Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York	68 46	26 15	219 88	91 08	7 50	.....	.....
New Windsor Fresh Air Society	.....	.....	48 25	27 91	5 25	332 04	.....

Our Lady of Mount Carmel	55 14					
Our Lady of Perpetual Help	9 15					
Our Lady of Sorrows	211 55					
Our Lady, Queen of Angels	104 76					
Sacred Heart	290 09					
Sacred Heart, Mount Vernon	163 89					
St Agnes	11 03					
St. Alphonsus	134 21					
St. Andrew	107 53					
St. Ann	9 34					
St. Anthony	560 70					
St. Augustine	97 05					
St. Bernard	124 99					
St. Boniface	98 93					
St. Brigid	26 29					
St. Cecilia	5 00					
St. Charles Borromeo	61 37					
St. Colomba	58 83					
St. Elizabeth						
St. Francis Xavier	204 87					
St Gabriel	10 02					
St. Ignatius	136 13					
St. James	24 03					
St. Jerome	152 20					
St. John Baptist	288 00					
St. John the Evangelist						
St. Joseph	47 50					
St. Joseph, Manhattanville	51 79					
St. Lawrence	28 20					
St. Mary	36 55					
St. Mary Magdalen						
St. Michael	88 65					
St. Monica	173 60					
St. Nicholas	77 77					
St. Patrick	367 87					
St. Patrick's Cathedral	139 38					
St. Paul	31 83					
St. Paul the Apostle	210 33					
St. Paul in St. Peter's	111 13					
St. Peter	2 30					
St. Raphael	60 02					
St. Rose of Lima	129 98					
St. Stephen	53 20					
St. Teresa	109 70					
St. Veronica	230 59					
St. Vincent de Paul	97 14					
St. Vincent Ferrer						
Transfiguration	34 19					

TABLE No. 46—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—(*Continued*):						
Conference of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rochester	$277 78					
Particular Council of Syracuse						
Conferences:						
St. John the Baptist						
St. John's Cathedral						
St. Lucy	181 20					
St Mary						
Particular Council of Troy	750 96					
Conferences:						
St Francis	91 04					
St. Joseph	413 27					
St. Joseph, Green Island	72 72					
St. Mary	8 46					
St. Michael	11 32					
St Patrick	48 46					
St. Patrick, Watervliet	34 36					
St Peter	71 33					
Soldiers and Sailors' Relief Society, Rochester	128 17					
Spanish-American Benevolent Society, New York	10 98					
Spanish Benevolent Society of New York	611 05					
Sunday Breakfast Association of Brooklyn	140 10	$230 00			$34 00	
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York						
Swiss Benevolent Society of New York (The)	1,466 67			$200 00		
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York				900 00		$900 00
United Hebrew Charities of the City of New York	1,667 96	2,000 00		10,032 82	36,655 00	10,383 13
Willing Workers' Society and Institute, Brooklyn						
Wilson Industrial School and Mission, New York						
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo						
Young Friends' Aid Association, New York	41 99					528 35
Young Ladies' Charitable Society, New York	507 81				315 50	528 25
Young Women's Christian Association, Relief Committee, New York						
Total	$345,040 16	$31,906 95	$12,791 14	$234,036 95	$85,381 47	$66,620 15

TABLE No. 46—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investment.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Actors' Fund of America (The), New York	$549 00	$7,347 04	$30,737 50		$1,550 19	$110,115 56
Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	635 57				989 00	4,906 85
Artists' Aid Society, New York		184 98				5,036 94
Austro-Hungarian Free Burial Association, New York	88 00	12 60				407 19
Belgian Society of Benevolence, New York	633 25	110 80			224 20	4,411 43
Bethany Day Nursery, Relief Department, New York						
Bethany Mission and Christian Home, Mount Vernon	916 93			$90 28	1,792 35	3,149 26
Beth El Sisterhood, New York	1,727 63			500 00	601 00	7,547 19
Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor		332 19			30 38	19,482 58
Brooklyn Benevolent Society			2,870 15		*20,551 23	23,875 62
Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society (The)	14,044 21	25 56				23,710 24
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:						
Industrial School No. 1						
Industrial School No. 2						
Industrial School No. 4						
Industrial School No. 5						
Industrial School No. 6						
Calvary Relief Department (of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church), New York						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Brace Farm School, Kensico						
Emigration Department						
Homes, Temporary, for Boys:						
Brace Memorial Lodging House						
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House						
Tompkins Square Lodging House						
West Side Lodging House						
Homes, Temporary, for Children:						
Fogg Lodging House						
Homes, Temporary, for Girls:						
Elizabeth Home for Girls						

* "From rents."

TABLE No. 46—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investment.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Children's Aid Society, New York—(*Continued*):						
Industrial Schools:						
Avenue B						
Beach Street						
Duane Street						
East Side						
Fifty third Street						
Forty-fourth Street						
German						
Henrietta						
Italian						
Jones Memorial						
Lord Memorial						
Mott Street						
Phelps						
Pike Street						
Rhinelander						
Sixth Street						
Sullivan Street						
Tompkins Square						
West Side						
West Side Italian						
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn	846 00			828 58		[illegible]
Doe Ye Nexte Thygne Society, New York	588 00				[illegible] 13	2,942 04
Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, New York						525 95
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Association), New York	3,028 25					4,841 10
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	3,120 44			650 00	1,187 85	20,364 21
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	983 66				264 03	1,264 84
Five Points Mission, New York						
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York	2,279 00	$163 11				
French Benevolent Society of New York						7,786 57
German Ladies' Association of the City of Brooklyn	442 00	12 86				
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, New York	1,865 00	1,939 16			130 00	9,527 76

German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn						
German Society of the City of New York (The)	863 70	6,924 35			1,808 14	29,144 88
Gertrude Aid Society, New York		30 08				459 94
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York	226 67					1,569 44
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York		20,049 44	$29,200 00			315,762 85
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn	190 00					1,999 57
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D. (The)		198 36				4,244 30
Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, Rochester		90 96				3,142 38
Hebrew Relief Society of the City of New York		1,083 50				1,338 80
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany	2,113 51				36 00	3,338 30
Hungarian Association of the City of New York						
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:						
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)						
Branch No. 2						
Island Mission (The), New York	626 00					665 30
Italian Benevolent Society, New York	265 98	89 32			50	4,744 67
Ladies' Benevolent Association of Greenpoint	30 53		130 00			290 46
Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady						
Ladies' Bikur Cholim Society, New York	76 00	410 00				2,257 46
Ladies' Fuel and Aid Society, New York	17 00	240 00			85 50	9,481 89
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	2,422 19	55 00			4,636 50	9,280 17
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York					720 00	817 70
Loan Relief Association (The), New York					150 00	1,168 05
Marti Charity Association (The), New York	571 90				76 80	1,287 88
Memorial Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, New York	632 25					1,654 07
Memorial and Executive Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, Brooklyn	606 86	31 67		500 00	22 55	6,157 51
Moderation Society (The), New York	2,675 00					2,925 00
Monté Relief Society, New York	108 80	50 00			59 74	2,345 29
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor (The)	62,840 04	8,816 73			9,762 34	235,960 00
New York Branch of the Needlework Guild of America	337 20					494 95
New York Deaconesses' Home and Training School of the Methodist Episcopal Church (The)	7,106 75			1,966 67	359 62	11,062 91
New York Practical Aid Society	5,028 39					5,334 34
New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families Protective Association, New York	19,985 89				1,729 37	30,692 76
Passover Relief Association, New York	87 00					441 82
People's Rescue Mission (The), Rochester	2,812 59				523 68	3,717 32
Provident Association in Tarrytown						
Rodoph Sholom Sisterhood, New York	408 10				118 80	2,562 56
St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, New York		3,578 24			501 93	7,780 17
St. David's Society of the State of New York, New York		94 71	325 00		47 61	745 26
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York						
St. George's Society of New York	355 96	2,650 00	6,735 62		97 56	15,555 50
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York						
St. Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn	452 15	74 06	2,405 57		1,120 42	11,468 46
Shaary Tefilla Sisterhood, New York	84 59					2,489 19
Sisters of the Stranger, New York	890 87					8,723 41
Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, New York	944 00	12,305 92	38,500 00			65,812 98

Table No. 46 (Continued)

INSTITUTIONS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Children's Aid Society, New York (Continued)						
Industrial Schools						
Avenue B						
Beach Street						
Duane Street						
East Side						
Fifty-third Street						
Forty-fourth Street						
German						
Henrietta						
Italian						
Jones Memorial						
Lord Memorial						
Mott Street						
Phelps						
Pike Street						
Rhinelander						
Sixth Street						
Sullivan Street						
Tompkins Square						
West Side						
West Side Italian						
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn	[illegible]			[illegible]		[illegible]
Doe Ye Nexte Thygne Society, New York	[illegible]				[illegible]	[illegible]
Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, New York						
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Association), New York	[illegible]					
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Faraday [illegible] Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	[illegible]					
Five Points Mission, New York						
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]				[illegible]
French Benevolent Society of New York						
German Ladies' Association of the City of Brooklyn	[illegible]	[illegible]				[illegible]
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]

German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn						
German Society of the City of New York (The)	863 70	6,924 35			1,808 14	29,144 88
Gertrude Aid Society, New York		30 08				459 94
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York	226 67					1,569 44
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York		20,049 44	$29,200 00			315,762 85
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn	190 00					1,999 57
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D. (The)		198 36				4,244 30
Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, Rochester		90 96				3,142 38
Hebrew Relief Society of the City of New York		1,083 50				1,338 80
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany	2,113 51				36 00	3,338 30
Hungarian Association of the City of New York						
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:						
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)						
Branch No. 2						
Island Mission (The), New York	626 00					665 30
Italian Benevolent Society, New York	265 98	89 32			50	4,744 67
Ladies' Benevolent Association of Greenpoint	30 53		130 00			290 46
Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady						
Ladies' Bikur Cholim Society, New York	76 00	410 00				2,257 46
Ladies' Fuel and Aid Society, New York	17 00	240 00			85 50	9,481 89
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	2,422 19	55 00			4,636 50	9,280 17
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York					720 00	817 70
Loan Relief Association (The), New York					150 00	1,168 05
Marti Charity Association (The), New York	571 90				76 80	1,287 88
Memorial Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, New York	632 25					1,654 07
Memorial and Executive Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, Brooklyn	606 86	31 67		500 00	22 55	6,157 51
Moderation Society (The), New York	2,675 00					2,925 00
Monté Relief Society, New York	108 80	50 00			59 74	2,345 29
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor (The)	62,840 04	8,816 73			9,762 34	235,960 00
New York Branch of the Needlework Guild of America	337 20					494 95
New York Deaconesses' Home and Training School of the Methodist Episcopal Church (The)	7,106 75			1,966 67	359 62	11,062 91
New York Practical Aid Society	5,028 39					5,334 34
New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families Protective Association, New York	19,985 89				1,729 37	30,692 76
Passover Relief Association, New York	87 00					441 82
People's Rescue Mission (The), Rochester	2,812 59				523 68	3,717 32
Provident Association in Tarrytown						
Rodoph Sholom Sisterhood, New York	408 10				118 80	2,562 56
St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, New York		3,578 24			501 93	7,780 17
St. David's Society of the State of New York, New York		94 71	325 00		47 61	745 26
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York						
St. George's Society of New York	355 96	2,650 00	6,735 62		97 56	15,555 50
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York						
St. Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn	452 15	74 06	2,405 57		1,120 42	11,468 46
Shaary Tefilla Sisterhood, New York	84 59					2,489 19
Sisters of the Stranger, New York	890 87					8,723 41
Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, New York	944 00	12,305 92	38,500 00			65,812 98

TABLE No. 46 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investment.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
f St. Vincent de Paul:						
cular Council of Albany	$19 24	$7 04			$4 40	$354 01
onferences:						
Immaculate Conception	1,564 51					1,946 04
St. Ann	116 76					127 48
St. John	148 97					171 88
St. Joseph	405 87	181 39				5,278 77
St. Mary	381 30					410 41
St. Patrick	432 02					448 74
cular Council of Brooklyn	507 53	8 60			27 50	1,454 24
onferences:						
Assumption	298 51					333 21
Blessed Sacrament						
Holy Name	69 00				250 16	445 47
Immaculate Conception	606 75				203 00	816 62
Nativity						
Our Lady of Good Counsel						
Our Lady of Mercy	956 50				42 08	1,392 58
Our Lady of Victory	303 06					303 06
Presentation						
Sacred Heart	80 16				972 10	1,184 96
St. Agnes	47 29				536 88	780 74
St. Ambrose						
St. Anne						
St. Anthony	326 60				2,464 29	2,957 95
St. Augustine						
St. Benedict	223 01					340 76
St. Bridget	351 64					399 00
St. Charles Borromeo					1,150 10	1,313 08
St. Edward						
St. Francis de Sales						
St. Francis Xavier						
St. James	43 15					1,097 20
St. John's Chapel	483 17					596 77

St. John the Baptist	934 10					1,214 53
St. John the Evangelist	1,151 24					1,151 24
St. Joseph						
St. Leonard, of Port Maurice						
St. Malachy						
St. Mary, Long Island City						
St. Mary, Star of the Sea						
St. Matthew	190 95					252 65
St. Michael						
St. Michael, Flushing, L. I.						
St. Patrick	2,608 77					3,141 17
St. Patrick, Long Island City	168 58					185 15
St. Paul	228 37				1,327 96	1,556 33
St. Peter						
St. Stephen						
St. Teresa	415 23					762 78
St. Thomas Aquinas	498 93					517 14
St. Vincent de Paul	1,147 62					1,154 94
Transfiguration	976 53					1,136 63
Visitation						
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo	743 14	1 31				894 35
Particular Council of Cohoes						17 42
Conferences:						
St. Agnes	25 00					515 72
St. Bernard	123 90				66 78	233 48
St. Joseph	15 00					78 46
St. Patrick	7 62					74 50
Conference of St. Patrick, Newburgh	770 19					770 19
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton	372 55	19 54				861 94
Particular Council of New York	1,511 83	30 66			964 48	5,491 82
Conferences:						
All Saints	1,334 90					1,812 35
Annunciation						
Ascension	640 82					640 82
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer	45 73					45 73
Carmelite	624 04					624 99
Epiphany	1,168 03					1,626 76
Guardian Angel	449 13					494 83
Holy Cross	1,558 00					2,016 75
Holy Innocents	1,352 84					1,354 17
Holy Name	1,351 79					1,588 87
Holy Rosary	849 16					933 36
Immaculate Conception	1,127 65					1,127 65
Most Holy Redeemer	721 34					892 91
Nativity	554 79					602 02
Our Lady of Good Counsel	507 13					507 13
Our Lady of Mercy	191 01					191 01
Our Lady of Mount Carmel	481 88					537 02
Our Lady of Perpetual Help	1,149 99					1,159 14

TABLE No. 46—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investment.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources	Total receipts, including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
f St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of New York—Conferences—(*Con.*):						
Our Lady of Sorrows	$336 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	$547 80
Our Lady Queen of Angels	446 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	551 31
Sacred Heart	3,955 94	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,246 03
Sacred Heart, Mount Vernon	624 86	.....	.....	.....	.....	788 75
St. Agnes	947 67	.....	.....	.....	.....	958 70
St. Alphonsus	1,186 95	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,321 16
St. Andrew	218 77	.....	.....	.....	.....	326 30
St. Ann	422 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	431 74
St. Anthony	1,593 72	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,154 42
St. Augustine	158 91	.....	.....	.....	.....	255 96
St. Bernard	1,471 64	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,596 63
St. Boniface	440 57	.....	.....	.....	.....	539 50
St. Brigid	893 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	919 84
St. Cecilia	430 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	435 00
St. Charles Borromeo	273 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	334 77
St. Colomba	827 63	.....	.....	.....	.....	886 46
St Elizabeth	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Francis Xavier	3,157 48	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,362 35
St. Gabriel	1,159 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,169 62
St. Ignatius	744 89	.....	.....	.....	.....	881 02
St. James	1,443 49	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,467 52
St. Jerome	508 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	660 40
St. John Baptist	602 46	.....	.....	.....	.....	890 46
St. John the Evangelist	961 95	.....	.....	.....	.....	961 95
St. Joseph	998 93	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,046 43
St. Joseph, Manhattanville	318 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	369 99
St. Lawrence	1,363 82	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,392 02
St Mary	693 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	729 99
St. Mary Magdalen	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Michael	1,448 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,537 15
St. Monica	891 66	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,065 26
St. Nicholas	458 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	535 81
St. Patrick	1,062 89	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,430 76

St. Patrick's Cathedral	2,519 53					2,658 91
St. Paul	923 92					955 75
St. Paul the Apostle	5,071 73					5,282 06
St. Paul in St. Peter's	69 00					180 13
St. Peter	468 60					470 90
St. Raphael	1,023 54					1,083 56
St. Rose of Lima	675 81					865 79
St. Stephen	611 39					664 59
St. Teresa	1,079 98					1,189 68
St. Veronica	741 61					972 20
St. Vincent de Paul	1,724 58					1,821 72
St. Vincent Ferrer	1,195 05					1,195 05
Transfiguration	590 44					624 63
Conference of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rochester	381 49					659 27
Particular Council of Syracuse	50 00					50 00
Conferences:						
St. John the Baptist						
St. John's Cathedral						
St. Lucy	19 00					200 20
St. Mary						
Particular Council of Troy	1,560 41					2,311 37
Conferences:						
St. Francis	34 96					126 00
St. Joseph	596 91					1,010 18
St. Joseph, Green Island	33 84				$28 70	135 26
St. Mary	394 66					403 12
St. Michael	89 13				1 75	102 20
St. Patrick	137 70					186 16
St. Patrick, Watervliet	49 05					83 41
St. Peter	147 45				48 61	267 39
Soldiers and Sailors' Relief Society, Rochester						128 17
Spanish-American Benevolent Society, New York						10 98
Spanish Benevolent Society of New York	195 00					806 05
Sunday Breakfast Association of Brooklyn	817 96				162 00	1,384 06
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York						
Swiss Benevolent Society of New York (The)	5,027 18	$830 00	$2,027 50			9,551 35
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	1,200 00				249 00	3,249 00
United Hebrew Charities of the City of New York	19,560 00	248 24			*54,228 43	134,775 08
Willing Workers' Society and Institute, Brooklyn						
Wilson Industrial School and Mission, New York						
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo						
Young Friends' Aid Association, New York	901 33	101 32				1,572 99
Young Ladies' Charitable Society, New York		13 57				1,365 13
Young Women's Christian Association, Relief Committee, New York	1,100 00				500 00	1,600 00
Total	$257,053 29	$68,342 31	$112,931 34	$3,735 53	$112,338 64	$1,330,187 93

* Of this amount, $43,389.90 "from constituent societies."

TABLE No. 47.

Showing the expenditures of societies for general out-door relief for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Actors' Fund of America (The), New York			$1,800 00	$3,796 00			$342 84	
Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York			720 00	610 00		$404 93	203 95	$32 30
Artists' Aid Society, New York							17 30	
Austro-Hungarian Free Burial Association, New York				79 00			15 05	
Belgian Society of Benevolence, New York							31 74	
Bethany Day Nursery, Relief Department, New York								
Bethany Mission and Christian Home, Mount Vernon			405 00	532 40		517 04	54 11	
Beth El Sisterhood, New York			900 00	983 50		134 08	74 89	
Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor				5,927 26	$326 00	9,722 06	1,196 18	
Brooklyn Benevolent Society				2,000 00			407 25	2,748 25
Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society (The)		$5,000 00		*16,012 56			510 55	
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:								
Industrial School No. 1								
Industrial School No. 2								
Industrial School No. 4								
Industrial School No. 5								
Industrial School No. 6								
Calvary Relief Department (of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church), New York								
Children's Aid Society, New York:								
Brace Farm School, Kensico								
Emigration Department								
Homes, Temporary, for Boys:								
Brace Memorial Lodging House								
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House								
Tompkins Square Lodging House								
West Side Lodging House								
Homes, Temporary, for Children:								
Fogg Lodging House								
Homes, Temporary, for Girls:								
Elizabeth Home for Girls								

Industrial Schools:								
Avenue B								
Beach Street								
Duane Street								
East Side								
Fifty-third Street								
Forty-fourth Street								
German								
Henrietta								
Italian								
Jones Memorial								
Lord Memorial								
Mott Street								
Phelps								
Pike Street								
Rhinelander								
Sixth Street								
Sullivan Street								
Tompkins Square								
West Side								
West Side Italian								
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn		188 37	156 00	221 40		129 68		11 82
Doe Ye Nexte Thynge Society, New York			120 00	276 00		632 43	509 07	
Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, New York				50 00	29 30		28 85	
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Ass'n), New York				1,502 43			104 75	
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York			1,500 00	1,440 00			526 42	
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	$461 90		265 00	206 60			70 41	
Five Points Mission, New York								
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York							70 10	371 00
French Benevolent Society of New York								
German Ladies' Association of the City of Brooklyn							39 25	
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, New York							172 65	
German Society of Charity of Broooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn								
German Society of the City of New York	1,125 00		1,200 00	7,201 66	371 40		993 94	
Gertrude Aid Society, New York						18 79		
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York							27 01	
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York								
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn					101 66		39 77	
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D. (The)					50 00	78 52		
Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, Rochester					12 00	250 00		134 44
Hebrew Relief Society of the City of New York					35 65		22 27	
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany				1,184 10		1,475 00		
Hungarian Association of the City of New York								
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:								
Branch No. 1, J. W. Smith Memorial								
Branch No. 2								

*Includes salaries of missionaries.

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing Oct. 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Island Mission (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	$150 00	.....	$50 00	$42 38	.....
Italian Benevolent Society, New York	.....	.....	$264 00	240 00	.....	129 43	54 60	.....
Ladies' Benevolent Association of Greenpoint	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	126 00	.....	$2 31
Ladies' Benevolent Society of Schenectady	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ladies' Bikur Cholim Society, New York	.....	.....	336 00	661 54	$25 51	9 06	34 36	36 81
Ladies' Fuel and Aid Society, New York	.....	$14 00	28 60	.....	.....	1,094 95	81 60	.....
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	$4,262 62	.....	.....	1,100 00	.....	378 16	90 90	432 90
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Loan Relief Association (The), New York	.....	.....	104 00	420 80	.....	.....	43 03	.....
Marti Charity Association (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, New York	.....	.....	.....	727 35	.....	.....	37 98	.....
Memorial and Executive Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, Brooklyn	.....	1,379 23	.....	1,117 10	.....	.....	100 62	.....
Moderation Society (The), New York	.....	.....	200 00	1,165 00	522 00	.....	37 50	24 50
Monté Relief Society, New York	.....	.....	72 00	.....	.....	190 96	251 79	94 00
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor (The)	.....	.....	859 75	*40,647 11	.....	2,027 24	5,475 34	.....
New York Branch of the Needlework Guild of America	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	90 51	.....
New York Deaconesses' Home and Training School of the Methodist Episcopal Church, (The)	.....	.....	2,000 00	.....	.....	3,460 52	22 81	.....
New York Practical Aid Society	.....	.....	1,200 00	.....	865 00	910 85	40 00	.....
New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families Protective Association, New York	.....	.....	26 00	2,975 67	99 85	.....	898 34	.....
Passover Relief Association, New York	.....	.....	10 00	45 00	.....	.....	12 70	.....
People's Rescue Mission (The), Rochester	.....	.....	600 00	2,210 00	.....	.....	127 50	.....
Provident Association, Tarrytown	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rodoph Sholom Sisterhood, New York	.....	.....	235 50	1,323 25	5 05	9 06	172 50	5 79
St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, New York	.....	.....	650 04	900 00	.....	.....	280 24	.....
St. David's Society of the State of New York, New York	.....	.....	60 00	.....	.....	.....	40 11	.....
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. George's Society of New York	.....	.....	360 00	970 60	.....	.....	526 48	65 35
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	2,177 71	.....	1,218 26	138 05	.....

Shaary Tefilla Sisterhood, New York			264 00	204 57			50 25	50 00
Sisters of the Stranger, New York				600 00				
Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, New York				50 00		2,160 53	260 05	9,559 74
Society of St. Vincent de Paul:								
Particular Council of Albany							9 50	
Conferences:								
Immaculate Conception	236 00					1,090 23		109 85
St. Ann						105 05	1 95	
St. John						137 50		3 00
St. Joseph						1,044 32	2 00	6 39
St. Mary						320 25		8 10
St. Patrick						263 45	60	10 65
Particular Council of Brooklyn							138 42	
Conferences:								
Assumption		10 05				244 26	12 60	33 75
Blessed Sacrament								
Holy Name			25 00			209 85	4 50	41 85
Immaculate Conception						617 40		82 80
Nativity								
Our Lady of Good Counsel								
Our Lady of Mercy						565 00	15 00	50 05
Our Lady of Victory						306 23		
Presentation								
Sacred Heart						738 75	65 64	
St. Agnes			43 50			544 73	20 84	41 00
St. Ambrose								
St. Anne								
St. Anthony						2,228 75		184 75
St. Augustine								
St. Benedict						271 25		
St. Bridget						365 14		
St. Charles Borromeo						402 82	8 00	98 50
St. Edward								
St. Francis de Sales								
St. Francis Xavier								
St. James			10 00				75	90 00
St. John's Chapel			39 75					79 44
St. John the Baptist			204 05			605 37		170 70
St. John the Evangelist			19 00			907 92	1 00	59 00
St. Joseph								
St. Leonard of Port Maurice								
St. Malachy								
St. Mary, Long Island City								
St. Mary's Star of the Sea								
St. Matthew						182 49		7 50
St. Michael								

* Includes salaries of visitors and teachers of vacation schools.

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of Brooklyn—Conferences—(*Continued*):								
St. Michael, Flushing, L. I.								
St. Patrick						$2,083 50		$91 62
St. Patrick, Long Island City								
St. Paul						1,393 93		42 99
St. Peter								
St. Stephen								
St. Teresa								
St. Thomas Aquinas			$8 00			329 57		34 50
St. Vincent de Paul							$19 50	
Transfiguration						933 45	13 75	3 50
Visitation								
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo			305 90			309 44	3 76	143 20
Particular Council of Cohoes							75	
Conferences:								
St. Agnes						215 40	3 00	18 00
St. Bernard						53 31		
St. Joseph						9 00	50	
St. Patrick						3 49		
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton			16 00			573 75	60	1 50
Conference of St. Patrick, Newburgh								
Particular Council of New York				$820 00		393 04	167 35	
Conferences:								
All Saints						1,156 00		99 60
Annunciation								
Ascension			28 50			352 10		33 19
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer						7 25		3 00
Carmelite						572 70		2 00
Epiphany						912 08		184 25
Guardian Angel			27 25			340 50		9 25
Holy Cross			99 00			1,895 97		48 75
Holy Innocents						242 74		57 65

Holy Name			13 00			700 90		44 50
Holy Rosary			75 00			785 07		56 63
Immaculate Conception			21 50			906 25		152 05
Most Holy Redeemer			129 90			474 52		62 35
Nativity			120 25			266 00		70 15
Our Lady of Good Counsel			158 94			277 01		18 50
Our Lady of Mercy						135 50		
Our Lady of Mount Carmel			13 00			314 25		79 06
Our Lady of Perpetual Help			173 15			610 00		160 00
Our Lady of Sorrows						457 30		26 50
Our Lady Queen of Angels			18 50			280 25		21 02
Sacred Heart			210 79			3,269 50		363 90
Sacred Heart, Mount Vernon			38 50			252 89		147 34
St. Agnes			14 00			610 25		86 75
St. Alphonsus			23 50			865 15		135 58
St. Andrew			5 00			244 29		9 50
St. Ann						307 09		9 40
St. Anthony			71 50			1,388 25		165 10
St. Augustine						141 13		4 75
St. Bernard			39 00			1,069 50		144 40
St. Boniface			10 00			355 50		16 55
St. Brigid			113 00			758 25		11 35
St. Cecilia						434 00		
St. Charles Borromeo						291 92		10 10
St. Colomba			109 00			506 14		89 25
St. Elizabeth								
St. Francis Xavier			419 08			2,233 71		372 60
St. Gabriel						1,006 00		21 15
St. Ignatius			109 25			443 90		24 60
St. James			26 10			1,283 70		73 00
St. Jerome						499 53		41 12
St. John Baptist						292 75		1 00
St. John the Evangelist			113 65			811 20		37 50
St. Joseph						736 25		93 30
St. Joseph, Manhattanville						268 00		13 50
St. Lawrence			20 00			986 43		128 49
St. Mary			6 00			466 25		87 60
St. Mary Magdalen								
St. Michael						1,408 50		
St. Monica			41 00			748 75		82 42
St. Nicholas			11 25			318 65		3 16
St. Patrick			6 00			976 35		137 10
St. Patrick's Cathedral			185 75			1,536 50		150 93
St. Paul						835 50		78 47
St. Paul the Apostle						3,732 74		840 60
St. Paul in St. Peter's						87 30		2 25
St. Peter						376 60		26 50

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing Oct. 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of New York—Conferences—(*Continued*):								
St. Raphael						$775 50		$31 45
St. Rose of Lima						599 25		25 40
St Stephen			$50 50			402 83		110 58
St. Teresa			155 00			704 71		104 70
St. Veronica						496 45		40 20
St. Vincent de Paul			21 20			480 90		
St. Vincent Ferrer			23 00			1,060 70		
Transfiguration			5 00			468 67		
Conference of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rochester								
Particular Council of Syracuse								
Conferences:								
St. John the Baptist								
St. John's Cathedral								
St. Lucy						99 06		
St. Mary								
Particular Council of Troy						1,479 35		7 20
Conferences:								
St. Francis						43 50		
St. Joseph						545 22		
St. Joseph, Green Island						16 00		
St. Mary						329 50		
St. Michael						97 50		
St. Patrick						155 50		
St. Patrick, Watervliet						60 50		
St. Peter						221 63		
Soldiers and Sailors' Relief Society, Rochester								
Spanish American Benevolent Society, New York								
Spanish Benevolent Society of New York								
Sunday Breakfast Association of Brooklyn			350 00	$289 00		333 65	$57 35	
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York								
Swiss Benevolent Society of New York (The)				1,101 00		2,427 65	111 75	343 67

Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York			600 00	540 00	$4 40	125 00	124 00	
United Hebrew Charities of the City of New York	$1,290 00			15,430 65			5,868 05	7,573 15
Willing Workers' Society and Institute, Brooklyn								
Wilson Industrial School and Mission, New York								
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo								
Young Friends' Aid Association, New York	253 50					1,207 67	19 71	56 75
Young Ladies' Charitable Society, New York			70 00				64 75	
Young Women's Christian Association, Relief Committee, New York								
Total	$7,269 02	$6,591 65	$18,730 15	$117,889 26	$2,447 82	$93,935 83	$21,112 31	$27,812 66

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.
Actors' Fund of America (The), New York	$111 30	$291 45		$2 00	$3 00			
Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	51 85		$11 91					
Artists' Aid Society, New York								
Austro-Hungarian Free Burial Association, New York								$12 60
Belgian Society of Benevolence, New York								
Bethany Day Nursery, Relief Department, New York								
Bethany Mission and Christian Home, Mount Vernon	99 32						$647 43	
Beth El Sisterhood, New York	135 76			19 75	9 00		500 00	
Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	548 77							
Brooklyn Benevolent Society								
Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society (The)	14 81							354 17
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:								
Industrial School No. 1								
Industrial School No. 2								
Industrial School No. 4								
Industrial School No. 5								
Industrial School No. 6								
Calvary Relief Department (of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church), New York								
Children's Aid Society, New York:								
Brace Farm School, Kensico								
Emigration Department								
Homes, Temporary, for Boys:								
Brace Memorial Lodging House								
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House								
Tompkins Square Lodging House								
West Side Lodging House								
Homes, Temporary, for Children:								
Fogg Lodging House								
Homes, Temporary, for Girls:								
Elizabeth Home for Girls								
Industrial Schools:								
Avenue B								
Beach Street								

Duane Street								
East Side								
Fifty-third Street								
Forty fourth Street								
German								
Henrietta								
Italian								
Jones Memorial								
Lord Memorial								
Mott Street								
Phelps								
Pike Street								
Rhinelander								
Sixth Street								
Sullivan Street								
Tompkins Square								
West Side								
West Side Italian								
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn				9 60				
Doe Ye Nexte Thynge Society, New York								
Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, New York								
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Ass'n), New York								
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	262 12		266 00					
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	51 84	2 45			10 00		10 00	
Five Points Mission, New York								
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York								
French Benevolent Society of New York								
German Ladies' Association of the City of Brooklyn								
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, Brooklyn							489 75	
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn								
German Society of the City of New York	323 78	2,578 91						
Gertrude Aid Society, New York								
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York								
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York								
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn		91 30						
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D. (The)	145 00							
Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, Rochester								
Hebrew Relief Society of the City of New York								
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany	275 16		54 25	22 89	42 23			
Hungarian Association of the City of New York								
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:								
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)								
Branch No. 2								
Island Mission (The), New York			198 00					
Italian Benevolent Society, New York	5 94	2 00	9 75					
Ladies' Benevolent Association of Greenpoint	49 72	3 80						

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.
Ladies' Benevolent Society of Schenectady								
Ladies' Bikur Cholim Society, New York								
Ladies' Fuel and Aid Society, New York								
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	$459 39	$35 00		$854 95	$526 85	$167 04		
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York								
Loan Relief Association (The), New York	11 73	12 66					$84 00	
Marti Charity Association (The), New York								
Memorial Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, New York								
Memorial and Executive Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, Brooklyn							500 00	
Moderation Society (The), New York				150 00				
Monté Relief Society, New York	25 50	12 50						
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor (The)	1,258 06		$4,010 45	109 45	328 36	19,972 33		
New York Branch of the Needlework Guild of America				59 52				
New York Deaconess' Home and Training School of the Methodist Episcopal Church, (The)	227 59				5 33		1,000 00	$84 00
New York Practical Aid Society	100 00	40 00	90 60	35 00	8 00			
New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families Protective Association, New York								
Passover Relief Association, New York								
People's Rescue Mission (The), Rochester	209 30		309 54	244 71	10 00			
Provident Association, Tarrytown								
Rodoph Sholom Sisterhood, New York				39 34	200 00			
St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, New York			100 00					
St. David's Society of the State of New York, New York								
St Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York								
St George's Society of New York					31 00			
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York								
St. Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn	358 38	157 97	94 51	168 78	104 20			
Shaary Tefilla, Sisterhood, New York								
Sisters of the Stranger, New York								

Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, New York	744 50	181 75		775 00	88 38			
Society of St. Vincent de Paul:								
Particular Council of Albany								
Conferences:								
Immaculate Conception	242 00							
St. Ann								
St. John								
St. Joseph	35 96							
St. Mary	3 48							
St. Patrick	93 81							
Particular Council of Brooklyn								
Conferences:								
Assumption								
Blessed Sacrament								
Holy Name			1 00					
Immaculate Conception								
Nativity								
Our Lady of Good Counsel								
Our Lady of Mercy		41 50		215 00				
Our Lady of Victory								
Presentation								
Sacred Heart								
St. Agnes								
St. Ambrose								
St. Ann								
St. Anthony								
St. Augustine								
St. Benedict								
St. Bridget								
St. Charles Borromeo	4 75	10 00						
St. Edward								
St. Francis de Sales								
St. Francis Xavier								
St. James		25 80		75				
St. John's Chapel		17 50						
St. John the Baptist								
St. John the Evangelist								
St. Joseph								
St. Leonard, of Port Maurice								
St. Malachy								
St. Mary, Long Island City								
St. Mary, Star of the Sea								
St. Matthew								
St. Michael								
St. Michael, Flushing, L. I.								

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For repayment of loans.	For interest on loans.
Society of St Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of Brooklyn—(*Continued*):								
St. Patrick								
St. Patrick, Long Island City		$21 81						
St. Paul								
St. Peter								
St Stephen								
St. Teresa								
St. Thomas Aquinas		30 75						
St. Vincent de Paul								
Transfiguration		11 75						
Visitation								
Conference of St Ann, Buffalo	$38 85							
Particular Council of Cohoes								
Conference:								
St. Agnes	141 67	4 80						
St Bernard	31 55							
St. Joseph	15 00							
St. Patrick	14 50							
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton	25 00							
Conference of St Patrick, Newburgh								
Particular Council of New York		115 00						
Conferences:								
All Saints								
Annunciation								
Ascension	12 25							
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer								
Carmelite								
Epiphany	60 00							
Guardian Angel	42 00	6 00						
Holy Cross								
Holy Innocents								

Holy Name	5 26							
Holy Rosary								
Immaculate Conception							$84 52	
Most Holy Redeemer								
Nativity								
Our Lady of Good Counsel	40 00							
Our Lady of Mercy								
Our Lady of Mount Carmel								
Our Lady of Perpetual Help	51 25							
Our Lady of Sorrows	8 90							
Our Lady, Queen of Angels	47 52							
Sacred Heart	54 28	95 40						
Sacred Heart, Mount Vernon	3 40	35 45						
St Agnes								
St. Alphonsus	9 60							
St Andrew								
St. Ann								
St Anthony	49 85							
St. Augustine								
St. Bernard								
St. Boniface								
St. Brigid								
St. Cecilia								
St. Charles Borromeo								
St. Colomba								
St. Elizabeth								
St. Francis Xavier	40 10	69 81						
St. Gabriel		5 50						
St. Ignatius	67 40							
St. James	60 50							
St. Jerome								
St. John Baptist								
St. John the Evangelist								
St. Joseph	27 50							
St. Joseph, Manhattanville	2 25							
St. Lawrence	40 68	25 65						
St. Mary								
St. Mary Magdalen								
St. Michael								
St. Monica								
St. Nicholas	36 00							
St. Patrick								
St. Patrick's Cathedral	63 70							
St Paul	8 50							
St. Paul the Apostle	106 95	295 12						
St. Paul in St. Peter's								

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans	For interest on loans.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of New York—Conferences—(*Continued*):								
St Peter								
St. Raphael								
St. Rose of Lima								
St. Stephen								
St. Teresa								
St. Veronica								
St Vincent de Paul								
St. Vincent Ferrer								
Transfiguration								
Conference of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rochester								
Particular Council of Syracuse								
Conferences:								
St. John the Baptist								
St. John's Cathedral								
St. Lucy								
St. Mary								
Particular Council of Troy	$17 10							
Conferences:								
St. Francis								
St. Joseph								
St. Joseph, Green Island								
St. Mary								
St Michael								
St. Patrick								
St. Patrick, Watervliet								
St. Peter								
Soldiers and Sailors' Relief Society, Rochester								
Spanish-American Benevolent Society, New York								
Spanish Benevolent Society of New York								
Sunday Breakfast Association of Brooklyn	96 42			$69 29	$17 29			
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York								
Swiss Benevolent Society of New York (The)	200 99	$487 84	$106 20		38 00			

Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	75 00		30 00		2 00			
United Hebrew Charities of the City of New York	1,299 20	8,012 38						
Willing Workers' Society and Institute, Brooklyn								
Wilson Industrial School and Mission, New York								
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo								
Young Friends' Aid Association, New York								
Young Ladies' Charitable Society, New York								
Young Women's Christian Association, Relief Committee, New York								
Total	$8,642 99	$12,721 85	$5,282 21	$2,776 03	$1,423 64	$20,139 37	$3,315 70	$450 86

TABLE No. 47 (Continued)

INSTITUTIONS.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Actors' Fund of America (The), New York	[illegible]	[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York		[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Artists' Aid Society, New York		[illegible]				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Austro-Hungarian Free Burial Association, New York	150 00				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Belgian Society of Benevolence, New York	40 00		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bethany Day Nursery, Relief Department, New York						[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bethany Mission and Christian Home, Mount Vernon					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beth El Sisterhood, New York		[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Benevolent Society		[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society (The)					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:								
Industrial School No. 1								
Industrial School No. 2								
Industrial School No. 4								
Industrial School No. 5								
Industrial School No. 6								
Calvary Relief Department (of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church), New York								
Children's Aid Society, New York:								
Brace Farm School, Kensico								
Emigration Department								
Homes, Temporary, for Boys:								
Brace Memorial Lodging House								
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House								
Tompkins Square Lodging House								
West Side Lodging House								
Homes, Temporary, for Children:								
Fogg Lodging House								
Homes, Temporary, for Girls:								
Elizabeth Home for Girls								
Industrial Schools:								
Avenue B								
Beach Street								

Duane Street							
East Side							
Fifty-third Street							
Forty-fourth Street							
German							
Henrietta							
Italian							
Jones Memorial							
Lord Memorial							
Mott Street							
Phelps							
Pike Street							
Rhinelander							
Sixth Street							
Sullivan Street							
Tompkins Square							
West Side							
West Side Italian							
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn		33 75	24 30		52 06	826 98	
Doc Ye Nexte Thynge Society, New York		662 15			303 47	2,503 12	438 92
Down Town Hebrew Ladies Benevolent Society, New York		646 00				754 15	
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Ass'n), New York		970 90	303 99	$130 00	240 00	3,252 07	1,589 03
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York		9,125 56			376 23	13,496 33	6,867 88
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn		21 13			148 24	1,247 57	37 27
Five Points Mission, New York							
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York	3,067 50	1,168 50			1,554 00	6,231 10	1,554 47
French Benevolent Society of New York							
German Ladies' Association of the City of Brooklyn		1,177 85			325 00	1,542 10	937 64
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, New York		7,171 00			19 95	7,853 35	1,674 41
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn							
German Society of the City of New York	700 00	*11,882 50				26,376 19	2,767 69
Gertrude Aid Society, New York		14 00				32 79	427 15
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York		1,258 78				1,285 79	283 65
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York	113,517 45	16,150 00			30 00	129,697 45	186,065 40
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn		1,683 70			7 00	1,923 43	76 14
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn E. D. (The)		593 50				867 02	3,377 28
Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, Rochester						396 44	2,745 94
Hebrew Relief Association of the City of New York	50 00	1,167 00				1,274 92	63 88
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany					150 91	3,204 54	133 76
Hungarian Association of the City of New York							
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:							
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)							
Branch No. 2							
Island Mission (The), New York					144 95	585 33	79 97
Italian Benevolent Society, New York		163 46	307 40		148 39	1,324 97	3,419 70
Ladies' Benevolent Association of Greenpoint		17 00			59 00	257 83	32 63

* Includes relief for the homeless. † To Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum.

TABLE No. 47 (Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ladies' Benevolent Society of Schenectady	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ladies' Bikur Cholim Society, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ladies' Fuel and Aid Society, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Loan Relief Association (The), New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marti Charity Association (The), New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Memorial Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Memorial and Executive Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, Brooklyn	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Moderation Society (The), New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Monté Relief Society, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, (The)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Branch of the Needlework Guild of America	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Deaconess' Home and Training School of the Methodist Episcopal Church, (The)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Practical Aid Society	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families Protective Association, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Passover Relief Association, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
People's Rescue Mission (The), Rochester	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Provident Association, Tarrytown	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rodoph Sholom Sisterhood, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. David's Society of the State of New York, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. George's Society of New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shaary Tefilla Sisterhood, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sisters of the Stranger, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, New York	36,560 08			600 00		50,980 03	14,832 95
Society of St. Vincent de Paul:							
Particular Council of Albany					108 50	118 00	236 01
Conferences:							
Immaculate Conception					190 00	1,868 08	77 96
St. Ann					4 10	111 10	16 36
St. John					22 79	163 29	8 59
St. Joseph					50 75	1,139 42	4,139 35
St. Mary					15 00	346 83	63 58
St. Patrick					27 30	395 81	52 93
Particular Council of Brooklyn				25 00	1,203 66	1,367 08	87 16
Conferences:							
Assumption					35 25	335 91	
Blessed Sacrament							
Holy Name					56 21	338 41	107 06
Immaculate Conception					120 50	820 70	
Nativity							
Our Lady of Good Counsel							
Our Lady of Mercy		139 35		177 16		1,203 06	189 52
Our Lady of Victory						306 23	
Presentation							
Sacred Heart					182 10	986 49	198 47
St. Agnes					78 90	728 97	51 77
St. Ambrose							
St. Anne							
St. Anthony					436 36	2,849 86	108 09
St. Augustine							
St. Benedict						271 25	69 51
St. Bridget					17 27	382 41	16 59
St. Charles Borromeo		340 00	87 00		238 30	1,189 37	123 71
St. Edward							
St. Francis de Sales							
St. Francis Xavier							
St. James		798 00	63 20		85 00	1,073 50	23 70
St. John's Chapel		479 41			38 00	654 10	
St. John the Baptist					145 41	1,125 53	89 00
St. John the Evangelist					151 23	1,138 15	13 09
St. Joseph							
St. Leonard of Port Maurice							
St. Malachy							
St. Mary, Long Island City							
St. Mary, Star of the Sea							
St. Matthew					19 40	209 39	43 26
St. Michael							
St. Michael, Flushing, L. I.							

* Includes relief for the homeless.

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For investment.	For general out-door relief for the poor with homes.	For meals, lodgings and other relief for the homeless.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of Brooklyn—Conferences—(*Continued*):							
St. Patrick		$356 35			$249 00	$1,802 98	$338 89
St. Patrick, Long Island City		180 05				180 05	5 10
St Paul					174 69	1,611 61	
St. Peter							
St. Stephen							
St. Teresa		493 32				493 32	260 46
St. Thomas Aquinas					40 00	440 82	76 32
St Vincent de Paul		*1,095 74				1,115 24	39 70
Transfiguration			$123 10			1,086 55	51 08
Visitation							
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo					5 00	806 15	88 20
Particular Council of Cohoes						75	16 67
Conferences:							
St. Agnes					60 00	442 87	72 85
St. Bernard					63 00	147 86	85 62
St. Joseph					5 00	20 00	48 00
St. Patrick						17 00	50 51
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton					48 85	665 70	196 24
Conference of St. Patrick, Newburgh		253 10				253 10	517 00
Particular Council of New York			715 57		3,099 57	5,310 53	181 20
Conferences:							
All Saints					232 47	1,478 07	334 28
Annunciation							
Ascension					122 24	548 28	99 54
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer					10 53	20 78	24 95
Carmelite					14 57	580 27	85 79
Epiphany					56 18	1,212 51	414 25
Guardian Angel					20 00	445 00	49 88
Holy Cross					97 03	2,140 75	
Holy Innocents		1,005 50			21 33	1,837 29	20 05

Holy Name	.....	.....	.....	.....	129 20	892 86	696 01
Holy Rosary	.....	.....	.....	.....	70 00	926 70	6 66
Immaculate Conception	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 00	1,194 32	.....
Most Holy Redeemer	.....	.....	.....	.....	43 10	709 87	183 04
Nativity	.....	.....	.....	.....	63 80	520 20	81 82
Our Lady of Good Counsel	.....	.....	.....	.....	14 36	508 81	.....
Our Lady of Mercy	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 38	138 88	52 13
Our Lady of Mount Carmel	.....	.....	.....	.....	48 55	454 86	82 16
Our Lady of Perpetual Help	.....	.....	.....	.....	105 00	1,099 40	59 74
Our Lady of Sorrows	.....	.....	.....	.....	21 00	513 70	34 10
Our Lady, Queen of Angels	.....	.....	.....	.....	32 01	399 30	152 01
Sacred Heart	.....	.....	.....	.....	95 78	4,089 65	156 38
Sacred Heart, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....	.....	59 92	537 50	251 25
St. Agnes	.....	.....	.....	.....	108 25	819 25	139 45
St. Alphonsus	.....	.....	.....	.....	79 30	1,113 13	208 03
St. Andrew	.....	.....	.....	.....	17 50	276 29	50 01
St. Ann	.....	.....	.....	.....	38 50	354 99	76 75
St. Anthony	.....	.....	.....	.....	86 75	1,761 45	392 97
St. Augustine	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 45	196 33	59 63
St. Bernard	.....	.....	.....	.....	107 35	1,360 25	236 38
St. Boniface	.....	.....	.....	.....	43 07	425 12	114 38
St. Brigid	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	892 60	27 24
St. Cecilia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	434 00	1 00
St. Charles Borromeo	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 75	313 77	21 00
St. Colomba	.....	.....	.....	.....	107 39	811 78	74 68
St. Elizabeth	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Francis Xavier	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 80	3,322 10	40 25
St. Gabriel	.....	.....	.....	.....	112 34	1,144 99	24 63
St. Ignatius	.....	.....	.....	.....	58 28	703 43	177 59
St. James	.....	.....	.....	.....	122 00	1,565 30	.....
St. Jerome	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 00	570 65	89 75
St. John Baptist	.....	.....	.....	.....	375 76	669 51	220 95
St. John the Evangelist	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	962 25	.....
St. Joseph	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	937 05	109 38
St. Joseph, Manhattanville	.....	.....	.....	.....	14 60	298 35	71 64
St. Lawrence	.....	.....	.....	.....	43 00	1,244 25	147 77
St. Mary	.....	.....	.....	.....	34 00	593 85	136 14
St. Mary Magdalen	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Michael	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	1,433 50	103 65
St. Monica	.....	.....	.....	.....	96 03	968 20	97 06
St. Nicholas	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 00	389 06	146 75
St. Patrick	.....	.....	.....	.....	58 57	1,178 02	252 74
St. Patrick's Cathedral	.....	.....	.....	.....	138 55	2,075 43	583 48
St. Paul	.....	.....	.....	.....	33 55	956 02	.....
St. Paul the Apostle	.....	.....	.....	.....	76 36	5,051 77	230 29
St. Paul in St. Peter's	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 45	100 00	80 13

* Includes relief for the homeless.

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For investment.	For general out-door relief for the poor with homes.	For meals, lodgings and other relief for the homeless.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of Brooklyn—Conferences—(*Continued*):							
St. Patrick		$356 35			$249 00	$2,802 28	$338 89
St. Patrick, Long Island City		180 05				180 05	5 10
St Paul					174 69	1,611 61	
St. Peter							
St. Stephen							
St. Teresa		493 32				493 32	269 46
St. Thomas Aquinas					40 00	440 82	76 32
St Vincent de Paul		*1,095 74				1,115 24	39 70
Transfiguration			$123 10			1,085 55	51 08
Visitation							
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo					5 00	806 15	88 20
Particular Council of Cohoes						75	16 67
Conferences:							
St. Agnes					60 00	442 87	72 85
St. Bernard					63 00	147 86	85 62
St. Joseph					5 00	29 50	48 96
St. Patrick						17 99	56 51
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton					48 85	665 70	196 24
Conference of St. Patrick, Newburgh		253 10				253 10	517 09
Particular Council of New York			715 57		3,099 57	5,310 53	181 29
Conferences:							
All Saints					222 47	1,478 07	334 28
Annunciation							
Ascension					122 24	548 28	92 54
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer					10 53	20 78	24 95
Carmelite					14 57	589 27	35 72
Epiphany					56 18	1,212 51	414 25
Guardian Angel					20 00	445 00	49 83
Holy Cross					97 03	2,140 75	
Holy Innocents		1,005 50			21 33	1,327 22	26 95

Holy Name	.....	.....	.....	.....	129 20	892 86	696 01
Holy Rosary	.....	.....	.....	.....	70 00	926 70	6 66
Immaculate Conception	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 00	1,194 32	.....
Most Holy Redeemer	.....	.....	.....	.....	43 10	709 87	183 04
Nativity	.....	.....	.....	.....	63 80	520 20	81 82
Our Lady of Good Counsel	.....	.....	.....	.....	14 36	508 81	.....
Our Lady of Mercy	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 38	138 88	52 13
Our Lady of Mount Carmel	.....	.....	.....	.....	48 55	454 86	82 16
Our Lady of Perpetual Help	.....	.....	.....	.....	105 00	1,099 40	59 74
Our Lady of Sorrows	.....	.....	.....	.....	21 00	513 70	34 10
Our Lady, Queen of Angels	.....	.....	.....	.....	32 01	399 30	152 01
Sacred Heart	.....	.....	.....	.....	95 78	4,089 65	156 38
Sacred Heart, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....	.....	59 92	537 50	251 25
St. Agnes	.....	.....	.....	.....	108 25	819 25	139 45
St. Alphonsus	.....	.....	.....	.....	79 30	1,113 13	208 03
St. Andrew	.....	.....	.....	.....	17 50	276 29	50 01
St. Ann	.....	.....	.....	.....	38 50	354 99	76 75
St. Anthony	.....	.....	.....	.....	86 75	1,761 45	392 97
St. Augustine	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 45	196 33	59 63
St. Bernard	.....	.....	.....	.....	107 35	1,360 25	236 38
St. Boniface	.....	.....	.....	.....	43 07	425 12	114 38
St. Brigid	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00	892 60	27 24
St. Cecilia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	434 00	1 00
St. Charles Borromeo	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 75	313 77	21 00
St. Colomba	.....	.....	.....	.....	107 39	811 78	74 68
St. Elizabeth	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Francis Xavier	.....	.....	.....	.....	186 80	3,322 10	40 25
St Gabriel	.....	.....	.....	.....	112 34	1,144 99	24 63
St. Ignatius	.....	.....	.....	.....	58 28	703 43	177 59
St. James	.....	.....	.....	.....	122 00	1,565 30	.....
St. Jerome	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 00	570 65	89 75
St John Baptist	.....	.....	.....	.....	375 76	669 51	220 95
St. John the Evangelist	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	962 85	.....
St. Joseph	.....	.....	.....	.....	80 00	937 05	109 38
St. Joseph, Manhattanville	.....	.....	.....	.....	14 60	298 35	71 64
St. Lawrence	.....	.....	.....	.....	43 00	1,244 25	147 77
St. Mary	.....	.....	.....	.....	34 00	598 85	136 14
St. Mary Magdalen	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St Michael	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00	1,433 50	103 65
St. Monica	.....	.....	.....	.....	96 03	968 20	97 06
St. Nicholas	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 00	389 06	146 75
St. Patrick	.....	.....	.....	.....	58 57	1,178 02	252 74
St. Patrick's Cathedral	.....	.....	.....	.....	138 55	2,075 43	583 48
St. Paul	.....	.....	.....	.....	33 55	956 02	.....
St. Paul the Apostle	.....	.....	.....	.....	76 36	5,051 77	230 29
St. Paul in St. Peter's	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 45	100 00	80 13

* Includes relief for the homeless.

TABLE No. 48.

Showing the statistics of societies for general out-door relief for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons with homes relieved during the year.	Number of homeless persons relieved during the year.	Number of persons afforded fresh air relief during the year.	Number of persons for whom permanent employment was secured during the year	Number of persons for whom temporary employment was secured during the year.	Number of cases investigated for other organizations and private persons.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from other organizations.
Actors' Fund of America (The), New York	728						
Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	1,557						
Artists' Aid Society, New York	1						
Austro-Hungarian Free Burial Association, New York	*33						
Belgian Society of Benevolence, New York	226						
Bethany Day Nursery, Relief Department, New York	90		61		45		
Bethany Mission and Christian Home, Mount Vernon		603			400		
Beth El Sisterhood, New York	1,034		94	39	61		
Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	13,987						
Brooklyn Benevolent Society †							
Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society (The)		91,728			789		
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:							
Industrial School No. 1	50		35				9
Industrial School No. 2	45		65				
Industrial School No. 4	126		25				3
Industrial School No. 5			542				14
Industrial School No. 6	44		32				4
Calvary Relief Department (of Calvary Prot. Epis. Church), New York							
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Brace Farm School, Kensico				261			
Emigration Department				891			
Homes, Temporary, for Boys:							
Brace Memorial Lodging House				98	221		
Forty fourth Street Lodging House				14	44		
Tompkins Square Lodging House				10			
West Side Lodging House				2	8		
Homes, Temporary, for Children:							
Fogg Lodging House					2		
Homes, Temporary, for Girls:							
Elizabeth Home for Girls				212			

Industrial Schools:							
Avenue B.	363						
Beach Street	55						
Duane Street	185						
East Side.	368						
Fifty-third Street	293						
Forty-fourth Street	318						
German	350						
Henrietta	188						
Italian	335						
Jones Memorial	138						
Lord Memorial	275						
Mott Street	423						
Phelps	100						
Pike Street	200						
Rhinelander							
Sixth Street	540						
Sullivan Street	438						
Tompkins Square	373						
West Side	380						
West Side Italian.	463						
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn	3,625	103			80		
Dos Ye Nexte Thynge Society, New York	57	8	37	18	6		31
Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, New York	180						
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Association), New York	394	720	145	17	560		2,910
Emanuel Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	6,237		377	702	109	1	25
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn	221	5		8	28		
Five Points Mission, New York	4,925	500	134				
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York		22					
French Benevolent Society of New York	856	570		59			
German Ladies' Association of the City of Brooklyn	472						
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, New York	3,495						
German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn							
German Society of the City of New York	13,120			10,362			
Gertrude Aid Society, New York	21					40	
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York	141						
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York	2,200						
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn	1,578	82	600				
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D. (The)	1,080						
Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, Rochester†							
Hebrew Relief Society of the City of New York†							
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany‡	1,027				60		
Hungarian Association of the City of New York							
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:							
Branch No 1, (J W. Smith Memorial)	60		40				
Branch No. 2.	25		120				
Island Mission (The), New York							

* Burials. † Relief distributed mainly through other societies. ‡ Additional statistics on table 132.

TABLE No. 46—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons with homes relieved during the year.	Number of homeless persons relieved during the year.	Number of persons afforded fresh air relief during the year.	Number of persons for whom permanent employment was secured during the year.	Number of persons for whom temporary employment was secured during the year.	Number of cases investigated for other organizations and private persons.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from other organizations.
Italian Benevolent Society, New York	1,632	889	.....	.....	.....	15	.....
Ladies' Benevolent Association of Greenpoint	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ladies' Benevolent Society of Schenectady	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ladies' Bikur Cholim Society, New York	438	15	.....	5	.....	.....	.....
Ladies' Fuel and Aid Society, New York	1,014	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York	1,928	.....	500	47	153	94	.....
Ladies Union Relief Association, New York	21	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Loan Relief Association (The), New York	152	180	150	30	58	.....	10
Marti Charity Association (The), New York	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, New York	35	200	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Memorial and Executive Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, Brooklyn	225	210	.....	.....	104	.....	.....
Moderation Society (The), New York	550	.....	.....	7	49	490	.....
Monté Relief Society of New York	350	12	.....	15	10	.....	.....
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor (The)	20,466	2,850	17,496	*4,404	.....	.....	.....
New York Branch of the Needlework Guild of America	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Deaconess' Home and Training School of the Methodist Episcopal Church (The)	2,623	658	602	82	108	.....	87
New York Practical Aid Society	1,600	2,000	200	25	160	15	50
New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families Protective Association, New York	934	.....	.....	40	5	.....	.....
Passover Relief Association, New York	580	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
People's Rescue Mission (The), Rochester	675	4,200	.....	25	225	.....	15
Provident Association, Tarrytown	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rodeph Sholom Sisterhood, New York	135	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, New York	1,552	1,262	.....	*196	.....	225	.....
St. David's Society of the State of New York, New York	4	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	63	3,000	75	14	.....	8	.....
St. George's Society of New York	44	1,437	.....	25	125	.....	164
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York	125	.....	500	1,304	.....	.....	.....
St Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn	10,867	48,130	227	51	189	168	300
Shaary Tefilla Sisterhood, New York	247	.....	.....	7	14	.....	.....
Sisters of the Stranger, New York	45	256	50	.....	50	.....	.....
Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, New York	1,851	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Society of St. Vincent de Paul:							
Particular Council of Albany:							
Conferences:							
Immaculate Conception	278				4		
St. Ann	214				2		
St. John	70				1		
St. Joseph	186						
St. Mary	101						
St. Patrick	83				1		
Particular Council of Brooklyn:							
Conferences:							
Assumption	150	25	100	10		10	
Blessed Sacrament							
Holy Name	110						
Immaculate Conception	230			2			
Nativity							
Our Lady of Good Counsel							
Our Lady of Mercy	752						
Our Lady of Victory	60			2	3		
Presentation							
Sacred Heart	170						
St. Agnes	220			4	5	15	75
St. Ambrose							
St. Anne							
St. Anthony	890						
St. Augustine							
St. Benedict	46						
St. Bridget	80						
St. Charles Borromeo	748	75					
St. Edward							
St. Francis de Sales							
St. Francis Xavier							
St. James							
St. John's Chapel	165						
St. John the Baptist	325						
St. John the Evangelist	83						
St. Joseph							
St. Leonard of Port Maurice							
St. Malachy							
St. Mary, Long Island City							
St. Mary, Star of the Sea							
St. Matthew	192						
St. Michael							
St. Michael, Flushing, L. I.							
St. Patrick	1,772						
St. Patrick, Long Island City	593			2			
St. Paul							
St. Peter							

*** Includes temporary employment.**

TABLE No. 48—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons with homes relieved during the year.	Number of homeless persons relieved during the year.	Number of persons afforded fresh air relief during the year.	Number of persons for whom permanent employment was secured during the year.	Number of persons for whom temporary employment was secured during the year.	Number of cases investigated for other organizations and private persons.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from other organizations.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of Brooklyn—Conferences—(*Con.*)							
St. Stephen							
St. Teresa	208	1					
St. Thomas Aquinas	227			4			
St Vincent de Paul	400						
Transfiguration							
Visitation							
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo	668						
Particular Council of Cohoes:							
Conferences.							
St Agnes	91						
St. Bernard	38						
St. Joseph	9						
St. Patrick	20						
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton	53						
Conference of St. Patrick, Newburgh	231						
Particular Council of New York:							
Conferences:							
All Saints	209			4			
Annunciation							
Ascension	57						
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer	3						
Carmelite	286						
Epiphany	212			1			
Guardian Angel	97			9	1		
Holy Cross	230			3			
Holy Innocents	114			1			
Holy Name	59			3			
Holy Rosary	53			3			
Immaculate Conception	135						
Most Holy Redeemer	147						
Nativity	67			3			
Our Lady of Good Counsel	27			3			
Our Lady of Mercy	29						

Our Lady of Mount Carmel	27						
Our Lady of Perpetual Help	103			1			
Our Lady of Sorrows	64						
Our Lady, Queen of Angels	48						
Sacred Heart	691			11			
Sacred Heart, Mount Vernon	314			8			
St. Agnes	79			2			
St. Alphonsus	238			3			
St. Andrew	28						
St. Ann	15						
St. Anthony	215			34			
St. Augustine	46			4			
St. Bernard	160			10			
St. Boniface	102						
St. Brigid	104						
St. Cecilia	225			3			
St. Charles Borromeo	53			6			
St. Colomba	841			5			
St. Elizabeth							
St. Francis Xavier	243						
St. Gabriel	294						
St. Ignatius	64			4			
St. James	272						
St. Jerome	85			3	4		
St. John Baptist	60			1			
St. John the Evangelist	193			8			
St. Joseph	576						
St. Joseph, Manhattanville	69				24		
St. Lawrence	67						
St. Mary	65			1			
St. Mary Magdalen							
St. Michael	719			4			
St. Monica	381						
St. Nicholas	45						
St. Patrick	485			3			
St. Patrick's Cathedral	117			17			
St. Paul	181			3			
St. Paul the Apostle	616						
St. Paul in St. Peter's	14						
St. Peter	99						
St. Raphael	111			12			
St. Rose of Lima	106						
St. Stephen	92						
St. Teresa	129						
St. Veronica	119			8			
St. Vincent de Paul	65						
St. Vincent Ferrer	146			15			
Transfiguration	55						
Conference of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rochester	240						

TABLE No. 48—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from private sources.	Number of persons placed in hospitals or institutions.	Number of cases in which legal advice or assistance was given.	Number of societies and churches co-operating.	Number of volunteer visitors.	Number of frauds exposed or suppressed.	Number of persons aided with transportation.
Children's Aid Society, New York—(*Continued*):							
Industrial Schools:							
Avenue B							
Beach Street							
Duane Street							
East Side							
Fifty-third street							
Forty-fourth Street							
German							
Henrietta							
Italian							
Jones Memorial							
Lord Memorial							
Mott Street							
Phelps							
Pike Street							
Rhinelander							
Sixth Street							
Sullivan Street							
Tompkins Square							
West Side							
West Side Italian							
Christian Rescue Temperance Union, Brooklyn					10		
Doe Ye Nexte Thynge Society, New York		5	1	14	10		
Down Town Hebrew Ladies' Benevolent Society, New York							
Down Town Relief Bureau (of the Trinity Church Association), New York		222				1,074	
Emanu El Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	15	11	16		23	14	40
Faraday Institute of Education and Philanthropy, Brooklyn		12					
Five Points Mission, New York							
French Benevolent Society of the Ladies of St. Vincent de Paul, New York							
French Benevolent Society of New York		27	1,697		12		
German Ladies' Association of the City of Brooklyn					20		
German Ladies' Society for the Relief of Destitute Widows, Orphans and Sick Persons, New York							

German Society of Charity of Brooklyn and Long Island, Brooklyn							
German Society of the City of New York							
Gertrude Aid Society, New York	31				5		
Harlem Relief Society of the City of New York							
Havens Relief Fund Society, New York							
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn					5		
Hebrew Benevolent Society of Brooklyn, E. D. (The)					3		
Hebrew Ladies' Aid Society, Rochester*							
Hebrew Relief Society of the City of New York*							
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany†				40			
Hungarian Association of the City of New York							
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.:							
Branch No. 1 (J. W. Smith Memorial)							
Branch No. 2							
Island Mission (The), New York							
Italian Benevolent Society, New York		12					
Ladies' Benevolent Association of Greenpoint							
Ladies' Benevolent Society of Schenectady							
Ladies' Bikur Cholim Society, New York					8	16	
Ladies' Fuel and Aid Society, New York							
Ladies' Helping Hand Association of the City of New York		22			47		
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York			2		12		
Loan Relief Association (The), New York		50	2		200		
Marti Charity Association (The), New York							
Memorial Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, New York							
Memorial and Executive Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic, Relief Bureau, Brooklyn		5				3	
Moderation Society (The), New York	29	3	4			5	
Monté Relief Society of New York		6	3				
New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor (The)		14					
New York Branch of the Needlework Guild of America							
New York Deaconesses' Home and Training School of the Methodist Episcopal Church (The)		182			41		
New York Practical Aid Society	16	10	5	2	7	100	
New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families Protective Association, New York							
Passover Relief Association, New York							
People's Rescue Mission (The), Rochester		15		50			
Provident Association, Tarrytown							
Rodoph Sholom Sisterhood, New York							
St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York, New York		15		4		207	
St. David's Society of the State of New York, New York		2	1				
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York		22			20		
St. George's Society of New York		18					
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York		100					
St. Phebe's Mission, Brooklyn	12	67	6	52	274	90	
Shaary Tefilla Sisterhood, New York		4	1		7		
Sisters of the Stranger, New York							
Society for the Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children, New York					42		

* Relief distributed mainly through other societies. † Additional statistics on table 132.

TABLE No. 48—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from private sources.	Number of persons placed in hospitals or institutions.	Number of cases in which legal advice or assistance was given.	Number of societies and churches co-operating.	Number of volunteer visitors.	Number of funds expended or supplied.	Number of persons aided with transportation.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul:							
Particular Council of Albany:							
Conferences:							
Immaculate Conception					30		
St. Ann					18		
St. John					15		
St. Joseph					17		
St. Mary					10		
St. Patrick					18		4
Particular Council of Brooklyn:							
Conferences:							
Assumption					18		
Blessed Sacrament							
Holy Name							
Immaculate Conception		8			20		
Nativity							
Our Lady of Good Counsel							
Our Lady of Mercy							
Our Lady of Victory		6			19		
Presentation							
Sacred Heart					16		
St. Agnes	50	5		1	17		
St. Ambrose							
St. Anne							
St Anthony					26		
St Augustine							
St Benedict				1	8		
St. Bridget					9		
St. Charles Borromeo		5			17		
St. Edward							
St. Francis de Sales							
St. Francis Xavier							
St. James							

St. John's Chapel							
St. John the Baptist					22		
St. John the Evangelist				1	42		
St Joseph							
St. Leonard of Port Maurice							
St. Malachy							
St. Mary, Long Island City							
St. Mary Star of the Sea							
St. Matthew					17		
St. Michael							
St. Michael, Flushing, L. I.							
St. Patrick							
St. Patrick, Long Island City				1	288		
St. Paul							
St. Peter							
St. Stephen							
St. Teresa		6		1			
St. Thomas Aquinas							
St. Vincent de Paul					22		
Transfiguration							
Visitation							
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo		14					
Particular Council of Cohoes:							
Conferences:							
St. Agnes							
St. Bernard				1			
St. Joseph							
St. Patrick							
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton		1		1	14		
Conference of St. Patrick, Newburgh							
Particular Council of New York:							
Conferences:							
All Saints					24		
Annunciation							
Ascension					19		
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer					13		
Carmelite					29		
Epiphany					30		
Guardian Angel					8		
Holy Cross					18		
Holy Innocents					25		
Holy Name					27		
Holy Rosary					15		
Immaculate Conception					20		
Most Holy Redeemer					32		
Nativity					12		
Our Lady of Good Counsel					6		
Our Lady of Mercy					21		
Our Lady of Mount Carmel					18		

TABLE No. 47—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For investment.	For general out-door relief for the poor with homes.	For meals, lodgings and other relief for the homeless.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of Brooklyn—Conferences—(*Continued*):							
St. Patrick		$356 35			$249 00	$2,802 28	$338 89
St. Patrick, Long Island City		180 05				180 05	5 10
St Paul					174 69	1,611 61	
St. Peter							
St. Stephen							
St. Teresa		493 32				493 32	269 46
St. Thomas Aquinas					40 00	440 82	76 33
St Vincent de Paul		*1,095 74				1,115 24	39 70
Transfiguration			$123 10			1,085 55	51 08
Visitation							
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo					5 00	806 15	88 20
Particular Council of Cohoes						75	16 67
Conferences:							
St. Agnes					60 00	442 87	72 85
St. Bernard					63 00	147 86	85 63
St. Joseph					5 00	29 50	48 96
St. Patrick						17 99	56 51
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton					48 85	665 70	196 24
Conference of St. Patrick, Newburgh		253 10				253 10	517 09
Particular Council of New York			715 57		3,099 57	5,310 53	181 29
Conferences:							
All Saints					222 47	1,478 07	334 28
Annunciation							
Ascension					122 24	548 28	92 54
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer					10 53	20 78	24 95
Carmelite					14 57	589 27	35 73
Epiphany					56 18	1,212 51	414 25
Guardian Angel					20 00	445 00	49 83
Holy Cross					97 03	2,140 73	
Holy Innocents		1,005 50			21 33	1,627 24	26 05

St. Patrick					31		
St. Patrick's Cathedral					41		
St. Paul					10		
St. Paul the Apostle					15		
St. Paul in St. Peter's					8		
St. Peter					9		
St. Raphael					20		
St. Rose of Lima					19		
St. Stephen					20		
St. Teresa					21		
St. Veronica					15		
St. Vincent de Paul					7		
St. Vincent Ferrer					13		
Transfiguration					7		
Conference of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Rochester							
Particular Council of Syracuse:							
Conferences:							
St. John the Baptist							
St. John's Cathedral							
St. Lucy	11			1			
St. Mary							
Particular Council of Troy:							
Conferences:							
St. Francis							
St. Joseph							
St. Joseph, Green Island							
St. Mary							
St. Michael							
St. Patrick							
St. Patrick, Watervliet							
St. Peter							
Soldiers and Sailors' Relief Society, Rochester							
Spanish-American Benevolent Society, New York							
Spanish Benevolent Society of New York		8					
Sunday Breakfast Association of Brooklyn							
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York							
Swiss Benevolent Society of New York (The)		50					
Temple Israel Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York		20			18	2	8
United Hebrew Charities of the City of New York				17			
Willing Workers' Society and Institute, Brooklyn							
Wilson Industrial School and Mission, New York		20			1		
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo		7					
Young Friends' Aid Association, New York							
Young Ladies' Charitable Society, New York							
Young Women's Christian Association, Relief Committee, New York		11		11			
Total	183	1,361	1,738	315	2,800	1,511	1,635

TABLE No. 48.

Showing the statistics of societies for general out-door relief for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons with homes relieved during the year.	Number of homeless persons relieved during the year.	Number of persons afforded fresh air relief during the year.	Number of persons for whom permanent employment was secured during the year.	Number of persons for whom temporary employment was secured during the year.	Number of cases investigated for other organizations and private persons.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from other organizations.
Actors' Fund of America (The), New York	728						
Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service, New York	1,557						
Artists' Aid Society, New York	1						
Austro-Hungarian Free Burial Association, New York	*33						
Belgian Society of Benevolence, New York	296						
Bethany Day Nursery, Relief Department, New York	90		61		45		
Bethany Mission and Christian Home, Mount Vernon		603			400		
Beth El Sisterhood, New York	1,034		94	39	61		
Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	13,987						
Brooklyn Benevolent Society †							
Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society (The)		91,728			789		
Brooklyn Industrial Association and Home for Destitute Children:							
Industrial School No. 1	50		35				9
Industrial School No. 2	45		65				
Industrial School No. 4	126		95				3
Industrial School No. 5			542				14
Industrial School No. 6	44		32				4
Calvary Relief Department (of Calvary Prot. Epis. Church), New York							
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Brace Farm School, Kensico				261			
Emigration Department				891			
Homes, Temporary, for Boys:							
Brace Memorial Lodging House				98	221		
Forty fourth Street Lodging House				14	44		
Tompkins Square Lodging House				10			
West Side Lodging House				2	8		
Homes, Temporary, for Children:					2		
Fogg Lodging House							
Homes, Temporary, for Girls:				*19			
Elizabeth Home for Girls							

Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor of the City of New York:			
Home on Seventieth Street	225,000 00		225,000 00
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street	175,000 00		175,000 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy	90,700 00		90,700 00
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo**			
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York	378,725 27	11,519 16	390,244 43
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers	150,000 00		150,000 00
Home for Aged Men, Albany	35,000 00	85,630 86	120,630 86
Home for Aged Men, Utica	45,566 45	55,725 96	101,292 41
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton	12,000 00	2,400 00	14,400 00
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes	8,000 00		8,000 00
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia	9,000 00	7,247 00	16,247 00
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam	500 00		500 00
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo	91,202 33	92,637 56	183,839 89
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady	5,500 00	43,430 41	48,930 41
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)	13,200 00	3,928 07	17,128 07
Home for the Homeless, Oswego	25,000 00	10,572 93	35,572 93
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica	27,000 00	119,546 32	146,546 32
Home Hotel Association, New York	3,800 00		3,800 00
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn††			
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York	186,858 80	10,000 00	196,858 80
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton	9,000 00	6,600 00	15,600 00
House of Providence of the county of Onondaga, Syracuse*			
Isabella Heimath, New York	579,181 71	312,986 43	892,168 14
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females	22,000 00	200,500 00	222,500 00
Lockport Odd Fellows Home (of the Odd Fellows Home Association of the State of New York)	29,205 00	564 81	29,769 81
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis	31,708 81	7,974 12	39,682 93
Marien Heim, Brooklyn		12,750 00	12,750 00
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton	28,916 00	11,000 00	39,916 00
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Association), Mt. Vernon	15,000 00	26,000 00	41,000 00
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mount Vernon††			
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica	301,059 99		301,059 99
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)	150,000 00	51,479 55	201,479 55
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York††			
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)	50,000 00	50,000 00	100,000 00
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston††			
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk	8,800 00	3,000 00	11,800 00
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida	7,800 00	10,547 34	18,347 34
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford	17,000 00		17,000 00
Open Door Mission, Albany	8,500 00		8,500 00
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies Home Society of Orange County), Middletown	18,900 26	5,243 44	24,143 70
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo*			
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry*			
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York	11,796 00	16,500 00	28,296 00
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York	125,000 00	215,000 00	340,000 00

* Finances and remaining statistics on tables 57-60. † For additional statistics see table 60. ‡ Finances included above. § See Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females. ** Finances and additional statistics on tables 85-88. †† Home not open October 1, 1898.

TABLE No. 49 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Indebtedness October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness October 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless						
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York		$3,500 00	$3,500 00		$3,500 00	$3,500 00
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)						
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)						
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York		466 96	466 96			
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York					1,600 00	1,600 00
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People	$4,100 00		4,100 00	$4,100 00		4,100 00
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men	2,000 00		2,000 00			
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home		575 00	575 00		575 00	575 00
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females						
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York						
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo*						
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich						
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn :*						
Home for the Aged						
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y						
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation						
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	1,500 00		1,500 00	1,500 00		1,500 00
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer						
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh						
Gallaudet Home for Deaf Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mutes), Poughkeepsie	7,500 00	916 85	8,416 85		388 61	388 61
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)	31,500 00		31,500 00	29,500 00		29,500 00
German Masonic Home, Tappan						
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport†		2,236 29	2,236 29		1,500 00	1,500 00
Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York†						
House of Simeon‡						
House of Anna‡						
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn**						
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn	4,500 00		4,500 00	4,500 00		4,500 00
Henry Keep Home, Watertown					1,588 80	1,588 80
Home for the Aged, Elmira						
Home for the Aged, Hudson						
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Cummunion, New York						
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany		13,000 00	13,000 00		14,000 00	14,000 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn					15,000 00	15,000 00

* Finances and remaining statistics on tables 57-70. † For additional statistics see table 60. ‡ Finances included above. ** See Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females.

TABLE No. 48—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons with homes relieved during the year.	Number of homeless persons relieved during the year.	Number of persons afforded fresh air relief during the year.	Number of persons for whom permanent employment was secured during the year.	Number of persons for whom temporary employment was secured during the year.	Number of cases investigated for other organizations and private persons.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from other organizations.
Society of St. Vincent de Paul—Particular Council of Brooklyn—Conferences—(*Con.*)							
St. Stephen							
St. Teresa	208	1					
St. Thomas Aquinas	227			4			
St. Vincent de Paul	400						
Transfiguration							
Visitation							
Conference of St. Ann, Buffalo	668						
Particular Council of Cohoes:							
Conferences.							
St. Agnes	91						
St. Bernard	38						
St. Joseph	9						
St. Patrick	20						
St. Vincent de Paul Society in New Brighton	53						
Conference of St. Patrick, Newburgh	231						
Particular Council of New York:							
Conferences:							
All Saints	209			4			
Annunciation							
Ascension	57						
Blessed Father Clemence Hofbauer	3						
Carmelite	286						
Epiphany	212			1			
Guardian Angel	97			9	1		
Holy Cross	230			3			
Holy Innocents	114			1			
Holy Name	59			3			
Holy Rosary	53			3			
Immaculate Conception	135						
Most Holy Redeemer	147			3			
Nativity	67						
Our Lady of Good Counsel	27			3			
Our Lady of Mercy	90						

Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk	3,000 00	726 00	3,726 00	3,000 00	31 00	3,031 00
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida						
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford						
Open Door Mission, Albany		250 00	250 00		150 00	150 00
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown						
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo‡						
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry‡						
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York						
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York						
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.						
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester‡						
Rochester Home for the Friendless					634 50	634 50
Rochester Home of Industry	17,000 00	2,005 00	19,005 00	17,000 00	2,005 00	19,005 00
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I						
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica*						
St. Francis Asylum of the City of Buffalo, N. Y.	1,276 00	2,021 71	3,297 71		1,784 12	1,784 12
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers						
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York	88,000 00	2,804 81	90,804 81	77,000 00	3,201 78	80,201 78
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica*						
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York						
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank§						
St Philip's Parish Home, New York	8,000 00		8,000 00	8,000 00		8,000 00
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York						
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh						
Society for Deaconesses' Work, Home for the Aged, Buffalo**						
Society of St. Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn ‡						
Syracuse Home Association						
The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca						
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York						
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie						
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	8,000 00		8,000 00	8,000 00		8,000 00
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn					3,480 00	3,480 00
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders New York††						
Total	$302,494 69	$46,017 49	$348,512 18	$249,300 00	$54,510 12	$303,810 12

* Finances and additional statistics on tables 85-88. † Home not open October 1, 1898. ‡ Finances and remaining statistics on tables 57-60. § Finances and additional statistics on tables 93-96. ** See Home for the Aged of the Society for Deaconesses' Work, Buffalo. †† For additional statistics see table 36.

Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York	106 05						
House of Simeon							
House of Anna							
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn							
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn	230 47		100 00	835 82			639 62
Henry Keep Home, Watertown							
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira	1,138 43					714 25	
Home for the Aged, Hudson	754 99			245 00	500 00		
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York	374 60			1,503 50			
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany	14,812 18				1,051 75		
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn	7,636 00		2,060 00	1,938 00	1,890 00		
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor of the City of New York:							
Home on Seventieth Street	168 00			517 00	3,301 00		
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street	644 00			2,529 00	5,601 00		
Home for the Aged of the Little Listers of the Poor, Troy	190 45			387 00	1,000 00		
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work) Buffalo							
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York	18,492 19		500 00		10,322 22	26,080 00	
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers	986 30				500 00	14,600 00	
Home for Aged Men, Albany				1,738 89	50,000 00		
Home for Aged Men, Utica	906 82				500 00	31 35	
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton	2,044 59				200 00	300 00	
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes	1,210 00			184 00		542 00	
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia	540 31				3,000 00	25 00	15 40
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam				*836 30		220 00	391 36
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo	13,809 55		94 56	1,290 39	4,250 00		
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady	1,149 90					300 00	
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the town of Saratoga Springs)	615 67			833 00			656 78
Home for the Homeless, Oswego	1,519 16			992 00			279 74
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica	3,778 36			1,310 05	1,500 00		
Home Hotel Association, New York	438 34			*7,970 75		28 00	2,155 32
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn							
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York	61 22			5,625 00	5,625 00		
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton	345 62			111 07		300 00	
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse							
Isabella Heimath, New York	1,223 45					3,075 50	
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females	12,274 66						
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)	1,391 65					165 00	65 00
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis	5,773 37					2,769 35	766 01
Marien Heim, Brooklyn	10,320 78			1,394 37		220 46	141 90
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton	2,508 15			*375 00	1,600 00		665 87
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Ass'n), Mt. Vernon	917 88					170 00	
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon							

* Includes entrance fees.

TABLE No. [illegible]

INSTITUTIONS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca	527 45	.....	104 00	*597 80	359 00	22 75	.....
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,070 57	400 00	.....
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie	3,561 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	4,908 42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn	567 73	.....	320 00	*5,270 60	1,700 00	825 00	.....
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York	6,785 45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$371,978 65	$3,229 23	$27,280 11	$118,263 04	$170,740 75	$62,420 74	$31,694 97

* Includes entrance fees.

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INSTITUTIONS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless	[illegible]	[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females in the City of New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	
Auburn Home for the Friendless [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]		
Baptist Home of Brooklyn [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]				
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York	[illegible]	[illegible]				
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People	[illegible]	[illegible]				
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]			
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]		
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]				
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo						
Home for the Aged						
Chemung Valley Home [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]			[illegible]
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn						
Home for the Aged						
Church Home of the City of New York	[illegible]		[illegible]			
Church Home of [illegible] the Protestant Orphan Foundling		[illegible]	[illegible]			[illegible]
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and the Vicinity					[illegible]	[illegible]
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer	[illegible]	[illegible]				
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Poughkeepsie		[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]
Dutchess Home for Deaf Mutes of the Church Mission to Deaf Mutes, Poughkeepsie		[illegible]				[illegible]
German Evangelical Home of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
German Masonic Home, Lafayette	[illegible]					
German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphan Asylum, Indianapolis	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]

Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York	6,580 50					6,686 55
House of Simeon						
House of Anna						
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn						
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association) Brooklyn	154 00			50 00	40 16	2,050 07
Henry Keep Home, Watertown				1,588 80	14,053 00	15,641 80
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira	100 68	480 00	1,041 18		107 95	3,582 49
Home for the Aged, Hudson		3,963 25	9,554 38		1 50	15,019 12
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York	185 00	1,000 00			6,812 36	9,875 46
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany	4,182 85				2,000 00	22,046 78
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn	9,625 00			15,000 00	6,883 00	45,032 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor of the City of New York:						
Home on Seventieth street	13,256 00					17,242 00
Home on One Hundred and Sixth street	40,618 00					43,392 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy	6,398 00				284 00	8,259 45
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo						
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York	6,869 96	512 30			2,366 17	65,142 84
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers	834 21				908 70	17,829 21
Home for Aged Men, Albany	3,058 00	3,148 45	4,802 23	4,050 00		66,797 57
Home for Aged Men, Utica	519 00	2,785 79	3,000 00		3,367 10	11,113 06
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton	613 04	217 43			19 42	3,394 48
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes					600 00	2,536 00
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia	354 53	167 15	90 00		1,015 44	5,207 83
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam	732 35	4 50				2,184 51
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo	1,480 50	5,621 70	13,300 00		692 18	40,538 88
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady		2,247 02	4,300 00		18 60	7,915 52
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)	137 26					2,242 71
Home for the Homeless, Oswego	1,266 00	490 37			94 78	4,642 05
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica	98 92	6,143 23	6,900 00		111 56	19,843 12
Home Hotel Association, New York	2,612 50		1,143 40		35 00	14,383 31
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn						
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York	2,350 38		39,968 59		20 00	53,650 19
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton	142 06	354 90			45 35	1,298 94
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse						
Isabella Heimath, New York	3,521 73	17,661 73	54,750 00		3,460 96	83,692 87
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females		11,645 65				23,920 31
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)	33 97	106 00			7,057 26	8,818 88
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis	303 50	155 82			5,100 82	14,868 87
Marien Heim, Brooklyn		198 46			590 00	12,875 97
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton	4,141 74	511 70			542 87	10,340 33
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Ass'n), Mt. Vernon	176 34	22 26	1,530 55		108 77	2,925 80
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon						

TABLE No. 50.—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions	From interest and dividends on investments	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments	From money borrowed	From all other sources	Total receipts [illegible]
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica		$8,000 00			$8,[illegible] 15	$[illegible] 15
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)	$1,505 34	2,[illegible]0 07	$5,[illegible]0 00		[illegible]	18,[illegible]
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York						
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)	616 20	2,178 90			[illegible]	8,770 97
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston						
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk	1,223 70	60 00			[illegible] 41	[illegible]
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida	217 20	469 65	1,700 00		[illegible]	[illegible]
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford	1,730 75					1,730 75
Open Door Mission, Albany	50 00	60 00				1,[illegible] 01
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown	100 44	128 75			2,[illegible] 75	7,[illegible]
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo						
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry						
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York	1,[illegible] 00	[illegible] 79			1 [illegible]	[illegible]
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York	[illegible] 42	16,487 50	6,150 00			[illegible]
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.	5 00	1,019 15		$405 00	150 00	[illegible]
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester						7,[illegible]
Rochester Home for the Friendless	2,885 50	2,759 94	1,150 00			
Rochester Home of Industry	885 00				400 00	[illegible]
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.		29,047 [illegible]	55,000 00		1,[illegible] 46	[illegible]
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica					*[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Francis' Asylum of the City of Buffalo, N. Y.	2,[illegible] 62					[illegible]
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers	1,[illegible] 20					
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York	3,648 88		4 86		459 41	[illegible]
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica						1,[illegible] 76
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York					27,191 70	[illegible]
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	49,853 27	7,824 62	50,249 00			114,944 09
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York						
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York	287 85	24 20			515 00	1,[illegible]
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh	835 00	2,862 75			1,[illegible]	[illegible]
Society of St. Johnland, Kings Park, L. I. St. John's Inn		2,155 00			5 00	[illegible]
Syracuse Home Association	858 27	2,876 89	14,900 00			[illegible]

The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca	209 77	1,317 85	3,200 00	.....	1,560 22	7,[illegible] 34
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York	3,318 36	.....	.....	.....	83 00	4,871 92
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie	.....	5,445 72	.....	.....	501 79	9,508 86
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	969 25	.....	.....	2,945 00	14,500 64	23,323 31
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn	857 97	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,541 36
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York	27,711 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	34,496 55
Total	$263,441 21	$193,826 16	$337,632 05	$31,138 80	$570,362 76	$3,181,508 47

* From ground rents, etc.

TABLE No. 31.

Showing the expenditures of homes for the aged for the year ending November 30, 1895.

INSTITUTIONS	For interest on real estate principal not in terms	For other interest and loss expiring in years 1897	For rent	For salaries of officers and wages and [illegible]	For services of physicians, [illegible]	For provisions and supplies	For [illegible]
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless				$1,[illegible]		$[illegible]	$[illegible]
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York		$[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)				1,[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)				4,[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York				[illegible]	$[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People	$[illegible]			1,[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home	[illegible]	1,[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged							
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich			$[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn: Home for the Aged							
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.				[illegible]		[illegible]	
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	[illegible]			[illegible]			
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Deborah Powers' Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh				[illegible]		[illegible]	
Gallaudet Home for Deaf-Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mutes), Poughkeepsie	[illegible]	[illegible]				[illegible]	
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)	[illegible]			[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
German Masonic Home, Tappan				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport		[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]

Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York				2,140 05		4,515 77	
House of Simeon							
House of Anna							
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn							
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn	225 00			509 23		859 33	59 25
Henry Keep Home, Watertown				3,984 04		1,850 02	
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira				1,138 07		370 86	21 50
Home for the Aged, Hudson				935 45		1,025 68	29 55
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York							
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany						699 98	
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn						1,789 00	38 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor of the City of New York:							
Home on Seventieth Street						3,062 00	
Home on One Hundred and Sixth street						938 00	
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy				864 00		1,940 00	25 00
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo							
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York	22,168 89			9,802 88	1,406 50	11,186 73	586 12
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers				4,384 76		7,006 51	111 39
Home for Aged Men, Albany		411 44		2,212 00		3,779 06	47 30
Home for Aged Men, Utica				1,402 99		2,349 07	36 00
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton		100 00		772 85		352 61	22 46
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes	100 00			284 00		295 00	57
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia	424 92	170 00		537 31		501 31	1 00
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam			415 00	301 82		227 11	61 70
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo				2,531 50		3,127 36	
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady				783 65		552 90	
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)				434 15		655 38	
Home for the Homeless, Oswego				857 23		800 49	
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica				2,199 75		2,453 85	41 85
Home Hotel Association, New York			3,124 50	3,101 00	300 00	5,470 77	400 30
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn							
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York				2,369 50	52 40	6,579 62	270 71
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton				435 00		580 11	
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse							
Isabella Heimath, New York				5,811 94		9,095 63	318 20
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females				1,093 35			12 02
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)	2,660 00			1,839 56		756 64	147 75
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis			60 00	962 25		1,125 51	73 74
Marien Heim, Brooklyn	10,000 00		350 00	335 95		331 01	17 10
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton				1,411 65		2,194 51	69 50
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Ass'n), Mt. Vernon				716 22		489 61	44 60
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon							

TABLE No. 51.

Showing the expenditures of homes for the aged for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless	.....	.....	.....	$1,072 37	.....	$2,670 80	$3 78
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York	.....	$3,500 00	.....	7,046 33	.....	12,779 04	165 02
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)	.....	.....	.....	1,791 33	.....	1,340 91	.....
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)	.....	.....	.....	1,859 50	.....	2,982 89	254 45
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	4,168 45	.....	5,959 70	171 00
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York	.....	.....	.....	2,000 00	$528 08	208 57	164 61
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People	$573 75	.....	.....	1,016 25	.....	1,120 15	16 00
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men	.....	.....	.....	2,308 98	.....	5,100 43	18 11
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home	2,586 80	1,575 64	.....	3,130 30	.....	3,064 22	289 81
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females	.....	.....	.....	2,554 78	.....	4,879 73	134 58
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York	.....	.....	.....	2,875 00	.....	3,979 02	176 74
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich	.....	.....	$90 00	175 50	.....	179 00	3 00
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn: Home for the Aged	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.	.....	.....	.....	960 00	.....	2,017 69	.....
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation	.....	.....	.....	862 75	.....	775 06	38 90
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	300 00	.....	.....	964 00	.....	1,064 23	50 22
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer	.....	.....	.....	418 10	.....	880 04	.....
Deborah Powers' Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh	.....	.....	.....	810 10	.....	729 37	.....
Gallaudet Home for Deaf-Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mutes), Poughkeepsie	7,984 37	616 96	.....	1,420 20	.....	854 20	28 18
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)	3,570 00	.....	.....	2,064 00	.....	7,379 26	212 50
German Masonic Home, Tappan	.....	.....	.....	1,622 83	.....	954 69	331 35
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport	.....	927 42	.....	1,889 59	.....	4,092 94	126 29

Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York				2,140 05		4,515 77	
House of Simeon							
House of Anna							
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn							
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn	225 00			509 23		859 33	59 25
Henry Keep Home, Watertown				3,984 04		1,850 02	
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira				1,138 07		370 86	21 50
Home for the Aged, Hudson				935 45		1,025 68	29 55
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York							
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany						699 98	
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn						1,789 00	38 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor of the City of New York:							
Home on Seventieth Street						3,062 00	
Home on One Hundred and Sixth street						938 00	
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy				864 00		1,940 00	25 00
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo							
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York	22,168 89			9,862 88	1,406 50	11,186 73	586 12
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers				4,384 76		7,006 51	111 39
Home for Aged Men, Albany		411 44		2,212 00		3,779 06	47 30
Home for Aged Men, Utica				1,402 99		2,849 07	36 00
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton		100 00		772 85		352 61	22 46
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes	100 00			284 00		295 00	57
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia	424 92	170 00		537 81		501 31	1 00
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam			415 00	301 82		227 11	61 70
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo				2,531 50		3,127 36	
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady				783 65		552 90	
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)				434 15		655 38	
Home for the Homeless, Oswego				857 23		800 49	
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica				2,199 75		2,453 85	41 85
Home Hotel Association, New York			3,124 50	3,101 00	300 00	5,470 77	400 30
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn							
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York				2,369 50	52 40	6,379 62	270 71
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton				435 00		580 11	
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse							
Isabella Heimath, New York				5,811 94		9,095 63	318 20
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females				1,093 35			12 02
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)	2,660 00			1,839 56		756 64	147 75
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis			60 00	962 25		1,125 51	73 74
Marien Heim, Brooklyn	10,000 00		350 00	335 95		331 01	17 10
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton				1,411 65		2,194 51	69 50
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Ass'n), Mt. Vernon				716 22		489 61	44 60
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon							

TABLE No. 51 (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For maintenance of inmates in the institution	For other maintenance, not including [illegible]	For rent	For salaries of officers and other employes	For maintenance of inmates in other institutions	For provisions and supplies	For printing and stationery
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica				$14,[illegible]		$16,[illegible]	$[illegible]
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York							
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston							
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk	$100 00	$100 00		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida				[illegible]		[illegible]	
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford				[illegible]		[illegible]	
Open Door Mission, Albany		[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown				[illegible]		1,[illegible]	[illegible]
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo							
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry							
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York				1,[illegible]	$[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester							
Rochester Home for the Friendless				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Rochester Home of Industry	[illegible]			[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, N. Y.			$[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica							
St. Francis Asylum of the City of Buffalo	$1,[illegible]	$[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers				[illegible]			
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York	$4,[illegible]	$[illegible]		7,[illegible]		[illegible]	
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica						[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York							
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York							
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh				1,[illegible]		1,[illegible]	[illegible]
Society of St. Johnland, Kings Park, L. I. St. John's Inn				1,[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Syracuse Home Association				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]

The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca	.....	.....	.....	958 55	.....	854 96	5 50
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York	.....	.....	1,100 00	300 00	364 00	1,008 47	.....
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie	.....	.....	.....	1,124 82	.....	940 49	32 30
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	400 00	.....	.....	1,690 89	.....	3,215 64	.....
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn	.....	2,939 50	.....	1,352 50	.....	2,529 77	36 50
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York	.....	.....	.....	12,587 52	.....	9,170 02	208 24
Total	$68,164 92	$16,143 48	$7,139 50	$254,301 00	$2,767 98	$343,454 39	$7,172 69

TABLE No. 51 (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing	For fuel and light	For medicines and medical supplies	For furniture, bedding and furniture	For [illegible]	For [illegible]	For [illegible]
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless		$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]		
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York	$1,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	$1,[illegible]
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)	1,[illegible]	1,[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,[illegible]	[illegible]	
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged							
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich		[illegible]					[illegible]
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn—Home for the Aged	[illegible]						
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Gallaudet Home for Deaf Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf Mutes), Poughkeepsie	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
German Masonic Home, Tappan	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport	479 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York							
House of Simeon							
House of Anna							
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn							
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn		91 29	37 24		93 88		
Henry Keep Home, Watertown	361 45	327 87	268 57		1,517 37	1,524 44	2,704 82
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira	21 57	459 71			76 88	60 00	
Home for the Aged, Hudson	47 42	340 46	91 63	9 15	84 49	24 00	
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York							
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany		549 00			433 35		17,493 95
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn	205 00	1,185 00	32 00	2,194 00	2,289 00	547 00	28,000 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor of the City of New York:							
Home on Seventieth Street	821 00	1,339 00	144 00	745 00	3,870 00	876 00	
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street	83 00	608 00	52 00	68 00	1,272 00		37,722 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy	90 00	896 00	43 00	20 00	1,033 00	95 00	
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo							
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York	1,604 32	2,836 71	752 05	233 50	1,507 20	492 19	
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers	341 00	1,239 44	1,927 81	346 35	779 44		
Home for Aged Men, Albany		1,071 37			640 35	84 00	
Home for Aged Men, Utica	31 20	684 29	89 81	314 31	272 52	70 00	88 02
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton	32 43	263 23	33 12		39 70	27 00	
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes		52 38		8 32	46 73		
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia	2 30	101 22	19 20	4 25	33 91		
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam	1 25	103 64	10 77	31 55		4 50	
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo	224 84	1,014 30	202 60	296 98	951 58	717 39	
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady	31 14	146 50	21 94		63 74	66 95	
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)		50 26	29 49	6 00	75 35	16 00	
Home for the Homeless, Oswego		836 95	40 28		65 01	23 91	
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica	49 33	924 15	132 97	287 02	159 17	237 16	
Home Hotel Association, New York		669 08	185 46	905 85	92 17		
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn							
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York		858 83	98 86	1,531 40	21 75		273 20
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton		176 32			32 45		
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse							
Isabella Heimath, New York	28 50	2,186 99	437 16	121 50	526 86	1,130 36	
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females		121 35		2,137 86		22 50	2,870 90
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)		219 61	90 75	105 65	4 99	28 56	425 00
Long Island I. O. O. F. Association, Hollis		414 72	214 21	728 89	158 17	56 50	3,291 69
Marien Heim, Brooklyn	31 37	203 37	26 99	100 16	34 72	16 75	
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton		765 66	156 05	263 35	299 10	152 50	
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Ass'n), Mt. Vernon							
Mary Louise Helms Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon	10 55	160 39	10 25	24 16	291 94	61 50	58 50

TABLE 50—(*Continued.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless	$956 49	$3,818 65	.....	.....	$634 08	$8,346 85
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York	550 54	26,695 41	$25,750 00	.....	1,801 28	69,441 58
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)	187 83	1,611 41	.....	$1,000 00	.....	11,950 76
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)	4,729 43	16 90	.....	.....	.....	69,232 68
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York	10,409 14	2,956 10	8,533 33	1,000 00	33 20	28,160 67
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York	5,340 86	709 00	.....	1,600 00	.....	8,962 65
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People	1,700 78	88 21	.....	.....	.....	8,192 43
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men	2,437 27	363 81	5,350 00	.....	.....	10,868 63
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home	4,960 22	79 08	.....	2,000 00	152 44	18,247 53
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females	259 00	3,713 35	284 50	.....	23 47	16,454 61
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York	1,906 16	4,307 43	27,954 70	.....	1,166 29	41,188 39
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the city of Buffalo:						
Home for the Aged	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich	2,165 14	64 78	1,233 85	.....	.....	4,017 58
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn:						
Home for the Aged	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.	1,162 26	.....	2,176 63	.....	.....	5,052 87
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation	92 50	1,994 69	1,939 57	.....	394 64	9,446 19
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	59 82	296 00	.....	.....	13 37	3,861 07
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer	162 00	104 83	.....	.....	.....	1,606 74
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh	.....	2,496 00	.....	.....	.....	4,228 58
Gallaudet Home for Deaf Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mute), Poughkeepsie	5,367 33	615 64	.....	1,500 00	1,114 14	20,443 23
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)	3,121 19	.....	.....	.....	1,221 25	19,168 37
German Masonic Home, Tappan	548 55	667 00	.....	.....	5,156 38	11,953 28
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport	497 75	239 30	6,500 00	.....	1,827 36	17,242 09

The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca	[illegible]	[illegible]
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie	[illegible]	[illegible]
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn	[illegible]	[illegible]
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]

TABLE No. 51—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)	$2,070 21	$4,520 09	$1,189 03	$885 40	$1,224 86	$1,080 91	$48,825 08
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York	.....	2,486 81	178 83	.....	733 12	.....	.....
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston	37 16	411 17	55 41	14 59	103 81	.....	.....
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida	.....	170 50	.....	299 70	.....	.....	92 28
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford	3 29	146 15	6 85	7 60	118 21	77 20	.....
Open Door Mission, Albany	.....	194 00	70 75	.....	50 00	.....	.....
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown	.....	110 16	.....	.....	60 42	.....	.....
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo	1 80	374 98	57 88	75 64	84 65	10 00	.....
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York	.....	422 64	30 62	59 61	330 28	67 57	.....
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.	5 25	1,422 48	546 17	578 87	3,873 20	132 00	.....
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester	18 99	232 90	31 66	14 80	68 39	22 00	.....
Rochester Home for the Friendless	146 58	693 34	202 65	207 87	633 90	85 00	.....
Rochester Home of Industry	285 74	512 79	12 75	163 20	.....	382 87	.....
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.	25,342 41	9,768 20	6,349 14	9,961 38	7,589 07	12,177 00	66,460 56
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Francis' Asylum of the City of Buffalo	500 96	2,181 81	528 14	465 37	404 70	137 12	554 20
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers	1 65	104 64	35 55	2 00	12 90	40 13	.....
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York	1,230 81	2,030 67	639 88	332 15	1,269 30	410 61	550 00
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	579 38	87,498 93
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York	121 75	888 01	263 74	461 95	340 49	.....	.....
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York	.....	33 06	.....	.....	125 18	224 23	.....
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York	.....	622 31	206 95	398 70	619 81	93 82	.....
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh	10 20	607 19	87 50	81 48	127 69	280 00	.....
Society of St Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Home Association	.....	1,198 87	93 57	1,984 46	369 47	154 09	14,531 03

The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca	12 67	351 02	14 27	28 52	214 25	55 74	685 05
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York	.....	277 96	109 33	.....	52 98	.....	.....
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie	111 96	452 36	101 84	46 21	151 41	182 26	657 47
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	240 29	593 62	196 09	1,063 55	27 68	100 00	1,922 36
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn	.....	458 31	108 54	.....	328 47	83 13	.....
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York	.....	2,644 47	360 02	778 82	785 65	592 58	1,127 19
Total	$36,513 03	$68,991 93	$21,093 44	$30,153 48	$46,625 89	$37,108 23	$323,012 80

TABLE No. 51—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Loan in trust beginning [illegible]
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless				$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York			$[illegible]	*[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York	$1,000 00			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men		100 00		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged						
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich			[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn. Home for the Aged						
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster Swift Foundation		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gallaudet Home for Deaf Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf Mutes), Poughkeepsie			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
German Masonic Home, Tappan			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York					6,655 82	30 73
House of Simeon						
House of Anna						
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn						
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn	125 00				2,000 22	49 85
Henry Keep Home, Watertown			1,000 00	2,103 22	15,641 80	
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira			1,100 00	332 00	3,580 59	1 90
Home for the Aged, Hudson			11,786 00	57 13	14,430 96	588 16
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York			5,000 00	4,675 58	9,675 58	199 88
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany				1,771 92	20,948 20	1,098 58
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn				7,600 00	43,879 00	1,153 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor of the City of New York:						
Home on Seventieth Street				300 00	11,157 00	6,085 00
Home on One Hundred and Sixth street		425 00		348 00	41,516 00	7,876 00
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy				1,334 00	6,340 00	1,919 45
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo						
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York				1,546 59	54,123 68	11,019 16
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers				1,325 76	17,462 46	366 75
Home for Aged Men, Albany	2,635 69	75 11	54,802 23	800 00	66,558 55	239 02
Home for Aged Men, Utica		126 45	4,031 25	79 55	9,575 46	1,537 60
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton				67 20	1,710 60	1,683 88
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes					787 00	1,749 00
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia			3,090 00	14 42	4,899 84	307 99
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam				300 98	1,458 32	726 19
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo				434 77	9,501 32	31,037 56
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady	200 00		4,500 00	112 63	6,479 45	1,436 07
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)				75 75	1,342 38	900 33
Home for the Homeless, Oswego			473 58	202 78	3,300 23	1,341 82
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica			5,600 00	243 30	12,328 55	7,513 57
Home Hotel Association, New York				42 00	14,291 13	92 18
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn						
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York	25,100 00	2,775 70	10,000 00	546 36	50,478 33	3,171 86
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton				16 97	1,240 85	58 09
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse						
Isabella Heimath, New York			58,000 00	2,549 30	80,206 44	3,486 43
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females			9,207 01	30 74	15,495 73	8,424 58
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)				2,025 56	8,304 07	514 81
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis				809 07	7,894 75	6,974 12
Marien Heim, Brooklyn				178 26	11,625 68	1,250 29
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton				1,589 13	6,901 45	3,438 88
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Ass'n), Mt. Vernon			450 00	44 76	2,362 48	563 32
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon						

* Including outside pensioners. † Of this amount $5,606.23 to beneficiaries.

TABLE No. 51—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica	.....	.....	.....	$7,416 93	$995,299 15	.....
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)	.....	.....	.....	1,318 14	18,514 16	$66 79
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)	.....	.....	$300 00	103 00	3,341 63	429 24
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk	.....	.....	1,000 00	62 84	3,112 53	165 00
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida	.....	.....	1,547 34	169 16	3,400 02	963 73
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford	.....	.....	.....	38 00	1,730 75	.....
Open Door Mission, Albany	.....	.....	.....	4 28	1,276 11	685 90
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown	.....	.....	.....	83 84	2,351 94	5,343 44
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York	.....	.....	695 00	354 39	6,676 80	321 68
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York	.....	.....	10,000 00	669 30	30,779 41	3,507 41
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.	.....	.....	4,000 00	323 45	6,462 34	843 97
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Home for the Friendless	.....	.....	1,698 09	396 18	9,521 75	67
Rochester Home of Industry	$37 00	.....	.....	85 09	5,330 02	15 69
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.	.....	.....	124,687 50	28,361 54	469,646 27	86,333 91
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Francis' Asylum of the City of Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	1,488 06	22,601 11	140 34
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers	.....	.....	.....	28 27	1,021 73	31 03
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York	.....	.....	.....	12,851 52	73,805 64	8,591 90
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York	.....	.....	13,252 92	1,347 91	118,197 13	1,046 96
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York	.....	.....	.....	16 44	1,509 06	89 55
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York	.....	.....	12,726 25	134 50	20,811 15	2,344 81
Samuel F. Vilas' Home, Plattsburgh	.....	.....	.....	120 70	3,745 15	1,187 80

Society of St. Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn						
Syracuse Home Association			500 00	214 90	24,754 35	2,224 00
The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca			2,000 00	207 00	5,227 46	2,670 88
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York			1,323 57	201 10	4,787 36	134 57
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie				205 52	4,006 14	5,502 72
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	2,945 00	$55 00		2,349 39	14,739 51	8,583 80
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn				768 04	8,599 76	941 60
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York				1,859 39	30,122 90	4,373 65
Total	$35,427 69	$3,729 82	$415,960 61	$124,864 94	$1,832,625 82	$348,882 65

TABLE No. 52.

Showing the statistics of the homes for the aged for the year ending September 30, 1898.

A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION SEPTEMBER 30, 1897.

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received on Their Own Application.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless					38	38
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York					89	89
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)		1	1		8	8
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)				9	44	53
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York				9	83	92
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York					1	1
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People				3	21	24
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men				59	8	67
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home				6	41	47
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females					77	77
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York				16	44	60
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged		1	1	1	7	8
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich				1	5	6
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn:						
Home for the Aged				6	50	56
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y					14	14
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation					10	10
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	15	9	24			
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer					11	11
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh					10	10
Gallaudet Home for Deaf-Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mutes), Poughkeepsie				11	11	22
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)				100	157	257
German Masonic Home, Tappan				12	9	21
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport				52	27	79
Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York:						
House of Simeon				11		11
House of Anna					19	19
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn						
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn					15	15
Henry Keep Home, Watertown				4	27	31
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira					13	13

Home for the Aged, Hudson					16	16
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York						
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany				65	74	139
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn				15	25	40
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor in the City of New York:						
Home on Seventieth Street				122	164	286
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street				119	125	244
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy				87	108	195
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo				13	33	46
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York				92	113	205
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers				51	31	82
Home for Aged Men, Albany				41		41
Home for Aged Men, Utica				33	10	43
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton					14	14
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes					3	3
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia					10	10
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam						
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo					68	68
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady					10	10
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)					13	13
Home for the Homeless, Oswego					18	18
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica					53	53
Home Hotel Association, New York				21	46	67
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn						
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York				27	13	40
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton					11	11
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse		2	2			
Isabella Heimath, New York				82	83	165
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females						
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)				11	2	13
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis				12	3	15
Marien Heim, Brooklyn				7	7	14
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton					34	34
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Association), Mt. Vernon					9	9
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon						
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica				96	54	150
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)				19	97	116
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York						
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie, (The)					21	21
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston						
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk					1	1
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida					15	15
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford					8	8
Open Door Mission, Albany						
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown					18	18

TABLE No. 52—A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION SEPTEMBER 30, 1897—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received on Their Own Application.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo				6	9	15
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry				6	8	14
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York					24	24
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York					44	44
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y					13	13
Protestant Epi-copal Church Home of Rochester					15	15
Rochester Home for the Friendless		3	3		50	50
Rochester Home of Industry		18	18		20	20
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I				888		888
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica				2	12	14
St Francis' Asylum of the City of Buffalo	83	85	168	34	40	74
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers						
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York				23	251	274
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica					5	5
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York					52	52
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank				2		2
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York						
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York				21	18	39
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh					26	26
Society of St Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn				33		33
Syracuse Home Association					33	33
The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca					17	17
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York						
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie				10		10
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson				33		33
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn				24	41	65
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York				28	10	38
Total	98	119	217	2,323	2,837	5,160

TABLE NO. 52—A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION SEPTEMBER 30, 1897—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	OTHERWISE RECEIVED.			TOTALS.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand total.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless					38	38
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York					89	89
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)		11	11		20	20
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)				9	44	53
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York				9	83	92
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York					1	1
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People				3	21	24
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men				59	8	67
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home				6	41	47
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females					77	77
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York				16	44	60
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged		1	1	1	9	10
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich				1	5	6
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn:						
Home for the Aged				6	50	56
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.					14	14
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation					10	10
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity				15	9	24
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer					11	11
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh					10	10
Gallaudet Home for Deaf-Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mutes), Poughkeepsie				11	11	22
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)				100	157	257
German Masonic Home, Tappan				12	9	21
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport				52	27	79
Grace Hospital (Home), of Grace Church, New York:						
House of Simeon				11		11
House of Anna					19	19
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn						
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn					15	15
Henry Keep Home, Watertown				4	27	31
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira					13	13

TABLE No. 51 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless	.....	.....	.....	$254 51	$5,386 00	$2,960 85
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York	.....	.....	$18,272 13	*14,760 21	63,404 26	6,037 32
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)	.....	.....	5,000 00	170 42	10,883 61	1,067 15
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)	.....	$68 52	.....	119 28	6,434 14	62,798 54
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York	$1,000 00	.....	.....	380 44	15,191 09	12,969 58
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York	.....	22 40	.....	15,792 54	8,766 33	196 32
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People	.....	.....	.....	205 55	3,320 92	4,871 51
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men	.....	100 00	.....	185 35	10,341 39	527 24
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home	2,000 00	31 11	.....	376 98	15,449 81	2,797 72
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females	.....	.....	5,189 04	492 39	15,738 91	715 70
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York	.....	.....	30,498 31	1,678 09	40,863 53	324 86
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich	.....	.....	257 51	.....	2,588 05	1,429 53
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn: Home for the Aged	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.	.....	.....	.....	69 54	4,985 82	67 05
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation	.....	20 53	2,500 00	534 71	5,270 99	4,175 20
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	.....	.....	.....	36 49	3,571 74	289 83
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer	.....	30 00	472 88	.....	1,461 46	145 28
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh	.....	.....	.....	38 90	2,883 30	1,345 28
Gallaudet Home for Deaf Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf Mutes), Poughkeepsie	.....	.....	5,000 00	2,512 81	19,549 17	894 06
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)	.....	.....	.....	1,386 03	19,010 23	158 14
German Masonic Home, Tappan	.....	.....	2,000 00	1,559 80	10,082 47	1,170 81
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport	1,385 00	.....	3,000 00	1,024 19	16,377 95	964 14

Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica				96	54	150
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)				19	97	116
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York						
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)					21	21
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston						
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk					1	1
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida					15	15
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford					8	8
Open Door Mission, Albany		4	4		4	4
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown					18	18
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo				6	9	15
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry				6	8	14
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York					24	24
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York					44	44
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.					13	13
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester					15	15
Rochester Home for the Friendless					53	53
Rochester Home of Industry		7	7		45	45
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.				888		888
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica				2	12	14
St. Francis' Asylum of the City of Buffalo	15	35	50	132	160	292
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers		6	6		6	6
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York				23	251	274
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica					5	5
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York					52	52
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank				2		2
St Philip's Parish House, New York	1	7	8	1	7	8
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York				21	18	39
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh					26	26
Society of St Johnland, Kings' Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn				33		33
Syracuse Home Association					33	33
The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca					17	17
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York						
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie				10		10
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson				33		33
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn				24	41	65
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York				28	10	38
Total	117	186	303	2,538	3,142	5,680

TABLE NO. 52—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received on Their Own Application.			Otherwise Received.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless					3	3			
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York					8	8			
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)									
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)					4	4			
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York				2	12	14			
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York									
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People					2	2			
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men				6	2	8			
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home					6	6			
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females					10	10			
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York				1	6	7			
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged				2	5	7			
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich									
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn:									
Home for the Aged				2	2	4			
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.									
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation					1	1			
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	3	4	7						
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer					1	1			
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh					2	2			
Gallaudet Home for Deaf-Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mutes), Poughkeepsie				2	2	4			
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)				19	27	46			
German Masonic Home, Tappan				2	1	3			
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport				14	4	18			
Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York:									
House of Simeon				6		6			
House of Anna					4	4			
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn									
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn					2	2			
Henry Keep Home, Watertown					2	2			
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira					4	4			

Home for the Aged, Hudson									
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York								5	5
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany				24	25	49			
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn				7	2	9	18	10	28
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor in the City of New York:									
Home on Seventieth Street				33	39	72			
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street				30	26	56			
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy				22	18	40			
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo				6	4	10			
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York				34	26	60			
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers				9	3	12			
Home for Aged Men, Albany				5		5			
Home for Aged Men, Utica				9	2	11			
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton					1	1			
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes					4	4			
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia					1	1			
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam		2	2		3	3		3	3
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo					3	3			
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady					3	3			
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)					10	10			
Home for the Homeless, Oswego					3	3			
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica					8	8			
Home Hotel Association, New York				9	11	20			
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn									
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York				15	5	20			
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton					1	1			
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse									
Isabella Heimath, New York				159	144	303			
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females									
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)				5	3	8			
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis				1		1			
Marien Heim, Brooklyn				4	8	12			
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton					3	3			
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Association), Mt. Vernon									
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon									
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica				38	18	56			
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)				1	14	15			
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York									
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)					3	3			
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston									
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk					6	6			
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida					2	2			
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford									
Open Door Mission, Albany								1	1
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown					5	5		1	1

TABLE NO. 52—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received on Their Own Application.			Otherwise Received.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo				6	10	16			
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry									
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York					2	2			
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York					6	6			
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y									
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester					3	3			
Rochester Home for the Friendless		1	1		4	4			
Rochester Home of Industry									
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I				155		155			
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica								1	1
St. Francis Asylum of the City of Buffalo	21	22	43	30	34	64			
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers								1	1
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York				2	21	23			
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica									
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York					8	8			
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank									
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York				2	1	3			
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York				4	1	5			
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh					4	4			
Society of St. Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn				11		11			
Syracuse Home Association					17	17			
The Home (of The Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca					3	3			
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York									
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie				1		1			
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson				26		26			
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn				6	4	10			
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York				3	1	4			
Total	24	29	53	713	633	1,346	18	22	40

TABLE No. 52—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Totals.			Total number in the institution during the year.	Of this total number.	
	Men.	Women.	Total.		Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless		3	3	41		41
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York		8	8	97		97
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)				20	4	16
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)		4	4	57		57
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York	2	12	14	106		106
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York				1		1
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People		2	2	26	24	2
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men	6	2	8	75	3	72
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home		6	6	53		53
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females		10	10	87	6	81
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York						
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo, Home	1	6	7	67		67
for the Aged	2	5	7	17	1	16
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich				6		6
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn:						
Home for the Aged	2	2	4	60		
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.				14		14
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation		1	1	11		11
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	3	4	7	31	5	26
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer		1	1	12	2	10
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh		2	2	12		12
Gallaudet Home for Deaf-Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mutes), Poughkeepsie	2	2	4	26		26
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)	19	27	46	303	11	292
German Masonic Home, Tappan	2	1	3	24		24
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport	14	4	18	97		97
Grace Hospital (Home), of Grace Church, New York:						
House of Simeon	6		6	17		17
House of Anna		4	4	23		23
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn						
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn		2	2	17		17
Henry Keep Home, Watertown		2	2	33		33
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira		4	4	17		17

TABLE No. 52—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Totals.			Total number in the institution during the year.	Of this total number.	
	Men.	Women.	Total.		Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds.
Home for the Aged, Hudson				16		16
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York		5	5	20		20
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany	24	25	49	188		188
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn	25	12	37	277	18	259
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor in the City of New York:						
Home on Seventieth Street	33	39	72	358		358
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street	30	26	56	300		300
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy	22	18	40	235		235
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo	6	4	10	56		
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York	34	26	60	265	3	262
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers	9	3	12	94		94
Home for Aged Men, Albany	5		5	46		46
Home for Aged Men, Utica	9	2	11	54		54
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton		1	1	15		15
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes		4	4	7		7
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia		1	1	11		11
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam		8	8	8		8
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo		3	3	71	1	70
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady		3	3	13		13
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)		10	10	23		23
Home for the Homeless, Oswego		3	3	21		21
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica		8	8	61		61
Home Hotel Association, New York	9	11	20	87		87
Mary A. Fischer Society, Brooklyn						
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York	15	5	20	60		60
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton		1	1	12		12
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse				3	2	1
Isabella Heimath, New York	159	144	303	468		468
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females						
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)	5	3	8	21		21
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis	1		1	16		16
Marien Heim, Brooklyn	4	8	12	26		26
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton		3	3	37		37

Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Association), Mt. Vernon				9		9
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon						
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica	38	18	56	206		206
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)	1	14	15	131		131
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York						
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)		3	3	24		24
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston						
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk		6	6	7		7
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida		2	2	17		17
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford				8		8
Open Door Mission, Albany		1	1	5		5
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown		6	6	24		24
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo	6	10	16	31		31
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry				14		14
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York		2	2	26	26	
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York		6	6	50		50
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.				13		13
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester		3	3	18		18
Rochester Home for the Friendless		5	5	58	4	54
Rochester Home of Industry				45	18	27
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.	155		155	1,043		1,043
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica		1	1	15		15
St. Francis Asylum of the City of Buffalo	51	56	107	399	211	188
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers		1	1	7		7
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York	2	21	23	297		
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica				5		5
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York		8	8	60		60
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank				2		2
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York	2	1	3	11		11
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York	4	1	5	44	2	42
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh		4	4	30		30
Society of St. Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn	11		11	44		44
Syracuse Home Association		17	17	50	24	26
The Home (of The Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca		3	3	20	2	18
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York						
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie	1		1	11		11
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	26		26	59		59
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn	6	4	10	75	3	72
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York	3	1	4	42		42
Total	755	684	1,439	7,119	370	*6,336

* Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification of these totals.

TABLE No. 52—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Transferred to Other Institutions.			Otherwise Discharged.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless						
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York		1	1			
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)						
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)						
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York						
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York						
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People					1	1
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men						
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home						
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females						
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York					2	2
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged		1	1			
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich						
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn:						
Home for the Aged						
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y						
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation						
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	1		1	2		2
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer					2	2
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh					1	1
Gallaudet Home for Deaf-Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mutes), Poughkeepsie						
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)					4	4
German Masonic Home, Tappan				1		1
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum) Unionport				8	5	13
Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York:						
House of Simeon						
House of Anna					4	4
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn						
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies Benevolent Association), Brooklyn						
Henry Keep Home, Watertown						
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira					1	1

Home for the Aged, Hudson						
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York		3	3		1	1
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany				12	17	29
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn		1	1	9		9
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor in the City of New York:						
Home on Seventieth Street	1		1	13	17	30
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street				8	8	16
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy				8	6	14
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo					3	3
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York	2	1	3	13	12	25
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers				1		1
Home for Aged Men, Albany	1		1			
Home for Aged Men, Utica						
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton						
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes						
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia						
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam					1	1
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo		2	2			
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady						
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)					8	8
Home for the Homeless, Oswego						
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica						
Home Hotel Association, New York				9	8	17
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn						
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York						
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton						
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse						
Isabella Heimath, New York	17	12	29	134	126	260
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females						
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)				1		1
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis						
Marien Heim, Brooklyn						
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton						
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Association), Mt. Vernon						
Mary Louise Heina Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon						
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica				7	5	12
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)		1	1		1	1
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York						
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie, (The)						
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston						
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk						
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida						
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford					2	2
Open Door Mission, Albany		1	1		2	2
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown						

TABLE No. 52—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Transferred to Other Institutions.			Otherwise Discharged.		
	Men.	Women	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo		1	1	5	7	12
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry				2		2
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York						
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York						
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y						
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester						
Rochester Home for the Friendless					1	1
Rochester Home of Industry						
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S I				30		30
St Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica						
St. Francis Asylum of the City of Buffalo	1	1	2	26	28	54
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers					1	1
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York		8	8		2	2
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica						
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York						
St Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank						
St Philip's Parish Home, New York						
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York				1		1
Samuel T Villas Home, Plattsburgh					1	1
Society of St Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn				2		2
Syracuse Home Association						
The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca		1	1			
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York						
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie						
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson				5		5
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn				3	2	5
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York				2	2	4
Total	23	34	57	302	281	583

TABLE NO. 52 -C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	DIED.			TOTALS.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand Total.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless		2	2		2	2
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York		5	5		6	6
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)		1	1		1	1
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)	1	3	4	1	3	4
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York	1	5	6	1	5	6
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York						
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People		3	3		4	4
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men	5		5	5		5
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home	1	2	3	1	2	3
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females		6	6		6	6
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York	4	3	7	4	5	9
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged		3	3		4	4
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich						
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn:						
Home for the Aged		2	2		2	2
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.						
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation						
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	3	2	5	6	2	8
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer		3	3		5	5
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh					1	1
Gallaudet Home for Deaf Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf Mutes), Poughkeepsie						
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)	15	16	31	15	20	35
German Masonic Home, Tappan		1	1	1	1	2
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport	3	1	4	11	6	17
Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York:						
House of Simeon	1		1	1		1
House of Anna		1	1		5	5
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn						
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies Benevolent Association), Brooklyn		3	3		3	3
Henry Keep Home, Watertown	1	1	2	1	1	2
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira		3	3		4	4

TABLE No. 52—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received on Their Own Application.			Otherwise Received.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo				6	10	16			
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry									
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York					2	2			
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York					6	6			
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.									
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester					3	3			
Rochester Home for the Friendless		1	1		4	4			
Rochester Home of Industry									
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I				155		155			
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica								1	1
St. Francis Asylum of the City of Buffalo	21	22	43	30	34	64			
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers								1	1
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York				2	21	23			
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica									
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York					8	8			
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank									
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York				2	1	3			
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York				4	1	5			
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh					4	4			
Society of St. Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn				11		11			
Syracuse Home Association					17	17			
The Home (of The Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca					3	3			
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York									
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie				1		1			
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson				26		26			
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn				6	4	10			
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York				3	1	4			
Total	24	29	53	713	633	1,346	18	22	40

Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica	10	7	17	17	12	29
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)	3	8	11	3	10	13
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York8						
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)		3	3		3	3
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston						
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk						
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida		1	1		1	1
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford					2	2
Open Door Mission, Albany					3	3
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown						
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Ayslum), Buffalo		1	1	5	9	14
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry				2		2
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York		2	2		2	2
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York		3	3		3	3
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y						
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester						
Rochester Home for the Friendless		5	5		6	6
Rochester Home of Industry						
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I	91		91	121		121
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica						
St. Francis Asylum of the City of Buffalo	26	32	58	53	61	114
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers		1	1		2	2
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York		19	19		29	29
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica		1	1		1	1
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York		5	5		5	5
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank						
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York		1	1		1	1
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York	4	2	6	5	2	7
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh		3	3		4	4
Society of St Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn	2		2	4		4
Syracuse Home Association		7	7		7	7
The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca		3	3		4	4
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York						
Vassar Brothers Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie	3		3	3		3
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson	2		2	7		7
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn	5	4	9	8	6	14
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York	5	1	6	7	3	10
Total	312	310	622	637	625	1,262

TABLE NO. 52—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received on Their Own Application.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless					39	39
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York					91	91
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)		1	1		7	7
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)				8	45	53
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York				10	90	100
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York					1	1
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People				3	19	22
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men				60	10	70
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home				5	45	50
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females					81	81
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York				13	45	58
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo:						
Home for the Aged				3	9	12
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich				1	5	6
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn:						
Home for the Aged				8	50	58
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y					14	14
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation					11	11
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity	12	11	23			
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer					7	7
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh					11	11
Gallaudet Home for Deaf Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf Mutes), Poughkeepsie				13	13	26
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)				104	164	268
German Masonic Home, Tappan				13	9	22
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport				55	25	80
Grace Hospital Home) of Grace Church, New York:				16	18	34
House of Simeon						
House of Anna						
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn						
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn					14	14
Henry Keep Home, Watertown				3	28	31
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira					13	13

Home for the Aged, Hudson					15	15
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York						
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany				67	71	138
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn				7	2	9
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor in the City of New York:						
Home on Seventieth Street				122	164	286
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street				119	125	244
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy				88	105	193
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo				17	31	48
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York				97	110	207
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers				57	30	87
Home for Aged Men, Albany				40		40
Home for Aged Men, Utica				40	12	52
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton					15	15
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes					7	7
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia					10	10
Homefor Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam		2	2		3	3
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo					66	66
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady					12	12
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)					15	15
Home for the Homeless, Oswego					18	18
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica					53	53
Home Hotel Association, New York				20	48	68
Mary A Fisher Society, Brooklyn						
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York				35	16	51
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton					12	12
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse		2	2			
Isabella Heimath, New York				83	80	163
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females						
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)				14	4	18
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis				11	3	14
Marien Heim, Brooklyn				11	14	25
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton					34	34
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Association), Mt Vernon					9	9
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon						
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica				117	60	177
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)				17	101	118
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York						
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie, (The)					21	21
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston						
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk					7	7
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida					16	16
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford					6	6
Open Door Mission, Albany						

TABLE NO. 52—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received on Their Own Application.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women	Total.
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown					23	23
Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo				7	10	17
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry				4	8	12
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York					24	24
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York					47	47
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.					13	13
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester					18	18
Rochester Home for the Friendless		4	4		48	48
Rochester Home of Industry		18	18		20	20
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I				922		922
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica				2	12	14
St. Francis' Asylum of the City of Buffalo	72	70	142	47	96	143
St John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers						
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York				25	243	268
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica					4	4
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York					55	55
St Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank				2		2
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York				3	7	10
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York				20	17	37
Samuel F Vilas Home, Plattsburgh					26	26
Society of St Johnland, Kings Park, L I.—St. John's Inn				40		40
Syracuse Home Association					43	43
The Home (of the Ladies Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca					16	16
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York						
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie				8		8
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson				52		52
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn				22	39	61
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York				24	8	32
Total	84	108	192	2,455	2,936	5,391

TABLE NO. 52—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Received.			Totals.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand Total.	
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless					39	39	38
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females in the City of New York					91	91	90
Auburn Home for the Friendless (The)		11	11		19	19	19
Baptist Home of Brooklyn (The)				8	45	53	53
Baptist Home Society of the City of New York				10	90	100	100
Baptist Ministers' Home Society of New York					1	1	1
Brooklyn Home for Aged Colored People				3	19	22	22
Brooklyn Home for Aged Men				60	10	70	68
Brooklyn Methodist Episcopal Church Home				5	45	50	50
Brooklyn Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females					81	81	79
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York				13	45	58	56
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo—Home for the Aged		1	1	3	10	13	10
Chenango Valley Home, Norwich				1	5	6	6
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn: Home for the Aged				8	50	58	58
Church Home of the City of Troy, N. Y.					14	14	14
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation					11	11	10
Church Home of the German Evangelical Churches of Buffalo and its Vicinity				12	11	23	27
Cortland County Home for Aged Women, Homer					7	7	8
Deborah Powers Home for Old Ladies, Lansingburgh					11	11	10
Gallaudet Home for Deaf Mutes (of the Church Mission to Deaf-Mutes), Poughkeepsie				13	13	26	24
German Evangelical Home (of the German Evangelical Aid Society of Brooklyn)				104	164	268	268
German Masonic Home, Tappan				13	9	22	21
German Odd Fellows' Home (and Orphan Asylum), Unionport				55	25	80	85
Grace Hospital (Home), of Grace Church, New York				16	18	34	30
House of Simeon							
House of Anna							
Graham Home for Old Ladies, Brooklyn							
Greenpoint Home for the Aged (of the Ladies' Benevolent Association), Brooklyn					14	14	12
Henry Keep Home, Watertown				3	28	31	31
Home for the Aged (The), Elmira					13	13	13

TABLE NO. 52—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Received.			Totals.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand total.	
Home for the Aged, Hudson					15	15	16
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York		14	14		14	14	15
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany				67	71	138	187
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn	106	123	229	113	125	238	232
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor in the City of New York:							
Home on Seventieth Street				123	164	286	286
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street				119	125	244	244
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy				88	105	193	200
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo				17	31	48	47
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York				97	110	207	212
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers				57	30	87	87
Home for Aged Men, Albany				40		40	40
Home for Aged Men, Utica				40	12	52	47
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton					15	15	15
Home for Aged Women, Cohoes					7	7	4
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia					10	10	10
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam		2	2		7	7	8
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo					66	66	67
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady					12	12	10
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)					15	15	14
Home for the Homeless, Oswego					18	18	18
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica					53	53	53
Home Hotel Association, New York				20	48	68	58
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn							
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York				35	16	51	48
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton					12	12	12
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse	1		1	1	2	3	3
Isabella Heimath, New York				83	80	163	163
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females							
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)				14	4	18	14
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis				11	3	14	14
Marien Heim, Brooklyn				11	14	25	20
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton					34	34	34
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Association), Mt. Vernon					9	9	9
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon							

Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica				117	60	177	220
Methodist Episcopal Church Home in the City of New York (The)				17	101	118	118
Miriam Osborn Memorial Home Association, New York							
Old Ladies' Home in the City of Poughkeepsie (The)					21	21	21
Old Ladies' Home of the County of Ulster, Kingston							
Old Ladies' Home of Herkimer County, Mohawk					7	7	4
Old Ladies' Home of Madison County, Oneida					16	16	16
Old Ladies' Home, Waterford					6	6	7
Open Door Mission, Albany		2	2		2	2	4
Orange County Home for Aged Women (of the Ladies' Home Society of Orange County), Middletown		1	1		24	24	21
Order of the Felician Sisters of St Francis (Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum), Buffalo				7	10	17	16
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry				4	8	12	13
Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, New York					24	24	24
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, New York					47	47	45
Presbyterian Home Association of the City of Troy, N. Y.					13	13	13
Protestant Episcopal Church Home of Rochester					18	18	16
Rochester Home for the Friendless					52	52	53
Rochester Home of Industry		7	7		45	45	45
Sailors' Snug Harbor, New Brighton, S. I.				922		922	908
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica		1	1	2	13	15	14
St. Francis' Asylum of the City of Buffalo				119	166	285	282
St. John's Home for Aged Women, Yonkers		5	5		5	5	5
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, New York				25	243	268	273
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica					4	4	4
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York					55	55	55
St. Luke's Pavilion for Aged Men (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank				2		2	2
St. Philip's Parish Home, New York				3	7	10	10
Samaritan Home for the Aged of the City of New York				20	17	37	38
Samuel F. Vilas Home, Plattsburgh					26	26	24
Society of St Johnland, Kings Park, L. I.—St. John's Inn				40		40	36
Syracuse Home Association					43	43	38
The Home (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca					16	16	16
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, New York							
Vassar Brothers' Home for Aged Men, Poughkeepsie				8		8	9
Volunteer Firemen's Home Association of the State of New York, Hudson				52		52	46
Wartburg Home for Aged and Infirm, Brooklyn				22	39	61	70
Webb's Academy and Home for Shipbuilders, New York				24	8	32	35
Total	107	167	274	2,646	3,211	5,857	

TABLE No. 52—C. DISCHARGED THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Died.			Totals.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand total.
Home for the Aged, Hudson		1	1		1	1
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York		2	2		6	6
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany	10	11	21	22	28	50
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn	18	11	29	27	12	39
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor in the City of New York:						
Home on Seventieth Street	19	22	41	33	39	72
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street	22	18	40	30	26	56
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy	13	15	28	21	21	42
Home for the Aged (of the Society of Deaconesess' Work), Buffalo	2	3	5	2	6	8
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York	14	16	30	29	29	58
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers	2	4	6	3	4	7
Home for Aged Men, Albany	5		5	6		6
Home for Aged Men, Utica	2		2	2		2
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton						
Home for Aged Women of Cohoes						
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia		1	1		1	1
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam					1	1
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo		3	3		5	5
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady		1	1		1	1
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)					8	8
Home for the Homeless, Oswego		3	3		3	3
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica		8	8		8	8
Home Hotel Association, New York	1	1	2	10	9	19
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn						
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York	7	2	9	7	2	9
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton						
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse						
Isabella Heimath, New York	7	9	16	158	* 147	305
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females						
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)	1	1	2	2	1	3
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis	2		2	2		2
Marien Heim, Brooklyn	1		1	1		1
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton		2	2		2	2
Martha Wilson Home (of the Martha Wilson Home Association), Mt. Vernon						
Mary Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon						

TABLE No. 54.

Showing the receipts of homes for blind for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Asylum for Blind Girls (of the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children), Mount Loretto	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fontmaur Church Home for the Blind (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Maspeth	$139 62	.....	.....	.....	$190 00	.....
Home for the Blind (of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Blind of the City of New York and its Vicinity)	4,478 31	.....	$1,292 00	$18,833 33	.....	$212 90
Industrial Home for the Blind (The), Brooklyn	1,738 62	$2,710 00	1,349 58	.....	.....	.....
Total	$6,647 55	$2,710 00	$2,641 58	$18,833 33	$190 00	$212 90

TABLE No. 54—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
Asylum for Blind Girls (of the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children), Mount Loretto	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fontmaur Church Home for the Blind (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Maspeth	$171 50	$2 43	.....	$1,260 00	.....	$2,054 55
Home for the Blind (of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Blind of the City of New York and its Vicinity)	2,683 50	.....	$11,375 41	.....	$1,551 16	40,426 61
Industrial Home for the Blind (The), Brooklyn	672 46	.....	.....	.....	9,234 37	15,705 03
Total	$3,527 46	$2 43	$11,375 41	$1 260 00	$10,785 53	$58,186 19

TABLE No. 55.

Showing the expenditures of homes for blind for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.
Asylum for Blind Girls (of the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children), Mount Loretto	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fontmaur Church Home for the Blind (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Maspeth	.....	.....	$500 00	$1,405 92	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for the Blind (of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Blind of the City of New York and its Vicinity)	$1,190 94	.....	2,813 78	5,759 01	$420 54	$945 70	$100 00	$457 56
Industrial Home for the Blind (The), Brooklyn	.....	$600 00	1,909 92	1,680 19	131 77	247 35	.....	.....
Total	$1,190 94	$600 00	$5,223 70	$8,845 12	$552 31	$1,193 05	$100 00	$457 56

TABLE 55—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For repayment of loans.	For investement.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
Asylum for Blind Girls (of the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children), Mount Loretto	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fontmaur Church Home for the Blind (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Maspeth	.....	.....	$20 00	.....	.....	$1,925 91	$128 63
Home for the Blind (of the Society for the Relief, of the Destitute Blind of the City of New York and its Vicinity)	$802 49	$271 04	.....	$20,500 00	$1,087 43	34,388 49	6,078 12
Industrial Home for the Blind (The), Brooklyn	75 51	.....	.....	.....	*9,783 78	14,428 52	1,276 51
Total	$878 00	$271 04	$20 00	$20,500 00	$10,871 21	$50,742 93	$7,483 26

* Of this amount, $5,501 31, for cost of material and $3,464 77 for wages to the blind.

TABLE No. 56.

Showing the number of persons supported in homes for blind and the changes, during the year ending September 30, 1898.

A. Number of Inmates in Institution October 1, 1897.

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Judicial commitment for Destitution.			Received from Parents or Guardians.		
	Men over 21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.
Asylum for Blind Girls (of the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children), Mount Loretto	.....	1	1	2	4	6
Fontmaur Church Home for the Blind (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Maspeth	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for the Blind (of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Blind of the City of New York and its Vicinity)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial Home for the Blind (The), Brooklyn	28	.....	28	.....	.....	.....
Total	28	1	29	2	4	6

TABLE No. 56.—A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN INSTITUTION, OCTOBER 1, 1897.—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	RECEIVED ON THEIR OWN APPLICATION.			TOTALS.				
	Men over 21.	Women over 21.*	Total.	Men over 21.	Women over 21	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16	Grand total.
Asylum for Blind Girls (of the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children), Mount Loretto	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	5	7
Fontmaur Church Home for the Blind (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Maspeth	.....	12	12	.....	12	.....	.....	12
Home for the Blind (of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Blind of the City of New York and its Vicinity)	34	39	73	34	39	.....	.....	73
Industrial Home for the Blind (The), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	28
Total	34	51	85	62	51	2	5	120

TABLE NO. 56.—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Girls, 2-16, received by commitment of superintendents of the poor or other poor law officers.	Received on their own Application.			Totals.				Total number in the institution during the year.	Of this Total Number.	
		Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Total.	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Girls 2-16.	Grand total.		Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds.
Asylum for Blind Girls (of the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children), Mount Loretto	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	8	2	6
Fontmaur Church Home for the Blind (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Maspeth	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	12
Home for the Blind (of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Blind of the City of New York and its Vicinity)	.....	11	4	15	11	4	.....	15	88	.....	88
Industrial Home for the Blind (The), Brooklyn	.....	3	.....	3	3	.....	.....	3	31	20	11
Total	1	14	4	18	14	4	1	19	139	22	117

TABLE NO. 52—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Received.			Totals.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand total.	
Home for the Aged, Hudson					15	15	16
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Holy Communion, New York		14	14		14	14	15
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Albany				67	71	138	187
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn	106	123	229	113	125	238	232
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor in the City of New York:							
Home on Seventieth Street				123	164	286	286
Home on One Hundred and Sixth Street				119	125	244	244
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Troy				88	105	193	200
Home for the Aged (of the Society for Deaconesses' Work), Buffalo				17	31	48	47
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York				97	110	207	212
Home for the Aged and Infirm of the Independent Order of Benai Berith, Yonkers				57	30	87	87
Home for Aged Men, Albany				40		40	40
Home for Aged Men, Utica				40	12	52	47
Home for Aged Women, Binghamton					15	15	15
Home for Aged Women, Cohoes					7	7	4
Home for Aged Women, Fredonia					10	10	10
Home for Elderly Women of Montgomery County, Amsterdam		2	2		7	7	8
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo					66	66	67
Home of the Friendless, Schenectady					12	12	10
Home of the Good Shepherd (of the Church Aid of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Town of Saratoga Springs)					15	15	14
Home for the Homeless, Oswego					18	18	18
Home for the Homeless in the City of Utica					53	53	53
Home Hotel Association, New York				20	48	68	58
Mary A. Fisher Society, Brooklyn							
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, New York				35	16	51	48
House of the Good Shepherd, Binghamton					12	12	12
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse	1		1	1	2	3	3
Isabella Heimath, New York				83	80	163	163
Johnson Home at Seneca Falls, N. Y., for Indigent Females							
Lockport Odd Fellows' Home (of the Odd Fellows' Home Association of the State of New York)				14	4	18	14
Long Island I. O. O. F. Home Association, Hollis				11	3	14	20
Marien Heim, Brooklyn				11	14	25	34
Mariners' Family Asylum, Clifton					34	34	9
Martha Wilson Home (Home of the Martha Wilson Home Association), Mt. Vernon					9	9	
Louise Heins Memorial Home for the Aged and Infirm, Mt. Vernon							

TABLE NO. 56—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS	Girls, 2-16, received by judicial commitment for destitution.	Girls, 2-16, received by commitment of superintendents of the poor or other poor law officers.	Received from Parents or Guardians.			Received on Their Own Application.			Total.					Average number of inmates during the year.
			Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Total.	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Grand Total	
Asylum for Blind Girls (of the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children), Mount Loretto	1	1	1	4	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	6	7	7
Fontmaur Church Home for the Blind (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Maspeth	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	11	.....	11	.....	.....	11	12
Home for the Blind (of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Blind of the City of New York and its Vicinity)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	40	79	39	40	.....	.....	79	79
Industrial Home for the Blind (The), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	28	28	.....	.....	.....	28	28
Total	1	1	1	4	5	67	51	118	67	51	1	6	125	.....

TABLE No. 57.

Showing the estimated value of property of homes for children and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Albany Orphan Asylum	$63,000 00	$97,465 75	$160,465 75
Lathrop Memorial Albany	25,000 00	102,000 00	127,000 00
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York	150,000 00	37,565 79	187,565 79
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo*	.....	.....	.....
Asylum of St. Vincent de Paul (The), New York	203,714 45	19,500 00	223,214 45
Asylum of the Sisters of St. Dominic, Blauvelt	84,500 00	.....	84,500 00
Auburn Orphan Asylum	25,000 00	.....	25,000 00
Babies' Shelter of the Church of the Holy Communion, Kings Park, L. I.	.....	52,593 64	52,593 64
Baby Fold (of New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York†	.....	.....	.....
Beraschah Orphanage (The), College Point, L. I.	85,000 00	.....	85,000 00
Bethlehem Orphan and Half-Orphan Asylum Society, College Point, L. I.	17,560 78	4,582 22	22,143 00
Brace Farm School, Kensico‡	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society (The)	110,900 00	77,000 00	187,900 00
Brooklyn Howard Colored Orphan Asylum (The)	60,000 00	.....	60,000 00
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children§	199,000 00	57,000 00	256,000 00
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)	55,000 00	2,131 21	57,131 21
Buffalo Children's Aid Society (The)	20,200 00	3,787 72	23,987 72
Buffalo Orphan Asylum (The)	62,769 80	226,726 49	289,496 29
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn	40,000 00	70,290 69	110,290 69
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo	115,000 00	144,474 16	259,474 16
Children's Aid Society, New York**	600,000 00	446,700 00	1,046,700 00
Children's Aid Society of Rochester††	.....	.....	.....
Children's Fold (The), New York	18,250 00	6,889 88	25,139 88
Children's Home Association, Amsterdam	20,000 00	1,100 00	21,100 00
[illegible] Home (The) (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca	4,000 00	5,000 00	9,000 00
[illegible] Home for the City and Town of Newburgh	15,029 15	.....	15,029 15
[illegible] Home, Middletown	.....	.....	.....
[illegible] Society of Schenectady (The)	20,609 15	1,157 32	21,766 77
[illegible] Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn	233,000 00	145,535 86	378,535 86
[illegible] and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, New York	280,000 00	252,000 00	532,000 00
[illegible] Mercy in Brooklyn (The)	383,000 00	25,000 00	408,000 00
[illegible] for Little Children, Brooklyn ‡‡	.....	.....	.....
[illegible] Orphan Children, Bath	150,935 00	218,197 00	369,132 00

	359,918 00		359,918 00
	150,000 00	9,300 00	159,300 00
	70,000 00	100,393 51	170,393 51
	250,000 00	52,966 37	302,966 37
	7,000 00		7,000 00
	104,000 00	200 00	104,200 00
	295,662 00		295,662 00
	41,400 00		41,400 00
York (The)	1,005,016 00	396,500 00	1,401,516 00
	45,000 00	938 50	45,938 50
	175,000 00	21,500 00	196,500 00
	325,000 00		325,000 00
	5,400 00		5,400 00
	14,500 00	29,800 00	44,300 00
	80,000 000	20,000 00	100,000 00
	27,500 00	7,000 00	34,500 00
	34,452 46	85,380 80	119,833 26
	568 00		568 00
(The)	12,000 00		12,000 00
ooklyn, E. D., §	200,875 00	30,371 00	231,246 00
Erring, Buffalo*			
	216,768 58		216,768 58
	275,000 00		275,000 00
	33,111 33	22,510 00	55,621 33
	13,081 00	14,791 39	27,872 39
New York, Rochester.	25,000 00	54,073 69	79,073 69
		1,000 00	1,000 00
	400,000 00	600,000 00	1,000,000 00
	30,000 00	35,000 00	65,000 00
	16,025 00	15,650 11	31,675 11

Closed June, 1898. ‡ Finances and statistics on tables 33–36. § Finances include home industrial schools, lodging houses, fresh air charities, etc. See respective tables. †† Finances and statistics with parent institution. *** See below. ††† Finances and additional ‡‡‡ Removed from the State. **** See Good Counsel Farm. †††† For finances and Asylum.

TABLE No. 57—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica*			
Messiah Home for Little Children, New York		$1,597 45	$1,597 45
Missionary Sisters of the Third Order of St. Francis, Peekskill	$200,000 00		200,000 00
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children, New York	700,000 00		700,000 00
Mt. Loretto Branch, Pleasant Plains, S. I.†			
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye‡			
Mount Magdalen School of Industry, Troy§			
Newburgh Home for the Friendless	15,000 00	64,820 27	79,820 27
New York Catholic Protectory (The)	1,255,311 29	171,241 10	1,426,552 39
New York Foundling Hospital	600,000 00	11,000 00	611,000 00
Nazareth, Spuyten Duyvil**			
New York Infant Asylum	189,289 69	9,675 00	198,964 69
Country Branch, Mount Vernon**			
New York Juvenile Asylum	525,000 00	99,968 69	624,968 69
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York	150,000 00	212,000 00	362,000 00
Country Branch, West Brighton, S. I.**			
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum	50,000 00		50,000 00
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse	117,696 08	33,700 68	151,396 76
Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	18,700 00	33,386 80	52,086 80
Orphanage of the Church of the Holy Trinity, New York			
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry	23,200 00	10,496 04	33,696 04
Orphan Asylum Society of the City of Brooklyn	302,000 00	118,750 00	420,750 00
Orphan Asylum Society in the City of New York	885,520 75	474,645 00	1,360,165 75
Orphan Home (The) (of the Holy Trinity Church), Brooklyn:	18,000 00	137,763 81	155,763 81
Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin, Brooklyn†			
Most Holy Rosary, Amityville†			
Sacred Heart of Jesus, Middle Village†			
Sacred Heart of Mary, Winfield††			
St. Agnes, College Point††			
St. Dominic, New Hyde Park†			
St. Elizabeth, Jamaica†			
St. Joseph, Long Island City††			
St. Magdalen, Woodhaven†			
St. Thomas Aquinas, Brooklyn†			
Sorrowful Mother, Brooklyn†			
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York	56,000 00	365,091 79	421,091 79
Orphan House and Industrial School of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown	28,000 00	6,078 16	34,078 16
Oswego Orphan Asylum	20,000 00	15,940 58	35,940 58

Ottilie Orphan Asylum (of the Orphan Asylum Society of the Reformed Churches of Brooklyn and New York), East Williamsburgh	27,400 00		27,400 00
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless	23,000 00	66,237 11	89,237 11
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester	50,000 00	27,310 90	77,310 90
Rochester Benevolent, Industrial and Scientific School of the Sisters of Mercy	60,000 00	5,000 00	65,000 00
Rochester Door of Hope Association§			
Rochester Home of Industry*			
Rochester Orphan Asylum	50,000 00	85,276 99	135,276 99
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society in the City of Brooklyn in the County of Kings	1,250,100 00	24,510 91	1,274,610 91
St. John's Home for Boys**			
St. John's Roman Catholic Protectory**			
St. Joseph's Female Orphan Asylum**			
St. Paul's Industrial School**			
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York	1,585,276 40		1,585,276 40
Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum (of the Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis), Cheektowaga	50,000 00		50,000 00
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, West Park	40,000 00		40,000 00
St. Agatha's Home for Children, Nanuet	115,000 00		115,000 00
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill †			
St. Agnes' Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn‡‡			
St. Ann's Home, New York§§			
St. Ann's School of Industry, Albany§			
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye	50,000 00		50,000 00
St. Christopher's Home, Dobbs Ferry	89,331 63	1,668 37	91,000 00
St. Colman's Industrial School and Orphan Asylum, Colonie	46,589 84		46,589 84
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	72,000 00		72,000 00
St. Francis' Home, Oswego	10,500 00		10,500 00
St. James' Home, New York	8,500 00		8,500 00
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica	42,400 00		42,400 00
St. John's Orphan Asylum, Rensselaer	15,000 00		15,000 00
St. Joseph's Asylum in the City of New York	360,000 00	24,000 00	384,000 00
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York		1,291 10	1,291 10
St. Joseph's Infant Home (of the Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph), South Troy	75,000 00		75,000 00
St. Joseph's Infant Home, Utica	12,500 00		12,500 00
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, West Seneca	74,000 00		74,000 00
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Corning	15,000 00		15,000 00
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester	60,000 00	20,000 00	80,000 00
St. Joseph's Orphan Home, Long Island City ††			
St. Malachy's Home, Brooklyn	74,823 25		74,823 25
St. Mary's Institute, Far Rockaway	15,000 00		15,000 00
St. Margaret's Home, Red Hook			
St. Margaret's House, Albany	45,000 00	2,540 00	47,450 00
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	82,648 00		82,648 00
St. Mary's Catholic Orphan Home, Binghamton	75,000 00		75,000 00
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo	100,000 00		100,000 00

* Finances and additional statistics on tables 49–52. † Finances and statistics with parent institution. ‡ See below. § For finances and additional statistics see tables 125–128. ** Finances with parent institution. †† Discontinued. ‡‡ Finances with Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn; tables 125–128. §§ Finances with House of the Good Shepherd, New York; tables 125–128.

TABLE No. 57—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
St Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn*			
St Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse	$500 00		$500 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	27,300 00		27,300 00
St Mary's Orphan Asylum, Port Jervis	16,000 00		16,000 00
St Mary's Orphan Asylum and School, Dunkirk	38,000 00		38,000 00
St. Michael's Home, Green Ridge, S. I.	50,000 00		50,000 00
St. Patrick's Orphanage, Watertown	16,000 00		16,000 00
St Patrick's Orphan Girls' Asylum, Rochester	68,500 00		68,500 00
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank†			
St Peter's German Catholic Orphan Association, Rondout‡			
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany	134,289 00		134,289 00
St. Francis de Sales Asylum, Albany§			
St Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	75,000 00		75,000 00
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy	106,075 00		106,075 00
St. Vincent's Home of the City of Brooklyn	10,000 00	$3,419 99	13,419 99
St. Vincent Industrial School, Utica	90,000 00		90,000 00
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany	43,000 00		43,000 00
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Syracuse	100,000 00		100,000 00
Saratoga Home for Children	8,000 00		8,000 00
Sevilla Home for Children (The), New York		519,000 00	519,000 00
Sheltering Arms (The), New York	223,459 56	149,446 98	372,906 54
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	38,250 00	34,750 00	73,000 00
Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the State of New York (The), New York.	11,500 00		11,500 00
Sisters' Home and Training School for Children (of the Sisterhood of the Good Shepherd), New York	300 00	7,988 00	8,288 00
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn**			
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca	202,301 17	20,903 45	223,204 62
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton		146,250 00	146,250 00
Society for the Relief of Half Orphan and Destitute Children, New York	237,627 76	257,274 07	494,901 83
Society of St. Johnland (The), Kings Park, L. I.	162,019 39	106,133 79	268,153 18
Babies' Shelter††			
Johnny's Memorial (The Boys' House)‡‡			
Sunbeam Cottage§§			
Society of St Martha, Bronxville			
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira	35,000 00	4,150 00	39,150 00
Suffolk County Children's Home Yaphank			
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton	40,000 00	1,000 00	41,000 00
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola	20,000 00	5,140 13	25,140 13

The Anchorage, Elmira§§			
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	41,412 86	10,770 46	52,183 32
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum	107,261 00	17,415 50	124,676 50
Troy Orphan Asylum	200,000 00	135,891 44	335,891 44
United Helpers (The), Ogdensburg ***			
Utica Orphan Asylum	50,000 00	150,000 00	200,000 00
Wartburg Orphans' Farm School, Mount Vernon	138,000 00	4,350 00	142,350 00
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli on Hudson	15,500 00		15,500 00
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains	70,000 00		70,000 00
Western New York Society for the Protection of Homeless and Dependent Children, Randolph	56,000 00	5,500 00	61,500 00
Woman's Aid Nursery, Brooklyn ***	300 00		300 00
Total	$19,413,128 67	$7,097,357 66	$26,510,486 33

* Finances with St. Mary's Female Hospital of Brooklyn. † Finances and additional statistics on tables 93–96. ‡ "No business transacted during the past year." § Finances with parent institution. ** Finances and remaining statistics on tables 73–76. †† See above. ‡‡ Finances and statistics with parent institution. §§ For finances and additional statistics, see tables 125–128. *** Founded May, 1898.

TABLE No. 57.—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Indebtedness October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness October 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total	Real.	Other.	Total.
Albany Orphan Asylum						
Lathrop Memorial, Albany						
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York					$23,554 88	$23,554 88
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo*						
Asylum of St. Vincent de Paul (The), New York		$1,000 00	$1,000 00			
Asylum of the Sisters of St. Dominic, Blauvelt	$25,000 00	1,000 00	26,000 00	$20,000 00	$1,000 00	21,000 00
Auburn Orphan Asylum	15,500 06	1,635 29	17,135 29	15,500 00	3,372 42	18,872 42
Babies' Shelter of the Church of the Holy Communion, Kings Park, L. I.						
Baby Fold (of New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York†						
Berachah Orphanage (The), College Point, L. I.	20,000 00		20,000 00	20,000 00	250 00	20,250 00
Bethlehem Orphan and Half-Orphan Asylum Society, College Point, L. I.						
Brace Farm School, Kensico‡						
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society (The)						
Brooklyn Howard Colored Orphan Asylum (The)	4,000 00	2,200 00	6,200 00	4,000 00	1,145 00	5,145 00
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children§		1,000 00	1,000 00		1,000 00	1,000 00
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)		3,024 84	3,024,84		668 55	668 55
Buffalo Children's Aid Society (The)						
Buffalo Orphan Asylum (The)						
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn						
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo		3,225 87	3,325 87		2,847 61	2,847 61
Children's Aid Society, New York**	25,250 00		25,250 00	25,250 00	21,379 02	46,629 02
Children's Aid Society of Rochester††						
Children's Fold (The), New York		5,045 01	5,045 01		5,010 73	5,010 73
Children's Home Association, Amsterdam	700 00		700 00	500 00	115 00	615 00
Children's Home (The), (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca		122 00	122 00			
Children's Home for the City and Town of Newburgh						
Children's Home, Middletown						
Children's Home Society of Schenectady (The)	6,500 00		6,500 00	6,500 00		6,500 00
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn	40,000 00	31,000 00	71,000 00	80,000 00	3,500 00	83,500 00
Orphan House						
Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, New York					3,000 00	3,000 00
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy in Brooklyn (The)	110,000 00	15,000 00	125,000 00	160,000 00	15,000 00	175,000 00
The Angel Guardian Home for Little Children, Brooklyn‡‡						
Davenport Home for Female Orphan Children, Bath						

Dominican Convent of Our Lady of the Rosary, New York	57,809 94	3,833 54	61,643 48	44,000 00	18,758 45	62,758 45
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill §§						
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York***						
Evangelical Lutheran St John's Orphan Home, Buffalo	40,000 00		40,000 00	40,000 00		40,000 00
Fairview Home for Friendless Children (The), Watervliet		2,500 00	2,500 00		2,500 00	2,500 00
Five Points House of Industry (The), New York	100,000 00		100,000 00	100,000 00		100,000 00
George Junior Republic Association, Freeville		2,000 00	2,000 00		750 00	750 00
German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphan Asylum, Unionport †††						
German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	3,000 00	650 00	3,650 00	3,000 00	800 00	3,800 00
Good Counsel Farm (of the Sisters of Divine Compassion), White Plains	73,000 00	2,247 37	75,247 37	73,000 00		72,000 00
House of Nazareth ‡‡‡						
St. Stanislaus Cottage‡‡‡						
Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York †††						
House of Holy Child‡‡‡						
Gustavus Adolphus Orphans' Home (The), Jamestown	6,000 00	1,300 00	7,300 00	6,000 00	1,954 58	7,954 58
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of the City of New York (The)	307,100 00	46,568 00	353,668 00	303,600 00	40,842 70	344,442 70
Hebrew Infant Asylum of the City of New York		500 00	500 00	24,400 00	1,927 50	26,327 50
Hebrew Orphan Asylum of the City of Brooklyn (The)	50,000 00	6,000 00	56,000 00	50,000 00		50,000 00
Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society Orphan Asylum, New York	130,000 00	10,324 51	140,324 51	120,000 00	5,130 96	125,130 96
Hiram Deats Memorial Home for Children, New York§§§						
Home for the Friendless of Northern New York, Plattsburgh						
House of Good Shepherd, Utica						
House of Nazareth, White Plains ****						
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse	21,000 00	11,976 00	32,976 00	18,000 00	4,764 00	22,764 00
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson ††††						
House of Shelter (The), Albany*						
Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, New York		127 11	127 11		25 76	25 76
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, Hudson						
Industrial Colony Association, Gardiner						
Industrial Home of the City of Kingston (The)						
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.,§	2,500 00		2,500 00	38,898 81	500 00	39,398 81
Home, South Third Street						
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo*						
Institution of Mercy, New York	6,000 00	16,921 73	22,921 73	12,000 00	21,153 20	33,153 20
Home for Boys at Tarrytown	148,400 00	6,051 00	154,451 00	145,980 00	9,471 31	156,451 31
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Watertown		167 19	167 19		508 96	508 96
Jennie Clarkson Home for Children, Katonah						
Jewish Orphan Asylum Association of Western New York, Rochester						
Kallman Scandinavian Orphanage (The), New York						
Lathrop Memorial, Albany‡‡‡‡						
Leake and Watts Orphan House (The), Yonkers						
Lockport Home for the Friendless (The)	3,000 00		3,000 00	3,000 00		3,000 00
Madison County Orphan Asylum, Peterboro						

* For finances and additional statistics, see tables 125–128. † Closed June, 1898. ‡Finances and statistics on tables 33–36. § Finances include home and industrial schools, see tables 33–36. ** Finances include industrial schools, lodging houses, fresh air charities; see respective table. †† Finances and statistics on tables 117–120. ‡‡ Not yet open. §§ Finances and statistics with parent institution. *** See below. ††† Finances and additional statistics on tables 49–52. ‡‡‡ Finances with parent institution. §§§ Removed from the State. **** See Good Council Farm. †††† For finances and additional statistics, see tables 1–9. ‡‡‡‡ See above.

TABLE No. 57—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica*.						
Messiah Home for Little Children, New York						
Missionary Sisters of the Third Order of St Francis, Peekskill	$15,000 00	$18,297 28	$33,297 28	$15,000 00	$13,297 28	$28,297 28
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children, New York.						
Mt. Loretto Branch, Pleasant Plains, S. I.						
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye‡						
Mount Magdalen School of Industry, Troy§						
Newburgh Home for the Friendless		1,200 00	1,200 00		1,600 00	1,600 00
New York Catholic Protectory (The)	320,000 00	44,057 44	364,057 44	320,000 00	89,257 58	409,257 58
New York Foundling Hospital	5,000 00	8,500 00	13,500 00	2,235 40	5,010 00	7,245 40
Nazareth, Spuyten Duyvil.**						
New York Infant Asylum	35,000 00	29,406 39	64,406 39	35,000 00	11,838 13	46,838 13
Country Branch, Mount Vernon**						
New York Juvenile Asylum		5,000 00	5,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York						
Country Branch, West Brighton, S. I.**						
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum	19,802 00	3,098 00	22,900 00	18,572 00	6,132 00	24,704 00
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse						
Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua						
Orphanage of the Church of the Holy Trinity, New York						
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry		906 63	906 63		635 00	635 00
Orphan Asylum Society of the City of Brooklyn						
Orphan Asylum Society in the City of New York						
Orphan Home (The) (of the Holy Trinity Church), Brooklyn		16,000 00	16,000 00		10,000 00	10,000 00
Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin, Brooklyn†						
Most Holy Rosary, Amityville†						
Sacred Heart of Jesus, Middle Village†						
Sacred Heart of Mary, Winfield††						
St. Agnes', College Point††						
St. Dominic, New Hyde Park†						
St. Elizabeth, Jamaica†						
St. Joseph, Long Island City††						
St. Magdalen, Woodhaven†						
St. Thomas Aquinas, Brooklyn†						
Sorrowful Mother, Brooklyn†						
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York						
Orphan House and Industrial School of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown						

Oswego Orphan Asylum				3,500 00		3,500 00
Ottilie Orphan Asylum (of the Orphan Asylum Society of the Reformed Churches of Brooklyn and New York), East Williamsburgh		2,900 00	2,900 00		2,600 00	2,600 00
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless						
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester		973 56	973 56		487 71	487 71
Rochester Benevolent, Industrial and Scientific School of the Sisters of Mercy	7,600 00	6,200 00	13,800 00	14,000 00	2,000 00	16,000 00
Rochester Door of Hope Association§						
Rochester Home of Industry *						
Rochester Orphan Asylum						
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society in the City of Brooklyn in the County of Kings	158,000 00	10,497 44	168,497 44	255,000 00	29,401 65	284,401 65
St. John's Home for Boys**						
St. John's Roman Catholic Protectory **						
St. Joseph's Female Orphan Asylum**						
St. Paul's Industrial School**						
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York		36,750 00	36,750 00		45,000 00	45,000 00
Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum (of the Order of Felician Sisters of St. Francis), Cheektowaga	2,400 00		2,400 00	1,400 00	108 00	1,508 00
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, West Park	10,000 00	2,727 00	12,727 00	6,000 00	2,600 00	8,600 00
St. Agatha's Home for Children, Nanuet	48,000 00	8 489 50	56,489 50	48,000 00	18,814 48	66,814 48
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill†						
St. Agnes' Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn††						
St. Ann's Home, New York§§						
St. Ann's School of Industry, Albany§						
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye	29,000 00		29,000 00	29,000 00		29,000 00
St. Christopher's Home, Dobbs Ferry		3,562 00	3,562 00		3,778 50	3,778 50
St. Colman's Industrial School and Orphan Asylum, Colonie	30,992 67		30,992 67	27,992 67		27,992 67
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	30,800 00		30,800 00	17,500 00		17,500 00
St. Francis' Home, Oswego	7,750 00		7,750 00	7,000 00		7,000 00
St. James' Home, New York						
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica		9,365 80	9,365 80		2,000 00	2,000 00
St. John's Orphan Asylum, Rensselaer						
St. Joseph's Asylum in the City of New York		29,000 00	29,000 00		75,000 00	75,000 00
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York					1,246 19	1,246 19
St. Joseph's Infant Home (of the Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph), South Troy	48,200 00		48,200 00	48,200 00		48,200 00
St. Joseph's Infant Home, Utica	7,500 00	1,563 25	9,063 25	7,500 00	3,047 97	10,547 97
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, West Seneca	20,000 00	1,820 82	21,820 82	20,000 00	369 49	20,369 49
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Corning						
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester						
St. Joseph's Orphan Home, Long Island City ††						
St. Malachy's Home, Brooklyn	8,000 00	4,000 00	12,000 00	40,975 00	8,000 00	48,975 00
St. Mary' Institute, Far Rockaway	8,000 00	600 00	8,600 00	7,500 00	300 00	7,800 00
St. Margaret's Home, Red Hook						
St. Margaret's House, Albany		265 00	265 00			
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	16,400 00	1,222 81	17,622 81	12,500 00	1,941 93	14,441 93

* Finances and additional statistics on tables 49–52. † Finances and statistics with parent institution. ‡ See below. § For finances and additional statistics, see table 125–128. ** Finances with parent institution. †† Discontinued. ‡‡ Finances with Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd Brooklyn; tables 125–128. §§ Finances with House of the Good Shepherd, New York; tables 125–128.

TABLE No. 57—(*Continued*).

	Indebtedness, October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness, October 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
St Mary's Catholic Orphan Home, Binghamton	$22,613 34	$2,000 00	$24,613 34	$22,613 34	$2,000 00	$24,613 34
St Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo						
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn*						
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse						
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	7,000 00	200 00	7,200 00			
St Mary's Orphan Asylum, Port Jervis		3,000 00	3,000 00		3,000 00	3,000 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum and School, Dunkirk	5,000 00		5,000 00	2,500 00		2,500 00
St. Michael's Home, Green Ridge, S. I.		10,611 67	10,611 67		11,277 52	11,277 52
St. Patrick's Orphanage, Watertown	12,000 00	1,365 43	13,365 43	11,500 00	1,477 16	12,977 16
St Patrick's Orphan Girls' Asylum, Rochester	7,000 00	1,507 42	8,507 42	6,000 00	2,741 81	8,741 81
St Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank†						
St. Peter's German Catholic Orphan Association, Rondout‡						
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany	13,000 00		13,000 00	13,000 00		13,000 00
St. Francis de Sales Asylum, Albany§						
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo						
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy	37,000 00	3,000 00	40,000 00	37,000 00	1,342 85	38,342 85
St Vincent's Home of the City of Brooklyn	5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		5,000 00
St Vincent Industrial School, Utica	45,000 00		45,000 00	45,000 00		45,000 00
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany						
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Syracuse	10,860 50	834 09	11,694 59	3,081 36	1,292 56	4,373 92
Saratoga Home for Children	507 50		507 50			
Seville Home for Children (The), New York						
Sheltering Arms (The), New York	15,000 00		15,000 00	15,000 00	1,800 00	16,800 00
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), New York						
Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the State of New York (The), New York					350 00	350 00
Sisters' Home and Training School for Children (of the Sisterhood of the Good Shepherd), New York						
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn**						
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca	10,000 00	18,565 74	28,565 74	10,000 00	23,169 44	33,169 44
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton						
Society for the Relief of Half Orphan and Destitute Children, New York						
Society of St. Johnland (The), Kings Park, L. I		4,366 46	4,366 46			
Babies' Shelter††						
Johnny's Memorial (The Boys' House)‡‡						
Sunbeam College§§						
Society of St. Martha, Bronxville						

Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira						
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank					1,758 52	1,758 52
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton						
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola						
The Anchorage, Elmira§§						
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois						
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum		1,916 56	1,916 56		1,265 67	1,265 67
Troy Orphan Asylum	17,000 00		17,000 00	17,000 00		17,000 00
United Helpers (The), Ogdensburg***						
Utica Orphan Asylum						
Wartburg Orphans' Farm School, Mount Vernon						
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli-on-Hudson						
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains	35,000 00	4,435 86	39,435 86	35,000 00	4,910 03	39,910 03
Western New York Society for the Protection of Homeless and Dependent Children, Randolph	1,500 00	4,500 00	6,000 00	1,800 00	4,500 00	6,300 00
Woman's Aid Nursery, Brooklyn***					60 41	60 41
Total	$2,265,685 95	$478,125 61	$2,743,811 56	$2,475,998 58	$595,742 51	$3,071,741 09

* Finances with St. Mary's Female Hospital of Brooklyn. † Finances and additional statistics on tables 93–96. ‡ "No business transacted during the past year." § Finances with parent institution. ** Finances and remaining statistics on tables 73–76. †† See above. ‡‡ Finances and statistics with parent institution. §§ For finances and additional statistics, see tables 125–128. *** Founded May, 1898.

TABLE No. 58.

Showing the receipts of homes for children for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.
Albany Orphan Asylum	$1,910 60	*$423 00	$35,479 94	$527 75	$553 11	.....	.....
Lathrop Memorial, Albany	1,782 24	.....	.....	.....	1,445 40	.....	.....
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York	7,834 86	.....	.....	43,494 31	515 00	$7,974 36	.....
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Asylum of St Vincent de Paul (The), New York	687 29	.....	.....	10,851 83	5,162 16	8,600 00	.....
Asylum of the Sisters of St. Dominic, Blauvelt	2,537 94	.....	1,851 20	34,756 55	160 00	.....	.....
Auburn Orphan Asylum	43 46	.....	5,753 54	.....	695 55	100 00	.....
Babies' Shelter of the Church of the Holy Communion, Kings Park, L. I.	2,972 00	.....	.....	.....	795 67	.....	.....
Baby Fold (of N. Y. City Mission and Tract Society), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	591 17	.....	.....
Berachah Orphanage (The), College Point, L. I.	500 89	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bethlehem Orphan and Half Orphan Asylum Society, College Point, L. I	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,626 68	500 00	.....
Brace Farm School, Kensico	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society (The)	549 95	.....	.....	1,809 29	1,847 92	4,831 00	.....
Brooklyn Howard Colored Orphan Asylum (The)	1,803 91	.....	4,097 65	6,485 71	1,031 50	1,257 50	$1 00
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Distitute Children.	15,990 79	.....	26,696 61	.....	1,185 29	6,000 00	.....
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)	919 41	.....	2,150 13	4,000 00	1,898 25	5,019 29	231 50
Buffalo Children's Aid Society (The)	544 63	.....	296 00	.....	1,804 32	1,500 00	442 50
Buffalo Orphan Asylum (The)	3,940 71	.....	2,262 86	.....	2,009 05	16,316 15	.....
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn	3,378 96	.....	3,500 00	.....	879 23	500 00	75 00
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo	382 89	.....	861 00	.....	2,806 12	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York	15,536 14	*60,764 65	.....	40,000 00	.....	16,795 83	.....
Children's Aid Society of Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Fold (The), New York	39 18	.....	.....	17,189 15	.....	.....	.....
Children's Home Association, Amsterdam	195 44	.....	.....	965 33	504 08	.....	.....
Children's Home (The), (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca.	.....	.....	138 00	391 55	309 60	359 00	21 00
Children's Home for the City and Town of Newburgh	.....	.....	.....	4,893 13	469 50	.....	.....
Children's Home, Middletown	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Home Society of Schenectady (The)	791 89	.....	1,656 00	.....	285 00	.....	.....
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn	317 75	.....	.....	5,322 00	603 00	5,000 00	400 00
Orphan House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, New York	3,300 88		1,971 02	19,856 23	1,097 50		
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy in Brooklyn (The)	2,094 90			35,083 32	891 00	3,000 00	
The Angel Guardian Home for Little Children, Brooklyn							
Davenport Home for Female Orphan Children, Bath	3,796 31					7,500 00	
Dominican Convent of Our Lady of the Rosary, New York	5,900 35			55,962 80	2,706 00		
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill							
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York							
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo	7,673 22		1,144 00	693 50	771 13	6,829 39	856 59
Fairview Home for Friendless Children (The), Watervliet	424 64		4,801 89	279 33	802 73	100,000 00	
Five Points' House of Industry (The), New York	1,076 74			37,365 58	1,207 00	3,725 58	
George Junior Republic Association, Freeville	1,958 63				891 36		810 00
German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphan Asylum, Unionport							
German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	2,700 93		7,602 34	2,475 00	347 00	1,525 00	
Good Counsel Farm (of the Sisters of Divine Compassion), White Plains			4,089 22	22,381 32			
House of Nazareth							
St. Stanislaus Cottage							
Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York:							
House of Holy Child							
Gustavus Adolphus Orphans' Home (The), Jamestown	623 80				65 00		
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of the City of New York	6,437 82			89,290 17		14,222 22	35,705 00
Hebrew Infant Asylum of the City of New York	5,851 23			3,513 14		1,000 00	4,473 00
Hebrew Orphan Asylum of the City of Brooklyn (The)	11,652 80			24,419 00			9,255 00
Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society Orphan Asylum, New York	150 63		208 00	81,303 00	484 00	1,200 00	3,080 00
Hiram Deats Memorial Home for Children, New York							
Home for the Friendless of Northern New York, Plattsburgh	157 58		705 00	303 75	297 00	100 00	
House of the Good Shepherd, Utica	28 56		2,785 13		492 31		27 05
House of Nazareth, White Plains							
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse	2,389 76		1,473 19	9,380 39	586 89	140 00	
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson							
House of Shelter (The), Albany							
Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, New York	256 84						
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, Hudson	1,926 20		3,450 27				10 00
Industrial Colony Association, Gardiner	153 95				50 00		108 00
Industrial Home of the City of Kingston (The)	708 89		1,111 50	117 86	539 50		617 00
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D	10,826 16			21,729 48	14,423 55	14,458 62	
Home, South Third Street							
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo							
Institution of Mercy, New York	128 60			52,119 00	1,373 00	1,000 00	
Home for Boys at Tarrytown	916 12		1,218 90	35,203 98	1,128 86		
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Watertown		*288 12	1,661 64	3,093 14	758 45		
Jennie Clarkson Home for Children, Katonah	27,159 57						
Jewish Orphan Asylum Association of Western New York, Rochester	1,982 02		242 00	657 60	82 00	125 00	2,169 00
Kallman Scandinavian Orphanage (The), New York					1,403 87		
Lathrop Memorial, Albany							
Leake and Watts Orphan House (The), Yonkers							
Lockport Home for the Friendless (The)	2,832 18	*127 29	3,568 61		157 50	10,000 00	16 50

* From the apportionment of school moneys.

TABLE No. 58—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.
Madison County Orphan Asylum, Peterboro	.....	.....	$3,938 80	.....	$109 00	.....	.....
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund) Utica	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Messiah Home for Little Children, New York	$345 99	.....	.....	.....	1,3·6 00	.....	.....
Missionary Sisters of the Third Order of St. Francis, Peekskill	1,116 44	.....	23,736 02	$91,419 71	420 58	$543 11	.....
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children, New York	986 99	.....	7,142 72	82,498 30	7,181 87	*35,000 00	.....
Mt. Loretto Branch, Pleasant Plains, S. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mount Magdalen School of Industry, Troy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh Home for the Friendless	175 94	.....	.....	.....	494 00	510 00	$17 00
New York Catholic Protectory (The)	16,468 81	.....	15,711 97	245,728 94	3,043 21	1,200 00	240 00
New York Foundling Hospital	1,133 58	.....	.....	319,792 36	9,580 00	1,500 00	.....
Nazareth, Spuyten Duyvil	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infant Asylum	1,244 21	.....	.....	79,970 01	2,552 02	.....	.....
Country Branch, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Juvenile Asylum	4,353 56	.....	.....	125,504 97	1,892 80	2,500 00	.....
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York	776 32	.....	648 34	49,033 26	6,447 85	10,000 00	770 18
Country Branch, West Brighton, S. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum	731 66	.....	5,048 01	1,624 58	4,307 79	.....	.....
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse	3,661 84	.....	3,478 89	12,740 59	2,254 63	3,500 00	35 00
Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	6 49	†$149 78	2,287 93	.....	347 40	.....	.....
Orphanage of the Church of the Holy Trinity, New York	106 12	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00	.....
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry	4,500 00	.....	103 23	.....	400 33	.....	386 00
Orphan Asylum Society of the City of Brooklyn	3,533 73	.....	.....	6,763 82	4,255 00	4,831 00	.....
Orphan Asylum Society in the City of New York	7,752 97	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orphan Home (The), (of the Holy Trinity Church), Brooklyn	1,717 96	.....	58,087 75	4,946 24	2,315 67	.....	21 50
Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Most Holy Rosary, Amityville	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart of Jesus, Middle Village	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart of Mary, Winfield	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Agnes, College Point	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Dominic, New Hyde Park	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

St. Elizabeth, Jamaica							
St. Joseph, Long Island City							
St. Magdalen, Woodhaven							
St. Thomas Aquinas, Brooklyn							
Sorrowful Mother, Brooklyn							
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York	1,055 18				824 75	2,657 46	341 00
Orphan House and Industrial School of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown	394 85	†258 01	5,792 44		885 99	666 67	
Oswego Orphan Asylum	1,556 65		328 65	441 33	461 48		
Ottilie Orphan Asylum (of the Orphan Asylum Society of the Reformed Churches of Brooklyn and New York), East Williamsburgh	122 16			89 50	619 50	550 00	1,013 50
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless	755 19		536 86	104 00	414 75	1,109 23	
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester	346 65			326 70	750 25		190 00
Rochester Benevolent, Industrial and Scientific School of the Sisters of Mercy	509 52		276 71	3,892 18	504 44	200 00	150 00
Rochester Door of Hope Association							
Rochester Home of Industry							
Rochester Orphan Asylum	2,198 02		1,421 13	3,385 53	3,544 31	3,947 34	
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society in the City of Brooklyn in the County of Kings	3,170 11			110,615 28		1,605 37	67 00
St. John's Home for Boys							
St. John's Roman Catholic Protectory							
St. Joseph's Female Orphan Asylum							
St. Paul's Industrial School							
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York	1,028 58	†4,528 74				8,675 13	72 00
Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum (of the Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis), Cheektowaga	114 95		601 42		701 70		
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, West Park	2,231 09				799 00		
St. Agatha's Home for Children, Nanuet	8,235 80			28,793 36	157 00		
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill							
St. Agnes' Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn							
St. Ann's Home, New York							
St. Ann's School of Industry, Albany							
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye	893 00			542 64	1,306 62	300 00	
St. Christopher's Home, Dobbs Ferry	269 97				8,313 35		140 00
St. Colman's Industrial School and Orphan Asylum, Colonie	3,225 00		9,902 24	1,045 10	292 00		
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	6 98			5,061 13	583 96	5,000 00	
St. Francis' Home, Oswego	321 03		99 54	1,088 78	788 50		104 00
St. James' Home, New York	179 63			10,137 70	968 00		
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica	531 18		9,921 74	219 75	114 55		
St. John's Orphan Asylum, Rensselaer	90 00		5,830 82		1,503 75		
St. Joseph's Asylum in the City of New York	19,687 22			78,569 82	1,858 00		570 00
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York					463 00		
St. Joseph's Infant Home (of the Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph), South Troy	7 15		1,038 83	8,980 41	933 50		
St. Joseph's Infant Home, Utica	55 47		2,767 26		402 50		335 00
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, West Seneca	540 97		6,844 93	1,573 70	592 95		
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Corning				340 99	20 00		

* For blind asylum at Mt. Loretto. † From apportionment of school moneys.

TABLE No. 58—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester	$5,176 38	.....	$342 84	$3,607 18	$1,085 47	$4,345 46	$69 05
St. Joseph's Orphan Home, Long Island City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Malachy's Home, Brooklyn	57 74	.....	310 25	26,515 75	216 00	.....	.....
St. Mary's Institute, Far Rockaway	221 07	.....	.....	.....	3,230 00	.....	.....
St. Margaret's Home, Red Hook	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Margaret's House, Albany	107 16	.....	2,464 91	137 53	*2,139 69	.....	.....
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	379 84	.....	1,655 75	5,049 46	1,581 88	918 26	.....
St. Mary's Catholic Orphan Home, Binghamton	1,456 77	.....	9 894 23	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo	969 42	.....	4,179 15	1,358 15	6,220 30	.....	.....
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse	24 61	.....	608 00	2,827 10	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	14 78	.....	807 60	.....	91 50	.....	.....
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Port Jervis	.....	.....	5,795 00	.....	2,044 95	.....	.....
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum and School, Dunkirk	182 64	.....	2,696 52	1,120 83	489 00	.....	.....
St. Michael's Home, Green Ridge, S. I.	.....	.....	.....	12,413 12	152 00	.....	.....
St. Patrick's Orphanage, Watertown	.....	.....	.....	71 00	401 30	.....	.....
St Patrick's Orphan Girls' Asylum, Rochester	492 74	.....	996 40	3,064 33	713 52	1,026 61	.....
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's German Catholic Orphan Association, Rondout	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany	20 65	.....	20,212 65	732 95	327 80	.....	.....
St. Francis de Sales' Asylum, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	127 05	.....	2,491 53	1,881 00	1,889 59	300 00	.....
St Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy	883 96	.....	1,326 51	15,194 12	153 75	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Home of the City of Brooklyn	2,249 82	.....	.....	260 24	479 72	250 00	.....
St. Vincent Industrial School, Utica	989 00	.....	12,935 39	202 00	4,381 29	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany	810 41	.....	16,121 65	.....	107 00	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Syracuse	15 53	.....	1,090 95	†15,579 97	1,010 65	2,100 00	.....
Saratoga Home for Children	626 07	.....	1,100 43	.....	455 93	.....	50 00
Sevilla Home for Children (The), New York	107,485 33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sheltering Arms (The), New York	2,395 97	.....	.....	.....	5,265 30	9,100 00	.....
Sheltering Arms Nursery, (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	5,384 87	.....	2,724 50	1,818 74	760 70	.....	254 82
Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the State of New York (The), New York	1,888 53	.....	.....	5,000 00	212 05	.....	.....

Sisters' Home and Training School for Children (of the Sisterhood of the Good Shepherd), New York	62 30				417 00		
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn							
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca	1,643 78		10,093 33		992 25	463 55	
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton	6,450 18				535 50		
Society for the Relief of Half-Orphan and Destitute Children, New York	5,591 93	‡$989 31			5,890 00	10,000,00	
Society of St. Johnland (The), Kings Park, L. I.	2,413 39				8,110 18	5,833 33	
Babies' Shelter							
Johnny's Memorial (The Boys' House)							
Sunbeam Cottage							
Society of St. Martha, Bronxville	96 62				402 50		
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira	320 74		4,755 69	121 71	394 36		8 25
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank			3,500 00		41 50		
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton	4,950 27	‡381 42	10,805 29	298 00			
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola	5,252 17		296 25	1,587 21	1,029 75	2,500 00	95 00
The Anchorage, Elmira							
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	2,118 17	34,685 53					
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum	793 07		2,919 42	23,612 34	189 25		
Troy Orphan Asylum	4,497 33		3,331 71	7,067 61	2,228 71	14,118 19	
United Helpers (The), Ogdensburg					38 00		
Utica Orphan Asylum	1,531 64		10,098 26		2,314 19	1,293 32	
Wartburg Orphans' Farm School, Mount Vernon	2,164 26				9,878 20		
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli on-Hudson	896 69				1,411 48		
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains	107 79		12,246 53	3,844 40	311 27		
Western New York Society for the Protection of Homeless and Dependent Children, Randolph	196 99	‡417 63	4,256 37	2,933 83	§6,021 13	800 00	
Woman's Aid Nursery, Brooklyn					277 15		20 35
Total	$432,959 94	$103,013 48	$430,289 00	$2,077,473 44	$193,047 06	$377,422 97	$63,249 79

* Of this amount, $1,073.15 from House of Refuge, Hudson; $386.84 from Albany Orphan Asylum. † Appropriation for 21 months. ‡ From apportionment of school moneys. § Of this amount, $689.09 from Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children.

TABLE 58—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Albany Orphan Asylum			$6,589 62			$1,000 00	$46,484 02
Lathrop Memorial, Albany			5,060 00				8,287 64
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York		$4,798 40	1,101 00		$15,000 00	3,906 64	84,624 57
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo							
Asylum of St. Vincent de Paul (The), New York		5,635 59				956 89	31,893 76
Asylum of the Sisters of St. Dominic, Blauvelt					1,008 00		40,313 69
Auburn Orphan Asylum	$948 63	153 50					7,694 68
Babies' Shelter of the Church of the Holy Communion, King's Park, L. I.		49 00	2,334 86	$12,000 00			18,151 53
Baby Fold (of New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York							591 17
Berachah Orphanage (The), College Point, L. I.		3,511 40			250 00	122 12	4,384 41
Bethlehem Orphan and Half-Orphan Asylum Society, College Point, L. I.		3,201 85	170 62			2,543 59	8,042 74
Brace Farm School, Kensico							
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society (The)		12,308 40	4,656 47	1,500 00	1,645 20	156 42	29,304 65
Brooklyn Howard Colored Orphan Asylum (The)	71 15	3,414 61	22 50			1,461 10	19,558 63
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children	5,999 79	5,181 91	2,864 99		3,500 00	906 70	68,317 08
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)	2,106 31	1,757 80	20 03			912 30	19,015 02
Buffalo Children's Aid Society (The)	915 99	485 10	330 39			289 38	6,598 31
Buffalo Orphan Asylum (The)		33 61	12,391 72	32,900 00		685 32	70,539 42
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn		307 51	3,205 27	6,266 50			18,112 47
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo	980 00	1,957 67	7,468 36			18 11	44,474 15
Children's Aid Society, New York		80,319 33	22,951 58	38,018 88		40,159 11	314,545 52
Children's Aid Society of Rochester							
Children's Fold (The), New York		1,694 97			2,295 55	45 23	21,264 08
Children's Home Association, Amsterdam		1,176 82	60 00			3 16	2,904 83
Children's Home (The) (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca	48 50	55 37	300 00			28 15	1,651 17
Children's Home for the City and Town of Newburgh							5,362 63
Children's Home, Middletown							
Children's Home Society of Schenectady (The)	2,130 46	1,043 87					5,907 22
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn	471 97	9,798 97	6,754 62		53,500 00	216 08	82,324 39
Orphan House							

Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, New York		572 00	12,654 51	334 41	3,000 00		42,786 55
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy in Brooklyn (The)	2,200 00	1,251 00			40,000 00	13,450 93	97,971 15
The Angel Guardian Home for Little Children, Brooklyn							
Davenport Home for Female Orphan Children, Bath			14,873 35	85,140 00		82 35	111,392 01
Dominican Convent of Our Lady of the Rosary, New York				8,000 00	468 28		73,037 43
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill							
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York							
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo	2,519 79			757 00	40,000 00	2,359 52	63,604 14
Fairview Home for Friendless Children (The), Watervliet	433 30	3,838 23	1,761 05		2,500 00	1,171 90	116,016 07
Five Points House of Industry (The), New York		12,291 65	2,323 05	500 00			58,489 60
George Junior Republic Association, Freeville	1,615 89	5,338 35		750 00		99 59	11,465 82
German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphan Asylum, Unionport							
German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	460 52	1,626 37	210 08			1,964 61	18,911 85
Good Counsel Farm (of the Sisters of Divine Compassion), White Plains		417 50			15,717 65	5,100 85	47,706 54
House of Nazareth							
St. Stanislaus Cottage							
Grace Hospital (Home) of Grace Church, New York:							
House of Holy Child							
Gustavus Adolphus Orphans' Home (The), Jamestown		4,397 03				573 54	5,659 37
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of the City of New York (The)		20,380 00	16,486 76		64,500 00	145,787 03	392,809 00
Hebrew Infant Asylum of the City of New York		8,168 45	90 00			12 50	23,108 32
Hebrew Orphan Asylum of the City of Brooklyn (The)	7,684 30	883 50	1,344 49			956 66	56,195 75
Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society Orphan Asylum, New York		7,493 17	127 10				94,045 90
Hiram Deats Memorial Home for Children, New York							
Home for the Friendless of Northern New York, Plattsburgh	930 69	727 63					3,221 65
House of the Good Shepherd, Utica		618 32	1,856 48				5,837 85
House of Nazareth, White Plains							
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse	6,192 27	1,071 00				46 51	21,280 01
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson							
House of Shelter (The), Albany							
Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, New York		4,746 87			985 25		5,988 96
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, Hudson			4,632 07	2,700 00	1,000 00	91 35	13,809 89
Industrial Colony Association, Gardiner	1,090 12	1,690 10	1 77			23 33	3,117 27
Industrial Home of the City of Kingston (The)		649 47	13 11				3,757 33
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.		8,592 33	1,028 57	1,164 07	25,000 00	38 15	84,260 93
Home, South Third Street							
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo							
Institution of Mercy, New York		1,124 82				*6,507 07	62,252 49
Home for Boys at Tarrytown		146 00					38,613 86
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Watertown		367 45	1,271 31		508 96	440 00	8,389 07
Jennie Clarkson Home for Children, Katonah		259 56	690 05			333 90	28,443 08
Jewish Orphan Asylum Association of Western New York, Rochester		46 58	2,349 00			399 77	8,053 27
Kallman Scandinavian Orphanage (The), New York	298 78	150 00					1,852 65
Lathrop Memorial, Albany							
Leake and Watts Orphan House (The), Yonkers			26,628 01		7,958 80	5,286 43	39,873 24

*Of this amount, $6,000 "for summer home."

TABLE No. 58—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
Lockport Home for the Friendless (The)		$53 64	$2,479 41	$2,200 00		$16 42	$21,451 55
Madison County Orphan Asylum, Peterboro			1,200 00				5,247 80
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica							
Messiah Home for Little Children, New York	$1,506 71	1,924 00				200 00	5,292 70
Missionary Sisters of the Third Order of St. Francis, Peekskill		994 00	308 88			9,362 18	127,930 92
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children, New York		517 00			*$205,411 97	10,844 88	319,583 73
Mt Loretta Branch, Pleasant Plains, S. I							
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye							
Mount Magdalen School of Industry, Troy							
Newburgh Home for the Friendless		602 10	3,218 82		600 00	3 21	5,621 07
New York Catholic Protectory (The)		816 00			110,000 00	14,897 36	408,106 29
New York Foundling Hospital		4,329 04	276 00				336,610 98
Nazareth, Spuyten Duyvil							
New York Infant Asylum	351 21	244 62	420 00		27,500 00	1,395 27	113,677 34
Country Branch, Mount Vernon							
New York Juvenile Asylum		100 00	3,655 62		10,000 00	22,396 25	170,402 60
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York	12,232 95		9,636 34	4,000 000		1,568 30	95,113 54
Country Branch West Brighton, S I							
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum		786 55			1,000 00	1,860 60	15,359 19
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse		5 00	1,781 47	9,216 82			36,674 24
Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua		194 97	4,100 00			6 00	7,003 17
Orphanage of the Church of the Holy Trinity, New York		2 9 35				3,000 00	3,825 47
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry		676 19	466 00	1,075 00	475 00	711 91	8,795 66
Orphan Asylum Society of the City of Brooklyn	5,320 61	5,098 93	4,808 02	8,000 00		638 72	43,249 23
Orphan Asylum Society in the City of New York			358 00	21,876 11		25,173 46	55,160 54
Orphan Home (The) (of the Holy Trinity Church), Brooklyn			6,171 41		5,000 00	506 00	78,766 53
Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin, Brooklyn							
Most Holy Rosary, Amityville							
Sacred Heart of Jesus Middle Village							
Sacred Heart of Mary, Winfield							
St. Agnes, College Point							
St. Dominic, New Hyde Park							

St. Elizabeth, Jamaica							
St. Joseph, Long Island City							
St. Magdalen, Woodhaven							
St. Thomas Aquinas, Brooklyn							
Sorrowful Mother, Brooklyn							
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York		500 00		20,413 54		161 14	25,953 07
Orphan House and Industrial School of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown		604 65	292 84			741 51	9,636 96
Oswego Orphan Asylum	157 00	1,385 07	905 63	249 00		113 00	5,597 81
Ottilie Orphan Asylum (of the Orphan Asylum Society of the Reformed Churches of Brooklyn and New York), East Williamsburgh	502 00	1,553 50					4,450 16
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless		3 15	3,093 28	338 50		7 64	6,362 60
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester	850 25	2,570 39	1,154 38			198 37	6,386 99
Rochester Benevolent, Industrial and Scientific School of the Sisters of Mercy		225 75				593 50	6,352 10
Rochester Door of Hope Association							
Rochester Home of Industry							
Rochester Orphan Asylum		3,756 71	3,399 97	2,700 00		2,700 00	27,053 01
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society in the City of Brooklyn in the County of Kings		39,118 50	1,068 83		110,000 00	342 29	265,987 38
St. John's Home for Boys							
St. John's Roman Catholic Protectory							
St. Joseph's Female Orphan Asylum							
St. Paul's Industrial School							
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York	6,281 33	54,353 13			8,250 00	7,095 16	90,284 07
Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum (of the order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis), Cheektowaga		3,094 24				1,634 64	6,146 95
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, West Park	1,864 32	6,727 18	121 53			2,224 80	13,967 92
St. Agatha's Home for Children, Nanuet		2,649 00			2,400 00	1,103 45	43,338 61
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill							
St. Agnes' Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn							
St. Ann's Home, New York							
St. Ann's School of Industry, Albany							
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye		205 00				‡30,626 21	33,873 47
St. Christopher's Home, Dobbs Ferry	3,873 00	1,725 76	58 40			2,272 83	16,653 31
St. Colman's Industrial School and Orphan Asylum, Colonie	500 00					1,628 50	16,592 84
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York		10,241 69				33 69	20,927 45
St. Francis' Home, Oswego	909 55	1,167 04				23 50	4,501 94
St. James' Home, New York							11,285 33
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica		30 00			100 00	2,571 55	13,488 77
St. John's Orphan Asylum, Rensselaer		354 86					7,779 43
St. Joseph's Asylum in the City of New York		1,734 97	1,213 28	3,000 00	72,000 00	262 30	178,895 59
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York					3,712 61		4,175 61
St. Joseph's Infant Home (of the Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph), South Troy		5,333 33					16,293 22
St. Joseph's Infant Home, Utica	354 66	544 01					4,458 90
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, West Seneca	187 25	2,468 86				1,115 60	13,324 26
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Corning						299 01	660 00

* From St. Joseph's Union. † Of this amount, $22,046.25 from N. Y. city, "award for property taken for streets and avenues." ‡ Of this amount, $30,284.56 from St. Joseph's Union.

TABLE No. 58 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester		$254 16	$1,947 27	$6,799 35		$1,034 85	$24,162 01
St. Joseph's Orphan Home, Long Island City							
St. Malachy's Home, Brooklyn	$3,242 54	633 41			$34,975 00	1,011 10	66,961 79
St. Mary's Institute, Far Rockaway		25 00			1,000 00	3,746 36	8,222 43
St. Margaret's Home, Red Hook		2,305 33					2,305 33
St. Margaret's House, Albany		948 88			265 00		6,063 17
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	4,056 00	2,578 15				100 00	16,319 34
St. Mary's Catholic Orphan Home, Binghamton							11,351 02
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo	650 00	2,161 63				826 68	16,764 73
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn							
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse		400 00					3,859 79
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Cassandaigua		14 00				137 39	1,085 27
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Port Jervis	200 00	210 00				155 40	8,405 35
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum and School, Dunkirk		1,421 97				7,081 86	12,992 82
St. Michael's Home, Green Ridge, S. I.						665 85	13,230 97
St. Patrick's Orphanage, Watertown	875 00	51 86				1,200 00	2,599 16
St. Patrick's Orphan Girls' Asylum, Rochester	1,255 65	2,214 00	216 00			240 58	10,219 83
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank							
St. Peter's German Catholic Orphan Association, Rondout							
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany		81 32				251 40	21,626 77
St. Francis de Sales' Asylum, Albany							
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	1,307 30	1,844 45				702 70	9,843 62
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy		297 85				85 13	17,941 32
St. Vincent's Home of the City of Brooklyn	821 75	234 90	90 61			1,987 08	6,374 12
St. Vincent Industrial School, Utica		687 85		910 23		1,543 89	21,679 65
St. Vincent Male Orphan Asylum, Albany						1,463 45	12,502 51
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Syracuse		4,734 10			400 00	857 14	25,788 34
Saratoga Home for Children	1,481 52					15 06	3,729 01
Sevilla Home for Children (The), New York			25,021 41				132,506 74
Sheltering Arms (The), New York		6,968 75	6,659 24		2,400 00	3,526 70	36,315 96
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	152 16	817 18	1,537 50			177 09	13,627 56
Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the State of New York (The), New York		10 00				10 85	7,121 43

Sisters' Home and Training School for Children (of the Sisterhood of the Good Shepherd), New York		20 00	203 26			955 10	1,857 66
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn		2					
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca		42,237 20				5,450 60	66,880 71
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton	2,170 81	2,188 23	10,318 15			20 40	21,683 27
Society for the Relief of Half Orphan and Destitute Children, New York		6,825 87	12,253 50	93,102 50		27 69	134 683 80
Society of St. Johnland (The), Kings Park, L. I.		8,152 17	4,711 38	300 00		4,329 59	33,850 04
Babies' Shelter							
Johnny's Memorial (The Boys' House)							
Sunbeam Cottage							
Society of St. Martha, Bronxville		3,212 20				139 84	3,851 16
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira	651 61	19 50	109 25	2,022 35			8,403 46
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank						55 74	3,597 24
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton		545 28	202 74			1,561 00	18,744 00
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola	21 46	179 95	214 16			25 50	11,201 45
The Anchorage, Elmira							
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois						269 46	37,073 16
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum		13 00				5,070 96	32,598 04
Troy Orphan Asylum		8,431 71	6,183 85	19,498 25	3,732 37	1,245 47	70,335 20
United Helpers (The), Ogdensburg		361 52					399 52
Utica Orphan Asylum			7,472 51			14 30	22,724 22
Wartburg Orphans' Farm School, Mount Vernon		11,048 09	869 00	7,300 00		42 00	31,301 55
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli-on-Hudson		3,150 00				382 46	5,849 63
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains	237 32	7,301 05			3,237 36	46 66	27,332 38
Western New York Society for the Protection of Homeless and Dependent Children, Randolph		2,421 03	306 00		586 86	243 90	18,183 74
Woman's Aid Nursery, Brooklyn	100 29	134 25				85	532 89
Total	$89,203 11	$505,947 38	$293,119 13	$393,062 51	$881,883 86	$433,187 62	$3,273,859 29

TABLE No. 59.

Showing the expenditures of homes for children for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Albany Orphan Asylum				$10,755 68		$20,044 46	$53 01
Lathrop Memorial, Albany				2,754 11		2,120 81	
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York				*45,720 86		7,765 59	537 04
Asylum of our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo							
Asylum of St. Vincent de Paul (The), New York				3,307 00		9,120 29	278 14
Asylum of the Sisters of St. Dominic, Blauvelt	$5,910 00			3,655 46		16,482 11	305 03
Auburn Orphan Asylum				797 47		3,551 61	180 35
Babies' Shelter of the Church of the Holy Communion, Kings Park, L. I.							
Baby Fold (of New York City Mission and Tract Society), New York				†435 00			
Berachah Orphanage (The), College Point, L. I.	1,200 00			620 81		931 65	20 01
Bethlehem Orphan and Half Orphan Asylum Society, College Point, L. I.	500 00	$968 81		1,028 00		3,081 58	113 12
Brace Farm School, Kensico							
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society (The)				8,089 62		6,585 76	337 65
Brooklyn Howard Colored Orphan Asylum (The)	225 50			5,558 92	$628 18	5,102 66	199 54
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children			$802 50	*17,314 44		15,458 15	558 63
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)		3,024 84		3,536 92		5,409 40	279 06
Buffalo Children's Aid Society (The)				1,401 09		2,055 08	79 45
Buffalo Orphan Asylum (The)				5,234 49		4,885 49	139 12
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn				3,013 64		2,803 10	84 22
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the City of Buffalo		3,225 87		4,737 09		1,910 29	
Children's Aid Society, New York	1,035 70		4,669 21	‡163,725 48		31,039 70	2,287 97
Children's Aid Society of Rochester							
Children's Fold (The), New York		5,045 01	1,049 16	4,293 69		5,523 97	265 98
Children's Home Association, Amsterdam	200 00			909 31		731 48	35 50
Children's Home (The), (of the Ladies' Union Benevolent Society), Ithaca		122 00		523 10		451 04	
Children's Home for the City and Town of Newburgh				1,619 80		1,895 07	196 50
Children's Home, Middletown							
Children's Home Society of Schenectady (The)	1,951 75			486 70		1,090 17	36 25
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn	2,100 00	28,000 00		10,009 13		7,985 38	882 02
Orphan House							

Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, New York				14,915 08		12,461 92	289 44
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy in Brooklyn (The)	3,961 25			10,367 98		16,780 47	
The Angel Guardian Home for Little Children							
Davenport Home for Female Orphan Children, Bath				4,530 07		1,890 32	222 62
Dominican Convent of our Lady of the Rosary, New York	16,260 67	3,000 00		8,787 10		14,633 53	401 03
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill							
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York							
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo				1,893 75		1,869 09	159 71
Fairview Home for Friendless Children (The), Watervliet		2,500 00		4,244 21		4,504 76	71 32
Five Points House of Industry (The), New York				9,221 67		14,891 53	1,[illegible]01 63
George Junior Republic Association, Freeville		1,500 00		2,378 95	737 42	2,846 24	159 73
German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphan Asylum, Unionport							
German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Buffalo		650 00		981 99		1,704 38	39 45
Good Counsel Farm (of the Sisters of Divine Compassion), White Plains	4,040 00	276 37		4,395 98		5,391 16	514 36
House of Nazareth							
St. Stanislaus Cottage							
Grace Hospital (Home), of Grace Church, New York:							
House of Holy Child							
Gustavus Adolphus Orphans' Home (The), Jamestown	360 00			2,033 00		1,154 36	
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of the City of New York				33,857 53	1,252 19	30,517 42	443 25
Hebrew Infant Asylum of the City of New York	1,850 00		900 00	2,902 22	223 85	2,700 40	365 00
Hebrew Orphan Asylum of the City of Brooklyn (The)	2,125 00			10,089 90		11,015 04	372 95
Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, Orphan Asylum, New York	16,375 00	10,324 51	1,000 00	19,385 37		25,362 61	1,570 23
Hiram Deats' Memorial Home for Children, New York							
Home for the Friendless of Northern New York, Plattsburgh				997 70		1,253 37	7 45
House of the Good Shepherd, Utica				1,531 99		1,695 40	23 74
House of Nazareth, White Plains							
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse	3,904 25			2,542 43		3,471 66	24 75
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson							
House of Shelter (The), Albany							
Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, New York		127 11		2,211 55	773 91	737 41	95 27
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, Hudson			700 00	2,011 15		2,600 79	32 39
Industrial Colony Association, Gardiner			175 00	608 39		896 27	193 34
Industrial Home of the City of Kingston (The)				1,547 25		640 30	55 58
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D	49,285 94		216 00	*9,822 62		9,099 66	227 03
Home, South Third street							
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo							
Institution of Mercy, New York	240 00	16,921 73		9,937 50	148 50	13,513 58	320 40
Home for Boys at Tarrytown	3,545 00	6,051 00		5,482 47		12,391 94	217 63
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Watertown		167 19		1,737 74		1,690 12	
Jennie Clarkson Home for Children, Katonah				333 70		41 55	16 62
Jewish Orphan Asylum Association of Western New York, Rochester				2,156 63		1,902 78	92 87
Kallman Scandinavian Orphanage (The), New York			420 00	148 26		616 98	29 45
Lathrop Memorial, Albany							
Leake and Watts Orphan House (The), Yonkers				14,140 10			

* Includes industrial schools—salaries of teachers. † Matron paid and furnishes her own food and help. ‡ Includes salaries of teachers and janitors in industrial schools, superintendents of lodging houses, summer and health homes and emigration agents.

TABLE No. 59 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Lockport Home for the Friendless (The)	$228 00			$2,865 99		$1,119 80	
Madison County Orphan Asylum, Peterboro				1,167 00			$4 00
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica							
Messiah Home for Little Children, New York			$1,200 00	1,260 00		1,555 10	6 00
Missionary Sisters of the Third Order of St. Francis, Peekskill		$5,000 00		19,835 25		55,653 47	102 21
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children, New York				*40,856 59		109,374 23	1,634 62
Mt. Loretto Branch, Pleasant Plains, S. I.							
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye							
Mount Magdalen School of Industry, Troy							
Newburgh Home for the Friendless				1,444 76		1,424 85	50 86
New York Catholic Protectory (The)	13,119 73	44,040 51		57,498 76		90,537 41	3,792 96
New York Foundling Hospital	5,000 00	8,500 00		† 177,457 00		63,523 70	2,562 11
Nazareth, Spuyten Duyvil							
New York Infant Asylum	2,625 00			20,041 65		27,746 36	726 38
Country Branch, Mount Vernon							
New York Juvenile Asylum		5,000 00		37,112 73		52,338 57	842 97
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York				11,628 84		23,672 33	381 23
Country Branch, West Brighton, S. I.				7,918 81		11,425 47	199 68
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum	2,897 50			2,098 03		4,035 03	217 61
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse				4,292 30		6,756 85	50 18
Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua				3,045 80		2,007 09	39 13
Orphanage of the Church of the Holy Trinity, New York		650 00		999 96		1,064 08	
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry		746 63		643 27	$24 73	406 76	39 91
Orphan Asylum Society of the City of Brooklyn				12,242 59		11,546 11	249 88
Orphan Asylum Society in the City of New York			640 04	14,002 65		10,812 77	242 63
Orphan Home (The), (of the Holy Trinity Church), Brooklyn		7,000 00	7,320 00	17,478 25		22,221 13	100 32
Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin, Brooklyn							
Most Holy Rosary, Amityville							
Sacred Heart of Jesus, Middle Village							
Sacred Heart of Mary, Winfield							
St. Agnes, College Point							
St. Dominic, New Hyde Park							

St. Elizabeth, Jamaica							
St. Joseph, Long Island City							
St. Magdalen, Woodhaven							
St. Thomas Aquinas, Brooklyn							
Sorrowful Mother, Brooklyn							
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York				6,973 60		9,014 65	145 09
Orphan House and Industrial School of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown				1,831 36		2,825 16	17 92
Oswego Orphan Asylum				1,687 70		862 80	14 73
Ottilie Orphan Asylum (of the Orphan Asylum Society of the Reformed Churches of Brooklyn and New York), East Williamsburgh				1,117 00		696 00	27 39
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless				1,867 58		2,258 18	45 11
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester			100 00	2,105 85		2,201 00	61 87
Rochester Benevolent, Industrial and Scientific School of the Sisters of Mercy				400 00		2,510 58	50 00
Rochester Door of Hope Association							
Rochester Home of Industry							
Rochester Orphan Asylum				4,888 70		4,022 10	36 13
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society in the City of Brooklyn in the County of Kings	3,084 58			38,475 33		68,923 70	242 72
St. John's Home for Boys							
St. John's Roman Catholic Protectory							
St. Joseph's Female Orphan Asylum							
St. Paul's Industrial School							
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York				16,442 58		49,735 54	652 94
Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum (of the Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis), Cheektowaga	1,000 00			920 00		2,404 20	15 20
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, West Park	4,000 00	727 00	2,100 00	1,224 75		2,456 27	31 93
St. Agatha's Home for Children, Nanuet	1,062 50			3,820 16		12,620 15	351 49
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill							
St. Agnes' Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn							
St. Ann's Home, New York							
St. Ann's School of Industry, Albany							
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye	1,232 50			4,565 38		10,862 72	
St. Christopher's Home, Dobbs Ferry				3,938 15		5,005 32	358 70
St. Colman's Industrial School and Orphan Asylum, Colonie	1,679 56			1,549 65		4,654 54	
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	14,383 00			1,485 21		1,972 05	76 06
St. Francis' Home, Oswego	1,137 50			385 10		1,105 21	23 82
St. James' Home, New York			312 50	1,515 17		5,902 07	23 74
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica				959 55		5,404 04	300 00
St. John's Orphan Asylum, Rensselaer		1,000 00		660 00		3,829 92	19 00
St. Joseph's Asylum in the City of New York		21,000 00		18,992 45		23,133 60	‡1,142 23
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York			1,416 66	210 00		551 14	5 22
St. Joseph's Infant Home (of the Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph), South Troy	1,873 95			1,575 15		3,866 82	20 24
St. Joseph's Infant Home, Utica				1,382 50		1,231 35	26 71
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, West Seneca	1,000 00	1,820 82		1,669 18		4,551 66	65 41
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Corning				150 00		300 00	

* Includes school salaries. † For wages of nurses of out door department, $160,140. ‡ Includes school supplies.

TABLE No. [illegible]—(Continued).

Institution.	For indebtedness upon real estate principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing Oct. 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
[illegible]				$430 00		$6,587 35	$84 32
[illegible]							
[illegible]	$2,510 00	$1,000 00	$500 00	1,084 33	$1,713 20	11,546 06	137 99
[illegible]	820 00	300 00		423 00		3,251 47	27 18
[illegible]				600 00			
[illegible]				2,283 10		2,277 88	12 50
[illegible]	4,835 00			1,631 23		5,267 78	251 12
[illegible]	1,140 05	924 05		180 00		3,266 96	
[illegible]				1,447 05		5,461 53	25 31
[illegible]							
[illegible]			400 00	1,200 00		996 79	
[illegible]				282 60		387 08	
[illegible]				528 10		3,384 93	118 12
[illegible]	2,560 00			2,373 57		2,364 10	45 79
[illegible]				2,667 46		4,456 27	5 00
[illegible]	1,200 00	500 00		107 65		566 75	39 96
[illegible]	1,300 00			1,084 51		3,716 11	25 14
[illegible]							
[illegible]							
[illegible]				1,117 60		5,940 74	218 58
[illegible]							
[illegible]				1,059 00		4,425 89	58 30
[illegible]		4,827 60		1,421 00		4,283 95	227 18
[illegible]	[illegible]			600 23		1,305 12	91 86
[illegible]	[illegible]			3,914 12		6,980 22	160 51
[illegible]				2,002 91		4,673 07	
[illegible]	[illegible]	814 00		580 28		4,965 18	71 44
[illegible]	[illegible]			678 88		637 41	9 00
[illegible]							
[illegible]	[illegible]	400 00		4,485 29	999 22	8,726 07	297 10
[illegible]				2,874 28		3,274 55	126 84
[illegible]				1,088 00		2,596 78	21 00

Sisters' Home and Training School for Children (of the Sisterhood of the Good Shepherd), New York				605 68		730 25	
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn							
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca	1,024 73	18,565 74		2,636 71		17,771 35	106 92
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton			500 00	3,949 00	158 10	5,359 28	224 31
Society for the Relief of Half-Orphan and Destitute Children, New York				7,225 01		7,485 07	41 93
Society of St. Johnland (The), Kings Park L. I.		4,366 46		7,641 03		6,954 37	313 97
Babies' Shelter							
Johnny's Memorial (The Boys' Home)							
Sunbeam Cottage							
Society of St Martha, Bronxville				1,483 69		723 71	
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira				1,832 20		1,820 42	49 49
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank		508 69		868 73		2,117 96	27 35
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton				3,736 79		3,547 99	104 00
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola				2,133 15		2,299 15	59 50
The Anchorage, Elmira							
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois				8,642 15		2,861 44	
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum		1,858 49		8,325 27		8,682 35	47 25
Troy Orphan Asylum				6,988 05		6,338 61	76 13
United Helpers (The), Ogdensburg			56 00	125 00		64 79	2 20
Utica Orphan Asylum				5,391 71		5,025 37	119 27
Wartburg Orphans' Farm School, Mount Vernon				4,700 00	50 00	3,609 51	261 84
Watts de Pyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli on-Hudson				2,285 25		1,735 31	24 12
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains		3,411 07		6,565 67		6,632 26	951 81
Western New York Society for the Protection of Homeless and Dependent Children, Randolph	90 00			7,812 71		6,227 60	422 50
Woman's Aid Nursery, Brooklyn			105 00	123 15		228 12	3 15
Total	$192,620 99	$220,783 18	$24,582 97	$1,158,284 01	$6,709 30	$1,278,996 72	$33,832 14

TABLE No. [illegible]

For [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
$3,124 22	$3,530 [illegible]	[illegible]				
249 72	595 61	[illegible]				
[illegible] 47	672 [illegible]	[illegible]				
[illegible]	911 17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
[illegible]	2,[illegible] 22	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
[illegible]	687 55	195 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
[illegible]	[illegible]	33 [illegible]	179 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	767 38	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	56 [illegible]		660 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	677 [illegible]	425 66	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] 25	2,939 3[illegible]	40 4[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,728 49	97 [illegible]	
	[illegible]		[illegible] 14	185 41	109 00	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	174 00	476 79	699 83	
		[illegible]	[illegible] 99	376 79	720 35	2,[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	905 01	324 68	212 [illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	12,191 57	1,290 44	3,446 00
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] 22	155 11	
	[illegible]	[illegible]			7 00	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	49 30		
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	150 73		430 65
[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	2,374 09	759 62	

Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, New York	2,368 27	3,828 79	199 82	183 65	573 21	1,260 89	.....
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy in Brooklyn (The)	2,907 80	2,526 50	1,203 22	463 69	1,162 26	10 00	42,120 40
The Angel Guardian Home for Little Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Davenport Home for Female Orphan Children, Bath	1,661 00	772 33	395 71	560 22	665 70	300 00	4,436 19
Dominican Convent of Our Lady of the Rosary, New York	6,044 34	3,505 60	870 25	1,833 12	3,148 27	3,255 86	819 16
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo	1,419 82	549 38	.....	105 00	956 58	475 66	38,642 33
Fairview Home for Friendless Children (The), Watervliet	901 17	1,181 61	41 52	77 24	462 79	59 65	1,417 00
Five Points House of Industry (The), New York	1,320 09	5,828 82	1,673 87	763 18	3,632 02	144 63	.....
George Junior Republic Association, Freeville	36 99	125 29	10 40	99 46	38 43	108 03	2,306 03
German Odd Fellows' Home and Orphan Asylum, Unionport	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	885 02	842 10	74 93	.....	2,259 28	88 40	.....
Good Counsel Farm (of the Sisters of Divine Compassion), White Plains	2,589 95	2,637 14	830 28	995 61	753 12	220 25	16,362 09
House of Nazareth	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Stanislaus Cottage	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grace Hospital (Homes of Grace Church, New York:							
House of Holy Child	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gustavus Adolphus Orphans' Home (The), Jamestown	304 21	247 35	38 90	25 00	367 91	.....	476 01
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of the City of New York	18,231 00	5,969 63	626 45	196 29	5,666 11	5,668 85	.....
Hebrew Infant Asylum of the City of New York	131 04	505 60	167 61	346 09	58 45	99 34	11,672 50
Hebrew Orphan Asylum of the City of Brooklyn (The)	2,134 36	3,125 49	135 19	735 71	1,495 00	657 28	6,651 38
Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society Orphan Asylum, New York	8,811 14	5,163 17	1,216 88	2,665 68	1,020 46	101 49	2,137 54
Hiram Deats Memorial Home for Children, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for the Friendless of Northern New York, Plattsburgh	145 75	382 03	23 60	17 23	179 03	72 00	67 20
House of the Good Shepherd, Utica	497 40	686 39	.....	235 70	513 76	.....	603 75
House of Nazareth, White Plains	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Providence of the County of Onondaga, Syracuse	955 18	726 70	49 58	179 38	423 90	50 00	3,515 42
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Shelter (The), Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, New York	244 24	173 55	7 86	66 96	63 12	95 73	.....
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, Hudson	548 28	524 31	153 45	118 08	471 96	100 56	.....
Industrial Colony Association, Gardiner	11 61	72 32	13 25	40 40	82 76	28 00	.....
Industrial Home of the City of Kingston (The)	122 31	207 88	15 39	.....	46 14	.....	82 80
Industrial School Association, Brooklyn, E. D.	2,813 98	791 84	63 38	150 15	1,146 00	502 23	.....
Home, South Third Street	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution of Mercy, New York	2,771 89	4,155 41	893 51	695 55	3,537 00	977 01	7,356 50
Home for Boys at Tarrytown	2,335 23	2,970 68	297 40	440 21	1,238 29	750 00	1,656 00
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Watertown	362 32	1,049 63	116 78	64 02	217 10	99 11	2,542 49
Jennie Clarkson Home for Children, Katonah	.....	.....	.....	304 42	13 93	92 20	3,006 27
Jewish Orphan Asylum Association of Western New York, Rochester	795 57	403 13	28 32	386 85	90 71	40 00	289 10
Kallman Scandinavian Orphanage (The), New York	39 42	83 14	.....	.....	30 00	.....	.....
Lathrop Memorial, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leake and Watts Orphan House (The), Yonkers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

TABLE No. 59—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
Lockport Home for the Friendless (The)	$344 70	$149 45	$122 79	$314 04	$184 83	$7,214 38	.....
Madison County Orphan Asylum, Peterboro	906 59	607 63	207 15	28 00	193 87	28 00	$407 57
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Messiah Home for Little Children, New York	.....	260 68	40 00	.....	126 35	10 00	.....
Missionary Sisters of the Third Order of St. Francis, Peekskill	24,373 11	3,278 35	948 23	2,522 21	4,973 65	162 70	5,351 23
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children, New York	32,994 07	16,426 74	3,759 05	9,309 45	13,694 95	2,535 15	83,625 69
Mt Loretto Branch, Pleasant Plains, S. I	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mount Magdalen School of Industry, Troy	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh Home for the Friendless	273 82	391 10	90 23	104 79	72 89	.....	639 06
New York Catholic Protectory (The)	19,734 44	16,103 06	1,526 17	7,875 78	17,842 17	6,553 17	70,077 68
New York Foundling Hospital	21,293 04	9,823 85	8,148 05	2,407 36	3,830 86	1,060 62	10,577 00
Nazareth, Spuyten Duyvil	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infant Asylum	3,214 59	8,921 38	4,081 46	1,433 09	5,431 44	758 86	386 75
Country Branch, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Juvenile Asylum	10,695 98	7,119 49	929 61	2,317 13	4,170 21	2,479 58	1,022 36
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York	1,765 83	6,730 16	4,571 61	1,516 22	3,811 53	977 28	1,440 17
Country Branch, West Brighton, S. I	1,834 05	2,184 84	612 15	171 90	3,391 28	.....	640 33
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum	1,324 65	1,223 86	197 50	436 00	127 72	241 00	1,199 03
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse	2,486 77	1,187 87	129 56	477 43	1,686 26	648 02	838 00
Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	707 61	521 68	99 54	205 02	253 26	37 50	.....
Orphanage of the Church of the Holy Trinity, New York	113 14	93 41	58 25	69 45	141 81	389 96	.....
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry	42 13	39 49	13 00	37 45	28 44	132 52	35 00
Orphan Asylum Society of the City of Brooklyn	2,146 43	2,988 23	128 31	1,406 38	2,808 01	562 03	.....
Orphan Asylum Society in the City of New York	4,248 08	2,054 72	728 73	498 03	566 73	6,201 93	3,684 44
Orphan Home (The) (of the Holy Trinity Church), Brooklyn	5,693 76	3,040 11	243 01	637 50	1,420 72	283 15	530 00
Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Most Holy Rosary, Amityville	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart of Jesus, Middle Village	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart of Mary, Winfield	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Agnes, College Point	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Dominic, New Hyde Park	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

St. Elizabeth, Jamaica							
St. Joseph, Long Island City							
St. Magdalen, Woodhaven							
St. Thomas Aquinas, Brooklyn							
Sorrowful Mother, Brooklyn							
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York	2,052 71	1,399 74	228 50		1,389 54	292 50	
Orphan House and Industrial School of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown	1,229 72	1 119 52	16 15	205 29	921 28	66 00	799 90
Oswego Orphan Asylum	130 39	371 56	39 32	32 31	43 33	48 14	406 61
Ottilie Orphan Asylum (of the Orphan Asylum Society of the Reformed Churches of Brooklyn and New York), East Williamsburgh	244 37	294 70	10 89	44 56	368 47	51 00	1,451 00
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless	328 44	325 91	33 99	131 21	107 95	10 00	
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester	183 34	651 17	38 35	71 45	219 24		
Rochester Benevolent, Industrial and Scientific School of the Sisters of Mercy	175 00	808 92	95 00	145 00		591 21	
Rochester Door of Hope Association							
Rochester Home of Industry							
Rochester Orphan Asylum	593 47	1,707 28	95 90	94 74	624 04	331 41	355 66
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society in the City of Brooklyn in the County of Kings	17,198 79	13,733 31	1,303 98	4,566 90	6,721 60	1,152 88	94,287 95
St. John's Home for Boys							
St. John's Roman Catholic Protectory							
St. Joseph's Female Orphan Asylum							
St. Paul's Industrial School							
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York	5,322 93	4,194 58	387 73	1,566 48	1,028 07	311 00	
Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum (of the Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis), Cheektowaga	541 50	471 80	56 60	360 00	186 00		
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, West Park	537 98	590 63	63 65	254 59	618 07	117 00	315 70
St. Agatha's Home for Children, Nanuet	3,757 07	3,868 13	486 44	855 20	1,707 30	654 62	8,911 69
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill							
St. Agnes' Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn							
St. Ann's Home, New York							
St. Ann's School of Industry, Albany							
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye	4,668 41	2,002 89	438 96	4,089 66	2,178 49	25 00	
St. Christopher's Home, Dobbs Ferry	1,000 37	1,329 76	137 17		948 83	175 00	
St. Colman's Industrial School and Orphan Asylum, Colonie	1,804 70	1,086 04	498 60	830 16	659 19	113 25	1,897 44
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	826 74	328 18	31 54	409 28	613 41	386 05	
St. Francis' Home, Oswego	313 97	227 15	13 64	276 26		31 17	559 57
St James' Home, New York	1,047 86	743 29	128 59	74 23	566 16		
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica	1,529 07	1,172 87	229 10	187 15	1,272 20	158 32	1,793 82
St. John's Orphan Asylum, Rensselaer	796 88	455 88	74 78	110 65	102 00	370 00	299 62
St. Joseph's Asylum in the City of New York	6,301 51	2,844 79	598 95	4,550 15	6,703 48	106 88	78,520 96
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York	173 16	250 29	89 18	1,291 10			
St. Joseph's Infant Home (of the Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph), South Troy	1,207 63	1,065 07	302 87	2,875 14	288 51	237 35	408 11
St. Joseph's Infant Home, Utica	223 94	324 65	59 50	243 45	656 08		
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, West Seneca	2,050 92		724 30		496 15		
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Corning	80 00	50 00	5 00				

TABLE No. 59—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester	.....	$552 00	$100 00	$36 00	$625 08	$1,030 46	$9,427 44
St Joseph's Orphan Home, Long Island City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Malachy's Home, Brooklyn	$3,401 78	1,035 93	432 57	2,503 18	2,844 28	511 58	25,323 25
St. Mary's Institute, Far Rockaway	679 25	373 40	146 19	133 00	546 57	50 00	.....
St. Margaret's Home, Red Hook	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Margaret's House, Albany	103 17	661 95	252 32	35 17	59 01	132 71	.....
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	1,954 00	1,201 16	148 69	268 16	279 94	152 00	428 10
St. Mary's Catholic Orphan Home, Binghamton	1,073 72	547 75	77 85	237 80	1,307 96	55 65	.....
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo	429 12	1,418 95	310 76	892 12	864 28	218 68	4,926 63
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse	300 00	250 00	25 00	12 00	28 00	.....	300 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	200 00	.....	58 59	29 00	26 50	.....	.....
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Port Jervis	1,882 38	438 32	154 91	680 73	624 25	38 00	.....
St Mary's Orphan Asylum and School, Dunkirk	248 11	607 80	48 86	103 57	385 16	50 65	2,828 16
St. Michael's Home, Green Ridge, S I	1,239 65	1,549 97	38 26	722 58	419 89	.....	515 00
St. Patrick's Orphanage, Watertown	125 73	197 90	51 67	219 53	29 29	.....	90 49
St. Patrick's Orphan Girls' Asylum, Rochester	1,323 68	732 73	147 72	96 70	779 24	115 87	.....
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's German Catholic Orphan Association, Rondout	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany	2,737 18	1,242 38	405 69	436 99	2,421 97	.....	3,191 17
St. Francis de Sales' Asylum, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	1,730 70	896 24	179 58	139 35	768 34	27 00	.....
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy	1,619 41	1,818 29	209 30	337 00	94 77	640 00	827 05
St. Vincent's Home of the City of Brooklyn	21 38	133 73	.....	135 01	204 71	21 79	.....
St. Vincent's Industrial School, Utica	2,623 06	1,475 64	148 69	307 60	1,333 38	288 40	1,498 80
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany	861 73	871 56	182 51	390 49	585 80	197 00	.....
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Syracuse	2,317 06	1,503 74	6 40	733 99	335 61	69 00	4,718 76
Saratoga Home for Children	103 28	156 70	13 57	43 69	106 66	.....	407 42
Sevilla Home for Children (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sheltering Arms (The), New York	1,699 64	1,227 57	51 74	485 66	1,865 62	331 42	.....
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	620 48	112 94	114 92	.....	119 29	88 00	586 95
Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the State of New York (The), New York	299 15	387 33	18 83	218 40	552 08	407 50	.....

Sisters' Home and Training School for Children (of the Sisterhood of the Good Shepherd), New York	35 77	403 32	.....	21 85	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca	1,273 38	1,045 93	103 40	379 22	342 01	836 62	.....
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton	1,138 46	733 35	137 80	242 49	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Relief of Half-Orphan and Destitute Children, New York	1,456 98	2,256 96	315 31	.....	428 09	145 74	5,136 00
Society of St. Johnland (The), Kings Park, L. I.	740 31	1,465 25	368 18	64 25	916 31	.....	304 21
Babies' Shelter	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Johnny's Memorial (The Boys' Home)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sunbeam Cottage	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society of St. Martha, Bronxville	123 23	306 48	.....	17 49	370 95	38 50	.....
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira	109 00	351 53	52 60	28 75	157 24	150 00	678 31
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank	518 29	269 67	167 14	481 23	54 06	.....	.....
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton	507 61	651 48	110 92	72 08	251 90	103 75	967 24
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola	365 52	464 13	59 82	120 21	216 04	205 88	.....
The Anchorage, Elmira	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois	1,667 21	1,808 71	56 77	596 85	218 42	.....	16,412 88
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum	3,161 70	1,476 56	127 86	68 45	325 20	91 11	638 09
Troy Orphan Asylum	1,487 59	3,487 28	179 85	317 18	1,535 53	80 00	.....
United Helpers (The), Ogdensburg	10 72	1 50	.....	37 00	28 75	.....	.....
Utica Orphan Asylum	1,756 93	2,077 17	124 50	185 20	2,220 76	495 75	100 69
Wartburg Orphans' Farm School, Mount Vernon	426 25	856 76	332 55	583 74	829 72	480 40	3,670 00
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli-on-Hudson	40 36	369 19	111 30	30 00	112 16	4 59	266 00
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains	1,410 20	1,661 38	365 98	461 90	541 66	237 71	2,309 76
Western New York Society for the Protection of Homeless and Dependent Children, Randolph	1,089 92	803 63	195 55	119 33	589 63	194 30	58 82
Woman's Aid Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	30 46	.....	1 45	44 47	.....	.....
Total	$322,802 14	$250,482 22	$51,951 74	$87,835 54	$180,799 57	$64,427 51	$627,015 71

TABLE No. 59—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Watertown				$342 57	$8,389 07	
Jennie Clarkson Home for Children, Katonah			$12,903 75	9,838 00	26,550 44	$1,892 64
Jewish Orphan Asylum Association of Western New York, Rochester				543 38	6,729 34	1,323 93
Kallman Scandinavian Orphanage (The), New York				403 33	1,770 58	82 07
Lathrop Memorial, Albany						
Leake and Watts Orphan House (The), Yonkers				25,733 14	39,873 24	
Lockport Home for the Friendless (The)			2,200 00	242 69	14,986 67	6,464 88
Madison County Orphan Asylum, Peterboro				1,697 99	5,247 80	
Masonic Home and Asylum (of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund), Utica						
Messiah Home for Little Children, New York			371 50	27 03	4,856 66	436 04
Missionary Sisters of the Third Order of St. Francis, Peekskill				3,136 72	125,337 13	2,593 79
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children, New York			35,000 00		349,210 54	373 19
Mt Loretto Branch, Pleasant Plains, S. I						
St Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye						
Mount Magdalen School of Industry, Troy						
Newburgh Home for the Friendless	$200 00	$90 00	510 00	164 84	5,456 20	164 87
New York Catholic Protectory (The)	50,000 00	1,528 68		6,224 10	406,454 62	1,651 67
New York Foundling Hospital	5,500 00		4,100 00	9,264 76	333,048 35	3,562 63
Nazareth, Spuyten Duyvil						
New York Infant Asylum	27,500 00	470 96		2,537 15	105,875 07	7,802 27
Country Branch, Mount Vernon						
New York Juvenile Asylum		127 49		*40,999 41	165,155 53	5,247 07
Nursery and Child's Hospital New York				451 75	56,946 95	8,679 89
Country Branch, West Brighton, S. I				1,078 19	29,486 70	
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum				770 13	14,768 06	591 13
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse			8,328 78	948 04	27,810 06	8,864 18
Ontario Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua				159 74	7,076 37	16 80

Orphanage of the Church of the Holy Trinity, New York				171 04	3,751 10	74 37
Orphanage and Home of the Free Methodist Church (The), Gerry	386 00	52 50	2,550 00	334 79	5,512 62	3,281 04
Orphan Asylum Society of the City of Brooklyn			500 00	212 84	34,490 81	8,758 42
Orphan Asylum Society in the City of New York				3,121 50	46,802 22	8,358 32
Orphan Home (The) (of the Holy Trinity Church), Brooklyn	4,000 00	831 00	745 85	3,476 10	75,020 90	3,745 63
Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin, Brooklyn						
Most Holy Rosary, Amityville						
Sacred Heart of of Jesus, Middle Village						
Sacred Heart of Mary, Winfield						
St. Agnes, College Point						
St. Dominic, New Hyde Park						
St. Elizabeth, Jamaica						
St. Joseph, Long Island City						
St. Magdalen, Woodhaven						
St. Thomas Aquinas, Brooklyn						
Sorrowful Mother, Brooklyn						
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York			2,657 46	1,529 27	25,683 06	270 01
Orphan House and Industrial School of the Holy Saviour, Cooperstown			277 03	187 70	9,497 03	139 93
Oswego Orphan Asylum				56 34	3,693 23	1,904 58
Ottilie Orphan Asylum (of the Orphan Asylum Society of the Reformed Churches of Brooklyn and New York), East Williamsburgh		130 00			4,435 38	14 78
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless			1,032 64	108 76	6,249 77	112 83
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester				703 47	6,335 74	51 25
Rochester Benevolent, Industrial and Scientific School of the Sisters of Mercy		700 00		693 68	6,199 39	152 71
Rochester Door of Hope Association						
Rochester Home of Industry						
Rochester Orphan Asylum			12,600 00	559 77	25,909 20	1,143 81
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society in the City of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings		3,618 25		2,366 48	255,676 47	10,310 91
St. John's Home for Boys						
St. John's Roman Catholic Protectory						
St. Joseph's Female Orphan Asylum						
St. Paul's Industrial School						
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York		1,543 49		7,469 26	88,654 60	1,629 47
Sacred Heart of Mary Asylum (of the Order of the Felician Sisters of St. Francis), Cheektowaga				14 62	5,969 92	177 03
Sacred Heart Orphan Asylum, West Park				924 46	13,942 03	25 89
St. Agatha's Home for Children, Nanuet				4,881 35	42,976 10	362 51
St. Agnes' Convent, Sparkill						
Sr. Agnes' Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn						
St. Ann's Home, New York						

* Assessments to N. Y. city, &c., $29,417.64; Western Agency, $9,123.24.

TABLE No. 59—(*Concluded.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
St. Ann's School of Industry, Albany						
St. Benedict's Home for Destitute Colored Children, Rye				$2,783 71	$32,847 72	$1,025 75
St. Christopher's Home, Dobbs Ferry	$1,700 00	$60 00		1,589 67	16,242 97	410 34
St. Colman's Industrial School and Orphan Asylum, Colonie				884 78	15,657 91	934 94
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York				369 34	20,880 86	46 59
St. Francis' Home, Oswego				169 63	4,243 02	258 92
St. James' Home, New York				109 54	10,423 15	862 18
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica				200 00	13,206 12	282 65
St. John's Orphan Asylum, Rensselaer					7,718 73	60 70
St. Joseph's Asylum in the City of New York	5,000 00	1,325 83		582 40	170,803 23	8,092 36
St. Joseph's Home for Babies, New York				156 51	4,173 26	2 35
St. Joseph's Infant Home (of the Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph), South Troy				2,377 11	16,097 95	195 27
St. Joseph's Infant Home, Utica				212 33	4,360 52	98 38
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, West Seneca				241 32	12,619 76	704 50
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Corning				75 00	660 00	
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester				889 20	19,761 85	4,900 16
St. Joseph's Orphan Home, Long Island City						
St. Malachy's Home, Brooklyn		339 66	$5,500 00	*3,548 27	66,934 08	27 71
St. Mary's Institute, Far Rockaway	1,000 00	60 00		284 89	8,094 95	127 48
St. Margaret's Home, Red Hook				1,705 33	2,305 33	
St. Margaret's House, Albany		166 66		59 01	6,043 48	19 69
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester				60 56	16,277 93	41 41
St. Mary's Catholic Orphan Home, Binghamton					8,802 39	2,548 63
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo				505 30	16,499 73	265 00
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn						
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse				48 00	3,559 79	300 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua					1,083 77	1 50
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Port Jervis		180 00		343 25	8,372 89	32 46

St. Mary's Orphan Asylum and School, Dunkirk				476 77	12,032 54	960 28
St. Michael's Home, Green Ridge, S. I.				1,616 89	13,230 97	
St. Patrick's Orphanage, Watertown				81 92	3,210 89	
St. Patrick's Orphan Girls' Asylum, Rochester				400 00	9,721 70	498 13
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank						
St. Peter's German Catholic Orphan Association, Rondout						
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany				911 28	18,623 58	3,003 19
St Francis de Sales Asylum, Albany						
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo				421 80	9,706 20	137 42
St Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy		975 00		229 94	17,610 58	330 74
St. Vincent's Home of the City of Brooklyn			3,031 99	36 97	5,885 29	488 83
St. Vincent Industrial School, Utica				953 23	21,248 65	331 00
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany				1,654 54	11,419 55	1,082 96
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Syracuse				273 27	24,187 96	1,600 38
Saratoga Home for Children				13 89	2,672 50	1,056 51
Sevilla Home for Children (The), New York						† 132,506 74
Sheltering Arms (The), New York			9,634 00	2,142 87	33,044 20	3,271 76
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), New York			3,004 17	550 75	10,973 12	2,654 44
Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the State of New York (The), New York				814 21	6,352 83	768 60
Sisters' Home and Training School for Children (of the Sisterhood of the Good Shepherd), New York					1,796 87	60 79
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn						
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, West Seneca				3,173 08	47,259 09	‡ 13,621 62
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, West New Brighton			5,106 25	789 86	18,338 90	3,344 37
Society for the Relief of Half Orphan and Destitute Children, New York			87,000 00	958 17	112,449 26	22,234 54
Society of St. Johnland (The), Kings Park, L. I.				1,432 14	24,596 48	9,253 56
Babies' Shelter						
Johnny's Memorial (The Boys' Home)						
Sunbeam Cottage						
Society of St Martha, Bronxville				862 20	3,826 25	24 91
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira			2,000 00	485 59	7,715 13	688 33
Suffolk County Children's Home, Yaphank				342 64	5,355 76	
Susquehanna Valley Home, Binghamton				2,369 33	12,423 09	6,320 91
Temporary Home for Children of Queens County, Mineola				137 92	6,061 32	5,140 13
The Anchorage, Elmira						
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Iroquois				4,449 46	36,713 89	359 27
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum				3,851 40	28,653 73	3,944 31
Troy Orphan Asylum	5,132 37	38 21	31,113 23	976 44	57,750 47	12,584 73
United Helpers (The), Ogdensburg					325 96	73 56
Utica Orphan Asylum			3,793 32	830 95	22,121 22	603 00

* Of this amount, $3,062.50 for board of county wards. † Accumulation of uninvested income. ‡ To be applied upon the new building in process of erection.

TABLE No. 59—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Wartburg Orphans' Farm School, Mount Vernon	.....	.....	$3,000 00	$894 60	$19,695 37	$11,606 18
Watts de Peyster Industrial Home and School for Girls, Tivoli-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	476 99	5,455 27	385 36
Westchester Temporary Home for Destitute Children, White Plains	.....	.....	.....	2,410 88	26,960 28	372 10
Western New York Society for the Protection of Homeless and Dependent Children, Randolph	.....	.....	.....	579 75	18,183 74	.....
Woman's Aid Nursery, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	4 00	539 80	.....
Total	$197,378 08	$29,782 65	$686,238 33	$420,206 85	$5 834,728 75	$465,045 39

TABLE No. 61.

Showing the estimated value of the property of homes for discharged prisoners and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other	Total.
Agnes Adelaide Home (of the Prison Gate Mission), Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hope Hall (of the Volunteers of America), New York	$2,000 00	.....	$2,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	$350 00	$350 00
Isaac T. Hopper Home (of the Women's Prison Association), New York	30,000 00	$92,984 00	122,984 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York*	40,500 00	.....	40,500 00	$24,000 00	.....	$24,000 00	$22,000 00	.....	22,000 00
Total	$72,500 00	$92,984 00	$165,484 00	$24,000 00	.....	$24,000 00	$22,000 00	$350 00	$22,350 00

* See also temporary homes for women and children, tables 73-76.

TABLE No. 59—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester	.....	$552 00	$100 00	$36 00	$625 08	$1,030 46	$9,427 44
St Joseph's Orphan Home, Long Island City	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Malachy's Home, Brooklyn	$3,403 78	1,035 93	432 57	2,503 18	2,844 28	511 58	25,323 25
St. Mary's Institute, Far Rockaway	679 25	373 40	146 19	133 00	546 57	50 00	.....
St. Margaret's Home, Red Hook	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Margaret's House, Albany	103 17	661 95	252 32	35 17	59 01	132 71	.....
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	1,954 00	1,201 16	148 69	268 16	279 94	152 00	428 10
St. Mary's Catholic Orphan Home, Binghamton	1,073 72	547 75	77 85	237 80	1,307 96	55 65	.....
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo	429 12	1,418 95	310 76	892 12	864 28	218 68	4,926 63
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse	300 00	250 00	25 00	12 00	28 00	.....	300 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	200 00	.....	58 59	29 00	26 50	.....	.....
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Port Jervis	1,882 38	438 32	154 91	680 73	624 25	38 00	.....
St Mary's Orphan Asylum and School, Dunkirk	248 11	607 80	48 86	103 57	385 16	50 65	2,828 16
St. Michael's Home, Green Ridge, S. I.	1,239 65	1,549 97	38 26	722 58	419 89	.....	515 00
St. Patrick's Orphanage, Watertown	125 73	197 90	51 67	219 53	29 29	.....	90 49
St. Patrick's Orphan Girls' Asylum, Rochester	1,323 68	732 73	147 72	96 70	779 24	115 87	.....
St. Paul's Training School for Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St Peter's German Catholic Orphan Association, Rondout	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany	2,737 18	1,242 38	405 69	436 99	2,421 97	.....	3,191 17
St. Francis de Sales' Asylum, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	1,730 70	896 24	179 58	139 35	768 34	27 00	.....
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy	1,619 41	1,818 29	209 30	337 00	94 77	640 00	827 05
St Vincent's Home of the City of Brooklyn	21 38	133 73	.....	135 01	264 71	21 79	.....
St. Vincent's Industrial School, Utica	2,623 66	1,475 64	148 69	307 60	1,333 38	288 40	1,498 80
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany	861 73	871 56	182 51	390 49	585 80	197 00	.....
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Syracuse	2,317 06	1,503 74	6 40	733 99	335 61	69 00	4,718 70
Saratoga Home for Children	103 28	156 70	13 57	43 69	106 66	.....	407 42
Serilla Home for Children (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sheltering Arms (The), New York	1,699 64	1,327 57	51 74	483 66	1,865 62	331 42	.....
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), New York	620 48	112 94	114 92	.....	119 29	88 00	586 95
Shepherd's Fold of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the State of New York (The), New York	299 15	337 23	18 83	218 40	553 08	407 50	.....

TABLE No. 63.

Showing the expenditures of homes for discharged prisoners for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.
Agnes Adelaide Home (of the Prison Gate Mission), Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hope Hall (of the Volunteers of America), New York	.....	$600 00	$671 38	$1,531 52	.....	$53 97	$486 86	.....
Isaac T. Hopper Home (of the Women's Prison Association), New York	.....	.....	1,955 02	2,502 42	$98 70	168 16	344 72	$27 34
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	$3,030 84	.....	542 50	2,485 40	63 17	177 72	355 59	28 93
Total	$3,030 84	$600 00	$3,168 90	$6,519 34	$161 87	$399 85	$1,187 17	$56 27

TABLE No. 63 — (*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Agnes Adelaide Home (of the Prison Gate Mission), Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hope Hall (of the Volunteers of America), New York	$35 96	$73 08	$5 00	.....	$439 03	$3,896 89	.....
Isaac T. Hopper Home (of the Women's Prison Association), New York	.....	660 07	42 92	$3,000 00	340 51	9,145 86	$541 90
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	85 56	97 95	37 89	.....	731 82	7,637 37	3,155 68
Total	$121 52	$837 10	$85 81	$3,000 00	$1,511 36	$20,680 03	$3,697 58

TABLE No. 64.

Showing the number of persons supported in the homes for discharged prisoners and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1898.

A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTIONS OCTOBER 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	RECEIVED ON THEIR OWN APPLICATION.			TOTAL.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand Total.
Agnes Adelaide Home (of the Prison Gate Mission), Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hope Hall (of the Volunteers of America), New York	32	.....	32	32	.....	32
Isaac T. Hopper Home (of the Women's Prison Association), New York	.....	23	23	.....	23	23
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	42	42	.....	42	42
Total	32	65	97	32	65	97

TABLE No. 64—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received on Their Own Application.			Total.			Total number in the institution during the year.	Of This Total Number.	
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand Total.		Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds
Agnes Adelaide Home (of the Prison Gate Mission), Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hope Hall (of the Volunteers of America), New York	155	.....	155	155	.....	155	187	.....	187
Isaac T. Hopper Home (of the Women's Prison Association), New York	.....	173	173	.....	173	173	196	.....	196
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	469	469	.....	469	469	511	122	389
Total	155	642	797	155	642	797	894	122	772

TABLE No. 64 — C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Left Without Permission.			Transferred to Other Institutions.			Sent Out of the State.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Agnes Adelaide Home (of the Prison Gate Mission), Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hope Hall (of the Volunteers of America) New York	38	.....	38	.....	.....	.....	36	.....	36
Isaac T. Hopper Home (of the Women's Prison Association), New York	.....	15	15	.....	6	6	.....	.....	.....
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	38	15	53	.....	6	6	36	.....	36

TABLE No. 64 — C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Discharged.			Died.			Total.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total	Men.	Women.	Grand total.
Agnes Adelaide Home (of the Prison Gate Mission), Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hope Hall (of the Volunteers of America), New York	77	.....	77	.....	.....	.....	151	.....	151
Isaac T. Hopper Home (of the Women's Prison Association) New York	.....	151	151	.....	.....	.....	.....	178	178
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	454	454	.....	1	1	.....	455	455
Total	77	605	682	.....	1	1	151	627	778

TABLE No. 64 — D. REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898 — (*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received on Their Own Application.			Total.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Grand total.	
Agnes Adelaide Home (of the Prison Gate Mission), Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hope Hall (of the Volunteers of America), New York	36	.....	36	36	.....	36	33
Isaac T. Hopper Home (of the Women's Prison Association), New York	.....	24	24	.....	24	24	23
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	56	56	.....	56	56	45
Total	36	80	116	36	80	116	.....

TABLE No. 65.

Showing the estimated value of the property of homes for feeble-minded and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.
New York City Department of Public Charities:						
Idiot Asylum Randall's Island*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	$357,004 18	$32,806 73	$389,810 91	.....	.....	.....
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	163,475 00	26,586 55	190,061 55	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	423,578 10	43,604 09	467,182 19	.....	$197 57	$197,57
Total	$944,057 28	$102,997 37	$1,047,054 65	.....	$197 57	$197 57

* For finances and statistics, see Randall's Island Asylum and Schools, tables 15-20.

TABLE No. 66.

Showing the receipts of homes for feeble-minded for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
New York City Department of Public Charities:						
Idiot Asylum, Randall's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	$5,921 38	$144,916 25	.....	$618 80	$2,238 59	$153,695 02
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-minded Women, Newark	438 73	54,995 13	.....	.....	60 25	55,494 11
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-minded Children, Syracuse	2,155 76	87,911 38	*$9,941 00	2,703 49	668 65	103,380 28
Total	$8,515 87	$287,822 76	$9,941 00	$3,322 29	$2,967 49	$312,569 41

* "From counties, towns and cities."

TABLE No. 67.

Showing the expenditures of homes for feeble-minded for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For buildings and improvements.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
New York City Department of Public Charities:											
Idiot Asylum, Randall's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	$27,684 82	$14,810 20	$2,864 77	$7,067 26	$243 04	*$2,391 78	$429 43	$88,380 64	†$7,978 35	$151,850 20	$1,844 73
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-minded Women, Newark	19,278 56	17,898 60	860 14	4,354 62	386 02	67 24	1,016 30	6,405 80	4,083 07	54,350 35	1,143 76
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-minded Children, Syracuse	33,658 31	24,796 61	8,855 48	9,381 15	1,367 94	‡5,053 95	1,578 92	8,811 38	§10,074 11	103,577 85	.....
Total	$80,621 69	$57,505 41	$12,580 39	$20,803 03	$1,997 00	$7,512 97	$3,024 65	$103,597 82	$22,135 53	$309,778 49	$2,988 49

* "Household Stores." † Of this amount, $4,907.48 for "shop, farm and garden." ‡ "And household supplies." § Of this amount, $5,617.22 "for shop, farm and garden."

TABLE No. 68.

Showing the number of persons supported in homes for feeble-minded and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of Persons in the Institution Oct. 1, 1897.		Number of Persons Received During the Year.		Total Supported.		
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.
New York City Department of Public Charities:							
Idiot Asylum, Randall's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	217	124	25	10	242	134	376
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	.....	391	.....	44	.....	435	435
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	256	256	38	42	294	298	592
Total	473	771	63	96	536	867	1,403

TABLE No. 68—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged During the Year						Total	Remaining October 1, 1894.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Discharged.		Died.		Total.						
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		Male.	Female.	Total.	
New York City Department of Public Charities:											
Idiot Asylum, Randall's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rome State Custodial Asylum, Rome	3	.....	24	7	27	7	34	215	127	342	330
State Custodial Asylum for Feeble-Minded Women, Newark	.....	24	.....	5	.....	29	29	.....	406	406	399
Syracuse State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, Syracuse	33	12	1	6	34	18	52	260	280	540	511
Total	36	36	25	18	61	54	115	475	813	1,288	.....

TABLE No. 69.

Showing the estimated value of the property of homes, temporary, for men and boys and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Bowery Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New York	$100,000 00	$4,000 00	$104,000 00	$50,000 00	.....	$50,000 00	$50,000 00	.....	$50,000 00
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:									
Newsboys' Home*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York:†									
Brace Memorial Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Side Lodging House‡	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tompkins Square Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Side Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York City Department of Public Charities:									
Lodging House for Homeless Men	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
People's Rescue Mission Lodging House, Rochester§	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scandinavian Sailors' Temperance Home, Brooklyn	13,000 00	.....	13,000 00	6,750 00	.....	6,750 00	6,750 00	.....	6,750
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York	4,001 32	3,116 19	7,117 51	.....	$9,439 00	9,439 00	.....	$11,168 84	11,168 84
Total	$117,001 32	$7,116 19	$124,117 51	$56,750 00	$9,439 00	$66,189 00	$56,750 00	$11,168 84	$67,918 84

* Finances with parent institution, tables 57-60. † See tables 57-60 for finances and additional statistics. ‡ Closed. § For finances and statistics, see parent institution, tables 45-48.

TABLE No. 70.

Showing the receipts of homes, temporary, for men and boys for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From membership fees.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks, and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
Bowery Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New York	$142 19	.....	.....	$15 00	$9,649 69	$201 15	$1,465 00	.....	$539 70	$12,012 73
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:										
Newsboys' Home	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York:										
Brace Memorial Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*13,097 70	13,097 70
East Side Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*8,193 04	8,193 04
Tompkins Square Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*7,518 35	7,518 35
West Side Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*9,216 18	9,216 18
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society)	437 67	.....	.....	.....	160 00	1 53	.....	.....	†15,394 66	15,993 86
New York City Department of Public Charities:										
Lodging House for Homeless Men	.....	$20,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,000 00
People's Rescue Mission Lodging House, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scandinavian Sailors' Temperance Home, Brooklyn	406 89	.....	$7,732 08	.....	213 32	7 33	.....	.....	.....	8,359 62
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York	183 72	.....	.....	.....	7,842 65	.....	.....	$5,623 35	‡16,948 57	30,598 29
Total	$1,170 47	$20,000 00	$7,732 08	$15 00	$17,865 66	$210 01	$1,465 00	$5,623 35	$70,908 26	$124,989 77

* From the parent institution. † "Sale of brooms, caning chairs, etc." ‡ Of this amount $15,462.41 "from sales of merchandise."

TABLE No. 71.

Showing the expenditures of homes, temporary, for men and boys for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.
Bowery Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New York	$2,250 00	.....	.....	$2,319 00	$2,864 87	$418 05	.....	$785 23	.....
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:									
Newsboys' Home	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York									
Brace Memorial Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	4,545 60	4,764 91	61 25	$483 43	1,389 60	.....
East Side Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	3,150 50	3,513 54	15 22	.....	627 76	.....
Tompkins Square Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	3,384 00	2,281 69	12 23	.....	982 76	$103 73
West Side Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	3,643 00	3,856 04	18 30	.....	736 33	4 38
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society)	.....	.....	.....	4,465 24	10,773 09	103 85	.....	.....	.....
New York City Department of Public Charities:									
Lodging House for Homeless Men	.....	.....	$2,000 00	9,508 18	3,661 04	.....	.....	1,302 19	.....
People's Rescue Mission Lodging House, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scandinavian Sailors' Temperance Home, Brooklyn	.....	$737 50	.....	2,412 43	4,052 12	47 82	.....	311 78	.....
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York	.....	7,298 29	2,012 92	3,856 05	767 15	790 60	91 46	196 36	7 20
Total	$2,250 00	$8,035 79	$4,012 92	$37,284 00	$36,534 45	$1,462 02	$574 89	$6,332 61	$115 31

TABLE No. 71—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Bowery Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New York	$89 38	$636 32	$436 62	$125 00	.....	.....	$1,520 10	$11,444 57	$568 16
Brooklyn's Children's Aid Society:									
Newsboys' Home	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York:									
Brace Memorial Lodging House	419 97	920 96	106 83	.....	.....	.....	405 15	13,097 70	.....
East Side Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House	173 95	557 91	.....	.....	.....	.....	154 16	8,193 04	.....
Tompkins Square Lodging House	509 39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	244 55	7,518 35	.....
West Side Lodging House	282 01	540 16	.....	.....	.....	.....	141 26	9,216 18	.....
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	399 43	15,741 61	252 25
New York City Department of Public Charities:									
Lodging House for Homeless Men	* 523 79	209 48	.....	.....	.....	.....	323 51	17,528 79	.....
People's Rescue Mission Lodging House, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scandinavian Sailors' Temperance Home, Brooklyn	66 00	38 86	99 14	12 60	.....	.....	450 68	8,228 93	130 69
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York	133 61	26 53	64 36	.....	$514 50	$13 30	*13,591 39	29,363 72	1,234 57
Total	$2,198 10	$2,930 22	$706 95	$137 60	$514 50	$13 30	$17,230 23	$120,332 89	$2,185 67

* Of this amount, $2,221.56 for "factory wages" and $10,577.44 for "factory purchases."

TABLE No. 72.

Showing the number of persons supported in the homes, temporary, for men and boys and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1898.

A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1897.

INSTITUTIONS.	RECEIVED ON THEIR OWN APPLICATION.			TOTALS.		
	Men.	Boys.	Total.	Men.	Boys.	Grand Total.
Bowery Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New York	84		84	84		84
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:						
Newsboys' Home		57	57		57	57
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Brace Memorial Lodging House		125	125		125	125
East Side Lodging House						
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House		82	82		82	82
Tompkins Square Lodging House		66	66		66	66
West Side Lodging House		89	89		89	89
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City Mission and Tract Society)	19		19	19		19
New York City Department of Public Charities:						
Lodging House for Homeless Men						
People's Rescue Mission Lodging House, Rochester						
Scandinavian Sailors' Temperance Home, Brooklyn	35		35	35		35
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York	65		65	65		65
Total	203	419	622	203	419	622

TABLE No. 72—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received on Their Own Application.			Totals.			Total number in the institution during the year.	Of This Total Number	
	Men.	Boys.	Total.	Men.	Boys.	Grand Total.		Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds.
Bowery Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New York	3,642	.....	3,642	3,642	.....	3,642	3,726	.....	3,726
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:									
Newsboys' Home	.....	332	332	.....	332	332	389	.....	389
Children's Aid Society, New York:									
Brace Memorial Lodging House	.....	2,076	2,076	.....	2,076	2,076	2,201	.....	.....
East Side Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House	.....	712	712	.....	712	712	794	.....	.....
Tompkins Square Lodging House	.....	477	477	.....	477	477	543	.....	.....
West Side Lodging House	.....	934	934	.....	934	934	1,023	.....	.....
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City and Mission Tract Society)	22	.....	22	22	.....	22	41	.....	41
New York City Department of Public Charities:									
Lodging House for Homeless Men	77,405	.....	77,405	77,405	.....	77,405	77,405	77,405	.....
People's Rescue Mission Lodging House, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scandinavian Sailors' Temperance Home, Brooklyn	1,025	.....	1,025	1,025	.....	1,025	1,060	.....	1,060
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York	288	.....	288	288	.....	288	353	.....	353
Total	82,382	4,531	86,913	82,382	4,531	86,913	*87,535	*77,405	* 5,564

* Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification of these totals.

TABLE NO. 72 — C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898 (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	TRANSFERRED TO OTHER INSTITUTIONS.			OTHERWISE DISCHARGED.			TOTALS.		
	Men.	Boys.	Total.	Men.	Boys.	Total.	Men.	Boys.	Grand total.
Bowery Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New York	40	.....	40	3,586	.....	3,586	3,626	.....	3,626
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:									
Newsboys' Home	.....	.....	.....	.....	353	353	.....	353	353
Children's Aid Society, New York:									
Brace Memorial Lodging House	.....	11	11	.....	2,084	2,084	.....	2,095	2,095
East Side Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forty-fourth Street Lodging House	.....	4	4	.....	733	733	.....	737	737
Tompkins Square Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	481	481	.....	481	481
West Side Lodging House	.....	21	21	.....	910	910	.....	931	931
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City and Mission Tract Society)	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	21	21	.....	21
New York City Department of Public Charities:									
Lodging House for Homeless Men	5,571	.....	5,571	71,819	.....	71,819	77,390	.....	77,390
People's Rescue Mission Lodging House, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scandanavian Sailors' Temperance Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	1,035	.....	1,035	1,035	.....	1,035
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York	.....	.....	.....	309	.....	309	309	.....	309
Total	5,611	36	5,647	76,770	4,561	81,331	82,381	4,597	86,978

TABLE NO. 72—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCT. 1, 1898—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received on Their Own Application.			Totals.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Men.	Boys.	Totals.	Men.	Boys.	Grand Total.	
Bowery Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New York	100	.....	100	100	.....	100	89
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society:							
Newsboys' Home	.....	36	36	.....	36	36	52
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Brace Memorial Lodging House	.....	106	106	.....	106	106	130
East Side Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forty fourth Street Lodging House	.....	57	57	.....	57	57	70
Tompkins Square Lodging House	.....	62	62	.....	62	62	64
West Side Lodging House	.....	92	92	.....	92	92	80
Home of Industry (of the Brooklyn City and Mission Tract Society	20	.....	20	20	.....	20	20
New York City Department of Public Charities:							
Lodging House for Homeless Men	15	.....	15	15	.....	15	212
People's Rescue Mission Lodging House, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scandinavian Sailors' Temperance Home, Brooklyn	25	.....	25	25	.....	25	33
Temporary Home for Men of the Industrial Christian Alliance, New York	44	.....	44	44	.....	44	60
Total	204	353	557	204	353	557	

TABLE No. 73.

Showing the estimated value of the property of homes, temporary, for women and children and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total	Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Children's Aid Society, New York*:									
Fogg Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Five Points House of Industry†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn‡	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (Wetmore Home), New York	$48,000 00	$100 00	$48,100 00	$3,000 00	.....	$3,000 00	$3,000 00	.....	$3,000 00
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	2,897 73	.....	2,897 73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	94,000 00	35,067 46	129,067 46	28,000 00	.....	28,000 00	28,000 00	.....	28,000 00
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York§	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	82,321 25	12,000 00	94,321 25	.....	$875 93	875 93	.....	.....	.....
Total	$227,218 98	$47,167 46	$274,386 44	$31,000 00	$875 93	$31,875 93	$31,000 00	.....	$31,000 00

* Finances on tables 57-60. † Finances and additional statistics on tables 57-60. ‡ Not open September 30, 1898. § Finances and additional statistics on tables 61-64.

TABLE No. 74.

Showing the receipts of homes, temporary, for women and children for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Children's Aid Society, New York:									
Fogg Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*$1,815 64	$1,815 64
Five Points House of Industry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	$990 53	$6,143 82	.....	.....	$1,150 00	$861 25	.....	1,249 80	10,395 40
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	327 98	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,643 20	1,971 18
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	845 82	$1,440 00	*7,010 20	9,296 02
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	3,660 28	3,012 63	$45 00	$118 00	1,131 94	2,871 58	318 05	376 03	11,533 51
Total	$4,978 79	$9,156 45	$45 00	$118 00	$2,281 94	$1,578 65	$1,758 05	$12,094 87	$35,011 75

* From the parent society.

TABLE No. 75.

Showing the expenditures of homes, temporary, for women and children for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.
Children's Aid Society, New York:								
Fogg Lodging House	.....	.....	$561 50	$757 94	.....	.....	$165 47	.....
Five Points House of Industry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	$180 00	$1,200 00	1,814 00	4,083 79	$69 00	$482 76	550 84	$114 73
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	.....	600 00	15 12	461 35	1 29	49 67	30 41	25
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	.....	.....	1,623 46	3,936 74	65 95	267 64	1,198 76	75 97
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	1,668 22	3,687 19	143 78	26 79	725 41	80 44
Total	$180 00	$1,800 00	$5,682 30	$12,927 01	$280 02	$826 86	$2,670 90	$271 39

TABLE No. 75—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Fogg Lodging House	$30 45	$207 28	$6 41	.....	$86 59	$1,815 64	.....
Five Points House of Industry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	100 00	188 61	.....	.....	299 56	9,083 29	$1,312 11
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	44 17	3 28	.....	.....	39 93	1,245 47	725 71
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	271 31	1,705 20	.....	.....	150 99	9,296 02	.....
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	249 98	172 26	10 00	$3,000 00	137 22	9,901 30	1,632 21
Total	$695 91	$2,276 63	$16 41	$3,000 00	$714 29	$31,341 72	$3,670 03

TABLE No. 76.

Showing the number of persons supported in homes, temporary, for women and children and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1898.

A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1897.

INSTITUTIONS.	RECEIVED ON THEIR OWN APPLICATION.				RECEIVED FROM PARENTS OR GUARDIANS.			TOTAL.			
	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand total.
Children's Aid Society:											
Fogg Lodging House	.....	2	15	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	15	17
Five Points House of Industry	20	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	20
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	30	.....	3	33	.....	2	2	30	.....	5	35
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	24	.....	4	28	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	4	28
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	45	.....	.....	45	11	22	33	45	11	22	78
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	1	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	119	3	23	145	11	24	35	119	14	47	180

TABLE No. 76—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received on Their Own Application.				Received from Parents or Guardians.		
	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Children's Aid Society:							
Fogg Lodging House	.....	15	50	65	.....	.....	.....
Five Points House of Industry	99	.....	.....	99	.....	.....	.....
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	130	.....	106	236	37	59	96
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	329	19	23	371	.....	.....	.....
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	996	.....	12	1,008	178	164	342
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	1	29	30	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	819	.....	.....	819	80	104	184
Total	2,373	35	220	2,628	295	327	622

TABLE NO. 76—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	TOTAL.				Total number of inmates during the year.	OF THIS TOTAL NUMBER.	
	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand Total.		Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds.
Children's Aid Society:							
Fogg Lodging House	.....	15	50	65	82	.....	.....
Five Points House of Industry	99	.....	.....	99	119	.....	.....
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	130	87	165	332	367	178	189
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	329	19	23	371	399	.....	399
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	996	178	176	1,350	1,428	.....	1,428
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	1	29	30	32	.....	.....
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	819	80	104	1,003	1,003	.....	.....
Total	2,373	330	547	3,250	*3,430	*178	*2,015

* Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification of these totals.

TABLE No. 76—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Returned to Parents or Guardians.				Transferred to Other Institutions.				Otherwise Discharged.			
	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Children's Aid Society, New York:												
Fogg Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	43	57
Five Points House of Industry	1	.....	.....	1	7	.....	.....	7	93	.....	.....	93
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	47	34	44	125	15	.....	33	48	75	.....	55	130
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	33	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	295	18	21	334
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	195	124	131	450	96	51	37	184	703	.....	13	716
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	29	31
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	795	80	104	979
Total	276	158	175	609	118	51	70	239	1,961	114	265	2,340

TABLE No. 76—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	DIED.				TOTAL.			
	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand total.
Children's Aid Society, New York:								
Fogg Lodging House	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	43	57
Five Points House of Industry	1	.....	.....	1	102	.....	.....	102
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	.....	2	3	5	137	36	135	308
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	328	18	21	367
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	994	175	181	1,350
St Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	29	31
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	795	80	104	979
Total	1	2	3	6	2,356	325	513	3,194

TABLE No. 77.

Showing the estimated value of the property of homes, temporary, for women and girls and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	T otal.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn									
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:									
Lodging House for Homeless Women	$7,200 00		$7,200 00						
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital*									
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls									
Catholic Home, New York†									
Children's Aid Society, New York:*									
Elizabeth Home for Girls									
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York	57,000 00	$138,000	195,000 00						
Co-Operato (The), New York									
Five Points House of Industry, New York‡									
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York									
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York	30,000 00	25,400 00	55,400 00						
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York§									
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York									
Helping Hand of Brooklyn**									
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York‡									
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo††									
Industrial Home of Kingston*									
Jeanne D'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York	20,000 00	1,140 50	21,140 50						
Martha Heim of Brooklyn	2,000 00		2,000 00						
New York Foundling Hospital*									
New York Infant Asylum.*									
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York*									
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York*									
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York	60,000 00		60,000 00	$22,000 00	$18,000 00	$40,000 00	$22,000 00	$1,196 15	$23,196 15
St. Clair House, New York									
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York	12,000 00		12,000 00	8,000 00		8,000 00	8,000 00		8,000 00
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn*									
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn	30,600 00		30,600 00		12,362 00	12,362 00		9,798 00	9,798 00

Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York	500 00	.....	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York	1,500 00	.....	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	471 16	471 16
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo ‡‡	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Temporary Home for Women, New York §	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Wayfare, Buffalo	300 00	.....	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo	100,000 00	5,500 00	105,500 00	12,500 00	.....	12,500 00	20,000 00	.....	20,000 00
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York	16,000 00	.....	16,000 00	4,000 00	.....	4,000 00	4,000 00	272 79	4,272 79
	$337,100 00	$170,040 50	$507,140 50	$46,500 00	$30,362 00	$76,862 00	$54,000 00	$11,738 10	$65,738 10

* Finances and additional statistics on tables 57–60. † See Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children on preceding tables. ‡ See preceding tables. § Closed. ** Home temporarily discontinued—see tables 29–32. †† Finances and remaining statistics on tables 49–52. ‡‡ Finances and additional statistics on tables 85–88.

TABLE No. 78.

Showing the receipts of homes, temporary, for women and girls for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn	$162 76			$518 55			
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:							
Lodging House for Homeless Women	21 44			855 11			
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital							
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls	1,017 34		$3,105 75	442 50		$74 00	$515 99
Catholic Home, New York							
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Elizabeth Home for Girls							
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York				288 55			
Co-Operato (The), New York	54 41						321 60
Five Points House of Industry, New York							
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York	1,453 87						
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York	246 61			328 00	$5,000 00		112 40
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York							
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York	22 66					109 00	
Helping Hand of Brooklyn							
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York							
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo							
Industrial Home of Kingston							
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York	1,484 90			1,677 75			
Martha Heim of Brooklyn	284 09			481 60			248 09
New York Foundling Hospital							
New York Infant Asylum							
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York							
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York							
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York							
St. Clair House, New York*	2 84			5,558 22			
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York*							1,053 00
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn							
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn							
	97		1,058 00	2,561 75	5,000 00		

Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York	242 58	.....	150 00	1,798 80	.....	.....	.....
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Temporary Home for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Wayfare Buffalo	109 34	$500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Women's Christian Association Buffalo	255 62	195 00	.....	9,554 68	.....	309 00	.....
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York	.....	.....	.....	2,915 50	.....	305 00	.....
Total	$5,359 43	$695 00	$4,313 75	$26,961 01	$10,000 00	$797 00	$2,261 08

* Finances with main institution.

TABLE No. 78—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn	$1,200 00					$1,881 31
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:						
Lodging House for Homeless Women					$125 00	1,001 55
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital						
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls	1,080 97	$29 05				6,265 60
Catholic Home, New York						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Elizabeth Home for Girls					*10,412 84	10,412 84
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York	200,000 00	1,774 30				202,062 85
Co-Operato (The), New York	82 00				5,145 52	5,603 53
Five Points House of Industry, New York						
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York	559 45					2,013 32
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York	1,238 17	989 00	$1,500 00			9,414 18
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York						
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York						131 66
Helping Hand of Brooklyn						
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York						
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo						
Industrial Home of Kingston						
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York			324 50			3,487 15
Martha Heim of Brooklyn	195 00					1,208 78
New York Foundling Hospital						
New York Infant Asylum						
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York						
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York						
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York	7,828 95				2,803 54	17,246 55
St. Clair House New York†						
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York†						
St Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home Brooklyn						
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn	1,245 84			$2,850 00	349 25	13,065 81

Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York	1,157 11	.....	.....	.....	1,824 63	2,981 74
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York	3,977 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,168 68
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Temporary Home for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Wayfare, Buffalo	592 48	.....	.....	.....	115 79	1,317 61
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo	922 06	367 83	.....	.....	1,044 10	12,648 29
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York	273 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,493 90
Total	$220,352 73	$3,160 18	$1,894 50	$2,850 00	$21,820 67	$300,405 35

* From the parent society. † Finances with main institution.

TABLE No. 79.

Showing the expenditures of homes, temporary, for women and girls for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn			$749 73	$172 28		$538 46	
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:							
Lodging House for Homeless Women				403 97		466 49	
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital							
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls			812 50	1,069 39		1,868 40	$157 95
Catholic Home, New York							
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Elizabeth Home for Girls				*5,909 65		2,288 06	
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York			1,300 00	2,080 71		876 43	354 57
Co-Operato (The), New York			650 00	701 00		2,575 93	16 50
Five Points House of Industry, New York							
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York				470 75		1,094 98	4 54
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York				950 64		1,774 97	2 00
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York							
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York			68 00				22 08
Helping Hand of Brooklyn							
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York							
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo							
Industrial Home of Kingston							
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York				750 00		1,330 00	5 00
Martha Heim of Brooklyn			360 00	145 95		546 49	40 78
New York Foundling Hospital							
New York Infant Asylum							
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York							
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York							
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York							
St. Clair House, New York	$1,430 00		1,858 89	4,381 80		4,985 40	414 16
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York							

St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn							
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn		$5,000 00	350 00	120 00		5,460 75	61 26
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York			1,133 38	381 00		964 50	16 83
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn							
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York			1,741 67	1,097 55	$132 90	2,258 96	104 96
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo							
Temporary Home for Women, New York							
The Wayfare, Buffalo			480 00	215 00	59 40	320 80	7 20
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo	900 00			2,850 11		5,935 90	7 79
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York	237 50	191 25					44 44
Total	$2,567 50	$5,191 25	$9,498 57	$21,692 30	$192 30	$33,141 39	$1,269 27

* Includes wages paid girls employed in laundry.

TABLE No. 79—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn	$128 72	$107 02	$4 17	$64 36	$11 80	.....	.....
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:							
Lodging House for Homeless Women	.....	49 50	.....	10 11	70 62	.....	.....
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls	293 76	377 51	40 90	29 70	181 10	.....	$4 80
Catholic Home, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Elizabeth Home for Girls	108 90	984 14	.....	70 81	265 45	.....	.....
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York	.....	248 20	39 34	1,314 27	194 25	$17 90	57,185 00
Co-Operato (The), New York	.....	307 55	.....	378 52	536 00	18 00	.....
Five Points House of Industry, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York	39 99	173 92	.....	.....	77 94	.....	.....
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York	.....	194 46	.....	.....	.....	38 38	343 56
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Helping Hand of Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial Home of Kingston	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York	.....	60 69	.....	90 09	106 00	.....	.....
Martha Heim of Brooklyn	.....	30 24	6 53	9 10	1 10	.....	.....
New York Foundling Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infant Asylum	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Clair House, New York	1,138 34	1,024 40	.....	230 49	574 06	308 20	.....
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn	178 17	630 06	199 88	194 91	119 42	.....	.....
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York	.....	202 35	10 81	180 68	.....	.....	.....
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York	.....	387 09	.....	209 94	107 29	26 00	.....
Society of Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Temporary Home for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Wayfare, Buffalo	13 09	76 15	40 86	48 68	18 00	3 60	.....
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo	.....	829 85	.....	.....	649 43	71 58	.....
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York	.....	.....	.....	64 60	123 09	212 13	.....
Total	$2,000 86	$5,633 13	$342 44	$2,687 17	$3,085 56	$695 69	$57,533 36

TABLE No. 76—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received on Their Own Application.				Received From Parents or Guardians.		
	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Fogg Lodging House	.....	3	22	25	.....	.....	.....
Five Points House of Industry	17	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	.....
German Home for Recreation of Women and Children, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, New York	23	.....	26	49	1	9	10
Lotus Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sacred Heart Home for Women and Children, New York	26	1	5	32	.....	.....	.....
St. Barnabas House (of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society), New York	47	.....	1	48	14	16	30
St. Zita's Home for Friendless Women of the City of New York	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Aid of Friendless Women and Children, Brooklyn	12	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....
Total	125	4	55	184	15	25	40

St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn	614 00	30 00	.....	103 90	13,069 81	3 50
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York	.....	.....	.....	142 19	2,981 74	.....
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York	.....	.....	.....	93 54	6,158 90	9 78
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Temporary Home for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Wayfare, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	4 00	1,286 69	30 99
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo	.....	.....	1,261 34	.....	12,505 95	142 34
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York	.....	.....	.....	2,898 68	3,766 69	.....
Total	$614 00	$430 00	$7,953 68	$5,519 29	$160,177 71	$140,590 42

TABLE No. 77.

Showing the estimated value of the property of homes, temporary, for women and girls and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn									
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:									
Lodging House for Homeless Women	$7,200 00		$7,200 00						
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital*									
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls									
Catholic Home, New York†									
Children's Aid Society, New York:*									
Elizabeth Home for Girls									
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York	57,000 00	$138,000	195,000 00						
Co-Operato (The), New York									
Five Points House of Industry, New York‡									
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York									
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York	30,000 00	25,400 00	55,400 00						
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York§									
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York									
Helping Hand of Brooklyn**									
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York‡									
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo††									
Industrial Home of Kingston*									
Jeanne D'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York	20,000 00	1,140 50	21,140 50						
Martha Heim of Brooklyn	2,000 00		2,000 00						
New York Foundling Hospital*									
New York Infant Asylum*									
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York*									
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York*									
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York	60,000 00		60,000 00	$22,000 00	$18,000 00	$40,000 00	$22,000 00	$1,196 15	$23,196 15
St. Clair House, New York									
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York	12,000 00		12,000 00	8,000 00		8,000 00	8,000 00		8,000 00
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn*									
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn	30,600 00		30,600 00		12,362 00	12,362 00		9,798 00	9,798 00

St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	19
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	98	.....	98
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	1	21
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	3
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	28
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	16
Temporary Home for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Wayfare, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	25
Total	3	29	32	.....	11	11	964	135	1,099

* Statistics with St. Mary's Lodging House.

TABLE NO. 80—A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1897—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Received.			Totals.		
	Women.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Girls.	Grand Total.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn				18		18
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:						
Lodging House for Homeless Women				11		11
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital	12		12	40		40
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls		6	6		46	46
Catholic Home, New York						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Elizabeth Home for Girls					48	48
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York						
Co-Operato (The), New York				99		99
Five Points House of Industry, New York						
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of The Florence Crittenton Mission), New York						
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York					16	16
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York					97	97
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York						
Helping Hand of Brooklyn						
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York						
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo				8		8
Industrial Home of Kingston	2		2	8		8
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York					96	96
Martha Heim of Brooklyn						
New York Foundling Asylum						
New York Infant Asylum				276		276
Nursery and Child's Hospital				188	17	190
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York				199		199
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York						
St. Clair House, New York				78		78
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York				70		70

St Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn				19		19
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn				98		98
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York				20	1	21
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn				3		3
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York				28		28
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo				16		16
Temporary Home for Women, New York						
The Wayfare, Buffalo						
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo				2		2
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York				25		25
Total	14	6	20	961	181	1,162

TABLE No. 78—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn	$1,200 00					$1,881 31
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:						
Lodging House for Homeless Women					$125 00	1,001 55
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital						
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls	1,080 97	$29 05				6,265 60
Catholic Home, New York						
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Elizabeth Home for Girls					*10,412 84	10,412 84
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York	200,000 00	1,774 30				202,062 85
Co-Operato (The), New York	82 00				5,145 52	5,603 53
Five Points House of Industry, New York						
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York	559 45					2,013 32
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York	1,238 17	989 00	$1,500 00			9,414 18
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York						
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York						131 66
Helping Hand of Brooklyn						
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York						
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo						
Industrial Home of Kingston						
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York			324 50			3,487 15
Martha Heim of Brooklyn	195 00					1,208 78
New York Foundling Hospital						
New York Infant Asylum						
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York						
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York						
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York	7,828 95				2,803 54	17,246 55
St. Clair House New York†						
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York†						
St Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home Brooklyn						
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn	1,245 84			$2,850 00	349 25	13,065 61

St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	18	.....	18	37	.....	.....
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	3,907	.....	3,907	4,000	.....	.....
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York	.....	.....	.....	45	.....	45	66	.....	66
Sheltering Arms Nursery of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	23	26	.....	.....
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York	.....	.....	.....	531	.....	531	559	.....	.....
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	4	20	.....	.....
Temporary Home for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Wayfare, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	344	.....	344	344	.....	.....
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo	1,518	.....	1,518	3,746	.....	3,746	3,748	2	3,746
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York	.....	.....	.....	335	.....	335	360	.....	360
Total	1,527	12	1,539	24,252	1,115	25,367	*26,529	*53	*19,566

* Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification of these totals.

TABLE No. 80 — C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Returned to Parents or Guardians.			Left without Permission.			Transferred to Other Institutions.			Sent out of the State.		
	Women.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Girls.	Total.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn				3		3						
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:												
Lodging House for Homeless Women												
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital												
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls		15	15		2	2		1	1		3	3
Catholic Home, New York												
Children's Aid Society, New York:												
Elizabeth Home for Girls												
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York												
Co-Operato (The), New York												
Five Points House of Industry, New York												
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York												
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York		17	17					3	3			
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York												
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York												
Helping Hand of Brooklyn												
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York												
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo				11		11						
Industrial Home of Kingston												
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York												
Martha Heim of Brooklyn							2		2	1		1
New York Foundling Hospital												
New York Infant Asylum												
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York				5		5	5		5			
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York								1	1			
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York												
St. Clair House, New York												
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York												

St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn												
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn												
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York	7	1	8	5		5						
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn												
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York												
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo												
Temporary Home for Women, New York												
The Wayfare, Buffalo												
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo												
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York												
	7	33	40	24	2	26	7	5	12	1	3	4

TABLE No. 80 — C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Discharged.			Died.			Total.		
	Women.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Girls.	Grand total.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn	160	3	163				163	3	166
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:									
Lodging House for Homeless Women	366		366				366		366
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital	73		73				73		73
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls		15	15					36	36
Catholic Home, New York									
Children's Aid Society, New York;									
Elizabeth Home for Girls		305	305					305	305
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York	4	39	43				4	39	43
Co-Operato (The), New York	109		109				109		109
Five Points House of Industry, New York									
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York		137	137					137	137
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York		78	78					98	98
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York									
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York									
Helping Hand of Brooklyn									
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home) New York									
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo	49		49				60		60
Industrial Home of Kingston									
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York		225	225					225	225
Martha Heim of Brooklyn	188		188	1		1	192		192
New York Foundling Hospital	233		233				233		233
New York Infant Asylum	99	14	113				99	14	113
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York	120		120	2		2	122		122
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York	4	3	7				4	4	8
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York	2,030		2,030				2,030		2,030
St. Clair House, New York									
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York	12,098		12,098				12,098		12,098

St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn	27	.....	27	.....	.....	.....	27	.....	27
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn	3,849	.....	3,849	1	.....	1	3,850	.....	3,850
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York	33	.....	33	.....	.....	.....	45	1	46
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn	22	.....	22	.....	.....	.....	22	.....	22
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York	532	.....	532	.....	.....	.....	532	.....	532
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Temporary Home for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
The Wayfare Buffalo	344	.....	344	.....	.....	.....	344	.....	344
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo	3,681	.....	3,681	.....	.....	.....	3,681	.....	3,681
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York	340	.....	340	.....	.....	.....	340	.....	340
	24,361	819	25,180	4	.....	4	24,404	862	25,266

TABLE NO. 80—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received from Parents or Guardians.			Received on Their Own Application.		
	Women.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Girls	Total.
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn							18		18
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:									
Lodging House for Homeless Women							9		9
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital							55		55
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls		33	33		6	6			
Catholic Home, New York									
Children's Aid Society, New York:									
Elizabeth Home for Girls								49	49
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York							6	7	13
Co-Operato (The), New York							33		33
Five Points House of Industry, New York									
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York								17	17
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York								37	37
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York									
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York									
Helping Hand of Brooklyn									
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The), (Wetmore Home), New York									
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo							6		6
Industrial Home of Kingston	1		1						
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York								30	30
Martha Heim of Brooklyn							9		9
New York Foundling Hospital							278		278
New York Infant Asylum									
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York							117		117
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York				1		1	6	1	7
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York							33		33
St Clair House, New York									
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York							79		79

St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn							10		10
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn							150		150
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York							20		20
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn							4		4
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York							27		27
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo							20		20
Temporary Home for Women, New York									
The Wayfare, Buffalo									
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo	2		2				65		65
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York							20		20
	3	33	36	1	6	7	925	121	1,046

TABLE No. [illegible] D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION (NOVEMBER 1, 1908) [illegible]

INSTITUTIONS	Occupation Received			Adult			[illegible]
	Women	Girls	Total	Women	Girls	Total	[illegible]
Bethesda Home, Brooklyn	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities							
— Lodging House for Homeless Women				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Training School and Home for Young Girls		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Catholic Home, New York							
Children's Aid Society, New York							
Elizabeth Home for Girls					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Clara de Hirsch Home for Working Girls, New York				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Co-Operator (The), New York				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Five Points House of Industry, New York							
Florence Crittenton Home for Working Girls (of the Florence Crittenton Mission), New York					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, New York					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Girls' Industrial Home (The), New York							
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York							
Helping Hand of Brooklyn							
Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls (The) (Wetmore Home), New York							
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo							
Industrial Home of Kingston				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Jeanne d'Arc Home for Friendless French Girls, New York	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Martha Home of Brooklyn					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Foundling Hospital				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Infant Asylum				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Elizabeth's Industrial School, New York				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Mary's Lodging House, New York				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Clair House, New York	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Shelter Association for Sheltering Homeless Women, New York				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]

St Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn				19		19
St. Peter's Home, Brooklyn				98		98
Salvation Army Rescue Home, New York				20	1	21
Sheltering Arms Nursery (of the Protestant Episcopal Church), Brooklyn				3		3
Shelter for Respectable Girls, New York				28		28
Society for Deaconess' Work, German Deaconess' Home, Buffalo				16		16
Temporary Home for Women, New York						
The Wayfare, Buffalo						
Women's Christian Association, Buffalo				2		2
Young Women's Home Society of the French Evangelical Church, New York				25		25
Total	14	6	20	981	181	1,162

TABLE No. 81.

Showing the estimated value of the property of homes and missions for immigrants and their indebtedness October 1, 1897 *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Achnosath Orchim Association, New York	$20,000 00	.....	$20,000 00	$13,500 00	$1,516 87	$15,016 87	$13,000 00	.....	$13,000 00
Baron de Hirsch Fund (The), New York	102,946 00	$3,024,570 00	3,127,516 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Mission House Association of the Port of New York	.....	27,000 00	27,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Scandinavian Immigrants (The), New York	42,500 00	.....	42,500 00	33,500 00	2,000 00	35,500 00	33,000 00	$1,750 00	34,750 00
Immigrant Girls' Home (of the Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leo House for German Catholic Immigrants, New York	12,000 00	5,000 00	17,000 00	500 00	3,500 00	4,000 00	500 00	3,800 00	4,300 00
Lutheran Emigrants' House Association of New York, (The)	61,500 00	6,600 00	68,100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lutheran Pilgrim Home (of the Emigrant Mission Committee of the German Evangelical Synod of Missouri, Ohio and other States), New York	75,000 00	.....	75,000 00	7,184 35	.....	7,184 35	6,499 25	.....	6,499 25
Marti Charity Association (The), New York*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary of the City of New York	75,000 00	.....	75,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St Raphael's Italian Benevolent Society of the United States, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Raphael's Society for the Protection of German Catholic Immigrants, New York†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish Lutheran Emigrant Home, New York	2,000 00	.....	2,000 00	.....	3,434 16	3,434 16	.....	3,387 77	3,387 77
Total	$390,946 00	$3,063,170 00	$3,454,116 00	$54,684 35	$10,451 03	$65,135 38	$52,999 25	$8,927 77	$61,927 02

* See tables 45–48.

† Finances with Leo House for German Catholic Immigrants, New York.

TABLE No. 82.

Showing the receipts of homes and missions for immigrants for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.
Achnosath Orchim Association, New York	$164 77	.....	.....	$360 86	$939 59	$98 11
Baron de Hirsch Fund (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	986,372 00
German Mission House Association of the Port of New York	298 66	.....	.....	.....	.....	27 00
Home for Scandinavian Immigrants (The), New York	220 97	.....	.....	274 56	298 90	564 97
Immigrant Girls' Home (of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church), New York	311 56	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,059 18
Leo House for German Catholic Immigrants, New York	452 38	$5,208 48	$125 00	196 65	.....	187 00
Lutheran Emigrants' House Association of New York (The)	1,745 97	215 50	1,500 00	.....	.....	1,136 40
Lutheran Pilgrim Home (of the Emigrant Mission Committee of the German Evangelical Synod of Missouri, Ohio and other States), New York	2,649 39	3,682 80	.....	.....	.....	78 14
Marti Charity Association (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mission of our Lady of the Rosary of the City of New York	.....	.....	643 38	4,925 35	1,925 00	.....
St. Raphael's Italian Benevolent Society of the United States, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 00
St. Raphael's Society for the Protection of German Catholic Immigrants, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York	1,491 99	.....	.....	72 20	420 52	30 06
Swedish Lutheran Emigrant Home, New York	29 10	5,901 33	.....	.....	136 16	1,711 93
Total	$7,364 79	$15,008 11	$2,268 38	$5,829 56	$3,720 08	$991,684 79

TABLE No. 82 (*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From interest and dividends on investment.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand (October 1, 1907).
Achnosath Orchim Association, New York				$578 01	$2,189 85
Baron de Hirsch Fund (The), New York	$104,902 00				$1,091,874 00
German Mission House Association of the Port of New York	1,997 40			119 55	1,842 67
Home for Scandinavian Immigrants (The), New York			$350 00	8,527 10	8,186 44
Immigrant Girls' Home (of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church), New York			1,400 00	3,275 00	6,045 74
Leo House for German Catholic Immigrants, New York		$398 00	300 00	1,641 97	2,409 48
Lutheran Emigrants' House Association of New York (The)	154 94			6,499 40	11,184 81
Lutheran Pilgrim Home (of the Emigrant Mission Committee of the German Evangelical Synod of Missouri, Ohio and Other States), New York				1,578 78	7,997 11
Marti Charity Association (The), New York					
Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary of the City of New York				641 45	2,185 18
St. Raphael's Italian Benevolent Society of the United States, New York					480 00
St. Raphael's Society for the Protection of German Catholic Immigrants, New York					
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York	86 19				2,080 89
Swedish Lutheran Emigrant Home, New York		1,450 00		966 56	10,917 08
Total	$106,489 82	$1,748 00	$1,950 00	$21,779 42	$1,157,849 95

TABLE No. 83.

Showing the expenditures of homes and missions for immigrants for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing Oct. 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Achnosath Orchim Association, New York	.....	$377 50	.....	2202 00	$88 41	$349 36	$25 61
Baron de Hirsch Fund (The), New York	.....	.....	$1,260 00	3,600 00	.....	.....	150 00
German Mission House Association of the Port of New York	.....	.....	200 00	809 50	.....	.....	22 67
Home for Scandinavian Immigrants (The), New York	$2,186 00	.....	.....	1,208 50	.....	2,904 21	110 00
Immigrant Girls' Home (of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church), New York	.....	.....	1,550 00	1,032 50	.....	985 95	77 97
Leo House for German Catholic Immigrants, New York	22 50	175 00	.....	3,441 00	.....	2,886 71	122 65
Lutheran Emigrants' House Association of New York (The)	.....	.....	.....	3,601 55	.....	2,935 14	444 65
Lutheran Pilgrim Home (of the Emigrant Mission Committee of the German Evangelical Synod of Missouri, Ohio and Other States), New York	685 10	.....	.....	1,934 80	.....	2,369 57	.....
Marti Charity Association (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary of the City of New York	.....	.....	.....	2,664 67	.....	2,592 54	1,091 20
St. Raphael's Italian Benevolent Society of the United States, New York	.....	.....	.....	420 00	.....	.....	.....
St Raphael's Society for the Protection of German Catholic Immigrants, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York	.....	.....	.....	720 00	.....	.....	23 10
Swedish Lutheran Emigrant Home, New York	.....	922 05	2,161 68	1,739 25	199 07	3,157 62	37 91
Total	$2,893 60	$1,474 55	$5,171 68	$21,373 77	$287 48	$18,181 10	$2,105 76

TABLE No. 83—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
Achnosath Orchim Association, New York	$112 11			$27 00		
Baron de Hirsch Fund (The), New York					$102 00	$102,946 00
German Mission House Association of the Port of New York	7 42					
Home for Scandinavian Immigrants (The), New York	260 50		$321 23		65 00	356 70
Immigrant Girls' Home (of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church), New York	166 02		466 86	$403 83	3 84	
Leo House for German Catholic Immigrants, New York	312 15		145 32	117 57	301 95	47 75
Lutheran Emigrants' House Association of New York (The)	210 70		12 25	304 63	699 03	
Lutheran Pilgrim Home (of the Emigrant Mission Committee of the German Evangelical Synod of Missouri, Ohio and Other States), New York	260 23		108 09	148 28	592 90	
Marti Charity Association (The), New-York						
Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary of the City of New York	189 02	$5 60	408 25	92 02	169 78	560 60
St. Raphael's Italian Benevolent Society of the United States, New York						
St. Raphael's Society for the Protection of German Catholic Immigrants, New York						
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York						
Swedish Lutheran Emigrant Home, New York	234 44		201 75	55 60	5 00	
Total	$1,752 59	$5 60	$1,663 65	$1,148 93	$1,939 50	$103,911 15

TABLE NO. 83—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For repayment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Achnosath Orchim Association, New York				$64 00	$1,245 99	$893 86
Baron de Hirsch Fund (The), New York			$5,143 00	*92,996 00	206,197 00	885,077 00
German Mission House Association of the Port of New York			200 00	28 97	1,268 56	574 11
Home for Scandinavian Immigrants (The), New York	$250 00	$150 00		108 85	7,920 99	215 45
Immigrant Girls' Home (of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church), New York				65 17	4,752 14	1,293 60
Leo House for German Catholic Immigrants, New York		175 00		306 92	8,054 52	354 96
Lutheran Emigrants' House Association of New York (The)			1,500 00	279 39	9,987 34	1,197 17
Lutheran Pilgrim Home (of the Emigrant Mission Committee of the German Evangelical Synod of Missouri, Ohio and other States), New York					6,098 97	1,888 14
Marti Charity Association (The), New York						
Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary of the City of New York				361 50	8,135 18	
St. Raphael's Italian Benevolent Society of the United States, New York					420 00	
St. Raphael's Society for the Protection of German Catholic Immigrants, New York						
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York				355 87	1,098 97	915 92
Swedish Lutheran Emigant Home, New York	1,050 00	48 33		404 38	10,217 08	
Total	$1,300 00	$373 33	$6,843 00	$94,971 05	$265,396 74	$892 446 21

* Donated to United Hebrew Charities, Trade School, Agricultural School, Woodbine, N. J., and other institutions.

TABLE No. 84.

Showing the statistics of homes and missions for immigrants for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of homeless persons relieved during the year.	Number of persons for whom employment was secured during the year.	Number of persons placed in hospitals or institutions.	Number of cases in which legal advice or assistance was given.
Achnosath Orchim Association, New York	423			
Baron de Hirsch Fund (The), New York				
German Mission House Association of the Port of New York	411			
Home for Scandinavian Immigrants (The), New York				
Immigrant Girls' Home (of the Woman's Missionary Society of the M. E. Church), New York	337			
Leo House for German Catholic Immigrants, New York	1,730			
Lutheran Emigrants' House Association of New York (The)	7,003			
Luthern Pilgrim Home (of the Emigrant Mission Committee of the German Evangelical Synod of Missouri Ohio and other States), New York		35		
Marti Charity Association (The), New York				
Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary of the City of New York	1,229			
St. Raphael's Italian Benevolent Society of the United States, New York	2,614	136		
St. Raphael's Society for the Protection of German Catholic Immigrants, New York	1,376	100	6	
Swedish (Emigrant and) Aid Society of New York	646	873	5	7
Swedish Lutheran Emigrant Home, New York	3,260	527	3	
Total	19,029	1,671	14	7

TABLE No. 85.

Showing the estimated value of the property of hospitals and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate	Personal property.	Total.
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital	$20,000 00		$20,000 00
Albany Hospital	85,000 00	$70,910 63	155,910 63
Amsterdam City Hospital	16,000 00		16,000 00
Arnot-Ogden Memorial Hospital, Elmira	98,000 00	110,000 00	208,000 00
Astoria Hospital (The), Long Island City	23,900 00	630 84	24,530 84
Auburn City Hospital	25,069 94	49,155 97	74,225 91
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York	88,000 00	21,000 00	109,000 00
Bacteriological Institute, Suffern*			
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn†			
Bedford Throat Hospital, Brooklyn			
Bellevue Hospital, New York‡			
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn			
Beth Israel Hospital Association, New York	66,000 00		66,000 00
Binghamton City Hospital	30,824 93		30,824 93
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D	50,000 00	19,500 00	69,500 00
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital	80,000 00	67,000 00	147,000 00
Brooklyn Homeopathic Hospital (The)	129,173 94	20,500 23	149,674 17
Stone Maternity§			
Brooklyn Hospital (The)	192,396 98	162,775 00	355,171 98
Low Maternity§			
Brooklyn Maternity (The)	66,500 00	1,255 48	67,755 48
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)**			
Brooklyn Throat Hospital††			
Brooks' Memorial Hospital, Dunkirk			
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs	14,000 00		14,000 00
Buffalo General Hospital (The)	313,758 15	299,083 31	612,841 46
Buffalo Homœopathic Hospital	12,000 00		12,000 00
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity	200,000 00		200,000 00
Buffalo Ophthalmic Hospital‡‡			
Buffalo Woman's Hospital (The)	28,366 48		28,366 48
Bushwick Hospital, Brooklyn	5,000 00		5,000 00
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn	27,000 00		27,000 00
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Buffalo	1,400 00		1,400 00

* See New York Pasteur Institute. † Finances with dispensary; see tables 29-32. ‡ See below—New York City Department of Public Charities. § Finances with parent institution. ** See tables 57-60. †† Name changed, April 22, 1898, by chap. 503, Laws of the State of New York, to Williamsburgh Hospital, which see. ‡‡ Discontinued.

TABLE No. 85—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Children's Hospital of Buffalo (The)	$16,000 00	$24,000 00	$40,000 00
Children's Hospital Randall's Island, New York*			
Child's Hospital, Albany	55,500 00	3,661 63	59,161 63
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation†			
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York*			
City Hospital for Women, Buffalo	1,043 47		1,043 47
City of Kingston Hospital (The)	22,053 02	542 11	22,595 13
Cohoes Hospital Association			
Colored Home and Hospital, New York	400,500 00	85,000 00	485,500 00
Columbus Hospital, New York	125,000 00		125,000 00
Coney Island Hospital, Coney Island			
Cortland Hospital Association	8,472 78		8,472 78
Faxton Hospital of the City of Utica (The)	63,500 00	26,500 00	90,000 00
Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo ‡			
Flagler Emergency Hospital, Lockport	2,500 00		2,500 00
Flower Hospital, New York§			
Fordham Hospital, New York*			
French Benevolent Society Hospital, New York	85,000 00	43,562 50	128,562 50
General Hospital of the Town of Fishkill	500 00		500 00
Geneva City Hospital (The)	25,000 00		25,000 00
German Hospital (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo¶			
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo	10,000 00		10,000 00
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York	437,068 42	253,151 99	690,220 41
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn	233,349 17	42,434 85	275,784 02
Glens Falls Hospital*		161 25	161 25
Gouverneur Hospital, New York*			
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York**			
Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York	165,000 00	106,000 00	271,000 00
Hargous Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester	25,000 00		25,000 00
Harlem Hospital, New York*			
Helping Hand Association, Peekskill	14,700 00	500 00	15,200 00
Highland Hospital, Matteawan	3,000 00	9,000 00	12,000 00
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers	85,000 00		85,000 00
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn ††			
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York ††			
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mt. Vernon ††			
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)	40,746 45	32,000 00	72,746 45
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing	40,000 00	500 00	40,500 00

House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown	11,289 40	18,530 55	29,819 95
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse	62,500 00	8,425 00	70,925 00
House of St. Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	13,500 00	1,894 88	15,494 88
Hudson City Hospital (The)	300 00	31,894 50	32,194 50
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York *			
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y	15,000 00		15,000 00
Ithaca City Hospital	20,000 00	7,400 00	27,400 00
Jamaica Hospital (The), Jamaica, L I	14,269 42		14,269 42
J Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York	94,000 00	7,725 07	101,725 07
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush ‡‡			
Ladies' Hebrew Lying-In Society, New York			
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The) New York	150,000 00		150,000 00
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York	125,000 00		125,000 00
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburgh	34,400 00		34,400 00
Little Falls Hospital	1,500 00		1,500 00
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn	240,000 00	25,000 00	265,000 00
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn	14,375 00		14,375 00
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn	55,000 00		55,000 00
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York			
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	240,000 00	159,250 00	399,250 00
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn	4,650 25		4,650 25
Marshall Infirmary, Troy	150,000 00	5,000 00	155,000 00
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The) §§			
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn	140,000 00		140,000 00
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn	856,407 76	244,500 00	1,100,907 76
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York*			
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York	15,000 00	10,000 00	25,000 00
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York	2,727 06		2,727 06
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York	386,448 02	171,000 00	557,448 02
Mount Vernon Hospital	30,000 00	3,500 00	33,500 00
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola	3,600 00		3,600 00
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville	50,000 00	11,000 00	61,000 00
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	45,000 00		45,000 00
New Rochelle Hospital Association	25,000 00		25,000 00
New York Cancer Hospital***	669,598 05	100,000 00	769,598 05
New York City Department of Public Charities: †††			
Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:			
Bellevue Hospital, New York	852,000 00		‡‡‡ 852,000 00
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island			
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island			
Fordham Hospital, New York			
Gouverneur Hospital, New York			
Harlem Hospital, New York			

* See below—New York City Department of Public Charities. † Changed to a home for aged; see tables 49–52. ‡ No real estate; branch of Charity Organization Society. § See New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital. ¶ See Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital. ** See tables 77–80. †† Hospital not established October 1, 1898. ‡‡ See New York City Department of Public Charities, Borough of Brooklyn and Queens. §§ Name changed to Geneva City Hospital, which see. *** Name changed March, 1899, to General Memorial Hospital for the Treatment of Cancer and Allied Diseases. ††† See also tables 15–20. ‡‡‡ Includes dependencies.

TABLE No. 85—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
New York City Department of Public Charities*—Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:			
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	$320,000 00		$320,000 00
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island			
Borough of Brooklyn and Queens			
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush			
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary	500,000 00	$296,894 98	796,894 98
New York Foundling Hospital :‡			
St. Ann's Maternity§			
St. John's Children's Hospital§			
New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital	584,213 00	103,400 00	687,613 00
New York Hospital			
New York Infant Asylum‡			
New York Infirmary for Women and Children	287,500 00	2,302 17	289 802 17
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	45,500 00		45,500 00
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde	172,681 20		172,681 20
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute		46,029 49	46,029 49
New York Ophthalmic Hospital	100,000 00		100,000 00
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital	100,000 00	79,250 00	179,250 00
New York Pasteur Institute, Suffern			
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital	151,110 00		151,110 00
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital	569,992 39	10,560 94	580,553 33
New York Red Cross Hospital			
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital	160,000 00	34,021 84	194,021 84
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled	437,055 79	373,010 46	810,066 25
New York Throat and Nose Hospital	25,179 00	1,240 63	26,419 63
Niagara Falls Memorial Hospital	20,750 00	3,000 00	23,750 00
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary**			
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brooklyn	37,500 00		37,500 00
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York‡			
Nyack Hospital Association	3,000 00		3,000 00
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum‡			
Olean General Hospital**		1,788 88	1,788 88
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, New York	25,800 00	51,884 00	77,684 00
Oneonta Hospital Society			
Ossining Hospital Association, Sing Sing	8,000 00	3,221 42	11,221 42
Oswego Hospital (The)	16,250 00	10,400 50	26,650 50
Paul Devereux Hospital Association, Deposit	6,753 80	19 71	6,773 51
Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York	1,561,058 56	422,879 37	1,983,937 93
Riverside Hospital, Buffalo			

Rochester City Hospital	214,897 96	93,480 05	308,378 01
Rochester Homœopathic Hospital	240,344 70	22,000 00	262,344 70
Rochester St. Mary's Hospital (The)	225,000 00		225,000 00
Rome Hospital (The)	16,000 00	5,309 18	21,309 18
Roosevelt Hospital (The), New York	2,080,006 76	386,027 53	2,466,034 29
St. Catharine's Hospital (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn	350,000 00	29,250 00	379,250 00
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, New York	10,250 00		10,250 00
St. Elizabeth's Hospital (of the Congregation of the Third Order of St. Francis), New York	40,000 00		40,000 00
St Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	49,866 79	5,000 00	54,866 79
St. Francis' Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	215,000 00		215,000 00
St. James' Mercy Hospital, Hornellsville	8,000 00	2,000 00	10,000 00
St. John's Guild, New York	85,000 00	27,700 00	112,700 00
Children's City Hospital§			
Floating Hospital ††			
Seaside Hospital ††			
St John's Hospital (of the Church Charity Foundation of L. I.), Brooklyn	170,000 00	107,763 75	277,763 75
St. John's Long Island City Hospital	151,571 02		151,571 02
St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers	161,125 00	145,250 00	306,375 00
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York‡‡			
St. Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse	120,000 00	12,000 00	132,000 00
St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers	200,000 00		200,000 00
St. Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh and New Windsor, Newburgh	15,000 00	27,073 82	42,073 82
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica	41,672 58	41,317 48	82,990 06
St. Luke's Hospital, New York	2,471,366 09	871,582 51	3,342,948 60
St. Mark's Hospital of New York City	93,452 00		93,452 00
St. Mary's Female Hospital of the City of Brooklyn	100,000 00		100,000 00
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York	375,700 00	225,477 22	601,177 22
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn (The)	420,000 00		420,000 00
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo‡			
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn §§			
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse			
St. Peter's Hospital of the City of Albany	35,000 00	5,000 00	40,000 00
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn	480,200 00		480,200 00
St Vincent's Hospital of the City of New York (The)	603,321 36	43,492 14	646,813 50
Salamanca Hospital Association		167 97	167 97
Samaritan Hospital of Troy	91,436 47	8,203 00	99,639 47
Saratoga Hospital (The)	9,000 00	138 02	9,138 02
Skene Hospital for Self-Supporting Women, Brooklyn ***			
Sloane Maternity Hospital, New York †††			
Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital	67,000 00		67,000 00
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York (The)	250,000 00	338,800 00	588,800 00
S. R. Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I.	100,000 00	71,700 00	171,700 00
Staten Island Hospital, Fort Wadsworth	2,350 00	150 00	2,500 00
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford	4,000 00		4,000 00
Swedish Hospital in Brooklyn	8,250 00		8,250 00

* See also tables 15-20. † Finances with almshouse, see Department of Public Charities, New York City, Borough of Brooklyn and Queens, tables 15-20.
‡ Finances and additional statistics on tables 57-60. § Finances with parent institution. ** Hospital not established October 1, 1898. †† See tables 41-44.
‡‡ See tables 89-92. §§ Finances with St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn. *** Incorporated 1899. ††† Property belongs to Columbia University.

TABLE No. 85—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Syracuse Homœopathic Hospital	$2,500 00		$2,500 00
Syracuse Women's Hospital and Training School for Nurses	115,000 00	$500 00	115,500 00
Tarrytown Hospital Association	25,000 00	10,000 00	35,000 00
Thanksgiving Hospital of Cooperstown, N. Y. (The)	14,964 00	28,200 00	43,164 00
Thrall Hospital, Middletown	18,000 00	1,000 00	19,000 00
Trinity Hospital (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York			
Troy Hospital Association (The)	172,509 00	14,693 22	187,202 22
Utica City Hospital	50,000 00		50,000 00
Utica Homœopathic Hospital	18,000 00		18,000 00
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie	135,768 27	1,090,448 70	1,226,216 97
White Plains Hospital Association (The)	14,000 00		14,000 00
Williamsburgh Hospital, Brooklyn	3,000 00		3,000 00
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown	30,000 00	5,000 00	35,000 00
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York	686,656 50	470,916 76	1,157,573 26
Total	$23 675,440 93	$7,783,491 53	$31,458,932 46

TABLE No. 85—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital	$6,600 00		$6,600 00	$6,600 00		$6,600 00
Albany Hospital						
Amsterdam City Hospital		$1,000 00	1,000 00			
Arnot-Ogden Memorial Hospital, Elmira						
Astoria Hospital (The), Long Island City	8,000 00	2,601 00	10,601 00			
Auburn City Hospital						
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York						
Bacteriological Institute, Suffern *						
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn †						
Bedford Throat Hospital, Brooklyn						
Bellevue Hospital, New York ‡						
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Beth Israel Hospital Association, New York	33,000 00	1,838 74	34,838 74	30,000 00	$5,966 66	35,966 66
Binghamton City Hospital						
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D.						
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital						
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital (The)	50,000 00	12,736 92	62,736 92	50,000 00	11,167 57	61,167 57
Stone Maternity §						
Brooklyn Hospital (The)		18,000 00	18,000 00		15,500 00	15,550 00
Low Maternity §						
Brooklyn Maternity (The)	25,000 00		25,000 00	28,000 00		28,000 00
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The) **						
Brooklyn Throat Hospital ††						
Brooks' Memorial Hospital, Dunkirk						
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs		6,500 00	6,500 00		6,500 00	6,500 00
Buffalo General Hospital (The)	50,000 00	6 826 63	56,826 63	50,000 00	7,661 51	57,661 51
Buffalo Homœopathic Hospital	6,000 00		6,000 00	12,000 00		12,000 00
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity	70,000 00	2,000 00	72,000 00	70,000 00	2,000 00	72,000 00
Buffalo Ophthalmic Hospital ‡‡						
Buffalo Woman's Hospital (The)	10,600 00	422 21	11,022 21	10,600 00	1,078 68	11,678 68
Bushwick Hospital, Brooklyn						
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn	17,500 00	900 00	18,400 00	17,500 00		17,500 00
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Buffalo		40 06	40 06		169 01	169 01

* See New York Pasteur Institute. † Finances with dispensary; see tables 29-32. ‡ See below—New York City Department of Public Charities.
§ Finances with parent institution. ** See tables 57-60. †† Name changed, April 22, 1898, by chap. 503, Laws of the State of New York, to Williamsburgh Hospital, which see. ‡‡ Discontinued.

TABLE No. 85—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Indebtedness October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness October 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total	Real.	Other.	Total
Children's Hospital of Buffalo (The)						
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island, New York*						
Child's Hospital, Albany						
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation†						
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York*						
City Hospital for Women, Buffalo						
City of Kingston Hospital (The)	$4,000 00		$4,000 00			
Cohoes Hospital Association						
Colored Home and Hospital, New York						
Columbus Hospital, New York	63,000 00	$10,112 00	73,112 00	$63,000 00	$6,900 00	$69,900 00
Coney Island Hospital, Coney Island						
Cortland Hospital Association	3,000 00	500 00	3,500 00	3,000 00	1,500 00	4,500 00
Faxton Hospital of the City of Utica (The)		5,262 18	5,262 18		4,700 00	4,700 00
Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo†						
Flagler Emergency Hospital, Lockport						
Flower Hospital, New York§						
Fordham Hospital*						
French Benevolent Society Hospital, New York	42,500 00		42,500 00	42,500 00		42,500 00
General Hospital of the Town of Fishkill		300 00	300 00		350 00	350 00
Geneva City Hospital (The)					5,100 00	5,100 00
German Hospital (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo†						
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo				5,000 00		5,000 00
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York						
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn	35,000 00		35,000 00	35,000 00		35,000 00
Glens Falls Hospital						
Gouverneur Hospital, New York*						
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York**						
Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York						
Hargous Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester	13,000 00		13,000 00	13,000 00	306 22	13,306 22
Harlem Hospital, New York*						
Helping Hand Association, Peekskill						
Highland Hospital, Matteawan	2,200 00		2,200 00	2,200 00		2,200 00
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers		281 27	281 27		305 29	305 29
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn††	5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		5,000 00
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York††						
Homœpathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mt. Vernon††						
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)						
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing	3,000 00	933 71	3,933 71	3,000 00	2,114 16	5,114 16

House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown	2,500 00	666 64	3,166 64	2,500 00	422 89	2,922 89
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse						
House of St. Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	7,000 00	2,288 18	9,288 18	6,000 00	496 81	6,496 81
Hudson City Hospital (The)						
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York*						
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y.	600 00		600 00	600 00		600 00
Ithaca City Hospital						
Jamaica Hospital (The), Jamaica, L. I.				2,500 00		2,500 00
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York	14,000 00		14,000 00			
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush ‡‡						
Ladies' Hebrew Lying-in Society, New York						
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The), New York						
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York	65,900 00	14,080 00	79,980 00	65,900 00	14,600 00	80,500 00
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburgh					473 15	473 15
Little Falls Hospital						
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn	30,000 00	20,000 00	50,000 00	30,000 00	15,000 00	45,000 00
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn	7,300 00		7,300 00	7,300 00		7,300 00
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn	5,800 00	6,058 37	11,858 37	5,800 00	5,770 76	11,570 76
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York						
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York						
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn		4,854 61	4,854 01		5,804 61	5,804 91
Marshall Infirmary, Troy						
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The)§§						
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn	50,000 00	21,000 00	71,000 00	50,000 00	27,915 30	77,915 30
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn	50,000 00		50,000 00	50,000 00		50,000 00
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York*						
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York						
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York					2,286 06	2,286 06
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York		12,139 00	12,139 00	200,000 00	10,430 51	210,430 51
Mount Vernon Hospital	3,500 00		3,500 00			
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola						
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville		1,200 00	1,200 00			
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	31,000 00	2,500 00	33,500 00	31,000 00	2,500 00	33,500 00
New Rochelle Hospital Association	16,000 00	1,043 36	17,043 36	11,762 50	424 95	12,187 45
New York Cancer Hospital***						
New York City Department of Public Charities :†††						
Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx :						
Bellevue Hospital, New York						
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island						
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island						
Fordham Hospital, New York						
Gouverneur Hospital, New York						
Harlem Hospital, New York						

* See below—New York City Department of Public Charities. † Changed to a home for aged. See tables 49–52. ‡ No real estate—branch of Charity Organization Society. § See New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital. ¶ See Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital. ** See tables 77–80 †† Hospital not yet established. ‡‡ See New York City Department of Public Charities, Borough of Brooklyn. §§ Name changed to Geneva City Hospital, which see. *** Name changed March, 1899, to General Memorial Hospital, for the Treatment of Cancer and Allied Diseases. ††† See also tables 15–20.

TABLE No. 85—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
New York City Department of Public Charities*—Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:						
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island						
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island						
Borough of Brooklyn and Queens:						
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush						
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary						
New York Foundling Hospital :‡						
St. Ann's Maternity§						
St. John's Children's Hospital§						
New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital	$162,500 00	$13,610 81	$176,110 81	$175 687 60	$6,294 25	$181,981 85
New York Hospital						
New York Infant Asylum						
New York Infirmary for Women and Children					40,000 00	40,000 00
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women		300 00	300 00	15,000 00	15,000 00	30,000 00
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde	64,500 00		64,500 00	60,500 00		60,500 00
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute						
New York Ophthalmic Hospital	20,000 00		20,000 00	20,000 00		20,000 00
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital						
New York Pasteur Institute, Suffern						
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital	101,110 00		101,110 00		7,034 20	7,034 20
New York Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital	426,911 31	37,441 72	464,353 43	357,630 55	29,315 72	386,947 27
New York Red Cross Hospital						
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital				18,200 00	3,433 53	21,633 53
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled						
New York Throat and Nose Hospital	9,500 00		9,500 00	8,500 00		8,500 00
Niagara Falls Memorial Hospital				3,000 00	1,007 09	4,007 09
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary**						
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brooklyn				2,000 00		2,000 00
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York‡						
Nyack Hospital Association	2,000 00		2,000 00			
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum‡						
Olean General Hospital **						
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, New York		3,500 00	3,500 00		3,500 00	3,500 00
Oneonta Hospital Society						
Ossining Hospital Association, Sing Sing	1,500 00		1,500 00	1,500 00		1,500 00
Oswego Hospital (The)						
Paul Devereux Hospital Association, Deposit						
Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York	135,000 00	35,905 88	170,905 88	135,000 00	[illegible]	[illegible]
Riverside Hospital, Buffalo						

Rochester City Hospital		13,950 87	13,950 87		6,413 50	6,413 50
Rochester Homœopathic Hospital	53,000 00	4,000 00	57,000 00	51,000 00	4,000 00	55,000 00
Rochester St Mary's Hospital (The)	6,000 00	10,000 00	16,000 00	18,000 00	6,000 00	24,000 00
Rome Hospital (The)						
Roosevelt Hospital (The), New York						
St Catharine's Hospital (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn						
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, New York	5,000 00		5,000 00	5,000 00		5,000 00
St. Elizabeth's Hospital (of the Congregation of the Third Order of St. Francis), New York						
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	3,500 00	1,506 07	5,007 07	3,500 00	3,984 91	7,484 91
St. Francis' Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York		4,580 00	4,580 00		3,229 84	3,229 84
St. James' Mercy Hospital, Hornellsville		232 00	232 00			
St. John's Guild, New York						
Children's City Hospital§						
Floating Hospital††						
Seaside Hospital††						
St. John's Hospital (of the Church Charity Foundation of L. I.), Brooklyn		19,399 11	19,399 11		19,224 64	19,224 64
St. John's Long Island City Hospital	63,571 02		63,571 02	63,571 02		63,571 02
St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers						
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York‡‡						
St. Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse	35,000 00	500 00	35,500 00	33,000 00	3,525 81	36,525 81
St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers	32,000 00		32,000 00	28,000 00		28,000 00
St. Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh and New Windsor, Newburgh		355 10	355 10		400 00	400 00
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica		1,000 00	1,000 00		1,846 58	1,846 58
St. Luke's Hospital, New York						
St. Mark's Hospital of New York City	39,000 00	2,571 16	41,571 16	65,000 00	4,727 36	69,727 36
St. Mary's Female Hospital of the City of Brooklyn	30,000 00	5,500 00	35,500 00	30,000 00	6,000 00	36,000 00
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York	66,000 00		66,000 00	66,000 00		66,000 00
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn (The)	150,000 00	24,710 09	174,710 19	160,000 00	10,696 97	170,696 97
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo‡						
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn§§						
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse‡						
St Peter's Hospital of the City of Albany	12,000 00		12,000 00	12,000 00		12,000 00
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn	16,000 00	4,000 00	20,000 00	1,000 00	4,000 00	5,000 00
St. Vincent's Hospital of the City of New York (The)	187,000 00	4,581 87	191,581 87	237,000 00	23,484 37	260,484 37
Salamanca Hospital Association						
Samaritan Hospital of Troy					6,903 00	6,903 00
Saratoga Hospital (The)	5,000 00	748 69	5,748 69			
Skene Hospital for Self-Supporting Women, Brooklyn***						
Sloane Maternity Hospital, New York†††						
Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital	20,000 00		20,000 00	21,550 00	1,425 00	22,975 00
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York (The)	110,000 00	35,000 00	145,000 00	110,000 00		110,000 00
S. R Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S I						
Staten Island Hospital, Fort Wadsworth						
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford						
Swedish Hospital in Brooklyn						

* See also tables 15–20. † Finances with almshouse, see Department of Public Charities, New York City, Borough of Brooklyn and Queens, tables 15–20
‡ Finances and additional statistics on tables 57–60. § Finances with parent institution. ** Hospital not established October 1, 1898. †† See tables 41–44.
‡‡ See table 89–92. §§ Finances with St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn. *** Incorporated 1899. ††† Property belongs to Columbia University.

TABLE No. 85—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Syracuse Homœopathic Hospital		$1,000 00	$1,000 00		$1,209 99	$1,209 99
Syracuse Women's Hospital and Training School for Nurses	$60,000 00	4,304 92	64,304 92	$60,000 00	4,304 93	64,304 93
Tarrytown Hospital Association						
Thanksgiving Hospital of Cooperstown, N. Y. (The)						
Thrall Hospital, Middletown					1,000 00	1,000 00
Trinity Hospital (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York						
Troy Hospital Association (The)	20,000 00	7,890 46	27,890 46	20,000 00	5,631 14	25,631 14
Utica City Hospital						
Utica Homœopathic Hospital	12,000 00	3,200 00	15,200 00	12,000 00	2,200 00	14,200 00
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie						
White Plains Hospital Association (The)	6,000 00	1,000 00	7,000 00	6,000 00	1,000 00	7,000 00
Williamsburgh Hospital, Brooklyn		1,494 02	1,494 02		434 33	434 33
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown		410 00	410 00		275 40	275 40
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York	290,000 00	3,518 91	293,518 91	290,000 00	4,166 16	294,166 16
Total	$2,875,092 73	$402,296 66	$3,277,389 39	$2,989,401 67	$432,925 48	$3,422,327 15

TABLE No. 86.

Showing the receipts of hospitals for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital	$115 27		$3,500 00	$2,307 14			
Albany Hospital	1,951 26	$325 00	5,815 43	20,244 44	$4,500 00		
Amsterdam City Hospital				3,364 64		$45 00	
Arnot-Ogden Memorial Hospital, Elmira	8,821 31	1,516 00	5,464 00	2,231 13			
Astoria Hospital (The), Long Island City	83 91		2,282 43	553 50			$179 93
Auburn City Hospital	1,865 44	154 29	1,539 56	2,804 99			651 61
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York	4,249 63		3,133 26	307 51	10,250 00		889 00
Bacteriological Institute, Suffern							
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn							
Bedford Throat Hospital, Brooklyn							
Bellevue Hospital, New York							
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn							
Beth Israel Hospital Association, New York	1,517 38		200 00	611 58	100 00	5,148 35	1,725 52
Binghamton City Hospital	1,805 14		6,000 00	2,328 56			
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D.	6,490 48		6,723 42	1,309 75	100 00	56 00	
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital	74 79		1,000 00	785 00			
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital (The)	222 65		10,046 49	7,697 30			
Stone Maternity							
Brooklyn Hospital (The)	812 26	2,071 28	9,900 00	12,598 74			
Low Maternity							
Brooklyn Maternity (The)	2,523 45		3,651 71	5,245 84		135 00	215 30
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)							
Brooklyn Throat Hospital							
Brooks' Memorial Hospital, Dunkirk							
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs	3 33						
Buffalo General Hospital (The)	10,898 28			40,494 73	22,163 30		
Buffalo Homœopathic Hospital	560 96	543 35	5,118 45	5,293 27			
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity	4,967 03						
Buffalo Ophthalmic Hospital							
Buffalo Woman's Hospital (The)	741 10	1,002 46		7,917 56			
Bushwick Hospital, Brooklyn	801 55		4,900 00	3,743 64			123 00

TABLE No. [illegible] (Continued)

INSTITUTIONS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn	[illegible]		[illegible]				
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Buffalo		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]			
Children's Hospital of Buffalo (The)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]			
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island, New York							
Child's Hospital, Albany	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]				
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster Swift Foundation							
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York							
City Hospital for Women, Buffalo			[illegible]	[illegible]			
City of Kingston Hospital (The)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]
Cohoes Hospital Association							
Colored Home and Hospital, New York	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]			
Columbus Hospital, New York	[illegible]			[illegible]			
Coney Island Hospital, Coney Island							
Cortland Hospital Association	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Faxton Hospital of the City of Utica (The)	[illegible]			[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo				[illegible]			
Flagler Emergency Hospital, Lockport	[illegible]			[illegible]			
Flower Hospital, New York				[illegible]			
Fordham Hospital, New York							
French Benevolent Society Hospital, New York							
Geneva Hospital of the Town of Fishkill	[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Geneva City Hospital (The)		[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
German Hospital (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo	[illegible]			[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo							
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York							
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Glens Falls Hospital	[illegible]				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gouverneur Hospital, New York							
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York							
Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hargous Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester	[illegible]						

Helping Hand Association, Peekskill	1,479 93	283 84		1,595 41	238 94	35 00	341 48
Highland Hospital, Matteawan	175 47	397 88		24 00			425 00
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers	183 21		400 00	933 45		30 25	806 65
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn							
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York							
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mt. Vernon							
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)	217 40		1,000 00	1,534 40	1,000 00		
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing	12,234 79		5,777 60		2,500 00		
House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown	100 92	160 62		1,985 55	2,524 50		
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse	397 18			5,532 49	2,550 00		
House of St. Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	80 12	69 00	2,932 40	265 75			210 00
Hudson City Hospital (The)	228 50			568 50	500 00	304 00	488 77
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York							
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y.	771 31		550 00				180 00
Ithaca City Hospital	866 27			4,499 79	1,795 14	261 00	
Jamaica Hospital (The), Jamaica, L. I.	5,525 30			278 55			169 84
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York	102 08			3,145 50		3,280 00	
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush							
Ladies' Hebrew Lying-In Society, New York	6,000 00					500 00	
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The), New York							
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York	1,507 82				3,000 00	10,015 00	
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburgh	322 60			546 00			27 95
Little Falls Hospital	929 18			1,887 68	166 33	128 00	503 35
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn			11,684 53	28,211 97	4,831 00		500 00
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn	978 26		3,155 00				
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn			1,219 26	1,256 25	1,400 00	1,636 83	250 00
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York				200 00			
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	79 64			13,768 50			
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn	78 50		352 80				
Marshall Infirmary, Troy		1,343 00	7,273 15	14,925 66		90 00	
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The)							
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn	66 05		4,523 55	7,687 88		290 00	2,090 03
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn	2,862 63		5,700 00	17,484 87	13,000 00		
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York							
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York	1,581 23						
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York	437 10		1,760 00	1,029 14		380 00	1,289 60
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York	18,818 22			29,097 07	24,922 22	62,160 00	
Mount Vernon Hospital	155 25		1,339 58	1,351 82			150 00
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola	4,489 96			1,774 53		610 00	2,934 26
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville	23 10			2,755 83	1,000,00	576 00	3,118 28
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	622 64		500 00			765 00	
New Rochelle Hospital Association				1,338 75		893 00	631 02
New York Cancer Hospital	526 60			22,732 76	10,000 00		

TABLE No. 86—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
New York City Department of Public Charities:							
Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:							
Bellevue Hospital, New York			$263,789 09				
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island*							
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island			127,268 19				
Fordham Hospital, New York			18,668 51				
Gouverneur Hospital, New York			21,717 64				
Harlem Hospital, New York			23,302 07				
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island			75,659 40				
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island			84,862 46				
Borough of Brooklyn and Queens:							
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush							
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary	$2,420 51		350 00	$13,637 27			
New York Foundling Hospital:							
St. Ann's Maternity							
St. John's Children's Hospital							
New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital	1,534 30		9,811 50	8,481 56	$5,009 00		
New York Hospital							
New York Infant Asylum							
New York Infirmary for Women and Children	29,785 05		3,375 00	6,675 26			
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	2,248 50		6,390 00				
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde	1 87		600 00	847 00			
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute	172 24		200 00	15,956 63	100 00	$870 00	
New York Ophthalmic Hospital	2,420 47			6,162 73			
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital	2,355 56						
New York Pasteur Institute, Suffern							$2,950 94
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital			5,445 15	16,104 95			
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital	3,475 81		26,515 34	32,377 47			
New York Red Cross Hospital				1,163 64		783 33	
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital	25,170 76			2,389 15			
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled	33,898 05		17,161 99	10,829 66	2,500 00		
New York Throat and Nose Hospital	11 72		200 00	34 00		530 00	2,200 00
Niagara Falls Memorial Hospital			657 00	3,971 26	97 59	1,270 00	2,800 00
North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary							

Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brooklyn	6,981 43	$1,700 13	4,000 00	5,037 50	1,030 00	121 50	136 98
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York							
Nyack Hospital Association	79 68						2,750 67
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum							
Olean General Hospital							
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, New York	1,487 43		2,560 00	251 85			
Oneonta Hospital Society	858 33			28 50			
Ossining Hospital Association, Sing Sing	2,673 55			667 50		26 00	1,452 34
Oswego Hospital (The)	174 04		1,500 00	1,229 79		18 75	795 41
Paul Devereux Hospital Association, Deposit	60 70						
Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York	4,080 65			38,861 00			
Riverside Hospital, Buffalo							
Rochester City Hospital	736 48	1,312 62	7,485 63	24,105 52			
Rochester Homœopathic Hospital	4,008 12	893 08	6,834 19	21,781 37	1,000 00		
Rochester St. Mary's Hospital (The)	979 31	908 65	12,327 24	15,772 87	2,000 00		
Rome Hospital (The)	4,054 17		500 00	1,385 95		164 00	1,967 33
Roosevelt Hospital (The), New York	40,044 35			63,943 73			
St. Catharine's Hospital (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn	3,296 06		9,776 88	16,488 40	377 65	1,322 00	3,129 43
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, New York	115 88		263 52				1,036 88
St. Elizabeth's Hospital (of the Congregation of the Third Order of St Francis), New York	1,176 00			12,000 00			
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	59 31			4,074 28	200 00		183 75
St. Francis' Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	309 39		500 00	5,196 50	5,809 03		
St. James' Mercy Hospital, Hornellsville	1,500 66	275 50	1,000 00	857 83			
St. John's Guild, New York	4,839 68		30,750 00			3,180 87	
Children's City Hospital							
Floating Hospital							
Sea Side Hospital							
St. John's Hospital (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Brooklyn			4,700 00	11,474 45	119 46		
St. John's Long Island City Hospital			6,138 00	956 88			6,670 99
St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers	2,167 15		800 00	2,693 82			410 20
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York							
St. Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse	104 17	2,204 24	5,437 92	7,673 75	4,000 00	150 00	
St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers	3,676 88		800 00	7,085 25		217 00	3,500 00
St. Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh and New Windsor, Newburgh	140 01			3,034 68			233 39
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica	18 20	209 00		9,526 95			
St. Luke's Hospital, New York	14,946 86			38,005 22	49,400 83		
St. Mark's Hospital of New York City	672 07		350 00	15,968 04	2,000 00	1,930 00	2,334 75
St. Mary's Female Hospital of the City of Brooklyn	2,230 27	8,002 50	11,703 76	1,095 00			1,066 80
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York	44 28		6 0 00		12,934 92		3,044 01
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn, (The)	561 31		10,696 74	20,498 99	300 00		7,863 39
St Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo							
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn							

* Finances included with Randall's Island Asylums and Schools, see tables 15–20.

TABLE No. 86—(*Continued.*

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's Hospital of the City of Albany	$372 88	.....	$7,251 40	$2,367 04	$1,143 00	.....	.....
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn	.....	.....	11,506 56	2,100 00	800 00	.....	$550 75
St. Vincent's Hospital of the City of New York (The)	60,265 67	.....	.....	41,479 64	6,926 89	.....	2,563 90
Salamanca Hospital Association	78 88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Samaritan Hospital of Troy	15,362 61	.....	.....	.....	.....	$58 75	3,141 81
Saratoga Hospital (The)	129 20	$887 54	3,500 00	1,543 50	.....	37 00	.....
Skene Hospital for Self Supporting Women, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sloane Maternity Hospital, New York	1,276 76	.....	8,588 82	2,702 89	.....	.....	.....
Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital	975 04	.....	3,114 86	7,944 66	.....	857 50	.....
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York (The)	2,170 62	.....	9,000 00	.....	.....	10 00	5,037 52
S. R. Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I.	14,037 05	.....	.....	.....	7,248 19	.....	749 92
Staten Island Hospital, Fort Wadsworth	655 82	.....	.....	82 00	.....	242 00	424 06
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish Hospital in Brooklyn	1,767 14	.....	.....	.....	.....	338 45	299 00
Syracuse Homœpathic Hospital	361 73	.....	625 84	4,024 55	.....	391 00	452 28
Syracuse Women's Hospital and Training School for Nurses	1,361 46	1,407 54	4,914 23	5,585 55	.....	62 00	989 51
Tarrytown Hospital Association	657 46	.....	.....	198 00	.....	670 00	64 76
Thanksgiving Hospital of Cooperstown, N. Y. (The)	282 60	.....	.....	610 75	.....	.....	.....
Thrall Hospital, Middletown	1,208 63	.....	1,500 00	2,480 91	.....	.....	526 10
Trinity Hospital (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York	.....	.....	.....	1,048 50	.....	.....	.....
Troy Hospital Association (The)	2,244 44	1,044 87	14,699 58	9,929 86	5,000 00	.....	7,192 08
Utica City Hospital	.....	.....	6,108 04	166 71	.....	.....	.....
Utica Homœopathic Hospital	102 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,083 93
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie	25,919 28	.....	.....	591 15	.....	.....	.....
White Plains Hospital Association (The)	.....	.....	.....	814 42	.....	.....	534 08
Williamsburgh Hospital, Brooklyn	308 53	.....	4,456 00	379 25	.....	.....	.....
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown	628 98	.....	.....	2,546 03	.....	.....	.....
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York	13,995 50	.....	.....	30,936 22	17,000 00	.....	.....
Total	$584,517 91	$30,647 49	$1,030,275 32	$930,293 64	$247,920 38	$131,787 68	$106,155 97

TABLE No. 86—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital	$525 00					$6,447 41
Albany Hospital	4,522 68	$647 07	$2,490 00		$460 21	40,956 04
Amsterdam City Hospital	620 32				424 00	4,453 96
Arnot-Ogden Memorial Hospital, Elmira	1,700 00	5,115 80			214 14	25,092 38
Astoria Hospital (The), Long Island City	2,696 23			$1,500 00	65 36	7,361 36
Auburn City Hospital	1,364 43	2,584 32	5,027 15		222 07	16,213 86
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York	10,125 46	828 32			62 75	29,845 93
Bacteriological Institute, Suffern						
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn						
Bedford Throat Hospital, Brooklyn						
Bellevue Hospital, New York						
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Beth Israel Hospital Association, New York	1,252 10		2,520 00	4,191 60	4,508 01	21,774 54
Binghamton City Hospital					119 05	10,252 75
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D.	483 95	1,013 62			1,062 50	17,239 72
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital	1,062 29	3,311 98			4,831 15	11,065 21
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital (The)	18,837 52			8,250 00	3,616 86	48,670 82
Stone Maternity						
Brooklyn Hospital (The)	20,861 00	10,232 73		11,500 00	4,809 43	72,785 44
Low Maternity						
Brooklyn Maternity (The)	1,583 17			3,000 00	1,590 97	17,945 44
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)						
Brooklyn Throat Hospital						
Brooks' Memorial Hospital, Dunkirk						
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs	3,497 37					3,500 70
Buffalo General Hospital (The)	49,823 15	15,569 45	26,500 00		11,185 11	176,634 02
Buffalo Homœopathic Hospital	269 48	318 12	125 30		42 26	12,271 19
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity	1,054 76		400 00		33,755 27	40,177 06
Buffalo Ophthalmic Hospital						
Buffalo Woman's Hospital (The)					87 87	9,748 99
Bushwick Hospital, Brooklyn		17 87				9,586 06

TABLE No. 86—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn					$676 50	$5,031 88
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Buffalo	$15 00					1,685 99
Children's Hospital of Buffalo (The)	2,839 18	$1,367 49	$13,000 00		105 41	21,898 00
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island, New York						
Child's Hospital, Albany	2,211 29	178 15			1,867 05	10,339 22
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster Swift Foundation						
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York						
City Hospital for Women, Buffalo						2,749 17
City of Kingston Hospital (The)	1,300 00	8 75			1,478 70	10,428 84
Cohoes Hospital Association						
Colored Home and Hospital, New York	*178,176 13	14,210 00		$3,200 00	†206,965 28	421,870 45
Columbus Hospital, New York	8,497 24				4,948 87	16,222 16
Coney Island Hospital, Coney Island						
Cortland Hospital Association	325 26			1,000 00	523 50	3,224 89
Faxton Hospital of the City of Utica (The)	439 98	1,155 84	729 50		1,272 88	15,235 21
Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo					‡4,109 36	8,644 79
Flagler Emergency Hospital, Lockport						577 35
Flower Hospital, New York						
Fordham Hospital, New York						
French Benevolent Society Hospital, New York	2,022 93	1,957 27		6,901 17	908 67	31,078 60
General Hospital of the Town of Fishkill	504 07				20 40	2,137 98
Geneva City Hospital (The)	6,442 10	100 85		5,000 00	521 80	15,580 38
German Hospital (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo						
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo	5,000 00					5,000 00
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York	13,660 68	10,548 44			3,618 01	104,792 31
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn	8,606 71	2,132 82			127 50	96,201 91
Glens Falls Hospital						161 25
Gouverneur Hospital, New York						
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York						
Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York	9,435 37	6,170 82	10,000 00		760 97	[illegible]
Hargous Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester	69 87					[illegible]
Harlem Hospital, New York						

Helping Hand Association, Peekskill	1,698 01	86 36			1,200 87	6,959 84
Highland Hospital, Matteawan	495 50	476 50			335 44	2,329 79
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers	546 13	81 46	2,117 35		60 57	5,159 07
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn						
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York						
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mt. Vernon						
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)	4,704 77	1,480 12			179 95	10,116 64
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing	5,862 06	172 81			2,935 81	29,483 07
House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown	4,845 11	102 20		600 00	§17,958 50	28,277 40
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse	**11,429 37	69 29			5,967 25	25,945 58
House of St. Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	3,111 60			100 00	14 46	6,783 33
Hudson City Hospital (The)	1,086 29	1,461 75	1,031 66			5,669 47
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York						
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y.	1,925 33					3,406 64
Ithaca City Hospital	1,057 55	414 93	3,000 00		2,774 62	14,669 30
Jamaica Hospital (The), Jamaica, L. I.	3,544 88	254 86		2,285 37	380 28	12,439 08
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York	33,182 48	342 28				40,052 34
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush						
Ladies' Hebrew Lying In Society, New York		210 00				6,710 00
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The), New York	11,000 00					11,000 00
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York	8,677 38				5,968 21	29,168 41
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburgh	318 75		99 17		95 00	1,409 47
Little Falls Hospital	115 42	21 50			190 68	3,942 14
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn	680 86	226 95	4,175 75	18,000 00	20,495 17	88,806 23
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn		18 77			344 85	4,496 88
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn	1,518 53			5,770 76		13,051 63
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York	700 00				300 00	1,200 00
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	9,519 74	6,936 75			9,877 52	40,182 15
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn	1,711 77			950 00		3,093 07
Marshall Infirmary, Troy	1,310 00	250 00				25,191 81
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The)						
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn	2,705 47				2,438 67	19,801 65
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn	30,712 63	12,122 48			463 49	82,346 10
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York						
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York	575 00	581 19	6,180 00		127 12	9,044 54
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York	2,676 73		1,005 62	280 72	642 40	9,500 71
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York	10,890 14	17,030 23			25,188 05	188,100 93
Mount Vernon Hospital	1,426 13					4,422 78
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola	498 58	120 00				10,427 33
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville	62 00	480 00				8,015 21
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	2,081 00		1,033 32		1,533 93	6,535 89
New Rochelle Hospital Association	6,284 86				27 15	9,174 73
New York Cancer Hospital	10,414 81	8,531 31	3,000 00			55,205 48

* Of this amount $175,757.31 represents "gifts for the building fund" and $1,132.29 from the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association. † "Sale of Sixty-fifth street property." ‡ Of this $4,034.36 from Charity Organization Society of Buffalo. § "Subscriptions to building fund." ** Of this amount $10,737.63 for building fund.

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York [illegible] Asylum	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Infirmary for Women and Children	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Mothers' Home of the [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Ophthalmic Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Orthopaedic Dispensary and Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Pasteur Institute [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Red Cross Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Throat and Nose Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Niagara Falls Memorial Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Brooklyn Dispensary and Hospital [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brooklyn	5,522 32	167 58			2,806 70	27,504 14
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York						
Nyack Hospital Association	360 60					3,190 95
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum						
Olean General Hospital						
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, New York	761 00	2,358 00	4,000 00		253 20	11,671 48
Oneonta Hospital Society						886 83
Ossining Hospital Association, Sing Sing	1,403 61	136 24			886 36	7,245 60
Oswego Hospital (The)	3,079 00	385 00			50 46	7,232 45
Paul Devereux Hospital Association, Deposit	2,200 00				4 00	2,264 70
Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York	22,484 26	21,390 00	53,700 00	53,028 70	33,149 95	226,694 56
Riverside Hospital, Buffalo						
Rochester City Hospital	13,500 83	4,014 16		2,000 00	502 06	53,657 30
Rochester Homœopathic Hospital	12,664 78	1,214 82			1,819 79	50,215 15
Rochester St Mary's Hospital (The)	539 00			12,500 00	1,470 61	46,497 68
Rome Hospital (The)	497 78	133 00	1,000 00	137 66	1 06	9,840 95
Roosevelt Hospital (The), New York	10,158 07	21,349 49	3,282 50		67,875 01	206,653 15
St. Catharine's Hospital (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn	29,202 80	1,269 92			4,985 57	69,839 71
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, New York	3,166 41				320 70	4,903 39
St Elizabeth's Hospital (of the Congregation of the Third Order of St. Francis), New York						13,176 00
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	2,107 00				13 70	6,638 04
St Francis' Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	16,613 16				13,500 00	41,928 08
St. James' Mercy Hospital, Hornellsville					180 00	3,813 99
St. John's Guild, New York	24.281 95	1,321 20	3,500 00		837 22	68,710 92
Children's City Hospital						
Floating Hospital						
Sea Side Hospital						
St. John's Hospital (of the Church Charity Foundation of Long Island), Brooklyn	4,918 88	5,382 07			17 50	26,612 36
St. John's Long Island City Hospital	3,349 30	270 00			3,085 63	20,470 80
St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers	1,999 08	6,620 00			‡ 2,293 84	16,984 09
St Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York						
St. Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse	6,518 55			1,000 00	278 13	27,366 76
St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers	948 79			2,502 50	4,858 24	23,588 66
St. Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh and New Windsor, Newburgh	1,705 77	1,196 29			176 18	6,486 32
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica	1,185 50	2,216 63			1,494 70	14,650 98
St. Luke's Hospital, New York	19,530 65	36,880 06	404,000 00		171 00	562,934 62
St. Mark's Hospital of New York City	5,248 03	15 60	1,000 00	31,975 86	1,325 82	62,819 57
St. Mary's Female Hospital of the City of Brooklyn	218 85					24,317 18
St Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York	29,370 88	8,522 76			116 00	54,632 85
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn (The)	16,500 43			22,150 00	5,163 56	83,734 42
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo						
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn						

* Finances included with Randall's Island Asylums and Schools, see tables 15–20.

† Appropriation from the State.

‡ Of this amount $1,425 for "bed endowments."

TABLE No. 86—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
New York City Department of Public Charities:							
Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:							
Bellevue Hospital, New York			$263,789 09				
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island*							
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island			127,268 19				
Fordham Hospital, New York			18,668 51				
Gouverneur Hospital, New York			21,717 64				
Harlem Hospital, New York			23,302 07				
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island			75,659 40				
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island			84,862 46				
Borough of Brooklyn and Queens:							
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush							
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary	$2,420 51		350 00	$13,637 27			
New York Foundling Hospital:							
St. Ann's Maternity							
St. John's Children's Hospital							
New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital	1,534 30		9,811 50	8,481 56	$5,000 00		
New York Hospital							
New York Infant Asylum							
New York Infirmary for Women and Children	29,785 05		3,375 00	6,675 26			
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	2,248 50		6,390 00				
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde	1 87		600 00	847 00			
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute	172 24		200 00	15,956 63	100 00	$870 00	
New York Ophthalmic Hospital	2,420 47			6,162 73			
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital	2,355 56						$2,950 94
New York Pasteur Institute, Suffern							
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital			5,445 15	16,104 95			
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital	3,475 81		26,515 34	32,377 47			
New York Red Cross Hospital				1,163 64		783 33	
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital	25,170 76			2,380 15			
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled	33,898 95		17,161 99	10,829 06	2,500 00		
New York Throat and Nose Hospital	11 72		200 00	34 00		530 00	3,200 00
Niagara Falls Memorial Hospital			657 00	3,371 26	97 50	1,370 00	3,200 00

TABLE No. 87.

Showing the expenditures of hospitals for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing Oct. 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital	$330 00			$2,124 58		$2,158 40	
Albany Hospital				11,436 71		13,455 44	$314 93
Amsterdam City Hospital				2,122 45		1,466 35	49 00
Arnot-Ogden Memorial Hospital, Elmira				4,943 98		3,760 58	68 70
Astoria Hospital (The), Long Island City				2,083 13		3,205 64	148 25
Auburn City Hospital		$433 37		2,888 26		2,467 06	46 75
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York				6,153 22		4,599 93	853 80
Bacteriological Institute, Suffern							
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn							
Bedford Throat Hospital, Brooklyn							
Bellevue Hospital, New York							
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn							
Beth-Israel Hospital Association, New York	5,400 62	1,838 74	$1,666 64	3,976 95		2,936 24	391 39
Binghamton City Hospital				2,720 11		3,297 21	
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D.				4,127 25		4,075 91	48 26
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital				3,126 00		2,447 43	265 70
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital (The)	2,250 00	12,585 13		11,933 84		7,720 42	323 30
Stone Maternity							
Brooklyn Hospital (The)				10,664 94		14,140 47	771 22
Low Maternity							
Brooklyn Maternity (The)	1,188 75	200 00	262 50	3,753 72	$261 21	3,957 24	173 18
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)							
Brooklyn Throat Hospital							
Brooks' Memorial Hospital, Dunkirk							
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs		435 98		1,003 30		541 50	68 41
Buffalo General Hospital (The)	1,908 70	6,826 63		21,640 57		17,373 74	403 86
Buffalo Homœopathic Hospital			411 75	2,805 62		4,168 93	59 58
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity				5,957 98		14,532 71	75 10
Buffalo Ophthalmic Hospital							
Buffalo Woman's Hospital (The)	556 00	422 21		2,863 57		1,944 32	
Bushwick Hospital, Brooklyn			880 00	1,904 69		2,618 97	186 14

Table 8: (Continued)

Institutions								
[illegible], Brooklyn	[illegible]							
[illegible], Buffalo		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible], New York				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]								
[illegible] (of the [illegible] Foundation)				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
City Hospital [illegible], New York								
City Hospital [illegible], Buffalo								
[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cohoes Hospital Association	[illegible]			[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Colored Home and Hospital, New York	[illegible]			[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Columbia Hospital, New York	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coney Island Hospital, Coney Island								
Cortland Hospital Association	[illegible]			[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Faxton Hospital [illegible]	[illegible]			[illegible]		[illegible]		
Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo				[illegible]				
Flagler Emergency Hospital, Lockport								[illegible]
Flower Hospital, New York								
Fordham Hospital, New York								
French Benevolent Society Hospital, New York	[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
General Hospital of the Town of Fishkill		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Geneva City Hospital, [illegible]				[illegible]		[illegible]		
German Hospital (of the Society for [illegible] Works), Buffalo							[illegible]	
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo	[illegible]							
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York								
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Glens Falls Hospital								
Gouverneur Hospital, New York								
Graduated Nurses Protective Association of the State of New York, New York								
Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York								
Hahnemann Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester				[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Harlem Hospital, New York								

Helping Hand Association, Peekskill	110 00			1,540 02		1,149 65	
Highland Hospital, Matteawan		281 27		725 37		754 11	29 00
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers	150 00			1,234 04		655 84	35 15
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn							
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York							
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mount Vernon							
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)				2,710 03		2,476 00	
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing			144 00	4,121 02		4,817 46	106 82
House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown	125 00	300 00	73 10	1,988 18		1,376 31	182 80
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse				5,731 41	124 90	4,045 04	83 21
House of St. Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	1,367 09	322 67		1,415 42		669 29	279 01
Hudson City Hospital (The)			200 00	1,364 00		423 36	13 55
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York							
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y.				1,518 97		570 13	56 06
Ithaca City Hospital				3,797 45		2,133 83	12 43
Jamaica Hosdital (The), Jamaica, L. I.	25 00		108 00	462 90		547 19	48 50
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York	14,315 00			6,706 37		6,310 01	549 79
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush							
Ladies' Hebrew Lying-In Society, New York							
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The), New York			156 00	3,235 00		4,047 61	164 50
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York	3,038 25			7,367 75		7,489 92	493 68
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburgh				684 15		619 68	11 10
Little Falls Hospital			324 00	1,344 82		1,049 24	12 75
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn	1,350 00	2,105 02	2,515 00	14,566 36		25,139 45	
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn				411 10			49 50
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn	290 00	6,058 37		2,607 76		2,876 08	91 82
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York			400 00	360 00		100 00	20 00
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York				10,502 50		10,514 47	651 42
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn			315 00	1,286 60		494 77	8 65
Marshall Infirmary, Troy		586 68		8,440 40		11,101 64	52 66
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The)							
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn				3,397 00		7,402 90	296 64
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn			800 00	21,984 71		17,563 53	2,515 89
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York							
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York				420 00			51 62
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York			3,260 73	1,152 98	280 00	4,298 32	128 26
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York		12,139 00		41,485 55	1,399 25	25,342 18	3,069 07
Mount Vernon Hospital	175 00			1,728 12		1,291 91	214 23
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola			500 00	1,598 52		2,008 67	124 85
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville		1,200 00		2,314 35		1,529 80	44 75
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	1,550 00			452 00		1,205 38	77 70
New Rochelle Hospital Association	5,506 94	644 62		1,539 05		554 02	121 84
New York Cancer Hospital				14,610 70	278 40	14,122 42	810 53

TABLE No. 86—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
New York City Department of Public Charities:						
Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:						
Bellevue Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	$263,789 09
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	127,268 19
Fordham Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,668 51
Gouverneur Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21,717 64
Harlem Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23,302 07
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75,659 49
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	84,862 46
Borough of Brooklyn and Queens:						
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary	$7,101 69	$5,500 00	$7,159 82	$3,000 00	$39,321 06	78,490 35
New York Foundling Hospital:						
St. Ann's Maternity	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. John's Children's Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital	2,783 39	3,800 13	.....	.....	16,078 98	47,489 86
New York Hospital						

North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary							
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brooklyn			204 00	3,232 00		5,060 90	185 43
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York							
Nyack Hospital Association	2,048 71						
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum							
Olean General Hospital							
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, New York				2,067 95		2,364 25	110 99
Oneonta Hospital Society				265 00			1 75
Ossining Hospital Association, Sing Sing	75 00			1,082 30		1,377 84	15 10
Oswego Hospital (The)				1,527 83		1,384 75	
Paul Devereux Hospital Association, Deposit	1,230 70			41 50		1 80	
Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York	5,400 00	35,905 88		61,142 21		47,882 15	4,851 02
Riverside Hospital, Buffalo							
Rochester City Hospital		10,000 00		16,358 26	70 07	14,612 19	237 31
Rochester Homœopathic Hospital		4,340 00		9,031 85		11,782 61	463 71
Rochester St. Mary's Hospital (The)			77 19	5,488 37		14,087 32	235 85
Rome Hospital (The)				1,154 60		877 49	18 80
Roosevelt Hospital (The), New York				56,196 80		44,733 77	2,205 33
St. Catharine's Hospital (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn	1,650 00			7,229 65		23,655 47	552 95
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, New York	250 00			2,003 61		1,326 61	56 50
St. Elizabeth's Hospital (of the Congregation of the Third Order of St. Francis), New York		745 45				10,636 81	30 00
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica				716 00		3,165 88	12 00
St. Francis' Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York		1,350 16	600 00	2,288 00		9,273 45	130 25
St. James' Mercy Hospital, Hornellsville				990 00		778 22	
St. John's Guild, New York			3,341 67	19,688 53		11,055 78	3,120 78
Children's City Hospital							
Floating Hospital							
Sea Side Hospital							
St. John's Hospital (of the Church Charity Foundation of L. I.), Brooklyn		174 47		7,398 08		9,114 27	271 88
St. John's Long Island City Hospital				3,181 10		4,570 45	273 00
St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers				3,842 44		3,994 90	247 87
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York							
St. Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse	2,000 00	2,899 78		2,373 91		9,371 56	141 20
St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers	5,320 00			1,397 00		6,667 94	426 16
St. Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh and New Windsor, Newburgh				1,717 74		1,894 31	81 00
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica		40 00		4,780 97		4,314 00	210 73
St. Luke's Hospital, New York				55,991 53		63,118 [illegible]9	1,968 22
St. Mark's Hospital of New York City	5,485 68		653 00	3,933 33	29 50	9,669 04	728 96
St. Mary's Female Hospital of the City of Brooklyn	675 00			4,041 00		11,845 99	121 14
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York	3,212 50			5,872 00		9,507 57	297 95
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn (The)	16,455 10	24,710 19		6,046 34		20,798 10	503 15
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo							
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn							
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse							
St. Peter's Hospital of the City of Albany				2,172 00		4,631 66	60 91
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn	15,214 74			3,615 50		17,209 86	135 75
St. Vincent's Hospital of the City of New York (The)	8,297 50	2,206 00		8,329 04		20,297 16	626 93

TABLE No. 87—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Salamanca Hospital Association				$15 17			
Samaritan Hospital of Troy				863 00			$189 15
Saratoga Hospital (The)		$451 99	$60 00	1,936 89		$1,699 65	95 75
Skene Hospital for Self-Supporting Women, Brooklyn							
Sloane Maternity Hospital, New York				10,064 78		21,920 07	516 80
Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital			40 00	4,387 65		4,308 64	265 20
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York (The)	$4,950 00		505 00	11,585 49		7,238 21	1,481 00
S. R. Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I.				7,311 40		6,7[illegible]0 88	649 66
Staten Island Hospital, Fort Wadsworth				1,008 00		244 41	70 81
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford		42 84				126 26	
Swedish Hospital in Brooklyn							178 65
Syracuse Homœopathic Hospital		200 00	1,209 00	2,523 27		1,599 59	111 00
Syracuse Women's Hospital and Training School for Nurses	3,000 00			5,974 47		4,211 85	123 27
Tarrytown Hospital Association				1,683 94		1,515 91	50 00
Thanksgiving Hospital of Cooperstown, N. Y. (The)				1,216 71		449 47	10 00
Thrall Hospital, Middletown				1,988 78		1,568 34	118 94
Trinity Hospital (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York				2,790 13		4,278 08	55 52
Troy Hospital Association (The)	900 00			5,121 35		11,490 67	131 76
Utica City Hospital				2,730 17		1,764 55	9 65
Utica Homœopathic Hospital	982 00			2,028 70		1,436 18	25 95
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie			131 25	13,948 01		8,718 42	48 63
White Plains Hospital Association (The)	360 00			942 07		948 92	48 20
Williamsburgh Hospital, Brooklyn			1,294 87	959 88		444 82	75 27
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown				2,152 17		1,835 88	94 37
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York	13,050 00		2,460 00	24,194 81		25,249 41	1,291 86
Total	$234,472 76	$199,004 49	$43,993 99	$1,081,087 65	$4,298 05	$1,199,972 76	$58,041 95

TABLE No. 87—(*Continued.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital		$409 18	$384 66	$109 69	$212 31		
Albany Hospital		2,328 30	4,916 64		779 67	$262 08	
Amsterdam City Hospital		332 50	238 00		55 66		
Arnot-Ogden Memorial Hospital, Elmira		1,647 04	989 66	48 30	311 19	330 00	
Astoria Hospital (The), Long Island City	$253 95	633 44	448 06	95 59	244 36	6 50	
Auburn City Hospital		712 84	949 82		433 21		
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York		1,205 76	568 38	118 81	1,983 18	52 99	
Bacteriological Institute, Suffern							
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn							
Bedford Throat Hospital, Brooklyn							
Bellevue Hospital, New York							
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn							
Beth Israel Hospital Association, New York		754 89	2,275 68	45 13	397 59	588 28	
Binghamton City Hospital		710 72	1,400 64			60 63	$952 14
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D.		1,150 64	1,987 83		119 97	101 51	282 00
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital		718 02	990 22	70 55	117 40	89 00	
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital (The)		1,939 17	1,931 46		150 24	373 93	
Stone Maternity							
Brooklyn Hospital (The)		3,422 93	6,874 33	1,630 93	1,555 45	58 38	7,141 37
Low Maternity							
Brooklyn Maternity (The)		1,208 60	370 38	925 11	377 19	26 92	3,740 00
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)							
Brooklyn Throat Hospital							
Brooks' Memorial Hospital, Dunkirk							
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs		65 28	78 92	85 79		75 00	378 86
Buffalo General Hospital (The)	75 53	3,101 57	5,393 91	80 94	6,334 68	504 46	34,182 29
Buffalo Homœopathic Hospital	3 50	827 30	1,204 51	20 95	909 83		
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity	368 50	1,952 12	1,122 56	835 10	824 58	932 49	
Buffalo Opthalmic Hospital							
Buffalo Woman's Hospital (The)	32 33	633 01	650 19	73 40		272 11	233 50
Bushwick Hospital, Brooklyn		389 64	1,154 80	372 30	95 86	6 00	

TABLE 87—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn	$875 00			$456 15		$187 45	$69 60
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Buffalo		$40 06	$660 00	646 17		169 87	87 62
Children's Hospital of Buffalo (The)				3,479 20		2,283 99	139 08
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island, New York							
Child's Hospital, Albany				3,146 09		3,070 05	70 00
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation							
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York							
City Hospital for Women, Buffalo			360 00	588 12		916 00	14 75
City of Kingston Hospital (The)	4,171 67			2,429 60		1,594 64	60 45
Cohoes Hospital Association							
Colored Home and Hospital, New York	40,000 00			3,588 33		12,423 90	209 90
Columbus Hospital, New York	2,125 00	3,256 00		2,433 10		1,415 96	502 37
Coney Island Hospital, Coney Island							
Cortland Hospital Association	222 78			1,633 04		489 45	
Faxton Hospital of the City of Utica (The)	331 18			4,670 17		4,181 38	213 89
Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo				2,792 30		2,069 00	
Flagler Emergency Hospital, Lockport				246 00			
Flower Hospital, New York							
Fordham Hospital, New York							
French Benevolent Society Hospital, New York	11,912 50			2,811 00	$51 70	2,445 12	245 92
General Hospital of the Town of Fishkill		300 00	176 50	695 90		612 24	
Geneva City Hospital (The)				1,096 93		346 75	61 62
German Hospital (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo							
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo	5,000 00						
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York				23,039 54	146 85	31,128 06	1,318 00
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn				388 00			195 98
Glens Falls Hospital							
Gouverneur Hospital, New York							
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York							
Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York				9,876 62		8,787 81	472 39
Hargous Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester				2,727 18		2,719 79	75 81
Harlem Hospital, New York							

Helping Hand Association, Peekskill		384 81	584 84	249 68	107 92	16 70	1,103 98
Highland Hospital, Matteawan		70 13	169 32		27 46	9 00	
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers		212 18	175 85	76 55	104 91	43 50	63 27
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn							
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York							
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mt. Vernon							
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)		1,659 29	843 09	135 99	289 39		
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing	160 42	1,056 18	1,659 21	317 41	215 76	235 17	14,778 25
House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown		309 95	361 48		54 99	6 00	5,789 40
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse		709 69	963 48	108 50	108 82	69 57	13,203 30
House of St Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	40 68	260 56	236 90	54 64	167 48	19 00	
Hudson City Hospital (The)		170 00	88 20	10 98	3 75		
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York							
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y.		34 51	106 90	76 14	56 32		233 63
Ithaca City Hospital		597 97	594 36	243 81	362 06	70 00	935 00
Jamaica Hospital (The), Jamaica, L. I.		135 33	37 90	32 60			10,789 42
J Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York		1,407 76	3,034 25		759 59		
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush							
Ladies' Hebrew Lying-In Society, New York							
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The), New York		949 23	470 16		946 67	144 38	
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York	28 88	1,730 70	2,219 03	207 39	2,907 38	213 02	
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburgh		110 88	241 05	29 00	31 97	33 49	
Little Falls Hospital		116 17	537 27	95 27	38 63	15 20	
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn	429 78	2,874 17	3,162 34	384 15	1,579 54	493 95	6,067 44
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn		40 08	145 86	62 38	100 31	24 00	851 20
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn	30 88	514 26	176 91	50 75	354 80		
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York		80 00	60 00	150 00			
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York		3,336 34	1,977 10	1,485 57	1,488 43	109 84	2,283 92
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn		41 79	623 77	50 25	92 39		
Marshall Infirmary, Troy	198 39	2,535 24	804 53	122 59	795 80	272 49	
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The)							
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn	117 62	1,607 15	1,319 57	373 94	474 32		
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn		7,038 78	5,393 88	135 15	1,897 02	677 67	1,161 34
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York							
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York		75 50			106 07	12 75	
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York		728 43	312 85	377 06	685 30		
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York	273 72	7,268 99	21,091 52	406 18	4,175 69	608 03	1,038 00
Mount Vernon Hospital		462 26	223 28	39 48		75 00	
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola		147 65	186 66		200 10	7 50	
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville		1,141 62	379 05	54 74			180 14
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	40 00	145 56	160 00	74 75	1,276 19	423 40	980 00
New Rochelle Hospital Association		228 60	289 55	28 00	46 92	126 24	
New York Cancer Hospital		4,504 51	3,961 69	2,708 78	2,353 19	588 04	

TABLE 87—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
New York City Department of Public Charities:							
Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:							
Bellevue Hospital, New York	$9,340 59	$26,787 74	$43,552 36				
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island							
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island	*1,898 04	11,336 27	15,782 14				
Fordham Hospital, New York	411 09	1,297 69	2,247 55	$223 43	$594 86		
Gouverneur Hospital, New York	1,196 01	1,296 91	3,306 48	356 27			
Harlem Hospital, New York		1,683 31	5,091 53	†1,200 93			
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	*4,768 10	6,389 48	1,464 42				
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island	*2,091 98	10,085 34	4,623 94				
Borough of Brooklyn and Queens:							
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush							
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary		3,993 87	6,053 14	1,070 35	1,446 54	$705 66	$11,458 83
New York Foundling Hospital:							
St. Ann's Maternity							
St. John's Children's Hospital							
New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital		2,852 75	3,710 44	723 60	1,258 23	982 20	
New York Hospital							
New York Infant Asylum							
New York Infirmary for Women and Children	430 70	4,035 27	2,191 76	687 18	715 75	119 20	58,850 66
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women		620 05	740 68	133 41	351 44	66 00	40,164 94
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde	104 71	814 85	112 93	368 77	152 41		
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute		907 23	495 19	1,174 52	1,025 85	1,150 00	
New York Opthalmic Hospital		1,028 04	1,401 75	400 65	1,264 54	1,015 20	
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital		1,926 84	3,989 67	213 25		270 95	4,013 03
New York Pasteur Institute, Suffern		500 00	650 00	200 00	55 00	25 00	
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital		1,558 49	3,186 40	2,812 55	656 39	7 48	412 65
New York Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital		6,122 47	9,030 67	4,417 80	2,952 97	667 50	4,654 92
New York Red Cross Hospital		301 62	180 47	90 40	43 91		
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital		1,161 40	2,948 12	332 52	195 34	13 86	36,474 56
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled	151 48	3,177 03	8,348 47	1,468 90	1,782 38	414 12	170,758 15
New York Throat and Nose Hospital		77 24	328 67	36 73	12 25	17 59	
Niagara Falls Memorial Hospital		71 31	1,328 14	1,353 60	120 50	66 10	515 58

North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary							
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brooklyn		618 79	850 16	234 88	195 86	887 85	11,000 00
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York							
Nyack Hospital Association							
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum							
Olean General Hospital							
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, New York		537 94	333 62	100 93	176 47		
Oneonta Hospital Society			22 82				
Ossining Hospital Association, Sing Sing		249 58	266 22		32 37		
Oswego Hospital (The)		427 69	860 26		240 60	84 70	1,546 14
Paul Devereux Hospital Association, Deposit		34 39		24 00	37 80	11 50	859 80
Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York		11,495 71	12,419 14	4,900 61	10,773 94	184 73	9,892 14
Riverside Hospital, Buffalo							
Rochester City Hospital		3,489 12	2,131 29	469 50	1,261 42	181 60	1,155 01
Rochester Homœopathic Hospital	318 73	4,099 33	1,771 69	88 57	2,171 56	951 00	2,911 27
Rochester St. Mary's Hospital (The)	1,480 59	3,245 46	1,659 35	1,034 92	980 70	352 82	7,258 21
Rome Hospital (The)		364 00	289 24	45 82	89 22		137 66
Roosevelt Hospital (The), New York	1,748 25	7,006 19	15,162 48	2,147 53	7,135 65	2,208 12	630 64
St. Catharine's Hospital (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn	1,861 91	4,937 54	4,533 49	841 84	2,555 90	31 82	838 00
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, New York		337 11	194 97		99 18		
St Elizabeth's Hospital (of the Congregation of the Third Order of St. Francis), New York	200 00	500 00	30 00	100 00	60 00	47 00	
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	130 71	594 98	414 03		165 04	74 18	747 25
St. Francis Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	261 54	1,526 84	931 37	464 03	915 61	89 00	
St. James' Mercy Hospital, Hornellsville	24 14	440 05	179 38	67 60	239 58		
St. John's Guild, New York	785 54	1,323 14	1,597 97	1,504 24	3,136 75	1,033 10	4,909 72
Children's City Hospital							
Floating Hospital							
Sea Side Hospital							
St. John's Hospital (of the Church Charity Foundation of L. I.), Brooklyn	49 65	1,779 40	2,991 61	976 02	1,619 07	525 87	
St. John's Long Island City Hospital	1,093 35	969 99	914 20	239 50	763 90	126 00	5,639 00
St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers		782 43	2,490 82	187 65	344 31	487 39	1,220 00
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York							
St Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse	669 48	2,267 35	2,000 11	2,012 81	312 96	307 90	411 22
St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers	686 15	955 44	1,097 63	184 08	1,027 38	1,182 50	
St. Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh and New Windsor, Newburgh		664 56	801 11	85 42	775 54	118 92	
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica		1,457 16	1,566 43	114 35		13 59	623 13
St Luke's Hospital, New York	450 72	12,192 03	14,049 96	3,351 32	586 34	1,212 37	33,355 42
St. Mark's Hospital of New York City		1,213 91	2,910 10	130 07	557 83		32,150 00
St. Mary's Female Hospital of the City of Brooklyn	702 02	1,521 77	882 90	427 20	1,372 36	43 75	2,282 94
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York		1,686 55	1,127 76	675 13	460 97	281 38	9,026 40
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn (The)	2,246 23	3,364 23	323 60	478 23	2,627 09	327 05	
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo							
St Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn							
St Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse							
St. Peter's Hospital of the City of Albany	125 31	1,061 70	1,149 14	506 90	490 96	121 60	
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn	1,250 15	1,295 26	4,025 96	1,900 24	2,255 75	1,900 54	4,000 84

* And bedding. † And clothing.

[illegible]	[illegible]
Thrall Hospital, Middletown	[illegible]
Trinity Hospital of Trinity Church corporation, New York	[illegible]
Troy Hospital Association, Troy	[illegible]
Utica City Hospital	[illegible]
Utica Homoeopathic Hospital	[illegible]
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie	[illegible]
White Plains Hospital Association, White Plains	[illegible]
Williamsburgh Hospital, Brooklyn	[illegible]
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown	[illegible]
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

TABLE No. 87—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Albany City Homœopathic Hospital				$298 18	$6,027 00	$420 41
Albany Hospital			$5,543 63	1,812 11	40,849 51	106 53
Amsterdam City Hospital				190 00	4,453 96	
Arnot-Ogden Memorial Hospital, Elmira				1,878 87	13,978 32	11,114 06
Astoria Hospital (The), Long Island City				96 60	7,245 52	115 84
Auburn City Hospital			5,383 00	833 30	14,147 61	2,066 25
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York	$700 00		9,801 25	1,031 81	27,069 13	2,776 80
Bacteriological Institute, Suffern						
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn						
Bedford Throat Hospital, Brooklyn						
Bellevue Hospital, New York						
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn						
Beth Israel Hospital Association, New York		$82 88		507 57	20,862 60	911 94
Binghamton City Hospital				297 41	9,438 86	813 89
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D.				893 49	12,786 80	4,452 92
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital				337 04	8,161 36	2,903 85
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital (The)	8,250 00	113 25		121 43	47,692 17	978 65
Stone Maternity						
Brooklyn Hospital (The)	14,000 00	841 83		10,666 64	71,768 49	1,016 95
Low Maternity						
Brooklyn Maternity (The)				245 16	16,689 96	1,255 48
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)						
Brooklyn Throat Hospital						
Brooks' Memorial Hospital, Dunkirk						
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs		457 30		155 11	3,345 45	155 25
Buffalo General Hospital (The)	3,500 00	671 79	42,200 00	3,674 06	147,872 73	28,761 29
Buffalo Homœopathic Hospital			520 00	826 20	11,758 17	513 02
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity		3,072 00		2,647 32	32,320 46	7,856 60
Buffalo Ophthalmic Hospital						
Buffalo Woman's Hospital (The)				1,741 55	9,422 19	326 80
Bushwick Hospital, Brooklyn				150 59	7,758 99	1,827 07

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Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Buffalo				41 06	1,855 00	
Children's Hospital of Buffalo (The)			$12,000 00	573 32	20,087 40	1,810 60
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island, New York						
Child's Hospital, Albany	$605 80	$166 67		315 87	10,141 81	197 41
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation						
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York						
City Hospital for Women, Buffalo				227 50	2,466 94	282 23
City of Kingston Hospital (The)				97 94	9,457 64	971 20
Cohoes Hospital Association						
Colored Home and Hospital, New York	3,240 00			5,504 01	412,587 30	9,283 15
Columbus Hospital, New York		282 17		968 89	15,543 06	679 10
Coney Island Hospital, Coney Island						
Cortland Hospital Association				110 40	3,152 82	72 07
Faxton Hospital of the City of Utica (The)	245 73			273 34	14,944 97	290 24
Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo				2,888 82	8,644 79	
Flagler Emergency Hospital, Lockport					339 48	237 87
Flower Hospital, New York						
Fordham Hospital, New York						
French Benevolent Society Hospital, New York						
General Hospital of the Town of Fishkill				7,662 39	27,764 20	3,314 40
Geneva City Hospital (The)				37 00	2,104 85	33 13
German Hospital (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo				917 63	14,208 01	1,372 37
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo						
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York					5,000 00	
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn			15,000 00	4,249 14	104,140 33	651 99
Glens Falls Hospital		1,198 75		1,412 74	53,767 06	42,434 85
Gouverneur Hospital, New York						161 25
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York						
Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York			26,000 00	704 09	60,332 79	16,102 95
Hargous Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester				28 60	6,999 32	587 38
Harlem Hospital, New York						

Helping Hand Association, Peekskill				230 61	5,478 21	1,481 63
Highland Hospital, Matteawan				31 50	2,037 16	292 63
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers			2,098 81	134 41	4,984 51	174 56
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn						
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York						
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mt. Vernon						
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)	500 00		1,000 00	919 02	9,932 81	183 83
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing				463 27	28,084 97	1,398 10
House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown	722 89	13 96	16,786 80	43 01	28,124 87	152 53
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse					25,147 92	797 66
House of St. Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	1,700 00	81 10		132 88	6,746 72	36 61
Hudson City Hospital (The)			2,359 80	431 33	5,064 97	604 50
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York						
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y.					2,652 66	753 98
Ithaca City Hospital			3,252 97	1,169 18	13,199 06	1,470 24
Jamaica Hospital (The), Jamaica, L. I.				14 95	12,201 79	237 29
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York					33,082 77	6,969 57
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush						
Ladies' Hebrew Lying-In Society, New York				500 00	500 00	6,210 00
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The), New York				337 11	10,450 66	549 34
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York		590 07		1,152 06	27,548 13	1,620 28
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburg				121 30	1,882 62	
Little Falls Hospital				23 67	3,557 02	385 12
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn	18,000 00	434 00	1,000 00	7,705 03	88,806 23	
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn	300 00			429 99	2,414 42	2,082 46
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn					13,051 63	
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York					1,170 00	30 00
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York			5,000 00	160 98	37,519 57	2,662 58
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn				70 91	2,984 13	108 94
Marshall Infirmary, Troy				75 70	24,986 12	205 69
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The)						
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn	898 89	1,850 00		1,482 72	19,220 75	586 90
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn		3,118 83	7,450 00	6,974 75	76,711 55	5,634 55
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York						
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York			7,571 39		8,237 33	807 21
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York					11,223 87	
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York				* 57,412 66	175,709 84	12,391 09
Mount Vernon Hospital					4,209 28	213 50
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola				† 3,671 92	8,445 87	1,981 46
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville		24 00	1,000 00	70 62	7,939 07	76 14
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York					6,384 98	150 91
New Rochelle Hospital Association				81 73	9,167 51	7 22
New York Cancer Hospital		97 18		2,106 55	46,141 99	9,063 49

* Of this amount $51,448.02 "paid on account of site for new hospital."

† Of this amount $3,000 "for site."

TABLE 87—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
New York City Department of Public Charities:							
Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:							
Bellevue Hospital, New York	$9,340 59	$26,787 74	$43,552 36	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island	*1,898 04	11,336 27	15,782 14	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fordham Hospital, New York	411 09	1,297 09	2,247 55	$223 43	$594 86	.....	.....
Gouverneur Hospital, New York	1,196 01	1,296 91	3,306 48	356 27	.....	.....	.....
Harlem Hospital, New York	.....	1,683 31	5,091 53	†1,200 93	.....	.....	.....
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	*4,768 10	6,389 48	1,464 42	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island	*2,091 98	10,085 34	4,623 94	.....	.....	.....	.....
Borough of Brooklyn and Queens:							
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary	.....	3,993 87	6,053 14	1,070 35	1,446 54	$705 66	$11,458 83
New York Foundling Hospital:							
St. Ann's Maternity	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. John's Children's Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital	.....	2,852 75	3,710 44	723 60	1,258 23	982 20	.....
New York Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infant Asylum	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infirmary for Women and Children	430 70	4,035 27	2,191 76	687 18	715 75	119 20	58,850 66
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	.....	620 05	740 68	133 41	351 44	66 00	40,164 94
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde	104 71	814 85	112 93	368 77	152 41	.....	.....
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute	.....	907 23	465 19	1,174 52	1,025 85	1,150 00	.....
New York Opthalmic Hospital	.....	1,028 04	1,401 75	400 65	1,264 54	1,015 20	.....
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital	.....	1,926 84	3,989 67	213 25	.....	270 95	4,013 03
New York Pasteur Institute, Soffern	.....	500 00	650 00	200 00	55 00	25 00	.....
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital	.....	1,558 49	3,186 40	2,812 55	656 39	7 46	412 65
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital	.....	6,123 47	9,039 67	4,417 80	2,952 97	667 50	4,054 92
New York Red Cross Hospital	.....	301 62	180 47	90 40	43 91	.....	.....
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital	.....	1,161 40	2,948 12	332 52	195 84	13 80	36,474 50
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled	161 48	3,177 03	8,348 47	1,464 99	1,782 08	414 12	170,768 18
New York Throat and Nose Hospital	.....	77 24	328 67	56 72	12 75	17 00	.....
Niagara Falls Memorial Hospital	.....	75 84	1,830 14	1,353 00	130 98	68 19	515 56

North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary							
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brooklyn		618 79	850 16	234 88	195 86	887 85	11,000 00
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York							
Nyack Hospital Association							
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum							
Olean General Hospital							
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, New York		537 94	333 62	100 93	176 47		
Oneonta Hospital Society			22 82				
Ossining Hospital Association, Sing Sing		249 58	266 22		32 37		
Oswego Hospital (The)		427 69	860 26		240 60	84 70	1,516 14
Paul Devereux Hospital Association, Deposit		34 39		24 00	37 80	11 50	859 80
Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York		11,495 71	12,419 14	4,900 61	10,773 94	184 73	9,892 14
Riverside Hospital, Buffalo							
Rochester City Hospital		3,489 12	2,131 20	469 50	1,261 42	181 60	1,155 01
Rochester Homœopathic Hospital	318 73	4,099 33	1,771 69	88 57	2,171 56	951 00	2,911 27
Rochester St. Mary's Hospital (The)	1,480 59	3,245 46	1,659 35	1,034 92	980 70	352 82	7,258 21
Rome Hospital (The)		304 00	289 24	45 82	89 22		137 66
Roosevelt Hospital (The), New York	1,748 25	7,006 19	15,162 48	2,147 53	7,135 65	2,208 12	630 64
St. Catharine's Hospital (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn	1,861 91	4,937 54	4,533 49	841 84	2,555 90	31 82	838 00
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, New York		337 11	194 97		99 18		
St Elizabeth's Hospital (of the Congregation of the Third Order of St. Francis), New York	200 00	500 00	30 00	100 00	60 00	47 00	
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	130 71	594 98	414 03		165 04	74 18	747 25
St. Francis Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	261 54	1,526 84	931 37	464 03	915 61	89 00	
St. James' Mercy Hospital, Hornellsville	24 14	440 05	179 38	67 60	239 58		
St. John's Guild, New York	785 54	1,323 14	1,597 97	1,504 24	3,136 75	1,033 10	4,909 72
Children's City Hospital							
Floating Hospital							
Sea Side Hospital							
St. John's Hospital (of the Church Charity Foundation of L. I.), Brooklyn	49 65	1,779 40	2,991 61	976 02	1,619 07	525 87	
St. John's Long Island City Hospital	1,093 35	969 99	914 20	239 50	763 90	126 00	5,639 00
St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers		782 43	2,490 82	187 65	344 31	487 39	1,220 00
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York							
St Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse	669 48	2,267 35	2,000 11	2,012 81	312 96	307 90	411 22
St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers	686 15	955 44	1,097 63	184 08	1,027 38	1,182 50	
St. Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh and New Windsor, Newburgh		664 56	801 11	85 42	775 54	118 92	
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica		1,457 16	1,566 43	114 35		13 59	623 13
St Luke's Hospital, New York	450 72	12,192 03	14,049 96	3,351 32	586 34	1,212 37	33,355 42
St. Mark's Hospital of New York City		1,213 91	2,910 10	130 07	557 83		32,150 00
St. Mary's Female Hospital of the City of Brooklyn	702 02	1,521 77	882 90	427 20	1,372 36	43 75	2,282 94
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York		1,686 55	1,127 76	675 13	460 97	281 38	9,026 40
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn (The)	2,246 23	3,364 23	323 60	478 23	2,627 09	327 05	
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo							
St Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn							
St Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse							
St. Peter's Hospital of the City of Albany	125 31	1,061 70	1,149 14	506 90	490 96	121 60	
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn	1,250 15	1,295 26	4,025 96	1,900 24	2,255 75	1,900 54	4,000 84

* And bedding. † And clothing.

TABLE No. 87—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
St. Vincent's Hospital of the City of New York (The)	$996 42	$3,565 39	$2,944 12	$2,881 02	$1,415 13	$1,138 23	$142,000 00
Salamanca Hospital Association	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Samaritan Hospital of Troy	.....	.....	.....	6,615 98	.....	400 00	53,943 49
Saratoga Hospital (The)	12 50	456 21	261 80	64 47	100 00	.....	65 00
Skene Hospital for Self-Supporting Women, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sloane Maternity Hospital, New York	.....	384 99	1,579 33	.....	874 65	.....	.....
Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital	202 82	1,391 09	1,678 78	718 60	164 41	72 50	1,524 58
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York (The)	.....	1,628 42	2,218 07	114 04	1,306 38	.....	.....
S. R. Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I.	.....	2,683 48	2,780 96	251 53	1,697 64	123 56	5,946 32
Staten Island Hospital, Fort Wadsworth	.....	80 25	110 83	.....	.....	.....	.....
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford	.....	2 37	10 00	.....	10 90	.....	.....
Swedish Hospital in Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	376 62	31 50
Syracuse Homœopathic Hospital	.....	550 36	566 73	142 41	23 43	.....	19 98
Syracuse Women's Hospital and Training School for Nurses	.....	2,083 35	1,080 67	775 23	194 12	146 14	944 93
Tarrytown Hospital Association	.....	277 34	190 51	.....	536 44	30 00	.....
Thanksgiving Hospital of Cooperstown, N. Y. (The)	.....	201 27	109 17	5 78	25 29	.....	.....
Thrall Hospital, Middletown	.....	541 36	837 42	158 85	270 81	150 00	225 00
Trinity Hospital (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York	61 63	822 77	1,731 86	39 83	1,027 50	81 89	.....
Troy Hospital Association (The)	754 05	1,894 22	1,994 00	858 98	1,737 07	156 17	934 64
Utica City Hospital	53 48	637 31	310 50	533 93	126 60	.....	.....
Utica Homœopathic Hospital	.....	610 51	349 21	.....	155 03	67 25	.....
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie	18 80	349 05	916 58	291 66	980 92	429 90	29,663 66
White Plains Hospital Association (The)	.....	373 19	120 73	31 26	.....	48 00	815 48
Williamsburgh Hospital, Brooklyn	.....	448 23	381 67	31 05	85 70	2 67	309 25
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown	.....	405 30	280 06	199 33	88 00	.....	.....
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York	.....	6,369 14	6,779 67	5,595 59	3,910 82	1,151 80	.....
Total	$41,862 44	$271,827 34	$343,544 40	$91,658 87	$119,648 89	$32,500 29	$1,101,773 95

TABLE No. 87—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
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Cohoes Hospital Association						
Colored Home and Hospital, New York	3,240 00			5,504 01	412,587 30	9,283 15
Columbus Hospital, New York		282 17		968 89	15,543 06	679 10
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Cortland Hospital Association				110 40	3,152 82	72 07
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Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo				2,888 82	8,644 79	
Flagler Emergency Hospital, Lockport					339 48	237 87
Flower Hospital, New York						
Fordham Hospital, New York						
French Benevolent Society Hospital, New York				7,662 39	27,764 20	3,314 40
General Hospital of the Town of Fishkill				37 00	2,104 85	33 13
Geneva City Hospital (The)				917 63	14,208 01	1,372 37
German Hospital (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo						
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo					5,000 00	
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York			15,000 00	4,249 14	104,140 33	651 99
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn		1,198 75		1,412 74	53,767 96	42,434 85
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Gouverneur Hospital, New York						
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York						
Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York			26,000 00	704 09 38 80	60,332 79 6,080 38	16,102 95 587 58
Hargous Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester						
Harlem Hospital, New York						

Helping Hand Association, Peekskill				230 61	5,478 21	1,481 63
Highland Hospital, Matteawan				31 50	2,037 16	292 63
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers			2,098 81	134 41	4,984 51	174 56
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn						
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York						
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mt. Vernon						
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)	500 00		1,000 00	919 02	9,932 81	183 83
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing				463 27	28,084 97	1,398 10
House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown	722 89	13 96	16,786 80	43 01	28,124 87	152 53
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse					25,147 92	797 66
House of St Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	1,700 00	81 10		132 88	6,746 72	36 61
Hudson City Hospital (The)			2,359 80	431 33	5,064 97	604 50
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York						
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y.					2,652 66	753 98
Ithaca City Hospital			3,252 97	1,169 18	13,199 06	1,470 24
Jamaica Hospital (The), Jamaica L. I.				14 95	12,201 79	237 29
J Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York					33,082 77	6,969 57
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush						
Ladies' Hebrew Lying-In Society, New York				500 00	500 00	6,210 00
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The), New York				337 11	10,450 66	549 34
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York		590 07		1,152 06	27,548 13	1,620 28
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburg				121 30	1,882 62	
Little Falls Hospital				23 67	3,537 02	385 12
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn	18,000 00	434 00	1,000 00	7,705 03	88,806 23	
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn	300 00			429 99	2,414 42	2,082 46
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn					13,051 63	
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York					1,170 00	30 00
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York			5,000 00	160 98	37,519 57	2,662 58
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn				70 91	2,984 13	108 94
Marshall Infirmary, Troy				75 70	24,986 12	205 69
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The)						
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn	898 89	1,850 00		1,482 72	19,220 75	586 90
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn		3,118 83	7,450 00	6,974 75	76,711 55	5,634 55
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York						
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York			7,571 39		8,237 33	807 21
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York					11,223 87	
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York				* 57,412 66	175,709 84	12,391 09
Mount Vernon Hospital					4,209 28	213 50
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola				† 3,671 92	8,445 87	1,981 46
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville		24 00	1,000 00	70 62	7,939 07	76 14
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York					6,384 98	150 91
New Rochelle Hospital Association				81 73	9,167 51	7 22
New York Cancer Hospital		97 18		2,106 55	46,141 99	9,063 49

* Of this amount $51,448.02 "paid on account of site for new hospital."

† Of this amount $3,000 "for site."

TABLE No. 87—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For repayment on loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1896.
New York City Department of Public Charities:						
Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:						
Bellevue Hospital, New York				$16,044 50	$263,789 09	
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island						
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island				8,959 92	127,268 19	
Fordham Hospital, New York				2,508 92	18,668 51	
Gouverneur Hospital, New York				2,005 81	21,717 64	
Harlem Hospital, New York				2,603 82	23,302 07	
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island				9,268 79	75,659 40	
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island				8,110 25	84,862 46	
Borough of Brooklyn and Queens:						
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush						
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary	$3,000 00		$20,900 00	2,023 63	77,136 69	$1,353 66
New York Foundling Hospital:						
St. Ann's Maternity						
St. John's Children's Hospital						
New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital		$275 74		4,347 60	43,093 15	4,346 71
New York Hospital						
New York Infant Asylum						
New York Infirmary for Women and Children				32,455 93	122,829 42	2,302 17
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	300 00			5,967 09	57,308 35	1,733 25
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde				333 02	14,783 76	5 77
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute			8,837 50		32,621 93	434 74
New York Ophthalmic Hospital				132 10	21,322 53	2,110 25
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital	15,000 00	244 98		827 53	52,581 95	7,269 45
New York Pasteur Institute, Suffern				125 00	9,655 00	
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital				748 60	26,115 61	996 55
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital	92,114 26	1,748 60		30,586 68	302,910 81	1,845 98
New York Red Cross Hospital				394 22	4,081 04	
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital			6,298 62	299 78	50,697 71	
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled				4,618 93	233,276 32	92,582 45
New York Throat and Nose Hospital				32 10	2,373 56	1,940 62
Niagara Falls Memorial Hospitals		1 75		3,464 03	15,745 85	262 00

Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York	25	873	898	436	6,407	703	96	29
Hargous Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester	25	117	142	10	1,067	68	40	7
Harlem Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Helping Hand Association, Peekskill	4	177	181	63	1,001	150	8	.....
Highland Hospital, Matteawan	5	43	48	45	1,335	32	8	.....
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers	5	121	126	72	732	95	15	.....
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mount Vernon*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)	9	216	225	150	2,859	127	58	3
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing	28	500	528	418	8,019	389	33	9
House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown	4	158	162	15	64	108	26	3
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse	37	542	579	306	6,512	257	208	43
House of St. Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	37	39	76	64	10,709	9	13	6
Hudson City Hospital (The)	4	56	60	23	330	35	19	.....
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y.†	.....	91	91	91	1,602	44	25	4
Ithaca City Hospital	15	280	295	67	1,169	211	57	4
Jamaica Hospital (The), Jamaica, L. I.	2	117	119	106	1,163	43	22	3
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York	35	1,007	1,042	972	11,542	390	478	22
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ladies' Hebrew Lying-In Society, New York	.....	163	163	163	.....	163	.....	.....
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The), New York	30	123	153	153	12,623	72	31	2
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York	40	640	680	652	17,696	409	141	31
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburgh	2	41	43	.....	.....	17	9	.....
Little Falls Hospital	5	110	115	28	321	65	32	3
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn	163	3,472	3,635	1,205	25,651	1,430	1,606	111
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn	.....	37	37	35	96	27	6	3
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn	34	152	186	148	15,284	79	26	14
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York	.....	67	67	42	630	46	2	2
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	44	1,381	1,425	222	6,836	785	516	65
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn	3	79	82	82	410	56	9	5
Marshall Infirmary, Troy	40	257	297	7	1,102	97	61	36
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn	36	482	518	415	11,328	325	106	14
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn	78	1,418	1,496	902	18,384	921	307	62
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York	.....	3	3	1	120	1	1	.....
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York	31	441	472	422	10,449	422	.....	.....
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York	191	3,029	3,220	2,663	64,726	1,837	626	207
Mount Vernon Hospital	5	130	135	8	132	75	31	1
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola	9	206	215	2	3	129	13	1
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville	11	155	166	42	1,375	98	39	1
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York	.....	59	59	2	737	45	6	3
New Rochelle Hospital Association	5	188	193	91	1,828	139	13	3
New York Cancer Hospital	48	671	719	268	7,994	476	79	52

* Hospital not open to patients September 30, 1898. † Open during the summer only.

TABLE No. 87—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For repayment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
St. Vincent's Hospital of the City of New York (The)	.....	.....	.....	$268 61	$194,965 55	$43,492 14
Salamanca Hospital Association	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 17	257 58
Samaritan Hospital of Troy	$400 00	$3 45	$7,902 00	240 00	70,556 07	9,925 36
Saratoga Hospital (The)	.....	.....	.....	398 90	5,603 16	656 08
Skene Hospital for Self-Supporting Women, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sloane Maternity Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	297 63	35,637 75	1,341 04
Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital	.....	1,000 00	4,456 35	1,124 66	21,335 28	218 27
Society of the Lying-In-Hospital of the City of New York	35,000 00	1,196 22	10,000 00	4,505 77	81,728 60	321 41
S. R. Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I.	5,000 00	.....	.....	1,059 41	34,214 84	13,409 52
Staten Island Hospital, Fort Wadsworth	.....	.....	.....	225 03	1,739 33	78 67
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford	.....	.....	.....	.....	192 37	171 13
Swedish Hospital in Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	97 00	683 77	1,870 65
Syracuse Homœopathic Hospital	.....	46 95	.....	83 39	7,076 11	253 67
Syracuse Women's Hospital and Training School for Nurses	.....	258 32	.....	534 85	19,327 20	758 13
Tarrytown Hospital Association	.....	.....	.....	75 00	4,359 14	2,112 06
Thanksgiving Hospital of Cooperstown, N. Y. (The)	.....	.....	1,020 00	22 35	3,060 04	883 60
Thrall Hospital, Middletown	.....	.....	.....	375 04	6,234 54	1,618 43
Trinity Hospital (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York	.....	.....	.....	455 56	11,344 77	137 22
Troy Hospital Association (The)	.....	.....	14,693 22	522 18	41,188 91	462 31
Utica City Hospital	.....	.....	.....	103 56	6,269 75	.....
Utica Homœopathic Hospital	.....	.....	.....	1,312 60	6,967 98	187 01
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie	.....	.....	98,566 25	14,614 98	163,673 11	26,631 87
White Plains Hospital Association (The)	.....	.....	.....	305 43	3,988 28	236 70
Williamsburgh Hospital, Brooklyn	2,000 00	20 50	.....	235 10	6,289 01	725 40
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown	.....	.....	.....	84 60	4,637 11	275 01
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York	.....	.....	7,600 00	1,923 28	98,975 88	11,916 76
Total	$217,193 84	$21,029 94	$700,514 62	$411,009 55	$6,265,931 78	$603,604 34

North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary†								
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brooklyn	40	724	764	589	10,103	550	64	30
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York		156	156	107		156		
Nyack Hospital Association†								
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum	14	156	170	18	789	146		
Olean General Hospital†								
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, New York	16	396	412	410	4,521	368		
Oneonta Hospital Society		14	14	6	34	8	2	
Ossining Hospital Association, Sing Sing	5	115	120	60		65	31	5
Oswego Hospital (The)	14	107	121	24	877	63	29	7
Paul Devereux Hospital Association, Deposit†								
Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York	160	2,888	3,048	2,347	50,136	1,716	545	237
Riverside Hospital, Buffalo								
Rochester City Hospital	63	1,192	1,255	448	9,167	650	280	16
Rochester Homœopathic Hospital	83	1,401	1,484	595	11,057	1,015	223	52
Rochester St. Mary's Hospital (The)	112	849	961	201	12 237	442	231	44
Rome Hospital (The)	12	100	112	60	1,302	65	25	4
Roosevelt Hospital (The), New York	148	3,210	3,358	2,482	45,421	1,472	1,112	151
St. Catharine's Hospital (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn	185	2,141	2,326	2,160	55,284	1,235	394	80
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, New York	7	125	132	129	3,291	70	11	2
St. Elizabeth's Hospital (of the Congregation of the Third Order of St. Francis), New York	19	290	309	30	285	274		
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	30	324	354	143	6,634	226	65	14
St. Francis' Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	224	2,213	2,437	2,363	61,999	1,319	550	107
St. James' Mercy Hospital, Hornellsville	7	97	104	42	2,185	57	24	6
St. John's Guild, New York:								
Children's City Hospital‡	35	181	216	216	6,501	103	53	12
Floating Hospital								
Sea Side Hospital								
St. John's Hospital (of the Church Charity Foundation of L. I.), Brooklyn	72	987	1,059	825	12,023	649	125	16
St. John's Long Island City Hospital	43	1,275	1,318	1,313	119,183	950	214	10
St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers	19	421	440	399	8,791	283	68	25
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York								
St. Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse	75	933	1,008	621	1,952	605	178	23
St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers	25	449	474	390	6,908	290	85	5
St. Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh and New Windsor, Newburgh	16	206	222	80	1,801	129	42	4
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica	33	368	401	100	1,778	274	63	14
St. Luke's Hospital, New York	219	2,437	2,656	1,787	67,067	1,325	560	18
St. Mark's Hospital of New York City	26	3,505	3,531	2,906	13,100	3,295	98	14
St. Mary's Female Hospital of the City of Brooklyn	34	296	330	300	11,649	282	4	2
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York	82	610	692	692	27,708	426	136	20
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn (The)	132	1,775	1,907	932	27,803	1,212	288	107
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo	56	101	157	82	1,145	110		
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn§								
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse ¶								
St. Peter's Hospital of the City of Albany	35	400	435	318	675	182	121	65

* Statistics included in those of the parent institution, see tables 57-60. † Hospital not open to patients September 30, 1898. ‡ Closed temporarily June 1, 1898. § See St. Mary's Female Hospital of Brooklyn. ¶ See table 60 for statistics.

TABLE No. 88—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of patients in the institution October 1, 1897.	Number of patients received during the year.	Total under treatment.	Number of beneficiary patients.	Total number of days the latter were supported.	DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR.		
						Recovered.	Improved.	Unimproved.
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn	179	3,213	3,392	3,312	92,362	1,858	828	76
St. Vincent's Hospital of the City of New York (The)	136	2,177	2,313	1,456	25,883	1,415	569	18
Salamanca Hospital Association	.....	1	1	1	15	.....	1	.....
Samaritan Hospital of Troy *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Saratoga Hospital (The)	13	246	259	156	2,888	227	.....	2
Skene Hospital for Self-Supporting Women, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sloane Maternity Hospital, New York	52	1,182	1,234	1,203	36,550	1,132	.....	8
Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital	19	443	462	194	4,173	341	32	10
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York (The)	11	379	390	390	3,933	365	.....	.....
S. R. Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I.	37	991	1,028	811	13,676	804	53	35
Staten Island Hospital, Fort Wadsworth	4	93	97	92	1,626	60	22	.....
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford†	.....	27	27	24	250	26	.....	.....
Swedish Hospital in Brooklyn *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Homœopathic Hospital	9	190	199	31	1,303	137	31	6
Syracuse Women's Hospital and Training School for Nurses	61	426	487	268	13,000	293	54	30
Tarrytown Hospital Association	5	78	83	75	1,373	55	.....	.....
Thanksgiving Hospital of Cooperstown, N. Y. (The)	1	54	55	5	72	21	26	4
Thrall Hospital, Middletown	4	189	193	70	870	87	72	6
Trinity Hospital (of Trinity Church Corporation), New York	27	302	329	217	6,369	198	79	9
Troy Hospital Association (The)	116	894	1,010	107	6,175	567	223	11
Utica City Hospital	19	338	357	347	5,334	225	45	25
Utica Homœopathic Hospital	10	115	125	30	370	97	11	2
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie	17	364	381	267	11,744	281	20	10
White Plains Hospital Association (The)	1	100	101	.....	.....	81	6	.....
Williamsburgh Hospital, Brooklyn	3	131	134	89	1,769	98	18	2
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown	8	191	199	42	572	148	20	8
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York	76	798	874	267	12,777	487	183	111
Total	8,666	140,804	149,470	114,837	1,926,308	81,107	28,895	4,615

* Hospital not open to patients September 30, 1898. † Open during the summer only.

TABLE No. 88—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged During the Year.				Remaining October, 1, 1898.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Albany City Hymœopathic Hospital			13	253	7	8	15	23
Albany Hospital			100	1,274	54	33	87	113
Amsterdam City Hospital			25	179	11	10	21	10
Arnot-Ogden Memorial Hospital, Elmira			24	321	16	11	27	23
Astoria Hospital (The), Long Island City*		24	12	146				
Auburn City Hospital	2		32	232	15	10	25	18
Babies' Hospital of the City of New York	7		122	356	8	7	15	35
Bacteriological Institute, Suffern								
Bedford Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn				36	1		1	1
Bedford Throat Hospital, Brooklyn								
Bellevue Hospital, New York								
Bethesda Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn								
Beth Israel Hospital Association, New York	6		22	410	12	14	26	25
Binghamton City Hospital	6		31	296	7	8	15	15
Brooklyn Eastern District Dispensary and Hospital, Brooklyn, E. D.	13		47	403	13	2	15	12
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital			1	353	4	8	12	15
Brooklyn Homœopathic Hospital (The)	5	8	85	795	23	23	46	60
Stone Maternity		6	7	130		5	5	
Brooklyn Hospital (The)			161	1,554	86	28	114	127
Low Maternity			1	181		18	18	
Brooklyn Maternity (The)		223	13	236	8	36	44	46
Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital (The)								
Brooklyn Throat Hospital								
Brooks' Memorial Hospital, Dunkirk								
Buffalo Fresh Air Mission Hospital, Athol Springs†			8	68				
Buffalo General Hospital (The)	11	78	174	1,909	102	51	153	128
Buffalo Homœopathic Hospital	13	27	34	489	41	14	55	32

* Closed April 1, 1898. † Open during the summer only.

TABLE No. 88—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged During the Year.				Remaining October 1, 1898.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity			131	2,041	137	67	204	200
Buffalo Ophthalmic Hospital								
Buffalo Woman's Hospital (The)	4	9	17	268		25	25	23
Bushwick Hospital, Brooklyn	2		13	192	6	4	10	17
Central Hospital and Polyclinic, Brooklyn	1		2	46		2	2	6
Charity Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital of Erie County, Buffalo				58	1		1	1
Children's Hospital of Buffalo (The)		4	17	121	16	15	31	23
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island, New York								
Child's Hospital, Albany			4	97	29	25	54	65
Church Home of Geneva, N. Y., on the Foster-Swift Foundation								
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York								
City Hospital for Women, Buffalo			7	82		8	8	10
City of Kingston Hospital (The)			16	166	3	4	7	8
Cohoes Hospital Association								
Colored Home and Hospital, New York		266	90	356	84	118	202	210
Columbus Hospital, New York	22		34	855	35	15	50	47
Coney Island Hospital, Coney Island								
Cortland Hospital Association	2	2	9	74	2	5	7	5
Faxton Hospital of the City of Utica (The)	1		32	547	11	22	33	48
Fitch Accident Hospital, Buffalo	93		46	4,210	8		8	
Flagler Emergency Hospital, Lockport			1	13				7
Flower Hospital, New York								
Fordham Hospital, New York								
French Benevolent Society Hospital, New York	11		42	694	25	16	41	44
General Hospital of the Town of Fishkill		2	13	175	15	3	18	
Geneva City Hospital (The)			5	55	8	2	10	8
German Hospital (of the Society for Deaconess' Work), Buffalo								
German Hospital of the City of Buffalo*								
German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York	10		170	2,635	106	61	167	165
German Hospital Society of Brooklyn *								
Glens Falls Hospital*								
Gouverneur Hospital, New York								
Graduated Nurses' Protective Association of the State of New York, New York								

Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York	9	4	24	865	9	24	33	39
Hargous Memorial Hahnemann Hospital, Rochester	2		10	127	7	8	15	17
Harlem Hospital, New York								
Helping Hand Association, Peekskill		2	10	170	9	2	11	7
Highland Hospital, Matteawan		2		42	3	3	6	5
Homœopathic Home and Maternity, Yonkers		6	6	122		4	4	4
Homœopathic Hospital Association of Brooklyn*								
Homœopathic Hospital of Harlem, New York*								
Homœopathic Hospital and Dispensary Association of Mount Vernon*								
Hospital Association of the City of Schenectady (The)	3	1	21	213	8	4	12	20
Hospital and Dispensary of the Town of Flushing			57	488	27	13	40	53
House of the Good Samaritan, Watertown	2	2	6	147	9	6	15	9
House of the Good Shepherd (The), Syracuse	6		31	545	19	15	34	35
House of St. Giles the Cripple, Brooklyn	3	4	1	36	25	15	40	37
Hudson City Hospital (The)	1		4	59	1		1	3
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island, New York								
Infants' Summer Hospital of Charlotte, N. Y.†			18	91				
Ithaca City Hospital			15	287	4	4	8	13
Jamaica Hospital (The), Jamaica L. I.	1	26	7	102	‡16	1	17	20
J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital, New York			118	1,008	26	8	34	36
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush								
Ladies' Hebrew Lying-In Society, New York				163				
Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children (The), New York	2	5	1	113	16	24	40	35
Lebanon Hospital Association of the City of New York	13		42	636	27	17	44	57
Leonard Hospital (The), Lansingburgh		1	9	36	1	6	7	3
Little Falls Hospital			12	112	2	1	3	
Long Island College Hospital (The), Brooklyn	13	50	166	3,376	170	89	259	180
Long Island Throat Hospital and Eye Infirmary (The), Brooklyn			1	37				7
Lutheran Hospital Association of the City of New York and Vicinity, Brooklyn			22	141	27	18	45	39
McDonough Memorial Hospital, New York		4	5	59	1	7	8	6
Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, New York			5	1,371	31	23	54	31
Manhattan Hospital and Dispensary (The), Brooklyn		7		77	4	1	5	3
Marshall Infirmary, Troy	3	10	35	242	36	19	55	50
Medical and Surgical Hospital of Geneva (The)								
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Brooklyn	4	11	29	489	3	26	29	43
Methodist Episcopal Hospital in the City of Brooklyn			109	1,399	64	33	97	75
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island, New York								
Metropolitan Throat Hospital, New York			1	3				2
Mothers and Babies' Hospital, New York	2	2	16	442		30	30	30
Mount Sinai Hospital (The), New York	1		322	2,993	132	95	227	205
Mount Vernon Hospital	2	2	14	125	8	2	10	8
Nassau Hospital Association, Mineola	1		13	157	56	2	58	9
Nathan Littauer Hospital Association, Gloversville	1		13	152	5	9	14	13
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear Hospital, New York				54	2	3	5	
New Rochelle Hospital Association		7	11	173	18	2	20	16
New York Cancer Hospital	1	23	50	681	7	31	38	55

* Hospital not open to patients September 30, 1898. † Open during the summer only. ‡ Of these, fourteen were soldiers.

TABLE No. 88—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged During the Year.				Remaining October 1, 1898.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
New York City Department of Public Charities:								
Borough of Manhattan and the Bronx:								
Bellevue Hospital, New York	4,568	.....	1,472	22,092	552	206	758	733
Children's Hospital, Randall's Island	251	533	18	802	353	202	555	506
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island	272	.....	582	8,986	394	278	672	741
Fordham Hospital, New York	158	.....	102	825	22	6	28	25
Gouveneur Hospital, New York	1,462	939	280	2,681	24	16	40	.....
Harlem Hospital, New York	1,223	1,299	207	2,729	22	22	44	39
Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island	64	1,160	307	1,531	73	126	¶ 199	240
Metropolitan Hospital, Blackwell's Island	131	.....	422	5,818	306	107	413	439
Borough of Brooklyn and Queens:								
Kings County Hospital, Flatbush	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary	4	.....	10	1,646	23	16	39	43
New York Foundling Hospital:								
St. Ann's Maternity	.....	6	1	238	.....	44	44	35
St. John's Children's Hospital*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Homœopathic Medical College and Hospital	259	.....	88	3,350	24	17	41	54
New York Hospital	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infant Asylum	7	26	1	235	.....	17	17	21
New York Infirmary for Women and Children	6	29	41	883	†14	30	44	50
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	3	1	3	195	.....	10	10	7
New York Mothers' Home of the Sisters of Misericorde	117	262	10	389	9	59	68	63
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute	.....	.....	.....	484	8	6	14	22
New York Ophthalmic Hospital	1	.....	2	564	9	13	22	18
New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital	.....	.....	.....	62	27	21	48	59
New York Pasteur Institute, Suffern	.....	.....	.....	40	1	.....	1	2
New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital	3	.....	16	593	19	25	44	38
New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital	26	69	303	2,212	93	79	172	147
New York Red Cross Hospital	.....	.....	1	120	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Skin and Cancer Hospital	.....	5	6	167	16	22	38	29
New York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled	.....	.....	11	378	85	84	169	154
New York Throat and Nose Hospital	.....	.....	.....	27	.....	.....	.....	.....
Niagara Falls Memorial Hospital	2	3	15	199	7	5	12	16

North Brooklyn Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Dispensary								
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital, Brooklyn	3		69	716	35	13	48	40
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York				156				
Nyack Hospital Association ‡								
Ogdensburg City Hospital and Orphan Asylum			6	152	11	7	18	16
Olean General Hospital ‡								
Old Marion Street Maternity Hospital, New York	1	9	2	380	§8	24	32	22
Oneonta Hospital Society			2	12	1	1	2	
Ossining Hospital Association, Sing Sing	1		9	111	7	2	9	7
Oswego Hospital (The)			11	110	7	4	11	7
Paul Devereux Hospital Association, Deposit ‡								
Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York	45		301	2,844	128	76	204	178
Riverside Hospital, Buffalo								
Rochester City Hospital	13	115	104	1,178	32	45	77	77
Rochester Homœopathic Hospital	7	22	84	1,403	33	48	81	88
Rochester St. Mary's Hospital (The)			119	836	52	73	125	200
Rome Hospital (The)	1	1	8	104	3	5	8	8
Roosevelt Hospital (The), New York	79		363	3,177	114	67	181	345
St Catharine's Hospital (of the Church of the Most Holy Trinity), Brooklyn	41	61	285	2,096	161	69	230	170
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, New York	2		35	120	5	7	12	9
St. Elizabeth's Hospital (of the Congregation of the Third Order of St. Francis), New York			14	288	1	20	21	
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, Utica	4		13	322	11	21	32	
St Francis' Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	35		188	2,199	120	118	238	230
St. James' Mercy Hospital, Hornellsville	1	1	6	95	4	5	9	13
St. John's Guild, New York:								
Children's City Hospital **			48	216				
Floating Hospital								
Sea Side Hospital								
St. John's Hospital (of the Church Charity Foundation of L. I.), Brooklyn	44	47	92	973	72	14	86	74
St John's Long Island City Hospital	12		85	1,271	33	14	47	45
St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers	6		25	407	23	10	33	27
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York								
St. Joseph's Hospital, Syracuse	5	21	85	917	68	23	91	84
St. Joseph's Hospital, Yonkers			36	416	47	11	58	
St Luke's Home and Hospital of Newburgh and New Windsor, Newburgh		2	25	202	15	5	20	17
St. Luke's Home and Hospital in the City of Utica		6	18	375	10	16	26	
St. Luke's Hospital, New York	8	155	334	2,400	136	120	256	226
St. Mark's Hospital of New York City	7	12	70	3,496	13	22	35	48
St. Mary's Female Hospital of the City of Brooklyn			5	293		37	37	37
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York		10	17	609	40	43	83	75
St. Mary's Hospital of the City of Brooklyn (The)	10	15	83	1,715	139	53	192	
St. Mary's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, Buffalo			1	111		46	46	35
St. Mary's Maternity and Infants' Home, Brooklyn ††								
St. Mary's Maternity and Infant Hospital, Syracuse								
St Peter's Hospital of the City of Albany	1	3	33	405	17	13	30	45

* Statistics included in those of the parent institution. † Soldiers. ‡ Hospital not open to patients September 30, 1898. § Infants.
¶ Of these, 31 were women. ** Closed temporarily June 1, 1898. †† See St. Mary's Female Hospital, Brooklyn.

TABLE No. 88—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged During the Year.				Remaining October 1, 1898.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn	19	56	360	3,197	128	67	*195	.....
St Vincent's Hospital of the City of New York (The)	.....	.....	156	2,158	99	56	155	120
Salamanca Hospital Association	.....	.....	.....	243	5	11	16	20
Samaritan Hospital of Troy†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Saratoga Hospital (The)	2	.....	12	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Skene Hospital for Self-Supporting Women, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sloane Maternity Hospital, New York	7	.....	16	1,163	.....	71	71	65
Society for Deaconess' Work of Buffalo, N. Y., German Hospital	.....	.....	36	419	24	19	43	39
Society of the Lying-In Hospital of the City of New York (The)	4	.....	10	379	.....	11	11	11
S. R. Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, S. I	.....	15	67	974	26	28	54	45
Staten Island Hospital, Fort Wadsworth	3	.....	5	90	7	.....	7	8
Summer Hospital for Infants, New Hartford‡	.....	.....	1	27	.....	.....	.....	.....
Swedish Hospital in Brooklyn†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Homœopathic Hospital	1	3	7	185	8	6	14	10
Syracuse Women's Hospital and Training School for Nurses	5	4	49	434	10	43	53	.....
Tarrytown Hospital Association	.....	.....	8	63	19	1	20	7
Thanksgiving Hospital of Cooperstown, N. Y. (The)	.....	.....	1	52	.....	3	3	2
Thrall Hospital, Middletown	2	.....	15	182	7	4	11	8
Trinity Hospital (of the Trinity Church Corporation), New York	4	2	15	307	9	13	22	20
Troy Hospital Association (The)	7	.....	88	896	61	53	114	84
Utica City Hospital	15	.....	33	343	8	6	14	17
Utica Homœopathic Hospital	.....	2	6	118	2	5	7	7
Vassar Brothers' Hospital, Poughkeepsie	.....	18	23	352	15	14	29	32
White Plains Hospital Association (The)	2	.....	9	98	1	2	3	9
Williamsburgh Hospital, Brooklyn	.....	.....	8	126	1	7	8	11
Woman's Christian Association Hospital, Jamestown	.....	.....	11	187	8	4	12	14
Woman's Hospital in the State of New York, New York	.....	.....	24	805	.....	69	69	86
Total	9,233	5,730	10,199	139,779	5,532	4,159	9,691	.....

* Of these, forty were soldiers. † Hospital not open to patients September 30, 1898. ‡ Open during the summer only.

TABLE No. 89.

Showing the estimated value of the property of hospitals and homes for consumptives and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCT. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives	$115,000 00	$106,000 00	$221,000 00	.....	$11,303 33	$11,303 33	.....	$8,496 77	$8,496 77
De Peyster Home for Consumptive Children (of the M. E. Deaconess' Society), Verbank	3,000 00	.....	3,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,000 00	5,000 00
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Liberty	60,000 00	5,030 75	65,030 75	.....	27,482 41	27,482 41	.....	40,971 73	40,971 73
City Branch, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium, Bedford Station	22,400 00	39,500 00	61,900 00	$5,500 00	.....	5,500 00	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	228,000 00	.....	228,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seton Hospital (The), Spuyten Duyvil	360,000 00	10,000 00	370,000 00	34,100 00	1,735 89	35,835 89	$34,100 00	5,938 27	40,038 27
Total	$788,400 00	$160,530 75	$948,930 75	$39,600 00	$40,521 63	$80,121 63	$34,100 00	$60,406 77	$94,506 77

TABLE No. 90.

Showing the receipts of hospitals and homes for consumptives for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives	$2 86	$5,247 90	.....	$6,279 57	$315 00	.....
De Peyster Home for Consumptive Children (of the M. E. Deaconess' Society), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Liberty	4,385 65	.....	$40,729 74	.....	.....	$1,824 50
City Branch, New York	3,941 94	.....	176 20	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium, Bedford Station	1,954 19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	120 00	1,500 00	2,192 00	5,693 38	.....	.....
Seton Hospital (The), Spuyten Duyvil	42 68	10,049 00	5,187 50	750 00	.....	.....
Total	$10,447 32	$16,796 90	$48,285 44	$12,722 95	$315 00	$1,824 50

TABLE No. 90—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives	$14,227 82	$3,216 73	.....	.....	$592 38	$29,883 26
De Peyster Home for Consumptive Children (of the M. E. Deaconess' Society), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,108 51	1,108 51
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Liberty	8,469 97	131 09	.....	$20,000 00	1,515 28	77,056 23
City Branch, New York	5,825 00	27 93	.....	1,886 66	.....	11,857 78
Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium, Bedford Station	23,710 00	2,292 38	.....	.....	3,671 39	31,627 96
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	21,989 09	.....	.....	.....	2,280 08	33,774 46
Seton Hospital (The), Spuyten Duyvil	2,450 30	.....	$625 00	3,988 09	750 09	23,842 57
Total	$76,672 09	$5,668 13	$625 00	$25,874 75	$9,917 64	$209,149 72

TABLE No. 91.

Showing the expenditures of hospitals and homes for consumptives for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives	.....	$5,372 83	.....	$5,203 37	$6,202 94	$324 85	.....
De Peyster Home for Consumptive Children (of the M. E. Deaconess' Society), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Liberty	.....	12,482 41	.....	14,607 92	16,333 99	506 10	.....
City Branch, New York	.....	.....	$3,000 00	1,728 78	824 00	.....	.....
Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium, Bedford Station	$5,690 63	.....	.....	2,330 81	1,582 67	.....	$85 97
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	.....	.....	.....	2,025 00	7,718 25	120 00	1,420 10
Seton Hospital (The), Spuyten Duyvil	.....	.....	.....	4,076 51	10,105 11	209 02	188 11
Total	$5,690 63	$17,855 24	$3,000 00	$29,972 39	$42,766 96	$1,159 97	$1,694 18

TABLE No. 91—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives	$2,107 91	$1,186 57	$855 72	$1,742 35	$58 50	.....
De Peyster Home for Consumptive Children (of the M. E. Deaconess' Society), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Liberty	4,571 78	3,130 06	557 01	1,400 58	695 51	$8,614 17
City Branch, New York	157 04	63 78	100 00	49 05	.....	2,776 98
Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium, Bedford Station	245 34	42 54	1,352 63	152 24	59 43	8,886 24
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	2,997 00	2,475 00	1,192 00	3,590 00	.....	5,917 00
Seton Hospital (The), Spuyten Duyvil	2,234 58	921 98	1,386 20	569 25	.....	.....
Total	$12,313 65	$7,819 93	$5,443 56	$7,503 47	$813 44	$25,694 39

TABLE No. 91—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1899.
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives			$6,279 57	$547 29	$29,881 90	$0 86
De Peyster Home for Consumptive Children (of the M. E. Deaconess' Society), Verbank				1,091 25	1,091 25	17 26
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Liberty	$1,000 00	$991 80		6,724 62	71,615 95	5,440 28
City Branch, New York				634 92	9,334 55	2,523 18
Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium, Bedford Station				3,449 40	23,377 90	8,250 06
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York				6,180 16	32,634 51	139 95
Seton Hospital (The), Spuyten Duyvil				1,226 97	20,917 73	2,924 84
Total	$1,000 00	$991 80	$6,279 57	$19,854 61	$189,853 79	$19,295 93

TABLE No. 92.

Showing the number of patients treated in hospitals and homes for consumptives and the results during the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of patients in the institution Oct. 1, 1897.	Number of patients received during the year.	Total under treatment.	Number of beneficiary patients.	Total number of days the latter were supported.	DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR.		
						Recovered.	Improved.	Unimproved.
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives	85	139	224	224	31,035	3	29	19
De Peyster Home for Consumptive Children (of the M. E. Deaconess' Society), Verbank	.....	36	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Liberty	78	126	204	12	2,160	39	67	42
City Branch, New York	.....	37	37	30	1,317	9	8	2
Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium, Bedford Station	10	42	52	52	6,096	3	10	.....
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	294	1,214	1,508	1,379	103,648	.....	274	403
Seton Hospital (The) Spuyten Duyvil	30	304	334	63	3,456	4	99	30
Total	497	1,898	2,395	1,760	147,712	58	487	496

TABLE No. 92 (*Concluded*)

INSTITUTIONS	Discharged During the Year				Remaining Dec. 1, 1900			[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Male	Female	[illegible]	
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives	[illegible]	1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
De Peyster Home for Consumptive Children (of the M. E. Deaconess Society) Verbank					[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Liberty	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
City Branch, New York			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	[illegible]	
Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium, Bedford Station	[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Seton Hospital (The) Spuyten Duyvil	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total ...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	

TABLE No. 93.

Showing the estimated value of the property of hospitals and homes for convalescents and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
All Saints' Pavilion for Convalescent Men and Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	$90,000 00	.....	$90,000 00	.....	$2,198 45	$2,198 45	.....	$3,200 00	$3,200 00
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Isabella Heimath, New York †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Home for Convalescents	10,000 00	.....	10,000 60	$1,475 00	.....	1,475 00	$1,045 00	.....	1,045 00
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill ‡	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Presbyterian Rest for Convalescents, White Plains	25,000 00	$5,200 00	30,200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital, New York	8,000 00	12,028 30	20,028 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Sanitarium (of the Order of St. Dominic), Forestburg	130,000 00	.....	130,000 00	122,000 00	.....	122,000 00	23,521 36	99,000 00	122,521 36
Total	$263,000 00	$17,228 30	$280,228 30	$123,475 00	$2,198 45	$125,673 45	$24,566 36	$102,200 00	$126,766 36

* See tables 41-44 for finances. † See tables 49-52 for finances and statistics. ‡ See tables 101-104 for finances and statistics.

TABLE No. 94.

Showing the receipts of hospitals and homes for convalescents for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
All Saints Pavilion for Convalescent Men and Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	$1,302 74	.....	$4,173 10	.....	.....	.....
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Isabella Heimath, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Home for Convalescents	23 68	.....	.....	.....	$218 00	$117 50
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Presbyterian Rest for Convalescents, White Plains	278 23	.....	1,837 75	.....	.....	941 65
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital, New York	275 16	$100 00	161 52	.....	8 25	10 00
St. Joseph's Sanitarium (of the Order of St. Dominic), Forestburg	.....	.....	8,183 25	$1,000 00	.....	4,644 45
Total	$1,879 80	$100 00	$14,360 62	$1,000 00	$226 25	$5,713 60

TABLE No. 94 — *Concluded.*

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
All Saints Pavilion for Convalescent Men and Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	$6,286 08	.....	.....	$12,304 17	$24,071 04
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Isabella Heimath, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Home for Convalescents	1,219 75	.....	.....	.....	1,578 93
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Presbyterian Rest for Convalescents, White Plains	1,753 00	$306 00	.....	.....	5,116 62
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital, New York	6,563 53	316 92	.....	.....	7,435 38
St. Joseph's Sanitarium (of the Order of St. Dominic), Forestburg	12,844 50	.....	$99,000 00	1,258 33	*126,980 53
Total	$28,666 81	$622 92	$99,000 00	$13,562 50	$165,182 50

* Total receipts from Dec. 4, 1896, to Sept. 30, 1898.

TABLE No. 92—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged During the Year.				Remaining October 1, 1898.			Average number of inmates during year.
	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Brooklyn Home for Consumptives	5	1	74	131	50	43	93	85
De Peyster Home for Consumptive Children (of the M. E. Deaconess' Society), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	18	36	.....
Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, Liberty	5	.....	4	157	28	19	47	68
City Branch, New York	.....	.....	13	32	4	1	5	.....
Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium, Bedford Station	18	.....	.....	31	21	.....	21	17
St Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	47	14	452	1,190	159	159	318	300
Seton Hospital (The) Spuyten Duyvil	3	.....	94	230	79	25	104	64
Total	78	15	637	1,771	359	265	624	.....

TABLE No. 95—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
All Saints Pavilion for Convalescent Men and Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	$391 66	$346 60	$478 50	.....	.....	$13,382 65	$20,900 12	$3,170 92
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Isabella Heimath, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Home for Convalescents	5 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	121 24	1,568 97	9 96
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Presbyterian Rest for Convalescents, White Plains	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	259 26	5,053 76	62 86
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	$5,027 80	30 00	7,064 37	371 01
St. Joseph's Sanitarium (of the Order of St. Dominic), Forestburg	1,420 08	84,948 63	.....	$2,588 64	.....	4,558 75	*126,407 96	522 57
Total	$1,816 74	$85,295 23	$478 56	$2,588 64	$5,027 80	$18,351 90	$160,995 18	$4,137 32

* From December 4, 1896 to September 30, 1898.

TABLE No. 96.

Showing the number of patients treated in hospitals and homes for convalescents and the results during the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of patients in the institution October 1897	Number of patients received during the year.	Total under treatment.	Number of beneficiary patients.	Total number of days the latter were supported.	Discharged During the Year.		
						Recovered.	Improved.	Unimproved.
All Saints Pavilion for Convalescent Men and Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	18	234	252	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.	21	104	125	125	5,094	67	19	4
Isabella Heimath, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Home for Convalescents	6	80	86	86	1,954	81	.....	.....
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Presbyterian Rest for Convalescents, White Plains	15	348	363	20	359	.....	338	4
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital, New York	7	168	175	158	2,324	62	86	5
St. Joseph's Sanitarium (of the Order of St. Dominic), Forestburg	50	238	288	50	1,265	20	114	.....
Total	117	1,172	1,289	439	10,996	230	557	13

TABLE No. 96—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged During the Year.				Remaining October 1, 1898.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
All Saints Pavilion for Convalescent Men and Boys (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	236	.....	236	16	.....	16	.....
Country Home for Convalescent Babies, Sea Cliff, L. I.	25	6	4	125	.....	.....	.....	.....
Isabella Heimath, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Home for Convalescents	.....	.....	.....	81	.....	5	5	.....
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Presbyterian Rest for Convalescents, White Plains	.....	.....	.....	342	.....	21	21	20
Robin's Nest (The), Tarrytown-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital, New York	15	.....	1	169	.....	6	6	.....
St. Joseph's Sanitarium (of the Order of St. Dominic), Forestburg	.....	139	.....	273	9	6	15	57
Total	40	381	5	1,226	25	38	63	.....

TABLE [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

TABLE No. 98.

Showing the receipts of hospitals and homes for epileptics for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From membership fees.
Brunswick Home, Amityville	$1,206 78	.....	$32,314 13	$1,706 67	.....	.....
Craig Colony, Sonyea	9,790 28	$214,454 79	*1,987 34	.....	$677 28	.....
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics (The), Brooklyn	979 33	.....	.....	52 86	2,796 00	$269 50
Total	$11,976 39	$214,454 79	$34,301 47	$1,759 53	$3,473 28	$269 50

* "From counties, towns and cities."

TABLE No. 98—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Brunswick Home, Amityville			$17,000 00	$11,439 92	$63,667 50
Craig Colony, Sonyea				7,543 42	234,453 11
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics (The), Brooklyn	$568 76	$490 49			5,156 94
Total	$568 76	$490 49	$17,000 00	$18,983 34	$303,277 55

TABLE No. 99.

Showing the expenditures of hospitals and homes for epileptics for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.
Brunswick Home, Amityville	$2,340 00	$11,616 84	$17,456 66	$195 00	$2,424 61	$3,443 41	$865 05	$230 94	$747 67
Craig Colony, Sonyea	.....	34,478 18	13,237 16	.....	3,233 67	4,818 79	1,118 22	2,087 05	293 32
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics (The), Brooklyn	768 00	1,047 62	1,459 17	45 71	.....	340 90	60 60	168 25	62 31
Total	$3,108 00	$47,142 64	$32,152 99	$240 71	$5,658 28	$8,603 10	$2,043 87	$2,486 24	$1,103 30

TABLE No. 99—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1896.
Brunswick Home, Amityville	$1,162 62	$5,457 61	$7,400 00	$1,120 43	$7,500 00	$1,050 29	$63,011 13	$656 37
Craig Colony, Sonyea	.....	155,154 91	.....	.....	.....	19,486 93	233,908 23	544 88
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics (The), Brooklyn	.....	219 42	.....	.....	.....	72 05	4,244 03	912 91
Total	$1,162 62	$160,831 94	$7,400 00	$1,120 43	$7,500 00	$20,609 27	$301,163 39	$2,114 16

TABLE No. 100.

Showing the number of patients treated in hospitals and homes for epileptics and the results during the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of patients in the institution October 1, 1897.	Number of patients received during the year.	Total under treatment	Number of beneficiary patients.	Total number of days the latter were supported.	Discharged During the Year.		
						Recovered.	Improved.	Unimproved.
Brunswick Home, Amityville	165	65	230	170	46,900	.....	21	13
Craig Colony, Sonyea	214	157	371	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics (The), Brooklyn	12	9	21	5	1,825	.....	2	.....
Total	391	231	622	175	48,725	.....	23	13

TABLE No. 100—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged During the Year.				Remaining October 1, 1898.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Brunswick Home, Amityville	.....	.....	12	46	109	75	184	169
Craig Colony, Sonyea	.....	35	14	49	155	167	322	252
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics (The), Brooklyn	1	.....	2	5	8	8	16	13
Total	1	35	28	100	272	250	522	.....

TABLE No. 101.

Showing the estimated value of the property of hospitals and homes for incurables and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Albany Hospital for Incurables	.....	$5,000 00	$5,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Faith Home for Incurables, Brooklyn	$40 000 00	9,100 00	49,100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Incurables, Fordham	438,771 86	524,700 00	963,471 86	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of the Annunciation for Crippled and Incurable Children, New York	70,500 00	.....	70,500 00	$44,200 00	.....	$44,200 00	$39,200 00	.....	$39,200 00
House of the Holy Comforter, Free Church Home for Incurables, New York	49,552 57	26,783 42	76,335 99	23,000 00	.....	23,000 00	23,000 00	.....	23,000 00
Isabella Heimath, New York *	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids (The), New York	393,188 32	550 00	393,738 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics, Brooklyn †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	8,700 00	12,000 00	20,700 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. John's Pavilion for Chronic Diseases (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank §	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York **	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St Martha's Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	75,000 00	.....	75,000 00	28,500 00	$4,327 57	32,827 57	44,000 00	$4,645 01	48,645 01
Total	$1,075,712 75	$578,133 42	$1,653,846 17	$95,700 00	$4,327 57	$100,027 57	$106,200 00	$4,645 01	$110,845 01

* See tables 49–52 for finances and statistics. † See tables 97–100 ‡ A branch of St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, New York. § See tables 93–96 for finances and statistics. ** See tables 89–92 for finances and statistics.

TABLE No. 102.

Showing the receipts of hospitals and homes for incurables for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From all other sources	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Albany Hospital for Incurables	$1,518 55	$390 00	$3,500 00	$620 00	.....	.....	$1,271 21	.....	$1,235 00	$8,534 76
Faith Home for Incurables, Brooklyn	918 00	.....	.....	.....	$625 00	.....	1,552 55	$349 95	2 10	3,447 60
Home for Incurables, Fordham	18,815 87	.....	.....	44,448 50	17,280 32	.....	4,477 56	18,384 76	26,300 00	129,707 01
House of the Annunciation for Crippled and Incurable Children, New York	442 53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,549 95	48	27 30	11,020 26
House of the Holy Comforter, Free Church Home for Incurables, New York	6,584 75	.....	.....	250 00	.....	.....	7,778 71	1,169 08	4,575 46	20,358 60
Isabella Heimath, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids (The), New York	29,229 20	.....	500 00	1,722 45	11,350 00	$52,522 10	5,919 62	3,468 19	5,739 80	110,451 06
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	7 93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,405 88	.....	.....	2,413 81
St. John's Pavilion for Chronic Diseases (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Martha's Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	87 55	.....	4,400 00	3,666 50	.....	.....	117 67	.....	67 12	8,338 84
Total	$57,604 38	$390 00	$8,400 00	$50,707 45	$29,255 32	$52,522 10	$34,078 15	$23,373 06	$37,946 48	$294,271 94

TABLE No. 103.

Showing the expenditures of hospitals and homes for incurables for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.
Albany Hospital for Incurables	.....	$600 00	$800 00	.....	$5,040 00	$130 00	$380 00	$250 00	$425 00	$120 00
Faith Home for Incurables, Brooklyn	.....	.....	861 55	.....	1,743 18	18 17	12 80	255 20	19 00	59 09
Home for Incurables, Fordham	.....	.....	29,109 81	$151 50	34,585 15	452 45	.....	9,119 16	3,824 70	1,588 29
House of the Annunciation for Crippled and Incurable Children, New York	$7,275 15	.....	374 18	.....	605 17	57 02	98 27	304 65	32 75	72 49
House of the Holy Comforter, Free Church Home for Incurables, New York	1,150 00	.....	2,726 33	.....	3,915 34	149 25	.....	645 52	268 61	409 95
Isabella Heimath, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids (The), New York	.....	.....	19,858 49	1,107 72	26,614 39	2,198 09	1,155 95	7,160 88	2,646 71	2,974 59
Non Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	.....	.....	529 50	.....	1,078 37	.....	.....	234 91	26 42	.....
St. John's Pavilion for Chronic Diseases (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Martha's Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	874 50	.....	1,947 20	.....	1,984 41	64 40	.....	144 35	261 00	295 22
Total	$9,299 65	$600 00	$56,207 09	$1,259 22	$75,566 01	$3,069 38	$1,647 02	$18,114 67	$7,507 19	$5,519 63

TABLE No. 103—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Albany Hospital for Incurables	$50 00	$83 70						$7,878 70	$656 06
Faith Home for Incurables, Brooklyn	229 38	67 93					$47 38	3,313 68	133 92
Home for Incurables, Fordham	3,029 60	1,526 60				$22,000 00	2,987 25	108,374 54	21,332 47
House of the Annunciation for Crippled and Incurable Children, New York	662 64	561 79					798 65	10,842 76	177 50
House of the Holy Comforter, Free Church Home for Incurables, New York	147 07	89 25				5,706 25	478 46	15,686 03	4,672 57
Isabella Heimath, New York									
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids (The), New York	8,054 41	52 49	$7,910 85				3,656 16	83,390 73	27,060 33
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics, Brooklyn									
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	400 00	41 95						2,311 15	102 66
St. John's Pavilion for Chronic Diseases (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank									
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York									
St. Martha's Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	613 04	25 00	1,146 00	$300 00	$108 00		557 79	8,323 91	14 93
Total	$13,186 14	$2,448 71	$9,056 85	$300 00	$108 00	$27,706 25	$8,525 69	$240,121 50	$54,150 44

TABLE No. 104.

Showing the number of patients treated in hospitals and homes for incurables and the results during the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of patients in the institution October 1, 1897.	Number of patients received during the year.	Total under treatment.	Number of beneficiary patients.	Total number of days the latter were supported.	Discharged During the Year.		
						Recovered.	Improved.	Unimproved.
Albany Hospital for Incurables	34	15	49	46	11,520	2	1	.....
Faith Home for Incurables, Brooklyn	42	12	54	54	.....	.....	.....	.....
Home for Incurables, Fordham	236	114	350	67	19,478	11	19	17
House of the Annunciation for Crippled and Incurable Children, New York	19	6	25	25	6,737	1	.....	.....
House of the Holy Comforter, Free Church Home for Incurables, New York	37	8	45	45	14,259	.....	.....	.....
Isabella Heimath, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids (The), New York	260	348	608	599	98,907	18	94	50
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	12	21	33	33	6,485	13	2	1
St. John's Pavilion for Chronic Diseases (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth) Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Martha's Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	19	14	33	13	3,229	.....	2	1
Total	659	538	1,197	882	160,615	45	118	69

TABLE No. 104—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS	Discharged During the Year.				Remaining October 1, 1898.			Average number of inmates during the year.
	Transferred to other institutions	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Albany Hospital for Incurables	.....	.....	12	15	5	29	34	34
Faith Home for Incurables, Brooklyn	.....	4	2	6	.....	48	48	44
Home for Incurables, Fordham	2	.....	77	126	101	123	224	234
House of the Annunciation for Crippled and Incurable Children, New York	2	2	1	6	.....	19	19	18
House of the Holy Comforter, Free Church Home for Incurables, New York	1	1	4	6	.....	39	39	39
Isabella Heimath, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids (The), New York	12	38	118	330	173	105	278	275
Non-Sectarian Hospital and Home for Epileptics, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Noyes Memorial Home, Peekskill	.....	.....	1	17	5	11	16	17
St. John's Pavilion for Chronic Diseases (of the Order of Brothers of Nazareth), Verbank	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Hospital (of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Martha's Sanitarium and Dispensary, Brooklyn	2	6	8	19	2	12	14	20
Total	19	51	223	525	286	386	672	.....

TABLE No. 105.

Showing the estimated value of property of hospitals and homes for inebriates and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Inebriates' Home for Kings County (The), Fort Hamilton, L. I.*	$125,000 00	$20,000 00	$145,000 00	$75,000 00	$91,988 61	$166,988 61	$75,000 00	$115,435 02	$190,435 02
New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men (The), New York	125,000 00	50,000 00	175,000 00	.....	8,500 00	8,500 00	.....	10,000 00	10,000 00
Riverview Sanitarium, Fishkill on-Hudson	.....	27,000 00	27,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Saviour's Sanitarium, Inwood on-Hudson †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$250,000 00	$97,000 00	$347,000 00	$75,000 00	$100,488 61	$175,488 61	$75,000 00	$125,435 02	$200,435 02

* Closed October, 1898. † Finances with House of Mercy, New York; see tables 125–128.

TABLE No. 106.

Showing the receipts of hospitals and homes for inebriates for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897
Inebriates' Home for Kings County (The), Fort Hamilton, L. I.	$833 00	$11,852 00	.....	.....	$22,000 00	.....	$34,685 00
New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men (The), New York	62 53	2,104 47	$6,590 50	$3,000 00	10,000 00	$41 68	21,799 18
Riverview Sanitarium, Fishkill on-Hudson	599 44	11,837 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,437 40
St. Saviour's Sanitarium, Inwood-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$1,494 97	$25 794 43	$6,590 50	$3,000 00	$32,000 00	$41 68	$68,921 58

TABLE No. 107.

Showing the expenditures of hospitals and homes for inebriates for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.
Inebriates' Home for Kings County (The), Fort Hamilton, L. I.	.....	$950 00	$9,425 00	$16,000 00	$720 00	$160 00	$3,300 00	$1,200 00
New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men (The), New York	$7,850 00	.....	4,940 68	4,518 70	684 73	220 17	835 53	274 51
Riverview Sanitarium, Fishkill on Hudson	.....	1,345 56	2,832 40	4,400 00	100 00	.....	450 00	350 00
St Saviour's Sanitarium, Inwood-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$7,850 00	$2,295 56	$17,198 08	$24,918 70	$1,504 73	$380 17	$4,585 53	$1,824 51

TABLE No 107 — (*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For interest on loans.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Inebriates' Home for Kings County (The), Fort Hamilton, L. I.	$530 00	$600 00	$1,100 00	.....	*$2,199 00	$36,484 00	.....
New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men (The), New York	260 00	185 00	345 00	$340 72	1,281 19	21,736 23	$62 93
Riverview Sanitarium, Fishkill-on-Hudson	200 00	260 00	100 00	.....	2,000 00	12,037 96	399 44
St. Saviour's Sanitarium, Inwood-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$990 00	$1,045 00	$1,845 00	$340 72	$5,480 19	$70,258 19	$462 39

* Of this, $1,100 for buildings and improvements.

TABLE No. 108.

Showing the number of persons treated in hospitals and homes for inebriates and the results during the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of patients in the institution Oct. 1, 1897.	Number of patients received during the year.	Total under treatment.	Discharged During the Year						Remaining Oct. 1, 1898.			Average number of inmates during the year.
				Recovered.	Improved	Unimproved.	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Inebriates' Home for Kings County (The), Fort Hamilton, L. I.	61	121	182	....	....	....	.....	153	153	27	2	29	60
New York Christian Home for Intemperate Men (The), New York	24	184	208		....	....	.....	180	180	28	....	28	35
Riverview Sanitarium, Fishkill-on-Hudson	8	8	16	4	1	1	1	1	8	3	5	8	7
St. Saviour's Sanitarium, Inwood-on-Hudson	.....	.....	.....	....	....	....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	93	313	406	4	1	1	1	334	341	58	7	65	.....

TABLE No. 109.

Showing the estimated value of the property of humane societies and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness October 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other	Total.	Real.	Other	Total.
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fulton Humane Societies	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nyack Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Queen City Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Buffalo	$400 00	$5,867 52	$6,267 52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New Brighton	5,000 00	3,969 80	8,969 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	$2,202 60	$2,202 60
Rochester Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Yonkers Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$5,400 00	$9,837 32	$15,237 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	$2,202 60	$2,202 60

* Finances with Bureau of Labor and Charities, Syracuse, tables.

TABLE No. 110.

Showing the receipts of humane societies for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	$228 89	.....	.....	.....	$47 50	.....	$78 00	.....	.....	$10 00	$364 39
Fulton Humane Society	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nyack Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	256 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 50	286 61
Poughkeepsie Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Queen City Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Buffalo	5,423 56	$2,500 00	.....	$100 00	.....	$80 00	1 00	$313 84	.....	66 15	8,484 55
Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New Brighton	548 95	.....	$34 00	.....	497 00	.....	832 50	.....	$1,500 00	.....	3,412 45
Rochester Society for the Preventon of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Yonkers Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$6,457 51	$2,500 00	$34 00	$100 00	$544 50	$80 00	$911 50	$313 34	$1,500 00	$106 65	$12,548 00

TABLE No. 109.

Showing the estimated value of the property of humane societies and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, and October 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Indebtedness October 1, 1897.			Indebtedness October 1, 1898.		
				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Fulton Humane Societies									
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany									
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Nyack Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Poughkeepsie Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Queen City Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Buffalo	$400 00	$5,867 59	$6,267 59						
Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New Brighton	5,000 00	3,969 80	8,969 80					$[illegible] 00	$[illegible] 00
Rochester Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Syracuse Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children*									
Utica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Watertown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Yonkers Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children									
Total	$5,400 00	$9,837 [illegible]	$15,[illegible]					$[illegible] 00	$[illegible] 00

* Finances with Bureau of Labor and Charities, Syracuse, tables

TABLE No. 111—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children				$15 00	$280 20	$84 19
Fulton Humane Societies						
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany						
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Nyack Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children					82 52	204 09
Poughkeepsie Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Queen City Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Buffalo	$48 05	$10 05	$3 52	87 71	2,616 93	5,867 62
Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New Brighton	8 10	2 95		*2,386 58	2,946 13	466 32
Rochester Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Syracuse Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Utica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Watertown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Yonkers Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children						
Total	$56 15	$13 00	$3 52	$2,489 29	$5,925 78	$6,622 22

* For board of children.

TABLE No. 111.

Showing the expenditures of humane societies for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS	For rent	For salaries of officers, wages and labor	For services of collectors in soliciting funds	For printing, stationery and postage	For clothing	For fuel and lights	For medicines and medical supplies
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children							
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	$10 00	$[illegible]		$[illegible]			
Fulton Humane Society							
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children							
Molocaldo and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany							
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children							
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children							
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children							

TABLE No. 112—B. NUMBER OF PERSONS RECEIVED UNDER SUPERVISION DURING THE YEAR—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Judicial Commitment for Destitution.			Received by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency.			Received from Parents or Guardians.			Received on Their Own Application.			
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fulton Humane Societies	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nyack Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Queen City Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	2	5	10	4	2	16
Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New Brighton	24	20	44	25	3	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Yonkers Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	24	20	44	25	3	28	3	2	5	10	4	2	16

TABLE No. 112—B. NUMBER OF PERSONS RECEIVED UNDER SUPERVISION DURING THE YEAR—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Received.					Total.					Total number under supervision during the year.	Of this Total Number	
	Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand total.		Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds.
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*208	.....	208
Fulton Humane Societies	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nyack Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Queen City Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Buffalo	3	32	62	50	147	3	42	69	54	168	168	69	99
Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New Brighton	.....	.....	4	6	10	.....	.....	53	29	82	124	.....	†124
Rochester Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*520	.....	520
Utica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Yonkers Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	3	32	66	56	157	3	42	122	83	250	1,020	69	951

* No differentiation for sex, age and manner of receiving or discharge given for these. † Due from Richmond County, $149.66; from New York City, $3,177.92.

TABLE No. 112—C. NUMBER OF PERSONS DISCHARGED FROM SUPERVISION DURING THE YEAR—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Returned to Parents or Guardians.			Left Without Permission.			Transferred to Other Institutions.				Sent Out of the State.				
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Women.	Boys.	Total.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fulton Humane Societies	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nyack Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Queen City Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Buffalo	18	8	26	1	2	3	4	18	21	43	3	12	21	12	48
Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New Brighton	31	18	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	7	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Yonkers Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	49	26	75	1	2	3	4	27	28	59	3	12	21	12	48

TABLE No. 112—C. NUMBER OF PERSONS DISCHARGED FROM SUPERVISION DURING THE YEAR—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Discharged.				Died.			Total.				
	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand total.
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fulton Humane Societies	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nyack Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Queen City Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Buffalo	25	10	13	48	.....	.....	.....	3	42	69	54	168
Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New Brighton	.....	8	10	18	1	.....	1	.....	.....	49	35	84
Rochester Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Yonkers Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	25	18	23	66	1	.....	1	3	42	118	89	252

TABLE No. 112—D. NUMBER OF PERSONS REMAINING UNDER SUPERVISION, OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS	Received by Judicial Commitment for Destitution.			Received by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency.			Otherwise Received.			Total.			Average number during the year.
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand total.	
Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elmira Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fulton Humane Societies	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Middletown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mohawk and Hudson River Humane Society, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newburgh Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nyack Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oswego Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Queen City Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, New Brighton	20	18	38	1	.....	1	.....	1	1	21	19	40	40
Rochester Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syracuse Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Yonkers Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	20	18	38	1	.....	1	.....	1	1	21	19	40	40

TABLE No. 113.

Showing the estimated value of the property of societies for legal aid for the poor and their indebtedness, October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Legal Aid Society (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Working Women's Protective Union, New York	.....	$19,621 00	$19,621 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	.....	$19,621 00	$19,621 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

TABLE No. 114.

Showing the receipts of societies for legal aid for the poor for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From membership fees.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
Legal Aid Society (The), New York	$1,067 59	$5,910 00	$812 00	.....	$810 74	$8,600 33
Working Women's Protective Union, New York	2,256 77	.....	2,240 55	$1,061 80	.....	5,559 12
Total	$3,324 36	$5,910 00	$3,052 55	$1,061 80	$810 74	$14,159 45

TABLE No. 115.

Showing the expenditures of societies for legal aid for the poor for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For fuel and lights.	For insurance and taxes.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
Legal Aid Society (The), New York	$1,200 00	$5,400 00	.....	$359 37	.....	.....	$118 00	$7,077 37	$1,542 96
Working Women's Protective Union, New York	745 00	1,924 00	$243 41	44 40	$21 69	$3 50	325 83	3,307 83	2,231 29
Total	$1,945 00	$7,324 00	$243 41	$403 77	$21 69	$3 50	$443 83	$10,385 20	$3,774 25

TABLE No. 116.

Showing the statistics of societies for legal aid for the poor for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons for whom employment was secured during the year.	Number of cases in which legal advice or assistance was given.	Number of frauds exposed or suppressed.
Legal Aid Society (The), New York	.....	5,602	.....
Working Women's Protective Union, New York	218	6,995	554
Total	*218	12,597	554

* Includes both permanent and temporary employment.

TABLE No. 117.

Showing the estimated value of the property of societies for placing out children in families and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
By Superintendents and Overseers of the Poor:									
Erie County, through Agents for Placing Dependent Children in Private Homes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
By Institutions and Societies:									
Agency for Dependent Children of Newburgh	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Association of our Blessed Lady for the Protection of Destitute and Homeless Catholic Children, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Catholic Home Bureau for Dependent Children, New York*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, Emigration Department, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society of Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	$995 55	$995 55	.....	$1,827 71	$1,827 71
Total	.....	.....	.....	.....	$995 55	$995 55	.....	$1,827 71	$1,827 71

* Established January, 1899.

TABLE No. 118.

Showing the receipts of societies for placing out children in families for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
By Superintendents and Overseers of the Poor:								
Erie County, through Agents for Placing Dependent Children in Private Homes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
By Institutions and Societies:								
Agency for Dependent Children of Newburgh	$65 48	.....	$400 00	.....	$510 75	.....	.....	$976 23
Association of Our Blessed Lady for the Protection of Destitute and Homeless Catholic Children, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Catholic Home Bureau for Dependent Children, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, Emigration Department, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*$31,001 22	31,001 22
Children's Aid Society of Rochester	25 35	$7,960 15	.....	$18 83	170 50	$2,168 44	101 50	10,444 77
Total	$90 83	$7,960 15	$400 00	$18 83	$681 25	$2,168 44	$31,102 72	$42,422 22

* From the parent society.

TABLE No. 119.

Showing the expenditures of societies for placing out children in families for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Sept. 30, 1898.
By Superintendents and Overseers of the Poor:											
Erie County, through Agents for Placing Dependent Children in Private Homes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
By Institutions and Societies:											
Agency for Dependent Children of Newburgh	.....	$480 00	.....	*$45 93	.....	.....	.....	.....	$290 82	$816 75	$159 48
Association of Our Blessed Lady for the Protection of Destitute and Homeless Catholic Children, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Catholic Home Bureau for Dependent Children, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, Emigration Department, New York	.....	8,240 00	.....	2,426 42	.....	.....	.....	.....	†20,334 80	31,001 22	.....
Children's Aid Society of Rochester	$150 00	.....	$127 12	899 07	$1 49	‡$51 80	$1,368 44	$58 08	§7,187 09	9,843 09	601 68
Total	$150 00	$8,720 00	$127 12	$3,371 42	$1 49	$51 80	$1,368 44	$58 08	$27 812 71	$41,661 06	$761 16

* Includes printing, stationery and postage. † "Including railroad fares, visitation of children and expenses incident to changes and removals." ‡ "Including milk for babies." § Includes $7,022.63 for board of wards.

TABLE No. 120.

Showing the statistics of societies for placing out children in families for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of children placed out in families during the year.
By Superintendents and Overseers of the Poor	318
Erie County, through Agents for Placing Dependent Children in Private Homes, Buffalo	64
By Institutions and Societies	1,354
Agency for Dependent Children of Newburgh	12
Association of Our Blessed Lady for the Protection of Destitute and Homeless Catholic Children, Buffalo	.....
Catholic Home Bureau for Dependent Children, New York	.....
Children's Aid Society, Emigration Department, New York	220
Children's Aid Society, of Rochester	12
Total	1,990

TABLE No. 122.

Showing the receipts of reformatories for children for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	$1,789 87	.....	$358 00	$1,545 19	$250 00	$5,473 83	.....	$182 85	$417 04	$11,016 78
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	8,609 72	.....	48,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56,609 72
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	8,133 96	.....	.....	277 00	.....	2,955 00	$548 00	.....	.....	11,913 96
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	3,942 79	$179,185 87	3,693 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	357 29	187,179 05
State Industrial School, Rochester	4,075 11	200,688 16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	625 15	205,388 42
Total	$27,551 45	$379,874 03	$52,051 10	$1,822 19	$250 00	$8,428 83	$548 00	$182 85	$1,399 48	$472,107 93

TABLE No. 123.

Showing the expenditures of reformatories for children for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	$100 00	$5,344 03	$347 00	$2,953 67	$95 15	$414 50	$760 42	$167 25
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	.....	12,671 93	.....	8,963 32	484 09	2,140 25	*766 86	111 70
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	.....	1,701 79	.....	851 03	24 73	465 64	87 19	2 50
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	.....	65,971 35	.....	40,778 38	.....	15,129 82	13,180 93	812 49
State Industrial School, Rochester	.....	77,256 65	.....	36,538 85	.....	12,845 79	28,853 70	962 38
Total	$100 00	$162,945 75	$347 00	$90,085 22	$603 97	$30,936 00	$43,649 10	$2,056 32

* Payments to January 1, 1898; since that date, paid by the Department of Public Buildings.

TABLE No. 123—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	$163 28	$510 63	$414 44	.....	$786 02	$12,056 39	.....
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	366 81	*100 00	.....	*$3,252 07	4,413 39	33,270 42	$23,319 30
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	193 00	200 27	.....	1,163 60	878 83	5,568 58	6,345 38
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	8,847 88	4,003 62	.....	15,019 37	21,316 10	185,059 94	2,119 11
State Industrial School, Rochester	5,515 98	3,291 24	.....	9,252 23	30,734 57	205,251 36	137 06
Total	$15,086 95	$8,105 76	$414 44	$28,687 27	$58,128 91	$441,206 69	$31,940 85

* Payments to January 1, 1898; since that date, these paid by the Department of Public Buildings.

TABLE No. 124.

Showing the number of persons supported in reformatories for children and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1898.

A. Number of Inmates in the Institutions October 1, 1897.

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency.			Received from Parents or Guardians.			Total.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand total.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	.....	.....	.....	49	.....	49	49	.....	49
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	95	.....	95	.....	.....	.....	95	.....	95
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	10	10	.....	10
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	650	102	752	.....	.....	.....	650	102	752
State Industrial School, Rochester	703	125	828	.....	.....	.....	703	125	828
Total	1,448	227	1,675	59	.....	59	1,507	227	1,734

TABLE NO. 124—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency.			Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received from Parents or Guardians.			Totals			Total number in the institution during the year.	Of This Total Number	
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand Total.		Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	17	.....	17	18	.....	18	67	1	66
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	70	.....	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	70	.....	70	165	165	.....
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2	2	.....	2	12	.....	12
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	491	81	572	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	491	81	572	1,324	1,324	.....
State Industrial School, Rochester	525	148	673	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	525	148	673	1,501	1,501	.....
Total	1,086	229	1,315	1	.....	1	19	.....	19	1,106	229	1,335	3,069	2,991	78

TABLE No. 124—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	By Indenture.			Returned to Parents or Guardians.			Left Without Permission.			Transferred to Other Institutions.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	43	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Diciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	23	1	.....	1	9	.....	9
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	50	18	68	393	46	439	4	.....	4	12	.....	12
State Industrial School, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	50	18	68	419	46	505	6	.....	6	21	.....	21

TABLE No. 124—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Discharged.			Died.			Total.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand Total.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44	.....	44
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	3	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	36	.....	36
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	8	3	11	3	1	4	470	68	538
State Industrial School, Rochester	499	120	19	.....	.....	.....	499	120	619
Total	510	123	633	3	1	4	1,049	188	1,237

TABLE No. 125.

Showing the estimated value of the property of reformatories for women and girls and their indebtedness, October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
Anchorage (The), Elmira	$9,000 00		$9,000 00
An Open Door for Women, New York *			
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	104,000 00		104,000 00
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	63,800 00		63,800 00
Door of Hope, New York	28,000 00		28,000 00
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	30,000 00		30,000 00
House of the Good Samaritan, New York			
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	240,000 00		240,000 00
House of the Holy Family, New York †			
House of Mercy, New York	350,000 00		350,000 00
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	294,878 64	$22,716 12	317,594 76
House of Shelter (The), Albany	20,000 00	24,750 00	44,750 00
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	68,000 00	9,000 00	77,000 00
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	102,000 00	168,000 00	270,000 00
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	22,000 00	5,974 07	27,974 07
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	30,000 00	2,250 00	32,250 00
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	90,000 00		90,000 00
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford ‡	227,500 00		227,500 00
Rochester Door of Hope Association	8,500 00		8,500 00
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	260,000 00		260,000 00
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	60,000 00		60,000 00
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	18,500 00	11,277 25	29,777 25
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn	18,000 00		18,000 00
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	131,492 25	11,518 19	143,010 44
Total	$2,175,670 89	$255,485 63	$2,431,156 52

* Founded December 12, 1898. † See above — Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls. ‡ Not open September 30, 1898.

TABLE No. 126.

Showing the receipts of reformatories for women and girls for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From membership fees.
Anchorage (The), Elmira	$1 67				$80 50		
An Open Door for Women, New York							
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	100 14			$3,983 41		$4,950 00	
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	1,174 61		$1,923 65		861 44	1,150 00	
Door of Hope, New York	958 47						
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	60 86				3,041 63		
House of the Good Samaritan, New York	5 22						
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	35,834 17		14,219 53	36,516 70	4,411 93	3,289 66	
House of the Holy Family, New York							
House of Mercy, New York	2,583 98		479 97	10,635 94		8,000 00	
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	2,869 95	$68,429 90					
House of Shelter (The), Albany	100 59		232 44	101 87	124 15		
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	510 51		1,691 06		533 55	1,000 00	$10 00
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	6,438 64			1,619 26			
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	6,145 99				2,749 18		
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	2,887 16				182 00		69 75
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	58		9,015 20		3,732 67		
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford							
Rochester Door of Hope Association	296 06				557 00		119 00
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	18,973 52			20,494 60	827 00	240 29	
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	58 66		60 00	292 00	167 00		
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse			1,724 08	859 61	32 80	165 00	
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn	201 43		2,111 99	300 00			19 00
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	15,716 19	30,000 00					
Total	$94,918 40	$98,429 90	$31,457 92	$74,803 39	$17,300 85	$18,794 95	$217 75

TABLE No. 126—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From entertainments, etc.	From donations voluntary and contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources	Total receipts including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Anchorage (The), Elmira	$44 48	$1,793 49	.....	.....	.....	$282 56	$2,152 70
An Open Door for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	1,802 00	960 70	.....	.....	.....	2,165 28	13,961 53
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	.....	1,694 15	.....	.....	$751 86	18,408 04	25,963 75
Door of Hope, New York	.....	3,684 66	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,643 13
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	.....	2,298 77	.....	.....	.....	416 00	5,817 26
House of the Good Samaritan, New York	.....	1,325 74	.....	.....	.....	832 57	2,173 53
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	.....	.....	$1,803 10	.....	27,000 00	44,326 24	167,801 33
House of the Holy Family, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Mercy, New York	.....	2,757 53	.....	.....	.....	8 875 20	33,332 62
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,485 57	72,785 42
House of Shelter (The), Albany	190 72	843 00	826 52	$400 00	500 00	.....	3,319 29
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	.....	975 45	512 78	947 85	.....	871 00	7,052 20
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	.....	310 00	196 85	.....	.....	174,609 96*	183,174 71
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	.....	.....	209 58	.....	.....	.....	9,104 75
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	.....	3,161 49	243 81	.....	.....	4,179 01	10,728 23
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	.....	1,616 24	.....	.....	.....	12,672 62	27,037 31
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Door of Hope Association	412 81	845 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	.....	12,174 50	.....	.....	2,364 98	25,278 17	2,230 62
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	.....	7,203 34	.....	.....	.....	2,737 66	80,353 06
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	102 52	1,202 64	6 47	.....	855 64	43 93	10,518 06
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn	.....	267 65	.....	.....	.....	606 88	4,991 74
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,229 80	3,506 95
Total	$2,552 53	$43,125 15	$3,799 11	$1,347 85	$31,472 48	$296,969 89	$717,190 17

* Of this amount, $168,000 00 for sale of premises

TABLE No. 127.

Showing the expenditures of reformatories for women and girls for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	Per services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Anchorage (The), Elmira	$110 00	.....	.....	$242 00	.....	$423 29	$36 41
An Open Door for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	2,600 00	.....	$1,349 96	1,518 19	.....	2,316 80	359 87
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	1,107 12	$7,221 00	.....	1,098 78	.....	8,230 67	80 83
Door of Hope, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	601 53	375 80
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	1,332 00	$91 30	1,102 99	96 32
House of the Good Samaritan, New York	.....	.....	670 00	100 00	.....	823 91	87 20
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	1,270 00	.....	.....	9,000 27	.....	50,740 07	328 52
House of the Holy Family, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Mercy, New York	.....	.....	.....	3,267 50	.....	10,779 41	.....
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	.....	.....	.....	30,468 94	.....	12,520 43	.....
House of Shelter (The), Albany	.....	.....	.....	696 90	.....	1,473 11	12 00
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	1,050 00	.....	.....	1,206 18	.....	1,186 83	45 26
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	1,750 00	.....	.....	2,804 00	.....	3,987 57	.....
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	.....	.....	.....	1,043 16	.....	833 95	56 00
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	.....	.....	.....	482 79	.....	2,962 86	156 83
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	.....	1,500 00	.....	1,491 27	.....	7,159 59	.....
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Door of Hope Association	812 80	.....	.....	520 00	.....	574 49	80 58
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	.....	2,200 00	.....	5,380 55	.....	24,286 71	312 92
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	1,134 00	.....	.....	1,126 00	.....	1,974 90	.....
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	.....	.....	.....	1,238 00	.....	1,785 51	33 67
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	1,030 59	.....	1,493 25	62 25
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	.....	.....	.....	14,308 15	.....	6,488 03	.....
Total	$9,833 92	$10,921 00	$2,019 96	$78,355 27	$91 30	$141,745 90	$2,124 46

TABLE No. 127—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance on [illegible]	For buildings and [illegible]
Anchorage (The), Elmira	.....	$194 37	.....	$178 34	.....	.....	$908 63
An Open Door for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	$740 56	1,540 79	$495 65	510 28	$428 83	$189 82	220 46
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	1,478 34	2,108 71	604 01	275 99	832 22	425 11	1,169 60
Door of Hope, New York	55 15	165 74	.....	255 35	63 90	246 90	.....
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	194 73	354 08	184 70	160 37	273 70	378 28	.....
House of the Good Samaritan, New York	49 36	152 24	13 29	61 00	.....	.....	.....
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	6,420 09	5,044 88	345 90	1,3.8 85	3,553 12	566 50	30,145 32
House of the Holy Family, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Mercy, New York	.....	3,458 23	.....	.....	1,777 48	771 49	2,767 91
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	3,301 58	8,400 94	452 95	3,532 93	1,465 66	.....	429 90
House of Shelter (The), Albany	153 44	393 25	81 97	14 00	36 25	120 92	.....
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	165 34	389 29	79 45	68 71	207 99	522 34	96 25
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	.....	1,915 49	.....	.....	950 79	*9,818 64	.....
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	27 77	219 57	21 91	58 34	104 10	.....	500 00
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	330 06	1,193 43	60 24	79 94	1,800 68	46 45	.....
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	3,189 88	2,963 33	464 17	75 22	2,085 79	816 60	.....
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Door of Hope Association	.....	147 50	18 55	.....	45 83	.....	.....
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	6,349 61	4,999 29	689 03	2,479 74	2,108 20	91 80	11,707 24
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	1,850 85	811 70	237 80	372 96	1,258 84	1,668 94	.....
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	473 23	485 39	119 45	150 15	270 27	127 06	101 50
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn	106 32	76 03	20 10	19 90	117 13	60 70	.....
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	1,143 17	4,630 26	215 18	.....	646 15	.....	2,268 35
Total	$26,029 48	$39,644 51	$4,104 36	$9,622 67	$18,026 93	$15,801 65	$100,325 16

* "Back taxes."

TABLE No. 127—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Anchorage (The), Elmira				$12 98	$2,106 02	$46 68
An Open Door for Women, New York						
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York				1,728 70	13,949 91	11 62
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo				1,016 53	25,648 91	314 84
Door of Hope, New York				2,767 33	4,531 70	111 43
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York				1,589 17	5,757 74	59 52
House of the Good Samaritan, New York				196 78	2,153 78	19 75
House of the Good Shepherd, New York				3,490 51	162,234 03	5,167 30
House of the Holy Family, New York						
House of Mercy, New York	$4,000 60	$2,300 00		1,683 15	30,805 17	2,527 45
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson				11,240 58	71,813 91	971 51
House of Shelter (The), Albany		75		225 03	3,207 62	111 67
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	16 35		$1,000 00	112 00	6,145 99	906 21
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York			*152,500 00	4,668 13	178,394 62	4,780 09
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York				138 86	3,003 67	6,101 08
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck				604 87	7,718 15	3,005 07
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	5,400 49			1,877 31	27,023 65	13 66
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford						
Rochester Door of Hope Association					2,199 75	30 87
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	2,822 20	264 74		10,395 36	74,087 39	6,265 67
St Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany					10,435 99	82 07
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse				208 51	4,992 74	
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn		400 00		120 39	3,506 66	29
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion				4,204 88	33,924 17	13,021 82
Total	$12,239 04	$2,965 49	$153,500 00	$46,281 07	$673,641 57	$43,548 00

* Of this amount, $138,000 for "mortgage on property sold."

TABLE No. 123—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	$163 28	$510 63	$414 44	.....	$786 02	$12,056 39	.....
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	366 81	*100 00	.....	*$3,252 07	4,413 39	33,270 42	$23,339 30
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	193 00	200 27	.....	1,163 60	878 83	5,568 58	6,345 38
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	8,847 88	4,003 62	.....	15,019 37	21,316 10	185,059 94	2,119 11
State Industrial School, Rochester	5,515 98	3,291 24	.....	9,252 23	30,734 57	205,251 36	137 06
Total	$15,086 95	$8,105 76	$414 44	$28,687 27	$58,128 91	$441,206 69	$31,940 85

* Payments to January 1, 1898; since that date, these paid by the Department of Public Buildings.

TABLE No. 124.

Showing the number of persons supported in reformatories for children and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1898.

A. Number of Inmates in the Institutions October 1, 1897.

Institutions.	Received by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency.			Received from Parents or Guardians.			Total.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand total.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	.....	.....	.....	49	.....	49	49	.....	49
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	95	.....	95	.....	.....	.....	95	.....	95
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	10	10	.....	10
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	650	102	752	.....	.....	.....	650	102	752
State Industrial School, Rochester	703	135	838	.....	.....	.....	703	135	838
Total	1,448	237	1,685	59	.....	59	1,507	237	1,744

TABLE No. 128—A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1897—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received on Their Own Application.				Otherwise Received.				Total.			
	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Grand total.
Anchorage, (The), Elmira									8			8
An Open Door for Women, New York												
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy family), New York	4	14		18		5		5	7	56	9	72
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	96			96					119			119
Door of Hope, New York	4	2	1	7					4	2	1	7
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	15	3		18					15	3		18
House of the Good Samaritan, New York	8			8					8			8
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	171	12	3	186					200	160	31	391
House of the Holy Family, New York												
House of Mercy New York	23			23					28	90	24	142
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson									*292			292
House of Shelter (The), Albany												
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo		1		1	5			5	18	6		24
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	29			29					50			50
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	25	1		26					25	1		26
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	2			2	6	13	3	22	6	28	15	49
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	1	3		4	23			23	24	73	13	110
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford												
Rochester Door of Hope Association		7		7						7		7
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	255			255					335	27		362
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	20			20					25	2	15	42
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	2			2					4	5	23	32
Wayside Home (The). Brooklyn									20	26		46
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion									*117			117
Total	653	43	4	700	34	18	3	55	1,305	486	131	1,922

* Women and girls.

TABLE No. 124—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	By Indenture.			Returned to Parents or Guardians.			Left Without Permission.			Transferred to Other Institutions.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	43	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Diciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	23	1	.....	1	9	.....	9
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	50	18	68	393	46	439	4	.....	4	12	.....	12
State Industrial School, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	50	18	68	419	46	505	6	.....	6	21	.....	21

TABLE No. 124—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	OTHERWISE DISCHARGED.			DIED.			TOTAL.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Grand Total.
Berkshire Industrial Farm, Canaan Four Corners	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44	.....	44
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School for Boys (The)	3	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	36	.....	36
Charlton Industrial Farm School, Charlton	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York House of Refuge (of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York), Randall's Island	8	3	11	3	1	4	470	68	538
State Industrial School, Rochester	499	120	19	.....	.....	.....	499	120	619
Total	510	123	633	3	1	4	1,049	188	1,237

TABLE NO. 128—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Judicial Commitment for Destitution.				Received by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency.				Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or other Poor Law Officers.			
	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16	Total.
Anchorage (The), Elmira										2		2
An Open Door for Women, New York												
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York							1	1			5	5
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	5	5		10	6	3		9				
Door of Hope, New York												
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York												
House of the Good Samaritan, New York												
House of the Good Shepherd, New York		6	4	10	33	47	18	98				
House of the Holy Family, New York												
House of Mercy, New York					17	10		27				
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson					103			103				
House of Shelter (The), Albany												
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo						2	1	3	32	9		41
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York					21	3		24				
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York												
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck												
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy						51		51				
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford												
Rochester Door of Hope Association												
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn					86	21	9	116				
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany												
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse						5	12	17				
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn					33	25		58				
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion					58			58				
Total	5	11	4	20	357	167	41	565	32	11	5	48

TABLE NO. 128—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received from Parents or Guardians.				Received on Their Own Application.				Otherwise Received.			
	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.
Anchorage (The), Elmira	.....	2	.....	2	4	4	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
An Open Door for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	2	12	4	18	5	17	2	24	.....	6	.....	6
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	2	4	.....	6	12	6	.....	18	.....	.....	15	15
Door of Hope, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	43	.....	57	92	.....	.....	92
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	2	2	.....	4	161	40	.....	201	12	7	.....	19
House of the Good Samaritan, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	136	16	.....	152	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	8	46	7	61	89	37	.....	126	3	.....	.....	3
House of the Holy Family, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Mercy, New York	.....	16	.....	16	5	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Shelter (The), Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	.....	19	.....	19	15	12	.....	27	16	18	.....	34
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	84	5	.....	89	.....	.....	.....	.....
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	.....	.....	2	2	326	85	3	414	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	.....	2	3	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	13	3	17
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	3	.....	2	5	1	1	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Door of Hope Association	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	32	.....	34	.....	.....	.....	.....
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	4	10	6	20	8	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	.....	.....	6	6	.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	1	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	21	113	30	164	901	300	5	1,206	124	44	18	186

TABLE No. 128—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Total. Women over 21.	Total. Girls 16–21.	Total. Girls 2–16.	Total. Grand Total.	Total number in the institution during the year.	Of this total number. Supported by public funds.	Of this total number. Supported by private funds.
Anchorage (The), Elmira	4	8	.....	12	20	.....	20
An Open Door for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	7	35	12	54	126	36	90
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	25	18	15	58	177	23	154
Door of Hope, New York	106	43	.....	149	156	.....	156
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	175	49	.....	224	242	.....	242
House of the Good Samaritan, New York	136	16	.....	152	160	.....	160
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	133	136	29	298	689	275	414
House of the Holy Family, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Mercy, New York	22	26	.....	48	190	137	53
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	*103	.....	.....	103	395	395	.....
House of Shelter (The), Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	63	60	1	124	148	44	104
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	105	8	.....	113	163	45	118
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	326	85	5	416	442	.....	442
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	1	15	6	22	71	.....	71
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	4	52	2	58	168	67	101
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	2	32	.....	34	41	.....	41
Rochester Door of Hope Association	119	21	9	149	511	253	258
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	12	10	6	28	70	6	64
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	.....	6	18	24	56	49	7
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn	39	26	.....	65	111	102	9
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	*58	.....	.....	58	175	175	.....
Total	1,440	646	103	2,189	4,111	1,607	2,504

* Women and girls.

TABLE No. 128—C. DISCHARGED DURING YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Returned to Parents or Guardians.				Left Without Permission.			Transferred to Other Institutions.				Sent Out of the State.		
	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Total.
Anchorage (The), Elmira	2	1	.....	3	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
An Open Door for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	1	10	6	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	3	3
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	6	27	.....	33	.....	1	1	1	1	.....	2	.....	1	1
Door of Hope, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	.....	15	.....	15	.....	.....	.....
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	4	3	.....	7	2	.....	2	16	10	.....	26	10	3	13
House of the Good Samaritan, New York	.....	1	.....	1	14	1	15	39	.....	.....	39	.....	.....	.....
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	30	106	17	153	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	4	1	.....	1
House of the Holy Family, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Mercy, New York	40	.....	5	45	1	.....	1	6	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Shelter (The), Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	3	20	.....	23	20	.....	20	9	5	.....	14	2	2	4
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	.....	4	.....	4	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	1
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	.....	.....	2	2	2	.....	2	83	33	.....	116	.....	.....	.....
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	.....	8	3	11	.....	2	2	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	1	30	.....	31	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Door of Hope Association	.....	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	2	.....	3	.....	.....	.....
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	40	20	6	66	.....	.....	.....	1	3	.....	4	1	.....	1
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	10	4	2	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	.....	3	8	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	.....
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn	14	12	.....	26	.....	.....	.....	6	2	.....	8	.....	.....	.....
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	151	251	49	451	41	5	46	170	72	3	245	15	9	24

TABLE NO. 128—C. DISCHARGED DURING YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Discharged.				Died.				Total.			
	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total
Anchorage (The), Elmira	6	1	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	5	.....	11
An Open Door for Women, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	5	33	.....	38	1	1	..	2	7	48	6	61
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	25	6	.....	31	7	....	.....	1	33	36	.....	69
Door of Hope, New York	59	67	.....	126	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	82	.....	142
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	151	30	.....	181	....	.....	.....	.....	183	46	.....	229
House of the Good Samaritan, New York	81	10	.....	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	134	12	..	146
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	89	44	.....	133	5	3	.....	8	129	153	17	299
House of the Holy Family, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
House of Mercy, New York	16	3	....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	63	8	.....	71
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson	110	.....	.....	110	4	.....	.....	4	114	.....	.....	114
House of Shelter (The), Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	30	30	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	64	57	.....	121
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York	115	.....	.....	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	118	4	...	122
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York	217	80	4	301	.....	.....	.....	.....	302	113	6	421
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	3	6	1	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	16	4	28
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	10	19	10	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	49	10	71
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Door of Hope Association	.....	29	.....	29	.....	1	.....	1	1	34	.....	35
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	170	.....	.....	170	2	.....	.....	2	214	28	6	248
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2	4	12	4	4	20
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse	3	2	2	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	5	13	21
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn	25	3	....	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	17	.....	62
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion	55	.....	.....	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	55	.....	.....	55
Total	1,170	363	17	1,550	15	5	2	22	1,563	710	66	2,338

TABLE No. 128—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received by Judicial Commitment for Destitution.			Received by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency.				Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers			
	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.
Anchorage (The), Elmira									1		1
An Open Door for Women, New York											
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York						6	3			8	8
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	5		5					2	1		3
Door of Hope, New York											
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York											
House of the Good Samaritan, New York											
House of the Good Shepherd, New York				35	109	38	182				
House of the Holy Family, New York											
House of Mercy, New York				2	55	7	64				
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson				281			281				
House of Shelter (The), Albany											
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo					2	1	3	10	2		12
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York				6			6				
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York											
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck											
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy					71	5	76				
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford											
Rochester Door of Hope Association											
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn				52	25	3	80				
St. And's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany					2	1	3				
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse					6	24	30				
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn				9	32		41				
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion				120			120				
Total	5		5	505	302	82	889	12	4	8	24

TABLE No. 128—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Received From Parents or Guardians.				Received on Their Own Application.			
	Women over 21.	Girls 16–21.	Girls 2–16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16–21.	Girls 2–16.	Total.
Anchorage (The), Elmira		2		2	4	2		6
An Open Door for Women, New York								
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York	3	26	3	32	4	11	1	16
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	1	11		12	73			73
Door of Hope, New York		2		2	7	5		12
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York	1	1		2	7	4		11
House of the Good Samaritan, New York					12	2		14
House of the Good Shepherd, New York	6	17	5	28	163	17		180
House of the Holy Family, New York								
House of Mercy, New York		4	8	12	7			7
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson								
House of Shelter (The), Albany								
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo		5		5	5			5
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York					33	2		35
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York					18	3		21
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck		17	8	25				
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy					1	4		5
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford								
Rochester Door of Hope Association					1	5		6
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn					188			188
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany	9	6	16	31	16			16
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse			4	4	1			1
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn					7	1		8
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion								
Total	20	91	44	155	547	56	1	604

TABLE NO. 128—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Received.				Total.				Average number of inmates during the year.
	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Grand total.	
Anchorage (The), Elmira					4	5		9	8
An Open Door for Women, New York									
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York		6		6	7	43	15	65	68
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo			15	15	76	17	15	108	125
Door of Hope, New York					7	7		14	156
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York					8	5		13	21
House of the Good Samaritan, New York					12	2		14	14
House of the Good Shepherd, New York					204	143	43	390	320
House of the Holy Family, New York									
House of Mercy, New York	36			36	45	59	15	119	127
House of Refuge for Women, Hudson					281			281	274
House of Shelter (The), Albany									
Ingleside Home for Reclaiming the Erring, Buffalo	2			2	17	9	1	27	32
Magdalen Asylum (of the New York Magdalen Benevolent Society), New York					39	2		41	60
Margaret Strachan Home (The), New York					18	3		21	36
Midnight Mission (The), Mamaroneck	2	15	4	21	2	32	12	46	49
Mount Magdalen School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Troy	15	1		16	16	76	5	97	105
New York State Reformatory for Women, Bedford									
Rochester Door of Hope Association					1	5		6	
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn					240	25	3	268	300
St. Ann's School of Industry and Reformatory of the Good Shepherd, Albany					25	8	17	50	55
Shelter for Unprotected Girls, Syracuse					1	6	28	35	31
Wayside Home (The), Brooklyn					16	33		49	50
Western House of Refuge for Women, Albion					120			120	114
Total	55	22	19	96	1,139	480	154	1,773	

TABLE No. 128.

Showing the number of persons supported in reformatories for women and girls and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1898.

A. Number of Inmates in the Institution October 1, 1897.

Institutions.	Received by Judicial Commitment for Destitution.			Received by Judicial Commitment for Delinquency.				Received by Commitment of Superintendents of the Poor or Other Poor Law Officers.			Received From Parents or Guardians.			
	Women over 21.	Girls 2-16	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Total	Women over 21.	Girls 16-21.	Girls 2-16.	Total.
Anchorage (The), Elmira											8			8
An Open Door for Women, New York														
Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls (House of the Holy Family), New York						5	5				3	37	4	44
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	1		1	7			7	4		4	11			11
Door of Hope, New York														
Florence Crittenton Mission (The), New York														
House of the Good Samaritan, New York														
House of the Good Shepherd, New York				20	130	17	167				9	18	11	38

TABLE No. 130.

Showing the receipts of societies for relief for sick poor for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From legacies.	From membership fees.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Albany Guild for the Care of the Sick Poor, The	$120 45					
Bethany Deaconess' Society (of the East German Conference of the M. E Church), Brooklyn	81 90					
Brooklyn Flower and Fruit Charity	585 79					$58 50
Buffalo Deaconess' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church	149 34		$100 00	$100 00	$300 00	100 00
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Sick Children's Mission						
Diet Kitchen of St. Thomas' House, New York						
District Nursing Association of the City of Buffalo	438 35			1,000 00		360 00
Du Bois Fund for Training Nurses for the Deserving Sick Poor, New York						
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn						
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany						
Island Mission (The), New York						
Lena Invalid Aid Society, New York	850 03				400 75	1,030 19
Little Sisters of the Assumption, New York	869 08			1,000 00		2,419 25
Manhattan East Side Mission, New York	210 00	†$200 00				
New York City Mission and Tract Society, Woman's Branch	973 64					
New York Diet Kitchen Association	1,085 02					891 62
New York Dorcas Society	24 64					
New York Female Sick Assistance Society*						
New York Flower and Fruit Mission						
New York Tenement House Chapter of the King's Daughters and Sons	110 35	†200 00			255 34	352 26
Rochester Female Charitable Society, (The)	1,628 24				67 65	
St. John's Guild, New York:						
Special Relief to Sick Children						
Sisters of Bon Secours of New York	106 60					
Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis (of St. Francis' Hospital), New York						
Society of the Helpers of the Holy Souls, New York	853 00				3,009 50	2,100 00
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, District Nursery Department, New York						
Total	$8,086 43	$400 00	$100 00	$2,100 00	$4,033 24	$7,311 82

* See New York Dorcas Society. † For public library by chapter 378 of the Laws of 1892.

TABLE No. 130—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct 1, 1897.
Albany Guild for the Care of the Sick Poor (The)	$1,740 12			$354 58	$2,215 15
Bethany Deaconess' Society (of the East German Conference of the M. E. Church), Brooklyn	315 12			553 25	950 27
Brooklyn Flower and Fruit Charity	29 50	$5 30			679 09
Buffalo Deaconess' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church	2,116 15			100 00	2,965 49
Children's Aid Society, New York:					
Sick Children's Mission				*655 48	655 48
Diet Kitchen of St. Thomas' House, New York	561 00				561 00
District Nursing Association of the City of Buffalo	3,441 83	73 68			5,313 86
Du Bois Fund for Training Nurses for the Deserving Sick Poor, New York					
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn					
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany					
Island Mission (The), New York					
Lena Invalid Aid Society, New York					2,280 97
Little Sisters of the Assumption, New York	1,534 50			1,373 85	7,196 68
Manhattan East Side Mission, New York	4,619 73	150 05	$1,388 00	11,211 40	17,779 18
New York City Mission and Tract Society, Woman's Branch	24,377 05	1,553 67		96 75	27,001 11
New York Diet Kitchen Association	5,045 50	1,047 68		1,152 41	9,222 23
New York Dorcas Society	37 00			60 00	121 64
New York Female Sick Assistance Society†					
New York Flower and Fruit Mission					
New York Tenement House Chapter of the King's Daughters and Sons	2,910 50			1,075 15	4,903 60
Rochester Female Charitable Society, (The)	2,202 65	3,116 62			7,015 16
St. John's Guild, New York:					
Special Relief to Sick Children					13 782 60
Sisters of Bon Secours of New York	13,876 00				
Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis (of St Francis' Hospital), New York	1,326 74			315 39	7,604 63
Society of the Helpers of the Holy Souls, New York					
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, District Nursery Department, New York					
Total	$83,983 39	$5,947 00	$1,388 00	$16,948,26	$110,248 14

† New York Dorcas Society.

TABLE No. 131.

Showing the expenditures of societies for relief for sick poor for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing Oct. 1, 1897.	For rent	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Albany Guild for the Care of Sick Poor (The)				*$1,732 92		$80 55	
Bethany Deaconess' Society (of the East German Conference of the M. E. Church), Brooklyn					$335 20	22 98	$139 93
Brooklyn Flower and Fruit Charity				26 56			
Buffalo Deaconess' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church	$150 00		$676 00	82 30	1,000 00	124 55	
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Sick Children's Mission				292 55	114 88	13 00	
Diet Kitchen of St. Thomas' House, New York				240 00	321 00		
District Nursing Association of the City of Buffalo				*2,623 80	1,526 45	109 30	
Du Bois Fund for Training Nurses for the Deserving Sick Poor, New York							
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn							
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany							
Island Mission (The), New York							
Lena Invalid Aid Society, New York			22 50			58 97	
Little Sisters of the Assumption, New York	4,550 00				1,100 00	143 15	150 00
Manhattan East Side Mission, New York			600 00	4,881 08	5,725 43	148 63	
New York City Mission and Tract Society, Woman's Branch				17,438 85		305 13	
New York Diet Kitchen Association			120 00	1,756 00	5,448 40	100 39	
New York Dorcas Society				7 00			
New York Female Sick Assistance Society							
New York Flower and Fruit Mission							
New York Tenement House Chapter of the King's Daughters and Sons			900 00	2,246 25		128 21	
Rochester Female Charitable Society (The)					5,417 85	15 76	108 93
St. John's Guild, New York:							
Special Relief to Sick Children							
Sisters of Bon Secours of New York	5,898 00	$506 00		780 00	1,914 00	80 00	597 00
Sisters of the Poor of St Francis (of St. Francis' Hospital), New York							
Society of the Helpers of the Holy Souls, New York	2,000 00			1,074 00	1,407 24	69 80	32 65
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, District Nursing Department, New York							
Total	$12,598 00	$506 00	$2,318 50	$33,181 31	$24,310 45	$1,392 42	$1,027 91

* For services of regular and emergency nurses.

TABLE No. 131—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans.
Albany Guild for the Care of Sick Poor (The)		$80 00					
Bethany Deaconess' Society (of the East German Conference of the M. E. Church), Brooklyn	$28 50	4 10	$18 77	$8 13			
Brooklyn Flower and Fruit Charity							
Buffalo Deaconess' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church	125 00			109 25	$29 87	$115 00	
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Sick Children's Mission		89 30					
Diet Kitchen of St. Thomas' House, New York							
District Nursing Association of the City of Buffalo	245 08	31 50					
Du Bois Fund for Training Nurses for the Deserving Sick Poor, New York							
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn							
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany							
Island Mission (The), New York							
Lena Invalid Aid Society, New York		916 99					
Little Sisters of the Assumption, New York	250 75	50 30		50 00	153 75		
Manhattan East Side Mission, New York	1,520 22		304 94	332 67	56 31		$1,047 75
New York City Mission and Tract Society, Woman's Branch							
New York Diet Kitchen Association	19 67						
New York Dorcas Society							
New York Female Sick Assistance Society							
New York Flower and Fruit Mission							
New York Tenement House Chapter of the King's Daughters and Sons	107 01	131 63		147 86	6 67		
Rochester Female Charitable Society (The)							
St. John's Guild, New York:							
Special Relief to Sick Children							
Sisters of Bon Secours of New York							
Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis (of St. Francis' Hospital), New York	300 00	454 00	66 00	540 00	352 06		
Society of the Helpers of the Holy Souls, New York							
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, District Nursing Department, New York	376 72	80 51	6 25	425 29	40 00		
Total	$2,972 95	$1,838 33	$395 06	$1,613 20	$688 60	$115 00	$1,047 75

TABLE No. 131—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For investment.	For general out-door relief for the poor with homes.	For meals, lodgings and other relief for the homeless.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Albany Guild for the Care of Sick Poor (The)	$50 00				$206 69	$2,150 16	$64 99
Bethany Deaconess' Society (of the East German Conference of the M. E Church), Brooklyn					280 43	838 04	112 23
Brooklyn Flower and Fruit Charity					172 75	199 31	479 78
Buffalo Deaconess' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church						2,411 97	553 52
Children's Aid Society, New York:							
Sick Children's Mission					145 75	655 48	
Diet Kitchen of St. Thomas' House, New York						561 00	
District Nursing Association of the City of Buffalo					5 85	4,541 98	771 88
Du Bois Fund for Training Nurses for the Deserving Sick Poor, New York							
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn							
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany							
Island Mission (The), New York							
Lena Invalid Aid Society, New York						993 46	1,287 51
Little Sisters of the Assumption, New York		$120 00			138 49	7,003 44	193 24
Manhattan East Side Mission, New York			$750 00		527 65	15,894 68	1,884 50
New York City Mission and Tract Society, Woman's Branch					8,306 96	26,050 94	950 17
New York Diet Kitchen Association					45 49	7,489 95	1,732 28
New York Dorcas Society					68 29	75 29	46 35
New York Female Sick Assistance Society							
New York Flower and Fruit Mission							
New York Tenement House Chapter of the King's Daughters and Sons		164 77		$584 47	485 49	4,902 36	1 24
Rochester Female Charitable Society (The)						5,542 54	1,472 62
St. John's Guild, New York:							
Special Relief to Sick Children							
Sisters of Bon Secours of New York		990 00	38 50		1,209 00	13,724 50	58 10
Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis (of St Francis' Hospital), New York							
Society of the Helpers of the Holy Souls, New York		414 35	299 40		390 37	6,615 98	988 65
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, District Nursing Department, New York							
Total	$50 00	$1,989 12	$1,087 90	$584 47	$11,983 21	$99,651 08	$10,597 06

TABLE No. 132.

Showing the statistics of societies for relief for sick poor for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons with homes relieved during the year.	Number of branches persons relieved during the year.	Number of persons added fresh air relief during the year.	Number of persons for whom permanent employment was secured during the year.	Number of persons for whom temporary employment was secured during the year.	Number of cases investigated for other organizations and private persons.
Albany Guild for the Care of the Sick Poor (The)	491					
Bethany Deaconess' Society (of the East German Conference of the M. E. Church), Brooklyn						
Brooklyn Flower and Fruit Charity						
Buffalo Deaconess' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church	549			10	440	
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Sick Children's Mission	466					
Diet Kitchen of St. Thomas' House, New York	6,000					
District Nursing Association of the City of Buffalo	1,376					
Du Bois Fund for Training Nurses for the Deserving Sick Poor, New York						
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn						
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany	310					
Island Mission (The), New York						
Lena Invalid Aid Society, New York	345					
Little Sisters of the Assumption, New York	450					
Manhattan East Side Mission, New York	352	530	183	20	77	
New York City Mission and Tract Society, Woman's Branch	900	60	1,475	80	300	
New York Diet Kitchen Association	18,112					
New York Dorcas Society						
New York Female Sick Assistance Society						
New York Flower and Fruit Mission						
New York Tenement House Chapter of King's Daughters and Sons						
Rochester Female Charitable Society (The)	1,200	15	1,552	11	18	4
St. John's Guild, New York:	900					
Special Relief to Sick Children						
Sisters of Bon Secours of New York						
Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis (of St. Francis' Hospital), New York	295	1,825				
Society of the Helpers of the Holy Souls, New York	675	1,589			50	
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, District Nursing Department, New York	14,535	15	265		16	
Total	1,700		55			
	48,726	4,048	3,480	120	700	4

TABLE No. 132—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from other organizations.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from private sources.	Number of persons placed in hospitals or institutions.	Number of cases in which legal advice or assistance was given.	Number of societies and churches co-operating.	Number of volunteer visitors.
Albany Guild for the Care of the Sick Poor (The)			23			
Bethany Deaconess' Society (of the East German Conference of the M. E. Church), Brooklyn					51	
Brooklyn Flower and Fruit Charity					12	25
Buffalo Deaconess' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church			39	6	300	
Children's Aid Society, New York:						
Sick Children's Mission						
Diet Kitchen of St. Thomas' House, New York						
District Nursing Association of the City of Buffalo			56		9	
Du Bois Fund for Training Nurses for the Deserving Sick Poor, New York						
Hebrew Benevolent Association of Brooklyn						
Home and Training School for Christian Workers, Albany						
Island Mission (The), New York						
Lena Invalid Aid Society, New York			22			
Little Sisters of the Assumption, New York						
Manhattan East Side Mission, New York	14	72	22			62
New York City Mission and Tract Society, Woman's Branch			243		18	
New York Diet Kitchen Association						
New York Dorcas Society						
New York Female Sick Assistance Society						
New York Flower and Fruit Mission						
New York Tenement House Chapter of the King's Daughters and Sons	21	91	16	2	32	2
Rochester Female Charitable Society (The)						92
St. John's Guild, New York:						
Special Relief to Sick Children						
Sisters of Bon Secours of New York						28
Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis (of St. Francis' Hospital), New York						
Society of the Helpers of the Holy Souls, New York		2,575	25		1	
United Relief Works of the Society for Ethical Culture, District Nursing Department, New York			50			
Total	35	2,738	496	8	423	209

TABLE No. 133.

Showing the estimated value of the property of schools for blind and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Personal.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York	$427,895 93	$309,687 74	$736,983 67	.....	$11,357 76	$11,357 76	.....	$4,871 00	$4,871 00
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	368,091 90	17,994 40	386,086 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$795,987 83	$327,682 14	$1,123,069 97	.....	$11,357 76	$11,357 76	.....	$4,871 00	$4,871 00

TABLE No. 134.

Showing the receipts of schools for blind for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From legacies.	From interest and dividends on investment.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York	$7,658 54	$40,445 42	$6,511 93	$250 00	$12,897 49	*$13,542 00	†$5,000 00	$11,259 26	$97,564 64
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	2,013 95	50,472 44	‡1,731 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	336 38	54,553 97
Total	$9,672 49	$90,917 86	$8,243 13	$250 00	$12,897 49	$13,542 00	$5,000 00	$11,595 64	$152,118 61

* Of this amount $10,000 "from bond and mortgage paid off. † "Transfer from investment fund." ‡ "From counties, towns and cities.

16957.35

TABLE No. 135.

Showing the expenditures of schools for blind for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For clothing.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York	*$27,474 13	$13,860 44	$2,066 53	$3,724 99	$68 45	†$5,622 88	‡$6,213 38
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	22,259 82	7,630 97	912 37	1,902 15	171 45	1,350 00	253 95
Total	$49,733 95	$21,491 41	$2,978 90	$5,627 14	$239 90	$6,972 88	$6,467 33

* "And teachers." † "And fixtures." ‡ "And alterations."

TABLE No. 135—(*Concluded.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York	$3,633 00	.....	$18,542 00	$8,169 41	$88,375 21	$9,189 43
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	.....	$9,480 98	.....	8,248 72	52,210 41	2,343 56
Total	$3,633 00	$9,480 98	18,542 00	$16,418 13	$140,585 62	$11,532 99

TABLE No. 137.

Showing the estimated value of the property of schools for deaf and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate	Personal property.	Total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf			
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	$130,000 00	$5,206 16	$135,206 16
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	208,716 71		208,716 71
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	234,000 00		234,000 00
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	526,000 00	171,164 39	697,164 39
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	99,446 36		99,446 36
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	512,238 66		512,238 66
Institution at Fordham			
Institution at Westchester			
Western New York Institution for Deaf Mutes, Rochester	130,000 00		130,000 00
Total	$1,840,401 73	$176,370 55	$2,016,772 28

TABLE No. 137 (*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf						
Central New York Institution for Deaf Mutes, Rome		$12,000 00	$12,000 00		$14,500 00	$14,500 00
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, New York	$33,750 00		33,750 00	$39,000 00	3,000 00	42,000 00
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, Buffalo	30,000 00	14,298 88	44,298 88	30,000 00	50,000 00	80,000 00
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York						
Northern New York Institution for Deaf Mutes, Malone				900 00		900 00
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes	231,000 00		231,000 00	218,000 00		218,000 00
Institution at Fordham						
Institution at Westchester						
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	19,000 00	10,023 17	29,023 17	19,000 00	13,084 31	32,084 31
Total	$314,750 00	$36,322 05	$351,072 05	$306,900 00	$80,584 31	$387,484 31

TABLE No. 138.

Showing the receipts of schools for deaf for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From legacies.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	$117 13	$1,000 97	$3,686 75	$277 30	.....	.....
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	435 48	23,648 37	12,886 93	.....	.....	.....
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	9,207 79	26,929 58	26,923 83	350 00	$3,000 00	.....
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	271 29	17,695 16	14,106 95	1,867 00	.....	$200 00
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	10,701 32	61,504 35	*111,892 41	2,929 75	1,451 95	.....
Northern New York Institution for Deaf Mutes, Malone	5,836 69	23,569 19	7,270 00	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	2,885 03	44,216 74	44,881 74	791 75	.....	.....
Institution at Fordham†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	24,661 82	21,715 38	150 00	.....	.....
Total	$29,454 73	$223,226 18	$243,363 99	$6,365 80	$4,451 95	$200 00

* Included in this item $83,614.69 for tuition for 1896 and 1897 not paid because of litigation. † Finances included above.

TABLE No. 138—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	$5,082 15
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	.....	.....	.....	$2,500 00	$166 67	39,637 45
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	$126 30	.....	.....	8,250 00	.....	74,787 50
Le Couteulx St Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	5,227 00	$68 68	.....	37,000 00	1,700 00	78,186 08
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	15 00	7,055 03	$12,092 50	5,000 00	393 48	213,085 79
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	.....	171 47	36,847 35
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	11,754 46	.....	.....	.....	613 89	105,143 61
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	5,434 81	2,131 53	54,098 04
Total	$17,122 76	$7,123 71	$12,092 50	$58,184 81	$5,177 04	$606,762 97

TABLE No. 139.

Showing the expenditures of schools for deaf for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness on real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	.....	.....	$900 00	$2,202 30	$1,395 56	$48 66
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	.....	.....	.....	20,687 86	6,905 60	40 73
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	$1,821 93	.....	.....	31,833 61	13,046 24	317 39
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	1,395 85	$2,902 12	.....	12,596 00	7,530 86	556 43
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	.....	.....	.....	60,248 80	22,947 32	1,493 58
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	9,838 39	4,522 43	.....
St Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	13,990 00	11,923 93	.....	33,613 56	16,271 47	.....
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	1,140 00	.....	200 00	23,267 39	8,998 38	1,961 50
Total	$18,347 78	$14,826 05	$1,100 00	$194,287 91	$81,617 86	$4,418 29

TABLE No. 133.

Showing the estimated value of the property of schools for blind and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.	Indebtedness Oct 1, 1897.			Indebtedness Oct. 1, 1898.		
				Real.	Personal.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
New York Institution for the Blind, New York	$427,295 93	$309,687 74	$736,983 67	.....	$11,357 76	$11,357 76	.....	$4,871 00	$4,871 00
New York State School for the Blind, Batavia	368,091 90	17,994 40	386,086 30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	$795,387 83	$327,682 14	$1,123,069 97	.....	$11,357 76	$11,357 76	.....	$4,871 00	$4,871 00

TABLE No. 139—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For buildings and improvements.	For re-payment of loans.	For interest on loans.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	.....	.....	.....	$101 41	$5,082 15	.....
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	.....	.....	$785 65	2,535 27	38,334 79	$1,302 66
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	$2,569 98	.....	.....	711 05	65,295 91	9,491 59
Le Couteulx St Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	47,318 21	.....	525 00	713 14	77,436 06	700 02
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	526 98	$42,000 00	369 98	13,289 65	175,006 40	38,029 39
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	8,168 48	.....	.....	5,507 74	32,920 06	3,927 29
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	3,002 53	.....	9,911 50	4,136 09	102,570 64	2,572 97
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	903 13	2,423 17	100 31	4,184 23	54,093 04	.....
Total	$62,489 31	$44,423 17	$11,725 44	$31,178 58	$550,739 05	$56,028 92

TABLE No. 135.

Showing the expenditures of schools for blind for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For poor supplies and supplies.	For clothing.	For fuel and light.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.

TABLE No. 140—A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1897—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	OTHERWISE RECEIVED.			TOTAL.					
	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Grand total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	6	15
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	43	42	85	.....	.....	.....	71	66	137
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	99	88	187
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	7	63	62	138
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	254	139	.....	.....	393
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	12	30	19	80
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	190	168	358
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	4	24*	27	51	58	164
Total	43	42	85	4	363	185	513	467	1,472

TABLE No. 136.

Showing the number of persons supported in schools for blind and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of pupils in the Institution Oct. 1, 1897.	Number of pupils received during the year.	Total supported	Returned to parents or guardians.	Total.	REMAINING OCTOBER 1, 1898.

TABLE No. 137.

Showing the estimated value of the property of schools for deaf and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate	Personal property.	Total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf			
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	$130,000 00	$5,206 16	$135,206 16
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	208,716 71		208,716 71
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	234,000 00		234,000 00
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	526,000 00	171,164 39	697,164 39
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	99,446 36		99,446 36
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	512,238 66		512,238 66
Institution at Fordham			
Institution at Westchester			
Western New York Institution for Deaf Mutes, Rochester	130,000 00		130,000 00
Total	$1,840,401 73	$176,370 55	$2,016,772 28

TABLE No. 140.

Showing the number of persons supported in schools for deaf and the changes during the year ending September 30, 1898.

A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1897.

INSTITUTIONS.	RECEIVED BY COMMITMENT OF SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR OR OTHER POOR LAW OFFICERS.			RECEIVED FROM PARENTS OR GUARDIANS.					
	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls. 2-16.	Total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	7	6	13	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	28	24	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	98	88	186	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	7	63	62	138
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	254	139	.....	.....	393
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	12	30	19	80
St Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	176	158	334	.....	.....	.....	14	10	24
Institution at Fordham*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	4	24	27	51	58	164
Total	309	276	585	4	303	185	161	149	802

* Statistics included above.

TABLE NO. 140—A. NUMBER OF INMATES IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1897—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	OTHERWISE RECEIVED.			TOTAL.					
	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Grand total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	6	15
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	43	42	85	.....	.....	.....	71	66	137
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	99	88	187
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	7	63	62	138
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	254	139	.....	.....	393
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	12	30	19	80
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	190	168	358
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	4	24*	27	51	58	164
Total	43	42	85	4	303	185	513	467	1,472

TABLE No. 138—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	$5,082 15
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	.....	.....	.....	$2,500 00	$166 67	39,037 45
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, New York	$126 30	.....	.....	8,250 00	.....	74,787 50
Le Couteulx St Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	5,227 00	$68 68	.....	37,000 00	1,700 00	78,136 08

TABLE No. 140—B. RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Received.					Total.					Total number in the institution during the year.	Of this Total Number.	
	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Grand total.		Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	1	4	19	16	3
Central New York Institution for Deaf Mutes, Rome	.....	.....	4	1	5	.....	.....	7	6	13	150	146	4
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	11	27	214	212	2
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	14	13	30	168	151	17
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	6	.....	26	16	48	6	3	26	16	51	444	433	11
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	5	10	90	90	.....
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes	.....	1	1	6	8	1	1	15	24	41	399	376	23
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	11	11	24	188	187	1
Total	6	1	31	23	61	10	6	97	87	200	1,672	1,611	61

TABLE No. 140—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Returned to Parents or Guardians.							Left Without Permission.		
	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf					1		1			
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome					3	1	4	2	4	6
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York					10	10	20			
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo			2	4	6	4	16			
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York										
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone		1	1	1	1	1	5			
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes			11	12	5	6	34			
Institution at Fordham										
Institution at Westchester										
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	3	2	5	4	5	1	20			
Total	3	3	19	21	31	23	100	2	4	6

TABLE No. 140 — C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR SEPTEMBER 30, 1898 — (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	TRANSFERRED TO OTHER INSTITUTIONS			OTHERWISE DISCHARGED.						
	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	.....	.....	.....	2	1	12	12	8	6	41
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1	2	3	2	1	12	12	8	6	41

TABLE NO. 140—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR [illegible] (Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Died.				Total.						
	Men over 21	Boys 12-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Grand total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf									1	1	2
Central New York Institution for Deaf Mutes, Rome									5	6	11
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, New York									11	10	21
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo							2	4	6	4	16
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York					2	1	12	12	8	6	41
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes		1	1	2			11	12	6	7	36
Institution at Fordham											
Institution at Westchester											
Western New York Institution for Deaf Mutes, Rochester					3	2	5	4	5	1	20
Total	1	1	1	3	6	4	31	33	43	36	153

TABLE NO. 140—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	RECEIVED BY COMMITMENT OF SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR OR OTHER POOR LAW OFFICERS.			RECEIVED FROM PARENTS OR GUARDIANS.						
	Boys 2-16	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	9	6	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	23	21	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	102	89	191	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Le Couteulx St Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	12	15	64	60	152
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	1	2	6
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	1	1	21	18	28	15	84
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	135	129	264	.....	.....	1	.....	12	10	23
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	4	4	23	26	47	64	168
Total	269	245	514	6	5	58	61	156	151	437

TABLE No. 140—C. DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1898.—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	DIED.				TOTAL.						
	Men over 21	Boys 12–16.	Girls 2–16.	Total.	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Boys 16–21.	Girls 16–21.	Boys 2–16.	Girls 2–16.	Grand total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf									1	1	2
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome									5	6	11
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, New York									11	10	21
Le Couteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo							2	4	6	4	16
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York					2	1	12	12	8	6	41
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes		1	1	2			11	12	6	7	36
Institution at Fordham											
Institution at Westchester											
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester					3	2	5	4	5	1	20
Total	1	1	1	3	6	4	31	33	43	36	153

TABLE NO. 140—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	RECEIVED BY COMMITMENT OF SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR OR OTHER POOR LAW OFFICERS.			RECEIVED FROM PARENTS OR GUARDIANS.						
	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-10.	Girls 2-16.	Total.
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	9	6	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	23	21	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, New York	102	89	191	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Le Couteulx St Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	12	15	64	60	152
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	1	2	6
Northern New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	1	1	21	18	28	15	84
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes	135	129	264	.....	.....	1	.....	12	10	23
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	4	4	23	26	47	64	168
Total	269	245	514	6	5	58	61	156	151	437

TABLE NO. 140—D. NUMBER OF INMATES REMAINING IN THE INSTITUTION OCTOBER 1, 1898—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Otherwise Received.							Total.							Average number of inmates during the year.
	Men over 21.	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Total.	Men over 21	Women over 21.	Boys 16-21.	Girls 16-21.	Boys 2-16.	Girls 2-16.	Grand total.	
Albany Home School for the Oral Instruction of the Deaf	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	6	17	17
Central New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rome	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	46	96	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	66	139	130
Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	104	89	193	190
Le Conteulx St. Mary's Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf-Mutes, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	12	15	64	60	152	140
New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, New York	1	1	52	22	206	115	397	1	1	53	24	207	117	403	396
Northern New York Institution for Deaf Mutes, Malone	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	21	18	28	15	84	75
St. Joseph's Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes	.....	.....	44	32	.....	.....	76	.....	.....	45	32	147	139	363	378
Institution at Fordham	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Institution at Westchester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western New York Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Rochester	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	4	23	26	47	64	168	170
Total	1	1	96	54	256	160	568	7	6	154	115	681	556	1,519	.....

TABLE No. 141.

Showing the estimated aggregate value of the property of the institutions and societies under the supervision of the Board, and their indebtedness October 1, 1897, *and October* 1, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Total.
State Institutions	$4,743,896 51	$979,248 52	$5,723,145 03
County Almshouses	2,996,930 00		2,996,930 00
City and Town Almshouse Institutions	9,968,000 00		9,968,000 00
Charity Organization and Kindred Societies	306,404 15	48,528 22	354,932 37
Day Nurseries	297,073 33	25,190 30	322,263 63
Dispensaries	1,056,896 05	746,555 93	1,803,451 98
Eleemosynary Educational Institutions*	460,694 67	160,672 38	621,367 05
Employment by or through Charity, Societies for*	28,615 19	142,439 12	171,054 31
Fresh Air Charities*	223,429 74	125,996 40	349,426 14
General Out-Door Relief, Societies for	856,834 51	1,592,818 59	2,449,653 10
Homes for Aged	13,777,625 58	4,003,603 89	17,781,229 47
Homes for Blind	90,000 00	173,150 00	263,150 00
Homes for Children*	19,371,715 81	7,086,587 20	26,458,303 01
Homes for Discharged Prisoners	72,500 00	92,984 00	165,484 00
Homes for Feeble Minded†			
Homes, Temporary, for Men and Boys	117,001 32	7,116 19	124,117 51
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Children	227,218 98	47,167 46	274,386 44
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Girls*	329,900 00	170,040 50	499,940 50
Homes and Missions for Immigrants	390,946 00	3,063,170 00	3,454,116 00
Hospitals*	22,503,440 93	7,783,491 53	30,286,932 46
Hospitals and Homes for Consumptives	788,400 00	160,530 75	948,930 75
Hospitals and Homes for Convalescents	263,000 00	17,228 30	280,228 30
Hospitals and Homes for Epileptics*	121,000 00	912 91	121,912 91
Hospitals and Homes for Incurables	1,075,712 75	578,133 42	1,653,846 17
Hospitals and Homes for Inebriates	250,000 00	97,000 00	347,000 00
Humane Societies	5,400 00	9,837 32	15,237 32
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for		19,621 00	19,621 00
Placing Out Children in Families, Societies for			
Reformatories for Children*	164,123 66	13,848 00	177,971 66
Reformatories for Women and Girls*	1,521,800 00	221,251 32	1,743,051 32
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	259,718 65	78,821 00	338,539 65
Schools for Blind†			
Schools for Deaf*	1,314,401 73	5,206 16	1,319,607 89
Total	$83,582,679 56	$27,451,150 41	$111,033,829 97

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones on previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions.

TABLE No. 141—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1897.			INDEBTEDNESS OCTOBER 1, 1898.		
	Real.	Other.	Total.	Real.	Other.	Total.
State Institutions	.....	$2,339 57	$2,339 57	.....	$6,568 57	$6,568 57
County Almshouses	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
City and Town Almshouse Institutions	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charity Organization and Kindred Societies	$20,800 00	3,182 98	23,982 98	$20,800 00	7,972 60	28,772 60
Day Nurseries	26,725 00	.....	26,725 00	36,300 00	15 18	36,315 18
Dispensaries	91,500 00	7,628 10	99,128 10	99,000 00	6,793 13	105,793 13
Eleemosynary Educational Institutions *	41,750 00	17,551 05	59,301 05	41,750 00	16,764 49	58,514 49
Employment by or through Charity, Societies for *	.....	815 18	815 18	.....	8,890 12	8,890 12
Fresh Air Charities *	9,750 00	3,810 34	13,560 34	18,250 00	2,201 91	20,451 91
General Out-Door Relief, Societies for	67,591 74	3,973 93	71,565 67	57,558 00	1,607 24	59,165 24
Homes for Aged	302,494 69	46,017 49	348,512 18	249,300 00	54,510 12	303,810 12
Homes for Blind	29,773 57	.....	29,773 57	29,773 57	.....	29,773 57
Homes for Children *	2,265,685 95	478,125 61	2,743,811 56	2,475,998 58	595,742 51	3,071,741 09
Homes for Discharged Prisoners	24,000 00	.....	24,000 00	22,000 00	350 00	22,350 00
Homes for Feeble-Minded †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homes, Temporary, for Men and Boys	56,750 00	9,439 00	66,189 00	56,750 00	11,168 84	67,918 84
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Children	31,000 00	875 93	31,875 93	31,000 00	.....	31,000 00
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Girls	46,500 00	30,362 00	76,862 00	54,000 00	11,738 10	65,738 10
Homes and Missions for Immigrants	54,684 35	10,451 03	65,135 38	52,999 25	8,937 77	61,937 02
Hospitals *	2,875,092 73	402,296 66	3,277,389 39	2,989,401 67	432,925 48	3,422,327 15
Hospitals and Homes for Consumptives	39,600 00	40,521 63	80,121 63	34,100 00	60,406 77	94,506 77
Hospitals and Homes for Convalescents	123,475 00	2,198 45	125,673 45	24,566 36	102,200 00	126,766 36
Hospitals and Homes for Epileptics *	40,360 00	9,477 11	49,837 11	38,800 00	18,500 00	57,300 00
Hospitals and Homes for Incurables	95,700 00	4,327 57	100,027 57	106,200 00	4,645 01	110,845 01
Hospitals and Homes for Inebriates	75,000 00	100,488 61	175,488 61	75,000 00	125,435 02	200,435 02
Humane Societies	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,202 60	2,202 60
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Placing Out Children in Families, Societies for	.....	995 55	995 55	.....	1,827 71	1,827 71
Reformatories for Children *	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,182 94	1,182 94
Reformatories for Women and Girls *	183,630 22	91,434 29	275,064 51	179,314 59	72,315 59	251,630 18
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	137,750 00	806 00	138,556 00	130,750 00	4,824 00	135,574 00
Schools for Blind †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schools for Deaf *	314,740 00	36,322 05	351,062 05	306,900 00	80,534 31	387,434 31
Total	$6,954,353 25	$1,303,440 13	$8,257,793 38	$7,130,512 02	$1,640,260 01	$8,770,772 03

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones on previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions.

TABLE 142.

Showing the aggregate receipts of the institutions and societies under the supervision of the Board for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	For prescriptions dispensed.	From legacies.	From membership fees.
State Institutions	$84,133 19	$1,456,013 16		§$135,756 98	$6,929 32			
County Almshouses			‡$1,680,750 10					
City and Town Almshouse Institutions				**1,387,272 80				
Charity Organization and Kindred Societies	10,705 99			2,600 50	271 00		$5,757 32	$6,111 75
Day Nurseries	25,821 35			1,783 61	10 962 34			9,261 06
Dispensaries	39,670 13		2,527 39	33,553 95	13,640 82	$35,532 92	1,240 00	5,416 30
Eleemosynary Educational Institutions*	17,029 48	2,588 54	100 00	200 00			11,985 50	10,094 75
Employment by or through Charity, Societies for*	10,568 55						955 00	360 00
Fresh Air Charities*	25,507 82			5,400 00	2,920 48		3,720 39	4,655 99
General Out-Door Relief, Societies for	345,040 16			31,906 95	12,791 14		234,036 95	85,381 47
Homes for Aged	371,978 65		3,229 23	27,280 11	118,263 04		170,740 75	62,420 74
Homes for Blind	6,647 55			2,710 00	2,641 58		18,833 33	190 00
Homes for Children*	430,811 77	68,327 95	430,289 00	2,077,473 44	193,047 06		377,422 97	63,249 79
Homes for Discharged Prisoners	2,479 66			3,491 42			1,000 00	662 00
Homes for Feeble-Minded†								
Homes, Temporary, for Men and Boys*	1,170 47				7,732 08			15 00
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Children*	4,978 79			9,156 45	45 00			118 00
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Girls*	5,337 99		695 00	4,313 75	26,125 90		10,000 00	797 00
Homes and Missions for Immigrants	7,364 79				15,008 11		2,268 38	5,829 56
Hospitals*	584,517 91		30,647 49	415,007 96	930,293 64		247,920 38	131,737 66
Hospitals and Homes for Consumptives	10,447 32			16,796 90	48,285 44		12,722 95	315 00
Hospitals and Homes for Convalescents	1,879 80			100 00	14,360 62		1,000 00	226 25
Hospitals and Homes for Epileptics*	2,186 11		32,314 13	1,759 53	2,796 00			269 50
Hospitals and Homes for Incurables	57,604 38		390 00	8,400 00	50,707 45		29,255 32	52,522 10
Hospitals and Homes for Inebriates	1,494 97				25,794 43			

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions. ‡ Of this amount, $914,418.39 for temporary relief. §"From cities, counties and towns". ** Of this amount, $111,117.10 for temporary relief.

TABLE No. 142 – (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.	From appropriations by the State.	From appropriations by boards of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities, towns and villages.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	For prescriptions dispensed.	From legacies.	From membership fees.
Humane Societies	$6,457 51	.....	$2,500 00	.....	$34 00	.....	$100 00	$544 50
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for	3,324 36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,910 00
Placing Out Children in Families, Societies for*	90 83	.....	7,960 15	$400 00	18 83	.....	.....	.....
Reformatories for Children*	19,533 55	.....	.....	48,358 00	1,822 19	.....	250 00	.....
Reformatories for Women and Girls*	76,332 26	.....	31,4[illegible]7 92	74,803 39	17,300 85	.....	18,794 95	217 75
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	8,086 43	$100 00	100 00	.....	.....	.....	2,100 00	4,033 24
Schools for Blind†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
School for Deaf*	18,753 41	161,721 83	131,471 58	.....	3,436 05	.....	3,000 00	.....
Total	$[illegible],179,985 18	$[illegible],689,051 48	$2,354,431 99	$4,288,525 74	$1,505,227 37	$35,532 92	$1,153,104 19	$450,339 41

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions.

TABLE No. 142—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	From entertainments, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand October 1, 1897.
State Institutions	.....	.....	$19,952 52	$18,592 50	.....	$54,542 17	$1,775,919 84
County Almshouses	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	‡1,680,750 10
City and Town Almshouse Institutions	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	§1,387,272 80
Charity Organization and Kindred Societies	$4,538 24	$73,200 31	2,063 21	2,180 05	$5,600 00	45,881 87	158,910 24
Day Nurseries	16,217 12	65,484 04	1,123 88	10 961 47	6,249 17	16,497 60	164,361 64
Dispensaries	4,340 50	55,387 14	35,241 92	40,609 07	4,448 50	25,315 16	296,923 80
Eleemosynary Educational Institutions*	10,985 70	41,759 45	7,864 91	5,943 15	7,815 34	22,301 77	138,668 59
Employment by or through Charity, Societies for*	.....	7,808 10	6,216 72	1 995 00	540 00	55,354 98	83 798 35
Fresh Air Charities*	1,769 05	59,471 75	6,549 28	10,117 50	500 00	9,047 93	129,660 19
General Out-Door Relief, Societies for	66,630 15	257,053 29	68,342 31	112,931 34	3,735 53	112,338 64	1,330,187 93
Homes for Aged	31,694 97	263,441 21	193,326 16	337,632 05	31,138 80	570,362 76	2,181,508 47
Homes for Blind	212 90	3,527 46	2 43	11,375 41	1,260 00	10,785 53	58,186 19
Homes for Children*	89,203 11	505,947 38	293,119 13	393,062 51	881,883 86	432,918 16	6,236,786 13
Homes for Discharged Prisoners	.....	4,643 20	4,352 77	250 00	.....	7,498 56	24,377 61
Homes for Feeble-Minded †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homes, Temporary, for Men and Boys*	.....	17,865 66	210 01	1,465 00	5,623 35	32,882 93	66,964 50
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Children*	2,281 94	4,578 65	1,758 05	.....	.....	10,279 23	33,196 11
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Girls*	2,251 08	220,352 73	3,160 18	1,824 50	2,850 00	11,282 83	288,990 96
Homes and Missions for Immigrants	3,720 08	991,684 79	106,489 82	1,748 00	1,950 00	21,779 42	1,157,842 95
Hospitals*	106,155 97	1,164,167 20	367,659 32	1,064,968 49	441,978 27	736,567 43	6,221,621 72
Hospitals and Homes for Consumptives	1,824 50	76,672 09	5,668 13	625 00	25,874 75	9,917 64	209,149 72
Hospitals and Homes for Convalescents	5,713 60	28,666 81	622 92	.....	99,000 00	13,562 50	165,132 50
Hospitals and Homes for Epileptics*	568 76	490 49	.....	.....	17,000 00	11,439 92	68 824 44
Hospitals and Homes for Incurables	.....	34,073 15	23,373 06	.....	.....	37,946 48	294,271 94
Hospitals and Homes for Inebriates	.....	6,590 50	3,000 00	.....	32,000 00	41 68	68,921 58

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions. ‡ Of this amount, $914,418.39 for temporary relief. § Of this amount, $111,117.10 for temporary relief.

TABLE No. 142—(*Concluded.*)

INSTITUTIONS.	From entertainments, benefits, etc.	From donations and voluntary contributions.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans, bonds, stocks and other investments.	From money borrowed.	From all other sources.	Total receipts, including cash on hand Oct. 1, 1897.
Humane Societies	$80 00	$911 50	$313 84	.....	$1,500 00	$106 65	$12,548 00
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for	.....	3,052 55	1,061 80	.....	.....	810 74	14,159 45
Placing Out Children in Families, Societies for*	.....	681 25	.....	.....	2,168 44	101 50	11,421 00
Reformatories for Children*	.....	8,428 83	548 00	.....	182 85	417 04	79,540 46
Reformatories for Women and Girls*	2,552 53	43,125 15	3,799 11	$1,347 85	31,472 48	296,254 52	597,458 76
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	7,311 82	63,9[illegible]3 39	5,947 00	.....	1,388 00	16,292 78	109,592 66
Schools for Blind†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schools for Deaf*	200 00	17,107 76	68 68	.....	53,184 31	4,783 56	398,727 18
Total	$358,252 02	$4,020,105 83	$1,161,835 16	$2,017,628 89	$1,659,343 65	$2,567,311 98	$25,440,675 81

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions.

TABLE No. 143.

Showing the aggregate expenditures of the institutions and societies under the supervision of the Board for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing Oct. 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers and wages labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
State Institutions	.....	.....	.....	$481,320 52	.....	$276,557 50	.....	$85,897 78
County Almshouses	.....	.....	.....	200,102 65	.....	301,650 47	.....	42,167 40
City and Town Almshouse Institutions	.....	.....	.....	352,168 84	.....	497,159 34	.....	60,167 58
Charity Organization and Kindred Societies	$4,362 00	$12 04	$7,387 46	68,104 19	$2,085 89	11,842 40	$6,506 49	105 82
Day Nurseries	11,904 85	.....	7,825 57	39,803 87	.....	28,429 86	1,276 20	523 05
Dispensaries	8,033 25	2,055 84	8,232 84	77,949 59	508 30	6,224 29	3,620 87	.....
Eleemosynary Educational Institutions*	1,865 00	9,059 68	2,275 00	64,465 40	1,138 84	5,476 28	1,395 46	1,509 34
Employment by or through Charity, Societies for*	.....	6,734 36	1,881 00	24,964 06	.....	3,782 26	1,602 33	.....
Fresh Air Charities*	462 50	1,391 02	2,709 92	19,700 52	.....	30,266 03	2,547 68	417 01
General Out-Door Relief, Societies for	7,629 02	6,591 65	18,730 15	117,889 26	2,447 82	93,935 83	21,112 31	27,812 66
Homes for Aged	68,164 92	16,143 48	7,139 50	254,301 00	2,767 98	343,454 39	7,172 69	36,513 03
Homes for Blind	1,190 94	.....	600 00	5,223 70	.....	8,845 12	552 31	.....
Homes for Children*	192,620 99	220,783 18	24,582 07	1,149,641 86	6,709 30	1,276,135 28	33,832 14	321,134 93
Homes for Discharged Prisoners	3,030 84	.....	600 00	3,168 90	.....	6,519 34	161 87	399 85
Homes for Feeble-Minded†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homes, Temporary, for Men and Boys*	2,250 00	8,035 79	2,012 92	13,052 72	.....	18,457 23	1,360 32	91 46
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Children*	180 00	.....	1,800 00	5,120 80	.....	12,169 07	280 02	826 86
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Girls*	2,567 50	5,191 25	9,498 57	15,378 68	192 30	30,436 91	1,269 27	1,891 98
Homes and Missions for Immigrants	2,893 60	1,474 55	5,171 68	21,373 77	287 48	18,181 10	2,105 76	.....
Hospitals*	234,472 76	199,004 49	43,993 99	904,655 48	4,293 05	967,667 04	58,041 95	22,156 63
Hospitals and Homes for Consumptives	5,690 63	17,855 24	3,000 00	29,972 39	.....	42,766 96	1,159 97	1,694 18
Hospitals and Homes for Convalescents	10,953 74	.....	.....	7,069 41	.....	16,004 63	757 83	2,021 10
Hospitals and Homes for Epileptics*	3,108 00	.....	.....	12,664 46	.....	18,915 83	240 71	2,424 61
Hospitals and Homes for Incurables	9,299 65	.....	600 00	56,207 09	1,259 22	75,566 01	3,069 38	1,647 02
Hospitals and Homes for Inebriates	.....	7,850 00	2,295 56	17,198 08	.....	24,918 70	1,504 73	380 17

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions.

TABLE No. 143—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate, principal and interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1897.	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in soliciting funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Humane Societies	.....	.....	$475 00	$2,558 20	$5 90	.....	$118 27	$37 60
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for	.....	.....	1,945 00	7,324 00	243 41	.....	403 77	.....
Placing out Children in Families, Societies for*	.....	.....	150 00	480 00	.....	.....	127 12	945 00
Reformatories for Children*	.....	.....	100 00	19,717 75	347 00	$12,768 02	603 97	3,020 39
Reformatories for Women and Girls*	$9,833 92	$10,921 00	2,019 96	33,578 18	91 30	122,757 44	2,124 46	21,584 73
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	12,598 00	506 00	2,318 50	32,888 76	.....	24,195 57	1,379 42	1,027 91
Schools for Blind†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schools for Deaf*	18,347 78	14,826 05	1,100 00	134,039 11	.....	58,670 51	2,924 71	11,170 45
Total	$611,429 89	$528,435 62	$158,444 69	$4,172,082 74	$22,377 79	$4,333,733 44	$157,252 01	$647,569 54

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions.

TABLE No. 143—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For repayment of loans.	For interest on loans.
State Institutions	$109,599 97	$14,937 66	$15,323 54	$30,570 39	.....	$339,920 93	.....	.....
County Almshouses	57,0 9 28	37,999 66	9,904 81	.....	.....	‡46,466 89	.....	.....
City and Town Almshouse Institutions	105,727 42	117,372 15	14,982 60	.....	.....	‡25,165 11	.....	.....
Charity Organization and Kindred Societies	1,577 31	110 88	575 69	702 63	$ 0[illegible] 74	182 30	$142 27	$110 84
Day Nurseries	3,946 88	731 00	1,339 66	3,052 71	390 04	9,115 55	800 00	1,000 82
Dispensaries	6,397 80	31,127 30	449 05	5,450 78	736 87	9,408 83	3,873 80	120 00
Eleemosynary Educational Institutions*	2,967 54	65 69	1,011 64	1,329 85	673 40	400 00	.....	.....
Employment by or through Charity, Societies for*	1,224 47	.....	329 17	932 68	1,018 63	.....	.....	.....
Fresh Air Charities*	786 41	797 54	4,029 80	3,129 88	1,571 89	9,808 89	1,244 65	159 31
General Out-Door Relief, Societies for	8,642 99	12,721 85	5,282 21	2,776 03	1,423 64	20,139 37	3,315 70	450 86
Homes for Aged	68,991 93	21,093 44	30,153 48	46,625 89	27,108 23	323,012 80	35,427 69	3,729 82
Homes for Blind	1,193 05	100 00	457 56	878 00	271 04	.....	20 00	.....
Homes for Children*	248,673 51	51,894 97	87,238 69	180,581 15	64,427 51	610,002 83	197,378 08	29,782 65
Homes for Discharged Prisoners	1,187 17	56 27	121 52	837 10	85 81	.....	.....	.....
Homes for Feeble-Minded†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homes, Temporary, for Men and Boys*	1,293 37	7 20	288 99	701 71	600 12	137 60	514 50	13 30
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Children*	2,515 43	271 39	665 46	2,069 35	10 00	.....	.....	.....
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Girls*	4,649 49	342 44	2,786 25	2,699 49	695 69	57,533 36	614 00	430 00
Homes and Missions for Immigrants	1,752 59	5 60	1,663 65	1,148 94	1,939 50	103,941 15	1,300 00	373 34
Hospitals*	212,950 60	267,475 98	89,878 24	119,054 03	32,000 29	1,194,773 95	217,193 84	21,029 94
Hospitals and Homes for Consumptives	12,313 65	7,819 93	5,443 56	7,503 47	813 44	25,694 39	1,000 00	991 80
Hospitals and Homes for Convalescents	2,128 22	297 11	6,798 88	1,405 45	1,816 74	8[illegible],295 23	478 50	2,588 64
Hospitals and Homes for Epileptics*	3,784 31	925 65	399 19	8[illegible]9 98	1,162 62	5,677 03	7,400 00	1,120 43
Hospitals and Homes for Incurables	18,114 67	7,507 19	5,519 63	13,186 14	2,448 71	9,056 85	300 00	108 00
Hospitals and Homes for Inebriates	4,585 53	1,824 51	999 00	1,015 00	1,845 00	1,100 00	.....	340 72

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions. ‡ Includes repairs.

TABLE No. 143 (*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For [illegible]	For [illegible]	For rent.	For salaries of officers, wages and labor.	For services of collectors in subsidiary funds.	For provisions and supplies.	For printing, stationery and postage.	For clothing.
Humane Societies	.....	.....	$475 00	$2,558 70	$5 90	.....	$118 27	$17 60
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for	.....	.....	1,945 00	7,374 00	243 41	.....	403 77	.....
Placing out Children in Families, Societies for*		.....	150 00	480 00	.....	.....	127 12	945 00
Reformatories for Children		.....	100 00	19,717 75	347 00	$12,768 02	603 97	3,020 39
Reformatories for Women and Girls*	$9,833 02	$10,921 00	2,019 90	38,578 18	91 30	122,757 44	2,124 46	21,584 73
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	12,508 00	506 00	2,318 50	32,898 76	.....	24,195 57	1,379 42	1,027 91
Schools for Blind†			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schools for Deaf	18,347 78	14,826 05	1,100 00	134,039 11	.....	58,670 54	2,924 71	11,170 45
Total	$611,4[illegible]0 80	$5[illegible]8,435 62	$158,444 69	$4,172,082 74	$22,377 79	$[illegible],333,731 44	$157,252 01	$647,569 54

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions.

TABLE No. 143—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For fuel and lights.	For medicines and medical supplies.	For furniture, beds and bedding.	For ordinary repairs.	For insurance and taxes.	For buildings and improvements.	For repayment of loans.	For interest on loans.
Humane Societies	$149 70	$19 15	$56 15	$13 00	$3 52	.....	.....	.....
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for	21 69	.....	.....	.....	3 50	.....	.....	.....
Placing out Children in Families, Societies for*	1 49	51 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	$1,368 44	$58 03
Reformatories for Children*	1,614 47	281 45	723 09	810 90	414 44	$4,415 67	.....	.....
Reformatories for Women and Girls*	26,613 31	3,436 28	6,089 14	15,915 12	15,801 65	97,616 91	12,239 04	2,965 49
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	2,972 95	1,749 03	395 96	1,613 20	638 60	115 00	1,047 75	.....
Schools for Blind †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schools for Deaf*	16,391 83	2,635 43	7,232 67	12,353 63	2,390 56	61,962 33	2,423 17	11,355 46
Total	$929,799 03	$583,678 50	$330,160 27	$457,196 39	$160,497 18	$3,041,512 97	$488,081 43	$76,729 49

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions.

TABLE No. 143—(*Continued*).

INSTITUTIONS	For investment.	For general out-door relief for the poor with homes.	For meals, lodgings and other relief for the homeless.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
State Institutions	.....	.....	.....	.....	$249,164 39	$1,633,293 58	$142,823 83
County Almshouses	.....	.....	.....	.....	985,418 91	‡1,680,750 10	.....
City and Town Almshouse Institutions	.....	.....	.....	.....	214,529 76	§1,387,272 80	.....
Charity Organization and Kindred Societies	.....	$23,359 59	$654 60	$10 56	17,350 35	145,389 05	13,521 19
Day Nurseries	$600 00	.....	.....	.....	26,345 71	137,085 77	27,281 10
Dispensaries	19,002 97	.....	.....	.....	9,241 79	192,433 67	105,391 16
Eleemosynary Educational Institutions*	11,928 64	1,610 51	.....	260 92	11,137 48	118,600 66	14,150 72
Employment by or through Charity, Societies for*	.....	12,955 27	554 37	53 20	18,404 40	74,436 20	8,362 15
Fresh Air Charities*	15,160 00	.....	.....	2,632 91	15,067 44	111,883 40	17,777 09
General Out Door Relief, Societies for	215,508 10	213,713 43	11,966 78	14,705 36	72,493 44	879,288 46	451,472 89
Homes for Aged	415,960 61	.....	.....	.....	124,864 94	1,832,625 82	348,882 65
Homes for Blind	20,500 00	.....	.....	.....	10,871 21	50,742 93	7,483 26
Homes for Children*	686,238 33	.....	.....	.....	415,757 39	5,798,014 86	464,686 12
Homes for Discharged Prisoners	3,000 00	.....	.....	.....	1,511 36	20,680 03	3,697 58
Homes for Feeble-Minded†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homes, Temporary, for Men and Boys*	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,961 60	64,778 83	2,185 67
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Children*	3,000 00	.....	.....	.....	627 70	29,526 08	3,670 03
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Girls*	7,953 68	.....	.....	.....	4,633 39	148,764 25	140,499 50
Homes and Missions for Immigrants	6,843 00	.....	.....	.....	94,971 05	265,396 74	892,446 21
Hospitals*	700,514 62	.....	.....	.....	361,507 54	5,650,664 42	603,604 34
Hospitals and Homes for Consumptives	6,279 57	.....	.....	.....	19,854 61	189,853 79	19,295 93
Hospitals and Homes for Convalescents	5,027 80	.....	.....	.....	18,351 90	160,995 18	4,137 32
Hospitals and Homes for Epileptics*	7,500 00	.....	.....	.....	1,122 34	67,255 16	1,569 28
Hospitals and Homes for Incurables	27,706 25	.....	.....	.....	8,525 69	240,121 50	54,150 44
Hospitals and Homes for Inebriates	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,380 19	70,258 19	462 39

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions. ‡ Of this amount, $914,418.39 was expended for temporary relief. § Of this amount, $111,117.10 was expended for temporary relief.

TABLE No. 143—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	For investment.	For general out-door relief for the poor with homes.	For meals, lodgings and other relief for the homeless.	For fresh air relief.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand September 30, 1898.
Humane Societies					$2,489 29	$5,925 78	$6,622 22
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for					443 83	10,385 20	3,774 25
Placing out Children in Families, Societies for*					7,477 91	10,659 84	761 16
Reformatories for Children*					6,078 24	50,895 39	29,684 68
Reformatories for Women and Girls*	$153,500 00				30,835 61	567,903 49	29,555 27
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	50 00	$1,989 12	$1,087 90	$584 47	11,837 46	98,995 60	10,597 06
Schools for Blind†							
Schools for Deaf*					17,888 93	375,732 65	17,994 53
Total	$2,306,273 57	$253,627 92	$14,263 65	$18,247 42	$2,779,185 88	$22,070,609 42	$3,426,540 01

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such amounts as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions.

TABLE No. 144.—CONSOLIDATED STATISTICS OF THE INSTITUTIONS AND SOCIETIES UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE BOARD.

SECTION A.

Showing the number of beneficiaries and the movement of the population in the various State institutions, almshouses and almshouse institutions, homes, reformatories and schools for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number in the institution October 1, 1897.	Received during the year.	Total supported.	Of this Total Number		Discharged.				
				Supported by public funds.	Supported by private funds.	By adoption.	By indenture	Returned to parents or guardians.	Left without permission.	Transferred to other institutions.
State Institutions	6,069	2,851	8,920	.....	.....	.....	74	594	.....	18
County Almshouses	5,730	12,615	18,345	18,345	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
City and Town Almshouse Institutions	7,582	59,770	67,352	67,352	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homes for Aged	5,680	1,439	7,119	370	6,336	.....	.....	.....	.....	57
Homes for Blind	120	19	139	22	117	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Homes for Children *	31,399	17,194	48,593	29,513	13,037	261	760	9,734	295	727
Homes for Discharged Prisoners	97	797	894	122	772	.....	.....	.....	53	6
Homes for Feeble-Minded †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homes, Temporary, for Men and Boys *	622	9,508	10,130	.....	5,569	.....	.....	.....	.....	76
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Children	180	3,250	3,430	178	2,015	.....	.....	609	.....	239
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Girls *	1,151	25,003	26,154	53	19,566	.....	.....	40	26	12
Humane Societies	42	978	‡1,020	69	951	.....	.....	75	3	59
Reformatories for Children *	154	90	244	166	78	.....	.....	66	2	9
Reformatories for Women and Girls *	1,513	2,028	3,541	1,037	2,504	.....	.....	451	46	245
Schools for Blind †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schools for Deaf *	1,079	149	1,228	1,178	50	.....	.....	100	6	3
Total	61,418	135,691	197,109	§118,405	§50,995	261	834	11,670	431	1,451

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones on previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such statistics as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions. ‡ Total under supervision for the year. § Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification from these totals.

TABLE No. 144—SECTION A—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged.				Remaining October 1, 1898.				
	Sent out of the State.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
State Institutions	.....	2,299	168	3,153	1,747	1,138	2,121	881	‡5,887
County Almshouse	.....	11,292	1,149	12,441	3,914	1,791	94	105	5,904
City and Town Almshouse Institutions	.....	54,225	4,983	59,208	3,630	2,907	914	693	8,144
Homes for Aged	.....	583	622	1,205	2,646	3,211	.....	.....	5,857
Homes for Blind	.....	7	6	14	67	51	1	6	125
Homes for Children *	218	1,632	1,871	15,498	.....	.....	18,779	14,316	33,095
Homes for Discharged Prisoners	36	682	1	778	36	80	.....	.....	116
Homes for Feeble-Minded †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homes, Temporary, for Men and Boys *	.....	9,512	.....	9,588	189	.....	353	.....	542
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Children	.....	2,340	6	3,194	.....	137	19	80	236
Homes, Temporary, for Women and Girls *	4	24,814	4	24,900	.....	1,084	.....	170	1,254
Humane Societies	48	794	1	980	.....	.....	21	19	40
Reformatories for Children *	.....	3	.....	80	.....	.....	164	.....	164
Reformatories for Women and Girls *	24	1,385	18	2,169	.....	738	.....	634	1,372
Schools for Blind †	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schools for Deaf *	.....	.....	3	112	6	5	575	530	1,116
Total	330	109,568	8,832	133,377	12,235	11,142	23,041	17,434	63,852

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones on previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such statistics as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Finances and statistics included in State Institutions. ‡ This number is 120 larger than the exact difference between the "total supported" and the "total discharged," for explanation of which see table 8.

TABLE No. 144 — SECTION B.

Showing the statistics of the day institutions for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of days the institution was open during the year.	NUMBER PRESENT OCTOBER 1, 1897.			AGGREGATE ATTENDANCE DURING THE YEAR.		
		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Day Nurseries	12,413	618	619	1,512	137,832	155,636	445,451
Eleemosynary Educational Institutions	11,976	6,029	5,989	12,181	1,246,275	1,083,594	2,390,351
Total	24,389	6,647	6,608	*13,693	1,384,107	1,239,230	*2,835,802

* Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification from these totals.

TABLE No. 144 - SECTION B—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Highest Number Present.			Lowest Number Present.			Number Present September 30, 1898.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Day Nurseries	767	819	2,519	206	216	688	540	589	1,521
Eleemosynary Educational Institutions	7,431	6,464	14,230	4,863	4,227	9,374	6,252	6,158	12,595
Total	8,198	7,283	*16,749	5,069	4,443	*10,062	6,792	6,747	*14,116

* Because of incomplete data, there can be no verification from these totals.

TABLE No. 144—SECTION C.

Showing the number of patients treated in the several classes of hospitals and the results during the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of patients in the institution October 1, 1897.	Number of patients received during the year.	Total under treatment.	Number of beneficiary patients.	Total number of days the latter were supported	DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR.		
						Recovered.	Improved.	Unimproved.
Hospitals*	6,041	95,256	101,297	66,664	1,655,018	62,381	18,929	3,293
Hospitals and Homes for Consumptives	497	1,898	2,395	1,760	147,712	58	487	496
Hospitals and Homes for Convalescents	117	1,172	1,284	439	10,996	230	557	13
Hospitals and Homes for Epileptics*	177	74	251	175	48,725	.....	23	13
Hospitals and Homes for Incurables	659	538	1,197	882	160,615	45	118	69
Hospitals and Homes for Inebriates	93	313	406	.....	.....	4	1	1
Total	7,584	99,251	106,835	69,920	2,023,066	62,718	20,115	3,885

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones on previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such statistics as would cause duplication have been excluded here.

TABLE No. 144—SECTION C—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Discharged During the Year.				Remaining October 1, 1896.		
	Transferred to other institutions.	Otherwise discharged.	Died.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Hospitals*	1,104	1,799	6,809	94,315	3,786	3,196	6,982
Hospitals and Homes for Consumptives	78	15	637	1,771	359	265	624
Hospitals and Homes for Convalescents	40	381	5	1,226	25	38	63
Hospitals and Homes for Epileptics*	1	.....	14	51	117	83	200
Hospitals and Homes for Incurables	19	51	223	525	286	386	672
Hospitals and Homes for Inebriates	1	334	.....	341	58	7	65
Total	1,243	2,580	7,688	98,229	4,631	3,975	8,606

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones on previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such statistics as would cause duplication have been excluded here.

TABLE No. 144.—SECTION D.

Showing the number of beneficiary patients treated by the dispensaries during the year ending Sept. 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS	Number of persons treated at the dispensaries.	Total number of times such persons were treated.	Number of prescriptions dispensed.	Number of persons treated at their homes.	Number of visits thus made.	Number of persons vaccinated.
Dispensaries	1,052,177	2,189,655	2,016,126	42,519	142,450	12,406

TABLE No. 144—SECTION E.

Showing the statistics of poor law officers and of institutions and societies affording temporary relief for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons with homes afforded general relief during the year.	Number of homeless persons relieved during the year.	Number of persons afforded fresh air relief during the year.	Number of persons for whom permanent employment was secured during the year.	Number of persons for whom temporary employment was secured during the year.	Number of cases investigated for other organizations and private persons.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from other organizations.
By Superintendents and Overseers of the Poor	†68,207	†177,033	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charity Organization and Kindred Societies	10,030	2,136	10,259	1,240	5,415	19,149	5,814
Employment by or through Charity, Societies for*	10,736	5,344	57	679	470	.....	8
Fresh Air Charities*	.....	.....	131,906	.....	7	.....	.....
General Out-Door Relief	208,076	179,545	22,601	25,538	3,723	1,006	3,781
Homes and Missions for Immigrants	19,029	.....	.....	.....	‡1,671	.....	.....
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for	.....	.....	.....	.....	218	.....	.....
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	48,736	4,043	3,480	130	796	4	35
Total	364,814	368,101	168,303	27,587	12,300	20,159	9,638

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such statistics as would cause duplication have been excluded here. † Reported in a different form on tables 13 and 19. ‡ Includes permanent employment.

TABLE No. 144.—SECTION E—(*Concluded*).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number of persons for whom relief was procured from private sources.	Number of persons placed in hospitals or institutions.	Number of cases in which legal advice or assistance was given.	Number of societies and churches co-operating.	Number of volunteer visitors.	Number of frauds exposed or suppressed.	Number of persons aided with transportation.
By Superintendents and Overseers of the Poor	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charity Organization and Kindred Societies	1,643	329	60	757	756	99	.....
Employment by or through Charity, Societies for*	15	.....	.....	51	12	.....	.....
Fresh Air Charities*	.....	.....	.....	1	17	.....	.....
General Out-Door Relief	183	1,361	1,788	315	2,800	1,511	1,635
Homes and Missions for Immigrants	.....	14	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Legal Aid for the Poor, Societies for	.....	.....	12,597	.....	.....	554	.....
Relief for Sick Poor, Societies for	2,738	496	8	423	209	.....	.....
Total	4,579	2,200	14,410	1,547	3,794	2,164	1,635

* These totals differ from the corresponding ones in previous tables from the fact that included in those were branches of institutions and, as the aggregate financial and statistical details have been reported in connection with the parent institutions or societies, such statistics as would cause duplication have been excluded here.

TABLE No. 144.—SECTION F.

Showing the statistics of societies for placing out children i families for the year ending September 30, 1898.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number o children placed ou in familie during the year
By Superintendents and Overseers of the Poor	*2
By Institutions and Societies	†1,6
Total	1,9

* Reported, also, on tables No. 10H and No. 16H. † Reported, in part, on table 66C.

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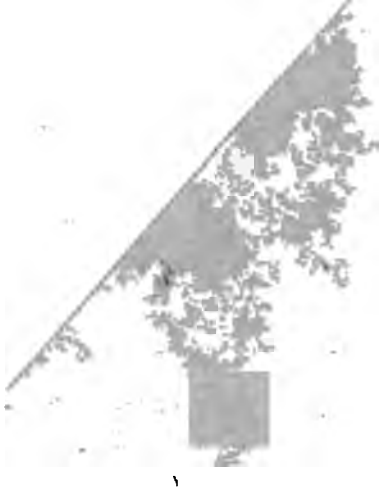
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